PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Harrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JULY 1, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

(10)

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

For to night fair and cooler, for Saturday fair.

BREVITIES

—Borough Council meeting to-night.

—The Society of the Cincinnati, of the State of New Jersey, will hold their annual meeting, July 4th, at the Monmouth House, Spring Lake.

—"Kittie Pilot," Mr. Chas. Bower's trotter, of this city, is entered in the three minute race on July 4th, at the new Driving Park at Trenton.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Republican Association for July, will be held in their rooms on Tuesday evening, July 5th, at eight o'clock.

—Several hackmen were arraigned yesterday for violating the city ordinance in reference to soliciting trade. They will be tried next week.

—A man by the name of Haffner was arraigned before Judge Codington to-day, charged with fighting. He pleaded guilty and sentence was deferred.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Conant have returned from Pepperill, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Manning returned from their wedding trip last night.

His Honor Mayor Gilbert has started the subscription list for the coffee cart by donating five dollars.

Mr. Frank Mason the Eastern correspondent for the Newport and Somerville was in this city yesterday, attending the State shooting match.

Miss Margaret R. Case of this city, was the valedictorian at the State Normal school commencement at Trenton, Wednesday evening. "These are my Jewels," was the subject of her essay.

The many friends of Miss May McLaughlin were entertained at her home on Somerset street last evening. They made merry with informal dancing, and partook of the bounteous refreshments with best.

Mr. R. Fitzhugh will conduct the choir and choir at the musical service at the First Baptist church on Sunday evening next. The choir will sing selections from Gounod's Redemption and Mendelssohn's "Hear my Prayer."

Henry Roach, a coachman for Mr. Burgess of Central avenue, took a congestive chill and fell down in the garden, yesterday afternoon and died. His funeral will take place to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, July 2d, from St. Mary's church.

Miss Maltby of Plainfield avenue invited about thirty of her bicycling friends for a "run" to Westfield on Wednesday evening. They made a gay sight with their silent steeds and many lanterns, and much merry noise with their bells and voices. Refreshments were served at Miss Maltby's home upon their return.

Railroad Excursions.

Monday will be a gala day with the railroads. The "Central" will run excursions to Lake Hopatcong, and the round trip fare will be $1.25 for adults and 50 cents for children. Trains will leave this city at 7.10, 9.42, a. m., 1.39, and 5.39 p. m. Returning on July 3d, 4th and 5th, and to return on July 6th, or 5th.

A special "Fourth of July" excursion will be run to Manch Chunk, Glen Onoko, and the Switchback. Train will leave this city at 9.27 a. m. Fare round trip $1.75.

Special excursion rates have also been arranged to Trenton, Philadelphia, Wilmington, Baltimore and Washington.

Plainfield's Pride.

President Mearill E. Gates, of Amherst college, has written to the Board of Education, that graduates of the Plainfield High School will be received as students in Amherst without preliminary examinations on the presentation of a certificate issued by the instructors. Rutgers, Lafayette, Wellesley, Smith, Vassar and the Baltimore women's colleges will receive as students graduates of the Plainfield high school, and the action of Amherst in recognizing the high grade of the local instruction in regarded as a great compliment by the Plainfield people.—Jersey City News.

A Picnic.

The East Third street Mission went on a Sunday-school ride yesterday to Springfield, with Mr. Warren Randolph, the superintendent, in charge. A picnic had been arranged, but the rain made it impossible. On their return, refreshments were served at the chapel.

The Mission is under the direction of the First Baptist Church and is in a prosperous condition.

The New Cars.

The Reading Railroad Company have been testing several kinds of paint for their cars and it is understood that they have decided to use black with silk trimmings similar to the Pullman cars. These colors are to be adopted for all of the cars on the Reading System. Already some have appeared and they look very handsome.

Plainfield Local Union.

At a business meeting of the Executive Committee of the Plainfield Local Union, Christian Endeavor Societies, held in the parlors of the M. C. A. last evening, plans were effected for the next public meeting to be held on Thursday evening, Sept. 15th, at Dunellen.

To Close on the Fourth.

All our local druggists have decided to close their stores from one until six o'clock on July 4th.

PLAINFIELD WINS THE SHOOT.

Good Scores Made at the Gun Club Ground Yesterday.

The sixth monthly competition of the New Jersey Trap Shooters League, was held at the grounds of the Independent Gun Club at Hyde's Woods, yesterday afternoon.

Gun clubs from all parts of the State were present, and there were two sets of traps in constant operation, one of five and the side set with three. On the latter all events were shot in squads of four men, and the other traps there were six men to a squad. Blue rock traps and targets were used. A severe thunder storm burst suddenly over the grounds about the time the team contest was called and drenched things through and through.

In the team contest each club in the league entered a team of five men, the conditions being twenty-five targets each man, under the rapid-firing system. For the fifth time the Independents of Plainfield were the winners. The scores were:

Independent Gun Club of Plainfield—C. Smith, 24; Brantingham, 23; Soper, 23; Apgar, 21; Enoch Miller, 25. Total, 116.

South Side Gun Club of Newark—Brientnall, 22; Hobart, 22; Whitehead, 20; Hedden, 23; Phillips, 22. Total, 109.

Maplewood Gun Club—Drake, 20; C. Dean, 23; W. Smith, 23; Sickley, 22; J. L. Smith, 21. Total, 108.

New Jersey Shooting Club of Claremont—Lawrence, 20; Virden, 12; Purdy, 20; Moore, 20. Richmond, 24. Total, 96.

East Side Mutual Gun Club of Newark—Baar, 16; Koegel, 21; Schrafft, 22; Schulling, 20; Hangen, 19. Total, 98.

Passaic City Gun Club—Shaw, 23; Colman, 23; Abbott, 16; Campbell, 15. Total, 85.

Rolling Spring Gun Club of Rutherford—Meyer, 23; Kelley, 14; Collins, 17; Lindemann, 23; Brown and Skroan.

East Orange Gun Club—Dukes, 16; Deats, 19; Hedden, 17; A. B. Hedden, 13; Babbage, 17. Total, 70.

Brunswick Gun Club of New Brunswick—Kelly, 23; Fisher, 23; Van Ninus, 14; Spurling, 17. Total, 64.

While the team shoot was going on with one set of traps another set was utilized for the shooting of events in a regular programme arranged by the home club, these being managed by those well-known shooters, "Tee Kay" Keller and "Dutch" Smith. The winners were as follows:

No. 1, Ten Singles—Hobart, Brientnall, Moore and Smith, 9 each; Brantingham and White, 8 each; Rupell, W. Smith, Drake, and Manning, 7 each; C. Bedden and Richmond, 6.

No. 2, Fifteen Singles—C. Smith and Brantingham, 14 each; Brientnall, Hobart, Keller, and J. L. Smith, 14 each; W. Smith, Richmond, and Moore, 13 each; Rupell, Hedden and Manning, 12 each.

No. 3, Ten Singles—Brientnall, Rupell, Hedden, Brantingham, and Manning, 10 each; Moore, in the garden, 9; Moore, Smith, Keller and White, 8 each; Richmond, Soper, Hobart, and J. Smith, 7 each.

No. 4—Fifteen Singles—Drake, Richmond, and Soper, 14 each; Hedden, 13 each; Brantingham, Miller, Schrafft and Koegel, 14 each; Brientnall, 12. Terry, Manning, Moore, C. Bedden and Hobart, 11 each.

No. 5, Ten Singles—Brientnall, Kuvits, Schrafft, and Addison, 10 each. Terry, Manning, Hedden, Smith, Collins, Richmond, Drake and Rupell, 9 each; Shaw, Ankiack, Hedden, Dean, W. Smith, Apgar, Miller, Keller, Moore, Smith, Collins, 8 each; J. L. Smith, Pierson, Coeman, Campbell and Lindsley, 7 each; Bear and Hobart, 6.

No. 6, Twenty singles.—W. Smith, 20; Brantingham, Keller, Hedden, Drake, Apgar, Miller, Keller, J. Smith, Linckley, Van Nest, Moore, and Richmond, 18 each; J. L. Smith, Rupell and Addison, 17 each; Drake, Collins and Hedden, 16 each.

No. 7, Ten Singles.—Soper and Brientnall, 10 each; Keller, Hedden, Griffey, Kevitz, Hall, J. L. Smith, Collins, Meyer, C. Smith, Koegel, Miller, Terry, Drake, W. Smith, Rupell and Brantingham, 9 each; Cokefair, Rupell, Pierson, White, Fisher, Moore and Tice, 8 each; D. Terry, Coulter, James, Schrafft, Abbott and Bird, 7 each.

The drawing for the next shoot was won by the New Jersey Shooting Club, and the contest will take place at Clermont some time in July.

SCRUB TEAM VS. "LUNATICS."

The Crescents Take a Second-class Team to Middletown.

The Crescents went to Middletown yesterday and played with the Asylum team at that place.

As will be seen below a scrub team was placed in the field and even with them the score at the beginning of the ninth inning was five to four in the "lunatics" favor. With the regular team Capt. Hofford says they could beat them with ease.

The boys experienced a great deal of fun and enjoyed the trip exceedingly. Capt. Hofford, it is said, got very friendly with some of the inmates before he left.

The following were the players and the score:

Hofford, c.; Powers, p., Jones, 1b.; Turner, 2b.; Bonner, s.s.; Leidy, 3b.; Meskin, l.f.; Sneeden, c. f.; Brokaw, r.f.

Middletown.....3 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—4
Crescents.....0 0 1 0 0 0 3 0 1—5

To-morrow the seventh League game of the season will be played. The Crescents go to Westfield and the Elizabeths cross bats with the Somervilles at the latter place.

It is to be hoped Sneeden will be in condition to pitch, otherwise we may see a change in the club standing after to-morrow's game.

The Westfield management have released O'Brien and have signed Zemke of the Allertons.

Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Dunellen Post Office for the month ending June 30, 1892:

Brown, Mary
Blomquist, J E
Dunn, Alice S
Dunn, Miss Hattie
Dunn, Miss Sarah
Gray, Mrs
Keller, C H
Larsen, Miss Louise
Leibe, Miss Emma
Walther, Mr C
Murphy, Edwin
Newhall, Mrs Helen
Ritter, A Mor
Sherman, Mis L
Smith, Mr Mulford
Sherlock, Henry
Salt, Mr. Edward
Salt, Emily
Weldon, Mrs
Wilson, Walter
Wilber, Mrs. W F
Vail, Mr and Mrs J

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. James B. Harold, P. M.

BOOKS AT THE LIBRARY

A LIST OF INTERESTING WORKS.

A Monthly Bulletin of New Books for June.

A large number of valuable and interesting works have been added to the Public Library.

The following is the monthly bulletin for June.

Grant, J. R., Our Common Birds.
Saint Amand, I. de—Marie Antoinette and the End of Old Regime.
St. Amand, I. de—Marie Antoinette at the Tuileries.
Saint Amand, I. de—Marie Antoinette and the Downfall of Royalty.
St. Amand, I. de—Citizeness Bonaparte.
Saint Amand, I. de—Wife of First Consul.
Saint Amand, I. de—Court of the Empress Josephine.
Saint Amand, I. de—Happy Days of Marie Louise.
Saint Amand, I. de—Marie Louise and the Decadence of the Empire.
Saint Amand, I. de—Marie Louise, and Invasion of 1814.
St. Amand, I. de—Marie Louise, Island of Elbe and the 100 Days.
Saint Amand, I. de—Youth of the Duchess of Angoulême."
Shaler, N. S.—Nature and Man in America.
Strahan, S. A. K.—Marriage and Disease.
Tyndall, J.—New Fragments.
Witham, R. A.—Medical Student's Manual of Chemistry.
Boyesen, H. H.—Mammon of Unrighteousness.
Brown, A.—Genesis of the U. S., 2 v.
Burnham, S. M.—Precious Stones.
Clemens, S. L.—Merry Tales.
Fisher, G. P.—Colonial Era.
Newman, J. H.—Arians of the Fourth Century.
Parkman, Fs.—Historic Note Book of Northern Tour.
Sewell, H.—Little Jarvis.
Beebohm, F.—Oxford Reformers.
Tennyson, Lord—Forwters.
Trimble, H.—Chemistry.
Weismann, A.—Essays on Heredity.
Cook, T. A.—Old Pictures, 2 v.
Crane, Wa.—Claims of Decorative Art.
Cumming, C. F. G.—Two Happy Years in Ceylon, 2 v.
Dasent, G. W. tr,—Story of Burnt Ujal, 2 v.
Ebers, G.—Margevit, 2 v.
Fairbanks, G. R.—History of Florida.
Hadley, C. M.—Through the White Inglis, Lady—Siege of Lucknow.
Julian, G. W.—Life of Joshua R. Giddings.
Leary A.—Castle Daly.
Kobbe, G.—Central Railroad of N. J.
Macdonald, Marshal—Recollections, 2 v.
Marbot, baron de—Memoirs, 2 v.
Mitchell, S. W.—Duplicate White.
Mollett, J. W.—Painters of Barbizon, 2 v.
Scott, Mrs. H.—Bacon and His Secret Society.
Sibley, Ms. R. ed.—Tributes to Shakespeare.
Speddings, Ja.—Life of Bacon, 2v.
Stebbins, H.—Famous Women.
Stevenson, R. S.—Across the Plains, Lyder & Apgar—History of New Jersey.
Vinfusson & Powell, eds.—Corpus Poeticum Boreale, 2 v.
Waldstein, C.—Art of Pheidias.
Washburn, E. W.—Spanish Masters.
Wheeler, E. S.—Sobeyiehbi and the Chemistry.
Gordon, H. L.—Feast of the Virgins, etc.
Remsen & Zimmerman. — General Chemistry.
Doyle, J. C.—Micah Clarke.
Du Maurier, G.—Peter Ibbetson.
Dumas, A.—Count of Monte Cristo, 4v.
Dyer, T. H.—Ancient Athens.
Dyer, T. H.—Modern Athens.
Dyer, T. H.—Hist. of Fiction, 2v.
Earle, A. M.—China Collecting in America.
Engleton, E. Faith Doctor.
Engel, C.—Musical Instruments.
Farrer, J. A.—Spain Condemned to be Burnt.
Fenn, G. M.—Sweet Mace, 3v.
Fesler, J. A.—Spanish Story of the Armada.
Fitzgerald, Mrs. Lizzie Leigh.
Geikie, A.—Scenery of Scotland.
Hardy, T.—Return of the Native.
Hare, J. I. C.—Walks in Paris.
Harrison, Mrs. C. C.—Short Comedies.
Heywood, T.—Plays.
Hill, G. B.—Concerning all of Us.
Howitt, W. Visits to Remarkable Places.
James, H.—Daisy Miller.
Kennedy, H.—Story of France.
Kingsley, H.—Ravenshoe.
Lavelye, E.—de Luxury.
Holmes, O. W.—Over the Tea-cups.
McClintock, J. C.—History of New Hampshire.
Masterson, J.—Works, 3v.
Masslinger, P.—Plays.
Shoppell, R. W.—Building Designs, 2v.
Abney, W. de W.—Photography.
Bandeker, F. W.—Musical Analysis.
Barnes, W. G. Bullfinch.
Black, C.—Judith Shakespeare.
Blackmore, R. D.—Spinder Wevell.
Boyesen, H. H. German Literature.
Burnett, F. H.—Haworths.
Burton, Richard—Poems.
Catherwood, Mrs. H.—Lady of Fort St. John's.
Champlin, J. D. and Perkins, C. C.—Cyclopoedia of Painters and Painting, 4v.
Chester, E.—Girls and Women.
Cooper, J. F.—Works.
Craik, Mrs. D. M.—Plucky Boys.
Davis, M. H.—Van Bibber and others.
Dodge, T. A.—Campaigns from Hannibal to Napoleon, 4v.
Dorsey, J. O.—Siouan Sociology, 15th Rep't.
U. S. Historical soc. Proceedings, 1884-5.
Mass. Historical soc. Documents rel. to Colonial Hist. of N. J. 4v.
Raum, J. O.—History of New Jersey, 2v.
Wickes, S.—Medicine in New Jersey, 2v.
Oldberg, O.—Symbol and Measures.
Stevens, H. J.—History of Maine.
Prentiss, G.—Last Manuscript.
Hazard, S.—Annals of Pa. (1609 ed.)
U. S. War Department.—War of Rebellion; official records, 2v.
Merriam, G. S. W.—Gladiators.
Middleton, I.—Works (Bullen's ed.) 8v.
Otway, T.—Works.
Palfrey, J. G.—History of New England, 3v.
Parkman, F.—Half Century of Conflict, 2v.
Phelps, Jr.—Hist. of Tennessee.
Procter, A. A.—Legends and Lyrics, 2v.
Ramsay, D. D.—Hist. of Tennessee.
Routledge, R.—Every Boy's Book.
Scott, Leroy Mainzing.
Sophocles—Plays (Jebb's ed.) 5v.
Steiner, L.—The Organ.
Stevens, H.—Dress and Habit of People of England, 2v.
Stevenson, R. L.—Inland Voyage.
Symonds, J. A.—Greek Poets.
Taine, H.—Notes on England.
Thoreau, H. D.—Maine Woods.
Tyler, M. C.—Literary Hist.
Woolsey, Ia C.—Short Hist. of Philadelphia.
Pearson, H. C.—Her Opportunity.
N. J. State Agric. Exper. Station Report, 1891.
Moore, J. N.—Hist. of N. Carolina, 2v.
Smithsonian Inst. Report to 1890.
N. J. Supreme Court.—Report of Cases, v. 35.
N. J. Court of Chancery Reports, v 47.
N. J. Geol. Survey Report, 1891.
U. S. Dept. of Agric. Report of Secretary, 1890.
Bretqu, J.—Life of an Artist.

ASBURY PARK RACES.

Plainfield Makes a Creditable Showing—Mahon Injured.

The Plainfield Bicycle Club and Manhattan A. C. teams contested in the one-mile team race at Asbury Park yesterday. The Manhattans won. Time 2 minutes 35 4-5 seconds. The Manhattans scored 48 points, and Plainfield 19. The Plainfield team was composed of Messrs. Mahon, Ahlgren and Hinrichs.

George Mahon, who was entered in the one-mile handicap, was quite severely injured in that race. The track was crowded with people, which interfered with the contestants at the time. As Mahon reached one of the points he made a spurt, but collided with another wheelman. His arm was badly wrenched and his face cut and bruised. His wheel was a total wreck.

Nothing daunted by this he entered the three-twenty class race and finished second. Ahlgren was fourth. The time made was 2.53.

In the team race above referred to, the home team did not expect to win from the Manhattans but were after second place.

Four teams were entered. The Manhattans, Plainfield Bi. Club, Asbury Park Wheelmen and the Schuyler Wheelmen A. C. The two latter teams dropped out and the Plainfield boys, rather than see the race pass over to the Manhattans, went the distance with them.

As it was, they made a very creditable showing and as Mahon was injured and riding a strange wheel, they did very well against the crack Manhattans.

The Teachers Convention.

The annual meeting of the New Jersey State Teachers' Association began in Educational Hall, Asbury Park, yesterday afternoon. About 150 teachers were present, and double that number are expected to arrive to-day.

Founder J. A. Bradley welcomed the pedagogues in a witty speech, which was responded to by the Vice President of the Association, President A. B. Poland being absent.

An address was then delivered by Henry Snyder, Superintendent of the Jersey City schools.

The evening address was a discussion which was participated in by several of the school principals present.

George O. Ryan, Superintendent of the New Brunswick schools, next read a paper entitled "Reasons why I would advise no to despatch to suicide." Listen! For more than a week 'Mildred, its dread, the suspense, the uncertainty, the horror, the fear that I would lose the love affections has oppressed me by day and banished sleep from my eyes at night. For more than a week I have slept! With straining eyeballs I have tossed on my restless couch and"

"Mildred," passionately exclaimed the young man, throwing himself upon his knees, "hear me! for months I have carried your image in my heart. You have never been absent from my thoughts once my respect. The constant pattern of a future unheard with you would drive me to despair—to suicide! Listen! For more than a week 'Mildred, its dread, the suspense, the uncertainty, the horror, the fear that I would lose the love affections has oppressed me by day and banished sleep from my eyes at night. For more than a week I have slept! With straining eyeballs I have tossed on my restless couch and"

The sessions were resumed to-day, several papers were read on educational topics. Dr. Richard Edwards and Miss Allister, the President of the Drexel Institute, will talk on "Education in its Relations to Social and Economic Conditions of To-day."

Clippings from the Wine and Spirit Gazette.

The Wine and Spirit Gazette of June 30th, the leading trade journal, will no doubt be of interest to the friends of Protection, presenting the views of the matter not usually thought of:

Strange as it may appear, there are some Democrats who believe that a good Democrats otherwise, who would not care to have the present tariff laws disturbed, at least for a few years to come. These men, who have invested somewhat heavily in imported goods, fear the uncertainty and disturbance to their business which the repeal of the McKinley act would carry with it.

The same paper has also the following, which will doubtless be of interest to members of the Masonic Fraternity here:

The Grand Lodge of Free Masons of Nebraska which met at Omaha on the 16th inst., has decided that Masons can not sell beer or liquor. At the meeting a member of the order asked to be relieved of his Masonic fellowship, having previously been expelled after a trial for selling intoxicating liquors. The committee to whom grievance room mended that the petition be not granted on the ground that the brother had been notified that if he engaged in the sale of liquors his Masonic relationship would be severed. The report was adopted without a dissenting vote.

Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M. Officers.

Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M., held its regular weekly meeting last evening, No. 2 S. Second room, West Second street, at the conclusion of the routine business the following officers were elected:

Councillor—J. P. Reed.
Vice Councillor—F. A. Long.
Recording Secretary—E. M. Martin.
Ass't Recording Secretary—C. S. Greer.
Financial Secretary—O. Terry.
Treasurer—G. S. Martin.
Conductor—C. Force.
Warden—C. I. Young.
Inside Sentinel—H. E. Brown.
Outside Sentinel—M. Langer.
Trustee—C. W. Taynor.

What Will they Raise?

The following was received in to-day's mail from somebody evidently not dying for the trolley system:

Toastmaster—The members of the class may tell what they have read in the newspapers. You may begin, Tommy Gingrich.

"I read," said Tommy, "that they're trying to plant a trolley in Palmfield."

Toastmaster—Very interesting, Tommy—You'm. Only please, teacher, if they planted a trolley what would they raise?

The silence was awkward, and the girls snickered.

Presently little Watkins raised his hand.

"Please, I know," said he.

"Teacher—Well, what have you to say?"

Willie—"If they plant a trolley they'll raise tomatoes."

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Attempted Train Robbery.

GUTHRIE, O. T., July 1. (Special)—Despatches were received at the United States Marshal Grimes' office yesterday stating that four masked men attempted to hold up a passenger train near Canadian, Tex., on Tuesday night.

They have been chased into the Cherokee strip and are coming East. They belong undoubtedly to the Red Rock Gang.

Prohibition Tickets Completed.

CINCINNATI, July 1, (Special.)—The session of the Prohibition Convention which nominated Gen. John Bidwill for President continued until a late hour.

At two o'clock this morning it nominated J. B. Cranfell of Texas for the Vice Presidency on the second ballot.

A Settlement Hoped for.

PITTSBURG, July 1st. (Special.)—The news that Andrew Carnegie's upper mill, on Thirty-third street, had signed the Amalgamated Association's scale received last night, has caused a brightening of the prospect for a settlement of the Homestead trouble.

Yale Wins.

NEW LONDON, July 1.—(Special.)—The Yale Freshmen, '93, beat the Columbia and Harvard Freshmen this morning.

The Columbia and Harvard were tied at the finish.

Elizabeth's New Depot.

It can now be definitely stated just where the proposed new depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Elizabeth will be located. The handsome structure, will be erected at the corner of East Broad street and the tracks of the company, and when completed, it is said, will be one of the finest in the State.

A Romance of the Period.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

"Mildred," passionately exclaimed the young man, throwing himself upon his knees, "hear me! for months I have carried your image in my heart. You have never been absent from my thoughts once my respect. The constant pattern of a future unheard with you would drive me to despair—to suicide! Listen! For more than a week 'Mildred, its dread, the suspense, the uncertainty, the horror, the fear that I would lose the love affections has oppressed me by day and banished sleep from my eyes at night. For more than a week I have slept! With straining eyeballs I have tossed on my restless couch and"

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"YES Mr. Headshaker of course you don't believe H-O superior to these common oatmeals" — Here is our remedy for prejudice—

Have some H-O once for breakfast.

HEATH'S

ROACH—On Thursday, June 30th, in this city, Henry Roach, in the 66 year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, 209 Central avenue, Saturday July 2d at nine a. m. Service at St. Mary's church at 10 a. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

SCHWARTZ—On Thursday, June 30th in this city, Mary S. Schwartz.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

56 Dividend.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
Plainfield, N. J., June 28, 1892.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Seventy five per cent. (3 per cent.) payable on and after July 1st, 1892.
1 to 7
F. S. RUNYON, Cashier.

For the Next 30 Days
we will sell all Remnants of Paper
AT COST!
And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Dresses at a Bargain.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
29 East Front street.

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
ARE VERY POPULAR DRINKS THIS SEASON.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
ALSO IN SIPHONS.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

that A. G. VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE MANHATTAN WINE ROOM,

179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
FRANK LINKE, Proprietor.
ESTABLISHED 1886.
Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaeffer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.
All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG lady, employed during the day would like position in store Saturday evening as saleslady or cashier. Address "M." care of EVENING NEWS. 30 3

SITUATION wanted by strong, able colored man as porter, driver or coachman. Call at 101 West Fourth street. 29 3

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Operators and basters on vests. 25 West Front street. 30 5

WANTED Immediately—Girl to do the work for three in family. Must be a good plain cook and good laundress. Wages $14 per month. Call during the day at 53 Richmond avenue, Richmond Heights. 30 3

WANTED—A good, plain cook, and to assist in laundry. Apply at 29 Eighth street. 30 3

$75 to $250 can be made monthly working for us. Address Hall & Co., 2930-2 6-5 Main street, Richmond, Va. 29 6 Inst

MONEY TO LOAN.

TO LOAN. Can remain any length of time. Address at once, "H. D. N.," care of EVENING NEWS office. 1f

BOARDERS WANTED.

A T 19 Craig place, furnished rooms with board. Table boarders accommodated. 6 3 29

FOR RENT.

TO LET—Barn, 2 stalls and wagon room. No. 43 Manning avenue. S. O. Stests. 27 6

FOR SALE.

$40 CASH will buy a ball bearing safety bicycle worth double the amount. Owned new only in perfect condition. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS. 1-7

LOTS containing half an acre and upwards on Grandview ave. Small down payment, balance long time. Splendid opportunity for a home. Non-resident. P. O. Box 107, Cleveland, O. 30 9

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes walk from depot by electric road. Good soil, high ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 16f

MISCELLANEOUS.

49000 Celery plants, extra fine. Grown on new lands in variety at Denison's, 127 Hillside avenue. 1-7

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3 30f

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 26f

WANTED Board—At either Fanwood, Netherwood or Plainfield for two ladies and servant. Good accommodations in quiet house, with modern conveniences. Address "R. M.," room 24, No. 30 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—Second-hand iron fence for cemetery lot. Address John Vollmer, 25 Craig place. 30 3

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Port Reading R. R. Co., lessee.
Grand Opportunity to Visit
Lake Hopatcong,
ON INDEPENDENCE DAY.
Monday, July 4th.
On the above date Special Excursion Tickets will be sold from Plainfield for
Adults, $1.35; Children, 90c.
Tickets good to go on all trains July 3d, 4th, and 5th, and to return on July 4th or 5th.
Trains leave Plainfield for Lake Hopatcong at 7.10, 9.42 a. m., and 1.39, 5.39 p. m. 29 2

FOURTH OF JULY

EXCURSION TO
Manch Chunk,
Glen Onoko,
and the famed Switchback, via Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Port R. R. Co., lessee.
Monday, July 4th.
Train will Plainfield for Manch Chunk, Glen Onoko and the Switchback at 9.27 a. m.
Fare for round trip $1.75. Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on excursion train. 27 6f

NOTICE.
All persons are forbidden using any kind of fireworks in the streets within the city limits, before the fourth day of July, and every one so offending will be dealt with as law and justice requires.
Section 4, Peace and Moral Ordinance, which reads: For setting off fire-crackers, or exploding fire-works of any description, or combustible materials, or making bon-fires on the streets or public ways, or discharging any gun, pistol, or fowling-piece, or any kind of fire-arms or cannon, in any public street within the city limits, except on the Fourth day of July, any sum not exceeding twenty dollars. GEORGE W. GRANT,
25-6d Chief of Police.

Flags, Fireworks,

and
Japanese Lanterns,
and other necessaries for a
Jolly Fourth,
can be had from
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

CARRIAGES

and
HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessable at Any Time.
RYERSON,
28 SOMERSET STREET.

BOYNTON : : - - BEACH,

With
Greatly Increased
Attractions,
OPENED
SATURDAY,
June 18th, 1892.

EDITORIAL NOTES

"A Swappin Match."

It is usually considered a good, reliable paper and of sober habits, the Philadelphia Press. But what shall we say to a letter which one of its correspondents puts off on us for straight fact? We lay the substance of a part of this letter before our readers and let them say what they please. We don't say anything, except that the story may amuse.

The correspondent tells us he was riding on horseback through the region between the Smoky and the Nantehala mountains in North Carolina. He stopped for the night at a farmhouse and asked what was the news in that district. He was told that nothing ever happened there except Mormons or a "swappin match." He asked what the latter was, and the people of the house were amazed at his ignorance. The mistress of the mansion answered:

"Stranger, a swappin match is where we uns swap horse mules, wives an sich."

"Do you mean to say that they trade wives?"

"Yes sir," said the man of the house, "an there's goin to be a big swop over yon at Bill Dags' tomory."

With a sneak of excellent brandy the correspondent opened the heart of the brave mountaineer, and at length got permission to attend the swappin match. All the rustic population that had cows, horses, mules, hounds or other live stock to trade was there. In addition, some of them had brought along the human partners of their joys and sorrows to trade with. There was a keg of moonshine whisky opened, the ball, and then began the dicker. One man wanted a cow and a pair of hounds thrown in as "boot" if he took the other fellow's wife off his hands, but the other man regarded this as too high.

A young man named Long wanted to "swap" an angular, red headed, fiery tempered woman of thirty for a good looking, plump and good natured young woman in the possession of another mountaineer named Jackson. To all appearances the women were utterly indifferent; if they were not they showed no opposition by word or action. Jackson replied to Long's proposition by saying: "That gal can dig more sang, chop more wood, an kin beat anything shootin on the crik. I'll call it a sway if you'un 'll throw in yer old riding mar'."

"It's mar'n I'll giv', Jackson. My woman's a good cook and kin hoe as much cob's as any woman in this narborhood. I'll trade even."

There were a dozen or so of propositions pro and con which finally ended in Jackson's getting a red cow and three sheep as boot.

Another trade which seemed to excite the risibilities of the bystanders was between a couple of men, in which one named Punt got for his share a big, raw boned, sharp featured woman with snapping black eyes and a disposition not winning by any means.

Accordingly the general opinion was that Punt was likely to have a lively time of it until he could coax somebody to take the woman off his hands.

In all there were six wife trades that day. The exchanged wives went peaceably home with their new owners, and took charge of the other woman's children without any apparent feeling in the matter, and the children themselves looked on the new mother as quite the proper thing and made no opposition. Nobody seemed to feel that there was anything unlawful or immoral in these trades, and the custom has prevailed from time immemorial in these mountain forests, where no outsider penetrates. The correspondent says that he passed on through another gap in the mountains next day, and came on an entirely different community. Here he mentioned the wife trading custom of the people he had left, and found it excited no surprise. Everybody knew about it, nobody wondered at it.

He was told that centuries ago this Smoky mountain tract was settled by a variety of people of English, Scotch Irish and even some Indian blood. They had lived alone and intermarried, generation after generation, cut off from all the outside world and their peculiarities had only grown stronger. They wear still the homemade tow-linen garments discarded elsewhere, even in the primitive parts of the country, half a century ago. It is in these mountains, he was told, that the Mormon elders make their converts.

Tough yarn, this. But what a field, all unworked, is here for the historian and romancer.

The latest republic south of us to come into the reciprocity fold is Honduras, with which country our trade is now open to the same degree as that settled on with the other Spanish American nations. The unpleasant part of trade with the South American republics, however, is that Europe gets nearly all the commerce that ought in the nature of things to come to us. For instance, we import annually from Honduras a million dollars' worth of goods, and sell to her less than three-quarters of a million. Meantime over two million dollars go into the pockets of European nations from Honduras every year.

What a fine thing it is to be a resident of a country with a royal ruler. A young Brazilian student in Stuttgart was irreverent enough lately to say that the king of Wurtemburg looked like a meddling. The Wurtemburg sentiment of loyalty to royalty was so shocked that the young fellow was sentenced to three months' imprisonment. The prosecut accommodations for jailing would not be equal to holding the culprits if everybody who made fun of the personal appearance of high officials in the United States were to be imprisoned.

A bridegroom is a man who takes care of the bride, and a horse groom is a man who takes care of the horse.

BIDWELL THEIR CHOICE

Nominated for President by the Prohibition Convention.

LEVERING FOR THE SECOND PLACE.

The Big Baltimore Coffee Dealer and Hon. Sam Small Both Want the Vice Presidential Nomination, but the Maryland Man Seems to Be in the Lead.

CINCINNATI, July 1.—General John Bidwell, of Chico, Cal., was nominated on the first ballot, taken at midnight, in the Prohibitionist national convention. At the opening of the evening session Chairman Ritter announced that the roll of states would be called for nominations for president of the United States. When Georgia was reached Commissioner St. John, of Kansas, took the stage at the request of the delegation, and placed in nomination General Bidwell. He reviewed his career from the time that he crossed the Rockies in 1841, told how he had cultivated his lands with picks as a miner, enlisted his life and works and defended him from the attacks that had been made upon his career in congress. Wardwell, of New York, asked if it was true that General Bidwell was a sickly man, to which Mr. St. John replied: "Not while the man of the house, Mr. Harris, grins on as a big swop over yon at Bill Dags' tomory."

Delthorne's Name Presented.

Numerous others seconded General Bidwell's nomination. Illinois withdrew its candidate, ex-Judge McCullough; Michigan withdrew John Russell. W. Jennings Demorest, of New York, was nominated by J. Lloyd Thomas, of that city, and seconded by Professor Grandison (colored), of North Carolina. Ohio, through L. B. Logan, presented Gideon T. Stewart, the veteran Pennsylvania Prohibitionist. Sam Small, of Georgia, seconded the nomination of Demorest on behalf of the solid delegation from that state.

Interest on the First Ballot.

The vote on the first ballot for president stood: Bidwell, 800; Demorest, 130; Stewart, 179; Bascom, of New York, 3. Necessary to a choice, 407.

The principal candidates for vice president were: Joshua Levering, the wealthy coffee merchant, of Baltimore, and Rev. Sam Sudbil, of Georgia. The indications are that Levering will be the nominee.

The entire afternoon session of five hours was devoted to the heated and at times uproarious debate upon the platform and the minority report. The majority report was finally adopted after the free silver plank had been stricken out by a vote on a call of states, of 556 to 338.

The Platform.

The platform submitted by the majority declares that the highest traffic is a foe to civilization, and that all laws that legalize and protect this traffic are vicious in principle and powerless as a remedy. The suppression of the manufacture, sale, importation, exportation and transportation of alcoholic liquors as a beverage is called for by federal and state legislation. It declares for female suffrage and favors the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold. Tariff should be levied only as a defense against foreign governments, which levy tariff upon or bar out our products from their markets, revenue being incidental. Railroads, telegraphs and other public corporations should be controlled by the government.

Immigration laws should be revised and strictly enforced, and the limitation of individual and corporate ownership of land is favored. It is demanded that every citizen be protected in the right of trial by constitutional tribunals, and that all men should be protected by law in their right to one day of rest in seven. Arbitration is declared the wisest and most economical and humane method of settling national differences.

Speculation in margins, the cornering of grain, money and products, and the formation of pools, trusts and combinations for the arbitrary advancement of prices should be suppressed, and the Republican and Democratic parties are arraigned as false to the standards reared by their founders, and as faithless to the principles of the illustrious leaders of the past.

It pledges the Prohibition party, if elected to power, grant just pensions to disabled veterans of the Union army and navy, their widows and orphans.

Miss Frances E. Willard made a speech in which she denied that she was a fusionist. She wanted both old parties wiped out of existence; but did not want the Prohibitionists to combine with any other party.

Dr. Evans, of Abington, Ills., asked for money for the national committee. After a two hours' exhortation and appeal it was announced that $35,000 had been guaranteed, one-fourth more than the amount secured at the Indianapolis convention in 1888.

Judge Gresham Will Not Run.

DENVER, July 1.—The Colorado delegation will support Judge Gresham for Omaha. Chairman Orr will carry in his pocket a letter from Judge Gresham in which the latter in the most positive terms declares that he will not be a candidate for president on the People's or any other ticket. He authorizes Judge Orr to withdraw his (Gresham's) name should it be presented to the convention. The letter was written about two weeks ago. Judge Orr and Judge Gresham were schoolmates.

The coast delegates favor the nomination of Stewart, while those from Colorado, Utah and adjoining states will urge the nomination of ex-Governor Adams, of Colorado.

The People's Party Convention.

OMAHA, July 1.—Delegates to the People's party convention which will begin its sessions here at 10 a. m. Saturday, continue to arrive, and there promises to be a large attendance upon the birth of the new party of the people on the birthday of the nation. C. A. Power, chairman of the Indiana delegation, when asked his opinion on the silver question, took from his inside pocket a resolution which demanded the free and unlimited coinage of silver on equal terms with gold at present weight and fineness.

Power is for Gresham with all his might, and says his nomination means nothing more nor less than his election.

Whitney Will Not Accept.

NEW YORK, July 1.—William C. Whitney says he will not accept the chairmanship of the Democratic national committee. William F. Harrity, secretary of state of Pennsylvania, is mentioned for the place.

Is Cream Jack the Ripper?

LONDON, July 1.—It is said sufficient evidence has been produced to establish the identity of Dr. Thomas Neill Cream, now in custody in London on charges of black mail and murder, as Jack the Ripper.

GODDARD THE VICTOR.

He Knocks Out Big Joe McAuliffe in Three Rounds.

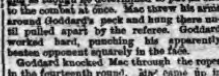
SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—The fight between Joe Goddard and Big Joe McAuliffe resulted in victory for Goddard in the fifteenth round. In the first round Goddard was fighting shy and when he went to the floor by a left handed smash over the head. He went down on all fours, rose immediately and received several more hard cuts on the head. McAuliffe followed up his advantage in the second round, but in the third got a stiff right hander in the face that sent him in sitting posture to the floor.

In the two rounds following Goddard was entirely on the aggressive and doing by far the better work. He rushed Mac to the ropes, where the latter again hugged him to avoid serious punishment.

In the seventh round Mac was strong and Goddard was apparently playing for his wind, but he got a hard punch on the head that sent him reeling. In the eighth round Goddard aggressively fought his antagonist to the ropes and then back to the center of the ring. Goddard forced matters in the ninth, but only received some hard blows for his pains, and he was somewhat groggy when he went to his corner. In the tenth both went at it hammer and tongs. Mac received some fearful punishment in the face and stomach.

Goddard became more aggressive in the next two rounds and went for his opponent with great vigor. Mac became groggy and clung to the Australian with great tenacity to avoid punishment, but failed in the effort. In the thirteenth round Mac kept away from the Australian, who came for him as though he determined to put an end to the combat at once. Mac threw his arms around Goddard's neck and hung there until pulled apart by the referee. Goddard worked hard, punching his apparently beaten opponent squarely in the face.

Goddard knocked Mac through the ropes in the fourteenth round. Mac came up in half a dozen seconds and then Goddard sent in right and left on Mac's head, which sent him reeling around the ring. He was covered with blood from his forehead to his waist. He was entirely gone, but Goddard was too weary with his exertions of the last minute to knock him out. In the last round Goddard sent Mac to the floor by a right handed swing on the face. Mac remained on his knees a second or so and rose, only to take a terrible smash from the heroic champion. He had now become a veritable chopping block. Mac fought gamely, but was knocked out, and the fight and purse were awarded to Goddard.



What Little Boys Wear.

We show here two summer suits for neat little boys, and all boys should learn to be neat. It will interest mamas to know the first suit consists of a very useful little American blouse, made in Ceylon flannel, either striped or plain, and simply invaluable for a small boy at the seaside. Worn with a sash over blue serge knickerbockers these blouses look extremely pretty. They can be had either in striped or plain Ceylon flannel, or in white pique or drill. The other suit is intended for rather swell occasions. It is made in a soft homespun in various shades of grey and brown, and arranged with a long vest of summer corduroy with collar, cuffs and pockets in corduroy to correspond.

More Arrests at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, July 1.—Ex-Teller McCredie, of the National Savings bank, was arraigned before Judge King on three charges of forgery and grand larceny. He pleaded not guilty, and gave $10,000 bail. Cashier Armstrong is still in jail, not being able to obtain bail.

A Good Student, but a Thief.

LONDON, July 1.—A police magistrate sentenced William Aldis, B. A., of Downing college, Cambridge university, who recently took high honors in mathematics, to eight months' imprisonment for stealing books from the university library.

Sayler Again Rejected.

BOSTON, July 1.—At a meeting of the governor's council the nomination of the Hon. Irving B. Boyden, sent in by the governor a second time as bank commissioner in place of Warren E. Locke, was again rejected.

An American Girl Married.

LONDON, July 1.—Miss Lilian Everett, eldest daughter of Mr. H. Sidney Everett, of Boston, was married at St. Saviour's church, Isle of Wight, to Mr. Charles Harry Fenwick, of the King's Royal Rifles.

Highwaymen in Idaho.

WALLACE, July 1.—Two masked men with shotguns held up Sedgman Mills as he was crossing the divide from Fancy Gulch to Murray, and made him give up about $2,000 worth of gold dust.

Light Sentence for a Brute.

NEW YORK, July 1.—John Heid, convicted of assault in the second degree on Rose Loeber, a four-year-child, was sentenced to four years and six months in the penitentiary.

Carpenter and Counsel Sentenced.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Carpenter and Counsel were sentenced in state prison for nine years, and Bjorkman for five years for stealing $57,000 from Dix & Ely's.

Goodwin for President.

BOSTON, July 1.—The Phi Beta Kappa society of Harvard college elected W. W. Goodwin president and John Quincy Adams vice president.

Pitcher Clarkson Released.

BOSTON, July 1.—Pitcher Clarkson has been released by the Boston Baseball club.

SILVER IN THE SENATE.

Morgan and McPherson Engage in Spirited Debate.

FREE COINAGE'S CRIME IS NEAR.

The New Jersey Senator Says the Coronation Silver Tones Has Been Violated and That Democratic Senators Should Be Heard Before a Vote Is Taken.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The senate proceedings Thursday were diversified by a somewhat acrimonious debate over the unanimous agreement entered into to take a vote on the silver bill Friday. It was an obvious case of consenting in haste and repenting at leisure. It was claimed that Democratic senators opposed to free coinage were absent, and Mr. McPherson, of New Jersey, attempted to break through the agreement, but was held to it by Mr. Morgan and other silver advocates. Mr. Dolph, of Oregon, moved to recommit the bill to the committee on finance, and the question will probably come up in that shape. The different senate committees of conference reported almost hopeless disagreements with house conferees upon leading features of the great appropriation bills. Mr. Allison said none of the bills had yet gone to the president, and the senate conferees in the house practically ceased attending meetings of conferees upon appropriations fifteen days.

Senator McPherson Protests.

When the Stewart silver bill with its amendments was laid before the senate Mr. Dolph, of Oregon, moved to refer the bill to the committee on finance. The president pro tem. Mr. Manderson, called attention to the fact that the bill had already been before that committee and had been reported adversely.

Mr. McPherson, of New Jersey, said he was absent on business of the senate when the unanimous consent was given by Vice-President Morton. He was absent on the Democratic side of the chamber who had a right to be heard at length on this bill. Mr. Palmer had only just arrived. He desired to be heard at length on an important amendment he had offered. Mr. Vilas was also absent and desired to be heard. In view of the great importance of this bill and the fact that the Democratic caucus had recently declared themselves opposed to the policy embodied in this bill, he thought it an unprecedented proceeding, with scarcely a quorum present, in the absence of members of the finance committee and before the Democratic members were able to return from Chicago, to force this question to a vote. "If we are treated well," said Mr. McPherson, "upon putting me in this anomalous position—one I have never occupied before—I for one shall feel constrained to object to this unanimous consent. I will not agree that a vote shall be taken on this bill Friday at 2 o'clock."

Mr. Morgan Scores New Jersey's Senator.

"Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, said this was the first time he had ever heard a rule of the senate deliberately and willfully violated by a senator on this floor. He regretted it very much. He was sorry to see it come to what not be the last. The senate relied upon the honor of every senator to abide by unanimous consent in this body in regard to legislative business. Mr. McPherson could take upon himself the distinction of violating this rule, but in doing that he would not succeed in intimidating the friends of silver. Although by a majority on this floor, they intended to pass this bill, and the threat of the senator would only make them more determined. If they had not a majority they would let the matter go. The senator said the senate was "thin" when the agreement was reached—"thin" as to the Democratic side in the absence of Mr. McPherson [laughter], but not thinner in that respect than it is very often was. If Mr. McPherson desired to debate this bill he could do it after 2 o'clock. The friends of the measure were tired of debate. It had been debated ad nauseam. The proposition of the senator was evidently to smother the bill by delay, but the people were not going to put up with this sort of thing. The attempt to coerce the silver men on this floor was open, flagrant, wrongful, insulting and unjust.

The Free Coinage Tones.

Mr. McPherson said that there had been a formal agreement entered into at the instance of Mr. Voorhees, representing the other side of the chamber, that each party should have time to attend its respective conventions. "Under that full measure of time this side have time it is a violation of that agreement, unanimously entered into, to take a vote." Mr. Morgan said the agreement simply provided that no vote should be taken on the silver bill before the 18th of June. This was the only agreement entered into.

Mr. Harris, of Tennessee, said that no matter what agreements had been entered into the conventions were over and the senate was engaged in the ordinary business. He suggested to Mr. McPherson that the only way to accomplish his object, without violating traditions of the senate, was to ask the unanimous consent of the senate for a postponement.

Mr. Morgan replied that Mr. McPherson had made no proposition of this kind. He would never consent to attempt to break through an agreement of the senate.

A Hit at the President.

He was satisfied that the bill would pass the senate and would also go through the house if it could be got there. And he should extremely regret to hear any senator say he had the authority of the president to declare that he had so far forgotten the proprieties of the executive office and the comity between the legislative and executive bodies as to declare in advance his intention of vetoing the bill.

Mr. Hawley, of Connecticut, appealed for delay, because he had heard from senator after senator that they were not present and ready for a vote. Mr. McPherson's protest proved futile.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The Republicans succeeded in preventing the consideration of the District of Columbia bill, and the house devoted several hours to a conference report on the District of Columbia appropriation bill, the item of contention being the appropriation of $75,000 for the entertainment of the Grand Army of the Republic at its encampment in Washington next September. The subject occasioned a number of patriotic speeches reviving the incidents of the war, and at times the house was in great confusion. A new conference was ordered.

That Ode Squabble Again.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., July 1.—It is now stated on good authority that it is a settled fact that Poet Whittier will write the opening ode for the Chicago World's fair. The title is still a mystery to everybody except Mr. Whittier.

None Such Condensed Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 13, 14 and 15c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.
Gauze vests, 25c.
Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantetts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c, 40c, and 50c.
Men's Jean Drawers, 38c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 25c.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

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BEER ON DRAUGHT.

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The Automatic,

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Several new patterns this Spring never shown before

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SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS

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Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

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LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,

FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,

Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

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Tickets for Hamburg, Stettin, Havre, Paris, Copenhagen. All Scandinavian or Finnish points.

To Glasgow, Londonderry, Liverpool, etc.

AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Illustrated catalogue giving views of scenery, etc., mailed free.

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(Any line or steamer.)

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to Mr. L. A. Hummer, all persons owing the

Plainfield Produce Co.

are requested to make prompt settlement.

The office is, as heretofore, at No. 29 North avenue.

We still continue the horse business and have constantly on hand fine roadsters, family or business horses, at reasonable prices.

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Carriages for weddings, funerals and private calls.

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ALL SIZES.

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ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

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UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to receive orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

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Dealer in BEST

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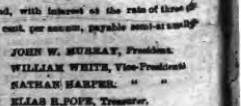
PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Orders solicited or received of by the Board of Health. Parties interested paid to disinfecting. Manufacturers of the Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers

P. O. box 699. Telephone call 99.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN H. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 5:30, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30 and 7 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:30 a. m., 2:30, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5:30 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

...ATHRODE THE STORM

...People Killed by New ...ey's Cyclone.

TWO WE... ...N AT GLOUCESTER.

...the Strong Arms ... ...ny Buildings ... Was Killed ... Injured.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.— ...test dealing storm passed over this city and ... ...city at 1:45 o'clock Thursday. It was ... ...t severe in the northern part of the city. Roofs by the dozen were blown off, trees were uprooted and considerable damage to property was done. ... ...Jenkins, colored, thirty years of age, ...Gloucester, was struck by ... ...while at work in Digges's field. ... John Mercer, of 2,619 Susquehanna avenue, was blown off the roof of a house and had his right thigh fractured. Several other people were seriously shocked by lightning or otherwise injured.

Two Killed at Gloucester.

The storm was of cyclonic proportions when it reached Gloucester, N. J., the sporting resort on the Delaware river, near Philadelphia, and carried death and destruction in its path. The tornado was 400 feet in width and it resembled a huge water spout as it crushed the... ...

The dead ... Highland, fifty years, of 2,0... ...ster in the ... ...office, and Robert ... aged forty, of Gloucester, ...broker. The injured are: Mary Ann Hamilton, thirty-five, wife of Robert Hamilton, head and foot cut; Mary Hamilton, eighteen, legs crushed and hurt internally; Maggie Hamilton, aged nine, chest crushed; Patrick Higgins, of Camden, seven contusion about the head; Patrick Fendall, waiter in Haggerty's hotel, hurt about the head.

The tornado first struck and demolished the big hotel of Julius Fromhagen at the river front. Patrick Highland ran into the pavilion for protection and was killed by a falling brick. Then the gale tore the entire roof, which was tinned and tarred and covered with gravel, from its fastenings and sent it spinning through the air. Up into the air it went until a height of fifty feet was reached.

The Roof Actually Flew.

The roof actually circled through the air, striking against and breaking down trees until at Fifth and Charles streets it descended upon the one and a half story frame dwelling of Robert Hamilton and utterly demolished the house. The Hamilton family, consisting of the father, the mother, Mary Ann, and daughters Mary and Maggie were at dinner when the storm broke. The son Robert, aged thirteen, possibly escaped death because of his absence from the domicile. The mother was stunned and cut, but managed to tug her way out. The father was taken to McGlade's hotel, a hundred feet away, where he died on the piazza. His back was broken. The children were removed to the Cooper hospital, Camden, where Mary's right leg was amputated. She is in a critical condition.

Patrick Highland was a member of the Philadelphia harbor police force under Mayor Fitler, and was the first officer to receive a Fitler medal for bravery.

Nellie Daly, a concert hall singer, was buried in the debris of Fromhagen's pavilion, but escaped injury.

Fourteen Reported Drowned.

The storm was very severe in Camden, and numerous small buildings were unroofed and trees blown down. It is almost certain that many persons have been drowned in the Delaware river. Mrs. Frank Ayers with her young son occupies a small cabin on the river front at Gloucester. The cabin was lifted ten feet into the air by the gale and deposited upon the ground again without injury to the occupants. Mrs. Ayers says she saw several yachts and a number of skiffs capsize in the river.

Coroner Jeffries, of Camden, has received inquiries from Philadelphia and Camden for fourteen persons who are supposed to have been out sailing when the storm broke, and it is feared that they are drowned.

At Haddon Heights, near Haddonfield, N. J., the tornado demolished the two story dwelling that was being constructed for Benjamin Lippincott. James A. Reddington, 133 Chestnut avenue, and Edward Reddington, 523 Marshall street, Philadelphia, slate roofers, were buried in the debris and badly hurt.

Atlantic City Badly Shaken Up.

At Atlantic City the storm was terrific and of an electrical nature. It lasted for three hours. In this time the rainfall amounted to 2.31 of an inch and the wind attained a velocity of from thirty to thirty-six miles an hour. Telephone and telegraph wires were torn down, trees uprooted, and the electric cars were stopped. Several buildings were struck by lightning.

The Ballot Box Stuffers' Pleas.

TRENTON, July 1.—Lawyer Penhall made application to Judge Green in the United States court, for a writ of habeas corpus for three of the Jersey City ballot box stuffers. An appeal is to be made on the ground that the convictions were illegal, because struck juries were used.

Elkins Is Hopeful.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Secretary of War Elkins is in town. He says he expects the Republicans will carry Connecticut and Wisconsin. He also says he knows that Cleveland can do any better in this state than he did in 1888, when he lost it.

Shot Dead from Ambush.

NANTICOKE, Pa., July 1.—Al Sopka, Polander, while picking cherries upon the farm of Henry Gommer was shot dead from ambush. Gommer and his so... have been arrested.

To Investigate the Reading.

ALBANY, July 1.—The committee of the senate to investigate the Reading deal will be called together in New York July 5 for the purpose of continuing its investigations.

The New Secretary Congratulated.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Secretary J. W. Foster was kept busy receiving congratulations. Many of the foreign ministers also called to pay their respects.

Hallinger's Fa... Postponed.

JERSEY CITY, July 1.—The habeas corpus case of Edward Hallinger, who is self confessed murderer, has been postponed until the November term of the co...

Tennyson's Pol...al Views.

LONDON, July 1.—The ... ...mes says Tennyson has written the following to a corre-

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The senate committee has ordered a favorable report on Senator Palmer's bill relating to the World's fair appropriation.

One thousand coal tollers have gone on strike in Baltimore.

Forty persons were shocked in a thunder storm at Pottsville, Pa.

A heavy thunder storm struck Baltimore and many buildings were uprooted.

Rev. James Wilson, seventy, a minister of Visalia, Cal., was driven from town for abducting young girls.

A mob attempted to lynch three negroes in jail at Fort Worth, Tex., for shooting and killing Policeman Lee.

Gutkiss was damaged $50,000 by fire. A heavy rain only prevented the entire town from being destroyed.

Policeman Edward Thompson shot and killed Robert Kerlin in San Francisco. Kerlin attacked him with a knife.

Two saloons are running on the World's fair grounds in Chicago, and intoxicating drinks are sold to the workmen on the grounds.

Cholera is spreading in Russia.

The Peary relief expedition has arrived at Halifax, N. S.

The czar has ordered the closing of all sweatshops in Moscow owned by Jews.

The intemperate language used by Father Behan at a meeting of anti-Parnellites in Dublin caused great excitement.

Deputy Attorney General Hogan has been appointed receiver for the Buffalo National Savings bank.

Benjamin L. Brown, the largest druggists dealer in Greensboro, N. C., has assigned. The liabilities are $70,000.

Negroes have been ordered by whites to leave Cleveland county, O. T., and the military may be ordered out to protect them.

John Eagan, Louis Avery, George Lyman and Claude Benley were arrested at Fort Jervis on indictments for assault or inciting riot at the lynching of Bob Lewis. All were balled.

George F. Wischers has begun suit at Buffalo to recover $200,000 from the Central Trust company, of New York, as the value of eighteen Sugar certificates, alleged to have been fraudulently transferred to the company by Edward M. Field.

M. Le Caze, the inventor of a dynamite company in Paris, who disappeared a few days ago after embezzling 500,000 francs, has been arrested.

Parnellites attacked Dr. Tanner at a political meeting in Trearn, Ireland, and police were compelled to charge the crowd with drawn swords.

Captain Joseph White, who was arrested on charge of assaulting a woman in the cabin of his boat, committed suicide in jail at St. Louis.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

										R. H. E.
At Cleveland.....	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0–	5 2 1
Pittsburg.....	1	0	0	2	0	2	3	0	1–	9 2 0
Davies and O'Connor, Baldwin and Miller.										
At Louisville—										R. H. E.
Louisville.....	1	0	0	2	5	0	0	0	2–	4 7 1
St. Louis.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0–	2 5 1
Yeau and Dawes, Getzein and Moran.										
At Pittsburg—First game—										R. H. E.
Philadelphia.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0–	2 6 4
Washington.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2–	3 5 4
Carroll and Clements, Abbey and Milligan.										
Second game—										R. H. E.
Philadelphia.....	0	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	0–	6 8 2
Washington.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0–	2 6 7
Esper and Clements, Knell and McGuire.										
At Cincinnati.....										R. H. E.
Cincinnati.....	0	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0–	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0–	7 14 4
Chicago.....	0	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	0–	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0–	7 12 4

Mullane and Foutz, Hutchinson and Schriver. Game called at the end of the twentieth inning on account of darkness.

AMERICAN LEAGUE GAMES.

										R. H. E.
At Binghamton—										
Binghamton.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2–	4 5 1
Buffalo.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0–	1 5 5
Brown and Ink, Wells and Shafferman.										

Mrs. Harrison to Leave Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The president will accompany Mrs. Harrison to the Adirondack mountains next week. The party will consist of the President and Mrs. Harrison, Lieutenant and Mrs. Parker and Mrs. Dimmick. The president will remain only long enough to see Mrs. Harrison comfortably located. Mrs. Harrison continues to gain in strength.

May Not Accept Lieutenant Parker.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—A singular situation exists between the board of city trusts and the war department over the appointment of Lieutenant W. J. Parker, U. S. A. as professor of military science and tactics at Girard college. Lieutenant Pardee may not be appointed, as his request has been made for the assignment of an officer.

Imprisonment for Chinese.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 1.—United States Commissioner Ward has examined the four Chinamen who were arrested last week for attempting to enter this country in violation of the exclusion act, and has ordered that they be imprisoned at Folsom state prison for twenty days, after which they will be returned to their native land.

Named by the President.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The president sent to the senate the following nominations of postmasters: Edwin Adams, South Norwalk, Conn.; Nehemiah Jennings, Southport, Conn.; Florence A. Smith, Schoharie, N. Y.; Louis McCloud, East Orange, N. J.; Joseph P. Carver, Newton, Pa.; John C. McLean, Union City, Pa.

A Celluloid Factory Wrecked.

BERLIN, July 1.—A boiler in a celluloid factory at Niederschoen exploded today, wrecking part of the factory. Herr Goldschmidt, the owner of the factory, was killed and his son-in-law, Lieutenant Klem, and five workmen were seriously injured.

Tracy Off for Woodstock.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Secretary Tracy left here on the Dolphin for New York. There the vessel will proceed with the secretary aboard to Woodstock, Conn., where he delivers an address on July 4.

Mrs. Emmons Blaine at Bar Harbor.

BAR HARBOR, July 1.—It is announced that Mrs. Emmons Blaine will spend the summer here, and will comm...ce soon as a cottage can be secured which meets her requirements.

Gigantic Shoemakers' Lockout.

LONDON, July 1.—The Shoemakers' federation, of Leicester, has decided upon a lockout. This action will affect 80,000 persons. The dispute is over the employment of boy labor.

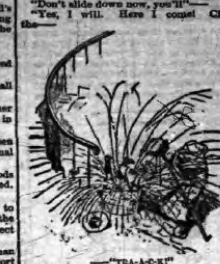
Held for Bigamy.

LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y., July 1.—Mrs. Emma Gardner D'Auterville, accused of bigamy, was held in $1,000 bail for trial here.

Assaulted by a Young...

PATERSON, July 1.—Maude Murphy, aged

He Had His Way.



"Don't slide down now, you'll"—"Yes, I will. Here I come! Clear the..."

"TRA-A-C-K!"

CARNEGIE'S MEN ALL IDLE.

They Are Ready to Welcome the Pinkertons Home.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 1.—Every employee of Carnegie, Phipps & Co., at their Homestead mills, is idle except the mechanics and day laborers, engaged on repairs. At 10 o'clock 8,000 workmen assembled in open meeting at the Opera House and thoroughly discussed the situation. The meeting was orderly, and several addresses counseled strict observance of law and order. A resolution was adopted that during the lockout no member of the Amalgamated association should be permitted to leave the town without a special permit from the lodge officials, under penalty of dismissal from the organization.

Another resolution was unanimously adopted that the day mechanics and day laborers shall be called out. Committees were appointed to watch all trains and entrances to the town to prevent the importation of outside workmen. Twenty of the Amalgamated association men were sworn in as special officers by the burgess and will aid in preserving order. The locked out men anticipate the arrival of Pinkerton men and are prepared to welcome them. The mill officials refuse to talk on the subject. Eight effigies of proprietors and officials ornamented as many telegraph poles in the vicinity of the mills in the morning.

Work Stopped at Milwaukee...

MILWAUKEE, July 1.—Promptly at 12 o'clock the workmen at the Bay View mills dropped whatever work they had on hand and left the place. The company desired to run a few days after this last of the month in order to complete several jobs, but the executive committee at Pittsburg refused to allow the men here to work a minute over time unless the company signed the scale.

Mahoning Valley Mills Close.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 1.—The scale presented by the Amalgamated iron and Steel Workers is still unsigned by the manufacturers, who declare that they will have nothing to do with it. All mills in the Mahoning valley were shut down at midnight.

This Firm Signed the Scale.

PITTSBURG, July 1.—The Oliver Wire and Nail Company of Pittsburg have signed the Amalgamated association scale. Between 300 and 400 men are employed in this department.

PRESIDENT PALACIO RESIGNS.

The Revolution in Venezuela Ends in Victory for Crespo.

PANAMA, July 1.—The revolution in Venezuela has come to a successful end. After a bloody battle fighting in the vicinity of Caracas, Palacio's troops refused to fight any longer. They were supported in this refusal by their commander, General Monagas, who represented to Palacio that further resistance to the revolutionists was useless. Palacio then resigned. The federal council was convened, and issues addressed to the effect that Vice President Iturbide will probably act as president, pending Crespo's arrival. General Monagas gave Palacio a guard of 1,000 men to convoy him to La Guayra, where he was to board a British man-of-war, but the arrival of the Legalists in the city frustrated this design.

The Poughkeepsie Bridge Sold.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 1.—The big Poughkeepsie bridge was sold at auction today for $2,300,000 by Judge D. W. Gregory, as referee. The bridge was sold for the reorganization of the bridge company, in connection with the Central New England and Western railroad, in such a manner as to procure a combination of the system under a common management of operation. The purchaser was Mr. John W. Brock, of the Reorganization committee. The reorganization committee. The sale has no effect upon the operation of the Reading Railroad company.

After the Whisky Trust Again.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Notwithstanding the defeat of the government at Cincinnati and New York, the United States secret service is on the track again of the Whisky trust officers. Judge Gresham will return to the city next week and arrangements may be made whereby he will hear the arguments on the indictments found in Boston against Gibson, Morris and Hennessy.

Heavy Grain Movement.

BUFFALO, July 1.—The receipts of grain since the opening of navigation this year was 31,860,000 bushels as against 35,190,873 last year.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 8 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD 24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Builders' Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet
MAKER.
Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
John Peterson,
SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.
Residence 14 Linden avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS.
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 943.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 218.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—GREEN AVENUE, near depot, Evens.
P. O. Box 198
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given. Satisfaction guaranteed.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—24 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates Cheerfully Furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, corner Second avenue and Grant street, Plainfield, N. J. Shop, corner Second avenue and Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J. Post office box 864.

JOHN SHERMANN,
Mason Builder and hard wood master workman. Estimates given on brick and stonework. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, 18 Grandview avenue. Shop, 18 Grandview avenue. Plainfield, N. J.

38c.
Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with Linen bosom and wristbands; regular $50 quality.
17c.
Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.
Window Shades 15c. and upward.
Dress Chalies 5c. Dress Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at
BOEHM'S
No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Strictly choice, delivered every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

Just What You Need!
If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an
Arnold Steam Cooker.
Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.
You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue. Also the only genuine
BOSTON BROWN BREAD,
made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.
M. E. BEACH, Agent.

Do You Want Shirts?
If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.
GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Real Estate & Insurance.
Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE
111 N. FOURTH AVENUE. Plain...

IF!
A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Dublin Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW ... STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:
Mattresses ..... $1.50 to $15
2 piece South America Hair Mattress, 35 lbs. $10
Goose Feather Pillows $1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows ..... 75 cents
Elder Down Pillows ..... 50 cents
Comforters $1, $1.35, $1.50
Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pill-ow cases, 50c. per pair; Curtains and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portiere curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : : : : NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & Co.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro., to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 [illegible] 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 2.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty street, at 2 [illegible] 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 4.30, 7.15, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Plainfield and points beyond can remain in sleeping cars until 7.00 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.15, 6.17, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 10.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Leave Somerville at 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 10.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.15, 6.17, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 10.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 10.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Passengers for Bound Brook change cars at Somerville.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 5.15, 6.17, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 10.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6.15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11.05 a. m. way for Junction.

1.30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville and Williamsport, Sunbury, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

4.05 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Pottsville and Williamsport, Sunbury, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

6.05 p. m. way for Junction connecting for Bound Brook.

8.05 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

11.05 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Tamaqua.

EASTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6.05 a. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia.

8.05 a. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia.

9.05 a. m. Sunday for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia.

2.05 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia.

4.05 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia.

6.05 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia.

8.05 p. m. Sunday for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia.

10.05 a. m. Sunday for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia.

LONG BRANCH DORAN SHORT LINE.

Leave Plainfield at 2.37, 4.05, 10.07, 11.09 a. m., 12.05, 2.37, 4.05, 7.05, 10.07, 11.09 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 2.45, 4.13, 10.15, 11.17 a. m., 12.13, 2.45, 4.13, 7.13, 10.15, 11.17 p. m. Leave Grove Street at 2.48, 4.16, 10.18, 11.20 a. m., 12.16, 2.48, 4.16, 7.16, 10.18, 11.20 p. m. Sunday 7.51, 7.58 p. m. Leave Bonhamtown at 2.52, 4.20, 10.22, 11.24 a. m., 12.20, 2.52, 4.20, 7.20, 10.22, 11.24 p. m. Sunday 7.55, 8.02 p. m. Leave Metuchen at 2.56, 4.24, 10.26, 11.28 a. m., 12.24, 2.56, 4.24, 7.24, 10.26, 11.28 p. m. Sunday 7.59, 8.06 p. m. Leave Woodbridge at 3.00, 4.28, 10.30, 11.32 a. m., 12.28, 3.00, 4.28, 7.28, 10.30, 11.32 p. m. Sunday 8.03, 8.10 p. m. Leave Rahway at 3.05, 4.33, 10.35, 11.37 a. m., 12.33, 3.05, 4.33, 7.33, 10.35, 11.37 p. m. Sunday 8.08, 8.15 p. m. Leave Elizabeth at 3.10, 4.38, 10.40, 11.42 a. m., 12.38, 3.10, 4.38, 7.38, 10.40, 11.42 p. m. Sunday 8.13, 8.20 p. m. Leave Newark at 3.20, 4.48, 10.50, 11.52 a. m., 12.48, 3.20, 4.48, 7.48, 10.50, 11.52 p. m. Sunday 8.23, 8.30 p. m. Arrive at Jersey City at 3.30, 4.58, 11.00, 12.02 a. m., 12.58, 3.30, 4.58, 7.58, 11.00, 12.02 p. m. Sunday 8.33, 8.40 p. m. Passengers for Hoboken change cars at Bonhamtown.

For Plainfield 2.37, 12.05 a. m., 2.45, 4.05, 7.05, 10.07, 11.09 p. m. Sunday 12.05 a. m., 7.51, 7.58 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Plainfield at 2.37, 4.05, 7.05, 10.07, 11.09 a. m., 12.05, 2.37, 4.05, 7.05, 10.07, 11.09 p. m. Sunday 12.05 a. m., 7.51, 7.58 p. m. Leave Grove Street at 2.48, 4.16, 7.16, 10.18, 11.20 a. m., 12.16, 2.48, 4.16, 7.16, 10.18, 11.20 p. m. Sunday 7.51, 7.58 p. m. Leave Bonhamtown at 2.52, 4.20, 7.20, 10.22, 11.24 a. m., 12.20, 2.52, 4.20, 7.20, 10.22, 11.24 p. m. Sunday 7.55, 8.02 p. m. Leave Metuchen at 2.56, 4.24, 7.24, 10.26, 11.28 a. m., 12.24, 2.56, 4.24, 7.24, 10.26, 11.28 p. m. Sunday 7.59, 8.06 p. m. Leave Woodbridge at 3.00, 4.28, 7.28, 10.30, 11.32 a. m., 12.28, 3.00, 4.28, 7.28, 10.30, 11.32 p. m. Sunday 8.03, 8.10 p. m. Leave Rahway at 3.05, 4.33, 7.33, 10.35, 11.37 a. m., 12.33, 3.05, 4.33, 7.33, 10.35, 11.37 p. m. Sunday 8.08, 8.15 p. m. Leave Elizabeth at 3.10, 4.38, 7.38, 10.40, 11.42 a. m., 12.38, 3.10, 4.38, 7.38, 10.40, 11.42 p. m. Sunday 8.13, 8.20 p. m. Leave Newark at 3.20, 4.48, 7.48, 10.50, 11.52 a. m., 12.48, 3.20, 4.48, 7.48, 10.50, 11.52 p. m. Sunday 8.23, 8.30 p. m. Arrive at Jersey City at 3.30, 4.58, 7.58, 11.00, 12.02 a. m., 12.58, 3.30, 4.58, 7.58, 11.00, 12.02 p. m. Sunday 8.33, 8.40 p. m. Passengers for Hoboken change cars at Bonhamtown.

Trains leave Plainfield for Dunellen, Bonhamtown, Metuchen, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark and Jersey City at 6.05, 8.05, 9.05 a. m., 2.05, 4.05, 6.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05 p. m. Sunday 9.05 a. m., 8.05, 9.05, 10.05 p. m

WHAT WOMEN WEAR.

FADS AND FASHIONS OF THE FAIR SEX—NEW STYLES.

Valuable Hintsas to Dress—What Other Women Are Accomplishing in Their World—The Newest Business Gowns.

Once upon a time women wore gloves outlined by a narrow edging of leather of a contrasting color round the wrist. Do you remember them? Well, they are coming back.

SUMMER BEDROOMS.

They Should be Light, Airy, Clean, Cool and Comfortable.

Here are a few suggestions for the adornment of summer bedrooms:

White or cream linens, stamped with a good pattern, and worked in outline stitch, makes a pretty bedspread.

A clean, turcan cover and pincushion add very much to the beauty and freshness of a bedroom. They are pretty, made of dotted muslin that can be easily laundered. Make the pincushion of simple size and adapt with two ruffles, a small one at the seam, and a wider one at the bottom.

Matting, too, for a number of years, has superseded by the stained and varnished floors, but there is a decided, reaction lately in its favor, especially as there has been a great improvement in its manufacture, the Japanese and India matting being particularly well woven. It certainly gives a sweet, clean look to the bedroom and makes a good foundation for harmoniously tinted rugs.

Where there are no blinds to the windows, buy dark green shades rather than white, as a glare is very unpleasant in hot weather, and muslin half curtains form a sufficient screen.

Dotted muslin, made the size of the window frame, are the best curtains for summer bedrooms, as they are so easily kept clean and are very dainty as well when tied back with ribbons.

Slop-jars made of white stone china are far preferable to the tin ones, being much cleaner and neater-looking; and, although somewhat more sensitive in the beginning, are far more economical in the end, as they last forever.

Enameled iron bedsteads, with brass tips may now be bought in all colors for $7—a great reduction on the old pieces of a few years back. These make the prettiest beds possible for a young girl's bedroom.

FADS OF THE FASHIONABLE.

The red shoe, with hose of the same color, will be the rage at watering places.

Waists made of a distinct color from the skirt and of an entirely different material are considered good taste even for rich costumes, a hint which will be welcome to the dressmaker.

Pearl-gray gloves, white glace kid, and cream-colored suede are the popular summer promenade gloves. With traveling dresses an ugly blood-red glove is worn; with carriage or visiting gowns of rich materials pale yellow suede are the favorite choice.

The sleeveless jacket is a feature of the new Eton jacket which has replaced the wellworn blazer in summer outing dresses.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1872. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $36,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 901, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Lodge rooms, Masonic Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $10.00, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——, Reporter.
Watchung Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable † Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS

First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Walton V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the traveling public.

City Hotel,

Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

Bright bodies, either of the Russian variety, in three colors, with embroideries of black cross stitch or of the bright tablet silks, are usually worn beneath them.

The latest thing in sleeves is the revived fashions of the full sleeve finishing with two ruffles just below the elbow. This was probably never a season in which there was so great variety with so little originality as this of the renaissance. Nothing is new save that only which is so old that we have forgotten it.

This promises to be a white summer with all kinds of white materials in vogue for all sorts and conditions of gowns and wearers. Silks, fine woolen, silk and crepe, embroidered muslins and dimities in plain white and trimmed with colored ribbons. And after these pure white fabrics the next in favor have narrow colored stripes on a white ground, with ribbons the color of the stripe for decoration.—N. Y. Sun.

HOW A MAN PROPOSES.

He Has no Set Rule—Impossible to Prevent Him if He is in Earnest.

Do not be so sure when you say a woman can prevent a man from proposing to her. She might if man proposed according to a set rule; if there were any sepsrate symptoms by which she might know it; if she know what subjects would bring it to the point.

If a man begins viciously to chew a newspaper, how is a women to know he is on the verge of proposing?

Then it is not only the romantic situations that cause a man to ask a woman to be his wife. Very ordinary conversations often lead up to it. For instance, when she was speaking of how a certain man treated his wife, he answered, "I would not treat my wife so." Laughingly she asked, "How would you treat yours?" never dreaming the man would reply, "If you will be my wife I will show you."

How was she to know that as he played with her hand and commented on the lack of rings that he should suddenly ask if he might put a gold band on the third finger some day, and would she wear this little one of his until that time.

They may prevent a man for a time, but not for long; he may try again, and the man who perseveres with a woman is generally successful.

No, men do not propose by rule and regulation. You may be the most lustful of women, but you cannot always foresee when a man is going to ask you to be his wife.—Maxie in Philadelphia Music and Drama.

The Young Idea.

"Papa," said Maudie, "why does oo put a muzzle on Fido's mouf?"

"Because he bites."

"Den oo ought to put muzzles on pussy's foots. She stretches me wiv 'em."—Judge.

A Way Out.

"What can I do for my little boy," asked mamma, "so that he won't want to eat between meals?"

"Have the meals flicker together," replied the young gourmand.

To Avert Suspicion.

Brown—Where did Johnnie hide the pumpkin pie he stole?

Mrs. Brown—In the box where he keeps the postl cards he gets at Sunday school.—N. Y. Evening Sun.

THE KNIGHTY-KNOP

Dicon' little Paul wonders "what it is the sea keeps saying, for the waves are always saying something," and the same imaginative fancy in others has clothed the sea with all kinds of strange beliefs, many of which are told and retold with every semblance of truth. Thus, watching the waves wash the beach on a squally day, one may often hear it said that the ninth or tenth wave is more powerful than the others which precede it—a piece of folklore which is as old as the time of Ovid—and one to which, it may be remembered, Lord Tennyson alludes in his "Holy Grail," where he says:

And watched the great sea fall
Wave after wave, each mightier than the last,
Till last, a ninth one, gathering half the deep,
And full of voices, slowly rose, and plunged
Roaring, and all the waves was in a flame.

Welsh fishermen, when speaking of the ninth wave, call it the "ran of Gwenhidwy," and many English sailors know it by the name of the "dead man's wave," telling how, when a ship is wrecked at sea, none but the ninth wave can sink it.

Similarly the noise of the waves has given rise to a host of romantic stories. Scotch fishermen nicknaming it "the song of the sea." But in many parts the roar of the waves is designated the "moan" or "sigh" of the sea, and, as some fishing folk assert, is produced by the cries and sobs of the drowned—a well known ballad describing "the moan of a drowning man in each" of the waves. This belief under various forms is found in different countries, the death wave in an old Icelandic legend being said to resemble the death struggles of a drowning man. Fishermen, says Hunt, in his "Popular Romances of the West of England," dread to walk at night near those parts of the shore where there have been wrecks. The souls of the drowned sailors appear to haunt those spots, and the "calling of the dead" has frequently been heard. Many a fisherman has declared that he has heard the voice of dead sailors "hailing their own names."

But, apart from the noise of the waves, all kinds of strange sounds are said to be heard at sea, a popular superstition telling us that when ships go down during a heavy gale the death bell is heard amid the storm wind, a fancy to which Sir Walter Scott probably refers in the well known lines:

And the kelpie rang,
And the sea maid sang,
The dirge of lovely Rosabelle.

Dasent, in his "Popular Tales from the Norse," quotes a tradition to the effect that the noise of the waves is the whisper of an old king and his queen, and in many of the folk tales current in England and other countries curious explanations are given to account for the ceaseless murmur of the ocean.

Billyemerson Epoch of Song.

The war songs were succeeded by what might be termed the Billyemerson epoch. These were the days when the "Big Sunflower" and "Love Among the Roses" were epidemic. The agile Billy was the pioneer of the spurred song dance business, and others be sung—I feel just as happy as a big sunflower
That nods its head beside the brook,
And my heart it is as light as the wink that I blow

The tunes from off the trees.

he was pronounced unapproachable. Of the same date is that ridiculous composition, "Captain Jinks of the Horse Marines," H. Lingard bodgitt it from London and first sang it in his lighting changes. Lingard has never been surpassed in his acts of lightning changes, while he maintained intimate relations with "Captain Jinks" he prospered. When he attempted something higher he got into trouble. "Pat Molloy," "The Charming Young Man on the Flying Trapeze," "The Dark Girl Dressed in Blue," "The Widow Machree," "Sit Down, Sir," "In the Evening" and "The Yellow Girl That Winked at Me" were widely sung at that time.

"On Hospitable Thoughts Intend."

The following selections from various authors were compiled for Good Housekeeping:

Large was his bounty, and his soul sincere.—Gray.

Welcome ever smiles.
And farewell goes out sighing.—Shakespeare.
Welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.—Pope.

So sweetly she bade me adieu.
I thought that she bade me return.—Sheridan.
Small cheer and great welcome makes a merry feast.—Shakespeare.
They eat, they drink, and in communion sweet
Quaff immortality and joy.—Milton.
Better is a dinner of herbs where love is than a stalled ox and hatred therewith.—King Solomon.

Bear welcome in your eye,
Thy heart in thy hand.—Shakespeare.

Be not forgetful to entertain strangers, for thereby some have entertained angels unawares.—St. Paul.

At night we'll feast together.
Most welcome home.—Shakespeare.

Certainly, let the board be spread, and let the bed be dressed for the traveler; but still let the hearth and 'hospitality lie in these things.—Emerson.

If he does really think that there is no distinction between virtue and vice, why, sir, when I am robbed, does let us come our spoons.—Samuel Johnson.

The Lucky Horseshoe.

Most of the houses in the west end of London were protected against witches and evil spirits in the Seventeenth century, says John Aubrey, the English antiquary, by having horseshoes fastened to them in various ways. It was the belief that then no witch or evil genius could cross the threshold which was protected by the shoe. The custom in nailing horseshoes, for luck, to all kinds of sailing craft is still, to a certain extent, in vogue, and we all know how fortunate it is considered for any one to find a horseshoe; the good luck being increased if the horseshoe is of such that are attached to the shoe when it is picked up. This superstition can be traced back to about the middle of the Seventeenth century, and then we find it lost in the obscurity of the ages.

"Any Color, So It's Red."

"Any color, so it's red," originated among the clan of the Highlanders called Takeys in the local drama. One of them, being on a committee appointed to procure a new fire engine, and the question arose the company desired the apparatus painted. He replied, "Why, any color so it's red."

WORTH KNOWING.

It is said that if the horse's oats is not kept tightly corked, both as soon and appear, especially if in a warm place, the oil will burn dull and sake on the wick.

A piece of chamois skin bound on the edges, shaped to fit the heel and kept in place by a piece of elastic rubber, worn over the stockings, will save much mending.

Meat can be kept very nicely for a week or two by covering it with sour milk or buttermilk and placing it in a cool cellar. The bone or fat need not be removed. Meats well before using.

Knives should never be put into hot water, which injures them, first by loosening the handles, and next by spoiling the temper of the steel. Wipe them first with a damp cloth and then rub on a smooth board which has been previously rubbed with a scouring brick or knife powder.

If the eyes are tired and inflamed from loss of sleep, by sitting up late or by long travel, apply in the morning soft white linen, dripping with hot water—as hot as you can bear it—laying the cloth upon the lids. You will feel the eyes strong and free from pain and distress in half an hour.

A Curious Desk.

LIKE AN IMMENSE NUT.

We reproduce here from the Decorator and Furnisher an oddity in the way of a desk. As our illustration shows, it has all the appearance of an immense nut, when closed, but becomes a very convenient secretary when opened. In illustrates the

LIKE AN OPEN DESK.

extreme to which designers are driven to obtain something novel.

Ways of Cooking the Banana.

The people of this country do not yet know how to use the banana. In the tropical climates, where the banana furnishes the principal article of diet, the inhabitants have found numerous methods of utilizing this delicious fruit, which render it at once nutritious and palatable. They boil it, they bake it, as we do sweet potatoes, they peel it, cut it in slices and fry it in a batter, they mash it into a paste and fry it in the same, as we do apples and peaches. They make it into puddings, pies, omelets and preserves, and even smother it in sugar until it is a candied fruit. In every one of these ways it is both pleasant to the taste and wholesome as an article of food.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Value of Pastry.

When furniture is slightly cracked the aperture can be filled with paint mixed as nearly as possible to match the tint of the wood. When the crack is a large one, however, paint is not sufficient, but putty answers equally well; this, too, should be tinted, and as it is mixed with oil, any color will amalgamate with it easily. A new bedroom floor is apt to separate at the seams in a very unsightly fashion after the first year. Putty here comes into play very well. The best way of puttying it is to take a long strip of putty, lay it over the crack, and rub it backward and forward. This fills it quicker than to use a knife. If the putty is 25c colored it has a very ugly effect.

To Preserve Strawberries Whole.

Take equal weights of the largest and best strawberries and best granulated sugar; lay the fruit in deep dishes, and sprinkle half the sugar over it; give the dishes a gentle shake, that the sugar may touch the under part of the fruit. The next day make a syrup with the remainder of the sugar and the juice that has been drawn from the strawberries, and boil it until it jellies; then put the strawberries carefully in it, and let them simmer for nearly an hour; then put them gently in your jars and pour the syrup over them; it will not all go in, but the following day the jars will hold it all. Seal carefully.—Good Housekeeping.

Fancy Veil Cases.

Veil cases are the latest things in fancy work. They are made of silk or linen, with a pocket arranged, sought more or less ornately as the fancy pleases, and arranged on the outlines of the old handkerchief case. As each bonnet and hat must have its veil or each of veils, and as the life of the flimsy trifles which add so much to woman's toilet at best is transitory, you may be sure that the veil case which you pick up in the lassoe of summer days, will be very welcome to the recipient of your choice when it is finished.

Potato Soup.

Boil four large or six small potatoes, mash them while hot, adding salt and pepper. Boil one quart of milk with an onion and a piece of celery, and pour through a strainer over the mashed potatoes. Add a spoonful of butter and stir till dissolved. If it seems to have a little potato not dissolved, it can be poured through a gravy strainer.

Hair Decoration.

The old-fashioned combs of our grandmothers are again in vogue. They are high in appearance and price, being made of gold and tortoise shell. Daggers are also worn, and fine gold hairpins are used in five. Ribbon is used extensively as a decoration for the hair, coming in tiaras, bows, etc.

SUN RISE, 4.32; SUN SET, 7.35.

VanEmburgh & White
INDUCEMENTS.

For 30c.

Embroidered Flouncings to-morrow 45in. wide. We have bought all there was of them, about 2,000 yards. The proper value is from 60c. to $1 per yard.

Storm Serges.

There is no more popular goods on sale to-day than Navy Blue Storm Serges. We have them in all qualities and prices.

The price but 35c.

Gentlemen, you need them these warm days, a French Balbriggan Shirt that is worth 50 cents of any one's money.

As complete an assortment of wash fabrics, such as Gingham, Challies, Cambric, Crepe Cloth, Satteen and Bedford Cord as you find in most New York houses, and the prices and styles you will not find fault with.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

BUTTER STILL LOWER!

Fine Table Butter 18c lb; Best Kerosene Oil, 150 test, 8c. gallon, 5 gallons 35c.; Headquarters for Root Beer—Hires' Root Beer extract, 25c. size, 13c. Bottle. Hires Root Beer, prepared, 25c. size, quart bottle 15c. Knapp's Root Beer, extract, 25c. size, 15c. bottle. Good Root Beer, extract, 25c. size, 2 bottles 25c.

Fly Paper—Tanglefoot Fly Paper, 5c. sheets, 3 for 10c.

Flour—Pillsbury's Best Flour, XXXX, 75c. bag, $2.75 bbl. Our Extra Special Inducements with Tea, Coffee and Baking Powder, cannot be equalled in the country.

For the Fourth of July—We have received an extra supply of strictly Planting Sugar Cured and Armour's Celebrated Boneless Hams and Corned Beef. Also potted meats of all descriptions, at prices to suit everybody.

Vegetables at New York Prices.

If you fail to get a card, which entitles you to a $5 book and $4 picture free, you are not in it with the

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

We are getting away with lots of Russet Shoes this month—now is the time to buy them.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S,
22 West Front street.

P. S.—Our $3 shoe never takes a back seat.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.

Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. H. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

OWING
to
Large stock
and
Lateness in the Season,
we will sell for next
30 Days
at
A Sacrifice.

Fine all-wool pants to order $4; worth $6.

Fine all wool Suits to order $16; worth $22.

Call, examine and satisfy yourselves

Acme Tailoring Co.,
No 12 West Front Street.
John H. Fisch, Pres. and Treas.
Walter C. Ladbrgter, Sec. 5 31 3m

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows
30 WEST FRONT STREET,
and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**
Cut in Latest Styles.
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Big Bargains

Extra fine 25c. Dress Ginghams at 18c.
Plaid Dress Ginghams, 7c.
Outing Flannels, 9c.
New style in Irish Lawns, 12c.
New figured Organdie at 9c., very stylish and pretty.
Plaid Nainsooks, 8c.
Fine Silk Ribbon, 9c.
Black Silk Mitts, 25c.

Excellent quality Cotton Flounce at 15c.
Fine Ladies' Shirt Waists at 47c.
Men's Night Shirts 49c.
Boys' Outing Shirts 25c.
Men's Outing Shirts, 50c.
The best 50c. ventilated Corsets ever offered this city.
Superior Silk Gloria Umbrellas, $1.39.

Our assortment of new styles Mattings and Low Prices surpasses anything ever before offered in this city. Our assortment of Elegant Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs, etc., is complete and prices guaranteed the Lowest.

EDSALL'S!

This space is reserved for
ZIMMERMANN & RUMPF,
the West Front street Hardware Dealers.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

This Date in History—July 1

1766—The learned, polite soldier, Admirable Crichton, killed at Mantua, Italy, by one of his pupils, aged 24.
1820—Nominal original date of the Battle of the Boyne, the climate from old style to new style makes the day now July 12.
1776—Jean Daubton, comte de Rochambeau, born in Vendome, France; died 1807.
1809—Governor Thomas Francis Meagher fell from steamer in the Missouri, near Fort Benton, Mon., and was drowned; born 1823.
1820—Famous regiment of veterans at Gettysburg.
1820—The Hendricks monument unveiled at Indianapolis with imposing ceremonies.
1821—President Harrison issued a proclamation that other nations had filled the conditions of the international copyright act.

Epitaph.

An incorrigible officeseeker died a few years ago and his friends asked a well known journalist for an epitaph for his tombstone.

The journalist suggested the following, which was not, however, adopted:

HERE LIES JOHN JONES
IN THE ONLY PLACE FOR WHICH HE NEVER APPLIED.
—Youth's Companion.

The Honest Dealer.

Dealer—If you want to shine in society, you buy dis salt. I sell him for ten tollie.
Customer—All right, I'll take 'em.
Dealer's Little Boy (some moments after)—Yy you tell dot salt so cheap?
Dealer—In von week dot salt vill be all shiny.—Good News.

The Bicycle Rider.

He looked exceedingly stout in the clothes he stood up in,
But struggling o'er the highway
He lost rags at each byway.

Thus he looked very thin in
The clothes he finished in.
—Chicago News-Record.

1892 JULY. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:13 p. m.	Third Quarter	16	8:49 p. m.
Full Moon	9	8:44 p. m.	New Moon	23	6:31 p. m.
			First Quarter	31	2:46 p. m.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I.
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
W. M. HENKINS, Prop.
Now opened for guests. Grand opening Hop July 2d. 6 18 2m

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
19 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEE TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residence and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine cut repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 48. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

FOURTH OF JULY

EXCURSION TO

Mauch Chunk, Glen Onoko,

and the famed Switchback, via Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Port R. R. Co., leaves

Monday, July 4th.

Train will Plainfield for Mauch Chunk, Glen Onoko and the Switchback, at 6.37 a. m.

Fare for round trip $1.75. Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on excursion train. 27 6*

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Port Reading R. R. Co., leases

Grand Opportunity to Visit

Lake Hopatcong,

ON INDEPENDENCE DAY.

Monday, July 4th.

On the above date Special Excursion Tickets will be sold from Plainfield for

Adults, $1.35; Children, 90c.

Tickets good to go on all trains July 3d, 4th and 5th, and to return on July 4th or 5th.

Trains leave Plainfield for Lake Hopatcong at 7.10, 9.43 a. m., and 1.50, 5.20 p. m. 29 4*

BREVITIES

—Even the dogs luxuriate in Summer pants.

—Monday, being a legal holiday, no paper will be issued from this office.

—The reading room and art gallery of the new public library will be open as the usual hours on the Fourth, the delivery department only being closed.

—The St. George Athletic Club of N. Y., and the St. George Cricket Club of this city are playing a cricket match on the grounds of the latter, in this city, this afternoon.

—A conference of the Plymouth Brethren will be held at the residence of Mr. Loizeaux on Chatham street next week. A large representation from all parts of the country is expected.

—The Sunday-school of the First Baptist church will meet to-morrow at 9.30 a. m., instead of in the afternoon as at present, and the morning prayer meetings will therefore be discontinued for the present.

—Van Emburgh & White have some thing to say about clothing that will interest you. They also call special attention to their assortment of wash dress fabrics of which they claim to have one the a lot as early in the season.

—Tickets will be on sale at the Crescent league grounds on all day on Fourth of July fireworks in the evening. In the evening men will be stationed at long intervals to street selling tickets. This will be done to avoid the rush of a year ago.

NORTH PLAINFIELD'S RAILROAD.

The Compressed Air System Likely to be Adopted.

The question of rapid transit is being discussed in North Plainfield and it is probable, in view of the success attending the use of the trolley in other localities, that the compressed air system will be tried. The Street Committee of the borough have been waited upon by the Plainfield Electric Railroad Company and have had a long conference with a view of persuading North Plainfield to favor the trolley, but without success, as the Committee have made investigations which have led them to conclude to wait awhile before granting any franchise. The means that they are in favor of the compressed air system which is so successfully used in this and other countries, and is free from danger.

WHAT IS GOING ON, MONDAY.

Places to Go and What to Do.

The "Central's" excursion to Lake Hopatcong, Mauch Chunk, Glen Onoko, Switchback, Trenton, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. For particulars see advertisement.

Ball game: Crescents vs. the Gorhams, champion colored team of the United States, at Somerville grounds, at 10 a. m.

Base ball: Crescents vs. Allertons, four p. m., at same grounds.

Cricket: St. George's Cricket Club vs. Brooklyn Cricket Club at 11 a. m.

PERSONAL.

Mr. C. D. Wadsworth and family have gone to Washington, Conn.

Mr. J. W. Ladd, of Willow avenue, will speak at Memorial chapel, Washingtonville, at 7.45 Sunday evening.

The Hillside Tennis Club will again entertain the friends of the club this afternoon. Mrs. John Brayman will receive, assisted by Miss Grace Howard, Miss Margaret Yates and Mrs. R. H. Depew.

The grand march, "Sousnatine," composed by Mr. Charles P. Leggett of Central avenue, will be played by the Forty-third Regiment band at the fireworks exhibition, Crescent athletic grounds, Monday night, and will follow the piece entitled "American National Airs." This is only one of the many pieces Mr. Leggett has composed.

Found on the Track.

A man giving his name as Michael Walsh, was found on the Central Railroad track near Bound Brook last night and brought to this city on the 8.35 train.

On his arrival at the depot he was met with a 86 and Dr. Pritts was summoned.

The man was raving and it took the combined efforts of Dr. Pritts and a physician from Philadelphia to make him take a quieting tonic.

Walsh was removed to the Muhlenberg Hospital for treatment.

Homing Pigeon Race.

The regular fly of the American Federation of Homing Pigeon Fanciers is taking place from Cleveland, Ohio, to this city and Newark.

Mr. Harvey Doane of this city has birds entered and Mr. Marston of Bound Brook and Newark also have representatives in the race.

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING FOR MAY.

Money Appropriated—New Marshals Appointed—Report of Street Committee Received and Filed—Other Business.

The Borough Council met in regular session last evening at 8.15 o'clock, Mayor Saunders in the chair. Councilmen Connolly, Neal, Needham, Hummer, Reading, and Hegeman were also present.

The minutes of the two previous meetings were read and approved.

Mr. Neal from the Street Committee reported that the sum of $470, and $235.25 were now available for macadamizing Willow and Manning avenues, respectively, they being the sums appropriated by the residents of those streets. Upon motion the report was received and filed.

Mr. Hummer reported that the dog catcher had captured 24 dogs, of which 15 had been redeemed. The report was filed.

Under new business it was moved and seconded that the stable and out-houses in the rear of the engine house be painted. Carried.

Mr. Hegeman moved that the Borough Clerk be authorized to negotiate a loan of $600, to be used for borough purposes only. Carried.

By Mr. Hegeman: That the Street Committee be authorized to construct a sidewalk at Mrs. Stites', on East Chatham street. Carried.

Mr. Hummer moved that three new marshals be appointed.

The Council went into joint session to receive reports of Standing Committees, to allow Mr. Neal from Street Committee to report.

The following is Mr. Neal's report:

To the Mayor and Council:

GENTLEMEN—Your committee on Streets and Public Health beg leave to submit the following report upon the work of the past month, viz.: Opening Grove from Somerset street to Franklin avenue.

The said avenue, from Somerset street to Westervelt avenue, a total distance of seventeen hundred feet, was excavated to the depth of eight inches each side of the center line thereof. The road bed thus formed was thoroughly rolled, all soft spots being well dressed up with gravel of a good quality. The center of the roadway, five feet each side of the center line, was laid with cobble stones, known as "cobble," from six to a dozen or two inches, these forming a sound foundation, and the macadam was then rolled. The middle course of crushed stone of the size known as "screenings" was laid to the depth of four inches, eight feet each side of the center line, and was then well rolled and thoroughly rolled. The top dressing of so-called "stone" was laid to the depth of two inches, eight feet each side of the center line, and was then rolled.

The said avenue, from Westervelt avenue to Franklin avenue, a total distance of seven hundred feet, was macadamized in the same manner that that from Somerset street to Westervelt avenue, except that only eight feet in width was laid with the depth of crushed second size and two inches deep.

Your committee would call the attention of the Council to the fact that not an inches of crushed stone have heretofore been used on Grove avenue, and that in the opinion of your committee, it was nevertheless considered essential, in view of the very unstable character of the soil, to macadamize the same from Somerset street to Westervelt avenue, to use the two inches of stone as aforesaid. The said avenue, from Somerset street to Westervelt avenue to Franklin avenue did not, however, require the use of more than six inches of stone.

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EDITORIAL NOTES

Electricity at the World's Fair.

Along at least one line of industrial progress, that of electrical appliances, our World's fair will show greater achievement than any other one has done. All the vast machinery of the exposition will be moved by electricity. Everywhere mechanics are learning that a modicum of mechanical power can generate electricity which can be conveyed to any assignable distance over a wire, turned again into power by means of a motor on the spot and made to work huge engines that local steam engines have always been used to move heretofore. Long, dangerous and expensive leather belting is being rapidly done away with and a small wire takes its place without noise or weight to it.

A Ticket of Their Own.

The members of the People's party detest the two old political organizations—the Republican and Democratic parties—and they have no use for Cleveland or Harrison. They propose to nominate national candidates themselves, and they promise that if they do not elect their own People's party ticket in November they will throw the election into the house of representatives.

They claim that by the night of the first Tuesday in November they will have demonstrated their right to recognition as a party of national power. Some of the enthusiasts here predict that they will sweep the country; that there will be a landslide in their favor.

Personnel of the Party.

The People's party is composed of several agricultural organizations, trades unions and other bodies. Exclusive of the Prohibitionists, it counts within its ranks the men of all political faiths who declare that they have become tired of the Republican and the Democratic platforms, their promises, their practices and their candidates. The backbone of the organization is the Farmers' Alliance.

So, too, may it be said that all those who believe in socialism are ardent People's party men. To a large extent the labor unions led by Terence V. Powderly are People's party men.

Will Gresham Accept?

The topic of absorbing interest is will Judge Walter Q. Gresham lend his name to the third party movement? It is understood that Gresham will issue a letter on the subject of his candidacy. Members of the executive committee now here believe that he will agree to the use of his name to head the ticket. Judged from the sentiments expressed by the majority of the delegates Judge Gresham needs only to say the word to have the nomination by acclamation.

Chairman Taubeneck, of the People's party national committee, was asked who were likely to be the candidates of his party, and said:

"That I cannot state positively. The ticket has been toward Gresham, and in my opinion he will be our nominee, provided he can be induced to accept, with a strong man from the south for vice president.

"Judge Gresham has only one objection to accepting the nomination, and that is the subtreasury plank he expects will be put in its platform."

Mr. Taubeneck intimated that this plank would be left out if Gresham suggested it.

Clarkson Will Work for Harrison.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—General Clarkson says: "I never wanted, and never intended to accept, if tendered, the chairmanship of the national campaign committee.

"Chairman Campbell has asked me to take a place upon the executive committee. Personal inclination would lead me to decline. Party duty requires I should accept. Loyalty is due to party and not to men. I have no apologies to make for my course at Minneapolis. I am proud of the four defeats and one victory I had with Mr. Blaine since 1876, and I would rather have the record of having supported him in five contests than to have been in the cabinet of the five presidents succeeding him.

"It is Blaine men who know how to take defeat and show it to be loyal. The ticket this year is worthy the support of every Republican. Blaine was the first man after the ticket was nominated to urge all Republicans to join in its support, and I shall cheerfully do my part in whatever way I can bear a hand."

Harrity Does Not Want It.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—When asked regarding the report that he was likely to be elected chairman of the Democratic national committee, William F. Harrity, secretary of state, said: "I am not a candidate for the chairmanship of the Democratic national committee. I should feel encouraged to undertake the position if it were tendered to me. There are men without number much better fitted for both of the positions referred to, and I hope and confidently believe, that some of them will be chosen."

Cranfill or Vice President.

CLEBURNE, July 2.—Dr. J. B. Cranfill, of Texas, was nominated for vice president on the second ballot by the Prohibition national convention. He is editor of The Advocate, Prohibition and reform paper, also of the Texas Baptist Standard. The convention adjourned sine die.

Stewart Not a Candidate.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Senator Stewart denies that he has sent a special messenger to Omaha with a platform and the information for the third party convention that he would accept the nomination for president on that platform.

GRESHAM MAY TAKE IT.

The Presidential Nomination Awaits His Acceptance.

THE PEOPLE'S PARTY CONVENTION.

Delegates Meet to Name a National Ticket — Chairman Taubeneck Says There Is No Reason Why Gresham Should Not Be the Standard Bearer.

OMAHA, July 2.—The delegates of the People's party met here in the Coliseum at 10 a. m. in national convention. They plan to transact the ordinary business incidental to a first session of a national convention, listen to some speeches and adjourn to July 4. While the small boy is shooting off firecrackers and his big brother is fooling with guns and cannon the delegates will gather in the convention hall and nominate their candidates for the presidency and vice presidency of the United States.

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SCANDAL'S UNFRIENDLY POSITION.

The President Says Her Cohort Would Violate Treaty Rights.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—President Harrison sent the following message to the senate:

For the information of the senate and in further response to the senate resolution of Feb. 26 last, I transmit herewith a communication of the 26th inst. from Mr. Herbert, the acting secretary of the Bering sea commission at this Capitol, addressed to Mr. Wharton, acting secretary of state, upon the subject of the Canadian canal tolls and a memoranda prepared and submitted to me by Mr. Adee, second assistant secretary of state, covering the communication of Mr. Herbert, and a letter of the 29th inst. from Mr. John W. Foster. So, as I have previously stated, with Mr. Blaine, I represented this government in the conferences with the Canadian commissioners. The position taken by this government, as expressed in my previous communication to the senate, that the canal tolls and regulations of which complaint has been made are in violation of our treaty with Great Britain, is not shaken but rather confirmed. There can be no doubt that a serious discrimination against our citizens and our commerce exist, and quite as little doubt that this discrimination is one in violation of the rights of the Canadian regulations. It has not seemed to me that this was a case in which we could yield to the suggestion of further concessions on the part of the United States with a view of securing treaty rights for which a consideration has already been given.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Executive Mansion, July 1, 1892.

Actor Mantell May Be Jailed.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Robert B. Mantell, the handsome romantic actor, is threatened with imprisonment in Ludlow Street jail. Mr. Mantell is in arrears to his wife, well known on the stage as Marie Sheldon, for alimony, and Mrs. Mantell threatens to make it a bill against her recreant husband. When Mantell was sued for divorce he agreed to pay his wife weekly seventy-five dollars for her support. He kept his contract until about three weeks ago, when the first delinquency occurred. Mantell's friends say that his failure to keep his contract to pay alimony was probably due more to his inability to pay than his lack of intention to keep his contract.

Newest French Millinery.

THREE CHARMING HATS.

The upper one is a picturesque hat made with a very wide brim of black silk guipure, stiffened with wire, and a soft crown of fancy Tuscan straw. This crown is half hidden under a clustering group of wild flowers; poppies, corn-flowers, daisies, buttercups, and white hawthorn sprays, being mingled together with excellent effect.

Then there is a charming little bonnet, made in an novel design. It can be obtained in various combinations of color. The example chosen for our sketch was exceptionally pretty, the material employed being turquoise blue pleated chiffon, edged with curly black ostrich feather, and drawn up into a Mozart shape at the back, the folds being kept in place by three paste buckles, set upright. Under the pleated chiffon there is a narrow ruche of beaded net, while the brim and crown are of black velvet.

The last is a very successful and yet smart-looking hat, wonderfully becoming in shape. It is of fine brown straw, with a twist of gray plaid chiffon, passed twice round the crown, and fastened on one side with two black quills, set erect in a very jaunty fashion. This hat can be copied in all colors, and trimmed with ribbon, instead of chiffon, if preferred.

Amid the flood of reports of domestic infelicity it is refreshing to learn that an American astronomer has a wife who looks his comings and goings after, finds his slippers and calculates outgoes for him when he is tired.

Another Advance in Coal.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—The Pennsylvania and Reading coal sale agents decided to demand the same price for July as received last fall, with the exception of chestnut coal, which will be advanced ten cents over last fall's price.

Five Hundred Men Idle.

LANCASTER, Pa., July 2.—The Susquehanna and Columbus iron companies, of Columbia, have shut down. Fully 500 men are thrown out of work. It is stated that the shut down is for the purpose of making repairs.

Babaghy's Fatal Misstep.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—By a fatal misstep August Babaghy, twenty-nine years old, fell into a large vessel containing beer porter, at Lynch's brewery, and was so severely scalded that he died soon after.

A Janitor Left $2,000,000.

DUBUQUE, Ia., July 2.—Joseph Brandon, janitor of the Second Presbyterian church, has been notified of the death in England of a relative, who left him $2,000,000 to be distributed among his heirs.

The Richmond Terminal Row.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Holders of the various Richmond Terminal will endeavor to induce Drexel, Morgan & Co. to reconsider their refusal to undertake the reorganization of the property.

Murray's Successor Named.

NEWBURG, July 2.—The Orange county board of supervisors appointed Joseph Merritt, of Goshen, treasurer of the county, to take the place of missing treasurer William Murray.

City of Chicago Wrecked.

LONDON, July 2.—The Inman line steamer City of Chicago ran into a cliff on the southwest coast of Ireland. The passengers and mails were saved.

YALE DEFEATS HARVARD

The Crimson Oarsmen Outrowed by Fifteen Lengths.

THEY SECURE THE LEAD AT FIRST,

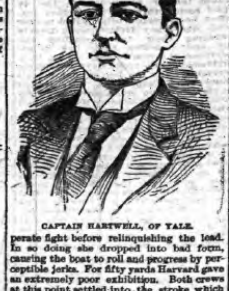
But the Wearers of the Blue Soon Pass Them and Are Never Headed—Kennedy Stockinson of the New Haven Men Overcome—Harvard in Bad Form.

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 2.—The Yale 'Varsity crew defeated Harvard in the great boat race by about fifteen lengths. The official time for the four miles is 20m. 42s. for Yale; 21m. 42s. for Harvard.

The water was perfectly smooth, the air clear and the tide at full ebb. A strong breeze was blowing from the north at the backs of the crews as they rowed down stream with the tide. Harvard was in position first, pulling lazily across the river to her place. Yale had to row down half a mile, and came to her place with that regular, easy stroke which has disarmed criticism for the past month.

The observation train made its appearance as the referee's word was given, and sixteen cars dug into the water at 5:47 o'clock. Harvard's spry stroke secured a hold first and the crimson took the lead.

At a hundred and fifty yards from the start the Yale crew had shot past Harvard's. Yale had found its form. Harvard quickened its stroke a little, making a des-



CAPTAIN HARTWELL, OF YALE.

perate fight before relinquishing the lead. In so doing she dropped into bad form, causing the boat to roll and progress by perceptible jerks. For fifty yards Harvard gave an extreme exhibition of exhibition. Both crews at this point settled into the stroke which has characterized their rowing in practice.

Cheered by Thousands.

At the first half mile Yale was rowing half a length in the lead, with both crews exhibiting the finest burst of speed witnessed during the entire race, except possibly at the finish. Both crews were under the shadow of the west shore, with 5,000 persons in the observation train sending up volley upon volley of cheers for the respective crews. Yale sustained its effective spurt during the second half mile, while Harvard fell back little by little. When the Yale shell passed the first mile post it was three lengths ahead. Yale took matters a trifle more easy from the mile to the mile and a half post, and the gap between the shells remained little changed. Yale was four lengths ahead at the two mile post, which marked the conclusion of half the race. Yale was pulling a trifle more vigorously.

At this point the Harvard body work commenced to be uncertain. The eight backs no longer rose with automatum precision, and there came in a promiscuous movement suggestive of bobbing. Yale pulled like one man. At the two and a half mile post Yale had placed fully eight lengths of clear water between her stern and the Harvard bow.

Pulled Like Freshmen.

The affliction which overtook the Harvard oarsmen at this particular point of the race was splashing. For a hundred yards they pulled like freshmen in this respect. Along by the three mile flag Lynam and Captain Kelton, Harvard's Nos. 6 and 7, swung badly out of shape. In their desperation to urge the boat along at a winning pace, each set a different stroke for the gasp behind. The shell quivered under the opposing forces, but a high rate of speed was out of the question. It was a procession after the third mile post was passed. The Yale oars dropped exact and true, while Harvard lagged. The Yale crew never for an instant lost their unanimity of movement.

Yale Finishes First.

At 5:37 p. m. the Yale boat shot by the finish line with Harvard fifteen or sixteen lengths in the rear. The Harvard shell crossed the line fifty-five and a half seconds later. Every member of Yale's crew finished in fine form, but every one of Harvard's crew were really exhausted. Every wheeze in New London was subjected to a full load of steam and the din was distracting. Thousands of flags floated aloft, while the losers' crimson drooped or was kept modestly out of sight. The crews were composed of the following named men:

YALE CREW.

Position.	Name.	Class and Home.	Age.	Ht.	Wt.
Bow.....	F. A. Jonston,	'94, South Boston, Mass.....	21	5.10½	140
2.....	A. J. Ballet,	'92, Lexington, Conn.....	23	5.07	155
3.....	L. L. Tan Hook,	'93, South Lee, Mass.....	22	5.09½	165
4.....	R. D. Paine,	'94, St. Augustine, Fla.....	21	5.09½	161
5.....	A. B. Graves,	'93, Brooklyn, N. Y.....	22	6.00	172
6.....	J. A. Hartwell,	'93, Hartford, Conn.....	22	6.01	169
7.....	M. S. Jersey,	'93, City of New York.....	22	6.01	169
Stroke..	E. F. Gallandet,	'93, Washington, D. C.....	21	6.00	165
Coxwain.	F. E. Cleaveland,	'92, Stamford, Conn.....	...	...	105

Average weight, 157½.

HARVARD CREW.

Position.	Name.	Class and Home.	Age.	Ht.	Wt.
Bow.....	R. Howell,	'93, Great Barrington, Mass.....	21	5.07	172
2.....	K. Rantoul,	'93, Salem, Mass.....	22	5.11½	168
3.....	B. S. Waters,	'93, Brookline, Mass.....	21	6.01	169
4.....	R. Ashton,	'93, Harlem, N. Y.....	22	6.02½	168
5.....	C. K. Cummings,	'93, Boston, Mass.....	22	6.01	169
6.....	F. S. Whitlock,	'93, New York.....	22	5.11½	168
7.....	O. A. Kelton,	'93, Fond du Lac, Wis.....	22	6.00	165
Stroke..	J. Lynam,	'93, Hudson, Mass.....	22	5.11	160
.....	R. Adams,	'93, Harlem, N. Y.....	22	6.01	169
Coxswain.	Victor Thomas,	'95, Boston, Mass.....	...	...	105

Average Weight, 167½.

In the Freshmen's race, Yale was first, Columbia second and Harvard third.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.
Gauze vests, 25c.
Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantlette to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 35c, 40c, and 50c.
Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 30c.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

J. E. YOSE

Furniture Moved

To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Large covered trucks.

30 W. Second street.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grand avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.

Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.

Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

THE MANHATTAN WINE ROOM,
179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
FRANK LINKE, Proprietor.
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaeffer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.

Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.

All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

EUROPE!

Tickets for Hamburg, Stettin, Havre, Paris, Copenhagen. All Scandinavian or Finnish points.
To Glasgow, Londonderry, Liverpool, etc.
AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.
Illustrated catalogue giving views of scenery, etc., mailed free.
H. D. Morrison, 9 Somerset St.
(Any line of steamer.)

Having Disposed of the Produce Business

to Mr. L. S. Hummer, all persons owing the

Plainfield Produce Co.

are requested to make prompt settlement.

The office is, as heretofore, at No. 29 North avenue.

We still continue the horse business and have constantly on hand fine roadsters, family or business horses, at reasonable prices.

A. D. THOMPSON, Proprietor
H. E. RIDER, Manager.

The Automatic,
Needs no turning.

The Rapid,
Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,
and
Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
18. EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

ON SALE TO-DAY
Our Spring Line of
Perfect Fitting Percale Shirts.
Several new patterns this Spring never shown before
CALL AND SEE THEM.
O. M. DUNHAM,
Hatter and Furnisher,
46 West Front Street.

USE THE BEST!
DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
A. M. Vanderbeek's,
33 PARK AVENUE.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Station Avenue.
TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 38.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure parties.
Prompt, careful drivers and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE.

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES,
Of Stone
Light Blue Color.
References:—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
94 SOMERSET STREET.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites the public to inspect the question of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for sizing coal, which he honestly believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1467.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

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WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 28 West Front street.

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DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Teams ready to operate. Only machine in use approved by the Board of Health. Prompt attention paid to disinfecting. Manufacturers of the Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers.
P. O. Box 409. Telephone call 98.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 9:05, a. m., 12:05, 3:45, 6:05, 7 p. m.
Close—7:00 a. m., 12:30, 3:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9:05 a. m., 1:05, 6:05 p. m.
Close—7:00 a. m., 1:05 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:05 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

FREE COINAGE MEN WIN.

The Senate Passes Mr. Stewart's Silver Bill.

THE FINAL VOTE, YEAS 29; NAYS 25.

Desperate Efforts of the Opponents of the Measure to Postpone Its Consideration Proved Futile—Senator Hill, of New York, Gives the Bill His Support.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—At 4:53 p. m. Friday the senate passed Mr. Stewart's free coinage bill by a vote of yeas, 29; nays, 25. Senator Hill, of New York, and Senator Mills, of Texas, were among those who voted for free coinage of silver. Senator Carlisle, of Kentucky; Palmer, of Illinois and Gorman, of Maryland, placed themselves on record against the bill. The final vote in full on the adoption of the bill was as follows:

How the Senators Voted.

Yeas—Democrats—Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Blodgett, Butler, Cockrell, Faulkner, George, Harris, Hill, Kenna, Kyle (F. A.), Mills, Morgan, Ransom, Turpie and Vest—17.

Republicans—Allen, Dubois, Dubois, Jones (Nev.), Mitchell, Peffer (F. A.), Sanders, Shoup, Squire, Stewart, Teller and Wolcott —12. Total, 29.

Nays—Democrats—Brice, Carlisle, Gorman, Gray, McPherson, Palmer and White—7.

Republicans—Allison, Carey, Cullom, Davis, Dawes, Dixon, Dolph, Felton, Gallinger, Hale, Hawley, Manderson, Perkins, Preston, Sawyer, Stockbridge, Warren and Washburn—18. Total, 25.

Gorman Appeals for Delay.

When the bill came up for consideration, by unanimous consent, the supposed understanding to postpone a vote was upset. Mr. Morgan said that he could find no one who desired to speak, but neither the senator from New York (Mr. Hill, nor the senator from New Jersey (Mr. McPherson), and he therefore called for the enforcement of the agreement. Mr. Gorman appealed to Mr. Morgan to postpone the vote until Thursday next at 4 o'clock. Mr. Morgan agreed to this. The vote was then taken upon the silver bill to the finance committee by a vote of 31 to 28. This was a test vote and a victory for the silver men.

Mr. Gorman voted against the motion to recommit, because he believed it to be in violation of the agreement entered into. Mr. Vest moved to postpone the bill and amendments to the first Monday in December, and on that motion a roll call was ordered. Mr. Stewart and others insisted this was in violation of the agreement.

Mr. Blackburn moved to lay the motion to postpone on the table, and on that motion called for the yeas and nays, which resulted: Yeas, 28; nays, 28; so the motion was lost. The question then came up on the motion to postpone until the first Monday in December. This motion was lost without a division. Then Mr. Stewart offered his substitute bill as an amendment. Mr. Morgan moved to amend this by adding a provision requiring the secretary of the treasury to coin all the silver bullion in the treasury. Mr. Hale moved to adjourn. Lost. Yeas, 26; nays, 27.

Senator Carey's Joke.

Mr. Vest moved to strike out of Mr. Stewart's amended bill the proviso that foreign silver coins and bullion formed by melting down such coins should be excluded from the provisions of the act. Mr. Stewart accepted the amendment and it was adopted. Dilatory motions of various kinds were for a time resorted to. Mr. Allison, of Iowa, moved that the act go into effect July 1, 1893. Lost. Yeas, 19; nays, 36.

The amendment of Mr. Warren, of Wyoming, exempting from the operations of the act all bullion except that produced from mines in the United States was lost.

Mr. Carey offered a burlesque amendment, which he said was identical with the platform of the Democratic party, that it should not be lawful to coin any silver dollars unless the market value of the metal in the silver dollar was equal to the value of the gold dollar. This was received with laughter, but was voted down.

Mr. Palmer, of Illinois, called for a copy of the Republican platform, so that he could offer a similar amendment taken from its provisions, but none was forthcoming. After some further "horse play," the bill was reported from the committee of the whole to the senate, ordered to a third reading and passed—29 to 25.

The Bill Is Passed.

The text of the amended silver bill as it finally passed the senate and now goes to the house for concurrence is as follows:

That the secretary of the treasury may deposit the same at any mint of the United States to be coined for his benefit, and it shall be the duty of the proper officers, upon the terms and conditions which are provided by law for the deposit and coinage of gold, to coin such silver bullion into standard dollars authorized by the act of Feb. 28, 1878, entitled: "An act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal tender character," and such coins shall be a legal tender for all debts and dues, public and private.

That the secretary of the treasury shall proceed to have coined all the silver bullion in the treasury purchased with silver certificates.

That so much of the act of July 14, 1890, entitled: "An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of treasury notes thereon and for other purposes," is hereby repealed.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The conference report submitted to-day by Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, on the agricultural appropriation bill was agreed to in the house.

The measure allowing thirty days' leave of absence to employees in the bureau of engraving and printing was passed.

After four hours debate the bill limiting the hours of daily service of laborers and mechanics employed upon the public works of the United States and the District of Columbia was also passed.

To Reduce the President's Salary.

WASHINGTON, July 2. — Representative Baker, of Kansas, introduced in the house a bill to reduce the salaries of officers and employees of the government service after March 4, 1893.

The salaries of senators and members of congress are reduced to $5,000 per annum and the speaker of the house to $10,000, the chief justice of the supreme court, $7,000; associate justices, $6,000; cabinet officers, $6,000; vice president, $5,000, and the president of the United States reduced to $25,000 per annum.

Minister Hunsicker as an Arbiter.

ROME, July 2.—The American and British ministers have requested on behalf of their respective governments that King Humbert appoint an arbitrator to take part in the settlement of the controversy between the United States and Great Britain regarding the Behring sea.

To Labor with Congress.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The board of control of the national World's fair commission has decided to meet in Washington July 4 in order that the members may impress upon congress the importance of extending federal aid to the exposition.

4,000 MEN DISCHARGED.

Carnegie's Army of Employees Locked Out at Homestead.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 2.—At 10 a. m. notice was posted at the entrance to Carnegie, Phipps & Co.'s office enjoining all employees, from the highest to the lowest, that they would be paid off in full between noon and 3 o'clock. About 4,000 men in all will receive their notices and also notices of discharge. Barring the fact that the crowd of workmen may be noisy no demonstration is anticipated.

A member of the advisory board of the locked out men said: "Mr. Frick's statement that only 800 men were affected by the new scale is a mistake. Every man in the mill suffers by it, and we can prove it. The general reductions in all departments range from 8 to 10 per cent., and in some as high as 40 per cent."

While it cannot be exactly estimated, yet the loss to the Carnegie company every day the mill is idle is very heavy, and amounts to thousands of dollars. In case the firm fails to recede from its present determined stand there will be great danger of being unable to fill the government and World's fair contracts. The company is under a clause in Iron and Steel workers in our dealings with the men. The mill will be an open mill where all men may work, regardless of their affiliation to a labor organization."

The above is part of a statement made by Secretary Lovejoy, of the Carnegie Steel company, Limited, the new $25,000,000 organization.

The foregoing plain statements leave no doubt as to the company's intention regarding the plate mill at Homestead, and narrow the fight down to a life and death struggle, so far as the Amalgamated association is concerned. Mr. Lovejoy added: "Mr. Frick is acting for the entire body of the company in this matter, Mr. Carnegie knowing only in a general way what is going on at Homestead. About July 20 notices will be posted that the old employees may return to work by making application at a certain date."

Scouts to the number of 500 are now guarding the town against the approach of would be workers. The men doing guard duty, it is said, are armed to the teeth. Each of the entrances to the mill property is guarded by a force of fifty men. All office clerks, foremen and superintendents of departments are permitted to come and go unmolested. None others, however, dare to even attempt to enter within the gates.

The Ham of Industry Hushed.

PITTSBURG, July 2.—Up to 2 o'clock the only additional signatures received to the Amalgamated association wage scale were those of the Reliable (Pa.) Iron and Steel company and the Covington, (Ky.) Steel company.

There are beyond doubt more idle men in Pittsburg and vicinity than there has been at any one time for the past fifteen years. With the various iron and glass plants idle the South Side presented an odd appearance. It was a complete shut down. Every mill has suspended, and there are 30,000 men idle in that part of Pittsburg.

Big Strike in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—Over 1,000 rolling mill employees in Philadelphia have struck because their employers refused to sign the scale of wages that has been in force for several years past. The firms affected are Hughes & Patterson and Gaulbert, McFadden & Caskey.

Over 5,000 Out of Work.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 2.—The iron situation remains unchanged. There is little prospect of an early adjustment between the manufacturers and the men. Over 5,000 men are thrown out of employment by the shutdowns.

Refused to Sign the Scale.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—A refusal to sign the Amalgamated association scale led 150 employees of the Helmbacher Forge and Rolling Mills company to quit work.

Shut Down at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 2.—The Union Rolling mill has shut down, owing to trouble between the manufacturers and the Amalgamated association.

Three Hundred Are Idle.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 2.—The Premier Steel works, employing 300 hands, refused to accept the scale and shut down.

A Boom on the "Iron Chancellor."

LONDON, July 2.—A dispatch to The Times from Berlin says that according to the Bismarckians across the leaders of the Center party are determined to support the government against Bismarck. Herr Lieber, a prominent deputy, stated at a party meeting that a statesman acting like Bismarck when Bismarck was in power would have been immured at Spandau.

An Interchangeable Mileage Book.

PEORIA, Ills., July 2.—The passenger agents of nine of the thirteen roads entering Peoria met in this city with a committee of the Travelers' Protective association for the purpose of arranging for an interchangeable mileage book over all roads entering this city. 6% of the roads agreed to issue a 5,000 mile book.

A Venezuelan Refugee.

TRENTON, N. J., July 2.—Francisco Casanas, who was Palacio's representative in Bolivar, having the vengeance of the Crespists, has fled here for safety. He has been confined in the stability of the government of Villegas and feels confident of the ultimate triumph of Crespo.

Save the Baby Poison.

WATAWAU, N. J., July 2.—The three-year-old son of John Boxmyer, who owns a small farm near this place, gave his baby brother Anderson became he did not want the baby round.

Foster Retains Blaine's Secretary.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Secretary of State Foster has decided to retain Mr. Louis A. Dent, private secretary to Secretary Blaine, as his private secretary.

Yale's New Captain.

NEW HAVEN, July 2.—Sherwood Dowell Ives, of New York city, has been elected captain of the Yale University crew for the coming year.

He Horsewhipped Him.

HACKENSACK, N. J., July 2.—Miss Lizzie Montgomery horsewhipped John D. Halstead for slandering her in the village here.

A Monument for Montreuil.

OTTAWA, July 2.—The house of commons has appropriated $10,000 for a monument to the late Sir John MacDonald.

Many Was Sleepy.

A Buffalo girl made a funny remark in school the other day: "George Washington," was the time honored subject of discussion, and after the teacher got quiet she asked: "Now, Mary," said the teacher, "who was George Washington?" "Our father," said the little girl indistinctly. "Once more, Mary," insisted the teacher: "speak up so the school can hear you." "Our Father which art in heaven," and several Marys had dropped off to sleep. She imagined she was saying her prayers before going to bed.—Buffalo Enquirer.

The Victim.

Her Father—Do you work for a living? Chappie—Oh, ya-as-ra-as Her Father (rising him up)—Whom do you work?—*Life.*

Lynched and Cut Down Alive.

WEST BADEN, Ind., July 2.—Conrad Schultz, accused of killing his wife, was lynched here, when a man from Orleans, Ind., appeared and claimed that he had seen Mrs. Schultz in his town. Schultz was cut down, but locked up until the matter could be investigated.

William B. Greene Killed.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 2.—William B. Greene, a prominent member of Kleman's News agency, New York city, was killed by a train near the Long Branch station. Mr. Greene was fifty-one years old and leaves a family.

More Ballot Box Stuffers Jailed.

JERSEY CITY, July 2.—Seven more ballot box stuffers were sent to the state prison by Judge Lippincott in Jersey City. A scheme to save them with writs of habeas corpus was frustrated by the judge.

Jay Gould Is All Right.

SHOSHONE, Ida., July 2.—The report that Jay Gould is seriously ill at Soda Springs is without foundation. Mr. Gould is in excellent health. He and party are enjoying their trip immensely.

Senator Underwood Unseated.

PROVIDENCE, July 2.—The senate passed the resolution unseating Senator William J. Underwood (Dem.), of Newport. The vote was almost strictly partisan.

Boy Accidentally Kills His Mother.

NORTH TROY, Vt., July 2.—Mrs. Chester Bullis, of Troy, was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of her twelve-year-old son.

Cashier Dean Surrenders $10,000.

BUFFALO, July 2.—Cashier Dann has restored $10,000 of the National Savings bank's stolen money.

Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP
RECOMMENDED BY Guaranteed
FOR
CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, LIPS, ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN, WRINKLES
ANTI-CHAP IS SPLENDID YOU SHOULD ALL DRUGGISTS
ALL 25 USE IT.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

The Last Drop

Is as good as the first. No dregs. All pure and wholesome. The most popular drink of the day.

Hires' Root Beer.

A perfect thirst quencher.

Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good as Hires'." No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

George - Bremmer,

No 22 SOMERSET STREET,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

V. L. EMANEL,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

226 West Front Street.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voice tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address

NO. 87 DUER STREET.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Builders Carpenters.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter

and

General Jobber.

SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet

MAKER.

Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

John Peterson,

SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.

Residence 14 Linden avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS.

28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

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John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 241.

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and Builders.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 15 Vine street.

All work promptly attended to.

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PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

Residence—Grandview avenue.

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R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter & Builder.

Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Dunellen.

P. O. Box 198.

Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER.

Residence—64 West Second street, Plainfield.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Mason and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new road Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Residence—Fitzgerald's, Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 884.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Fine Cabinet and hard wood mantel maker. Shop—Corner of Grand and Second streets, Scotch Plains.

Residence—2 Sagent street.

38c.

Buys a full size, genuine oil finish, solid oak Lincoln bureau, worth $5.00. Other goods in proportion in quality.

17c.

Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.

Window Shades 25c. and upward.

Dress Chollies 5c. Dress Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article, a select

50c. Formosa Oolong

TEA, to make a

Delicious Iced Tea.

Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily

NEUMANN BROS.

79 BROADWAY.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the woods you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue. Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour on the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.

Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

GEORGE VOEHL,

the

CONFECTIONER,

is now prepared to furnish

Parties & Receptions

with Delicious

ICE CREAM

in bricks.

15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 68 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

IF !

A poor article is dear at any price. A good article is cheap at any price.

The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the market and the prices are right.

Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 34. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW & STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 70 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses, $1.50 to $15
Hair Mattresses, $15
Feather Pillows, $1.50, $2, $2.50
Best Feather Pillows, 75 cents
Extra Size Pillows, 50 cents
Counterpanes, $1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish rugs, $1 to $4.50; portiere curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Spring, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bassinets, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.

T. J. CAREY, Proprietor.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : :

NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

In buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro., to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield as † 3 4, 5 27, 5 38, 6 14, 6 28, 6 55, 7 35, 7 50, 8 20, 8 40, 9 10, 9 40, 10 10, 10 40, 11 10, 11 40 a. m. 12 10, 12 40, 1 10, 1 40, 2 10, 2 40, 3 10, 3 40, 4 10, 4 40, 5 10, 5 40, 6 10, 6 40, 7 10, 7 40, 8 10, 8 40, 9 10, 9 40, 10 10, 10 40, 11 10, p. m. Sundays, † 4 14, 4 34, 4 54, 5 14, 5 34, 5 54, 6 14, 6 34, 6 54, 7 14, 7 34, 7 54, 8 14, 8 34, 8 54, 9 14, 9 34, 9 54, 10 14, 10 34, 10 54, 11 14, 11 34, 11 54 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., as † 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, † 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield as † 3 25, 6 25, 6 58, 7 30, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, † 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Leave Newark as † 5 10, 7 15, 7 45, 8 30, 9 00, 9 45, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, † 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield as † 6, 7 35, 8 17, 9 40, 11 05 a. m. 12 40, 2 30, 4 05, 5 30, 6 50, 8 20, 9 50, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, † 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 a. m. 12 40, 1 40, 2 40, 3 40, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield as † 7 35, 9 40, 11 05 a. m. 2 30, 4 05, 6 50, 9 50 p. m. Sunday as † 8 40, 9 40 a. m. 4 05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield as † 7 35, 9 40, a. m. 2 30, 6 50 p. m. Sundays 8 40 a. m.

WESTWARD—CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre.

7 20 a. m. for stations to High Bridge Branch, Lebanon and Reading.

8 10 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre.

9 45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre, etc. Through coach to Wilkesbarre.

11 05 a. m. for Junction.

1 50 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre.

5 05 p. m. for Junction connecting for Lebanon and Reading.

5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre. Through coach to Wilkesbarre.

6 50 p. m. for Junction.

8 20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre.

9 50 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre.

11 30 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

NEW BRANCH (CORAL GROVE, NEW.

Leave Plainfield as † 7 35, 8 05, 10 37, 11 05 a. m. 2 30, 4 05, 6 50, 9 50 p. m. Sundays, † 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 a. m. 12 40, 1 40, 2 40, 3 40, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Leave Coral Grove as † 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, † 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia as † 3 25, 5 30, 6 25, 7 30, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, † 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m.

Leave Baltimore and Washington as † 2 45, 4 20, 6 15, 7 20, 8 00, 8 50, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, † 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m.

A. M. QUIGLEY, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent.

C. F. DALRYMPLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Manager.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Elocution. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberni, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Resumed—and re-Establishment in French Lectures. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Vivien, care of Scribner and Scribner, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY.

Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1891.

For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD B. HARNED, Prin.

Sept. 1 107 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield as † 3 25, 6 25, 6 58, 7 30, 8 00, 8 45, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, † 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Leave Newark as † 5 10, 7 15, 7 45, 8 30, 9 00, 9 45, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, † 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth. Rest of refreshments. Rte. 107 Somerset Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY.

Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grapevines, and shrubs.

H. SPENCER.

The best 15 Somerset street, grocery and confection. Groceries and provisions. Cider always on hand. Information wanted by G. C. C. rose, yellow stonewear. Full measure of coke, wheats and retail. Seed potatoes; Cabbage, lettuce, parsley, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE,

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery.

Dynamos, Motors and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging to all its branches. Emeloscuk building and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkeley street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 220 Fourth avenue.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Seat, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

BROWN & SHERRY

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in Pierson's block, 5 North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Razors honed and put in order promptly. Best hair tonics always on hand.

PURE MILK.

Delivered to any part of the city by

H. D. VOORHEES.

A postal card addressed to No. 20 Front street will receive prompt attention.

HOUSEKEEPERS GIVE HEED.

MUCH USEFUL INFORMATION CAN BE OBTAINED HERE.

Receipts Worth Knowing—Valuable Suggestions for the Housekeeper and All About Home—That Cold—Anæmia—The Luxury of the Housewife.

There was once a farmer's wife, who, although she had as much work to do as farmers' wives generally have, still found time to fasten a flower in her dress at least once, time during the day. Perhaps those around her did not often speak of it, yet they liked to see it, and always remembered this little habit of hers.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

It is best to save all egg shells to settle coffee.

Keeping a pan of water in the oven will prevent bread from scorching.

Finger marks may be removed from varnished furniture by rubbing well with a very little sweet oil upon a soft rag.

Never omit regular bathing, for unless the skin is in regular condition the cuticle will close the pores and fever congestion or other diseases.

You can tell if a bed is damp by laying your hand glass between the sheets for a few moments. If the sheets are not properly dried the glass will be clouded.

It is said that if the woodwork in the kitchen is kept constantly scrubbed with water in which potash has been dissolved, roaches and ants will speedily disappear.

Combing and rubbing the scalp of the head with the hand draws the blood up to the surface of the head, and not only relieves the pain at times, but adds new strength to the hair.

Paper is a good and cheap material to cleanse utensils. Knives rubbed with it preserve their brightness; stoves rubbed hard with it every morning will remain clean and bright and polish will be saved.

Carpets, if well sprinkled with salt and then wiped with cloth squeezed out of warm water containing a spoonful of spirits of turpentine to every quart, will look bright and new, and will not be troubled with moths and buffalo bugs.

The Invigorating Salt Water Bath.

At this season of the year, when children are apt to be languid with the approach of warm weather, it is an excellent time to start the habit of the daily bath, if it is not already a part of the regular regime of the day. With the coming of the new summer and the lovliness of the early morning hours, even the most indolent feels the impulse toward early rising, and the very best beginning of the day is a refreshing bath followed by some light food and a vigorous walk in the open air. The addition of a cup of rock salt to the bath is a great advantage, and is especially soothing to the nerves of delicate people who find the shock of cold water too severe. Even indoors, such a bath is a tonic, and most of the strengthening, invigorating qualities of the ocean wave. Rock salt is considerably cheaper than fine table salt, and is quite as good for this purpose. It should be thoroughly dissolved, however, so that not one crystal remains.

A Wonky Plaint for Wooden Sleepers.

A thrifty housekeeper, whose home boasts of the best standard modern improvements, the difficulty by having several bureaus made to slip under the beds. These are made of the same size as the bed itself, and are mounted on small wheels that run into the wood so that they may run easily in and out. Although a wonderfully clever idea, they have one fault, and that is that a burglar in that garment may be told to them at full length.

One of these bureaus she has lined with complete wood, so that the winter furs may be stored away in safety. Her bureaus should be carefully painted. Unpainted or unvarnished wood should never be left in a bedroom, as the natural wood harbors insects. White paint pester the best, and the box should have a fresh coat once in a while. These should be some arrangements on both sides of the bureau pull it in either direction.

Marrow Toast.

Marrow toast is a delicious and inexpensive relish for tea or luncheon. Buy a large shinbone and have the butcher split it, then take out the marrow in one piece. Cut the marrow into slices nearly an inch thick and set aside. Mix in a hot dish a teaspoonful of chopped parsley, the same quantity of lemon juice, half a teaspoonful of salt a grain of cayenne and several drops of onion juice. Also have in the oven several squares of toast, crisp and browned evenly. Cook the marrow rapidly ninety seconds, boiling it in a quart of salted water. Drain the marrow thoroughly and mix it with the seasoning in the hot dish. Spread on the toast and serve. Toast, marrow and seasoning must be hot when sent to the table, and eaten before they cool.

In Remie Cleaning Time.

There's a fierce determined glitter shining
From her dark eyes to-day;
She's a ripping all the carpets up and pulling
things away.

She has wrapped a towel round her head and
donned her oldest gown,
For house-cleaning must be finished, though
the heavens tumble down.

And her husband gazes sadly at her soot-be-
At her weird awful costume, as she flies about
the place;
And he wonders and he ponders, as she rushes
to and fro,
"Can this really be the angel that I wed a
year ago?"

—Indianapolis Journal.

How for Gooseberries.

To make a gooseberry sauce top and tail a sufficient number of green gooseberries. Add about half a pint of water to a quart of berries and let them stew in an earthen pipkin till they are thoroughly tender. Add sugar enough to make them palatable, but still leave them a pleasant acid. Serve the sauce with meats as cranberry or apple sauces are served. Green gooseberries also make a very nice pie, either baked like a rhubarb pie in an crust, or first stewed, baked without an upper crust, and then covered with a meringue, like a lemon or apple meringue pie.

Beggarly Economy.

It is the most beggarly economy to lay a carpet on any floor without putting papers under it. No carpet will stand the hard wear which comes upon it when it is put directly on the floor. Besides, it softens the tread and renders it more agreeable to walk upon.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death records paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 360, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Watchung Lodge rooms, Miner Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. STILL, Reporter.

Watchung Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable † Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

Progress.

MAGIC AT HOME.

How to Lift a Glass of Water with the Open Hand.

The problem in this case is to lift against nearly full of water, making it adhere to the palm of the open hand. You will easily guess that the effect depends on the existence of a partial vacuum beneath the hand, but you may be glad to know how such vacuum is to be obtained.

LIFTING A TUMBLER WITH THE OPEN HAND.

The method is simplicity itself: Place the glass on the table and lay the palm of your hand over its mouth, bending down the four fingers at a right angle, as shown in the lower figure of the illustration (1). This done, if, still resting the palm of the hand on the edge of the glass, you quickly raise the four fingers so as to have the hand outspread, as in the upper figure, you will have produced beneath your hand a partial vacuum sufficient to enable the atmospheric pressure to overcome the force of gravity and the tumbler of water will remain attached like a cupping glass to your hand. To insure success repeated experiments will be necessary at first until the experimenter has ascertained the desired proportion of size between the hand and glass, etc.

The Rolling of Ships.

One fact that often strikes the thoughtful traveler by sea is that, notwithstanding the great and numerous improvements of recent years which have made life on shipboard pleasant and luxurious, little or nothing has been done to steady a vessel when she meets the waves that set her rolling heavily from side to side. Shipowners and seamen do not show much sympathy with the discomfort and misery that rolling causes to most passengers.

Nature describes a recently devised method of checking rolling by moving a weight, under strict control, from side to side of a vessel so as to continuously balance or abstract from the heeling moment of the wave slope. It consists of a large mass of iron in the form of a gunbarrel or a circle, which is placed athwartship, with the center on the middle line of the vessel, and is mounted with its axis horizontal. The shafts are turned by a Ryder's engine, which is very ingeniously controlled by an automatic arrangement. The heavy mass or gunbarrel is swept round from side to side, remaining for a moment in the extreme that is required to counteract the heeling movement. The apparatus is said to have been fitted on board some time in a steam yacht with good results.

A Curious Tree.

The tree shown in our cut owes its peculiarity principally to the mode in which the flowers are borne on long branches, which grow from around the trunk, commencing at its base and continuing many feet upward. They are arranged in terminal racemes, and fall soon after expanding; the petals, however, instead of falling or withering, harden and enlarge, producing racemes of flowers

THE CANNON BALL TREE (COUROUPITA GUIANENSIS).

in succession as its calyx easily each season. Years afterward the woody pedicels may still be seen upon the flowering branches. So nearly does the arrangement of the latter resemble a creeping plant growing upon a tree that it is difficult to convince people to the contrary, and that they bear the flowers of the tree itself. Says The English Gardeners' Chronicle, which describes the flowers as cup shaped, red within and yellowish white without:

These flowers measure four inches across. The large brown, ball shaped fruits, unlike the fragrant flowers, emit a disgusting odor, rivaled only by the flowers of Termanilla belerica. The latter when in flower scents the atmosphere of the garden in a way which suggests to the uninitiated that the sanitary arrangements of the district are in a bad condition. The Couroupita forms a large tree some fifty to sixty feet in height and bears a dense mass of shining green leaves, becoming deciduous once, or sometimes twice, during the year. The leaves on these occasions fall very rapidly and are replaced again in a few days by a new set.

Strong Liquid Glue.

According to The Horological Review a very strong glue may be made by dissolving four ounces of glue in sixteen ounces of strong acetic acid with the aid of heat. It is semisolid at ordinary temperatures, but requires only to be warmed by placing the vessel containing it into hot water to be ready for use.

Grand Opening

CHAMPAGNE.

Their Purity and Excellence Will Be Discussed by Leading Men.

Champagne was discovered or invented by accident, like so many other good things. About 1668 one Perignon was cellarer in a Benedictine convent in Haut villiers, Champagne. Perignon had evidently marked out for the post, and had bestowed on him a strong head and a discriminating palate. The province in the neighborhood of vineyards were various, and, like a true Benedict Dom Perignon hit upon the idea of "marrying" their many wines. He had noted that one kind of soil imparted fragrance another generosity, and discovered that a white wine could be made from the black grapes which would be better for value than the wine from white grapes. Moreover, the happy thought struck him that a pair of cork as a method of closing their then far dipped in oil which had heretofore served that purpose. His wine became famous, and its manufacture extended throughout Champagne.

Then he happened upon a still greater discovery—how to make an effervescent wine, a wine that burst out of the bottle and overflowed the glass whose fragrance and exhilarating qualities were imparted by this process. At that time the glory of the Roi Soleil was on the wane, and with it the splendor of the court of Versailles. The King, for whom Perignon's liqueurs had been invented, found a gleam of his youthful energy as he sipped the creamy foaming vintage that enlivened his dreary tete-a-tete with Mme. Maintenon.

It found its chief patrons, however, among the band of gay young roysterers, the future rovers of the regency, whom the Duc d'Orleans and the Duc de Vendome had gathered round them at the Palais Royal and at Anet. At one of the famous suppers in the latter place the Marquis of Sillery—who had turned his sword into a pruning knife and devoted himself to his paternal vineyards—first produced the wine which for two centuries has made his name famous among wine drinkers. At a given signal a dozen blooming damsels, scantily arrayed as Bacchanals, loaded the table with bottles. They were hailed with rapture, and thenceforth champagne became an indispensable adjunct to all petits soupers.

Suicides.

In European cities the number of suicides per 100,000 inhabitants is as follows: Paris, 42; Lyons, 29; St. Petersburg, 7 Moscow, 11; Berlin, 36; Vienna, 28; London, 23; Rome, 8; Milan, 9; Madrid, 8; Genoa, 21; Brussels, 13; Amsterdam, 14; Lisbon, 9; Christiania, 25; Stockholm, 27; Constantinople, 12; Geneva, 11; Dresden, 51. Madrid and Lisbon show the lowest, Dresden the highest figure.

The average annual suicide rate in countries of the world per 100,000 persons living is given by Barker as follows: Saxony 31.1; Denmark, 25.8; Schleswig-Holstein, 24; Austria, 21.2; Switzerland, 20.2 France, 15.7; German Empire, 14.3; Hanover, 14; Lieuenland, 13.5; Prussia, 13.3 Victoria, 11.5; New South Wales, 9.3; Bavaria, 9.1; New Zealand, 9; South Australia, 8.9; Sweden, 8.1; Norway, 7.5. Belgium, 6.9; England and Wales, 6.8; Tasmania, 5.3; Hungary, 5.2; Scotland, 4; Italy, 3.7; Netherlands, 3.6; United States, 2.3; Ireland, 2.2; Spain, 1.7; Russia, 1.6.

The causes of suicide in European countries are reported as follows: Of 100 suicides: Madness, delirium, 18 per cent; alcoholism, 11; vice, crime, 10; disease, 9; season, 2; moral sufferings, 6; family matters, 4; poverty, want, 4; loss of intellect, 14; consequence of crime, 8; unknown reasons, 19.

The number of suicides in the United States in five years, 1925-9, was 8,295. In sanity was the principal cause, shooting the favorite method. Of the number one hundred and eighty-six sets of suicides were committed in the day and 8,439 in the night. Summer was the favorite season. June the favorite month, and the 4th the favorite day of the month.

The month in which the largest number of suicides occur is July.

Duration of Life Among Birds.

The German biologist Weismann says: Small singing birds live from 9 to 15 years. Ravens have lived for almost 100 years in captivity, and parrots longer than that. Fowls live 10 to 20 years (and are then sold as spring chickens to young housekeepers). Geese from the fair dipped in oil which had heretofore served that purpose. His wine became famous, and its manufacture extended throughout Champagne.

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It found its chief patrons, however, among the band of gay young roysterers, the future rovers of the regency, whom the Duc d'Orleans and the Duc de Vendome had gathered round them at the Palais Royal and at Anet. At one of the famous suppers in the latter place the Marquis of Sillery—who had turned his sword into a pruning knife and devoted himself to his paternal vineyards—first produced the wine which for two centuries has made his name famous among wine drinkers. At a given signal a dozen blooming damsels, scantily arrayed as Bacchanals, loaded the table with bottles. They were hailed with rapture, and thenceforth champagne became an indispensable adjunct to all petits soupers.

Suicides.

In European cities the number of suicides per 100,000 inhabitants is as follows: Paris, 42; Lyons, 29; St. Petersburg, 7 Moscow, 11; Berlin, 36; Vienna, 28; London, 23; Rome, 8; Milan, 9; Madrid, 8; Genoa, 21; Brussels, 13; Amsterdam, 14; Lisbon, 9; Christiania, 25; Stockholm, 27; Constantinople, 12; Geneva, 11; Dresden, 51. Madrid and Lisbon show the lowest, Dresden the highest figure.

The average annual suicide rate in countries of the world per 100,000 persons living is given by Barker as follows: Saxony 31.1; Denmark, 25.8; Schleswig-Holstein, 24; Austria, 21.2; Switzerland, 20.2 France, 15.7; German Empire, 14.3; Hanover, 14; Lieuenland, 13.5; Prussia, 13.3 Victoria, 11.5; New South Wales, 9.3; Bavaria, 9.1; New Zealand, 9; South Australia, 8.9; Sweden, 8.1; Norway, 7.5. Belgium, 6.9; England and Wales, 6.8; Tasmania, 5.3; Hungary, 5.2; Scotland, 4; Italy, 3.7; Netherlands, 3.6; United States, 2.3; Ireland, 2.2; Spain, 1.7; Russia, 1.6.

The causes of suicide in European countries are reported as follows: Of 100 suicides: Madness, delirium, 18 per cent; alcoholism, 11; vice, crime, 10; disease, 9; season, 2; moral sufferings, 6; family matters, 4; poverty, want, 4; loss of intellect, 14; consequence of crime, 8; unknown reasons, 19.

The number of suicides in the United States in five years, 1925-9, was 8,295. Ins

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box L. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week. Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, JULY 7, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

PLYMOUTH BRETHREN.

THE WORLD'S CONVENTION BEING HELD IN THIS CITY.

A Gathering of Non-Denominational People—Three Immense Tents on the Lawn of Mr. Paul J. Loizeaux —800 Delegates Expected.—History of the Sect.—They are Not Interested in Politics.

The non-denominational Christian Plymouth Brethren convention opened last night in this city, with 300 delegates present.

Representatives are expected from all over the world, and by Sunday fully 800 delegates are expected to be present.

The convention is being held in three immense tents on the beautiful lawn adjoining the residence of Mr. Paul J. Loizeaux, on Chatham street, facing Elm Place, North Plainfield. A more desirable and beautiful spot could not be selected.

The Brethren received their name from the town of Plymouth, England, where they originated, with other gatherings at the time.

Among the leaders in the movement were John Nelson Darby and James G. Bellett.

In 1894, there was a division in the Brethren over a publication by Mr. F. W. Grant, of this city, and two factions were formed. The Grant followers being the Brethren that are now convening in this city.

The ministers are called laboring brethren and receive no stated salary. The services are usually held in halls or other buildings, as they neither build nor own churches.

In their belief, the Brethren accept the Scripture as the word of God, but reject the creeds and religious systems of men. They hold to the pre-millennial coming of Christ and do not recognize the Lord's Day as the Sabbath. In political affairs, the Brethren take no part whatever and do not vote.

The meeting, which will be the largest of its kind ever held, is arranged as follows: 7 a. m., prayer; 10 a. m., scripture reading; 3 p. m., and 7 p. m., preaching.

BREVITIES

—The Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. meet at the rooms of the Association to-night.

—The St. Josephs' church fair and festival will commence to-night at Saengerbund-Turner Hall, and will continue the 8th, and 9th. Music will be by Prof. O'Reilly.

—The Methodist Sunday-school will hold their annual excursion to Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, to-morrow. The train will leave Plainfield at 7.45 a. m.

—A social meeting of the Young People's League of the First Baptist Church Friday evening, at eight o'clock. Subject—"Now." A hearty welcome is extended to all young people.

—Members of the Reform Club and their friends are cordially invited to attend the Gospel temperance meetings of the Men's Temperance Aid Society at Reform Hall every Sunday at nine a. m. and four p. m.

—The Arlington Ball Club of this city, will play a game with the giants of North Plainfield on the grounds of the latter, Saturday morning, at ten o'clock. Yahnke and Sulphen will be the battery for the Arlingtons and Bosterli and Texas for the giants.

—The State Reform School yesterday celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of its incorporation. Colonel Morris R. Hamilton, State Librarian; James H. Rankin, of the Rhode Island Reform school, and George Howe, who thirty years ago started the idea of the reform of depraved boys by education, were the speakers. There was also a military drill.

—One of the funniest checks I ever saw, says a writer in The Pittsburg Dispatch, was shown to me by a banker a few days ago. It was drawn on one of the ordinary check forms of the bank and read thus:

Pittsburg, June 25, 1892.

National Bank:

Pay to ——— twenty-three dollars if there is that much to my credit. I think there is sixteen dollars there, and I will make up the rest on Tuesday of next week. So please oblige me.

JOHN SMITH.

—New Jersey's State Board of Electrical Subways yesterday afternoon decided that the erection of electric wires and cables over streets without their permission was illegal. The Board will meet in the State House every Tuesday to receive applications for permission to place electrical conductors and cables above and below the highways of cities. A special meeting will be held on September 6th, to hear arguments on the advisability of putting all electrical wires under ground in Jersey City and Newark.

—The best handles of small tools are made from the wood of the apple-tree, which is extremely hard, when dry, and possesses a fine grain. Moreover, it does not check easily after it has been seasoned. In the case of a plane, while the handle proper will be of this wood, the best wood for the block in which the cutting part of the plane is fastened has been found to be second-growth beech which has grown in a clearing. The trunk of such a tree below where the branches start is used for this purpose with the best results. So says an expert on the subject.

The Rev. T. H. Miller Called.

At a congregational meeting held at the First Presbyterian Church, last evening, the Rev. Henry T. Miller was called to the pastorship of that church.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS HELD LAST EVENING.

Mayor Gilbert in His Communication Re-Appoints Three Directors—The Committees Formed—Bills Ordered Paid—The Librarian's Report.

The regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Plainfield Public Library was held last evening. There were present Directors A. C. Baldwin, J. B. Dumont, Jr. W. Yates, Rowland Cox, George H. Babcock, J. Evarts Tracy, Mason W. Tyler and Wm. M. Stillman.

The following communication from His Honor Mayor Gilbert, was read, and on motion ordered received and entered on the minutes.

THE MAYOR'S OFFICE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J., JULY 6, 1892.

Gentlemen:—

By virtue of authority, vested in me, I hereby appoint Augustus C. Baldwin, Jos. W. Yates, Wm. M. Stillman, Directors of the Plainfield Public Library, for the term of three years ending July 1, 1895.

Respectfully submitted,
A. GILBERT, Mayor.

To the Directors of the Plainfield Public Library.

This being the first meeting of the new board, it was moved and carried that the Board proceed to the election of officers and committees for the ensuing year.

Moved and carried that a committee of two be appointed by the chair to report a list of officers for the ensuing year.

The committees formed are as follows:

President, Augustus C. Baldwin.
Vice President, Mason W. Tyler.
Secretary, Wm. M. Stillman.
Treasurer, John B. Dumont.

For Library Committee, Mason W. Tyler, Henry P. Talmadge, J. Evarts Tracy.

For Art Committee, George H. Babcock, Rowland Cox, Joseph W. Yates.

Moved and carried that the report of the committee appointed to prepare the annual report of the Common Council be received and engrossed on the minutes.

The following bills were ordered paid.

Miss Adams, salary for June	$50.00
Janitor	40.00
Wm. B. Williams	13.32
J. B. Dumont, bill exchange for foreign periodicals	9.68

A bill of Mr. A. M. Griffen for repairs to the furnace to amount of $98.65 was ordered paid.

The report of the librarian for June was read and on motion ordered on file.

The librarian's report for June, 1892 is as follows:

Vols. on accession book May 31	11,158
" added by purchase	168
" " gift	6
" now in library	11,332
Card holders	2,576
Cash received from fines	$18.37
" " " subscription of non residents	2.00
Cash received from sale	.30
Home circulation.	
Fiction	887
Juvenile	311
Biography, correspondence, etc	51
Travel, description, geography, etc.	83
History	8
Religion, mythology, etc	13
Sociology, political economy, government	90
Philology	2
Natural science	30
Useful arts, including medicine	17
Fine arts	28
Literature	117
History	36
Gen. works	7
Total	1,475
Visitors to building, 2,207.	

E. L. ADAMS,
Libn.

The meeting then adjourned.

PERSONAL.

Mr. M. E. Martin, of this city, is stopping at Asbury Park.

Rev. P. E. Smyth, rector of St Mary's Church, is at Saratoga.

Miss Maggie Hunt, of Newark, is visiting Miss Minnie Gulick of 15 Park place.

Mr. George H. Mason and Mr. G. A. Hallock of this city are at Asbury Park.

Dr. J. R. Glen, of East Front street, is home after a long business trip through the South.

Mrs. D. D. Vermeule and daughter, Miss Maggie, are visiting Mr. Charles Vermeule at Asbury Park.

Mr. C. G. Hedge and family, of Sandford avenue, are at "Barkley Arms," Berkley, N. J., for the Summer.

Miss Agnes Steinbauser of Jersey City, N. J., is visiting Miss Rose Verdon of Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Kimball, of Ocean Park, New York, are visiting their sister, Mrs. John Gulick, at No. 15 Park place.

Mrs. Wm. A. Westphal and children of West Fourth street have registered at Birch cottage, Asbury Park, where they expect to spend the Summer.

Mr. F. J. Miller, formerly a senior teacher in the Plainfield Public school has just published a new edition of Virgil's Æneid, which is pronounced the best edition in print. Dr. W. E. Harper collaborated with Mr. Miller in the production.

Miss Julia E. Bulkley, Superintendent of the Plainfield schools, who was formerly a pupil of the School of Pedagogy of the University of the City of New York, writes as follows in regard to the school: "An essential element of a good school is the wise and well-fitted teacher. Every teacher should have the training offered to teachers in the Department of Pedagogy of the University of the City of New York."

JULIA E. BULKLEY,
Supt. of Public Schools, Plainfield, N. J

THE BICYCLE RACE.

RULES AND REGULATIONS ENOUGH TO MYSTIFY.

The Racers Must Wear "Proper" Costumes—The Course to be Raced Over—Some of the Fast Riders Who Will Compete.

The twenty-mile handicap bicycle race which is to be held Saturday, July 9th, is a subject which is at present monopolizing many wheelmen's attention. It is to be a strictly local event.

Course Twenty miles over the road from corner of Fifth and Richmond streets to Fanwood over first bridge to Scotch Plains to Front street to Richmond street and return three times to a stated point on North avenue, return and finish to corner of Fifth and Richmond streets.

The rules include the following—No one shall ride in the race but residents of Plainfield or North Plainfield.

There will be no restrictions as to wheels.

No pace making, or riding on the sidewalk will be allowed.

The decision of a majority of the judges in case of a dispute shall be considered final.

Time will be taken from the flash of a pistol.

Competitors must wear proper costumes, and will be cautioned regarding rules before starting.

Some of the racers who will enter are Messrs. Curt Gottheil, E. W. French, A. E. Stover, S. C. Crane, Wm. J. Kieley, A. C. Wyckoff, Thos. Burns, C. H. Burt, Chas. Vandeveer, John Rafferty, W. W. Nicholson, Wm. Kalston, V. H. Yarnall, Jas. E. Murray, M. A. Haven, A. Titsworth, N. R. Titsworth, Chas. R. Maltby, F. L. Metcalf, Wm. Ahlgren, J. S. Pike, L. E. Warning, Warren A. Clapp, Geo. Mahon, E. V. French, A. T. Hinrichs.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

A Bicyclist Knocked Down by a Horse. Neither Rider or Wheel Injured.

A black horse attached to Schwed's wagon took fright at the wire-wagon belonging to the trolley company, at half past five yesterday afternoon. The horse was standing in front of Shaw's drug store, at the time, and in its fright jumped upon the sidewalk, and got astride one of the shafts. It was necessary to unhitch the horse before it could be released. The horse was then driven down the street, the driver, a boy, hitching the wagon, which he nearly jump. A bicyclist, on a safety, who had just turned into Front street from Broadway, was struck and knocked into the gutter. He soon got up, however, and rode off, apparently uninjured.

Not a Redeeming Feature.

Before Randolph, the negro assaulter, was sentenced yesterday, as told in last evening's News, Prosecutor Marsh stated that the county detectives had investigated the case and found that Randolph had committed the grave crime and his arts record was bad. He had pretended to be so drunk he did not know what he was doing, but the evidence showed the crime was deliberately planned and carried out.

Judge McCormick in passing sentence of 15 years in state prison remarked to Randolph that the crime charged against him was one of the gravest known to the law, and one which the court thought should be accompanied by the infliction of the severest sentence. There was no excuse or palliation and the only duty for the court to perform was to impose the sentence the law provided.

The County Sewer Project.

Mayor Gilbert of Plainfield tells a Leader representative that the idea of a county sewer is not by any means altogether moonshine, if it is taken hold of with the right spirit. His plan, or rather the plan to which he refers, is to run a trunk sewer from Plainfield, along the line of the Central Railroad to Newark Bay. Each town would be expected to pay for so much of the sewer as passes through the town limits. The would consist of one and two miles for Westfield, and a cost of not more than $6,000 per mile. The advantages would certainly be great, and the interest on the investment would come in large figures to all of the towns. Perhaps it is a little too early for something else just now, and it will undoubtedly be best to give the subject a little more consideration. The real good that would accrue from deterioration in value by being rusticated would more than pay for the sewer, without any consideration. We are outgrowing the day when it is in order for the dish-water to be thrown out of the back door to find its way back thence to house in some foul miasmatic state.—*Westfield Leader.*

What a "Guard Wire" is.

The workmen of the Trolley Company have been engaged during the past few days in putting up the guard wire. They have it now nearly completed. One of the employees of the company says that he is asked at least a dozen times during the day what a guard wire is. In explanation he describes a guard wire as common heavy telegraph wire, stretched along about five inches above the electric wire, which supplies the power for the trolleys. This is to prevent other wires, electric and telephone, or other objects from falling upon the wire beneath and breaking it, and probably causing much damage, if not loss of life.

It is "Papiac" Now.

"Boynton Beach" will no longer be known by that name—C. W. Boynton, the proprietor, having changed the name of his beach to "Papiac," the old Indian name of Woodbridge Creek.

BASE BALL.

STATEN ISLAND ATHLETIC CLUB WIN DURING THE LAST INNING.

Two Misjudged Flys by Powers lose the Game.—Meakin Pitches Well Until the Ninth Inning, When the Islanders Make Seven Hits.

A number of the Crescent's admirers accompanied the team to the West Brighton grounds, Staten Island, yesterday, to witness the game between the Staten Island Athletic Club and the home team.

The Crescents had everything their own way until the ninth inning, when Powers, the right-fielder, misjudged two fly's, after which the Staten Island men hit Meakin for seven hits, and scored seven runs, winning the game by the score of eight to seven.

The Staten Islanders are booked to play here next Wednesday.

The score by innings was as follows:

STATEN ISLAND A. C.

	R.	In.	Po.	A.	E.
Van Zant, 3d b	1	1	5	3	3
Krause, c	1	2	7	0	0
Brill, 2b	2	2	6	0	0
Brush, s. s	1	2	2	3	3
McDonald, c. f	1	2	0	0	0
Basford, 1. f	1	2	3	0	2
Vroom, r. f	0	0	1	0	0
Collins, 1. f	0	1	1	0	0
Duff, 3d b	1	1	2	2	2
Fuchs, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	8	14	27	9	8

CRESCENT LEAGUE.

Hofford, c	1	1	9	0	0
Daley, 2d b	1	2	1	0	0
Murphy, 1. f	0	2	3	0	0
Turner, 3d b	1	0	2	3	0
Brill, p. f	1	1	3	0	0
Bonner, s. s	0	2	2	4	1
Jones, 1st b	0	1	13	1	0
Meakin, p	0	1	0	0	0
Powers, r. f	1	1	1	0	0
Totals	7	14	*26	11	1

*Two out when winning run was scored.

Staten Island A. C..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 7—8
Crescent A. C..... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 5 0 0—7

Earned runs—Staten Island A. C., 7; Crescent League, 1. First base on errors—Staten Island A. C., 1; Crescent League, 4. Base on balls—Off Fuchs, 7; by Meakin, 1. Two-base hits—Krause, Brill, Murphy, 1. Three-base hits—Collins, Fuchs. Jones. Stolen bases—Hofford, Daley, Donald, Bonner, Brill. Wild pitch—Meakin. Umpire—Sullivan. Time, 1.41.

HAD FAITH IN THE LIMITED.

From New York to a Chicago Court Room in Twenty-four Hours.

(Philadelphia Record June 29th, 1892.)

The perfection to which the art of railroading has been carried in these days had a striking illustration last week in the case of a prominent New York lawyer, who was a passenger on the Pennsylvania Limited over the Pennsylvania Railroad. He had an important suit pending in the United States Court of Chicago, which was set down for a hearing on Tuesday morning. It was absolutely essential that he should be there on time, but at the same time the call of business he could not leave New York before Sunday. The alternative was then presented him, of spending a Sunday afternoon train and spending two nights on the road, or of waiting until Monday morning and taking the Chicago Limited, which would land him in Chicago at 9.45 on Tuesday morning.

The consequences might possibly be late in reaching Chicago; but, trusting to the well-earned reputation for being always on time, the New Yorker decided to take it and run the risk. The result showed that his confidence was not misplaced. Exactly at 9.45 on Tuesday morning the Limited rolled into the Union station at Chicago, dumping the man with his wife the lawyer was driven straight to the temple of justice, where Judge Grosscup presided. He reached it in eight minutes, and a few moments after the case was called. The court opened promptly at ten o'clock, and his case was called first on the list.

Just twenty-four hours after leaving New York he was addressing the court in Chicago, feeling as fresh and vigorous after his luxurious trip as if he had just come from his own home. It might add to the story to say that after concluding his argument he took another train back to New York, and was in court there on Wednesday, as usual, but he didn't. He stayed in Chicago long enough to attend a Democratic Convention, and came back at his leisure.

Judge Lippincott.

All eyes in the State are now upon Judge Job Lippincott, who, without any warning, sent his ballot-box stuffers to their cousin to State Prison.

He is a man of unimpeachable courage and much nerve, and he never loses an opportunity to check the present strenuous life leaders and the Bacchanalian.

Lippincott is now the most talked about man in the State. He is admired much by many and despised by others. Judge Lippincott will be a delegate to the Democratic National Convention, which will be held in Chicago, commencing next week. He is a man of unimpeachable courage and much nerve, and he never loses an opportunity to check the present strenuous life leaders and the Bacchanalian.

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List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending July 4th, 1892:

Ames, Thos. A
Bell, Miss
Boatman, Julia
Burtis, Victor
Bowley, Miss Little
Bryden, W. S
Carey, Mrs W
Conklin, Mrs M
Dempson, Willie E
Dunn, Robert
Fairfield, Nathaniel
Gallagher, Michael
Gilbert, Mrs C
Jones, Rev W C
Kinney, John
McGuinness Lulu
Morris, Miss
Miller, Irving
Pendling, Minnie
Roberts, Robert
Rose, Mrs
Sackett, Mrs
Smith, Leonard
Stevens, Robert
Smalley, Goldson W
Stevens, Wm H.
Thompson, Robert
Taylor, Mrs Mary
Wilson, T. D.

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. R. FORD, Postmaster

Mischievous Boys.

The residence of Mr. John F. Emmons of Prospect place, North Plainfield, was broken into by burglars, while the family were at Boynton Beach. The doors were all found open when the family returned last evening, but nothing was missed, not even a silver watch. A bicycle showed signs of being ridden, but was returned.

The entry was easily accounted for, is that it was the work of some mischievous boys.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE WAVES DESTROY IT.

The Cargo of the City of Chicago Washing Ashore.

QUEENSTOWN, July 7th. (Special.)—The Inman steamship, City of Chicago, which went on the rocks near Kensale Head on Friday evening, has been broken up by the waves and is a total wreck.

The cargo is washing out of the hold and the coast is strewed with boxes, packages of bacon and other commodities.

The sea was running heavily this morning and there was no hope of saving any of the cargo, as tugs could not venture near the place.

The City of Chicago ran ashore on the rocks off Kinsale Head on the evening of July 1. Her propeller was kept working all night in order to prevent her from drifting off the rocks. Had this occurred she would have foundered, as her forward compartments were completely stove in.

Good News for Fishermen.

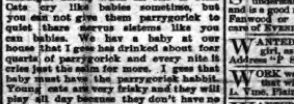
NEW YORK July 7, (Special.)—Bluefish have commenced to run in the Great South Bay. The first catch noted at Patchogue, L. I., was made by Mr. Louis *Ferguson, of New York, who landed a* nine three-pounder.

A Boy's Essay on Cats.

ON CATS.

Cats have four legs and nine lives. Why they are five legs short I do not know at this time. I mean I can find out the when I die. I think cats wood be a good deal funnyer if they had nine legs and five lives, don't you? Cats have tales which they rap round there feet when they set down so as to hold them together. I know a bob-tailed cat that is ashamed to set down in public a tall. I guess it is afrade its feet will skatter. There are Tom cats and Puss cats, which the Tom cat is more massive and has a more sounding voice, in the midnight darkly when all else is still. Cats cry like babies sometime, but you can not give them parrygorick to quiet them. Cats are more like you can babies. We hav a baby at our house that I guss has drinked about four quarts of parrygorick and every time it cries just the same for more. I guss that baby must have the parrygorick habbit. Young cats are very frisky and they will play play play from morning to night. I have no skool to go to. I guss I would like to be a young cat till I was growed up to be a man. Cats eat milk and mice regular and the reason for their eyes are very keen animals, but I never thought it was very clean to spit on there hands and wash there faces in the manner in which they do. I guss I have wrote all I know about cats.

P. S.—Cats has lectricity in there backs and they can be rub up their tales as big as a broom and taking the hairs off the floor. —*Detroit Free Press.*



A Breeracker exploded on Monday, in the lap of nine-year-old Nellie Lynch, of Hackensack, setting fire to her clothing. She was so badly burned that she died the same evening.

The old barracks and stock sheds of the Somerset Fair Grounds were burned to the ground yesterday afternoon. Considerable delay was caused in fighting the fire, owing to the conflict of authority between the fire department leaders. Chief Doughty and Foreman Cook, who have been at sword's points for some time.

Peter Kowhilet of Passaic, has been arrested for biting Joseph Jopcoki's nose off. They quarrelled in North Passaic and Kowhilet got the antagonist's nose between his teeth. The severed member was thrown into a horse trough. When the officer went to arrest Kowhilet he drew a revolver and attempted to shoot him. Kowhilet was checked by the policeman's club.

Prosecutor Winfield of Jersey City, applied to Judge Lippincott yesterday for a stay of proceedings in the cases of Farrell, Thomas Nelson and George Heller, election officers who were indicted for conspiracy with many others in the election of 1888. The trial cannot take place within seventeen days. "Nat" Wilbur, William E. Sewell and James Jordan will be arraigned for trial on Monday. It is thought they will plead non guilty and stay the machinery of the machinery of the Court.

Will "run" to this City.

The Jersey City Athletic Club Wheelmen, the Orange Wheelmen and the East Orange Cycle Club, have arranged to run to this city, Saturday July 9th.

"I USED to suffer awful with indigestion but I hardly ever have it now"—

That man stopped eating common oatmeal in order to

Have some H-O for breakfast.

CITY PRODUCE COMPANY,

Successor to Plainfield Produce Company, Dealer in

Flour, Grain, Feed, Hay, Straw,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, and all Country Produce.

Raritan Mills Feed and Meal a Specialty.

OFFICE AND STORE, 31 NORTH AVENUE.

L. A. HUMMER, Proprietor.

Telephone Call, No. 44.

BUTTER.

FINE - TABLE - BUTTER

18c. per Pound.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**

Cut in Latest Styles.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted by a young man who understands the care of horses and cows, and is a good milker. Will work in Plainfield, Fanwood or Westfield. Address "Lucius," care of Evening News. 5 3

WANTED—Situation by a Norwegian girl, as seamstress and chambermaid. Address P. S., care of Evening News. 7 2

WORK wanted by willing man. Situation that will be really considered. Address L. Time, Plainfield Post Office. 6 4

WANTED—Situation as first-class laundress. Has good references. Address "C. C." care D. W. Hyde, Nethenwood, N. J. 5 2

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Operators and basters on coats. 20 West Front street. 30 5

$15 TO $250 can be made monthly working for R. F. Johnston & Co., 2000-2-4-6 Main street, Richmond, Va. 6 9 1m*

MONEY TO LOAN.

$2,500 TO LOAN on gilt-edged security. Also smaller sums. Address "H. D. M.," care of Evening News.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A T 19 Craig place, furnished rooms with board. Table boarders accommodated. 6 3 2S

FOR RENT.

SMALL house to let. No. 1 Bay street. Inquire of F. W. Bird, 107 East Front street. 6 2

TO LET—Barn, 2 stalls and wagon room. No. 43 Manning avenue, S. O. Stoats. 6 7 4

FOR SALE.

$40 CASH will buy a ball bearing safety bicycle worth double the amount. Almost new and handsome. Address "Bargain," care of Evening News.

FOR SALE—Pair of heavy mules; also single horse. Children can drive. Apply to A. Ketchum, 13 Cleveland avenue. 7 1

MRS JOS. M. MYERS' property, 147 East Front street, for sale or to let. Apply on premises. 7 12 w2s

LOTS containing half an acre and upwards on Grandview ave. Small down payment, balance long time. A rare opportunity to have a home cheap. Non-resident, P. O. Box 197, Cleveland, O. 30 8*

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes walk from depot, by unexhausted roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of Evening News. 7 11f

MISCELLANEOUS.

4900 Celery plants, extra fine. Grown in house plants in variety at Denton's, 127 Hillside avenue. 7 7

MRS. sawyer awaits "Mrs. M. S." at Kellogg's. 6 2

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20f

SECURE your seats for the Cable Piano Co's Fair. For particulars apply at Mallard's. 5 28tf

WANTED—$1,000 on first mortgage. Best references. Address "K," care Evening News. 7 3

Proposals for Coal!

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Education of this city, until Monday, July 18th next, for 275 tons best quality Lehigh coal, as per agreement. Twenty-five (25) tons egg size and two hundred and fifty (250) tons stove size. Coal to be properly screened and delivered free of expense, within the school buildings of this city, at such time as the Board may direct.

Bids to specify whether short or long tons. The Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

All proposals to be sent to Dr. J. B. Probasco, East Front street.

Plainfield, N. J., July 7, 1892. 7 3*

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for ladies, gentlemen and children. The ladies' and gentlemen's hose you buy for 25c. per pair, and the children's for 13c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye.

Wash Dress Fabrics.

A little late in the season to buy wash dress goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more in favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Satteen at 13 and 18c., Bedford Cord at 10c., Figured India Linen at 13c., Irish Lawn at 12c., and Challies 5c. Matting.

We start a clearing up sale of Matting, and will close our entire stock at actual cost.

VanEmburgh & White

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach,)

Our nearest salt water resort. A 10-acre shady grove close to the beach. Forty minutes from Plainfield by C. R. R. of New Jersey.

This famous day Summer resort has been greatly improved this season by the erection of a grand new pavilion, a large restaurant, where refreshments are sold at moderate prices, a fine hall dancing and Lawn Tennis Court, and a fine bowling alley.

There is also a fine equipment of boats for rowing, sailing or canoeing, a fine sandy beach for bathing, plenty of houses and suits. Numerous picnic tables front the pavilion.

Fine piano in the pavilion. Music every day. First class steam Merry-go-rounds and swings. Popular launch, sailing 10-cent trips around the sound. No intoxicants or disorder, a perfectly safe place at any time for ladies and children.

Grand assembly of New York Yacht Racing Association, 20 clubs—200 yachts.

FRIDAY, JULY 8.

First-class music.

FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received

through

A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

EDITORIAL NOTES

There it is again! The intelligent reporter in one of the leading papers of the country writes about somebody's "funeral obsequies." Good gracious! That young man ought next to tell us about a wedding marriage. What kind of obsequies would he have, anyhow?

Every once in awhile that hundred mile an hour railway train gets a step nearer, at least in the air. Electrician Wellington Bolton now affirms that by the spring of 1893 he will have in actual operation such a road between Chicago and St. Louis. It will be an electric road, and two central stations are expected to furnish the power. The road will cost $6,000,000, and it is said will have no curves and no ascents or descents, and over this it is expected to shoot passengers between the two cities named in 2½ hours.

The New York Tribune lays bare the secret of why women cling to corsets like the drenched chromo female to the rock of ages. The writer says that as long as the sex wears the present style of close fitting gown the corset will make woman's figure look more trim and shapely. If the dress reformers want the modern woman to discard corsets and look like a Venus or Minerva they must reintroduce the loose, flowing style of dress of the ancients. Never until each loose garments are the fashion will women leave off corsets.

The kindergarten system of education is making its way slowly even in the large cities of the east, always slow to adopt new things. In a few years it will be part of the public school system in all the leading cities. It ought to be. Even if to inaugurate it meant the lopping off of some of the ornamental branches in the public high school, kindergartens for the youngest pupils would pay well at the cost. Not more than one school child in a hundred goes to the high school; every child goes to the primary school. The kindergarten system of education means less book stuffing, better eyesight, better reasoning power, a trained observation of objects in nature, the use of hand and eye to an extent which seems marvelous to an advocate of the old methods, and a moral education which our present plan of education, either in public or private schools, fails to supply. Our schools want moral education—the more of it the better—not sectarian training.

"Father Said."

You know him, the person who is always telling the people what his father said. Next to the person who talks always about his own glory and greatness of his ancestors, particularly the wisdom of the things his father said.

If you speak of a bridge disaster, a cloudburst, a railway collision, you are told that father always predicted just this thing. If you have made a man full of wisdom and eloquence, and in your enthusiasm recount some of the truths that fall from his lips, the bore cannot wait, but interrupts you in his eagerness to begin, "Yes, father always said," etc. Whatever topic of conversation is suggested, it is only the peg upon which to hang pictures of the bore's own family and ancestors. To him even the vulgar superstitions of his father are greater truths than the wisdom of Huxley or Darwin.

This person is usually the provincial bore. He has lived so long in one little spot of the earth that the infinitely little has become to him the all important. Better the life of even the Wandering Jew than this distortion. It is better never to have any home at all than to be rooted to one miserable little spot till you measure all the events of this great swinging earth simply by what "father said."

In Hot Weather.

It is not necessary to go to Europe or even to the mountains or the seashore in order to be tolerably well and happy. Go to one or all of these if you can and want to, for they can give you a healthful change, but if you cannot, do not fret your health and spirits away because you cannot.

Use a little mind cure to begin, resolving that you will stay cool in your head, whatever happens, then proceed to make yourself comfortable in the midst of your everyday work.

First give as little thought to the discomfort of the heat as possible. So shall you become superior to it. Keep jolly-cheerful. Then look after your food, surroundings and habits. In cold weather we require food both to keep up our strength and animal heat. In hot weather we have already more heat than we want, therefore drop down about half in the amount of food. Eat fruits of all kinds, and rice and bread, with the lighter vegetables. Drink lemonade and buttermilk. The agreeable and hygienic qualities of buttermilk are not half understood. Shun all drinks containing that fire spirit, alcohol.

Get all the fresh air you can, wear light, thin clothing, change it often and take a bath every day. It is the fellow who wear heavy clothing, not often changing it, who guzzle beer and whisky and never take a bath, that die of sunstroke.

BATHED IN BLOOD

Homestead Drenched with Gore and Rent by Fierce Riots.

TWENTY MEN WERE SLAIN.

Carnegie's Pinkertons at the Mercy of the Locked Out Men.

After a Day of Sanguinary Fighting the Deputies Are Badly Defeated and Surrender Pleading for Mercy—They Are Brutally Beaten by the Enraged Workmen and the Sheriff Is Compelled to Take Them Out of Town—The Barges They Brought Them to the Scene of Conflict Burned to the Water's Edge. About Fifty Persons Wounded in the Fray—Governor Pattison Refused to Interfere and Send Troops—The Sheriff Calls on the Citizens for Aid to Prevent Further Bloodshed.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 7.—It was after 5 o'clock in the morning when word was received at Homestead from the scouts stationed at Lock No. 1 on the Monongahela river bank that two boatloads of strange men had arrived there in charge of the steamer Little Bill, and were on their way to Homestead. The information had not a sooner been received than the large steam whistle at the electric light plant was blown, and its mournful, far-reaching voice rose and fell on the morning air, waking the weary sleepers within a radius of many miles and telling them that the Pinkertons were coming. The operation of the unique parallel system of signalling which has been adopted by the Homestead men was well demonstrated, for the moment the whistle was heard flash lights were brought into play from different points on the surrounding high ground.

The little battleship Edna, which is ever ready for duty, joined her shrill, small voice in the call to arms, but after shrieking for a few seconds put off down the river in search of her enemy. The sentinels on the outposts in the meantime were not idle, as hundreds of rockets were sent toward the heavens to make assurance doubly sure that no man, woman or child in Homestead would sleep while the enemy was menaced. Within five minutes after the first blast of the large whistle, 1,000 half clothed but wideawake people were on the streets hurrying toward the river, jostling each other in their eagerness to get the first glimpse of the Pinkerton fleet. They peered into the dense fog which overhung the Monongahela waters in vain, and no sound was heard save the calls and answers of the watch scouts, who were plying the river in skiffs searching for the enemy. For fully an hour it seemed as though the people had been hauled from their beds for no purpose, and many of the tired ones returned to their homes.

"The Pinkertons Are Coming."

At 4 o'clock the streets of Homestead were almost deserted when three horsemen, their steeds bathed in foam, came flying up the river road into Homestead, and separated in different directions, shouting wildly: "To the river, to the river! The Pinkertons are coming!" At the same moment the whistle, for the first time since the sun had set, sent out its dismal warning, its time sounding the death call of many Homestead men who had sprung from their beds but two hours before. The time the alarm was a genuine one, and as the people scurried through the streets toward the river a shrill voice from high land below the town announced the coming of the little boat Edna, and her peculiar, plaintive cry carried with it an awful significance.

Nearer and nearer came the little boat, then it was seen that she was followed closely by a long, low-lying float being towed rapidly up stream by a steamer. The vast army of men, women and children on shore were not long in learning the character of the strange craft, and the cry of "Two model barges full of Pinkertons!" was soon raised.

Then there was a mad race toward the mill fences. Snaking, groaning and falling over each other, the crowd reached the twenty foot fence which extends down into water, and the advance guard began tearing down the boards. They were for getting in the mill, as it was seen that the Pinkertons intended landing inside the works. Every nerve of the 4,000 workmen in their immediate vicinity were strained toward reaching the only land place in advance of the Pinkertons.

In less time than it takes to tell it, great holes were torn in the fence, through which the angry crowd poured in a stream. Along the footpath skirting the river bank they rushed pell mell, and though in some places it was necessary to go single file at times the mad pace set by the light footed leaders was not relaxed and those who were unable to keep the pace fell behind, into the river. The noise of the wild assembly was like the rumbling of a storm. The shrill cries of the foremost ones were answered by shouts of encouragement from the rear. The first man was armed with a club at least, and fully eight of every ten carried revolvers. Women with determined looks on their faces ran along the footpath the best on reaching the scene of the struggle.

"Don't Land, or We'll Brain You."

Although, from the moment the men on the Little Bill saw their purpose was discovered, the sound of the whistle which was brought into play and the boatload of Pinkertons had been heard, the crowd was not prepared for the situation that confronted it when the two barges hove in sight around the bend in the river. Standing on the forward deck of the first barge, which was towed by the steamer Little Bill, and which was decorated with a big yellow flag, bearing the inscription, "Pinkerton's Police," was a man who was recognized as Superintendent Frick's confidential agent, Pinkerton Captain Heinde. He was heavily armed, and as the barge drew near the shore he called out in a loud voice:

"Don't land, or we'll brain you."

Not one too late, the appeal was drowned by the report of a Winchester rifle from a man in the bow of the boat. The first ball had hardly left the smoking barrel on its mission of death ere it was followed by a sheet of flame from a score of rifles in the Pinkertons hands. William Foy, who stood at the front with his foot on the gangplank staggered and fell, his life's blood gushing out.

For a moment the crowd was struck dumb by the attack. Only the groans of several wounded men were heard. The echoes of the rifles had hardly reached the neighboring hills ere the crowd replied. Out from the scoundrelness of the morning poured the leaden hail, and from the boat bank, too, had arms and were using them. The leader of the Pinkertons clapped his hand to his breast and fell overboard, sinking beneath the waters, while several other Pinkertons staggered back and were carried inside the boat by their comrades.

At the first fall of the Pinkertons rifles many of the crowd took to their heels, but close to the water's edge stood about 200 of the angry men firing their revolvers straight at the Pinkertons. Soon the latter, unable to withstand the firing, they retreated into their cabin and fired from under cover as quickly as possible. When the men on shore had emptied their revolvers, they retreated up the bank, greeting every shot from their enemies with defiant cheers.

The Pinkertons Again Repulsed.

It is remarkable that among that vast lot of Homestead men not a gun was seen, but after the first attack messengers flew wildly to the town and in a quarter of an hour, armed with rifles, shotguns, muskets and everything in the line of firearms that they were hurrying again to the scene of battle. The Pinkertons kept rather close under cover, but when the milimen came to the river bank and asked for a conference one was readily given them. The spokesman of the Pinkertons said they did not intend working and a voice from the crowd answered: "You fellows would not work; it's against your principles." This evidently ended the conference, as the speaker shouted:

"You fellows have been blowing through the newspapers what you were going to do and now we will show you what we can do. Land and come ashore if you dare."

Nothing further was done by the Pinkertons until after they had eaten breakfast on the boats, and then a landing was made, an attempt to land on the company's grounds, but were again repulsed.

The milimen now took their position as best they could, while skilled marksmen were placed at every sheltered point, and and with their long range rifles proceeded to pick off every Pinkerton they could see. Heavy slugs went crashing into the boats three different times, however, and each time caused a fog of truce to be hung out by the caged Pinkertons, but the red "No quarter" was raised on every side, and the flags were riddled with bullets and disregarded.

Attacked with Guns Cocked.

For hours the crowd of workmen behind the barricades of structural iron within the walls watched the barges with guns cocked, expecting for at least a repeat. Down by the boats, sweltering and with hearts filled with fear, lay the 270 Pinkerton guards. The sun was beating down on the low roofs of the barges, and the air within them must have been stifling, for an opening was not to be thought of, as it would only attract a storm of bullets from the angry men outside. The suffering of the wounded in the boats must have been awful, not to speak of the others, and as the sun grew higher and higher and set at work within the boat told the crowd that the Pinkerton guards were taking desperate chances to prevent suffocation. Soon a hole was cut through the roof, and later it was made twice as large from the bullets from the shore. The woman was wounded, and no further attempts were made to secure ventilation. As the only atmosphere that was better, the Pinkertons thought, then from the guns of the mob.

All sorts of schemes were tried to fire the boat. A hand fire engine owned by the steel company was gotten out of its shed and connected with a big oil tank. The oil was pumped down into the river and then a burning waste was thrown after it. This would not do, and the stores with overstocks of Pearl's oil Jolly Rogers were drawn upon. Buckets, lamps, candles and the like were used, but without effect. The oil was of the lubricating kind and not as inflammable as other grades. But if the mill men could not burn the boat they could keep it, been in store for the Pinkerton men. To save themselves from death in fire they must have to face the rifles of the mob, and the capture of any of them alive would almost have been beyond hope.

The Pinkertons Surrender.

Seeing that their efforts were in vain, the steel workers left and resumed their stations. Hugh O'Donnell, cool headed and anxious to avoid further bloodshed, seized a small American flag, mounted a pile of lumber, and soon had the attention of the excited men who were shooting for blood. He began to calmly discuss the situation and to caution the men to move slowly. His words had the desired effect, and finding he had the crowd with him he suggested that a truce be arranged until the arrival of the sheriff. With a white flag he should be carried to the bank, and as he was going to explain his plan further when a howl arose from a thousand throats.

"Show the white flag! Never!" was the reply.

They shot at one flag this morning, and if there is any white flag to be shown it must fly from the boats."

"What will we do then?" asked O'Donnell.

"We will hold them in the boats until the sheriff comes, and we will have warrants to make out for every one of the leaders. The sheriff will then have to take them in charge," said one man, and shouts of approval rent the air.

Seeing that this was the desire of the men, O'Donnell stepped down and went to work to keep them to that and prevent further conflict if possible.

While the meeting was in progress in the mill another was being held by the beleagured ones in the boat. The result was soon shown by a white handkerchief being excitedly waved out of an opening, and cheers greeted it. "They surrender," "Victory," "We have them now," and like cries rung out. Then Hugh O'Donnell, accompanied by two of the Advisory committee, ran down the steep bank to receive the message of peace. The spokesman of the Pinkertons announced that they would surrender on condition that they be protected from the violence of the mob. After a short parley this was agreed to, though a considerable armed people were hostilely for the blood of the man who killed their comrades.

As soon as the committee had arranged the peacemakers a hundred or more men from the shore climbed on board the boat. A United Press reporter went into the frail craft and there found one dead and eleven wounded Pinkertons. Some of these asked where they came from, one big fellow, who looked like a tough, said Boston and Chicago had furnished the most of them, but there were some from other cities. Not more than a couple of Pittsburg men were in the gang, he said. His experience in the boat was the worst he ever had, though he had been in many wars. Some of the wounded men, he said, even cried for fear, and but few of them expected to get away with whole skins.

The Guards Clubbed.

The steelworkers did not let them talk long, but ordered them to hurry out. The first one to leave had his Winchester rifle with him, and as he stepped on the bank, and the rifles were then taken away from all, and became the property of the mass of the people. Then began a looting of the boat. The uniforms the guards had intended to wear were either thrown into the river or given to the Hungarians. Everything of the slightest value that was portable was carried away by the crowd. When the boats had been looted the march of the captured crew began. Down the gangplank they came, one by one, and that they might be distinguished from the men on the bank, so that none would get away, they were forced to walk with uncovered head.

And such a gauntlet as they had to run. For a distance of 600 yards or more one was formed, and through this the Pinkertons men walked, as each one reached the spot they could. The first to leave got only hoots and jeers. Then with open hands the men who formed the gauntlet began to strike them on their uncovered heads. The leaders were unable to do anything with the crowd, and soon clubs were introduced. This was the signal for a fearful onslaught on the gauntlet. The rule was, "When you see an uncovered head, hit it." "Murder," "murder," shrieked the frightened ones as the blows rang on their heads.

"Men, for the love of God, have mercy on me. Don't kill me," pleaded a gray headed man from whose head and face blood flowed in streams from the wounds. Their hats, their satchels and even their coats were taken from them and either torn to pieces or carried off. The police force of the steelworks tried to save them, but it was no use. When a man reached the top of the bank he would receive a blow from a club which would knock him down. When he got up he always ran, and blows from clubs and fists rained on his unprotected head. One young fellow with a handful of hair was seen awaiting him and he burst into tears. Dropping on his knees, he begged for mercy, but he was soon raised to his feet by kicks from behind. He made a start to run, and as he did a blow from a bloodstained club laid him low. Two men ran to him and escorted him safely through the rest of the line.

Women, too, were in the line, and they plied clubs and stones as vigorously as did the men. They made more noise, for they were continually hooting at the Pinkerton's and urging the men on in their terrible work. The only guards not assaulted while running the gauntlet were the wounded, and they were greeted with hoots and cries that must have made them pray for death.

"You blankety blank, it's a blank pity your blank head was not shot off," was a sample of what the wounded heard. The only one that was not hooted was the dead man. "Good for the blankety blank," was the greeting he got, but it was not spoken loudly.

The Scale Barred.

Through the gauntlet at the mill the unhappy Pinkerton men had another one to run. On the streets were women, children and a struggling steel workers. As the wounded men passed stones and other missiles struck them. Following them was a crowd of men whose duty it was to see that none escaped. Before the line began, he learned, none did get away. They were stunned up like frightened sheep in a corner of the pen and then driven to the opera house. There they were locked in and told they were to be off the streets, for it seemed that every man, woman and child felt it a duty to add to the misery of every man whose head was cut, every one of the heads owned by the Pinkerton guards was bleeding. After placing the guard on the mill property and posting the watchmen Superintendent Frick and a message was sent to W. J. Brennan asking him to come to Homestead and advise the victors as to the disposal of the prisoners on hand.

When the last Pinkerton had left the barge the mob cried, "Burn the boats." The suggestion was a taking one, and they were in a fair enough state to burn. Several boxes of Winchester rifles and ammunition, and then satisfied they had all their arms, the torch was applied to the iron Monongahela and the steamer Little Bill quickly followed. Added by oil and fed by the dry wood of the inside, it was not long until the flames were leaping for the skies the high river bank and the mob was driven back by the intense heat.

Never could not have been more thorough. Within two hours the flames that were those steelworkers had erected to the memory of fire destroying the barges which only a short time before sheltered their foes. They were burned to the water's edge, and their cries of delight were re-echoed by the men on the other side of the river, who were standing by a new silent cannon ordered by the mob as a manifestation of joy until the fire burned to the water's side and the smoldering embers were swallowed up by the peaceful river.

When the crowd first rushed upon the barges after the surrender of the Pinkertons they seemed to be deserted, but hidden under the bunks, behind lockers or anything that offered concealment, were the captured ones. They were dragged out, but not maltreated there. That was left to those on the river's banks. They shivered, though it was hot, and their lips trembled as they spoke.

One of them said in a pitiful tone: "For seven days, got into port here and the tears rolled down, his cheeks, making furrows through the perspiration which was slowly covering down his face.

Some of the human wolves inclined to resist the blows and indignities at first, but they soon saw that death awaited such resistance.

One of the first things the victors did after the surrender was to secure a rollhook. It contained 265 names divided into squads of twenty each, commanded by a lieutenant. This book showed that some of the men had been on guard at Wilson, near Punxsutawney, at Cleveland, and at other places where labor troubles were. Such notes as "Strike ended, left Wilkesbarre contract," "Sent to Cleveland," etc., told the story. The workers intend using these names in prosecuting the Pinkertons for murder, as they say certainly will do.

The Pinkertons Taken Away.

Later on it was rumored about Homestead that the prisoners were to be taken by Pittsburg on a special train brought up by Sheriff McCleary. President Weihe, of the Amalgamated association, appeared on the stage of the Opera House, and ordered the hall cleared of all outsiders.

Hugh O'Donnell, of the advisory committee, took charge, and formed the men in ranks. He then informed the waiting people that the prisoners were to be taken cowardly and that when the prisoners were marched to the station they must be protected. His remarks were received with cheers.

A few minutes later the procession started for the depot. The wounded brought up the rear, several being carried in chairs, and everything of the slightest value that was portable was carried away by the crowd. When the boats had been looted the march of the captured crew began. Down the gangplank they came, one by one, and that they might be distinguished from the men on the bank, so that none would get away, they were forced to walk with uncovered head.

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When the crowd first rushed upon the

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MASON AND BUILDER.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 843.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER,
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 212.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evons.
P. O. Box 1393
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—94 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARBUTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets. Residence, 114 Second street. P. O. Box 1014. Interior hard wood work a specialty.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Second streets. Residence, Second st.
P. O. Box 1014.
J. HERRMANN, 2 Second street.

A. M. SEGUINE,
PROPRIETOR OF
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service.
Stable for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES,
Of finest
Light Blue Color.
References:—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
94 SOMERSET STREET.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Has opened the agency for the sale of Spadra, of his newly added steam pulverizing coal screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONESTBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for manufacturing Sash, Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL.
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE,
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and Honestbrook coke constantly on hand.

Professional Cards.

J. JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds and Notaries Public. Office, Corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Surveyor of Plainfield and Various Union County Road Systems. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Office, Cor. Park avenue and Front place, Plainfield, N. J.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office, Corner Front and Somerset streets, Plainfield, N. J.

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Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING Co.
JONES & CO.
Were quickest and thoroughly done. 7 vaults in operation. Our apparatus is the best of the kind in use. Telephone connection for attention paid to disinfecting. Manufacturers of the Red Lava, Garden and Field Fertilizer.
P. O. Box 1092. Telephone call 28.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 8:05, a. m., 12:30, 5:05, 8:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 8:30 a. m., 12:30, 5:05 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BOUND BROOK MAILS.
Arrive—8:05 a. m., 1:15, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:40 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

KANSAS FUSIONISTS WIN

The People's Party Ticket Indorsed by the Democrats.

A LOSS TO THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

This Action Will Undoubtedly Wrest the State From Its Keeping—Commissioner Carter Likely to Succeed Campbell as Republican Chairman.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 7.—The Democratic state convention for the nomination of a congressman at large and full state ticket met in the capitol building. Hon. Tully Scott, of Oberlin, was made chairman. The platform was adopted by acclamation. It approves the nomination of Cleveland and Stevenson and, indorses the declarations of the Chicago convention. It also declares prohibition to be a failure.

The chairman called for the nominations of ten electors. Hon. Judge Martin, of Topeka, took the floor, and after a short talk introduced a resolution naming the ten electors nominated by the People's party at Wichita, Kan., in June as the choice of the Democratic convention for their electors. The resolution was put to a vote and carried —401 delegates voting for, 39 against—and the first part of the fusion programme was carried out.

But over the endorsement of the People's party's state ticket the fight came. Everybody wanted to talk, and everybody did, and for awhile confusion reigned supreme.

The Hon. Joseph Lowe, of Washington, offered a substitute to Judge John Martin's resolution, naming a full state ticket, with ex-Governor Glick for governor and Judge John Martin, of Topeka, for congressman at large. The substitute was laid on the table amid applause.

Fused with the People's Party.

Roll call was then ordered on the resolution to endorse the fusion ticket, and resulted 222 for and 176 against, and the motion was declared carried amid cheering; the full programme of the fusion element of the convention had been carried out.

The following resolution was adopted by a rising vote, amid great applause:

Whereas, Men have been killed by Pinkerton detectives in the citadel of Republican protection known as Carnegie's Homestead mills in Pennsylvania, to be followed by the Democratic party of Kansas in convention assembled that we denounce as a heinous crime the employment of Pinkerton detectives by the capitalists of the country for the purposes of destroying organized labor.

Resolved, That we sympathize with the widows and orphans of laborers today who fell at the Homestead in the defense of what they believed to be the rights of American freemen.

Resolved, That as American citizens we cannot too solemnly condemn the high handed outrage perpetrated by the plutocrats against the organized labor at Homestead today, and that we call upon all good loyal Americans to join with us in driving these bloody tyrants from power and in restoring American freedom and American labor to the proud position they occupied in the early days of the republic.

The action of the Democratic convention in fusing with the People's party without question of doubt, takes the state out of the hands of the Republican party. At the election in 1890 the Republicans cast 114,-089; the People's party, 105,027, the Democrats, 71,357, and the Prohibitionists party, 1,533.

Carter May Succeed Campbell.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Commissioner Carter, of the general land office, received a large number of visitors, and politics seemed to be the paramount theme of discussion. In regard to the chairmanship of the national Republican committee the commissioner had no definite information to impart. There are good grounds for believing, however, that he intends to decline the secretaryship of the committee and that he will do so formally at the meeting of the executive committee, which will be held in New York on July 15.

He will go to New York in a day or two and will have a conference with Chairman Campbell and Mr. Clarkson, after which the executive committee will be announced. While Mr. Carter does not seek the chairmanship of the national committee, it is believed that, if the committee declines unanimously to elect him, he will accept the position.

It appears that there is an anti-Harrison faction in Montana, which is represented on the national committee, and that the relations between the Carter faction and the anti-Harrison faction are not very cordial. To enable Mr. Carter to represent Montana on the national committee and make him eligible to the chairmanship, it will, it is said, be necessary for the Montana member to withdraw in his favor.

A Straight Republican Ticket.

LITTLE ROCK, July 7.—For the first time in ten years the Republicans have put out a straight ticket and refused to fuse with the third party. It was a big surprise to all, especially the Democrats. Powell Clayton was not present at the convention. The following ticket was nominated:

For governor, W. G. Whipple; secretary of state, James Oates; auditor, S. A. Williams; treasurer, C. E. Hill; land commissioner, J. M. Donohue (colored); attorney general, E. H. Vance; superintendent of public instruction, Z. P. Freeman; commissioner of agriculture, D. C. Gordon; associate justice, W. F. Hill.

Resolutions were adopted indorsing the Minneapolis platform.

The President Escorts His Wife.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The special train bearing the presidential party consists of two cars only—Lehigh Pennsylvania combination vestibuled car, and President Roberts' private car 120. Mrs. Harrison, who is still quite weak, was lifted directly from the carriage to the car platform. Dr. Gardiner was on hand to receive his patient and direct the movements made for her comfort and convenience. No attempt will be made to reach a high rate of speed, the desire is to give the invalid a comfortable ride. The president has decided to remain with Mrs. Harrison until Sunday night or Monday morning, and will then return to Washington.

Only the Coquillon Seized.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 7.—A dispatch received by the government says that the United States cruiser Corwin did not seize twenty-five sealing vessels, the latter having been simply warned not to enter Behring sea. Confirmation of the seizure of the Canadian transport steamer Coquillon has been received. The steamer had on board the entire season's catch of the Canadian fleet.

Teller and Bookkeeper Missing.

NASHVILLE, July 7.—Lester Gale and William Turner, teller and bookkeeper respectively of the City Savings bank, are missing, and their accounts are said to be $30,000 short.

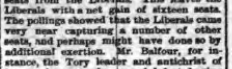
BALFOUR BARELY ELECTED.

It Looks Now as Though the Tories Will Remain in Power.

LONDON, July 7.—The total number of members so far elected is 540, of whom there are 321 Conservative and 33 Unionists, making a total of 142 Tory-Unionists. The Liberals have 94 members and the Irish Nationalists have 4.

In the latest elections the Liberals captured twelve seats heretofore held by Conservatives or Liberal-Unionists, and the Tories and Liberal-Unionists captured, five seats from the Liberals. This leaves the Liberals with a net gain of sixteen seats. The polings showed that the Liberals came very near capturing a number of other seats, and perhaps might have done so by additional exertion. Mr. Balfour, for instance, the Tory leader and antichrist of home rule, narrowly escaped defeat, having only 110 majority.

But the result is the same however narrow the majority, and the fact remains that the Tories and Liberal-Unionists have managed, in many cases by very slender majorities, to remain in possession of doubtful constituencies, in which the Liberals were supposed to have excellent prospects of success. The indications are that the Liberals will fail to overcome the lead of the Tories and their allies.



On the Streets of Paris.

TWO STUNNING COSTUMES.

Here are two startling costumes seen on the streets of Paris recently. The first is a gown of pekin in alternate stripes of black, white, and pale blue, trimmed with grey guipure, and having a ceinture and collar in grey satin, loosely folded. The gloves are white, the bonnet being of white embroidered tulle with coques of black and pale blue striped surah, and strings of black velvet.

The other, a gown of chestnut brown faille, looks well with a mixture of striped chestnut and biscuit-colored pekin, a skirt of biscuit-colored woolen stuff, and a chemisette of black pleated silk tulle. The hat is of white silk tulle, with biscuit-colored ribbons and clusters of purple iris.

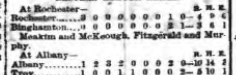
THE BASEBALL WORLD.

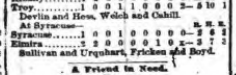
NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

		R.	H.	E.
At Pittsburg—				
Pittsburg	1 0 1 0 0 2 0 3 1—	8	7	1
Washington	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2—	3	9	2
Baldwin and Mack. Killeen and Milligan.				
At Cleveland—		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1—	3	9	2
Baltimore	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—	2	6	1
Davies and O'Connor, McMahon and Gunson.				
At Cincinnati—		R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—	3	9	1
Philadelphia	4 0 0 0 2 5 0 0 —11	12	1	
Chamberlain and Vaughan. Esper and Cross.				
At Louisville—		R.	H.	E.
Louisville	0 2 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—	4	4	4
New York	0 0 2 0 0 1 0 1 0—	5	10	1
Healy and Grim, Rusie and Boyle.				
At Chicago—		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	2	6	2
Brooklyn	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—	3	9	1
Hutchinson and Schriver, Stein and Kinslow.				
At St. Louis—		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	1 0 0 0 3 0 2 1 3—	10	13	5
Boston	3 2 0 0 0 0 2 0 1—	8	13	6
Getzien and Buckley. Stivetts and Bennett.				

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

		R.	H.	E.
At Rochester—				
Rochester	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—	1	4	1
Binghamton	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—	2	7	2
Meakim and McKeough, Fitzgerald and Murphy.				
At Albany—		R.	H.	E.
Albany	1 2 3 2 0 0 0 2 0—10	14	2	
Troy	1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 2—	5	10	1
Devlin and Hess, Welch and Cahill.				
At Syracuse—		R.	H.	E.
Syracuse	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—	2	6	1
Elmira	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—	2	7	3
Sullivan and Urquhart, Fricken and Boyd.				





We are getting away with lots of Russet Shoes this month—now is the time to buy them.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S,
22 West Front street.

P. S.—Our $3 shoe never takes a back seat

MONEY FOR RELATIVES,
friends, or acquaintances may be sent by drafts, cashed free of charge in Europe, for sale here.

ALSO TICKETS
for all European points, on any steamer, or line, First and Second Class, and Steerage, cheaper than in New York. Illustrated catalogue upon application.

Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset street.

THE MANHATTAN WINE ROOM,
179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
FRANK LINKE, Proprietor.
ESTABLISHED 1886.
Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaefer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.
All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 137.

Outfit that very properly contains a supply of
Hires' Root Beer
which adds to the enjoyment of all the other dainties, and makes a picnic indeed.
A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of this very popular beverage.
Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good"—'tis false. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

THE BEE HIVE!
Bathing tights, 10, 13, 14 and 15c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.
Gauze verts, 25c.
Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c, 40c, and 50c.
Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 30c.
Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

USE THE BEST!
DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
A. M. Vanderbeek's,
23 PARK AVENUE.

V. L. FRAZEE,
GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
24 West Front Street.

Ice Cream Freezers.
The Automatic,
Needs no turning.
The Rapid,
Best and quickest crank freezer.
GARDEN HOSE,
and
Lawn - Sprinklers.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

ON SALE TO-DAY
Our Spring Line of
Perfect Fitting Percale Shirts.
Several new patterns this Spring never shown before
CALL AND SEE THEM.
O. M. DUNHAM,
Hatter and Furnisher.
46 West Front Street.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

38c.
Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with 14mm bosoms and waistbands; regular 50c quality.
17c.
Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.
Window Shades 25c. and upward.
Dress Chalies 5c. Best Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at
BOEHM'S
No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN'S BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Straw berries received every morning. All goods sold at LOWEST PRICES. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

Just What You Need!
If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an
Arnold Steam Cooker.
Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.
You can buy the above articles at 81 Park avenue. Also the only genuine
BOSTON BROWN BREAD,
made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.
M. E. BEACH, Agent.

Do You Want Shirts?
If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.
Trunks and Bags.
GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
125 WEST FRONT STREET.

Real Estate & Insurance.
Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
20 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
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REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 46 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

38c.
Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with 14mm bosoms and waistbands; regular 50c quality.
17c.
Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.
Window Shades 25c. and upward.
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IF!
A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 26. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW & STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 piece south America Hair Mattress, 35 lbs	$15
Geese Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Eider Down Pillows	50 cents
Comforters	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Shades, 60c.; tacking off 50 cents; Oil Cloth, 25 to 45c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portiere curtains, all silk, $3 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, 4 coaches, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM,
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(TWO FOUR READING R. R. CO.—LEHIGH.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 20, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 3 27, 5 38, 6 14, 6 58, 7 58, 8 58, 9 58, 10 58, 11 58 a. m.; 12 59 noon, 1 58, 2 58, 3 58, 4 58, 5 58, 6 58, 7 58, 8 58, 9 58, 10 58, 11 58 p. m.; 12 00 noon. Express, 12 57, 1 02, 1 41, 2 02, 2 43, 3 43, 4 43, 5 43, 6 43, 7 43, 8 43, 9 43, 10 43, 11 43 a. m.; 12 43, 1 43, 2 43, 3 43, 4 43, 5 43, 6 43, 7 43, 8 43, 9 43, 10 43, 11 43 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 4 04, 5 52, 7 38, 9 38, 10 38 a. m.; 12 38 noon, 2 38, 4 38, 6 38, 7 50, 9 38, 10 38 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m.; 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Express, 12 00 noon, 1 00, 1 40, 2 00, 2 40, 3 40, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 4 00, 7 15, 11 00 p. m. 12 15, 1 00 night. Passengers for Newark and Elizabeth can take these trains.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 10, 8 17, 9 05, 11 05 a. m.; 12 17, 1 17, 2 17, 3 17, 4 17, 5 17, 6 17, 7 17, 8 17, 9 17, 10 17, 11 17 p. m. Sunday at 11 43 night. Leave Somerville at 5 45, 7 40, 8 47, 9 35, 11 35 a. m.; 12 47, 1 47, 2 47, 3 47, 4 47, 5 47, 6 47, 7 47, 8 47, 9 47, 10 47, 11 47 p. m. Sunday at 12 13 night.

PLAINFIELD AND RARITAN.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 7 10, 9 05, 11 05 a. m.; 12 17, 1 17, 2 17, 3 17, 4 17, 5 17, 6 17, 7 17, 8 17, 9 17, 10 17, 11 17 p. m. Sunday at 5 05, 8 25 a. m., 9 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 05, a. m., 1 58, 4 30 p. m. Sunday at 7 35 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

9 15 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

11 58 a. m. for Flemington, DELAWARE, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

2 43 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

4 43 p. m. for Flemington, DELAWARE, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

5 43 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

6 43 p. m. for Flemington, Lower Valley, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville. Through coach to Reading.

7 43 p. m. for Junction.

8 43 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

9 43 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

10 43 p. m. for Junction connecting for Flemington.

11 43 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

12 01 night for Junction connecting for Flemington.

1 43 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

2 43 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

3 43 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

4 43 a. m. Sundays for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

5 43 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2 37, 5 05, 10 07, 11 09 a. m.; 1 02, 2 37, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05 p. m. Ocean Grove 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 5 05 p. m. For Long Branch 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 5 05 p. m. For Asbury Park 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 5 05 p. m. For Bradley Beach 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 5 05 p. m. For Manasquan 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 5 05 p. m. For Point Pleasant 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 5 05 p. m. For Bay Head Junction 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 5 05 p. m. Sundays 8 05, 11 05 a. m., 5 05 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 2 15, 3 20, 5 25, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express, 2 15, 3 20, 5 25, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 15, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Trenton 2 15, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 15, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 15, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Columbus, Indianapolis and the West, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Washington, D. C., and Pittsburg, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Wildwood, Anglesea, Holly Beach, Cape May Point and Intermediate points, 9 15 a. m. Sundays, 9 15 a. m.

For Atlantic City, 9 15 a. m. Sundays, 9 15 a. m.

For Tuckerton, 9 15 a. m. Sundays, 9 15 a. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Bradley Beach, Manasquan, Point Pleasant and Bay Head Junction, 9 15 a. m. Sundays, 9 15 a. m.

For Toms River, Seaside Park and Intermediate points, 9 15 a. m. Sundays, 9 15 a. m.

For Bordentown, Riverside, Riverton, Palmyra, Delanco, Beverly, Burlington, Florence, Edgewater Park, Torresdale, Holmesburg Junction, Tacony, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Fairmount, Girard Avenue and Kensington Stations, 9 15 a. m. Sundays, 9 15 a. m.

For Bordentown, Riverside, Riverton, Palmyra, Delanco, Beverly, Burlington, Florence, Edgewater Park, Torresdale, Holmesburg Junction, Tacony, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Fairmount, Girard Avenue and Kensington Stations, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Market Street Ferry, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Ferry, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Walnut Street Ferry, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Vine Street Ferry, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Kensington Depot, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Broad Street Station, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Ferry, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2 05, 5 25, 8 30, 10 30 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

For Philadelphia, Walnut Street Ferry, 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express at 2 05, 3 20, 5 25, 6 45, 10 05 a. m.; 12 05 noon, 2 05, 4 15, 5 20, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 2

HAPPY HOMES.

The Parts of Husband and Wife—The Ideal Home.

A woman may do her level best to make a happy home for her husband and children, but if she is treated as a slave and only given her board and clothing in payment for her services as mother, cook, laundress, nurse girl, chambermaid and seamstress, is it any wonder that little or no happiness exists in that home? If a mother spoils her son by pampering and waiting on him all the years of his childhood and boyhood, and making him think that a man should always be waited on by the woman of his household, is it strange that he expects a wife to do the same, and that, in all likelihood, she either wears out in a few years from such service or else becomes bitter and disheartened?

There are very many reasons why a home may not be a happy one, and the happiness found therein depends fully as much on the husband as it does upon the wife. We are often told that in every true and ideal marriage both husband and wife must learn to bear and forbear. In every home where happiness exists there must be perfect trust, confidence and love between the husband and wife. There are a few words in the English language, helpful words, and the kindly thoughtfulness that each member of the family shows toward the other that makes an ideal, happy home—a perfect heaven on earth. How many of us do our share in making such a home that shall be a heaven of love to all who may come within its influence?—Detroit Free Press.

A Comfortable Seat.

GRANDFATHER'S CHAIR.

In the revival of old styles in furniture comfort is not always sacrificed to appearance. The rather clumsy looking piece of furniture shown in the illustration will bring solid comfort to the old folks while it will be difficult to keep the younger ones out of it.

It is a good plan for every one of the family to have his or her special chair and corner which no one else may usurp, and which may be treated after the individual taste. It will be amusing to see how characteristic the little spots will become.

About Styles of Furniture.

Do half the furniture buyers know the difference between Louis XV. and XVI. chairs when they see them? Or, on examining a cabinet, can they tell why it is called Roccoo? Study this bit of information for five minutes and then go on your way rejoicing. The only difference between the two Louises is that Louis XV. furniture has lyre shaped legs, while Louis XVI. has straight legs, a little turned out. In other furniture, cabinets, tables and secretaries, Louis XVI. is a combination of his predecessor and Roccoo. This latter, be it known to the uninitiated, is a decoration consisting of shell and scroll work. Empire furniture is that of which the pattern is inlaid in brass, and Marquetrie has adornments inlaid in different colored woods.

Frozen Pudding.

If you would surprise your dinner guests with the delicacy of a frozen pudding served in a block of ice, this is how you go about it. Have the ice sawed the desired shape, fill the mold in which the pudding is to be packed with boiling water, and place in on the ice until it melts out a hollow sufficiently deep to support it. Cover a platter with fine ferns, and put the ice in among the green sprays. At the last moment immerse the mold in cold water to loosen the pudding, slip it into the prepared receptacle, and you will have a dish as full of magic and mystery as was the famous pie of "four and twenty blackbirds."—N. Y. Sun.

A Useful Kitchen Table.

An exceedingly useful table for the kitchen is about two feet high. It is covered with zinc and is familiarly known in house-furnishing stores as a "boiler's table." It should stand near the range, and makes a convenient resting place for cakes and other dishes which are to be served directly from the fire to the table. Otherwise dishes must be set on the stove and become heated at the bottom and marred with stove polish. This little table is also a good thing to rest the pots and pans on when they are gathered up for washing or to stand them on before the fire to dry after they are washed.

Hominy Croquettes.

Boil the hominy until thoroughly done. Then turn it out on a plate to cool. To a pint and a half of hominy add a large pinch of salt, one spoonful of milk, three eggs well beaten, flour enough to roll the croquettes into shape and one teaspoonful of baking powder. Cook in a deep frying-pan full of boiling fat. When they are a nice light-brown remove from the fat and let them drain a few minutes before serving.

Worth Knowing Now.

The upper part of a room heated by a furnace is always hotter than the floor. The difference is sometimes 15 degrees. This varies with the temperature outside, the colder weather making a greater difference between the floor and ceiling temperature. You may have 5, 10, or even 20 degrees difference between the floor and ceiling.

A Simple Recipe.

"Your hard-wood floors are always so exquisitely polished. How do you manage to keep them so?"

"I put chamois-skin trousers on the children, and let them play on the floor."—Harper's Bazar.

Saving Coal.

In laying in coal, if possible store it in an airy place, as it will burn out much less quickly than if kept in close quarters. When kept from the air the coal gives out its gas and renders it less powerful when burned.

ONE DOG'S DAY.

I woke at six o'clock to-day,
And burned my basket o'er;
And soon I started out to play
Upon the kitchen floor.

Old Tib, the cat, had found a bone
That looked extremely nice;
I took that breakfast for my own,
And bade her catch some mice.

I chased her o'er the garden wall;
Oh, what a rush had we!
And then the hens and chickens all
Were visited by me.

And when at last my game was done
With chick and pussy-cat,
I though it would be splendid fun
If I could find a rat.

Alas, alas! as time went by
I broke a plate you see;
And mistress says too rough am I,
And gentler I must be.

A LITTLE GIRL'S COMPOSITION.

How Many Boys Can Write One in Fifteen Minutes, as This was.

Boy's compositions are published often, here is one written in school in fifteen minutes by a little girl of eleven years. The subject placed on the blackboard was:

FAULT-FINDING.

A fault-finder is one who is to be pounded; one who throws a gloom over a "would-be" bright household by a continual grumbling. One is whose life no bright and happy spot there is for, all is blurred and darkened, and often, yes, too often, does he darken his neighbor's life by his incessant grumbling. When once acquired, this most abominable habit is very hard to get rid of, but I think by memorizing this little poem they who are so unfortunate as to acquire it, may, perhaps, free themselves from the hateful ties.

"Bid your anger to depart,
Let it pass;
Lay these hasty words to heart,
Let it pass."

And if this fails to help him, then this Golden Rule may: Place yourselves in the same position as those on whose head you are about to lay the blame, and "Do unto others as you would have others do unto you."

FOR BOYS' INSTRUCTION.

Water will produce 1,700 times its volume in steam.

Why is the letter O the noisiest of the vowels? Because all the rest are inaudible.

If apples become frozen let them alone until they thaw out. We have known them to do it without the loss of a single one.

To put a button on the barn door is as easy as to brace it open or shut, and easier than mending and hanging it after the wind has smashed it.

"What did you learn, Tommy?" asked his mother on his return from his first day spent at school. "Didn't learn anything," said Tommy. "What did you do?" "Didn't do anything. A woman wanted to know how to spell 'cat,' and I told her."

Boys, don't spend all the money you can get for skating, etc. Put it by and set your wits at work how to earn more and add to it. Before you know it you will have $100, and then by letting this alone it will return you $6 per year. To put by the second hundred is easier than saving the first. A very wealthy man recently remarked that the most difficult part of all his money-getting was saving the first $100.

The excessive use of tobacco, so common in all civilized countries, is injurious to the health of the users; especially is it hurtful to boys. It is easy to learn to smoke or chew, but hard to abstain in after years. The habit is very expensive, and any boy who is ambitious to get along in the world, to be a man among men, with a competence of health and wealth in old age, should never touch tobacco. Let boys make a calculation like this: How much money will a person spend in fifty years for tobacco whose cigars cost him ten cents a day, not forgetting the compound interest?—Farm Journal.

Not Very Thin.

Little Neli—Me an' Jennie and Mabel had an awful nice dinner with my new tea-set.

Aunty—You did? And what did you have to eat?

"Soup."

"Real soup?"

"N-o, it was only pretend soup; but (brightening) it was made of city water wot wasn't filtered."—Good News.

The Chinese have a curious receipt for a dead. The writing is torn in two, each party keeping half." They sign their deeds with the thumb smeared in ink.

THEIR FIRST SPAT.

Unexpected Horrors Break Two Happy Hearts During the Honeymoon.

They had been married three weeks, and had just gone into housekeeping; chose to call the location Elm-Side. He starting for the city one morning, and she followed him to the door. They had their arms wrapped round each other and she was saying:—

"Oh, Clarence, do you think it possible that the day will ever come when we will cease to love?"

"Why, no, little puss," he said "of course not. What put that foolish idea into my little birdie's head, eh?"

"Oh, nothing, dearest. I was only thinking how perfectly dreadful it would be if one of us should speak harshly to the other."

"Well, don't think of such wicked, utterly impossible things any more," he said. "We can never, never quarrel."

"I know it, darling. Good-by, you dear old precious—good-by, and—oh! wait a second, Clarence—I've written a note to mamma. Can't you run down to the house and leave it for her some time to-day?"

"Why, yes, desire, if I have time."

"If you have time! Oh, Clarence!"

"What is it, little girlie?"

"Oh, to say if you have time' to do almost the first errand your little wife asks you to do."

"Well, well, sissy. I'm awfully busy just now."

"Too busy to please me? Oh, Clarence, you hurt my feelings so."

"My, child, I——"

"I'm not a child, Clarence—I'm a married woman, and I——"

"There, there, my pet. I——"

"No, no, Clarence, if I was your p—p—pet, you'd t—t—try to—to——"

"But Mabel, do be reasonable."

"Oh, Clarence, don't speak to me so."

"Mabel, be sensible, and——"

"Oh, oh, Clarence, go on; break my heart."

"Stuff and nonsense."

"Oh, o—o—oh!"

"What have I said or done?"

"As if you need to ask! But go—hate me if you will, Clarence, I——"

"This is ranky-tonsance."

"I'll go home to mamma if you want me to. She loves me if you don't."

"You must be crazy!"

"Oh, you spoke at me, ridicule me, break my poor heart. Perhaps you had better strike me."

He bangs the door, goes down the steps on a jump, and races off, muttering something about women being the "queerest creatures."

Of course they'll make it up when he comes home, and they'll have many such a little tiff in the years to come, and when they are old they'll say:

"We've lived together forty-five years, and never, no never, spoken a cross word to each other in all that time."

HOW THE LOVELY LILLIAN LIVES.

Miss Russell Believes Her Good Complexion is Due to Good Health.

Lillian Russell has a complexion like a rose leaf, and how she manages to retain the delicacy and brilliancy of color is something that no woman can find out. There is not an athlete in the field or a pugilist in the ring who takes better care of himself than this pink and white songbird. What she knows about keeping well, slim and good looking would fill a book that would sell 50,000 copies more than the distinguished author of "Society as I Found It." figured on.

Miss Russell graciously writes in reply to a writer's question: "I hold that plain food, very little wine, a great deal less ice water and plenty of exercise do more for the beauty of the skin than all the preparations known to the chemist. Whatever overtaxes or prostrates the action of digestion affects the whole system. If the stomach is out of order the complexion will be unhealthy. Exercise, regular and systematic, is the price of my health. Before retiring I bathe my face in hot water, to which a few drops of tincture of benzoin have been dissolved, making a milk white, soapy, fragrant bath. After a thorough washing I rinse it in cold water and dry well. I then apply a very little cold cream, working it into the skin with my hands until my face perspires at every pore and wipe with flannel until it is dry. After my bath in the morning I dust my face with a little pure rice powder. That catches the dust that otherwise would lodge in the pores of my face. I always wear a veil in dusty, windy weather and also when traveling to keep the soot and smoke from getting into my lungs and skin. There isn't much to tell, you see, and the only secret about a good complexion is good general health."

MARK TWAIN OUTDONE.

Superb Attractions of Golden City—Its Wonderful Beauty.

He had been lost for about four hours, and was riding along the trail, hoping to meet somebody who could tell him the way, when he came to a house, with a setter sitting on the fence in front, says the Detroit Free Press.

"Good day," he said, pulling up alongside. "Can you tell me how far it is to Golden City?"

"You're right thar, stranger," was the boastful reply. "This is Golden City."

"Great Cæsar, man!" exclaimed the visitor, "this Golden City? Why this isn't any town at all, and the advertisement said the population had more than doubled in the last three months and every man in town had all he could do."

"That's right, stranger. Three months ago there wasn't anybody here but me and my wife; now, there's me and her and the triplets—you ought to see those triplets, stranger—and I've got all I can do to provide for family contingencies. The advertisement is the gospel truth, stranger. Won't you get down and look over some of the lots? Shan't cost you a durn cent."

The stranger invested twenty-five cents in a feed.

Limberlip's Fishing Reform.

Breddern! Sense yo pashture hab session on de perscelin' corkus ar dis congergation fer tech up de back-sliders on de feeshin' marter, he done gib de subjeck a sorter ransackin', and he feteh out a rimerdy fo' de furder transgressabliness ob dis fol'. De report ar de 'sleasterum kermittee ar repar's an' s'plies am kermisalioned ter stack de baptisermus tank er dis chu'ch wid eels, cat-feesh, suckers an' mud-turkles, an' dat dey lashes famerly passes ter de spo'tin' mem'ers er de congergation ter bring dair tackle widdim dem Sunday. De resolushun right wha' dey'll be under dat inference ef'n dat feesh dots dem lyin' 'bout der size er der feesh dey done ketch. Bre'on Varmerfuge am appinted de feesh Kermalshiner ob de chu'ch persarbs, with power ter perwide wu'me fo de pardiszipsters, an' de tar'l on de same am ter be adjudicated at two cents a tamatus can. N. D., N. W.—No time, no wu'me.

This Date in History—July 7.

The Jewish month of Tamus now begins, but as an extra month is added seven times in nineteen years (to make the month correspond with the moon) the date of this month changes.

1777—Battle of Skenesborough.
1778—Emperor Nicholas of Russia born in St. Petersburg; succeeded his brother Alexander in 1825; died 1855.
1807—Treaty of Tilsit concluded; Prussia lost half her possessions and Bonaparte reached the height of his power.
1822—Several minor battles in Arkansas, including Round Hill and Bayou de View.
1863—John Morgan crossed the Ohio on his famous raid.
1775—Professor J. E. Cairnes died in London.
1800—Governor Nichols vetoed the Louisiana state lottery bill.
1881—Four murderers were electrocuted at Sing Sing prison, N. Y.

Unappreciated Thoughtfulness.

Husband—Goodby, my dear. I'll be dreadfully lonesome while you're away in the country.

Wife—I know you will, love, and I've prepared for it. Here's a nice new desk and a set of chips.—New York Evening Sun.

A Victim of Delusion.

Placid I am, content, serene;
I take my slab of gypsum bread;
And chunks of cinnamargarine
Upon its smoothness side I spread.

The egg I eat was never laid
By any cackling, feathered hen;
But from the Lord knows what 'tis made
Is Never by my unfeathered men.

I wash my simple breakfast down
With fragrant coffee, hickory nuts;
Or with the best black tea in town
Dried willow leaves I calmly steep.

But if from man's vile arts I flee,
And drink pure water from the pump,
I gulp down infusoria,
And hideous rotatoria,
And wriggling polygastrics,
And slimy diatomaceæ,
And hard-shelled cephyrocercinæ,
And double barreled kelpodæ,
Nonarticulated ambrolliæ,
And various animalcules,
Or middle, high and low degree;
For nature just loves all creation
In multiplied adulteration.
—Robert J. Burdette in Food.

1892			JULY.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 1 0:13 a.m.
Full 9 1:41 p.m.
First Quarter 31 2:45 p.m.
Third Quarter 16 8:22 p.m.
New 23 7:41 p.m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Its members paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Triumph Lodge, 1401, Knights of Honor meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at 8 o'clock p. m., in Locke Loomis, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——, Reporter.
Wyngaert Commandery, No. 31, second and fourth Tuesdays, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS
Bar-First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. Rooms have been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel on 1 at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

AT RANDOLPH'S
Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
Also in Siphons.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.
Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

Legal Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the administrator of the estate of Ann E. Brandt, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of September next.
WILLIAM R. CODINGTON.
Dated July 8th, 1892. 77

ASSIGNEE'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, assignee of Frank C. Green, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-first day of September next.
WILLIAM R. CODINGTON.
Dated July 8th, 1892. 77

ESTATE OF JOHN F. GRIFFEN, DECEASED
Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, surrogate of the county of Union, this day made on the application of the undersigned, Executrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the said subscriber.
MARY M. GRIFFEN, Executrix.
May 6th, 1892. 5139

CARRIAGES
and
HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessable at Any Time.
RYERSON,
33 SOMERSET STREET.

For the Next 30 Days
we will sell all Remnants of Paper
AT COST!
And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Dressers at a Bargain.
Marsh, Ayers & Co.,
29 East Front street.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
that A. G. VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.
COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

Big Bargains

Extra fine 25c. Dress Ginghams at 18c.
Plaid Dress Ginghams, 7c.
Cutting Flannels 9c.
New style in Irish Lawns, 12c.
New figured Organdie at 9c., very stylish and pretty.
Plaid Nainsooks, 8c.
Fine Silk Belts, 18c.
Black Silk Mitts, 25c.
Our assortment of new styles Mattings and Low Prices surpasses anything ever before offered in this city. Our assortment of Elegant Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs, etc., is complete and prices guaranteed the Lowest.

Excellent quality Cotton Pongee at 12c.
Lot Ladies' Shirt Waists at 45c.
Men's Night Shirts 50c.
Boys' Outing Shirts 25c.
Men's Outing Shirts, 35c.
The best 50c. vented Corsets ever offered this city.
Superior Silk Gloria Umbrellas, $1.39.

EDSALL'S!

This space is reserved for
ZIMMERMANN & RUMPF,
the West Front street Hardware Dealers.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I.
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
W. M. JENKINS, Prop.
Now opened for guests. Grand opening Hop July 2d. 6 13 28m

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEE TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. — E. W. Harrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 62. Printing of All Kinds. — 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, JULY 5, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

NEW SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND THEIR ADDRESS TO THE OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. No EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

BREVITIES.

—Probably for the first time on record for the Fourth of July no arrests were made yesterday in the borough.

—Rector Clarkson Munson of Trinity Reformed church rang the bell yesterday morning in honor of the day.

—There was not a quorum present at the Common Council meeting, last evening, and a special meeting will be called for Friday evening, July 8th.

—The "Stars" of this city visited South Plainfield yesterday morning, and defeated the ball club of that place by the score of eleven to seven. C. A. Stubbs made two home runs, and the catching of G. Boeterli and E. Erickson is reported as very good.

—A funny incident happened in a North Plainfield saloon yesterday, when a Shetland pony walked to the bar and drank a glass of beer as though he enjoyed it.

—A North Plainfield married woman, who went to Greider's grove yesterday afternoon, in search of her daughter, prefers a serious charge against a Plainfield stage driver. The woman claims he made indecent proposals to her, but she made her escape to the Evona depot and returned to this city by train. It was with difficulty that the husband was restrained from prosecuting the man.

PERSONAL.

He bought a nice toy pistol
And started out to fire,
But soon a murder cherub
Sang in the heavenly choir.—Ex.

Miss King of Evona is visiting friends on Lake street, Ocean Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. Holridge of Trenton, spent yesterday with friends in this city.

The engagement of Dr. Frank Rufus Searles of this city, and Miss Myra Rose Lowrie, a daughter of Dr. H. H. Lowrie of Park avenue, is announced.

Mr. John O'Reilly, of Washington, spent Sunday and Monday with his daughter, Mrs. Eugene Laine, of East Second street.

Mr. Jos. Fike of this city, was entered in several of the bicycle races at Rahway, Saturday. He won one heat, was second in another, but did not finish the race.

The New York Herald has the following to say about a former Plainfield boy: "Lint Yarian, the popular manager of the Orange Athletic Club's nine, is a master of the first water. Any player of any promise is sure to get a fair trial by him."

Miss Lissia Livezey, Mr. Geo. Fuller, Miss Ella Gardner, Mr. George Rockefellow, Miss Cora Gardner, Mr. Joe Fuller, Miss Mabel Darling, Mr. Ed. Randolph, Miss Maud Lovell, Mr. Will Jessup composed a picnic party to Boynton Beach yesterday. They all report spending a very pleasant day.

The Rev. Charles R. Mitchell, the genial pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, has been made a Doctor of Philosophy by Allegheny College. Dr. Mitchell won this honor by pursuing successfully the special course which all first class colleges now prescribe for those who would purchase to themselves this excellent degree.

John C. Van Dyke, of West Second street, died at his home in this city, on Sunday afternoon, at two o'clock. The deceased was a sufferer from a consumption and went to Colorado four years ago. The trip, however, was not beneficial to him and he returned to this city over a year ago. Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M., had charge of the funeral, which took place this afternoon.

PLAINFIELDERS IN A CYCLONE.

An Exciting Time—Their Horse Runs Away.

Mr. Andrew Wilson and wife of Somerset street returned yesterday evening from Asbury Park, where they have been spending a portion of the season. Mr. Wilson had his horse and carriage along, and last Thursday was returning from a drive to Long Branch, when the storm in which we were visited with here, came up. On the road just outside the boundary of Long Branch, Mr. Wilson, observing indications of a storm of extraordinary character, drove under a wagon shed, but the wind came suddenly and with such fury that it swept the shed out of existence. This frightened the horse, and with much difficulty Mr. Wilson got it turned into the road. Branches of trees and debris generally were flying through the air, and the wind threatened to overturn the carriage.

To avoid this Mr. Wilson turned the horse to run before the wind, and it very pushed them along, the horse running terrified at full speed.

Mr. Wilson struggled to stop the horse, long enough to permit his wife to alight. This he managed to get upon terra firma without serious injury, and later, when the horse was giving way, Mr. Wilson also succeeded in getting out—none too soon, however, for the horse, trembling in every limb with fear, tore loose from the carriage and dashed off to be caught three miles away. The wind subsided almost as suddenly as it had arisen. Mr. Wilson doesn't want such another experience.

Before Justice Nash.

The cases of Mass vs. McGinly, in tort, Conrad 6200, and O'Brien vs. McCarty, contract, demand $100 are set for today 12th.

The case of Manning vs. Seguine which is to have been tried to-day, has been filed.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

HOW IT WAS SPENT BY MANY PLAINFIELDERS YESTERDAY.

The Ball Games and Fireworks at the Crescent League Grounds—Fireworks at the Hotel Netherwood.

The New Market Races.

another "Fourth" has come and gone.

The day was ushered in at precisely midnight, by the booming of a cannon on East Fifth street and numerous pistol shots, and fire crackers in the vicinity of the depot.

Quite a number of Plainfielders left on the excursions to Lake Hopatcong and Mauch Chunk, while not a few spent the day at the seashore.

A great many wheelmen attended the bicycle races at Rahway, and other places.

The ball games were both well attended, as were also the fireworks in the evening.

CRESCENT LEAGUE GROUNDS.

Every available seat, both on the grand stand, and on the bleachers, was occupied yesterday morning when the Gorhams crossed bats with the home team. It is estimated that 1,500 people were present.

The Gorhams made a splendid start, scoring three runs in the first inning, but after that not a man crossed the rubber.

The home team got in the lead in the third inning and were never headed, landing winners, by the score of sixteen to three.

The home team played a brilliant game, the visitors played loosely and made several costly errors.

Many of the colored fraternity in this city lost largely on their ideal club.

The score was as follows:

	R.	B. H.
Crescents.....	1 0 4 4 0 5 0 1 1—16	13 1
Base hits....	0 1 5 4 0 4 0 1 0	
Gorhams.....	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3	4 8
Base hits.....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3	

Earned runs—Crescents, 6. Two base hits, Crescents 5. Three-base hits, Crescents 1. Passed balls, Barn 5; Hofford 1. Wild pitch, Selden 1. Base on balls, from Meaken 1; from Selden 4. Struck out, by Meaken 5; by Selden 2. Left on bases, Crescents 7; Gorhams 2. Double play, Chamberlain (unassisted). Time of game, 1.30. Umpire, Mr. Berriman.

At 2.45 p. m. another game was played with the Allertons, which resulted in shutting the visitors out.

Powers pitched for the home club, and the entire team played a faultless game.

The Allertons were never "in it" from the start as the following score will show:

	R.	B. H.	E.
Crescents....	4 2 1 2 0 0 0 0 1—11	11	0
Base hits....	2 2 1 2 0 0 1 1 2		
Allertons.....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	4	7
Base hits....	0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0		

Earned runs—Crescents, 3. Two base hits, Crescents 1. Passed balls, Reilly 4; Allertons balls, off Galligan 4; struck out, by Powers 3; by Galligan 1; left on bases, Crescents 9; Allertons 4. Time of game 1.33. Umpire, Mr. Berriman.

At eight o'clock fully three thousand people assembled to hear the band concert and see the fireworks.

Before the exhibition, the Twenty-third Regiment band, of New York gave the following selections:

March—"Um Tara"	Alfred D. Fobs
Overture—"A Dance Masquerade"	Bolding
Selection of airs from "Paul Jones,"	"Poor Jonathan and "Red Hussar."
Waltz—"First Flirtation"	Strauss
Song—"The Palms"	Faure
Overture—American National airs	Tobani
(solo for baritone by F. X. Diller.)	
March—Commemorative	Leggett
Intermezzo—The Cavaliers Gentlemen	Mascagni
Popular selection—"Stelly and the 400"	Stephan
Fantasie Characteristic—"Cocoanut Dance,"	Herman
March—"Crescent League"—(Dedicated to the Mascot of the Crescent League)	Alfred D. Fobs

The fire works were very fine, especially the American eagle and shield, Niagara Falls and the fiery pigeons. The ball team in a blaze of Red fire called forth much applause.

HOTEL NETHERWOOD.

The grandest celebration perhaps in the annals of New Market, took place yesterday.

The day programme consisted of boat foot races, tug of war, sack races, etc.

In the evening a grand display of fireworks was given.

Sunday Evening at Hotel Netherwood.

The Greenop Philharmonic Quartette rendered the following selections, at the Hotel Netherwood, Sunday evening:

Overture—"Raymond"	Thomas
Intermezzo—"Love's Dream"	Czibulka
Potpourri—"Louis IX Lammermoor"	Donizetti
Melody in F	Rubinstein
Sleepers	Meyerbeer
Grand Selection—"Si Puritani"	Bellini
Sacred March, from the Prophet	

Hillside Tennis Club.

The next meeting of the above club will be held at the Hillside Tennis Club house, on Wednesday evening, July 6th, at eight o'clock. Business of importance will be transacted.

At the meeting, the question of limiting the membership from eighty to one hundred, and raising the initiation and annual fees, will be discussed.

LEAGUE BASE BALL.

CRESCENTS WIN IN THE NINTH INNING FROM WESTFIELD.

Sneeden Covers Himself with Glory, Both in the Field and at the Bat—A Bad Rattle in the Fourth Inning, but by Hard Playing the Home Team Won.

Saturday night Sneeden was the hero of the hour. As he was about to retire from the ball field, after making a two base hit, which drove the two winning runs home, in the ninth inning, strong hands lifted him on the shoulders of enthusiastic Plainfield men, and he was carried from the field, amid the cheers and cries of the victorious Crescent followers.

The game was a hard fought one from beginning to end, and neither team had much advantage at the beginning of the last inning, although the score stood four to three in favor of the Westfields.

The latter club was strengthened by Jack Sharrott, lately released from the New York team and he, together with Esterbrook, the old leaguers McIndoe, Smith, and others, composed the strongest aggregation that the Crescents have played against.

Sneeden pitched an excellent game, as did also Clare of the Westfields. The former struck out five men, and the latter six. Six hits were made from Clare, and the Westfield only secured four from Sneeden.

It was Sneeden's batting that captured the Plainfielders. He is a man who will sacrifice readily, but such a thing as a base hit and a two-bagger are uncommon with him. Saturday he made both, and the audience (that is the Plainfield portion) became wild.

In the fourth inning the home boys became rattled, and allowed the Westfields to score two unearned runs. The Crescents, however, rallied in their half of the fifth inning and scored two runs, which was enough to win.

In the sixth, Sharrott walked to the plate and in an instant the ball was soaring way beyond Murphy's reach in left field. Sharrott went like the wind and made third base before the ball was fielded in. The run was scored in McIndoe's long hit to right field.

The Crescents tied the score in the seventh inning, by an earned run of Bonner's, who came in on Jones' two-bagger.

In the eighth inning, Sharrott secured first base on an error of Jones and afterward scored. In this inning Umpire Berriman was very severe on Sneeden, and sent McIndoe to first on what he called a balk. The decision was very unjust, and although there was much protesting, Berriman was firm and would not rescind his decision. Several times during the game he was partial to Westfield, especially on home plate decisions.

In the beginning of the ninth inning, the score stood four to three in favor of Westfield. Howe stepped to the plate and lined a ball out to Murphy, who was aching for just such a play. O'Neil knocked out a little one to Jones, who quickly put him out. Warner surprised the people by making a hit, but was left on base, as Clare went out to Jones.

O'Rourke was the first of the Crescents to face Clare. He punched a small one to Howe, who fielded it to Esterbrook and O'Rourke walked sadly back.

Leidy was next and secured a hit. Bonner struck a little one, which was fielded to Esterbrook, and was fumbled by that individual. That is when they lost the game. Jones next went out to Smith at second base, and things looked very dubious for the Plainfield team.

Sneeden walked to the plate determined to do or die. He chose the former, and in an instant the ball was soaring out in right field, beyond sprinter Sharrott's reach.

Leidy and Bonner in the meantime were coming like the wind. Sharrott by quick fielding threw the ball in to the diamond, but too late, as Leidy and Bonner had both scored and Plainfield was again in the lead for the pennant.

The scene referred to in the beginning of this article then took place, and Sneeden was the hero of the day.

The score was as follows:

PLAINFIELD.

	AB	R	BH	SO	PO	BB	LB	PO	A
Hofford, c.f.	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Daley, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
Murphy, l.f.	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0
Turner, 3b	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	2
O'Brien, r.f.	4	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Leidy, c.	4	2	2	0	0	0	2	1	0
Bonner, 1b	4	2	2	0	0	0	2	3	1
Jones, 1 b	4	0	1	0	3	0	1	10	0
Sneeden, p.	4	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	1
	36	4	6	0	6	0	2	5	27

WESTFIELD.

	AB	R	BH	SO	PO	BB	LB	PO	A
Sharrott, r.f.	4	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
McIndoe, l.f.	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Lever, c. f.	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0
Esterbrook, 1b	4	0	0	0	1	0	1	9	0
Smith, 2 b.	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	3
Howe, ss.	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	6
O'Neil, 3b.	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	2
Warner, c.	4	0	1	1	2	0	1	4	3
Clare, p.....	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
	34	4	4	2	5	1	7	23	14

Two men out when winning runs were made.

Plainfield.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1—4
Base hits.....	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	2
Westfield.....	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	0—4
Base hits.....	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0

Westfield, July 2—Earned runs, Plainfield 3; Westfield, 1. Two-base hits, Jones, Sneeden. Three-base hits, Esterbrook, Office hits, Turner, Sneeden, McIndoe, Lever. First base on balls, by Sneeden 1. Umpire, Mr. Berriman. Time of game, two hours.

Somerville had a picnic with Francis in the first and second innings, at Somerville, Saturday. In the first inning the Somervillians made five runs and in the second, six more were added to the tally-sheet. After this Francis settled down to business and cyphers were the only results that Somerville could obtain.

Elizabeth scored only in the first and third innings, and the balance of the game was a very pretty one.

Hopkins, the new league umpire did very well.

The score was as follows:

WEST ENDS, A. A.

	R.	B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Carbonell, c.f.	2	1	1	1	0
Farrell, 2b	2	1	7	3	1
Carlin, r.f.	0	1	2	0	1
Harkins, 1b	2	1	8	0	1
Kennedy, c	1	1	8	0	0
Lyman, l.f.	2	2	0	0	0
Moorehead, s.s.	1	1	0	0	0
Cadigan, 3b	0	0	1	2	0
Miller, p.	0	0	1	2	0
Anderson, p.	0	1	0	1	0
Total	11	10	27	10	3

ELIZABETH.

Coogan, r.f.	0	1	3	1	1
Bowes, 1b	1	1	12	0	0
Murray, s.s.	1	1	1	2	1
Williams, 3b	0	1	5	5	0
Tierney, c. f.	0	0	0	0	0
Dillon, c.	0	0	6	0	0
Berry, 2b	0	0	0	3	2
Rafferty, c.	0	0	0	0	0
Francis, p.	0	1	0	1	0
Total	2	7	34	14	5

West End A.A.'s 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 *—11
Elizabeth.....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Earned runs—Elizabeth, 1. Two-base hits—Carlin, Moorehead, Tierney and Francis. Stolen bases—West End A. A. 5. Double plays Carlin and Harkins; Williams and Bowes. Bases on called balls off Frank of Anderson, 3. Hit by pitched ball—Dillon. Struck out—By Miller, 3; by Anderson, 2; by Francis, 4. Time of game—1.50. Umpire—Hopkins.

TRIED TO KILL HIS WIFE.

After Destroying $1,500 Worth of Furniture. Lodged in Jail.

New Market is excited over the attempt of James W. Hallett of that place to kill his wife and child. Hallett was arrested Friday and lodged in the New Brunswick jail.

His wife, who caused his arrest, was at one time very well-to-do, and she claims that Hallett has wasted most of her money in dissipation. He was given to drink, and made frequent demands on her for funds, most of which she gave him to prevent trouble. He abused her on several occasions, and on July 29th, she went to New Brunswick and made a complaint against him before Justice Baxter.

Hallett heard of this, and when his wife and Detective Russell arrived on the scene they found a terrible state of affairs. Hallett had taken a heavy axe and was splitting up the furniture, some of it very valuable. Several costly mirrors had been broken, likewise a marble-topped bureau, which cost $200 had been broken into bits; the furniture was most of it broken more or less, including several tables, etc., and all together, according to Mrs. Hallett's account about $1,500 worth of damage had been done.

When Mrs. Hallett appeared, her husband became more enraged, and, whipping out a razor rushed up stairs, with the evident intention of killing his two-year old child, who lay in the nurse's arms there. Antonina, the nurse girl, saw him coming and rushed away with the child, Hallett following her and striking at them both with the razor. Once he hit the nurse, but the razor slipped and she was not cut, the back of the instrument striking her. She finally escaped the man, and he then rushed at his wife, who also eluded him. Hallett was shouting in the meantime that there would be a funeral in the house before long if he had to hang for it.

He was brought to New Brunswick and committed on a warrant for assault and battery and threats both against his wife and the servant girl and also a charge of malicious mischief.

Hallett when arrested, was somewhat under the influence of liquor. He is a stout, good looking man of about forty, whose manner is rather against him.

In the Quarter Sessions Court, Saturday, Hallett was up before Judge Rice on the several charges against him, bail for which was fixed at $6,000.

He was remanded to jail in default of bail.

THE POLICE BLOTTER.

Judge Coddington had Five Cases Before Him This Morning.

At the police court this morning, Sheridan and Heffrian were arrested for fighting. Sentence was suspended on the former, and Heffrian was fined four dollars, which was paid.

Michael Dovncho was arrested last evening for disorderly conduct and raising a disturbance on Front street. This morning he plead guilty and was fined twelve dollars, which he paid.

H. Fousburg for disorderly conduct, was given the choice of a $ vedollar fine, or 10 days in the county jail. He chose the former.

Michal Burk was fined one dollar for allowing live stock to roam the streets. He promised to keep his goats at home in the future and was released.

The Relief Association.

To its friends about to leave home for a Summer outing: Do not forget that our funds have been exhausted by the work of Winter, while a considerable number of persons—because of sickness or misfortune—will continue to require the care of the association throughout the Summer.

Donations in cash, or by check, will be thankfully acknowledged by the treasurer. MRS. H. P. REYNOLDS,
71 Washington avenue,
North Plainfield.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Loss is in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 5.—(Special).—Frank Leon, who left New York June 4 on a bicycle trip around the world, is here. It has taken him twenty days to ride 1,120 miles, which distance he has covered between New York and Chicago. He expects to reach New York again June 4, 1893. His route follows the Northern Pacific Railroad to San Francisco. He will travel from Shanghai, China, a trip that has never yet been made by a wheelman.

Cyrus Field Dying.

DOBBS FERRY, N. Y., July 5. (Special).—The reports which came this morning from Ardsley Park, the country seat of the Fields, indicated that the condition of Cyrus W. Field was even more critical than was generally understood. It was believed both by the family and those in attendance upon the sick man this morning that the end was near at hand.

Paterson's Celebration.

PATERSON, N. J., July 5th. (Special.)—To-day is the third and last day of the celebration of Paterson's centenary. There was a monster parade of the National Guard this morning, reviewed by the Governor.

Fireworks this evening will close the festivities.

Five Cents a Life.

NEW YORK, July 5th. (Special.)—Ed. Gallagher, a 16-year-old newsboy, rescued a boating party, composed of four men and two women, off Belden's Point, last evening and received 30 cents as his reward.

Removing the Cargo.

LONDON, July 5th, (Special.)—The wreckers yesterday discharged 72 bales of leather, 680 quarters of beef and 160 general packages from the City of Chicago.

Will pay off the Mortgage.

A most important step has been taken by the officers of our church in regard to Monroe avenue chapel. James McGee agrees to pay off the mortgage of $2,500 on the property, and just as soon as it is considered advisable, a Society of the Methodist church will be organized in the chapel, a board of trustees constituted, and the property leased to that board for a mere nominal sum. Just as soon as it appears that it is wise to make a complete transfer of the property to the Monroe avenue society the church trustees will do so. In the meanwhile, the property is not to be encumbered by debt. Mr. McGee will have placed in the chapel a memorial tablet in memory of his wife, who, with her husband, was so much interested in the success of the chapel. The official board has most heartily expressed its high appreciation of Mr. McGee's liberality in connection with Monroe avenue chapel, and all unite in prayer for the highest success of the enterprise. The outlook is hopeful for a vigorous young society at Monroe avenue in the near future.—The Visitor.

—It has been my good fortune during my week's stay at this hotel to be seated at a table with three or four bright women. Every one of them comes down to breakfast with a newspaper in her hands, and what do you suppose she reads first? Why, the advertisements of the big dry goods houses, of course. She dwells and comments on every item of the advertisements with the serious interest that I suppose to the market report.—Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Plainfield Camera Club will be held at the rooms on East Front street this evening.

Convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor—Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, to be held in New York City July 7th to 10th inclusive, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that it will sell excursion tickets at one first-class limited fare for round trip by route travelled on continuous passage tickets. These tickets to be sold July 5th to 7th, good going only to New York, not later than the 8th, valid returning July 10th to 15th inclusive. Tickets however, may be extended until August 15th if deposited with agent of committee on or before July 15, to be held by him and only surrendered to passenger on date journey is commenced.

DRUGS play but a small part in the world where the people

Now RIO is bottled.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted by a young man who understands the care of horses and cows, and is a good milker. Will work in Plainfield, Fanwood or Westfield. Address "Lucius," care of EVENING NEWS. 8 5

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Operators and boxers on vests. 23 West Front street. 30 8

$75 TO $200 can be made monthly working for B. F. Johnson & Co., 2000 E. Main street, Richmond, Va. 6 9 lm*

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—In Washington Park, July 4th, a green cloth carriage robe. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to Martin D. Cooley, North Plainfield.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Can remain any length of time. Address at once, "L. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. tf

BOARDERS WANTED.

A T 12 Craig place, furnished rooms with board. Table boarders accommodated. 6 23 2

FOR RENT.

TO LET—Barn, 2 stalls and wagon room. No. 40 Manning avenue. S. D. Sheats. 27 6

FOR SALE.

$40 CASE will buy a ball bearing safety bicycle worth double the amount. Almost new and in perfect condition. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS.

FOR SALE—Pair of heavy mules; also gentle horse. Children can drive. Apply to A. Keelan, 13 Kensington avenue. 2 3

LOTS containing half an acre and upwards on Grove ave. Small down payment, balance long time. Splendid opportunity to have a home cheap. Non-resident. O. B. Box 107, Cleveland, O. 30 29

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 15f

MISCELLANEOUS.

A GENTLEMEN, who has studied for several years in Europe, desires pupils in languages. Address "Languages," care of EVENING NEWS 5,15s

49000 Celery plants, extra fine. Greenhouse plants in variety at Denton's, 127 Hillside avenue. 1 7

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset. 5-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 23tf

WANTED—$1.60 on first mortgage. Best references. Address "K.," EVENING NEWS. 2 2

BOYNTON : : - - BEACH, With Greatly Increased Attractions, NOW OPEN.

SUN RISE, 4.33; SUN SET, 7.35.

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children. The Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hose you buy for 25c. per pair and the Children's for 18c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye

Wash Dress Fabric.

A little late in the Season to buy Wash Dress Goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection to-a month as we displayed last, and prices more in the favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Sateens at 18 and 15c., Bedford Cord at 10c., Figured Indian Linons at 12c., Irish Lawns at 12c. and Chalies at 5c.

VanEmburgh & White

First Baptist SUNDAY SCHOOL'S EXCURSION TO Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, on Wednesday, July 20.

Trains leave Plainfield at 8 a. m., returning leave Asbury Park at 5.30 p. m.

Tickets for adults $1.25; children under 12 years of age 60c.

Stops will be made at Long Branch each way.

Tickets may be purchased at L. W. Randolph's pharmacy and at A. M. Vanderbeek's music store. 5 9 12 16 18 19

ST JOSEPH'S CHURCH Fair and Festival, in Saenger-Turner Hall next THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, July 7, 8, and 9.

ADMISSION - 10 Cents
Music each evening by Eugene M. O'Reilly 5 29

For the Next 30 Days we will sell all Remnants of Paper AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Bromos at a Bargain.

Marsh, Ayers & Co., 29 East Front street.

BUTTER.

FINE - TABLE - BUTTER 18c. per Pound.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association, Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes, Egg Milk Shakes, Egg Phosphates, are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught. Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist, 21 WEST FRONT STREET

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows 20 WEST FRONT STREET, and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to $10 Cut in Latest Styles. FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just received. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Globe-Democrat rejoices because there will be "lots of politics" in the presidential campaign this fall.

A man ninety-one years old lately proved his final claim to a homestead near Colorado Springs and entered into undisputed possession. He said he expected to live on it and work it many years yet. This story teaches that all things come to him who waits and works, though sometimes they are a long while about it.

That is a good bill which has passed the national house, declaring that Indian children who have had ten years' industrial training and are twenty-one years old shall be adjudged citizens of the United States and be entitled to no further government aid. That is the best way to settle the Indian question, catch the Indians young, bring them up like white children, to work for their living, then turn them out to do it.

Many churches and ministers have petitioned the World's fair authorities to close the exposition on Sunday. In opposition to this opinion one body of churches, representing the northern Massachusetts and New Hampshire Unitarian conferences, petition the same authorities to leave the show open on Sunday as a "silent exhibit," the art galleries and the display in general being simply open for inspection, with no machinery running.

Secretary Rusk did not get the Republican nomination for president or vice president, but he got what no other man has hitherto been able to do—he has obtained the right of way for the American hog into Italy, Germany, Austria-Hungary, France, Spain and Denmark. He did it by having rigid inspection regulations enforced on our hog at home, and so made foreign nations respect the animal. If now he will only enforce some regulations against the American hog who puts his feet upon car seats and spits all over creation, Secretary Rusk will be a greater man than George Washington. Uncle Jerry has done wonders with the American hog—can he do this?

To Be Popular as a Talker.

We observe that an inquirer writes to a newspaper asking how she may become a thoroughly good converser. We take the liberty of giving a few hints herewith.

First, if you want to interest people and draw them around you, talk about yourself first, last and always. Tell them how gifted you were in your childhood, of all the teachers said to you, mothers of the prizes you won. Tell them about the gowns you wore, how you were dressed when you were married, how your fond parents cried over you when you left them, etc. Narrate the full tale of the poem you had published in a newspaper, how the editor remarked that it was the most extraordinary piece of verse he had read since Pidgin's. Speak then of the offers of marriage you had, of how Widgin blew his brains out because you refused him and Pidgin went crazy for the same reason. Speak of how rich you were and are.

If all this has not produced the desired effect, begin then to talk about your ancestors. Tell how you are descended from the great Doodle family that were cocks of the walk in King James' time. Mention your grandfather's talent, the honors that were showered on your great-grandfather. When everything else runs out, talk about your physical ailments. It does not matter which branch of the subject you take up, just so that the subject is always yourself and your own personal affairs. Big "I" forever.

Pumping Water by Siphon.

It was not an American—more's the pity—but a Frenchman who invented a plan, ingenious in its very simplicity, for supplying his household with water from a small stream by taking advantages of the siphon principle. The water cannot of course be raised beyond thirty-three feet, but that is high enough for all purposes in a country establishment.

A large siphon thirty-three feet high is placed in water and set to drawing and discharging the fluid in the usual manner. But at the top, in the neck of the siphon, is placed a receiving chamber for the water, with a valve which cuts it off from the vent pipe just as that pipe is filled and has begun to discharge.

The water which is thus caught in the receiving chamber is carried by a pipe to a tank in the second story of the inventor's house and is there stored, whence it can be used for domestic purposes or for irrigating the garden and for watering live stock. Of course sufficient proportion must be maintained between the upward and downward flow or the siphon would stop acting. The receiving chamber therefore does not cut off all the water that is sucked up, but a sufficient quantity is allowed to flow off to keep up the motion. When the tank is filled the siphon is released from further service. A third of the water raised by it is drawn into the house tank.

The idea is worth following up in this country. Its practical adaptation is so cheap and simple that the wonder is nobody has thought of it before.

HILL COUNSELS LOYALTY.

A Fourth of July Letter of Advice to the Democracy.

IT WAS READ AT TAMMANY HALL.

Ex-President Cleveland Also Sends a Letter from Gray Gables—A Distinguished Gathering and Notable Celebration of the Day at Woodstock.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The chief feature of the celebration of Independence Day in this city was the 116th annual celebration by the Society of Tammany or Columbian Order at Tammany Hall. The hall was beautifully decorated. The exercises were opened by the playing of national airs by the Sixty-ninth Regiment band. Grand Sachem Thomas F. Gilroy delivered a short address, heartily welcoming those present. He then introduced the quartet of the Tammany Glee club, who sang some patriotic ballads. The Declaration of Independence was next read. The reading was frequently interrupted by the applause of the audience. Addresses were made by Hon. W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska; Hon. Arthur Pendleton, of West Virginia; Bourke Cockran, Senator Gibson, of Maryland; Congressman Crain, of Texas; Congressman Earle, of Tennessee; Congressman Cummings, of New York; Congressman Heard, of Missouri; Congressman Herbert, of Mississippi, and Congressman Hemphill, of South Carolina.

Among the letters of regret was the following from ex-President Grover Cleveland.

Mr. Cleveland's Letter.

GRAY GABLES, BUZZARD'S BAY, MASS., June 29, 1892.

TO Hon. Thomas F. Gilroy, Grand Sachem:

DEAR SIR—I acknowledge, with thanks, the courtesy of an invitation to attend the celebration of the 116th anniversary of American Independence by the Tammany society on the fourth day of July next.

It will be impossible for me to take part in the interesting exercises you have completed, but I hope the celebration will be abundantly pleasant and profitable to those who are fortunately able to participate.

I believe that Independence Day should be celebrated with zeal and enthusiasm by the old and young in every part of our land, in every condition of American life. No man, woman or child within the limits of American citizenship should forget or outgrow the sentiments relating to the observance of the Fourth of July.

Because there are influences and tendencies abroad which tend to the neglect of this anniversary the valuable and patriotic efforts of the Tammany society to rescue it from indifference ought to be universally applauded.

I notice that my invitation contains the declaration that the coming celebration by the society "is designed to be of exceptional significance and extraordinary effect." I have no fear that this design will miscarry, for I am satisfied that the Tammany society will not lose the opportunity the occasion affords to teach that the Declaration of Independence was a movement on the part of the people, and that the people themselves; that the patriotism it inspires, enjoins unselfish care for our country's welfare that political endeavor is only safe and useful when undertaken in the people's interest, and that political organization is only effective and successful when approved and tested by an intelligent popular judgment. Yours very truly

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Letters were also received from the following: Horace Boies, governor of Iowa; Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania; Governor Buchtel, of Colorado; Senator Carlisle, Senator Irby, ex-Senator Reagan, of Texas, and Representative Tucker, of Virginia; Breckenridge, of Arkansas, and Compton, of Maryland.

Hill Counsels Loyalty.

The following letter from Senator Hill was read:

Hon. Thomas F. Gilroy and others, committee:

DEAR SIRS—Engagements made prior to its receipt prevent my acceptance of the invitation to participate with the Tammany society on the coming Fourth of July.

This year's celebration of the anniversary of our country's independence is peculiar, as it does an important political contest involving the supremacy of the essential principles of free government may appropriately be made the occasion of the renewal of our faith in those cherished principles which have been for so many years the faithful champions of the intrepid Democracy of Tammany Hall.

Our course at the present time is plain. The Democracy of the state in the approaching struggle should present a solid front to the common enemy. Loyalty to Democratic principles and regularly nominated candidates is the supreme duty of the hour. I remain, your fellow citizen, DAVID B. HILL.

A Great Day at Woodstock.

WOODSTOCK, CONN., July 5.—Of all the celebrations throughout the country of the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence, the one at Roseben Park, the country residence of Henry C. Bowen, was perhaps the most notable. This celebration was the twenty-second of the series, the idea having originated in 1870, when President Grant, B. F. Butler, the Russian minister to Washington and many other notable men were among the participants. During those twenty-two years nearly 200 of the best known people in the country have participated in Woodstock's Fourth of July celebrations. Among them have been President Harrison, Vice President Morton, Vice Presidents Hamlin, Wilson and Morton, ex-Secretary of State James G. Blaine, Senators Sherman, ex-Senator Evarts, Senators Logan, Hawley, Miller and the late General Hancock, a score of members of congress, scores more of governors and numerous presidents of colleges, judges, bishops and representatives of nearly all countries.

This celebration, as in previous years, took place in the open air, and the exercises were preceded by a delightful clambake. The proceedings were opened with an address of welcome by Congressman Charles A. Russell, of Connecticut, and then Senator Platt, of Connecticut, introduced the orator of the day and delivered a patriotic address. Secretary Tracy followed, with a lengthy oration, and then Senator Hoar spoke "Ode to the Republic," was read by Professor Wilkinson, of the Chicago university.

The remainder of the programme was as follows: Address by Senator Frye, of Maine, upon the "American Ship;" Attorney General Miller, "Freedom of Growth;" General Thomas Morgan, "Our Indian Problem;" Congressman Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, "Immigration," and John V. Farrell, of Chicago, "The West."

During the proceedings a letter of congratulation was read from Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, who is now ninety-three years of age.

In the evening the guests were banqueted, and afterward there was a grand display of fireworks.

A Cemetery Consecrated.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 5.—Rev. Anthony O'Connor, of Seton Hall, assisted by Rev. Fathers Hall, Smith, Roche and Glennon, dedicated the new Roman Catholic cemetery here before a big gathering. Bishop O'Farrell, of Trenton, consecrated the ground and delivered an impressive address.

IRISH HOME RULE IN SIGHT.

The Pending Election Indicates That the Next Parliament Will Be Overwhelmingly Liberal.

LONDON, July 5.—If the contested elections are an indication of the ultimate result, the next parliament will be overwhelmingly Liberal, and Ireland will have home rule. Of course the returns are not decisive. It will take until next Tuesday to tell the story with any assurance, but the figures point to a tidal wave sweeping Mr. Gladstone into power permanently and establishing an Irish parliament again in College Green. If the results continue to average as they do, the epitaph of Balfour may soon be written, and Ireland take her place among the nations of the earth. The battle has not been won, but it has been well begun, and Liberals everywhere are rejoicing over the results so far known.

The results are: Elected, 95; Conservatives, 49; Liberals, 39; Liberal-Unionists, 7. The Liberals have gained eleven seats, the Tories two, and their allies, the Liberal-Unionists, have gained one seat. The net gain for the Liberal party and Irish home rule is therefore eight seats.

William O'Brien Attacked.

DUBLIN, July 5.—William O'Brien was fiercely attacked by the Parnellites. He was surrounded by hundreds of his friends and guarded by police. The Parnellites, however, broke through the surrounding crowd and badly wounded Mr. O'Brien by striking him on the temple with a stone. Mr. O'Brien was removed to the nearest house and medical aid was summoned. A fierce struggle between the factions followed, and the police were powerless to prevent it. Many persons, including priests and constables, were seriously injured.

FASHIONS

LITTLE GIRLS' COSTUMES.

Newest Styles from Leading Modistes Sketched and Described.

In the accompanying cut are illustrated two charming frocks for little girls. One is in green crepon. The bodice forms bretelles over a shirt and sleeves of pale green foulard with a white floral pattern. The

TWO ATTRACTIVE COSTUMES.

blouse may be made in either flannel or cotton. The Tuscan straw hat has a spiral crown with bands of baby velvet ribbon. The bows are of satin ribbon with corded edge.

The remaining figure represents a frock in Vienna cloth. The skirt is edged with a double silk ruche. The full bodice is of folded waistband is finished as is the neck band with small rosettes. The falling collar and deep cuffs are of silk guipure lace.

The straw hat is trimmed with a ruche around the edge. There are also pompon rosettes of baby velvet ribbon on the left side of the crown and in front of the brim.

THE TROUBLE AT HOMESTEAD.

The Carnegie Officials Say They Propose to Run Their Own Business.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 5.—A meeting of the Carnegie officials was held here, and the secretary said, after the meeting:

"We are not making public the details of our plans. I can say, however, in a general way they remain as before stated. While the Amalgamated association dealt at Homestead they seemed to run our mill. We are going to do that ourselves hereafter. This fight is not a matter of politics with us. It is purely a business matter, and no political considerations will influence our course. We will furnish the government with armor plate contain clauses covering strikes and other labor disturbances."

Everything is quiet at Homestead.

Colored Men in Convention.

CINCINNATI, July 5.—The national convention of representatives of the colored race is in session in the main audience room of Zion Baptist church, this city. The object of the convention is to arouse the sympathy and support of public sentiment for the movement to put a stop to the outrages committed against the colored people of the south because they are colored and to remove the difficulties placed in the way of their progress.

Congressman Wilson Ill.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Congressman Wilson, of West Virginia, who came on from Washington to speak at the Tammany celebration, is ill in bed at the Hoffman house. The attending physician said that his ailment is of a bilious character, and is aggravated by the physical exhaustion of the congressman from recent overwork.

Peter Priddy Is Champion.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Peter Priddy, of Plainfield, at the annual games of the New York Letter Carriers' association, held here, defeated the five-mile champion runner, E. C. McClelland, thereby winning the championship of America.

Father and Son Lost.

PENSACOLA, Fla., July 5.—A drowning accident occurred in Perdino bay, by which W. B. Hightower and son, James, eleven years old, lost their lives.

A World's Record Broken.

KIRKWOOD, Del., July 5.—Bell's Hamlin and Globe broke the world's double team record here by making a mile in 2:12. Best previous record, 2:13.

Took Enough to Kill.

PROVIDENCE, July 5.—Ann Price, aged fifty, took a large dose of "Rough on Rats" at her home on Front street, Woonsocket while despondent.

Hanlan Beats Hosmer.

HARTFORD, July 5.—Hanlan beat Hosmer about ten feet in a three-mile race, with turns, on the Connecticut river. Time, 18m. 52s.

BLAND NOW CONFIDENT.

The Stewart Bill Will Pass, He Says, if a Vote Is Taken.

A POSSIBLE DEMOCRATIC COMBINE.

The Free Tin Plate and the Pension Bill May Unite with the Free Coinage Men on a Basis of Reciprocity in Voting for Those Measures.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Mr. Bland, of Missouri, the leader of the free coinage forces in the house, hurried back to Washington from Missouri when he was wired that the silver bill had passed the senate. He will call a meeting of the committee on coinage, weights and measures for Wednesday to consider the bill, and it is almost certain that a favorable report will be agreed upon and made speedily.

Mr. Bland said that he had not had a chance to talk with members of the coinage committee or with senators friendly to free silver, nor had he made a full investigation of the subject. On looking the bill over he had been confronted with the fear that it would have to be amended.

"It seems to me," he said, "that by repealing the act of 1890 this bill deprives the eighty odd million of silver certificates of their legal tender quality. The world at large has a vote by the people through reference to the question of silver coinage upon the grounds that the acts repudiated the certificates as lawful money. The legal tender quality given these certificates when they were issued must be preserved, and if this act, by an inadvertence, deprives them of that quality it must be amended before it is passed by the house.

"Of course there was no intention on the part of the gentlemen framing the bill to destroy the legal tender character of these certificates, and it may be that they have looked into the matter and discovered that it is all right, but it seems to me that there has been an oversight which must be corrected."

Bland Says It Will Pass.

Mr. Bland said it was unfortunate if the bill was to be amended, as it would have to go back to the senate for further action, and its enemies might then be able to talk it to death. He thought, however, that it was better to amend it than to pass it as it stands, if it took the legal tender quality from more than $80,000,000 in the hands of the people.

"I am, as I have said," he added, "talking without having consulted with those who prepared the bill, and it may be that I am mistaken; I hope I am." Mr. Bland expressed himself as confident that the bill could be passed if brought to vote, and if it turned out that no amendment was necessary the matter would be very simple.

The committee on rules of the house will probably decide to fix on Thursday of this week as a suspension day, the purpose being to secure the passage of the tin plate bill, action on the conference report on the river and harbor bill and on several other measures, and it is likely that a resolution, introduced by Mr. Pierce, of Tennessee, an ardent free coinage man, providing that on the question as it shall be in order to move a suspension of rules to pass public measures which have been previously discussed by a majority vote. To pass bills under suspension requires a two-thirds vote, but in view of the determination of the Republicans to prevent the passage of the free tin plate bill at all hazards, it may be that Mr. Pierce's proposition will be adopted.

A New Reciprocity.

There is some talk among congressmen now of a probable combination of Democratic members on the silver, tin plate and pension bills, the idea being for advocates of each measure to help the advocates of the others by their votes. This proposed reciprocity will find its greatest difficulty in the fact that members in favor of free coinage legislation and the tin plate bill, but who are opposed to free coinage, will not agree to vote for the silver bill under any condition whatever.

In regard to Mr. Bland's statement that the Stewart bill will have to be amended in order to pass, however, in a general proposition of silver certificates now outstanding, Senator Stewart called attention to Section thirteen of the Revised Statutes, which, he said, prevents Mr. Bland's objection wholly unfounded. Section thirteen is as follows:

"The repeal of any statute shall not have effect to release or extinguish any penalty, forfeiture or liability incurred under such statute, unless the repealing act so expressly provides, and such statute shall be treated as still in force for the purpose of sustaining any proper action or prosecution for the enforcement for such penalty, forfeiture or liability."

Mother and Child Drowned.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 5.—The ship Peter Stuart, Captain Wallace, bound for Liverpool, struck on the ledges off Chebucto point, Yarmouth, in a dense fog. The ship immediately went to pieces, the captain's wife and child were drowned before they could leave the vessel.

The Riots in Madrid.

MADRID, July 5.—In the recent riots against the new taxes three policemen were killed and several officers of the gendarmerie wounded. Seventeen rioters, seventeen privates and twenty policemen were also injured. The civil governor was badly bruised.

Davis's Prediction.

DUBLIN, July 5.—It is predicted by Michael Davitt that the McCarthyites will carry eighty seats in Ireland, the Unionists sixteen seats and the supporters of Mr. John Redmond five, and the home rule majority of Ulster would be maintained.

Death of Major Falls.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—Major J. Falls, a veteran of the Mexican war and of the war of the rebellion, died at the age of 72 years. He was a gallant officer of general Sheridan's staff at the battle of Cedar Creek, and was brevetted major for gallantry on the field. Major Falls was born in Baltimore county, N. Y.

Baron Stumm Recalled.

MADRID, July 5.—Baron Stumm, German ambassador to Spain, has been recalled and is to go on the retired list. He will be succeeded by De Radowitz, German ambassador to Turkey.

Hanged Himself in Jail.

BROOKLYN, July 5.—Charles Weitzman, a German, seventeen years old, committed suicide by hanging himself in Raymond Street jail. He was awaiting trial for larceny.

Dr. Parkhurst's Aid Dead.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, N. J., July 5.—D. J. Whitney, vice president of the Society for the Prevention of Crime (Dr. Parkhurst's society) died suddenly here of heart failure.

None Such Condensed Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N.Y.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 35c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.
Gauze vests, 25c.
Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantetts to match, 13, 15, 18 and 25c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. each, and 50c.
Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 30c.

Louis Callman,
46 West Front Street.

J. E. YOSE

Furniture Moved

To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Large two-horse trucks.

30 W. Second street.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates

Office, No. 41 North avenue, or pcsite depot. Depots, Grand avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt

George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,
Needs no turning.

The Rapid,
Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,
and
Lawn - Sprinklers.

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Our Spring Line of
Perfect Fitting Percale Shirts.
Several new patterns this Spring never shown before
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DOMESTIC
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Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.

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Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

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(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
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ESTABLISHED 1886.
Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaefer's Weiss Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.
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Tickets for Hamburg, Stettin, Havre, Paris, Copenhagen.
To Glasgow, Londonderry, Liverpool, etc. All Scandinavian or Finnish points
AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.
Illustrated catalogue giving views of scenery, etc., mailed free.
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Having Disposed of the Produce Business

to Mr. L. A. Hummer, all persons owing the Plainfield Produce Co. are requested to make prompt settlement.
The office is, as heretofore, at No. 29 North avenue.
We still continue the horse business and have constantly on hand fine coachers, family or business horses, at reasonable prices.
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PROPRIETOR OF
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Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.
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CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES,
Of Pure
Light Blue Color,
Delivered—
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Invites the public to inspect the operations of his newly added steam screening machinery and service for sifted coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
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PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
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Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 9:45 a. m., 12:30, 4:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:30, 4:30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND BOUND BROOK MAILS.
Arrive—9:45 a. m., 4:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.
Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.
E. R. POPE, P. M.

WEAVER WINS THE RACE

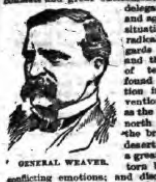
Nominated for the Presidency by the People's Party.

GENERAL FIELD HIS RUNNING MATE

The Confederate Veteran Gets the Second Place on the Ticket—Gresham Refused to Allow His Name to Be Used—A Scene of Wild Enthusiasm.

OMAHA, July 5.—General James B. Weaver was nominated for president by the convention of the People's party, and General James G. Field, of Virginia, was nominated for the vice presidency. Judge Gresham absolutely refused again to allow his name to be presented.

It was a day of high enthusiasm, sharp contests and great excitement among the delegates. Time and again did the situation change radically, as regards candidates, and the extremes of temper that found manifestation in the convention hall were as the blast as the north wind and the breath of the desert. Never was a great convention torn by so many conflicting emotions; and disciplined and experienced in the affairs of national politics the delegates stood the tests put upon them remarkably well.



GENERAL WEAVER.

THE PROCEEDINGS.

A Scene of the Wildest Enthusiasm Over the Platform.

OMAHA, July 5.—The People's party convention settled down into a dead calm when Cater, of California, was presented and commenced to read the preamble and platform. The enthusiasm increased tenfold when the speaker read a declaration to the effect that the time had come when the railroads must run the people or the people run the railroads, and it was a couple of minutes before order could be restored sufficiently for the reader to proceed.

Branch, of Georgia, moved the adoption of the preamble, and it was adopted by a rising vote, with more cheering. Cater now gave way to Branch, who proceeded to read the platform proper.

Cries of "Amen" and cheers greeted the plank in favor of governmental control of all telegraph and telephone systems, and were repeated when the reading was finished. Then the entire preamble and platform were put to another vote and adopted by acclamation, amid another scene of boisterous enthusiasm.

Branch, of Georgia, chairman of the committee, was lifted upon the shoulders of a stalwart Texan and carried around the hall, while men, women and children shouted themselves hoarse and waved everything within reach. The banners designating the locations of the various delegations were lifted high in the air, a portrait of George Washington being attached to the one of Virginia, and as a finale the banners were carried to the platform and splitted over the chairman's head.

Meanwhile every one of the 10,000 souls in the great coliseum shouted and roared and cheered, and hundreds of others who couldn't find quarters joined with a frenzy. stripped themselves of coats and in some cases their vests, so that their limbs would be more free to wave wherever they could get hold of. As if by magic hundreds of stars and stripes made their appearance all over the hall, while one of immense size was borne up to the platform and waved in triumph above all.

A towering Georgian actually climbed on top of the chairman's table. The band struck up the "Star Spangled Banner," but the din was so overpowering that even the big bass drum would not penetrate. When the demonstration had been going on for fifteen minutes the chairmen of the various state delegations took possession of the state banners and, headed by a fife and drum band, proceeded to march around the hall, making the complete circuit a half dozen times over. On the second round an American flag was attached to every banner, and the howls and cheers took a fresh start, the women this time bearing their share.

The Hising Furore Eclipsed.

Numerous noticed were resurrected from the auteroom and sandwiched in between the banners. One read "What Is Home without a Mortgage?" Another, "The People Will Be Damned No Longer." White haired, feeble men tottered around with a flag on either shoulder; fathers lifted their little ones "pickaback" and just flags in their hands; mothers wrapped their babes of four months in a silk flag and fell into line. Somebody found a tin pail and it was hoisted upon the Texas banner, a reminder of the Gresham tin pail campaign in 1888.

One of the Mississippi delegates hoisted a great brawny darkey on his shoulders and carried him up to the speaker's stand, while the colored man and brother waved the stars and stripes in one hand and a picture of Gresham in the other. The band meanwhile, stationed where in front of the platform, started the familiar strain of "Yankee Doodle," alternating to "Dixie," and the throng, giving up throat a rest, kept time with its thousands of hands and feet.

It was a demonstration that completely eclipsed the memorable Republican one in Minneapolis in point of enthusiasm, noise and striking situations, as well as in point of time, for its duration was within a fraction of thirty minutes.

It was without question, and especially in view of its spontaneity, the most remarkable demonstration ever witnessed in a political convention in this country. But the most dramatic incident of the day, and one so overpowering in its intensity as to be scarcely describable, was yet to come. Hardly had the tumult subsided when the tall form of Representative Taubeneck, of Illinois, appeared on the platform, on the left of the president's table. Between his fingers was a yellow piece of paper discernible to those near by as a telegraphic dispatch, and which fluttered in the breeze created by the flags still being waved by the Georgians on the floor below.

"What is it?" asked a Colorado delegate.

Taubeneck stepped down and whispered in his ear. The delegate jumped to the floor and with three bounds was in the midst of his delegation.

Another Wild Scene.

"Gresham will accept," he ejaculated between his breath. The news spread over the floor like wildfire. There was a loud murmuring sound like a distant warning, and then it grew into a roar as though a dam had burst its borders and an avalanche of water was sweeping down. Soon, mountain to valley. Then the scene changed. The friends of Judge Gresham went fairly wild in the frenzy of their enthusiasm; the supporters of General Weaver in their frenzy of maddening disappointment and bitterness. The former danced about like the wildest of aborigines after a victory over a hated tribe.

Taubeneck sought the recognition of the chair, but the latter, who was an ally of the Weaver forces, kept his face in another direction. The clamor for Taubeneck, however, had become so general that the chairman could no longer ignore him. Stepping up to the very edge of the stage he commenced, "I have just received a telegram from Dr. Houser, of Indiana, that I wish to read. The telegram is as follows: 'I have just seen Gresham; if unanimous he will not decline.'" Two-thirds of the convention was on its feet, and once again the hall rang with cheers and other ebullitions of joy and enthusiasm.

The confusion might have continued indefinitely, had not Brown, of Massachusetts, a leader of the Weaver forces, climbed upon the platform and demanded a hearing. He said: "I hold in my hand a letter from General Page, chairman of the Virginia State Alliance, in which he tells me that his name may go before this convention and that on a full, free expression of the will of the convention he will abide by the results. That is just a little better than Mr. Gresham, and I want it unanimously." (Great confusion and uproar and cries of "Sit down.") During the confusion a recess was ordered.

When the convention reassembled the official news that Gresham had given a final and absolute refusal acted like a wet blanket, and, as one of Powderly's lieutenants expressed it, "They felt themselves between the devil and the deep sea."

Weaver Nominated.

When finally the regular order of business, that of calling the roll of states for nomination of candidates for the presidency, was reached, Alabama was called and F. C. Manning named General J. B. Weaver, of Iowa. Colorado yielded her privilege to Colonel S. F. Norton, of Illinois who named Senator J. H. Kyle, of South Dakota. This name was received with slight applause. Connecticut, through Delegate Baldwin, placed in nomination Genera. Fields, of Virginia. Harvey, of Florida seconded Weaver's nomination, and Mr Wimberley, of Georgia, supported that of Senator Kyle. S. H. Basher, pastor of the Progressive church at Milledgeville, Ills., nominated Senator C. H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska.

A Texas delegate moved an adjournment, but the chair ordered the call of the roll for nominations for vice president. At 1 a. m the weary round of five minutes speeches and cheering began. Alabama Delegate Gather naming Ben Terrell, of Texas.

A vote was then taken and the ballot resulted: Weaver, 995; Kyle, 375; scattering, 2.

After the ballot S. F. Norton moved that the nomination be made unanimous. Schilling, of Wisconsin, seconded the motion and the vote was carried. The nomination was made unanimous, and the delegates rose to their feet and gave three cheers.

Beverly, of Virginia, named an ex-Confederate to stand by Weaver's side, Genera James G. Field, of Virginia. General Field was nominated for vice-president on the first ballot, the vote standing: Field, 584; Terrell, 554. The convention then appointed a national committee and adjourned.

CAMPBELL MAY RESIGN.

A Report That He Will Not Serve as Republican National Chairman.

MILWAUKEE, July 5.—H. C. Payne, the Wisconsin Republican leader, and member of the national committee, sent to J. S. Clarkson the following telegram:

Campbell will resign. Keep this private. I am pressing our Washington friends so as to secure wisest action. Campbell will be in Washington tomorrow.

The fact that this telegram had been sent leaked out here accidentally, and caused much talk and no little consternation in Republican circles.

There is a rumor that Mr. Payne himself is possibly to be chosen in place of Campbell, and that he negotiated with "our Washington friends," referred to in the despatch, are with that end in view.

Armour Has Nothing to Say.

CHICAGO, July 5.—P. D. Armour was seen at his residence regarding the story that he had informed W. J. Campbell that he (Mr Campbell) would have to decline the appointment as chairman of the Republican national committee if he desired to continue as counsel for Armour & Co. Mr. Armour said: "I haven't anything to say on the subject. You must see Mr. Custer, Mr Campbell's partner, about that."

"Does Mr. Custer indorse so saying that he knew nothing about Mr. Campbell's plans." "Well, Mr. Custer is Mr. Campbell's partner and I guess he knows as much about it as anybody. Anyhow I have nothing to say."

To Notify Cleveland and Stephenson.

BUFFALO, July 5.—Mr. Norman E. Mack chairman of the subcommittee appointed by Hon. W. F. Wilcox, chairman of the notification committee, for the purpose of arranging a time and place where it will be convenient for Cleveland and Stephenson to be formally notified of their nomination, told the United Press reporter that he had heard from Mr. Cleveland, and that the ex-president would be ready to meet the full notification committee in New York on Wednesday, July 20. The arrangements for the affair are in the hands of a committee, consisting of the Hon. W. C. Whitney and Mayor Hugh J. Grant, of New York.

May Indorse the People's Party.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 5.—The indications are that the Democratic state convention which meets in this city Wednesday, will carry out the fusion plan and indorse the entire People's party ticket.

A Prominent Man Murdered.

LEXINGTON, Va., July 5.—Captain Leech a prominent and wealthy citizen of Rock bridge county, was murdered on the public highway. There is no clew to the murderer

Two Men Drowned.

BUFFALO, July 5.—Conrad Speiss, a florist with a friend went sailing in a boat in the harbor. The boat was capsized and Speiss and his friend were both drowned.

Quincy's Centennial.

QUINCY, Mass., July 5.—Quincy celebrated her 100th anniversary on the Fourth with appropriate exercises. Charles Francis Adams delivered the oration.

The Cholera Spreading.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 5.—The cholera is gaining a hold in the town of Saratov, capital of the government of Saratov.

A Lad's Unsteady End.

ELIZABETH, N. J., July 5.—William Welch, aged fifteen years, was killed by the explosion of a box of gunpowder.

Wrecked by an Explosion.

PITTSBURG, July 5.—Frantz's hotel, at Braddock, was completely wrecked by an explosion of artificial gas.

Re Origins.

Any one who thinks that the English language is musical and easy to be pronounced because it is the one to which his ear and tongue are most accustomed, and who hears, when German is pronounced, only its harshness and its gutturals, will appreciate the Rev. Mr. Spurgeon's account of the origin of German.

"Do you know," asked he of a friend one day, "how the German language originated?"

"No," was the reply.

"Well," said the preacher, "I do. There were two workmen at the Tower of Babel, one standing above the other. The upper-most one accidentally threw some mortar from his trowel into the mouth of the lower one, and he began to sputter with the mortar in his mouth. The sound is now known as German!"—Yonah's Companion.

Hot Weather Items.

"SON STRUCK."—*Life.*

A CLAN-NA-GAEL MYSTERY.

Queer Papers Brought to Light by a Suicide in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, July 5.—James Riley committed suicide in the county jail by strangling himself. The officials are very much mystified as to his identity. Papers found upon him go to show his connection with the Clan-na-Gael. He said he was from Brooklyn.

The paper relating to the Clan-na-Gael found upon him read as follows: "Give details of Callahan's work in Clan-na-Gael. Do you belong to the Cronin or anti-Cronin camp! Is O'Sullivan's death commented on in the camps! Do you know anything of abuse of Breslin and Nolan! Who you know the Irish policeman at Tenth street?"

There were some marks on the paper, and when held up to the light a picture of a gallows was visible, from which a man's body swung.

The suicide was about forty years old, 5 feet 10 inches high and weighed 180 pounds. He wore close cut side whiskers which, like his hair, was reddish brown and streaked with gray. On the left side of his forehead and cheek was a deep scar as if made by a bullet.

Over a Mile a Minute.

BUFFALO, July 5.—The Empire State express on the New York Central road made another remarkable run between Syracuse and Buffalo. The run of 138 miles was made in 123 minutes, including stops, and the distance from Rochester to Buffalo, sixty-eight miles, in 66 minutes.

Count Munster Objects.

PARIS, July 5.—The Gaulois says that Count Munster, the German ambassador, has remonstrated with M. Ribot, minister of foreign affairs, as to the custom of wreathing the Strasburg statue in the Place Concorde.

Dr. Peters Reconsiders.

BERLIN, July 5.—At the instance of Dr. Kayser, director of the colonial office, Dr. Peters has withdrawn his resignation of connection with the German colonial office.

Twenty Persons Injured.

BERLIN, July 5.—Twenty persons were injured by a railway collision near Charlottenburg station.

Fun For Two.

All children enjoy a drink of

Hires' Root Beer.

It does every other member of the family. A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of this delicious drink. Don't be deceived if a dealer tries to sell you "just as good." There is none other "just as good as the genuine Hires'." No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

BABY : LAUGHS

when mamma uses

ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants. There is no preparation so effective and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

26 West Front Street.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST,

and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voice tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address

NO. 87 DUER STREET.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

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Carpenter

and

General Jobber.

SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet

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Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

John Peterson,

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MASONS and BUILDERS,

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First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

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Jobbing promptly attended to.

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and Builders.

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All work promptly attended to.

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PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.

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Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,

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Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARBUTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, 27 Front street, Plainfield. Shop, 29 Front street. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1545.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Carpenter and hard wood mantel maker. Shop on Second and Second avenue, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, 2 Regent street.

38c.

Buys an iron bedstead, upholstered spring, all white. Linen bureau and washstands, marble top, quality.

17c.

Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass extension, complete.

Window Shades 35c and upward.

Dress Chalies 5c. Best Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at

BOEHM'S

No. 2 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article, a select

50c. Formosa Oolong

TEA, to make a

Delicious Iced Tea.

Fresh roasted Coffee received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.

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73 BROADWAY.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue. Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.

Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

GEORGE VOEHL,

the

CONFECTIONER,

is now prepared to furnish

Parties & Receptions

with Delicious

ICE CREAM

in bricks.

15 West Front Street.

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INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

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NO. 40 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.

Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW ○·○ STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 piece South American Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
Down Medium Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Best Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Comforters	$1, $2, $3, $4.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 35 to 60c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portiereve curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Tables, Mirrors, Clothes Posts, Mattress Cushions, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.

T. J. CAREY, Proprietor.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : :

- - - - NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)

station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2.14, 2.27, 5.36, 6.14, 6.36, 6.49, 7.06, 7.21, 7.36, 7.49, 8.06, 8.21, 8.36, 8.49, 9.06, 9.21, 9.36, 9.49, 10.06, 10.21, 10.36, 10.49, 11.06, 11.21, 11.36, 11.49 a. m., 12.06, 12.21, 12.36, 12.49, 1.06, 1.21, 1.36, 1.49, 2.06, 2.21, 2.36, 2.49, 3.06, 3.21, 3.36, 3.49, 4.06, 4.21, 4.36, 4.49, 5.06, 5.21, 5.36, 5.49, 6.06, 6.21, 6.36, 6.49, 7.06, 7.21, 7.36, 7.49, 8.06, 8.21, 8.36, 8.49, 9.06, 9.21, 9.36, 9.49, 10.06, 10.21, 10.36, 10.49, 11.06, 11.21, 11.36, 11.49 p. m., 12.06 night. Sunday, 2.14, 2.27, 5.36, 6.14, 6.36, 6.49, 7.06, 7.21, 7.36, 7.49, 8.06, 8.21, 8.36, 8.49, 9.06, 9.21, 9.36, 9.49, 10.06, 10.21, 10.36, 10.49, 11.06, 11.21, 11.36, 11.49 a. m., 12.06, 12.21, 12.36, 12.49, 1.06, 1.21, 1.36, 1.49, 2.06, 2.21, 2.36, 2.49, 3.06, 3.21, 3.36, 3.49, 4.06, 4.21, 4.36, 4.49, 5.06, 5.21, 5.36, 5.49, 6.06, 6.21, 6.36, 6.49, 7.06, 7.21, 7.36, 7.49, 8.06, 8.21, 8.36, 8.49, 9.06, 9.21, 9.36, 9.49, 10.06, 10.21, 10.36, 10.49, 11.06, 11.21, 11.36, 11.49 p. m., 12.06 night.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

Arrive at Plainfield, 2.14, 2.27, 5.36, 6.14, 6.36, 6.49, 7.06, 7.21, 7.36, 7.49, 8.06, 8.21, 8.36, 8.49, 9.06, 9.21, 9.36, 9.49, 10.06, 10.21, 10.36, 10.49, 11.06, 11.21, 11.36, 11.49 a. m., 12.06, 12.21, 12.36, 12.49, 1.06, 1.21, 1.36, 1.49, 2.06, 2.21, 2.36, 2.49, 3.06, 3.21, 3.36, 3.49, 4.06, 4.21, 4.36, 4.49, 5.06, 5.21, 5.36, 5.49, 6.06, 6.21, 6.36, 6.49, 7.06, 7.21, 7.36, 7.49, 8.06, 8.21, 8.36, 8.49, 9.06, 9.21, 9.36, 9.49, 10.06, 10.21, 10.36, 10.49, 11.06, 11.21, 11.36, 11.49 p. m., 12.06 night. Sunday, 2.14, 2.27, 5.36, 6.14, 6.36, 6.49, 7.06, 7.21, 7.36, 7.49, 8.06, 8.21, 8.36, 8.49, 9.06, 9.21, 9.36, 9.49, 10.06, 10.21, 10.36, 10.49, 11.06, 11.21, 11.36, 11.49 a. m., 12.06, 12.21, 12.36, 12.49, 1.06, 1.21, 1.36, 1.49, 2.06, 2.21, 2.36, 2.49, 3.06, 3.21, 3.36, 3.49, 4.06, 4.21, 4.36, 4.49, 5.06, 5.21, 5.36, 5.49, 6.06, 6.21, 6.36, 6.49, 7.06, 7.21, 7.36, 7.49, 8.06, 8.21, 8.36, 8.49, 9.06, 9.21, 9.36, 9.49, 10.06, 10.21, 10.36, 10.49, 11.06, 11.21, 11.36, 11.49 p. m., 12.06 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.36, 6.36, 8.06, 9.06, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 5.36, 6.36, 8.06, 9.06, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night. Sunday, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night.

Arrive at Plainfield, 6.36, 7.36, 8.36, 9.36, 10.36, 11.36 a. m., 12.36, 1.36, 2.36, 3.36, 4.36, 5.36, 6.36, 7.36, 8.36, 9.36, 10.36, 11.36 p. m., 12.36 night. Sunday, 6.36, 7.36, 8.36, 9.36, 10.36, 11.36 a. m., 12.36, 1.36, 2.36, 3.36, 4.36, 5.36, 6.36, 7.36, 8.36, 9.36, 10.36, 11.36 p. m., 12.36 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night. Sunday, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night.

Arrive at Somerville, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night. Sunday, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night.

Leave Somerville, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Sunday, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night.

Arrive at Plainfield, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night. Sunday, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND RAHWAY.

Leave Plainfield at 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night. Sunday, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night.

Arrive at Rahway, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Sunday, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.15, 9.15 a. m., 1.00, 4.30 p. m. Sunday, 9.15 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

9.15 a. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

4.30 p. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

Leave Bound Brook for Somerville, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 7.30, 9.30 a. m., 5.30 p. m.

Leave Somerville for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 7.45, 9.45 a. m., 5.45 p. m.

Leave Bridge Branch for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 7.55, 9.55 a. m., 5.55 p. m.

Leave Manville for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.00, 10.00 a. m., 6.00 p. m.

Leave Millstone for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.10, 10.10 a. m., 6.10 p. m.

Leave Kingston for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.15, 10.15 a. m., 6.15 p. m.

Leave Princeton Junction for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.30, 10.30 a. m., 6.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.45, 10.45 a. m., 6.45 p. m.

Leave Morrisville for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.55, 10.55 a. m., 6.55 p. m.

Leave Bristol for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.05, 11.05 a. m., 7.05 p. m.

Leave Tullytown for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.15, 11.15 a. m., 7.15 p. m.

Leave Torresdale for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.25, 11.25 a. m., 7.25 p. m.

Leave Frankford Junction for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.35, 11.35 a. m., 7.35 p. m.

Leave Holmesburg Junction for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.40, 11.40 a. m., 7.40 p. m.

Leave Tacony for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.45, 11.45 a. m., 7.45 p. m.

Leave Wissinoming for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.50, 11.50 a. m., 7.50 p. m.

Leave Bridesburg for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.55, 11.55 a. m., 7.55 p. m.

Leave Kensington for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 10.00, 12.00 noon, 8.00 p. m.

Leave Market Street Ferry for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 10.10, 12.10 noon, 8.10 p. m.

Leave Broad Street Station for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 10.20, 12.20 noon, 8.20 p. m.

Leave Germantown for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 10.30, 12.30 noon, 8.30 p. m.

Leave Chestnut Hill for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 10.40, 12.40 noon, 8.40 p. m.

Leave Glenside for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 10.50, 12.50 noon, 8.50 p. m.

Leave Jenkintown for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 11.00, 1.00 p. m., 9.00 p. m.

Leave Hatboro for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 11.10, 1.10 p. m., 9.10 p. m.

Leave Willow Grove for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 11.20, 1.20 p. m., 9.20 p. m.

Leave Doylestown for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 11.40, 1.40 p. m., 9.40 p. m.

Leave Lambertville for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.30, 10.30 a. m., 6.30 p. m.

Leave New Hope for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.40, 10.40 a. m., 6.40 p. m.

Leave Penn Valley for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.50, 10.50 a. m., 6.50 p. m.

Leave Quakertown for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

Leave Perkasie for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.10, 11.10 a. m., 7.10 p. m.

Leave Sellersville for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.20, 11.20 a. m., 7.20 p. m.

Leave Hilltown for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 7.30 p. m.

Leave Telford for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.40, 11.40 a. m., 7.40 p. m.

Leave Souderton for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.50, 11.50 a. m., 7.50 p. m.

Leave Harleysville for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 10.00, 12.00 noon, 8.00 p. m.

Leave Lansdale for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 10.10, 12.10 noon, 8.10 p. m.

Leave Ambler for Allentown,

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

A LITTLE FEATHERED TAILOR.

All About the Wonderful Bird That Sews Its Own Pigeon Hatchery.

Is not this a painful sight? The poor little tailor birds, after building a nest with such skill and rearing their family with such great care, are startled by the loud screams of their little ones and hasten back to their home. But, alas! there is only one little one left and they are just in time to see the end of another. Let us

A SERPENT ATTACKING A TAILOR BIRD'S NEST.

hope that the serpent was sufficiently startled by the bold and plucky attitude of the brave little tailor birds that it crept away without killing the remaining chick.

This wonderful little bird is not found in the United States. It is a native of India. I call it a wonderful bird, and I am sure you will agree with me when I tell you that those curious stitches in the front of the nest were made by the bird without any assistance from man, woman or child. It is in fact what its name suggests—a little feathered tailor. It wants its nest to hang from the branch, so that its little ones may be gently rocked, as though in a cradle; it also wishes that its nest may be seen by as few creatures as possible. It therefore absent therefore for a nice large leaf—one that does not seem likely to fall soon—and with its beak it bores a number of holes along each edge. Its beak is shaped much like a shoemaker's awl, and therefore it is very suitable for the purpose. It next looks about for its thread, and this it finds in the fibers of some decaying leaf of large size. Having secured this necessary article, it passes the thread through the holes, and so draws the two sides of the leaf together.

A Pet Seal.

"I once heard of a boy who had a pet seal given to him when it was quite young. It became very tame, and used to cuddle up beside the dogs to sleep in front of the fire, and learned to perform many tricks. One winter the storms were very severe, and the fishermen were at times quite unable to venture to sea to set their nets. As a matter of course fish were scarce, and the seal's food having been of fish alone, milk had to be substituted; but it consumed such vast quantities of the latter that, for the purpose of economy, after a family council it was decided to dispose of the beloved pet as soon as possible. The boy and a clergyman friend, who had always taken a lively interest in the pet, started off in a boat with their precious charge, and when far enough out for safety threw the seal into the water. Little did they expect the result, for the creature, feeling itself very much at home, landed after the boat with all its might and main, uttering such fearful and heartrending cries of grief that it was at last taken back into the boat, where it lay exhausted, sobbing and wailing like a child. When the familiar home was reached it soon regained its former spirits and health and," added the writer who tells this story in The Illustrated American, "it lived to a good old age, little the worse for its adventure."

Song of the Grasses.

Out into the beautiful summer weather
We are growing today,
Waving and nodding our heads together,
All in a happy way.

Standing close up beside each other,
Making a carpet neat
To please the tired eyes of the mother,
Or the children's dancing feet.

Lifting our glad hearts ever higher
Toward the blessed sun,
Teaching that lowly souls may aspire
To great things—every one.

Never losing, for even a minute,
Our hold on Mother Earth;
Steadfast to our fate, firm roots out in it,
Glad that she gave us birth.

Look at our dainty, curious flowers,
Sober colored, 'tis true,
But gathering goodness all through the hours,
A future work to do.

Think how we make the bright world brighter
With color green and glad;
Think how we make the light heart lighter,
And comfort all the sad.

Just because we are common blessings,
Will you our work despise?
Nay, fill your heart with reverent guessings
As to our ways so wise.

And they will help you to something sweeter
Than you have known before,
Making your thought of life completer
And better, evermore.

—Journal of Education.

Queen of Hearts.

The Queen of Hearts
She made some tarts,
All on a summer's day;
The Knave of Hearts
He stole those tarts,
And with them ran away.

The King of Hearts
Called for the tarts,
And beat the Knave full sore;
The Knave of Hearts
Brought back the tarts,
And vowed he'd steal no more.

THE HOUSEHOLD

PRETTY CONCEITS IN LINEN.

The Cool and Dainty Material Now Suitable for Fashionable Needlework.

Needlework lingerie at this season, but on shady piazzas, in country homes or by seaside sands, where the idle and the industrious workers continue to ply a favorite occupation, and linen is undoubtedly the popular material employed. Housekeeping says: Its various colors, running from snow white to brown and gray, its many textures from sheer and filmy to coarse and heavy weights, and its ravelled lace weaves and patterns, render it especially adapted to endless uses.

Roman embroidery is still in favor, though perhaps designs of single or combined flowers or leaves for doilies and centerpieces worked in long and short stitch and cut out close to the outside embroidered edge of the article are more often preferred.

Among the newest designs the ribbon border is chief. It is a waving, fluttering band worked in solid stitch in either white or colored silks. In small doilies it forms an irregular border.

In larger pieces, tray cloths, centerpieces or bureau scarfs the linen is usually hemstitched and a spray of flowers worked in each corner and the stems tied with ribbon bows, the fluttering ends continued in irregular waving fashion around the cloth. Small rounds of linen, with or without embroidery, with a crocheted or notched edge or one of fine and delicate lace, are in favor for doilies or centerpieces.

Nothing is more beautiful for a bureau scarf than sheer linen. A scarf recently seen was of such material edged with lace and embroidered in a loose bunch of violets and leaves. The peculiarity of the design was in the unusually long, trailing stems, worked in solid stitch, which gave an effect of great daintiness and airiness. The leaves and blossoms were comparatively few, the former worked in long and short stitch, the latter in solid stitch. The cluster filled one corner of the scarf, extending each way almost to the two other corners.

Those who have not mastered the art of shadow embroidery, however, may yet produce a thing of beauty in either doilies or bureau scarfs by hemstitching or simply fastening stitching sheer linen and scattering small flowers over it, working them as preferred, in outline, satin, solid or long and short stitch.

Cooling Drinks.

For a delicious sherbet crush a quart of strawberries or other small fruit to a paste; add three pints of water and the juice of a lemon. Let the mixture stand two or three hours, then strain through a cloth to clear of seeds; add three-fourths of a pound of sugar and stir until dissolved; add ice.

A delightful beverage is lemon beer. Make a pitcher of lemonade with boiling water, sugar and lemons to taste; when it cools to a tepid degree stir in a yeast cake and set the pitcher away covered with a napkin till the next day. When it "sings" it is ready for use and may be drunk without pouring into bottles, but will be better if poured off into bottles and corked up tightly. It then has a fine foam and sparkle. After corking it should be kept in the refrigerator until used.

After of Roses.

Gather the rose petals dry into a jar; take a bottle that will fit closely into the mouth of the jar. Then invert the bottle when pieces of sponge to pure olive oil and place them in the bottle. Invert over the jar and set it in the sun sufficiently for five days. The heat will distill the perfume of the petals and saturate the sponges. As often as the leaves are dry change to fresh ones. When the sponges are wet squeeze out the oil and keep the jar tightly corked with a cork.

A Green Pea Omelet.

Boil a pint of shelled peas in salted water for fifteen minutes, then drain and keep hot while you make an omelet of four eggs. When the eggs have begun to harden in the pan, lift one side of the omelet and put two tablespoonfuls of green peas, cooked, in the center of it. Fold over half over the other and turn it out on a heated dish. Pour around the omelet the remaining peas and serve at once. This is a delicate entree.

Ornamental Photograph Holder.

This pretty contrivance for holding photographs is made on a fan shaped foundation ornamented with plain plush and

PHOTOGRAPH FRAME.

brocha silk gathered around with rays of gold galloon, in which to slip the photographs.

A mixed silk cord surrounds the whole and is formed into a cluster of small loops at the bottom and one long loop at the top by which to suspend the holder.

Cherry Toast.

To make cherry toast, toast thin slices of stale bread and spread over them, while hot, a trifle of butter. Stew one quart of cherries either with or without the pits, adding half a cup of water, and pour over the toast in alternate layers of bread and fruit. Set away and serve cold. The cherries while warm should be sugared to taste.

Spiced Currants.

These ingredients are required for spiced currants: Five pounds of currants, four pounds of sugar, one pint of good vinegar, two tablespoonsful of cinnamon and two of cloves. Boil two hours.

Progress in Aerial Navigation.

Has Germany solved the problem of aerial navigation? Fire and Water remarks that evidence is now coming in of such a confidential character that it seems almost impossible to longer doubt what seems an established fact, that the German government possesses the secret of successful aerial navigation, and is utilizing it on the Russian frontier in studying the fortifications of the latter country. European papers publish accounts of these balloons and assert that they are held stationary or moved at the will of the occupants. Citizens of every civilized nation have experimented with "airships," and all have failed unless the assertion is true that German scientists have solved the problem.

THE IMPOSSIBLE GIRL.

Oh, the pretty girl in a winsome pearl,
And her face is fair to see,
But the pretty girl is scarce for
What a size girl ought to be;
For the pretty girl is proud and vain,
And she does not like to sew,
Besides she knows she can—

Ah, yes!
Because she knows she can.

She well aware that her face is fair
And her voice is soft and sweet,
And she knows she can be forgiven, though
Her ways are indiscreet;
But the homely girl she does not flirt
With the gallivant,
And she doesn't smash the fellahs' hearts,
Because she knows she can't—

Alas!
Because she knows she can't.

The homely girl she helps her ma
To wash and mend and sew,
But the pretty girl she jaws her pa
And she's always on the go;
She knows that beauty rules the world
And takes it by storm,
And so she has things all her way,
Because she knows she can—

Ah, yes!
Because she knows she can.

Men often praise the homely girls
Who kindly help their ma,
Yet all the while they try to wed
The parlor lah-de-dahs,
But if they miss the pretty ones,
For when they become wives
They swear they wouldn't have them then,
Because they know they can't—

Alas!
Because they know they can't.

Oh, I would wed could I find a girl
Who quite combines the grace
Of a homely maiden's honest heart
With the pretty woman's face.
To win this prize I would search for aye,
But, alas, I fear I won't,
Though I explore the whole world o'er
I know full well I can't—

Alas!
And alack! I know I can't.

—Chicago Tribune.

He Was Zealous.

A well known doctor of divinity had in his congregation a most determined old fellow who seemed to be quite zealous in the good work, but one Sunday he did not appear at church, and for three successive Sundays the preacher noticed his absence and then he went to see him. He found him at home in his usual health and spirits, and after some general talk he came to the object of his visit.

"You haven't been to church lately, Brother Bail!" he said.

"No," confessed the brother.

"You are falling from grace, I fear."

"Mebbe I am parson."

"Why, my dear friend," exclaimed the preacher, "how does that happen?"

The erring brother braced up and his face grew hard and firm.

"You know that mule colt I bought?" he asked.

"Yes."

"Give a hundred dollars for him?"

"Yes."

"Not worth a hooter unless he is broke?"

"No."

"Well, I undertook to break him."

"Yes."

"And I found out I couldn't break him and he a Christian at the same time."—Detroit Free Press.

An Inquisitive Parrot.

Polly is about 15 years of age and is a native of Africa. One morning when she was amusing herself by talking there was a little girl in the next room repeating what she said, when suddenly Polly stopped and listened with her head turned in the direction of the voice and said "Who are you? Who are you?"

She was on the top of her cage one day when there was a noise in the street. I went to the window to see what it was, and Polly said to me, "What's the matter?" in a very mild voice. As I took no notice of the bird she said again in a very angry tone, "What's the matter?" I answered her question, and as my wrath began to get his little brother into the house, which seemed to satisfy Polly.—New York Recorder.

The Boy Wanted to Get Out.

A certain Washington avenue merchant is father to a very bright boy not quite five years old. Several weeks ago the youngster passed through a siege of the mumps. After his recovery prudence compelled his confinement to the house for a few days, but he grew very restive. One day he saw his little companions playing outside, and put in a plea to join them. He wanted to get some fresh air, he said.

"Then raise the window, dear," said his mother. The window, by the way, was protected by a screen.

"Mother," said the little lad reproachfully, "how much good do you suppose strained air will do a boy like me?"—St. Louis Chronicle.

"Not Acquainted."

Nell is a sweet little year-old girl;
Ben is a bright little three-year boy;
They romp together with locks awhirl
And hearts brimming over with love and joy.

Wistfully spoke little Ben one day:
"Oh, mamma, I hope my Nell won't grow
Up into a girl, like Grace or May!
I don't like girls—I don't, you know!"

"But I'm sure," said mamma, my boy liked Nell."

And I was a girl once, dear little Ben."
Quick came the answer, "Well, you see,
I wasn't 'tainted' with you then."
—Youth's Companion.

A Child's Invitation.

There is a certain taking air of precocity in permitting children to pose as grown people in sending out invitations to their little parties. But after all how much prettier childlike and simple is this form of invitation, which comes from Canada:

My mother wants to know if your mother will let you come to my party, Saturday, the 21st, from three to six.
180 Deer Hill Avenue. Charles Hull.

Modern Convenience.

Little Dick—What's mamma got her teeth in a tumbler for?

Little Dot—Mebby they ache. Wish I had that kind.—Good News.

Mercy.

Travers—Do you know the address of a good washerwoman?

Dashaway—I do, but I would rather not give it to you.

Travers—Why not?

Dashaway—Because, to be frank with you, old man, she is poor enough already.—New York Herald.

A Man of Principal.

Mrs. Gibble—No, you cannot marry Mr. Gophast. Rich as he is, he is a man utterly devoid of principle.

Ella Gibble—Indeed! Well he has enough principal to bring him an interest of about $20,000 a year.—Boston News.

This Date in History—July 5.

1687—Sonne, Manufacturer of Scotland died.
1690—Battle of Boyne water and bloody defeat of the Puritan-White insurgents under the Duke of Monmouth—the last battle fought on English ground.
1704—John Hopkins, famous English musician, born.
1733—Mrs. Sarah Siddons nee Kemble, tragic actress, born in South Wales; died in London.
1801—David Glasgow Farragut, naval hero, born near Knoxville, Tenn.; died 1870.
1809—Battle of Wagram, Austria, defeated on the 6th; Bonaparte defeated the Austrian Archduke Charles.
1810—Phineas Taylor Barnum, showman, born at Bethel, Conn.; died 1891.
1813—Battle of Chippewa, Canada.
1846—Joseph Medill, journalist and publisher of Ohio, born in Highland county, O.
1861—Battle of Carthage, Mo.; much exploited at the time as a specimen of the tactics of General Franz Sigel.

He Was Too Funny.

He was a vagabond; all over and unmistakably a vagabond, and he made no effort to conceal it, but he was not without a sense of the humorous. He rang a doorbell on Jefferson avenue and the man of the house answered it.

"What do you want?" inquired the gentleman, "what will you have?"

"Anything most, and then have something I haven't got now," he replied good humoredly.

"Indeed!" gasped the gentleman, quite knocked out by that kind of wit.

"Yes, indeed," said the visitor, "but I particularly want a job."

The gentleman was rather, by this time, prepossessed in his favor.

"What kind of a job?" he asked.

"Any kind—sawing wood, baling hay, shaving a lawn, shoveling snow, teaching school, driving a street car, cashiering a bank or anything else that is honest and remunerative."

"Can you do any of those things?" queried the gentleman in surprise.

"No, sir—that is to say, I never tried to."

"Well, what in thunder do you want the job for?" and the gentleman fell off several points.

"For a friend of mine, who is"——

There was a dull thud, followed by one or two additional dull thuds, and the joker picked himself up at the foot of the steps and sighed heavily.—Detroit Free Press.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 360, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
☞ First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

We are getting away with lots of Razors. Shoes this month—now is the time to buy them.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S,
22 West Front street.
P. S.—Our $5 shoe never takes a back seat.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.
Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of
G. R. MUSGRAVE,
27 Somerset street.
Call early and secure the best bargains.

OWING
to
Large stock
and
Lateness of the Season,
we will sell for next
30 Days
at
A Sacrifice.
Fine all-wool pants to order
$4; worth $6.
Fine all wool Suits to order
$16; worth $22.
Call, examine and satisfy yourselves
Acme Tailoring Co.,
No 12 West Front Street.
John H French, Pres. and Treas.
Walter C. Limberger, Sec. 3 21 3m

CARRIAGES
and
HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessible at Any Time.
RYERSON,
33 SOMERSET STREET.

Flags, Fireworks,
and
Japanese Lanterns,
and other necessaries for a
Jolly Fourth,
can be had from
A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 98 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
that A. G. VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.
COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

Big Bargains
Extra fine 25c. Dress Ginghams at 18c.
Plaid Dress Ginghams, 7c.
Oil Cloth Flannels 25c.
New style in Irish Lawns, 12c.
New Striped Organdie at 9c., very stylish and pretty.
Plaid Nainsooks, 8c.
Fine Silk Belts, 18c.
Black Silk Mitts, 25c.
Our assortment of new styles Mattings and Low Prices surpasses anything ever before offered in this city. Our assortment of Elegant Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs, etc., is complete and prices guaranteed the Lowest.
Excellent quality Cotton Pongee at 13c.
Ask Ladies' Fancy Waists at 47c.
Men's Night Shirts 49c.
Boys' Outing Shirts 25c.
Men's Outing Shirts, 39c.
The best 50c. ventilated Corsets ever offered this city.
Superior Silk Gloria Umbrellas, $1.39.
EDSALL'S!

This space is reserved for
ZIMMERMANN & RUMPF,
the West Front street Hardware Dealers.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. & C. MARTIN.

1892	JULY.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:15 p. m.	Third Quarter	16	8:48 p. m.
Full Moon	9	3:44 p. m.	New Moon	23	9:32 p. m.
			First Quarter	31	2:45 p. m.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
By the Sea, Patchogue, L. I.
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the Great South Bay, and only a few minutes sail from the Ocean.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
W. M. JENKINS, Prop.
Now opened for guests. Grand opening Hop July 2d.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEE TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine screw repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 63. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ST JOSEPH'S CHURCH

Fair and Festival,

in

Saenger-Turner Hall

next

THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY,

July 7, 8, and 9.

ADMISSION 10 Cents

Music each evening by Eugene M. O'Reilly

5 28

EXCURSION

of the

METHODIST SUNDAY SCHOOL

to

ASBURY PARK,

on

Friday, July 8, 1892.

Train leaves Plainfield, 7.45 a. m.; leaves Asbury Park, 5.30 p. m.

TICKETS, $1.25; Children under 12, 90c.

25 4 s&w

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

Fair, with winds shifting to the South.

BREVITIES

—The "Carousal" which has been located in North Plainfield near Tice's lake, to-day went to Rahway.

—The question is asked: What has become of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument Committe, which was organized three years ago?

—The case of Kenyon vs. Kalloran, for rent, will be called before Justice Nash next Monday afternoon, July 11th, at two o'clock.

—Constable Amos Moffett, this morning, caused two horses, a set of harness and a wagon to be sold, to pay the debt, in the case of Bailey vs. Waldron.

—Mollie Stevens is visiting friends in Brooklyn and has not run away from home, as was reported in one of the daily papers last week. This correction is made at the request of the girl's mother.

—The village of Summit celebrated the Fourth in a good old fashioned way. The firemen paraded, orations were spoken and the corner-stone for a new town hall was laid. At New Providence the G. A. R. paraded.

—The committee to arrange the handicaps for the city championship bicycle races, met last evening. The handicaps, which will not be announced until the starting of the race, are said to be very liberal. There are 30 entries. Mr. Robert Mecker will be the starter.

—The New Jersey Teachers' Association, at Asbury Park, on Saturday elected the following officers for two years: President, Principal John Enright, Freehold; Vice President, Superintendent Y. L. Davey, East Orange; Treasurer, Principal H. E. Harris, Bayonne.

—Samuel Schwartz, one of the members of the firm of Fisher, Alder & Schwartz, art dealers, of Maiden Lane, New York, died at his Summer residence in Asbury Park Sunday afternoon from the effects of a peculiar accident. Some time ago while eating an apple he swallowed a seed, which lodged finally in his intestines. A surgical operation was deemed necessary and it was performed last Thursday. It was thought successfully. Mr. Schwartz improved until Saturday, when death came quickly.

—If you are happy enough to contemplate building a house, don't forget that for nine or ten months of the year you will need all the sunshine you can gather in every corner of it. People who take advantage of this cheap luxury are supposed to have some secret charm in the arrangement of their rooms. Even those who thoughtlessly put the hall on the South side, with closets and other obstructions, are sensitive to the difference, and cannot tell what it is that makes their house unsatisfactory in comparison with those open all round to the sun. On a dark day they can scarcely find light enough for sewing. Then in cold weather their living-rooms are much harder to heat. When the hall, kitchen, closets and pantry are on the North side, one side of the kitchen, facing East, a cool pantry and storeroom are secured, and plenty of light and sheer fair weather sitting-room and kitchen, and a choice place for the window-full of thriving plants. An East front with a long side to the South is certainly best of all. Even in hot weather, windows toward the South breeze compensate for exposure to the sun. Air magnetized by sunshine is the surest antidote for rheumatism, neuralgia and blues.

An Interior Fire.

Fire was discovered in the house of Mr. Charles Richardson, at Scotch Plains, Monday night. Mr. Richardson and family live in Plainfield at the time and the gardener was summoned. He was unable to quell the flames and the Scotch Plains engine was called. The fire was quickly extinguished and the loss was very light. Last Friday his barn was burned down.

Gone to the Shore.

The Crescent avenue Sunday-school took twenty-four cars, filled with excursionists, to Asbury Park and Ocean Grove this morning. The train was in two sections.

CRICKET GAMES.

THE ST. GEORGE C. C. OF THIS CITY WIN BOTH GAMES.

New York Represented by the Strong St. George Athletic Club, who are Defeated by Five Runs—The July 4th Game.

The match between the St. George Athletic Club of New York, and the St. George Cricket Club, of this city, took place on Saturday, July 2, in this city, after a very exciting finish, was won by the home club by five runs.

The Plainfielders went to the bat first and made forty-eight runs, J. Arden and James Ogden excelling at the bat.

The New Yorkers only managed to make forty-three runs.

Higham again bowled well, taking five wickets for twelve runs.

The following is the result of the innings:

ST. GEORGE C. C. OF PLAINFIELD.

N. Hendry, b. Thomas	1
F. Lewis, b. Bull	5
F. Bloomfield, run out	0
T. Chamberlain, b. Bull	0
John Ogden, b. Thomas	9
J. Arden, c. b. Thomas	14
R. Marston, c. b. "	0
James Ogden, b "	0
J. Reilly, b. "	0
H. Turner, not out	5
C. Reid, c. b. Harris	10
Byes	1
Leg byes	8
Total	48

ST. GEORGE'S ATHLETIC CLUB OF N. Y.

Bull, c. Higham	0
Welch, c. Turner b. Higham	8
F. J. Chadwick, run out	6
Thom s,	0
C. Chadwick, b. Higham	0
Taride, b. Hendry	0
Harris, b. Higham	0
Codett, b. "	0
Westall, l. b. w. b. Arden	4
Neill, not out	13
Slorah, b. Arden	0
Byes	10
Leg byes	1
Wide	1
Total	43

On July 4th, the Brooklyn Cricket Club sent a strong team to Plainfield to play a two innings match against the St. George boys, and, after a pleasant and interesting game, were sent home defeated by nine wickets. The St. George's played a fine game, both in the batting and bowling, and only won the match by sterling cricket. Hendry and Higham bowled very effectually the first innings. The former taking four wickets for ten runs, and the latter four wickets for six runs. Higham bowled nine overs, seven of which were maidens, the innings ending in the remarkably low score of eighteen runs.

The St. George's then went to the bat and chiefly through the batting of Marston, Hendry and Arden scored forty seven.

After luncheon the Brooklynites commenced their second innings and were not disposed of before they had made fifty runs. Hendry bowled splendidly taking eight wickets for twenty runs.

The St. George's, wanting only twenty two runs to be conceded in obtaining them at the loss of only one wicket. The two not outs, Ogden and Wharton, handling the bat in fine style.

The following is the result of the innings:

BROOKLYN.

First Inning.

C. Goddard, run out	3
A. W. Barnes, b Higham	0
Phillips, b Hendry	3
Hopkinson, run out	0
Gillard, b Hendry	3
Bradford, b Higham	1
Bull, b Higham	0
F. S. Creighton, b Higham	0
Duncan, C. Arden, b Hendry	3
Greene, b Hendry	0
Aldridge, not out	2
Creighton, c Slorah, b Higham	1
Byes	9
Leg byes	
Wide	
Total	18

Second Inning.

C. Goddard, b Hendry	6
A. W. Barnes, b Higham	0
Phillips, b Hendry	6
Hopkinson, c Turner, b Higham	0
Gillard, b Higham	0
Bradford, b Hendry	1
F. S. Creighton, b Higham	0
Duncan, c and b Hendry	4
Greene, not out	11
Aldridge, c Wharton, b Hendry	0
Creighton, st. Turner b	0
Byes	2
Leg byes	1
Wide	1
Total	50

ST. GEORGE'S C. C.

John Ogden, b Duncan	5
James Ogden, b "	7
E. Wharton, c. Hopkinson b Duncan	0
T. Chamberlain, b Duncan	0
J. Arden, c Creighton b Duncan	7
J. B. Higham, c Gillard b b	4
N. Hendry, c Barnes, b Gillard	9
H. Turner, b Gillard	7
R. Marston, b "	1
C. Reid, not out	11
S. Slorah, not out	1
Byes	4
Wide	1
No ball	1
Total	67

Second Inning.

Jno. Ogden, c and b Greene	2
Jas. Ogden, not out	13
E. Wharton, not out	8
Total	24

Base Ball To-day.

The Crescents, of this city, visit West Brighton to-day, and play the third game with the Staten Island Athletic Club. The two previous games have been won by the Crescents.

Fuchs, who pitched so effectively against the Manhattan A. C. team last week, will have a trial with the Staten Island A. C. team.

The Crescents batting order this afternoon will be as follows: Botford, c.; Daley, 2b.; Murphy, l.f.; Turner 3b.; Lesley, c. f.; Bonner, s. s.; Jones, 1b.; Fuchs, p.; Hoffman, r. f.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The Regular Monthly Meeting Last Evening.—Bills Ordered Paid.

The regular meeting of the Plainfield Board of Education was held in the high school building last evening.

President Babcock, Dr. J. R. Probasco and Mr. Finch of the Board, Clerk Clark, and the new superintendent of the schools, Prof. Henry B. Maxson, were present.

Bills were presented by the enumerators of school census and were referred to Dr. Probasco for auditing and to report upon at next meeting.

A communication was received from J. Johnson, Collector of Taxes, reporting school monies collected, for May $171.07 and June $417.84. This has been deposited in banks to the credit of the Board.

The committee on supplies and the committee on repairs were authorized to see that all necessary work was done preparatory to the opening of the schools in the fall.

The following bills were ordered paid:

Zimmerman & Rumpf	$ 30
W. R. Mattox	10.00
E. Hill	3.00
C. S. Exp. Co	1.80
A. Moffett	2.00
Times & Bee	27.80
J. A. Demarest	10.00
D. Capps	125.00
W. M. Smith	9.50
do	19.00
do	23.00
Mutford Estil	27.75
Gunn & Co	7.98
C. J. Hoagan	15.00
John Randolph	60.00
Geo. F. White	213.27
I. H. Bodman	3.75

The Board adjourned at 10.30 o'clock.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Geoffry Hedges of South Hampton, L. I., spent the "Fourth" with his parents in South Plainfield.

Miss Blanche Fellows and a few selected pupils gave a song recital at 97 Duer street, this afternoon at three o'clock.

Prof. and Mrs. Henry Scribner, of Alleghany, Pa., are visiting Mrs. Scribner's mother, Mrs. J. M. Myers, of East Front street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Talmadge, whose home at Netherwood, is one of the beautiful sights of Plainfield, which it ever looks, are stopping at the Oxford, at Avon-by-the-Sea.

Mr. and Mrs. Montague and family, and the Misses VanZandt have returned to their home on Crescent avenue, after an absence of several weeks at Spring Lake, Rockland county, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Shepard of Plainfield, the President of the American Bank Note Company, with his wife, so well known in philanthropic work here, and family, are regular guests every Summer at the Avon Inn, Avon-by-the-Sea, undoubtedly the grandest hotel on the coast.

Those who were fortunate in receiving an invitation to Captain Hoffman's at Fanwood, Monday evening, were amply repaid for their trip by the entertainment given by that genial host. The lawn was beautifully decorated and illuminated, and the fire-works were excellent. A supper followed. A number of guests were present from New York and this city.

Mr. Seely Edsall, in company with his friend, Mr. C. W. Alling of Newark, N. J., started to-day for a fishing trip to Lake Sinco and Georgian Bay, Canada. Mrs. Edsall and son, J. Linn Edsall will meet Mr. Edsall about the 20th of July at Clayton, Thousand Islands, and from there will go down the St. Lawrence river to Montreal, thence to Albany Springs, and returning home via Lake Champlain and Lake George about Sept. 1st.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

The New York Convention to Meet To-Morrow.

It is estimated that 500 people will attend the sessions of the Christian Endeavor Convention, which will meet at Madison Square Garden, New York City, to-morrow. Of these about 50 are delegates from the 11 societies in the Local Union of this city.

The meeting will convene to-morrow and will adjourn Sunday night.

General Passenger Agent H. P. Baldwin, of the Central road, has arranged that the 10.45 train from New York, will run through to Dunellen, and if traffic permits, a special express train will be put on.

The delegates from Warren Mission are the President of the Local Union, M. M. Dunham, Mrs. M. M. Dunham, Frederick Moon, Walter C. Dobbins, and George Watts.

—The Board of Directors of the New Jersey Agricultural Society met in the Newark Board of trade rooms last week and began arrangements for holding the annual State Fair at Waverly. The treasurer's report showed a fund of $8,000 on hand, which will be devoted to improvements. The fair will open on September 6th.

SENSITIVE and nerve weakened men and women need to heed this advice and let it stick like a fact—

Have some H-O for breakfast.

A STORY OF JOHN ROACH

AS TOLD A PARTY OF PLAINFIELDERS MONDAY.

How the Kindness of a Fellow Workman Saved the Life of the Great Ship-Builder, and How it was Rewarded.

Captain Dominick Lynch of Avon-by-the-Sea told a party of Plainfielders Monday, who were at the seaside, that he had been 45 years at sea and commanded vessels to all parts of the world, but never witnessed a storm so terrific in its power as the one of last Thursday while it lasted.

While relating the damage which he saw done, it transpired that he and one of the party, a Mr. Floyd, had known each other a quarter of a century ago, and that both had been old friends of John Roach, the famous American ship-builder.

Mr. Floyd said he had been one of fifteen persons who contributed $1,000 each for a dinner at Delmonico's in honor of Mr. Roach for the first iron ship built at Chester, Pa., a portion of the outlay being used for a silver dinner service presented to Mr. Roach as a token.

"The first iron ship built in this country was built in 1856 at the Mott Iron Works, New York, for operation in the Madeira river. But Roach gave the business its greatest impetus.

"Why," said he, "had the highest appreciation of him as a man and a citizen of most exemplary character."

"I knew him," said Mr. Floyd, "when he worked as an iron moulder in Allaire's Iron Works, New York, for but thirteen shillings a day ($1.62½). That was away back in the fifties.

"After awhile he was taken sick, and his doctor had given him up. Mr. Allaire heard of it and sent his own physician to try and bring him about, but the physician, after examining him, said it was no use to try, as Mr. Roach was past medical aid.

Mr. Allaire considered Mr. Roach an extremely good workman whom it would be difficult to replace.

So Mr. Allaire's employe was a pattern maker, also, when he heard of how seriously ill Mr. Roach was, paid a fraternal visit to his bedside, and asked him several questions to get at his condition.

Roach and his wife were compelled to five in two rooms in an east side tenement, because of his poverty, and it was there this brother workman found him. After leaving Mr. Roach the pattern-maker withdrew to the next room, and said to Mrs. Roach, 'there is nothing the matter with your husband, but overwork and poor nourishment.

"'Give him plenty of beefsteak and potatoes and it won't be long before you will see him around again as good as ever.'

"The wife burst into tears, as she said, 'What you say is too true. We were too poor to buy meat when John was well, off of his small wages, and so many children to feed and clothe, but it is impossible now to do so, for I have no money at all.'

"The man withdrew to the dark and dingy hall a moment, and from his saving, in a belt around his waist brought forth one hundred dollars. Returning he handed this to the wife, saying, 'Here, take this, and buy him proper food, and when he gets well and can afford it he can repay the money.'

"'And suppose he don't get better,' said the wife, as the tears of grief gave way to tears of gratitude, which she expressed in the most heartfelt way, sobbing forth, 'May God bless you and yours and prosper you in all your undertakings for this act of kindness.'

"Then consider it paid,' said the man, as tears started to his eyes, and he hurried away.

"It proved that the fellow workman knew more than the doctors, for with good food Mr. Roach soon recovered.

"Unable to stand the hard work at Allaire's, he sought employment elsewhere, and earned the foremanship of a machine shop in Chester, Pa.

"That was the turn in his affairs. His superior knowledge gave him great influence, and he soon had a shop of his own, and large government contracts during the war, and became wealthy.

"Then he went back to Allaire's, where but a few years before he had worked for $1.62½ per day, and was thankful for that.

"'Mr. Allaire' said he, "I want to buy your works."

"They are not for sale," quietly remarked old Mr. Allaire.

"Oh, yes they are, if you can get money enough for them. I will give you so much, naming the price, and will give you fifteen minutes to say 'yes' or 'no.' Upon saying this Mr. Roach took out his watch and looked at the time.

"Mr. Allaire reflected awhile, and then remarked that he could not decide on such short notice.

"Five minutes gone!" said Mr. Roach. Before the fifteen minutes had elapsed he owned the works."

"Yes," remarked Capt. Lynch, who had been intently listening, "that was just like him."

"The pattern maker," continued Mr. Floyd, "who had befriended old man Roach had meanwhile gone West, and Roach lost all trace of him.

"At last, by persistent inquiries, he heard that the man was on a visit East. "He hurried to where he heard the pattern-maker was stopping, and was told that the man he sought had gone in search of a lawyer on Wall street.

"Then Mr. Roach hurried to Wall street, and was walking from one end to when he saw him standing on the street, reading signs for the name of the lawyer sought.

"Said Mr. Roach, 'Who are you looking for, my good friend?'

"Without recognizing in the benevolent-looking, well-dressed man before him, the poor iron moulder whose life he had saved in years gone by, the man answered the question.

"'And what do you want to see the lawyer for?' continued Mr. Roach.

"'Well,' replied the man, 'I own a house in Brooklyn. I have been living in Chicago for awhile back and meanwhile the property has greatly increased in value. There is a $7,000 mortgage on it. The holder wants the money, and, as I haven't got it, I am searching for this lawyer to help me get it. That's the whole story.'

"Mr. Roach asked the man to go along with him, which he did, though somewhat puzzled.

"In front of one of the Wall street banks, Roach excused himself for a moment, went in and soon returned.

"Then, at his request, the man took him to the holder of the mortgage.

"Mr. Roach asked the debtor if he couldn't give the creditor a little more time, remarking that the latter was a poor man.

"The debtor refused, claiming that he needed the money, and must have it at once.

"Well,' said Roach, 'make out the satisfaction piece,' and when this was done he paid over the $7,000 and interest, and turning to the pattern maker, said:

"'Do you remember some years ago lending one hundred dollars to a poor iron moulder named John Roach, to help him back to life?'

"The man remembered it.

"Handing the man the mortgage and release, Roach said: 'Here's your reward: I am John Roach.'"

"That was just like him," exclaimed Capt. Lynch, manifesting emotion as he proceeded to relate an incident of him, showing further evidence of gratitude to those who had befriended him.

Society of the Cincinnati.

The Society of the Cincinnati had a banquet at the Spring Lake House, Spring Lake Beach, yesterday, in celebration of the Fourth of July. The menu served was elaborate. Three of the officers of the Society are residents of Elizabeth: David P. Thomas, treasurer; W. C. Spencer, secretary, and W. P. Barber, corresponding secretary. The chaplain of the occasion was Rev. Dr. McAllister, of Trinity Episcopal church. Among other present was W. W. Thomas.

—Hereafter women married by Methodist Protestant ministers will not have to promise to obey their husbands, the word "obey" having been stricken out of the marriage service of that church.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted by a young man who has had the care of horses for years, and is a good milker. Will work in Plainfield, Fanwood or Westfield. Address "Lucius," care of EVENING NEWS. 5 5

WORK wanted by willing man. Situation that will be steady preferred. Address L. Vine, Plainfield Post Office. 6 4

WANTED—Situation as first-class laundress or for general housework. Can furnish good references. Address "C. C.," care D. W. Hyde, Netherwood, N. J. 5 2

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Honest, energetic men to solicit orders for nursery stock; expenses and salary to men who can leave home and work steady; also commission to local agents; write for terms and territory. Address R. G. Chase & Co., 3 1m eod 160 S. 3d St., Phila., Pa

WANTED—Operators and basters on vests. 25 West Front street. 30 5

$75 TO $250 can be made monthly working for B. F. Johnston & Co., 2000-2008 Main street, Richmond, Va. 6 9 1m

MONEY TO LOAN.

$2,500 TO LOAN on gilt-edged security. Also smaller sums. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS.

$900 TO LOAN. Can remain say 3 years. Address at once, "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS tf

BOARDERS WANTED.

A 19 Craig place, furnished rooms with board. Table boarders accommodated. 6 9 2t

FOR RENT.

SMALL house to let. No. 1 Bay street. Inquire of F. W. Bird, 107 East Front street. 6 7

TO LET—Barn, 2 stalls and wagon room. No. 43 Manning avenue. S. O. Staats. 27 5

FOR SALE.

$40 CASH will buy a ball bearing safety bicycle worth double the amount. A good wheel for ladies or gents. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS.

FOR SALE—Pair of heavy mules; also 2 single horses. Robinson can drive. Apply to A. Lewis, 18 Craig place. 6 5

LOTS containing half an acre and upwards on Grandview ave. Small down payment and long time. Splendid opportunity to have a home. Proprietor, P. O. Box 107, Cleveland, O. 30 5

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes walk from depot by most direct route. Enquire of or for particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 16

MISCELLANEOUS.

49000 Celery plants, extra fine. Greenhouse plants in variety at Denman's, 127 Hillside avenue. 1-7

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Hardware store, 11 Somerset street. 2-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mosher's

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

DETECTIVES AND WORKINGMEN FIGHTING.

Many People Killed on Each Side—The End is Not yet.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 6.—A fierce battle has taken place between the workmen locked-out of Andrew Carnegie's mill and 300 Pinkerton men sent from Pittsburg to invest the works.

The fight occurred at daylight at the steamboat landing near the mills, where the workingmen were massed to prevent the officers from landing.

The detectives, according to the statements of several eye witnesses, began hostilities by opening fire with Winchesters on the men.

The fire was returned from revolvers and shot guns, and the workmen made so determined a resistance that the officers were unable to land.

Several persons were wounded on each side, and it is reported among the men that five Pinkerton detectives were killed outright.

The detectives are still on barges in the river, unable to land, and a statement from them cannot now be obtained.

On the side of the workmen seven men were wounded, and one of these, the foreman of the mill, is said to have died since the engagement.

LATER.

Another engagement has ensued in which several more men were killed on each side.

RANDOLPH SENTENCED.

The Negro Assaulter of Alice Day Gets Fifteen Years.

ELIZABETH, N. J., July 6th, (Special.)—Alonzo Randolph, the young negro, who attempted to criminally assault Alice Day, the five-year old daughter of Richard Day, the East Front street liveryman of Plainfield on June 23d, was to-day sentenced by Judge McCormick, to 15 years in the State Prison.

The crime for which Randolph is sentenced occurred about five o'clock Wednesday afternoon, June 22d, the full particulars of which were given in The News of the following day. Randolph was taken to the police station, but was quickly transferred to Elizabeth as there were threats of lynching.

TWO NEGROES LYNCHED.

The Murderers of Benson Blake, at Vicksburg, Hanged.

VICKSBURG, Miss., July 6th. (Special.)—The county jail was stormed last night by a large body of determined citizens, more than 600 strong, and two of the negroes confined there, charged with the murder of Benson Blake and with complicity in many robberies, were taken out and hanged.

They were Smith Tooley and John L. Adams, both notorious men, and against whom positive evidence exists as to the robberies.

Brothers Fight a Duel.

GRAND VIEW, Ind., July 6th, (Special.)—On the camp meeting grounds near here, Monday afternoon, the Knights of Pythias gave a picnic. Among those present were two brothers, James and Chris Sutton, who became involved in a dispute. They went off some distance and commenced a duel with clubs, beating each other in a horrible manner. The battle finally concluded by James striking his brother a violent blow on the head, smashing his skull, from the effects which he died in an hour. After dealing the fatal blow James went to the river and made his escape to the Kentucky shore.

Two Bicycle Records Broken.

STOCKTON, Cal., July 6—(Special.)—The California division of the League of American Wheelmen is holding its annual meeting here. Monday two national records were broken. W. W. Needham of the Garden City Wheelmen of San Jose, in the half-mile safety race scored 1: 04 4-5. In the five-mile safety, A. L. A. Lesnago of the Oriental Club won in 14: 41, beating the best national record by 2.30.

Cyrus W. Field Still Conscious.

ARDSLEY, N. Y., July 6 (Special.)—Cyrus W. Field passed a restless night, but was resting easier this morning. He was still conscious at that time.

SUN RISE, 4.33; SUN SET, 7.35.

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children. The Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hose you buy for 25c. per pair and the Children's for 15c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye.

Wash Dress Fabric.

A little late in the Season to buy Wash Dress Goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more in the favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Sateens at 12½ and 18c., Bedford Cord at 16c., Figured Indian Linen at 13c., Irish Lawns at 12c. and Challies at 5c.

VanEmburgh & White

FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received

through

A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street

BOYNTON : : - - BEACH,

With

Greatly Increased

Attractions,

NOW OPEN.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'.

V. L. FRAZEE.

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

BUTTER.

FINE - TABLE - BUTTER

18c. per Pound.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The value of exports of breadstuffs from the United States for the year ending June 30 will reach $300,000,000, perhaps more, being nearly or quite three times as much as was exported last year. Farmers ought to be prosperous. At any rate they are better off than they were a year ago, even with the low prices of wheat much of this year.

A firm of leather dealers in Boston failed a year ago on account of the low price of their staple and of shrinkage in the value of properties in which their investments were placed. But by a quick turn of the wheel of fortune the prices of these properties went up again and trade grew lively. The moral of the story is found in the fact that this high minded firm has sent checks to its creditors, paying their claims dollar for dollar, with 6 per cent. interest added.

The supply of fresh gold to be coined into money amounts now to less than $25,000,000 a year. The amount of gold available for coinage amounts now to only one-fourth of what it was from 1850 to 1890. The demand of Austria for $100,000,000 worth of gold for coinage will therefore cause the money lenders of the earth to be put to it to get this sum. Gold is becoming scarce, therefore it becomes worth more in comparison with other commodities, therefore the price of other commodities is low.

The trucking industry assumes *constantly greater proportions in the south.* Here some wise agriculturists are beginning to make up what they lost on cotton. The south is to be the garden of the country for early vegetables, particularly after those hundred mile an hour trains are started. Under present transportation arrangements one firm in New Berne, N. C., has already shipped this spring $20,000 worth of cabbages. One cabbage head makes a small showing financially, but half a million cabbage heads count up large. The trucking industry, moreover, is not yet nearly developed in the south. There is room in it still for thousands of families to make a good living at the same time that they make wholesome vegetables cheaper for the dwellers in cities. But the want at present is better and cheaper distribution, and that is the man who raises the cabbage head will get at least as much money for it as the man who sells it wholesale.

Cause of Panics.

Matthew Marshall, the veteran financial writer of the New York Sun, does not believe that panics drop from the moon or blow upsuddenly like a thunderstorm. They are the result of a set of causes that have been working steadily for years to produce them. When these culminate the crash comes, and he declares that no legislation one way or the other can stop it. The causes of financial disaster lie deeper than legislation and are to be found in human nature itself, which is only another way of saying that if mankind were honest, wise, industrious and energetic they would not need any financial laws of any kind, but could go ahead and manage their affairs on the strength of native gumption.

What the chief causes of panics are Mr. Marshall sets forth as follows:

The most serious obstacles to financial prosperity are not those which are the most talked about and for the removal of which legislative remedies are the most loudly demanded, but those of which little or no account is taken and which can be overcome only by individual effort. The want of skill, enterprise and good judgment; the taking of unwise risks in the hope of great and sudden profits, the giving of credit to men undeserving of it and the expansion of business upon borrowed money—all these operate surely and steadily to bring about those periodically recurring disasters wrongly attributed to legislation. Up to this time no means have been invented for stimulating these faculties and habits in the cities of evil, and until they are eliminated it is vain to expect uninterrupted financial prosperity.

Lost Opportunities.

A great Englishman used to say that his best speeches were always made in the cab going home after the meeting was all over. Wendell Phillips was accustomed to say that he never made a speech in his life that he did not forget and leave out the best part of it. This experience has doubtless been that of everybody who ever tried to speak in public. After all was over he thought of the brilliant things he ought to have said but did not think of. This is true not only of speechmaking, but of every affair of life. Just the right thing is seldom thought of till the crisis is over. Depression, gloom and despair fill the man's soul over his failure, as he supposes, and he curses himself for a fool for losing the opportunity of his lifetime. Either for the acquisition of wealth or for whatever other object he had set his heart on.

But it is not a lost opportunity. Mankind learn only by experience. The wisdom gathered from a man's first failure would not have come to him if he had not failed. Through that failure he will know exactly what, to do next time. And this let him remember—next time will always come. There will always come an occasion when the unspoken speech can be made, the brilliant financial stroke taken advantage of. If we remember and profit by the experience gained as we go along, there will be no such thing as a really lost opportunity.

CAMPBELL WILL RESIGN

He Cannot Act as Chairman of the Republican Committee.

BUSINESS AFFAIRS PREVENT HIM

His Successor Will Be Elected by the Executive Committee of the National Committee—Payne, of Wisconsin, Favors Senator Sawyer.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Chairman Campbell, of the national Republican committee, has arrived in the city from Chicago. He was met at the depot by Mr. Michener, the present national friend. The two gentlemen immediately took a carriage for the Arlington hotel. Mr. Campbell did not register, but went directly to the room of Commissioner of the Land Office Carter, who is also secretary of the national Republican committee, where Mr. Carter, Mr. Michener and Mr. Campbell held a consultation lasting about a half hour. They afterward left the hotel together, going directly to the White House, and were in conference for four hours with the president, Secretary Elkins, ex-Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, and Secretary Rusk. After this conference Mr. Campbell gave out the following statement:

"When I was elected chairman of the national committee it was with the distinct understanding that my business engagements then pending might render it impos-

WILLIAM J. CAMPBELL.

sible for me to act in that capacity. This contingency was fully understood by the committee and others directly interested. Since the adjournment of the committee I have been unable to adjust my affairs so as to render it practicable for me to act as chairman; and I therefore, as I reserved the right to do, announce that I will not so act.

"Under the authority vested in me by the national committee I will probably announce the executive committee within the next few days, and that committee will meet at an early date. At that meeting I will formally tender my resignation and my successor will be then elected.

"My successor will be chosen by the executive committee as authorized by resolution adopted by the national committee."

Payne Favors Sawyer.

A dispatch from Milwaukee says that Henry C. Payne, the Wisconsin member of the Republican national committee, who has been talked of as Mr. Campbell's successor in case he resigned, said when asked about the effect of Mr. Campbell's refusal to serve:

"The chairmanship was offered to Mr. Campbell, who declined it at first and only under strong pressure consented to take it under consideration. Mr. Campbell has a large clientage and a law practice that pays him from $40,000 to $60,000 a year. He had to consult his clients. Phil D. Armour, one of his clients, refused to consent. He could have been induced probably to change his decision, but there was the Chicago Gas company which would not release Mr. Campbell on any conditions. Then he left him only one course—to decline the chairmanship. These are the only causes of Mr. Campbell's declination. It will be of no political effect."

"Who will the chairman be?"

"I can't say. I have strongly recommended Senator Sawyer."

A dispatch from Pittsburg says that one of Chris Magee's most intimate friends declared that Magee would not accept the place made vacant by Campbell's declination.

HARRITY PROBABLY THE MAN.

Likely to Be Made Chairman of the Democratic Campaign Committee.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The Democratic national committeeman, Senator Gorman said, will meet in New York on the day after Mr. Cleveland has been notified of his nomination. This is in accordance with a well established custom that the national committee of the Democratic party meets for organization immediately after the presidential candidate has accepted his nomination.

It seems well understood, since Mr. Whitney's declaration to that effect, that ex-Postmaster William F. Harrity, of Philadelphia, will be selected as chairman of the campaign committee. Unlike the Republican committee, it is the invariable custom of the Democratic national committee to select two chairmen, one of the whole committee and one of the campaign committee. It is not known who will be elected chairman of the full committee, but it is safe to say that Senator Gorman will not accept that position.

Congressman Cable, of Illinois, who has been mentioned in connection with the chairmanship, left for New York last Friday and is still there. It was said among his Illinois associates in the house that his visit would bring about a meeting with the leading friends of Mr. Cleveland, which would fully determine whether or not Mr. Cable would be a selection agreeable to the nominee.

TAMMANY WILL WORK HARD.

No Effort Will Be Spared to Elect Cleveland and Stevenson.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Tammany Hall at a meeting of its committee of twenty-four clearly defined its position. It will support the Democratic national ticket.

There was a full representation, and reports received from the various district leaders were very flattering to Cleveland and Stevenson. Richard Croker, the recognized leader of Tammany, offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Tammany Hall organization, in executive meeting assembled, cordially endorses the platform and principles enunciated by the Democratic national convention at Chicago, and pledges its earnest and untiring support to the nominees of that convention—Grover Cleveland, of New York, and Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

Mr. Croker, in supporting the resolution, urged on every district leader the necessity of making a supreme effort in his district in behalf of the national ticket. He said he believed that Mr. Cleveland would be elected and would carry this state by a larger majority than has been witnessed in recent years.

The People's Party.

OMAHA, July 6.—The national committee of the People's party elected an executive committee to act for the ensuing four years. It is three composed of Chairman, J. H. Taubeneck, of Illinois; secretaries, J. H. Turner, of Georgia, and Lawrence McFarland, of New York; members, M. C. Ralkin, of Indiana; committee, Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota; G. F. Washburne, of Massachusetts; P. G. Gaither, of Alabama; J. H. Davis, of Texas, and T. O. Strickler, of Nebraska. The matter of methods for securing campaign funds was referred to the executive committee.

Catching's Re-Election Assured.

CARNESVILLE, Miss., July 6.—The result of the primaries held in the Third congressional district insures the return of T. C. Catchings to congress.

Hallinger's Long Stay.

JESSUP CITY, July 6.—C. J. Peshall, counsel for the negro murderer, Hallinger, has been notified that the new appeal in the case has been docketed and that it is 1,100 of the October term. This means that unless it is moved for early argument by Prosecutor Winfield it will not be reached for over a year, and the murderer will continue to live well at the expense of Hudson county.

The Vanderbilt Fence.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 6.—A tall iron fence is at once to be built to shut off the W. K. Vanderbilt place here from the Astor estates on either side, the iron structure being also continued along the edge of the cliff to keep the publicout of the grounds. Only birds will be able to surmount it.

Latest Style in Hairdressing.

The Byzantine coiffure, an English fad which its admirers claim is to supersede the Greek knot, is shown in the accompanying cut. It is a style something like the present—the hair is waved and curled just as much, but there are about half a dozen versions of it, and some are more elaborate than others. A strand of long hair twisted and looped from the crown of the head to the nape of the neck, the extreme ends

THE NEW BYZANTINE COIFFURE.

curled as in the Grecian knot, constitutes the back dressing, and the fringe, light and pointed, is given additional piquancy for evening wear by having a soft knotted bow of hair placed just above it. The arrangement of the hair is improved by the sides being waved.

Among the new ornaments are bands and bows of enameled metal, which have the same appearance in the hair as ribbon. They are to be had in almost every delicate color.

For evening full dress it is not absolutely necessary to introduce any fancy hairpins or combs; but a band of ribbon or velvet, a small cigrette, or a crossway fold of piece velvet tied in loose knots, with a diamond star in each, makes a pretty addition, only care must be taken not to overdo it, and to conform to the shape of the head—one of the most important points in hairdressing.

Red Cloud Crushed.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Red Cloud, the old Indian chief, employed at a dime museum here, had an altercation with a negro in the museum and was struck on the head with a stick, receiving an ugly scalp wound.

A Big Gold Shipment.

PHILADELPHIA, July 6.—Gold coin to the amount of more than $7,000,000 has been transferred from the mint in this city to the subtreasury in New York. The shipment was one of the largest ever made.

The President's Trip.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The President and Mrs. Harrison will leave for Loon lake in a special train of the Pennsylvania railroad at 3 p. m. today, and will reach that place Thursday evening at 9 o'clock.

Lynched by a Mob.

VICKSBURG, Miss., July 6.—At midnight a mob, of fifty men, battered in the jail, overpowered the guards and lynched Smith Tooley, a negro, charged with the murder of Venson Blake, a merchant.

A Michigan Town in Flames.

HOUGHTON, Mich., July 6.—Rockland, in Ontonagon county, was almost entirely destroyed by fire. Thirty buildings, including stores, dwellings and the Masonic hall, were burned.

The Cholera's March of Death.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 6.—The number of cases of cholera reported by the authorities in the following in the city and ninety-one deaths from the disease have been reported at Baku.

Corumba Captured.

RIO JANEIRO, July 6.—It is officially announced that the government forces have captured the position of Corumba, which had hitherto been held by the revolting troops.

Tutor Moore Resigns from Yale.

NEW HAVEN, July 6.—Charles A. Moore, a tutor in Yale, who was recently hazed by a band of graduated students, has resigned.

Dropped Dead in a Foot Race.

DUBUQUE, Ia., July 6.—A boy named Kron fell dead here while running a foot race. He had just read of young Glover's death in a similar manner at Farley.

A DEFEAT FOR CARNEGIE.

An Attempt to Start the Mills Defeated by the Strikers.

DEPUTIES RUN OUT OF HOMESTEAD.

Acting Sheriff Cluly and His Aids Escorted Out of Town by a Large Body of Determined Men—Governor Pattison Asked to Avert Bloodshed.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 6.—The first aggressive move in an attempt on the part of the Carnegie Steel company to start their mills in opposition to the wishes of the locked out men was unsuccessful. The mill workers came off victorious at every point. The Carnegie Steel company applied to Sheriff McCleary, of Allegheny county, for help in guarding their Homestead property and protection for those men whom, they claim, are willing and anxious to go to work, but are in fear of bodily harm from the strikers. Sheriff McCleary, accompanied by ex-Sheriffs Gray and Cluly, came from Pittsburg and repaired to the strikers' headquarters, announcing that they would assume control of the Carnegie Steel company's property and would send some deputies to guard the works, but before doing so, wished a personal inspection of the ground. They asked for a pass to visit the interior of the mill, which was not only given by the advisory committee, but a body guard of ten men were furnished the sheriff to show him everything in sight. After an inspection of the works the sheriff was escorted to headquarters where a committee was awaiting him. The chairman of the advisory committee addressed the sheriff as follows:

Mr. Sheriff, the Homestead people, both before this trouble came and since its precipitation, have expressed their intention of not only guarding their own property, but the property of their employers, the Carnegie Steel company as well. The property is not endangered, but the firm has, for the sake of peace, *ostensibly for the purpose of guarding property* which is not in danger is unnecessary. Now, we, the people of Homestead, wish to make an offer. We will place from 50 to 300 of our best citizens inside of that mill to guard that property if the firm think it is in danger, and these men will protect the property with their own lives if necessary, and further than that, a bond of $10,000 will be given for the faithful vigilance of each man posted. We don't want deputy sheriffs here, as it will precipitate trouble, and therefore make this offer.

The Advisory Committee Dissolved.

Sheriff McCleary said that he was unable to accept the offer, although he acknowledged the sensibility and fairness of the proposition and states that he had been instructed to bring fifty deputy sheriffs to Homestead and enter into.

"You bring them at your own risk; we hereby dissolve the advisory committee, and we will not be responsible for any trouble which may arise from their coming," said the chairman. The sheriff then left for Pittsburg.

The word that the advisory committee had been dissolved and that the sheriff would probably place his men inside the works caused great excitement, and in less than an hour a petition was in circulation among the leading merchants of the town praying Governor Pattison to repair to Homestead immediately and take some steps toward averting trouble and possibly bloodshed, which appears near at hand.

In a short time word was received that ex-Sheriff Cluly with eleven deputies was rapidly nearing Homestead on the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston railroad. A rush was made toward the City Farm station, and when the train passed about 3,000 people had congregated of about the depot, but the deputies did not appear. A few moments later a mighty shout came from 1,500 people gathered at Munhall station, above which is the main entrance to the mill, telling the crowd below that the deputies had landed. The scene which followed is unutterable. The crowd at City Farm station were compelled to come up along side of the fence about 300 yards before getting on to Eighth avenue, leading to Munhall station, and as every man wanted to be the first to get to Munhall, the narrow passageway was crowded to suffocation by the struggling mill workers, all tumbling over each other in their great haste.

When the crowd reached Eighth avenue they were joined by a larger crowd, all pressing toward Munhall, and the sixty foot street was hardly able to hold them. In the meantime the deputies, in charge of Sheriff Cluly, were having an interesting time at the Munhall gate, as soon as the train stopped the deputies, headed by Cluly, started toward the gate, against which stood several hundred brawny mill men. The deputies came close up to the determined mill workers, who looked them squarely in the face without flinching or moving an inch. Ex-Sheriff Cluly advanced and in a clear voice said: "Men, we command you to fall back and give us entrance to the property of the Carnegie Steel company, which we have been detailed to guard."

The Deputies Retreat.

There was silence for a moment, when one of the workers stepped forward and said: "We cannot permit you to enter the mill. The mill property is not in danger, nor does it require your guardianship, and we think that should we admit you to this mill it would be against our interests, so we will not allow you to enter. Should you wish to return to Pittsburg we will see that you get safely out of town."

Acting Sheriff Cluly, after a few moments conversation with his aids, said: "We will go back to Pittsburg, and will depend on you for a safe escort out of town."

A large body of workmen formed about the deputies and started toward Amalgamated headquarters, where the men could be kept till the little steamer Edna could be summoned to transport them down the river to Glenwood. There was but little conversation. Half an hour later the march to the Edna, a quarter of a mile away, was begun. Each deputy kept inside of the workmen, and none was permitted to follow in their rear. Not a loud word was spoken. Acting Sheriff Cluly brought up the rear of the procession and when the river bank was reached each deputy shook hands in turn with his escort, thanked him and stepped on board. As Sheriff Cluly stepped upon the gangplank he turned and said: "I am much obliged, boys, for your kindness, and now I will walk the plank."

The Edna pushed off amid dead silence and the little crowd quietly dispersed. The Edna returned from Glenwood at 8 o'clock, after leaving the sheriffs men within easy reach of the electric cars for Pittsburg. The town is suggestively quiet, though every guard is wide awake and at his post.

A Schooner Wrecked.

HALIFAX, July 6.—The schooner William H. Parker, from Baltimore for Eleuthera, was totally wrecked at Egg island. Captain Atkinson and crew were saved.

None Such Mince Meat

CONDENSED

Makes an everyday convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

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Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

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Gauze vests, 25c.

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Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

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Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 30c.

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FIGHTING FREE COINAGE

The House Filibusters and Prevents a Vote on the Bill.

SILVER MEN MEET IN CONFERENCE

They Discuss the Stewart Measure and Decide That No Amendment Is Necessary—They Believe the Bill Will Pass the House by a Close Vote.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—After the senate had amused us a rather disquieting statement by Mr. Vest, from the committee on public buildings and grounds, on the sanitary shortcomings of the Capitol, Mr. Berry took the floor in reply to Mr. Hale's useful speech and resolutions. He asserted that the danger of another Davenport forces all men above all other considerations in the minds of the people of the south, and he challenged, without reply, any Republican senator to rise in his place and say that President Harrison had abandoned his purpose in this regard.

The deadlock between the senate and house on the appropriation for the Grand Army encampment in Washington in September next was clinched by the senate, the house instructing for $75,000 to be paid by the district taxpayers and the senate insisting for $100,000 to be paid out of the general district fund.

The House Filibusters.

The fight on the free coinage bill passed by the senate Friday began in the house as soon as Speaker Crisp announced its reception. The antisilver men were wide awake and hardly had the words left the speaker's mouth when Mr. Tracy, of New York, a Democrat, moved to refer it to the committee on banking and currency, which is supposed to be against the bill. From the time the motion was made until the time of adjournment, the house was treated to a series of monotonous calls of the house and yea and nay votes.

The vote on Mr. Tracy's motion failed to show the presence of a quorum. The point of no quorum was made and a call of the house resulted. This call showed a quorum present; another vote on the motion did not show the required number. And so through the day, each call of the house followed each yea and nay vote until the patience of the free coinage men was exhausted, and an adjournment was made necessary.

But the fight will be resumed with each side better prepared for the conflict. The adoption of a resolution revoking all leaves of absence and requiring the attendance of absentees will probably have the effect of bringing a full house together.

Silver Men in Conference.

The act of July 14, 1890, provided for the purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion each month by the secretary of the treasury. To each seller of bullion the government issued coin certificates representing the amount paid him for his bullion.

The first of these coinage bills, passed last Friday, repealed this law, and it is claimed that in so doing it destroyed the legal tender quality of the coin certificates, and that about $60,000,000 in these certificates, held by people throughout the country, are not redeemable by the government. Senator Stewart says that the government must redeem them. Representative Culberson says it need not under the Stewart bill.

An informal conference of about two hours was held by the silver men after the house adjourned in the house committee on judiciary to determine the effect of the Stewart bill upon the legal tender quality of outstanding coin certificates. Mr. Culberson presided. Between twenty-five and thirty silver advocates were present, among the number were Senators Stewart and Morgan, Representatives Bland, Pierce, Dungan, Bailey, Henderson, of North Carolina, and Robertson.

A lively discussion ensued and Senators Stewart and Morgan made brief addresses on the subject and were followed by Messrs. Bland, Pierce and others.

Hope to Pull It Through.

The consensus of opinion was that it would be best to let the bill stand as it passed the senate; that it was not serious or complicated enough to change it by adding amendments, thereby sending the measure back to the senate, which action would endanger it.

The legal side of the measure was considered and it was contended that in the laws of contracts no after legislation could affect a prior contract. A number of precedents were cited.

The question as to what policy should be adopted in the house on the measure was not decided upon. In accordance with the resolution of the house absentees will be notified to appear and the full house is necessary, and that the fight in that body on the silver bill will continue. The silver men realize that the contest will be a close one, but hope to pull the measure through the house on a close vote.

Changes in the Circulation.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The treasury department's statement of changes in the circulation during last month and the fiscal year just closed, shows a net decrease during June of $16,999,991; but for the twelve months ended June 30, an increase of $108,005,783.

A Lively Corpse.

CHESTER, Pa., July 6.—Thomas Kelly, colored, was found at Market street, wharf apparently dead and the body was removed to the coroner's office and placed in the ice box, where the supposed corpse kicked the lid off. The men had been stupefied with liquor.

Fales to Hang on August 11.

NEWARK, N. J., July 6.—Alden Fales, the nineteen-year-old boy, who killed Thomas Hayden at Mrs. Pollett's straw hat factory, several months ago for the purpose of robbery, was sentenced to be hanged on Aug. 11.

To Partition Morocco.

LONDON, July 6.—The following dispatch has been received by the Exchange Tele graph company from Paris: "A secret convention has been signed by England, Spain and Italy for the partition of Morocco."

The Cannon Exploded.

ASHLAND, Pa., July 6.—James Gallagher, aged seventeen, and Levi A. Kline, aged twenty-one, of Mahanoy City, were badly injured by the premature explosion of a cannon.

Police Officials Accused.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 6.—State Detectives McVey and Wilson formally accused City Detectives Hawkins and Hatton with having accepted money from policy gamblers.

A Miss Drops Dead.

ELIZABETH, N. J., July 6.—Lena Lothenhouse, aged thirteen years, dropped dead while going aboard an excursion steamer.

A Real Good Thing.

Upset Member—Look here, you fellers, I've got a complaint to make, and one of which I trust the committee will take notice. It seems some five or six fellers have clubbed together and offered me £100 to resign my membership.

Little Smarty Pegtop—Don't you take it, old cock, you'll get a better offer. [Scrutator.]—Judy.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The University of Dublin began the celebration of the 300th anniversary of the foundation of Trinity college by Queen Elizabeth.

Rufus Johnson, Louis Lewis and Ida Swanson, all of St. Paul, were drowned while boating on Spring lake, Minnesota.

The rolling mill of the tin department of the Niedringhaus mills in St. Louis was destroyed by fire. The loss will be about $75,000.

Matthias Hadelt, convicted of the murder of Father Ildefonse, procurator of the Trappist monastry at Aigueblle, was executed by the guillotine in Paris.

The body of John W. Donaldson, the secretary of the Epworth league of the Wesley Methodist church, of Chicago, was found floating in Lake Michigan. He is believed to have committed suicide.

Acting Controller Nixon, of the treasury department, says that the impairment of the Goshen National bank's capital will amount to $25,000 and that the stockholders will make it good and resume business.

An unknown sloop, thought to be carrying contraband Chinese and bound for the American side from Victoria, B. C., upset near Race Rocks.

Prosecutor Winfield, of Hudson county, applied to Judge Lippincott yesterday for a struck jury to try Charles Scott, John Parent, Thomas Nelson and George Heller, election officers, indicted for conspiracy in the election of 1889.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

| | | |

PARENTS SHOULD STRIVE TO UNDERSTAND THE CHILDREN.

One of the greatest mistakes which mothers as well as lawgivers make is to expect uniformity of result from different individuals. Children, like commandments, must be regarded according to their needs and individual characteristics. Two children of the same surroundings may develop diametrically opposite characteristics and need a diametrically opposite course of training. It is unjust to lay down a rigid law embodying what we believe should be, according to our finite knowledge, and expect to mold people to it. Our conclusions are apt to be as narrow as those of the Scotch schoolmaster who remarked to Burns' father that Gilbert was a bright boy, but Robert was clean daft and good for nothing.

It is not given to us to comprehend the abilities even of those bound to us by the nearest ties. The ideal never fulfills the conventional type of a bright boy may be but a commonplace fellow beside his duller brother when he arrives at mature years. If we cannot then tell the difference between the dull and the genius, how much less should we presume to lay out careers for our children to follow. Only the all wise Father, who gives to each his gifts in his degree, can do this.

The utmost that the fondest and wisest parents can do is to watch the development of their children, notice what their tastes are, what interests them, in what branches they seem to be proficient. It is in this way that the child is started best and at the earliest time on his most congenial and therefore his most useful start in life. It is by a kindly but intelligent parental supervision of this kind that inventors, architects, engineers and orators are started on the careers that most fit them. It is painful to think of the waste of time to which men of ability have been compelled by the foolish judgment of parents in forcing them into studies and callings for which they were unfitted.—New York Tribune.

Flowers for the Bride's Bouquet.

The bride's bouquet should always be made of white flowers. In England, uncharis, gardenia, orange blossoms and stephanotis are frequently used; with us, very seldom. The most fashionable bouquet in America consists of white orchids, lily of the valley and white roses, following in the order named. Lily of the valley is frequently mixed with other orchids or roses, but orchids and roses are seldom used in the same bouquet. They are rival queens that are happiest apart.

A pretty idea to arrange the bride's bouquet is to have it composed of several sections, that after the bride leaves the house the maid of honor may distribute to those friends whom the bride may wish to honor. The ribbon can remain on the section intended for the bride's mother. At times the bride has a favorite flower of them is a bit of romance or sentiment attached to some colored flower, such as a violet or Jacqueminot rose, and she wishes this included in her bouquet. When they are used let it be a small bunch partly concealed. After the reception it may be taken from the bouquet and worn on the traveling dress.

The ribbon for the bouquet should be either three yards of 3-inch ribbon to match the gown in tone and texture, or twenty or thirty yards of very narrow ribbon, with long bows, the ends extending down at different lengths, with delicate flowers attached to a number of these ends. Sometimes a large bow of ribbon is tied and arranged as though it were coming from the center of the bouquet. The ribbon thus used has no meaning, and is very apt to become soiled by the moisture on the flowers. As the bride's bouquet is always white, those carried by the bridesmaids should, as a contrast, have some color. If the bride in choosing her attendants has been fortunate in securing decided blonds and brunettes, strong and beautiful color contrasts can be obtained in both gowns and flowers. The dark cluster, or "rustic bunch," is often used. In arranging such a cluster it is wise to have it arranged carelessly, or rather not to interfere too much with nature.—H. H. Battles in Ladies' Home Journal.

Women Reporters in New York.

Every newspaper in the city employs from one to half a dozen women either as writers on social and feminine topics or as regular reporters. There is still much prejudice in the city room of the newspapers against women as reporters, but I think it is dying out. In some lines of work women are better reporters than men. They are more modest and faithful, but it is difficult to get a woman to take any view of a public question which conflicts with her prejudices. In all my experience in the employment of women writers, and it has been varied, I have never known more than two or three who did not look at things from their own rather than from the newspaper's standpoint.

I have known them to go along quietly for two weeks and then suddenly slip into an article some bit of prejudice that they have been nursing for some years. I have yet to meet the first "lady journalist" who is willin to admit that she has any fitness or cap city for society or fashion reporting. They always do that sort of work in a perfunctory way, and some of them do it remarkably well. I have found that so long as a woman about a newspaper office attends strictly to her own business and asks no favors on account of her sex she gets along well and is thoroughly respected by her co-laborers.

It is not precisely the work that I would recommend to a woman, but where the talent exists, coupled with willingness to work and endure, I suppose journalism offers as much to the gentler sex as any of the higher professions. It pays better and is fully as respectable as any of them. I know at least three women connected with the press of New York who are as good in their profession as three average male reporters on the metropolitan press—only three.—John A. Cockerill in New York Recorder.

Soap as a Beautifier.

It is said that good soap is a great beautifier and a great preventive of the unseemly looking "blackheads" which are such a disfigurement and are so hard to get rid of. The real cause of these unpleasant little specks is not, as a rule, anything more serious than this: Soapy persons have much larger skin pores than others, and the dust collects, settles and finally forms a hard, black little substance which probably would never have had a chance of development if the skin was thoroughly washed with a soap twice a day and rubbed vigorously with a coarse towel. Do not be afraid of a red nose. The redness will soon fade away and leave no trace.

We will add that the face should be greased well after the soap washing has been gone through it. A good plan to follow is: At bedtime wash the face with hot water and soap, rinse thoroughly; then "work in" by rubbing slowly and firmly the grease—cold cream preferably. This treatment is beneficial, which has thoroughly imbedded, and in the morning the soap and water will do better service upon a softened, pliable skin. Persons with rough skins will be amply paid for their trouble. It is tedious, to be sure—works and months it may be needful to persist in the treatment—but it is the only effectual contributory source of blackheads. The meshes become saturated with dust and exhalations most injurious to a delicate skin. By constant friction they are pushed in and settle in the pores and are sealed there by a black speck. Street dust is unavoidable, but it is much less harmful taken straight to the skin than through a veil.—Jennes Miller Illustrated.

Women as Druggists' Clerks.

There are not many young ladies employed in St. Louis drug stores as clerks, though the wives of some suburban druggists have developed into very competent assistants. In the eastern states the practice of employing skilled ladies in drug stores is comparatively common, so much so as to attract attention from male assistants, who are afraid their fair sisters may prove dangerous rivals to them. Lady doctors have entirely lived down the prejudice which existed against them when they first began to practice, and there is no doubt that lady dispensing clerks will find no difficulty in proving their efficiency. It may be said that it would be unpleasant for gentlemen to be compelled to ask for some preparations from ladies, but it must be equally unpleasant for ladies to be compelled to ask male assistants for face powders, cosmetics and other aids to beauty

In order to make it pleasant for all customers there should be both male and female assistants in every store, and it is very probable that in the course of a very few years this will be the practice. So far as carelessness in putting up prescriptions is concerned there is no reason for supposing that it will exist to any greater extent in a lady than in a gentleman.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Ida Lewis' Life Record.

The most celebrated of lighthouse keepers is Ida Lewis, who for a score of years has surpassed the famous Grace Darling. She is now fifty years old and has charge of the Lime Rock lighthouse at Newport. When she was twelve years of age her mother kept that light, her father being a helpless cripple. That was in 1854, and in September of that year she rescued four young men from a capsized sailboat. In mid-winter of 1858-7 she served a soldier of the Fort Adams garrison who had been similarly upset, and he was restored to life at the lighthouse.

In the fall of 1867 three men were swamped in their boat near Lime Rock while trying to pick up a valuable sheep that had fallen from a wharf. She saved them and the sheep also. Not long afterward she saw a man clinging to a spindle that marked a reef near the lighthouse, rowed out to him and got him safely. In a gale in March, 1869, she rescued four soldiers from a swamped boat. On Feb. 4, 1860, two members of the Fort Adams garrison land broke through the ice between the lighthouse and the fort and she pulled them out. Thus far she has saved thirteen persons from drowning.—Washington Star.

By One Arm.

"It is a matter of surprise to me," remarked a man who is a keen observer recently, "that half the children born in this country do not grow up minus an arm."

"But wherefore?" asked the person to whom he was speaking.

"Here is an illustration," continued the first speaker. "Do you see that woman walking with a little child? Now, notice her when she crosses the street."

At the crossing the woman lifted the child by one arm; it dangled in the air and its feet did not touch the earth until it was across the street, when the mother dropped it on the sidewalk.

"Well, the arm held, didn't it?"

"But," continued the philosopher, "I was afraid every time she struggled it would be wrenched from its socket. Now, that is a sight you can witness every hour in the day—mothers dragging children out of street cars, across the streets or up a flight of stairs by one arm. I wonder how the mothers would like it if a being four times as large as themselves should suddenly swoop down and lift them by one arm. I'd like to see it tried once, I just would."—Detroit Free Press.

An Easy Musical Experiment.

The following beautiful experiment, described by Professor Tyndall, shows how music may be transmitted by an ordinary wooden rod. In a room two floors beneath his lecture room there was a piano, upon which an artist was playing, but the audience could not hear it. A rod of deal, with its lower end resting upon the sounding board of the piano, extended upward through the two floors, its upper end being exposed before the lecture table. But still not a sound was heard. A violin was then placed upon the end of the rod, which was thrown into resonance by the ascending thrills, and instantly the music of the piano was given out in the lecture room.

A guitar and harp were substituted for the violin, and with the same result. The vibrations of the piano strings were communicated to the sounding board; they traversed the long rod, were reproduced by the resonant bodies above, the air was carved into waves and the whole musical composition was delivered to the listening audience.—New York Telegram.

Should Married Women Teach?

The question comes to us from over the ocean, "Should married women teach?" Well, should married women preach! Should they work, sew, laugh, walk or do anything anybody else does? It takes a long time to get the idea out of the heads of the people that a married woman has no right to step outside the threshold of her own home. Let the question be settled at once. If a woman can teach, and her husband and wife are agreed that she may teach, why shouldn't she teach?

In many respects a married woman is better fitted to teach than an unmarried woman. The general law made by some cities that no married woman can be employed in school is unjust. There are many married persons, when to a new home from the schools would be a misfortune.—Teachers' Institute.

Marrow Toast.

Marrow toast is a delicious and inexpensive relish for tea or luncheon. Buy a large shinbone and have the butcher split it; then take out the marrow in one piece. Cut the marrow into slices nearly an inch thick and set aside. Mix in a hot dish a teaspoonful of chopped parsley, the same quantity of lemon juice, half a teaspoonful of salt, a grain of cayenne and several drops of onion juice. Have in the oven several squares of toast, crisp and browned evenly.

Cook the marrow rapidly ninety seconds, boiling it in a quart of salted water. Drain the marrow thoroughly and mix in with the seasoning in the hot dish. Spread on the toast and serve. Toast, marrow and seasoning must be hot when sent to the table and eaten before they are cold.—New York Post.

A Proof of Woman's Great Vanity.

It is estimated that nine-tenths of the women of the globe spend their time in making ornaments and fancy dress fabrics for the remaining tenth to wear. There are thousands of women lacemakers, weavers and needlewomen who never wear a particle of the work upon which they spend their lives. All the delicate garments which they make are destined to be worn by others more fortunate in the distribution of riches. It is regarded as a proof of woman's great vanity—this fact that so large a population of the globe is kept busy making clothes for the few fortunate ones to wear.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Men Can Help.

The state is an aggregation of families, and it is appropriate that woman's place in the law, as well as that for the law, should be clearly defined, and that the disabilities which have been put upon her as a citizen should be removed. Women have done much for the advancement of women, but men have done far more, and it is to men that we must look for the enfranchisement of the sex, not through favor, but through sense of justice; not by antagonism, but by harmony. As man advances along the road of progress he will scorn to put upon the sex physically weaker any further limitation than is theirs by nature.—Chicago Graphic.

A Fiction.

The fiction that a wife is supported by her husband, and never earns anything by her own work and the sweat of their brow, is largely believed today, and many a man becomes a widower before he realizes that his lost partner was really a partner in the business of making and keeping a home, that she worked hard, and that there ought to have been "money in it."—Mrs. Whitaker in New England Farmer.

Oatmeal Gruel.

Mrs. Lincoln's receipt for oatmeal gruel is as follows: Pound half a cup of coarse oatmeal until it is mealy. Put in a tumbler and fill with cold water. Stir well and let it settle. Pour off the water carefully into a saucepan. Do this three times. Boil the water twenty minutes. Add a saltspoonful of salt, strain and serve hot. Cream or essence of beef may be added if desired.

It Is Not Necessary to Teach Walking.

Do not teach your child to walk or even to crawl. As the child gains strength he will get about. Crawling is less dangerous than walking if the bones are weak, but a baby needs no encouragement if after an exhausting illness it does not walk before it is fifteen or sixteen months old. As it is able it will succeed to it's own things it desires to reach.—Baby-hood.

Let the Children Have Pets.

If you will bring up your children to love pets I doubt if they will ever be brutal to animals under any circumstances. Theodore Parker says the turning point in his life was when he took up a stone to throw at a tortoise in a pond. Something in him bade him stop, and he did stop. Then he went home and asked his mother what it was that compelled him to put down the stone. She told him it was the voice of God in his soul—that if he lived listening to that he would never fail to do right.—Mary E. Spencer in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Mildy Morgan's Unique House.

The unique residence which Miss Mildy Morgan owned on Staten Island, was designed by herself. This building was made absolutely fireproof. The front door at the side of the house is reached by a ladder which may be drawn in at night. The interior was decorated by Miss Morgan's sister Jane, who lives there and who is now in artist of considerable merit. Miss Morgan was very proud of this house and invited many of her newspaper friends to visit it.—New York Sun.

When there is a croupy child in the family it is well to keep a barrel of unslaked lime for such an emergency, always remembering that dampness will render it unfit for use.

Street flirtations are in this enlightened age regarded as the height of vulgarity. One breach of good taste in this direction is enough to destroy your claims to good breeding.

How much pain must the child suffer when she is compelled by the force of her own better judgment to conceal from her mother her highest aspirations and efforts!

It is said that if the woodwork in the kitchen be kept constantly scrubbed with water in which potash has been dissolved roaches and ants will speedily disappear.

In washing black wool goods before making them over use five cents' worth of soap bark to a gallon of water. Let it stand until cold. Iron on the wrong side.

Most New York women won't believe it, but the women of Paris do not wear what are known here as French heel boots when they are out walking.

For a wife to get religion so that she never slams the door any more will hit her husband harder than a dozen sermons.

Mrs. M. Louise Thomas, president of the Sorosis, produces 10,000 pounds of honey a year as a beekeeper.

This Date in History—July 6.

1189—King Henry II, grandson of Henry I, son of Geoffrey and founder of the Plantagenet line, died of grief and mortification, born 1133.

1535—Sir Thomas More beheaded for refusing to acknowledge Henry VIII as head of the church; born 1480. Edward VI of England, only son of Henry VIII, died; born 1537.

1745—John Paul Jones born; died 1792.

1803—Daniel Morgan, soldier, born of Connecticut; died in Winchester, Va.; born about 1736.

1832—Ferdinand Maximilian Joseph, archduke of Austria and emperor of Mexico, born at Schonbrunn, Austria; shot at Queretaro, Mexico, June 19, 1867.

1835—John Marshall, chief justice of the United States; died in Philadelphia; born 1755.

1886—Paul Hamilton Hayne, poet, died near Augusta, Ga.; born 1830.

1892—The 66th anniversary of the burning of John Huss celebrated with great display by the united Bohemian societies of the United States; principal meeting in Washington square, New York.

1892—Mercury became the evening star and remained visible for four nights.

An Experienced Hand.

"I'd like a job, sir, as waiter," said the applicant.

"You have had experience in waiting, I suppose?" queried the restaurant proprietor.

"Indeed I have."

"For how long?"

"Why, sir, I've taken meals at restaurants for twelve years."—Chicago Tribune.

Breaking It Gently.

Foreman (quarry gang)—It's and news Oi hov for yez, Mrs. McGahanaughty. Yer husband's not dead, but he's hurrut. It was a foine watch, an it's smashed all to bits.

Mrs. McG.—Dearie me! How did that happen?

Foreman—A 10-ton rock fell on 'im.—Exchange.

Noah Outdone.

Jenny—Isn't it nasty to have such frequent rains?

Belle—Yes; but then it's much nicer here than in England.

Jenny—Why so?

Belle—Because they have had a steady reign there for sixty years.—Exchange.

1892		JULY.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1 9:13 p. m.	Third Quarter	16 9:46 p. m.
New Moon	9 2:44 p. m.	Full Moon	23 8:21 p. m.
		First Quarter	31 9:45 p. m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.—1873. Membership 138,000. 1892. Death benefits paid over $9,000,000 since organization.

Watchung Lodge, 369, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Watchung Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.

Immediate relief, $10, sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS L. VANALSTINE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——, Reporter.
Watchung Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

Bar First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the traveling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**

Cut in Latest Styles,

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,

FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,

Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes, Egg Milk Shakes,

Egg Phosphates,

are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.

Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.

Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of

G. R. MUSGRAVE,

37 Somerset street.

Call early and secure the best bargains.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

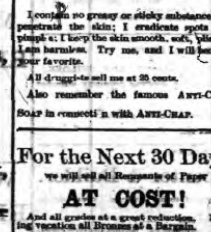
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessable at Any Time.

RYERSON,

38 SOMERSET STREET.

Everybody Likes Me.



ANTI-CHAP.

I contain no greasy or sticky substance. I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimples; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable. I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP Soap in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

For the Next 30 Days

we will sell all Remnants of Paper

AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Borders at a Bargain.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

29 East Front street.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 66 West Third Street,

Dealer in Choice

Wines, Liquors, etc.

BEER ON DRAUGHT.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

that A. G. VOGEL'S makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

Big Bargains

Extra fine 25c. Dress Ginghams at 18c.
Plaid Dress Ginghams, 7c.
Outing Flannels 6c.
Best 40c. Irish Lawns, 12c.
New Ruched Organdie at 9c., very stylish and pretty.
Plaid Nainsooks, 8c.
Fine Silk Belts, 18c.
Black Silk Mitts, 25c.

Our assortment of new styles Mattings and Low Prices surpasses anything ever before offered in this city. Our assortment of Elegant Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs, etc., is complete and prices guaranteed the Lowest.

Excellent quality Cotton Flannel at 12c.
Lot Ladies' Shirt Waists at 47c.
Men's Night Shirts 49c.
Boys' Outing Shirts 25c.
Men's Outing Shirts, 39c.
The best 50c. unwrinkled Corsets ever offered this city.
Superior Silk Gloria Umbrellas, $1.39.

EDSALL'S!

This space is reserved for

ZIMMERMANN & RUMPF,

the West Front street Hardware Dealers.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Summer Resorts.

Cliffton House,

BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I.

Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.

Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.

W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

Now opened for guests. Grand opening July 2d. 6 15 3m

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,

Successor to

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE BEE TEA

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine cry repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furnem" steam heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?

The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of

Meerschaum

and

Briar Wood Pipes,

Holders and Cigars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

Cigar store, No. 13 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 6. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR SUMMER VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

Fair; stationary temperature; northwesterly winds.

BREVITIES

—Special meeting of the Plainfield Common Council to-night.

—The college graduate thinks he knows everything until he undertakes to hitch up a mule.

—That the young man who contests his father's will during life generally has to do it after death.

—There are four stickers in every quartet choir who think the other three can't sing a little bit.

—If you want to please a man, catch him in a good mood and ask him some question that he is smart about.

—The small boy will rejoice to hear that Ringling's Circus will exhibit here soon. Particulars later in THE NEWS.

—The Pennsylvania woman who gave a costly funeral to her pet mastiff the other day comes under the exact definition of a dog-gone idiot.

—They are as much in the dark as ever at Fanwood concerning the recent incendiary fires. The authorities are working hard to find the perpetrators.

—At a meeting of the North Plainfield Democrats held last evening, resolutions were passed deprecating the Carnegie Carnage at Homestead. Arrangements were made to hold a ratification meeting on July 21st, when a campaign banner will be swung.

—The next Y. M. C. A. Bicycle run will start from the Association rooms on Monday evening next at 7.30 o'clock. An enjoyable time will be arranged at Westfield for all who participate in the run. Names should be left at the Y. M. C. A. or S. B. Joseph this evening or to-morrow morning.

—Fifteen carloads of Methodists and their friends left this city at 8.30 this morning for Asbury Park and Ocean Grove. Two more cars were to be attached at Roselle. The cause of the delay in starting was a draw-head pulled out of one of the coaches just as they were leaving.

—Papiac is the Indian name of Boynton Beach, the delightful day resort on Staten Island Sound. There are attractions every day at Papiac, and today the special feature on the water will be the grand assembly of the New York Racing Association, comprising twenty clubs, and 200 yachts.

—A great many people will no doubt attend the city championship bicycle races, which will be held to-morrow afternoon at two p. m. The start and finish will will be at the Scott Printing Press Works, South avenue and Richmond street. The race will be over before the Plainfield-Westfield League ball game.

—Frank Hoppock, a Quakertown boy, now knows that the much-abused potato bug was not made in vain, and he will probably grow up firm in the faith that every potato bug has a use. Frank was picking bugs from the vines at home the other day when he found a gold watch chain lying in one of the rows. This chain and watch were lost by William Day, now of Somerville, thirty five years ago. The watch was found and returned to him twenty years ago, and he now once again has the chain. Frank received seven dollars for the find.—Hunterdon Democrat.

League Games To-Morrow.

The Westfield Athletic Club come to this city to-morrow, and as they have been strengthened by the signing of Sharrott and others, they will put up the same strong game which they played last Saturday.

Sweeden will be in good condition and will pitch the game.

The Y. M. C. I. A. are preparing for Saturday's battle when they will meet the West Ends of Somerville on the home grounds. The star of last week's defeat will spur them on to heavy battle, as the game will put the winning team in second place in the league record.

Still Trying to Identify Him.

A former employer of Hugo Hillier, the man who dropped dead at Washington Valley, which was reported in the News about two weeks ago, visited this city yesterday and said that Hillier had about thirty dollars coming to him, and that he had left two good suits of clothes at his last place. It is supposed that he went out of his mind, and wandered away.

The former employer also said that Hillier's brother was an official of high rank in Berlin, with whom they intended to correspond.

The New Pastor.

The Rev. Henry T. Miller, who was by vote called to the pastorate of the First Presbyterian church Wednesday night, has been for some time the pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian church of chicago.

It is said his salary in this city will be $2000 a year, which is less than he is receiving at Chicago. He desires, however, to locate in the East, hence his reason for leaving that city.

St. Joseph's Fair.

The St. Joseph's fair and festival opened last evening at Sanger-Turner Hall. Over 100 were present and the evening's entertainment was thoroughly enjoyed. Prof. Riley furnished the music for dancing. The fair will be continued this evening and to-morrow night.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Stephen A. Ginna and daughter are at Watch Hill, R. I.

Rev. Milton Craft of Virginia is visiting at his old home in this city.

Mr. Charles Potter, Jr., wife and daughter, Mrs. D. E. Titsworth are at Lake Hopateong.

Charles Fisk, the New York banker, and family left to-day for a Summer trip to Maine.

Miss Emma Cutter and Miss Lillian Glen, of this city, are spending a few days with Miss Lizzie Voorhees of Somerville.

Counsellor John B. Jackson returned last evening from a two weeks' vacation at the Black Rock House, Nantasket Beach, Mass., much invigorated and improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Penton and family of Rockview avenue, will start next week for Seabright, N. J., where they are expected to spend a portion of the Summer. They have apartments at the Normandie.

Westfield Notes.

The Town Committee will hold a meeting this evening. It is supposed that they will have something to offer on the water question, which continues to claim considerable public attention. It has been unofficially stated that Craig A. Marsh, Town Counsel, has informed the committee that under existing laws they can issue bonds to the amount of $200,000 without calling for a vote of the people.

An amusing incident was caused at the depot Wednesday evening by nearsightedness and jealousy. A man passing the platform on the south side of the track was surprised to see, as he supposed, his wife hanging and chatting very familiarly with a gentleman. Actuated by his first impulse, he rushed up the steps to the platform three at a time, and, seizing the woman by the shoulder shouted: "Madam, I command you to go home instantly!" at the same time giving her a push. His answer was a sharp slap in the face, and as the woman turned he saw his mistake. An immediate apology and explanation was all saved him from a severe pummelling.

Boxes for the reception of donations for the Children's Home have been put up in public places.

A large delegation from the town Christian Endeavor Society went to the convention in New York yesterday.

Carpenters are repairing the damage done to the Methodist church by lightning, and when the repairs are completed the church will be painted. The Rev. Mr. Martin says his subscription list has reached a figure that warrants going ahead.

New Jersey at the Fair.

A conference was held at Trenton, yesterday, between the prominent members of the State Board of Agriculture and the State Horticultural Society for the purpose of arranging plans for the agricultural and horticultural exhibits at the Columbian Exposition. The New Jersey World's Fair Commission at a recent meeting decided to place this feature in the hands of Edward Burroughs, president of the State Board of Agriculture. There had been some misunderstanding as to the World's Fair Commission and the State Board bearing on this exhibit. The farmers were afraid that the commissioners did not appreciate the fact that New Jersey was the second agricultural State in the United States, and that an exhibit should be carefully selected and that the work should be assigned to practical farmers and a liberal appropriation be allowed so that special crops could be secured. This controversy has ended by the commission placing the whole affair in the hands of the two bodies, composed of farmers, and placing President Burroughs practically in charge, he having had considerable experience in arranging the exhibit at the Centennial Exposition and also at the New Orleans Exposition.

The Trolley.

Workmen are engaged to-day putting on the last coat of green paint on the trolley poles.

The cars for the system are expected in a few days, and the superintendent says that the experimental road will positively be in operation by July 25th.

Resolutions of Respect.

IN MEMORIAM.

At a regular meeting of Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M., held July 7, 1892, the following resolutions of respect were adopted:

WHEREAS, The Divine Ruler of man's destinies, in his omnipotent wisdom, has led through the valley of the shadow of death into eternal happiness our beloved and respected brother, John C. Van Dyke, Jr., it becomes our sad duty and privilege to offer our tribute to his memory; therefore, be it

Resolved, That in so great an affliction, words are inadequate to express the full measure of our sorrow, and we can simply say that we sincerely mourn his loss, and shall ever hold his memory dear. As a member and officer of our order, and as a citizen, he performed carefully and conscientiously every duty which devolved upon him, and leaves behind him an unblemished and ingerishable record; and for all this we loved him.

Resolved, That we extend to his sorrowing relatives our sympathy in this dark hour, commending them for consolation to that great Physician "who healeth the broken in heart."

Resolved, That as a further token of respect our charter be draped for thirty days, these resolutions be spread upon the minutes, published in The American Eagle, and daily papers of this city, and a copy of them be presented to the relatives of our deceased brother.

CHAS. C. DAVIS,
CHAS. W. TAYLOR,
LOUIS M. DUNAVAN,
Committee.

THE BICYCLE RACE.

THE HANDICAP ANNOUNCED FOR TO-MORROW.

A Liberal Allowance for all Wheelmen.—Mahon, French and Hinrichs to Race from Scratch.—The Committee and Prizes.

The following is a list of the entries and handicaps for to-morrow's great bicycle race:

NO.	NAME.	HANDICAP. MINUTES.
1	Curt Gotthelf	10
2	W. French	10
3	A. E. Stoyer	10
4	S. C. Crane	9
5	William J. Reily	9
6	A. C. Wyckoff	9
7	Thomas Burns	9
8	C. E. Burr	7
9	Charles Vandeeve	7
10	John Rafferty	7
11	W. W. Nicholas	6
12	William Ralston	6
13	V. B. Yarnall	6
14	James E. Murray	6
15	A. Titsworth	5
16	William Ahlgren	5
17	N. B. Titsworth	4
18	Charles R. Maltby	4
20	F. L. Metcalf	3
21	J. S. Pike	3
22	L. E. Waring	3
23	Warren A. Clapp	3
24	George Mason	Scratch.
25	E. V. French	Scratch.
26	A. T. Hinrichs	Scratch.

The race, which will start promptly at two o'clock, will be over the following course:

Twenty miles over the road from corner of Fifth and Richmond streets to Manwood over East Front, Scotch Plains to Front street to Richmond street and return three times to a stated point on North avenue, coming and finish to corner of Fifth and Richmond streets.

The following prizes will be awarded: Captain Martin offers a gold medal for the best time made; W. H. Rogers offers one gold and two silver medals; there will be a gold medal for the best school boy cyclist, while he who makes the second best time will get a cameo ring. Besides these, the committee beg to acknowledge their indebtedness to the following persons for cash donations: Messrs. G. W. V. Moy, G. H. Fountain, M. M. Denham, Acme Clothing Co., G. Q. Packer, J. W. Van Sickle, F. W. Dunn, G. W. Rockfellow, Dr. D. C. Adams and Dr. F. S. Davis, as well as to the following for merchandize prizes: U. B. Crane, bicycle cap; H. P. Reynolds, comb and brush; H. Close, cameo ring; A. M. Vanderbeck, fishing reel; A. D. Mallinson, box pepsin gum; T. J. Carey, chair. C. Dickinson, diamond pin; M. Estil, pocket-book; Hallock & Davis, jersey; J. J. Kenney and Doane & Van Arsdale, shoes; E. M. Laing, cycles; G. H. Williams chamois skin; B. T. Barnes, five pounds candy; F. M. Hulett, banjo.

The winners will receive the prizes at the Wheelmen's Headquarters at eight o'clock in the evening.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

The Y. M. C. A. Camp.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Having lately had the pleasure of spending a few days at the new Y. M. C. A. camp, Wanamassa, near Asbury Park, I thought it might interest your readers to know a little about the place.

The site, buildings, and tents were given to the State Y. M. C. A. by two brothers, Wesley B. and Joseph C. W. Stout of Asbury Park, to be kept for the Y. M. C. A. State camp.

It is situated on two peninsulas on Deal Lake.

On the one nearest the depot, which has been built for them at North Asbury Park, is an office building, a large dining room, kitchen, an auditorium and one hundred tents, which are arranged in rows like streets.

The tents are 12x14 feet, with board floors about 18 inches above the ground. They will accommodate four persons, being provided with four spring cots with good mattresses, a good washstand, four chairs and all necessary fixtures.

The meals are under the direction of the caterer of the Princeton University, and he has his force of cooks and waiters with him. The auditorium will accommodate 2,000 people.

On the second peninsular are the athletic grounds, bowling alley, gymnasium and bicycle track.

Sociability seems to be the main idea—a brotherhood, and every member is made to feel welcome and at home.

The bulletin calls all the guests "boys," and announces something pleasant on hand for all.

The row boats are always ready. I never spent three more enjoyable days than I did while there. A. R. B.

An Elizabeth Suicide.

Annie Weid, 20 years old, arrived from Switzerland in December last, and lived for a time with Mrs. Dutz, at Elizabeth, who had known her in Switzerland. She left word at his nursery dead. As a member and officer of our order, and as a citizen, he performed carefully and conscientiously every duty which devolved upon him, and leaves behind him an unblemished and ingerishable record; and for all this we loved him.

Resolved, That we extend to his sorrowing relatives our sympathy in this dark hour, commending them for consolation to that great Physician "who healeth the broken in heart."

Resolved, That as a further token of respect our charter be draped for thirty days, these resolutions be spread upon the minutes, published in The American Eagle, and daily papers of this city, and a copy of them be presented to the relatives of our deceased brother.

CHAS. C. DAVIS,
CHAS. W. TAYLOR,
LOUIS M. DUNAVAN,
Committee.

STATE NEWS

HOW TOWERS LOST HIS HEAD.

Eddie Johnson is a smart boy of nine years. He lives with his papa and mamma on Main avenue, Passaic City. All his spare pennies he spends for toy pistols and other weapons. On Monday he invented his last dime in a cannon firecracker. He consulted with several other boys of more or less spotted character. They decided that the funniest trick imaginable would be to throw the firecracker at the feet of Baker Lehmann, a quiet citizen of Jefferson street. They peeped through a knothole in the fence and saw their intended victim in the back yard. A match was touched to the cracker. It began to sizzle. Then it was whirled through the gate. Eddie's bull terrier Towers rushed after it. Just as it fell at Mr. Lehman's feet the dog seized it in his mouth. With a mighty gulp he tried to get on the outside of it. He was too late. There was an explosion and Towers' head was blown completely off.—Paterson Guardian.

ASBURY PARK'S BAD FIRST BABY.

Asbury Hurley was the first baby born in Asbury Park. He was called Asbury in honor of the town. James A. Bradley was so proud of the event that he gave a silver cup to the baby. Young Asbury did not grow up to be all that could be desired in a man. He got married and his wife has had no end of trouble with him. Last week his wife met him at the railroad station in company with a woman named Annie French. Mrs. Hurley gave him and the woman a beating. The whole party were arrested and taken before a Justice of the Peace. Hurley was fined $25 and Annie French was fined $10. The latter was also held in the sum of $100 to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of disorderly conduct.—Red Bank Register.

THE REIGN OF GROVER.

From the Khoran of Democracy—A Satire of the Time.

The following is going the round of the exchanges:

1. And it came to pass in those days that the people chose Grover, the son of his father, to rule over them.

2. And he reigned eight years and was he when he began to reign, and he reigned four years in Washington.

3. And he forsook the path of the righteous, neither regarded he the ways of Washington nor Lincoln nor Shervin.

4. But he made him new ways and got him strange counsellors, giving the high places to those aforetime in rebellion.

5. Moreover, he sent away the veterans of the civil war, even to the maimed and the widows in the treasury department saw and trembled.

6. For this was the first year of his reign, about the month April, which is by interpretation watery.

7. And he called unto him Bragg and said: "In the time of his election he regardeth the Civil Service law, and now behold! the Civil Service is naught, and worthless, to-now! Take of the standards captured in battles in times past and return them."

8. Then arose Foraker and said: "Am I not Governor of Ohio? Devil a one of them goes back."

9. Now, Foraker was a mighty man of valor and could probably overcome Grover.

11. And Grover lied and said: "Behold, now, it was not I, but General Drum who did bring Civil Service back, but I, even I, would not let him," and he winked to Daniel.

13. Then Grover took unto himself a wife, whose beauty could not cover up the wrongs of his administration.

12. In the ending of the third year of his reign Grover called unto him Roger, Q. Cleveland, and said: "I am desirous of retaining power; so now prepare me a law opening our markets to our friends in England, and perchance they will send us some soap."

14. For in those days they needed certain articles.

15. And Straightway Roger went and opened him a law, and it passed the House and Grover itched to sign it, and it came to the Senate.

16. Then the Senate sat down on it and Grover gnashed his teeth, but prevailed not.

17. And when the four years were nearly finished the people cried: "Enough!" and "Four months more," and neither Roger nor Daniel and Adlai nor Benjamin to rule over them.

18. And Grover retired to New York and Buzzard's Bay.

19. And the rest of the deeds that he did, behold! are they not written in the newspapers of this time?

Great Coal Properties.

The Reading Coal and Iron Company owns 89,008 acres of coal land and leases 16,808 acres. It owns a majority of the capital stock of other coal companies which own 19,774 acres, making a total of 113,370 acres. Upon these are 74 collieries, 51 of which are in operation. The Coal and Iron Company has 160,000 shares of stock, of which 152,000 are held by the Reading company and the other forty shares by directors. The railroad company does not own or lease coal lands, nor mine nor sell coal, but it guarantees $11,497,000 of the Coal and Iron Company's bonds.

The Lehigh Valley Coal Company owns 29,726 acres of coal lands and leases 13,088 acres. It owns a majority of stock in other corporations which own 14,559 acres. Upon the 33,074 acres owned or controlled there are 34 collieries, of which Lehigh Valley operates 19, the others are operated by other companies or individuals. All the Lehigh Valley coal stock is owned by the railroad company. The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company owns 3,619 acres of coal lands, but does not operate them.

The Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company owns 21,000 acres of coal land and holds 3,000 acres under a lease. It operates thirteen collieries and rents 4,000 acres of and to individuals who operate collieries. The company has a financial standing is 49,212,500, of which Jersey Central owns $6,000,000. Its bonds and other obligations amount to $12,000,000, of which a small portion is guaranteed by Jersey Central.

—The United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association advertise that they have fine table butter in pots and tube, at 18 cents per pound.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE SITUATION AT HOMESTEAD.

Bob Pinkerton in Pittsburg.—An Interview with W. A. Pinkerton.

PITTSBURG, July 8, (Special.)—Bob Pinkerton, with eight or ten assistants, has arrived in this city.

Sheriff McCleary to-day abandoned the idea of sending a posse of citizens to Homestead. Only twenty-three out of the 600 summoned responded this morning, and they were dismissed.

Sheriff McCleary declared that it would be simply idiotic to go with that small force.

In an interview last night William A. Pinkerton, at Chicago, declared that Carnegie had decided to close his mill at Homestead until non-union men were allowed to go to work peaceably, and hold the country for all damages that might result from the actions of the strikers. In other words, Carnegie would attempt to destroy the union now waging war against him. Mr. Pinkerton declares that his men have been withdrawn, that the fight has settled down to a contest of endurance.

Dead at the Age of 131 Years.

MERIDEN, Mass., July 8, (Special.)—A remarkable case of longevity is that of Addison Moore, a venerable colored man, who died here yesterday. He claimed to be 131 years old. His appearance and conversation on bygone days gave credence to his claim.

An English View.

In regard to the Minneapolis convention a London journal succinctly remarks: "Nothing of importance in the latter-day American politics has been of equal interest in England. The candidates selected stand as the exponent of protection by its latest engine, reciprocity, which blocks the American markets against British manufactures. A reciprocity victory in the coming election would retard for a long time the progress of the sound commercial doctrines that underlie the commercial greatness of Great Britain and stove in British ascendancy." That is an explicit declaration from London that the success of the reciprocity policy this year will be a staggering blow to the business interests of Great Britain.

No more striking evidence could be offered that reciprocity stands for American interests than this emphatic confession from the English press, following, as it does, the recent tribute, to protection and reciprocity rendered by Lord Salisbury. The English manufacturer is indifferent to the aspirations of American statesmen for the presidency, but he is directly interested in the defeat of reciprocity policy. If England to-day is confronted on all sides by hostile tariffs and excluded from the commercial markets of all civilized and enlightened nations, it is because the United States has entered out with amazing success the protection and reciprocity policies. England has tried to convert her own colonies and foreign nations to free trade and has failed in every quarter. She has failed because American protection, under a high tariff is the marvel of the modern world.

The McKinley act has been in operation but two years, but it has already ridiculed to every respect the judgment of its Congress which enacted it. New industrial establishments to the number of 400 have been lowered; the factories in the country are open and running on full time, and all classes are prospering as never before. Reciprocity has been converted into a powerful lever for opening foreign markets and enlarging the export trade.

Club Run.

The Crescent League Wheelmen held an informal run to Elizabeth last evening. The start was made at eight o'clock from the club house.

IN the great contest men work too hard and too long; they fret and worry over much: Work is good: striving is good: but "the first rule of the game" is this—

Have time to do the brother.

DEATHS.

WHITLEY—In this city, July 6, '92, Mary, wife of Francis Whitley, in her 40th year.

Funeral services in Monroe chapel, Saturday, July 9th, at three p. m.

SCHUCK—At Asbury Park, July 7, 1892, Lillian Laughlin, daughter of George H. and Kate A. Schuck, aged 1 year, 8 months and 12 days.

Funeral services Saturday, July 9th, at three p. m. from the residence of her parents, 12 West Sixth street, Plainfield, N. J.

Lumber & Coal

LOOMIS & RICE

B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75

We are getting away with lots of Russet Shoes this month—now is the time to buy them.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S.
22 West Front street.

P. S.—Our $3 shoe never takes a back seat

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by a Norwegian girl, as seamstress and chamberwaid. Address "P. S." care of EVENING NEWS. 7 2

WORK wanted by willing man. Situation that will be steady preferred. Address L. Vane, Plainfield Post Office. 6 4

HELP WANTED.

$75 TO $100 can be made monthly working for B. F. Johnson & Co., 2800-2-4 Main street, Richmond, Va. 6 9 1m

MONEY TO LOAN.

$2,500 TO LOAN on gilt-edged security. Also smaller sums. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A FEW boarders wanted on a farm near Plainfield. Address "L." care EVENING NEWS. 8 3

FOR RENT.

SMALL house to let. No. 1 Bay street. Inquire of F. W. Bird, 107 East Front street. 6 9

FOR SALE.

BICYCLE, '92, safety, spring fork, rear brake, splendid condition, 1½ cushion tires. Cheap. No reasonable offer refused. Stevens, City Hotel, Park avenue. Can be seen to-morrow.

$40 CASH will buy a ball bearing safety of Boston make, double the amount. Almost new and in perfect condition. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS.

OTTAGE building lots for sale and upwards on Grandview ave. Small down payment, balance long time. Splendid opportunity to have a home cheap. Nonresident, P. O. Box 107, Cleveland, O. 20 9

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by good walk. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 11f

MISCELLANEOUS.

A GENTLEMEN, who has studied for several years in Europe, desires pupils in languages. Address "Languages," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 5m

49000 Celery plants, extra fine. Greenhouse plants in variety at Denton's, 127 Rapelje avenue. 1-7

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20f

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 29d

WANTED—$1,600 on first mortgage. Best references. Address "K." care EVENING NEWS. 7 2

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, } ss.
SOMERSET COUNTY, }

John Motley, of the City of Plainfield, County and State aforesaid, of full age, being duly sworn according to law, on his oath says: That he did not inform Officer Lynch or any other officer of the City of Plainfield that Martin Kilpatrick did at any time violate the liquor ordinance or sell any bottled beer to deponent or anyone in violation of the law or ordinance of the aforesaid city.

JOHN MOTLEY.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 9th day of July, 1892. VINCENT NAPIER,
Justice of the Peace.

Proposals for Coal!

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Education of this city, until Monday, July 18th next, for 275 tons best quality Lehigh coal, as follows: Twenty-five (25) tons egg size and two hundred and fifty (250) tons stove size. All to be properly screened and delivered free of expense within the public school buildings of this city, at such times as the Board may direct.

Bids to specify whether short or long tons. The Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

All proposals to be sent to Dr. J. E. Prosser, 47 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

Plainfield, N. J., July 7, 1892. 7 9f

PAPIAC,
(Boynton Beach,)

Our nearest salt water resort. A 10-acre shady grove close to the beach. Forty minutes from Plainfield by C. R. R. of New Jersey.

This famous day Summer resort has been greatly improved the present season by the erection of a grand new pavilion, a large restaurant where refreshments are served at moderate rates. A base ball diamond and Lawn Tennis Court, and a fine bowling alley.

Row boats and sailboats, safe boats for rowing, fishing or crabbing, a fine sandy beach for bathing, plenty of houses and suits. Numerous picnic tables from for excursionists. Fine piano in the pavilion, music every day. First class steam Merry-go-rounds and swings. Naptha launches daily to all points around the sound. No intoxicants sold, no disorder, a perfect safe place at any time for ladies and children.

Grand assembly of New York Yacht Racing Association. 20 clubs—200 yachts.

FRIDAY, JULY 8.

First-class music.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue. Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.

FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received

through

A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.

Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 99 and 25c.

" Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 18, 50 and 25c.

Gauze vests, 25c.

Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and panlletts to match, 15, 25, 18 and 35c.

Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c, 45c, and 50c.

Men's Jean Drawers, 50c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 30c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Grand Old Man.

Never did he come out grander than on the occasion of his speech to his old constituency at Middlothian, although it must have been delivered to the grandsons of those who first voted for Gladstone. If the Conservatives had expected that piece of hard gingerbread which hit him on the nose a few days before to do him up even temporarily they reckoned ill. He seemed even jollier than usual rose early, strolled outdoors for several hours, then came in and "dispensed with eyeglasses altogether in preparing the notes for his speech of the evening." It really seemed to help his sight—that chunk of hard gingerbread. Then he spoke for eighty-four minutes, more than a minute for every year of his eighty-two years of life, and nearly an hour add a half, without notes, and the verdict was that Gladstone never made a stronger speech in Edinburgh. At the end of it he showed no sign of exhaustion. How sick all this must make the Conservatives, especially in view of the whack the old man gave them toward the end of his speech, reported in the New York Sun as follows:

The opponents of home rule asserted that the education and enlightenment of the country, the men of leisure and high station, were all against the scheme. He was sorry to say that this was true to a large extent, but this condition of sentiment among the classes mentioned and been greatly reflected in the classes all, if not all, great political controversies during the last fifty years, whether those controversies affected the franchise, or commerce, or religion, or the wicked and abominable institution of slavery. The classes of leisure, the educated classes, the titled and wealthy classes, had always been in the wrong.

The close was this:

Let us go forward in the good work common sense. Let us put out that mist in titles, for in squires, or in peers, or in acres. I will go further and say, not in man as such, but in Almighty God, rising the God of justice, who has ordained the principles of right and equity and freedom to be guides and masters of our lives.

The Gold and Silver Ratio.

Senators Stewart of Nevada, Hansbrough of North Dakota, and Representatives Springer of Illinois, Bland of Missouri and Dalzell of Pennsylvania discuss this question in The North American Review. Most of these gentlemen are in favor, in case anything comes of the proposed international silver conference, of adopting the European ratio of gold to silver, in place of ours—that is to say, taking 15½ ounces of silver to 1 of gold, instead of 16 ounces of silver to 1 of gold, as called for in our present standard.

Facts of historical interest are to be gleaned from the discussion in The North American. Representative Bland goes back in our history a century to 1792. In that year our congress fixed the value of gold at fifteen times that of silver—adopted a ratio of fifteen to one. In 1803 France, in fixing the relative values of gold and silver in her bimetallic standard, decreed that gold should stand to silver as 15½ to 1 thus fixing a higher value on gold than the American standard did. This ratio of 15½ to 1 was practically adhered to in Europe until Germany demonetized silver in 1873.

By laws passed by the United States congress in 1834 and 1837, however, our standard of the ratio of silver to gold became as 16 to 1. This was not brought about by changing the amount of silver in the dollar, however, but by diminishing the amount of pure gold in the gold dollar. Our silver dollar of today, "416 grains of standard silver," contains exactly the same amount of pure silver, 371¼ grains, that it did a hundred years ago, when the nation first adopted the bimetallic standard.

On the occasion of the dissolution of a British parliament notice is always given a few days beforehand of this dissolution at such a time. On the day of the dissolution writs are issued from the crown office for a new election. Nominations for members from the boroughs must be made three days after the writs are issued, and three days after notice is given, unless a poll is demanded that the election takes place. In case of the election of county members six days more are allowed for the nomination, and six days instead of three may elapse between the nomination and the election. This does not give much time for electioneering, but as a matter of fact most of the fine work is ended, as in the present summer, before the formal nominations are made. Within two weeks therefore after the dissolution of a parliament the elections for the new one are over.

The flying train between New York and Buffalo still continues to make its regular average time of 52 1-2 miles an hour. But this is nothing to what they can do in Nevada. A citizen of Nevada tells us what it is to ride down a lumber flume in his state. He rode once down one of these flumes in the Sierra Nevada range to Carson. The distance was sixteen miles down hill, and the party made it in eight minutes, two miles to the minute. "Holy Scott!" says the citizen. "Talk about your Vanderbilt specials!"

There are so many varieties of Christian theology that there is room for all. A man may begin life as a Presbyterian, then travel to Congregationalism, thence into the Episcopal church and end at last a Roman Catholic, and still be from beginning to end a member of the Christian church.

CALLED TO ARMS.

Homestead Electrified by Another Pinkerton Alarm.

AN ENRAGED MOB WAITING.

Prepared to Give a Bloody Reception to Invading Deputies.

Every Train Coming Into Town Closely Watched by the Determined Men—A Day of Funerals—Manager Frick Gives His Side of the Story and Says the Carnegie Company Will Positively Never Deal with the Amalgamated Association Again as a Body—Governor Pattison Says Troops Will Be Forthcoming When the Occasion Demands Them — Carnegie Refuses to Talk and Is Growing in Disfavor Abroad.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 8.—A rumor spread through town that more Pinkertons men were coming and were near the town. The alarm whistles began to shriek, and the warning lights flashed from hilltop to hilltop across the valley.

The signals were answered by cries and shouts from all army of desperate men. The streets became choked, women and children ran out shrieking and crying. The order was passed along and taken up as a general cry to "show no quarter."

Hugh O'Donnell, who pleaded and fought for peace, was the man most sought for. The report was that four carloads of Pinkertons were coming.

A Maddened Mob.

"Is it so?" was the inquiry hurled at Mr. O'Donnell from all quarters. He replied that from the signals and from private information he had in his possession that the report was true. As a result pandemonium reigned in town. All the seized Pinkerton Winchesters were brought out and an angry, irrepressible mob of maddened men, utterly uncontrollable, swept through the place.

The whistles kept up their shrieking and the lights their flashings. No one could tell whether it was a scare or not. The furious strikers simply got ready to kill and are now waiting for about dawn the first new Pinkerton guard that may arrive. Almost every able bodied man in town is in one of five groups guarding the main entrance to the town and the railroad stations with Winchesters.

It leaked out that it had been decided to place 300 more armed men in the mills and to provide them with cots to sleep on during the night. No one could be found to verify this, but it is known to be true. Several hundred cots arrived at Pittsburg on a freight train.

Armed with Winchesters.

Hardly had this piece of information become public when it became known that the strikers had been apprised of the coming of another force of Pinkerton men from Chicago. Your correspondent asked one of the officers of the association whether this was true. Without a word of reply he produced a telegram dated Chicago, which read:

"Two hundred Pinkertons leave here for Homestead." It was signed by one of the scouts or agents of the association in that place.

The strikers have now over 500 men available at any time to do the work of soldiers. Each of the men is armed with a Winchester or other good rifle.

BEFORE THE ALARM.

There Will Be Further Bloodshed if Any More Pinkertons Arrive.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 8.—Peace reigns in Homestead, but every train coming in is met at the depot by an immense crowd. The face of every person alighting from the train is closely scanned as the men are fearful lest the owners of the mill make an attempt to send men to Homestead in squads of four and four instead of in an organized body of 300 or 300.

All the approaches to the mill are carefully guarded and no one is permitted to enter the inclosure, even representatives of the press being refused admittance. No trouble of any kind has occurred since the Pinkertons surrendered.

Guards are stationed at Homestead, city farm and Munhall station to watch for any further squads of deputies. The question now is whether or not the millmen will make the same attack on the county deputies as they did on the Pinkertons. On this subject the men are silent, but it is evident that there is no cessation of the desire of the men to vent what they term "intruders" from entering the plant.

A Hard Blow to Homestead.

Another matter now under discussion is the possible stand to be taken by President Frick. There is not a man here who believes that the chairman of the great Carnegie interests will ever give his consent to engage the services of those who were guilty. There was at one time a probability that the men would be taken back, but now it is considered positively certain that no man now here will be given work.

Should Frick and the other officials insist on refusing to take back their old employees it will be a hard blow to Homestead. The majority of the men have families and own the house in which they live. Then, again, the immensity of the plant and peculiarity of the work is such that it would be difficult for 4,000 skilled workers to leave here and secure work elsewhere.

Governor Pattison is the best liked man in Homestead today. By his refusal to call out the militia the workmen feel much appleased. When the Pinkerton men left here the workmen afforded them ample protection, and the mill committees want the public to understand that the promise of protection to the men was fulfilled.

Three bands paraded the streets playing funeral airs, and the men who had savagely fought for what they believed were their rights spent the afternoon in laying away some of their dead and in giving vent to their grief for the fact that the battle was not won without the loss of life.

TROOPS IF NECESSARY.

Governor Pattison Will Assist the Civil Authorities as a Last Resource.

HARRISBURG, July 8.—Governor Pattison received the following telegram from Sheriff McCleary at Pittsburg:

I went to Homestead accompanied by officials of the Amalgamated association and succeeded in bringing away the guards sent by river who had surrendered to the rioters. The arms of the guards, who numbered about 2.0, are all in the possession of the rioters.

The works are in possession of a large force of the strikers. Any attempt on the part of the civil authorities to disarm them will be met with resistance. I issued a general summons to citizens to aid in restoring order, and a few hundred have responded. I will be unable to obtain any considerable force, and the force time gathered, without dispatch and arms, will be of no use whatever. As soon as any effort is made to take possession of the property another conflict will ensue.

After the receipt of Sheriff McCleary's message Governor Pattison sent Adjutant General Greenland to Homestead. The adjutant will report the result of his observation at Homestead for the guidance of the governor, who continues to believe that Sheriff McCleary had not done his whole duty in summoning the citizens of Allegheny county to his aid in preserving the peace. The governor said that troops would be on hand to assist the civil authorities whenever he was satisfied that the power of the latter had been exhausted.

FRICK MAKES A STATEMENT.

Positively No Further Dealings with the Amalgamated as an Association.

PITTSBURG, July 8.—In an interview H. C. Frick, chairman of the Carnegie Steel company, limited, said: "The question at issue is not whether the officials of the Carnegie company or the Amalgamated association should have absolute control of our plant and business at Homestead. We have decided, after numerous fruitless conferences with the Amalgamated officials in the attempt to amicably adjust the existing difficulties, to operate the plant ourselves. I can say with the greatest emphasis that under no circumstances will we have any further dealings with the Amalgamated association as an organization. This is final.

"The Edgar Thomson works and our establishment at Duquesne are both operated by workmen who are not members of the Amalgamated association with the greatest satisfaction to ourselves and to the unquestionable advantage of our employees. At both of these plants the work in every department goes on uninterrupted; the men are not harassed by the interference of trades union officials, and the best evidence that their wages are satisfactory is shown in the fact that we have never had a strike there since they began working under our system of management."

"What is the basis of the differences existing at present between the Carnegie company and their men, Mr. Frick?"

The Cause of the Trouble.

"There were three points upon which we differed. The skilled workmen in the Amalgamated work under what is known as a sliding scale. As the price of steel advances the earnings of the men advance; as the prices fall their earnings decrease in proportion. While there is no limit to an advance of earnings on the scale, there is a point at which the decline stops. It is known as the minimum, and the figure heretofore has been twenty-five dollars per ton for 4 by 4 Bessemer billets. We believe that if our earnings based on the selling price of steel can advance without limit, the workmen should be willing to follow the selling price down to a reasonable minimum, and on this figure was finally fixed by the Carnegie company at the rate of twenty-three dollars instead of twenty-five dollars.

"The reason for asking this, upon our part, was that the Carnegie company has spent large sums of money in the introduction of new machinery in its Homestead plant, by means of which the workmen were enabled to increase the daily output, thereby increasing the amount of their own earnings. We had originally asked a reduction to twenty-two dollars, but subsequently agreed to compromise the rate at twenty-three dollars. The Amalgamated association was unwilling to consider a reduction below twenty-four dollars on steel billets, notwithstanding the fact that the improved machinery would enable their members, even at a twenty-three dollars, to earn more than is paid in other Amalgamated mills. This was the first point at issue.

"Under the present Amalgamated system the scale of the expiration of the present scale is June 30 annually. We asked that this date be changed to Dec. 31 (the same as at the Edgar Thomson works), for the reason that the change would permit us to take our estimate upon the wages that we must pay during the year, beginning on Jan. 1, at a time we would be enabled to make contracts for the year accordingly. This point the Amalgamated association refused to accede and demanded the old date.

"The third point at issue was the reduction of tonnage rates in those departments in the mills where the improvements I have spoken of have been made and which enable the workingmen to increase the output and consequently their earnings. Where no such improvements had been made there was no request upon our part for a reduction in tonnage rates. In other words, we asked no reduction in any department at which the output had not been greatly increased by reason of our extensive improvements since the scale of 1889 went into effect. We are prepared to show that in nearly every department, under our proposed reduction in the tonnage rates, the skilled workmen would make more money than they did when the scale of 1889 went into effect.

Why Pinkertons Were Employed.

"Finding that it was impossible to arrive at any agreement with the Amalgamated officials, we decided to close our works at Homestead. Immediately the town was taken possession of by its workmen. An advisory committee of fifty took upon itself the direction of the affairs of the place; the streets were patrolled by men appointed by the committee, and every stranger entering the town became an object of surveillance; was closely questioned, and if there was the slightest reason to suspect him he was ordered to leave the place instantly under a threat of bodily harm. Guards were stationed at every approach to Homestead by this self organized local government. Our employees were prohibited from going to the mills, and we, as owners of the property, were compelled to stand by, powerless to direct the affairs of our business or direct its management.

"This condition of affairs lasted until Tuesday, when I appealed to the sheriff of Allegheny county, stating the facts as I have outlined them. The sheriff visited Homestead and talked with the advisory committee. Its members asked that they be permitted to appoint a man from their own number to act as deputy sheriffs. In other words, the men who were interfering with the exercise of our corporate rights, interesting us from conducting our business affairs, requested that they be clothed with the authority of deputy sheriffs to take charge of our plant. The sheriff declined their proposition and the advisory committee disbanded. The rest of the story is a familiar one.

"Why did the Carnegie company call upon the Pinkertons for watchmen to protect their property?"

"We did not see how else we could have protection. We only wanted them for watchmen to protect our property and see that workmen we would take to Homestead and we have had applications from many men to go there to work—are not interfered with."

"Did you doubt the ability of the sheriff to enforce order at Homestead and protect your property?"

"Yes, sir; with local deputies."

"The Pinkerton men, as generally understood, had been summoned and all arrangements made with them to be on hand in case or failure by the sheriff to afford protection. Is that a fact?"

"The facts concerning the engagement of the Pinkerton men are these: From past experience, not only with the present sheriff, but with others, we have found that he has been unable to furnish us with sufficient numbers of deputies to guard our property and protect the men who are anxious to work on our terms. As the Amalgamated men from July 1 had surrounded our works, placed guards at all the entrances, and at all avenues or roads leading to our establishment and for miles distant therefrom, we felt that for the safety of our property and in order to protect our workmen it was necessary for us to secure our own watchmen to assist the sheriff, and we knew of no other source from which to obtain them than from Pinkerton agencies, and to them we applied."

Frick Courts an Inquiry.

"You doubtless are aware, Mr. Frick, that the trouble at the Homestead mill have invited widespread attention, and as a result congress proposes to investigate the trouble as well as the employment of Pinkerton detectives."

"I am aware of that fact, sir. While nobody could regret the occurrences of the past few days more than myself, yet it is my duty, as the executive head of the Carnegie company, to protect the interests of the association. We desire to and will protect our property at all hazards. So far as congressional investigation is concerned, I can say with the utmost candor that we welcome the investigation proposed. We are prepared to submit facts and figures which will convince any unbiased men of the equity of our position. More than this, I believe that when all the facts are known relative to the trouble will be made which will emphasize the justice of our claims."

CARNEGIE REFUSED TO TALK.

The Feeling Against Him Abroad Is Getting Rather Bitter.

LONDON, July 8.—A correspondent found Andrew Carnegie at Braemar, on his tour of Scotland, at Braemar, in Aberdeenshire. He appeared to be in excellent health, but was evidently laboring under great mental anxiety, so much so that Mr. Carnegie, who was present, was endeavoring to soothe him and to draw his thoughts away from the tragic affair at Homestead.

Mr. Carnegie positively declined to make any statement. He has within the last day or two sent and received numerous dispatches by cable, and there is no doubt that Mr. Carnegie has been fully informed of events on the Monongahela.

The news of the sanguinary struggle at Homestead has aroused deep feeling in England and Scotland, and has considerably abated the esteem among the working classes for Mr. Carnegie.

He has never been liked by the upper classes because, although an American citizen, he persistently interferes in British affairs and offers advice to the British people about their own business. The upper classes are not sorry that Mr. Carnegie's Utopian descriptions of the kind of Democracy he would like to establish have received a practical illustration from America.

There is a strong feeling in Aberdeen against the acceptance of Mr. Carnegie's recent gift. The Aberdeen people, high and low, are very proud of their city and its history, and they do not like the idea of the city council catering to Carnegie, whom many of them regard as a weak Scotsman, unworthy of recognition in Aberdeen. This feeling is very strong, and, coupled with the prejudice aroused among workingmen, may result in a formal protest against the honors to Carnegie.

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

USE THE BEST!

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SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS

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Studies, Instruction Books, Polios, etc.

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Eugene Hoerster,

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FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.

Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

For the Next 30 Days

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AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Bronzes at a Bargain.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

29 East Front street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

The Rapid,

Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,

and

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A. M. GRIFFEN,

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C. DICKINSON,

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Flour, Grain, Feed, Hay, Straw,

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18c. per Pound.

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Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

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179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET,

(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)

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Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.

All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

MONEY FOR RELATIVES,

friends, or acquaintances may be sent by drafts, cashed free of charge in Europe, for sale here.

ALSO TICKETS

for all European points, on any steamer, or line, First and Second Class, and Steerage, cheaper than in New York. Illustrated catalogue upon application.

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Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 36.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for hire.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of finest

Light Blue Color.

References:—

F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

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Smalley Bros.,

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Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for cut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner and shortest notice.

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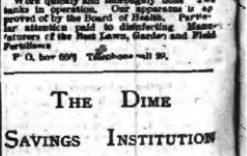

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER, "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:05, a. m., 11:00, 2:30, 5:20 p. m.

Close—7:00 and 9:30 a. m., 12:00, 3:30 and 9 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:05 a. m., 1:35, 5:20 p. m.

Close—7:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.

Mail closes at 9:30 a. m.

FASHIONS

Street Contrasts.

MISS AND MADAME.

Startling contrasts are seen in street costumes this spring. We show sketches of two, evidently mother and daughter. The latter's gown was of green silk, with chestnut and beige striped cloth, bordered with chestnut silk; a small straw hat, trimmed with green and beige. The mother wore a white mantle, prettily trimmed with steel, with a plastron of steel-embroidered black tulle. The gown was of dark blue faille, and the dark blue velvet bonnet was trimmed with white carnations.

Sister Rose Gertrude Arrives.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—Sister Rose Gertrude and her husband arrived here from Honolulu. The doctor lost his position in the leper hospital and comes here to practice.

Debiller Becomes Crazed.

LARAMIE, Wy., July 8.—Fred Debiller, a wealthy New Yorker, who took part in the cattle war and land grabbing convoy, has become insane over the events of the raid.

City of Chicago a Total Wreck.

QUEENSTOWN, July 8.—The Inman steamship City of Chicago, which went on the rocks near Kenalehead, has been broken up by the waves and is a total wreck.

The French and the World's Fair.

PARIS, July 8.—The French commissioners to the Chicago World's fair propose to ask the French ministry for a larger grant toward French exhibits at the fair.

REPUBLICAN MANAGERS.

The New National Executive Committee Is Announced.

CLARKSON ONE OF THE MEMBERS.

The Others Are Hobart, Fessenden, Payne, Kerns, Bradley, Sutherland, Manley and Tanner—Campbell Will See to Indiana and Illinois.

NEW YORK, July 8.—W. J. Campbell, chairman, and T. H. Carter, secretary of the Republican national committee, gave out the names of the national executive committee in whose charges the fortunes of the Republican party have been placed during the present campaign. They are as follows: J. S. Clarkson, Iowa; Garrett A. Hobart, New Jersey; Samuel Fessenden, Connecticut; Henry C. Payne, Wisconsin; Richard C. Kerins, Missouri; William O. Bradley, Kentucky; William A. Sutherland, New York; Joseph H. Manley, Maine, and John R. Tanner, Illinois.

A conference of the members present in the city, consisting of Messrs. Clarkson, Fessenden, Campbell and Carter, was held. The present officers of the committee, ex-officio members here, are Messrs. W. J. Campbell, of Illinois; Secretary J. H. Carter, of Montana; Vice Chairman M. H. De Young, of California; Treasurer Cornelius N. Bliss, of New York.

The committee will hold their first meeting, at which a chairman in place of Mr. Campbell will be chosen, about one week from Saturday, due notice of which will be sent out.

In the selection of committeemen and officers pains were taken not only to select competent men, but also that every section should be properly represented. Mr. De Young will represent the Pacific coast; Mr. Carter the newly formed states; Sutherland and Hobart the middle states; Manley and Fessenden the eastern states; Bradley the southern states; Payne and Clarkson the northwest; Tanner and Kerins the middle western states.

Mr. Carter stated that it was the unanimous desire of every member named on the committee that Mr. Campbell, after the complete organization of the committee by the appointment of his successor, be either added to the executive committee or take the place of some present member thereof. Mr. Campbell, after Mr. Carter's announcement, made the following statement:

"It is only fair to say that the matter of establishing a branch headquarters for the committee at Chicago has been carefully considered, and in the event of such establishment the members of the national committee in that locality will be advised with in matters pertaining to the campaign in their section."

Campbell Will Aid.

This, in connection with the retention of Mr. Campbell on the executive committee, is significant, as it means that President Harrison's wishes will be carried out in regard to the conduct of the campaign in Indiana and Illinois, and that Mr. Campbell will virtually direct the campaign in those states.

Four of the members—Messrs. Clarkson, Hobart, Fessenden and Payne—have been before on the executive committee, but the balance are new men. Bradley, of Kentucky, was the unanimous choice of the southern members. He has served as a member of the national committee for eight years, and in 1888 made a magnificent campaign as the Republican candidate for governor of Kentucky, bringing down the Democratic majority in that state to the lowest figure since the war. Richard C. Kerins, the newly appointed member from Missouri, takes the place of Chauncey I. Filley. W. A. Sutherland, of New York, was the candidate for attorney general during the last state campaign.

Mr. Campbell and Mr. Carter called on Charles W. Hackett, chairman of the Republican state committee. The meeting was an important one, and the two chairmen exchanged views as to the policy to be adopted in the campaign of New York state. Harmonious relations were established between the two, and both gentlemen state that there will be no clash of interests between the two committees. It is evident that the carrying of New York is considered a matter of the greatest concern, and every effort will be made to that end.

Secretary Carter has not yet determined whether he will continue to act as secretary of the committee. He said that he would announce his determination after the meeting of the executive committee. Mr. Carter was asked if there was a possibility of his being Mr. Campbell's successor.

"I am not a member of the national committee," he replied, "and therefore I am ineligible. There has not, I believe, been any precedent established for the selection of a national chairman outside of the committee. The impression that Senator Quay was so chosen is a mistaken one. He was at the time a member of the national committee."

The appointment of the executive committee gives general satisfaction to the leaders in this city, and they are particularly pleased at the selection of Mr. Sutherland.

Reid Says New York Is Essential.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Whitelaw Reid spent several hours with Chairman Hackett, of the state Republican executive committee, discussing plans for the campaign in this state. The interview was evidently a satisfactory one. In reference to Senator Sherman's declaration that New York was the pivotal state Mr. Reid said: "I have already expressed the opinion that no one could prudently calculate on success and leave New York out of the calculation."

Mr. Chauncey M. Depew said he did not think the third party altogether out of the question, and that they might still be considered as a factor in the result. He was of the opinion that if they were successful, in all probability they would get the electoral votes of at least two southern states.

Harrity Wouldn't Accept.

PHILADELPHIA, July 8.—Secretary of the Commonwealth Harrity announced that he is not only not a candidate for the chairmanship of the Democratic national committee, but that he would decline the position if it were tendered him.

Must Part with the Republicans.

DES MOINES, July 8.—An address to the temperance people of Iowa has been issued by the executive committee of the State Temperance Alliance, which declares that the Alliance must part company with the Republican party.

Stevenson Will Go to New York.

CHICAGO, July 8.—After consultation with Congressman Springer, General Sickles and other leading Democrats, Adlai E. Stevenson has decided to meet the committee on notification in New York city on July 20.

What He Thought It Was.

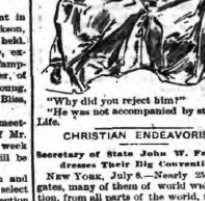
A well known naturalist spent last summer at a farmhouse in Berkshire, and one evening, with some idea of popularizing science, undertook to explain to the old grange who was his host some of the peculiarities of the common caterpillar. He described its habits of life, enlarged upon its methods of respiring through its sides and dwelt at length upon other details of equal interest.

To all the granger listened imperturbably.

"Well," said the professor at last, pausing for breath, "don't you find it wonderful? Did you ever suppose that there was anything so remarkable about a caterpillar?"

"Waal, no," said the farmer slowly; "I supposed they was mostly skin an squash!"—New York Recorder.

The Daughter of an Editor.



"Why did you reject him?"

"He was not accompanied by stamps."—Life.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORISTS.

Secretary of State John W. Foster Addresses Their Big Convention.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Nearly 25,000 delegates, many of them of world wide reputation, from all parts of the world, representing a million and a half members, are attending the convention of the Christian Endeavor society in Madison Square garden. Dr. Deems, of New York, made the address of welcome. After an opening service of prayer and song the Rev. H. T. McEwen, chairman of the committee of 1892, delivered a stirring address. At the close of his remarks he introduced Secretary of State John W. Foster, who thus made his first public appearance since his appointment. He was enthusiastically received, and when quiet was restored spoke as follows:

I count myself fortunate to be in New York today and to be permitted to draw new inspiration for duty by contact with the army of soldiers of the cross. We hear so much in this age of the decay of evangelical religion that I wish the critics could stand in my place now and they would be convinced that the Christian religion and the risen God are neither dead nor dying. This Christian land of ours owes all that is best in it to the Christian religion and to movements like this. I desire to present my recognition of the quiet work this society is doing in the land.

Led by Ira D. Sankey the assemblage then sang, "My Country, 'tis of Thee."

President Francis E. Clark then delivered the annual address.

He was followed by the Rev. Dr. J. W. Bashford, president of Ohio Wesleyan university, who preached the convention sermon. At its close the first session adjourned.

THE LIBERALS=MORE HOPEFUL.

They Have so Far Gained Twenty-one Seats and Expect Large Gains Still.

LONDON, July 8.—The Liberals are in better spirits. They have gained six seats in the last polling and have succeeded in defeating a cabinet minister, Mr. Ritchie, president of the local government board. The corrected totals show that 141 Conservatives and 10 Liberal Unionists have been elected, making the Tory strength 160 in all; Liberals elected 116; Irish anti-Parnellite Nationalists, 10; Parnellite, 1. The Irish have, therefore, strength, therefore, counting labor candidates and Irish Nationalists, anti-Parnellite and Parnellite, with the Liberals is 127, as against the Tory Liberal Unionist strength of 160. The Liberals have, so far, made a total net gain of 21 seats. The Liberals are, therefore, more hopeful and with good reason, for if they have not gained all they expected they have lost nothing and have good grounds for expecting larger gains in the constituencies yet to be polled.

AN EXPLANATION DEMANDED.

John Bull Wants to Know Why Uncle Sam seized the Coquitlan.

LONDON, July 8.—It is stated that Lord Salisbury has requested the British legation at Washington to request an explanation of the seizure of the Coquitlan by the United States cruisers in Behring sea.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The University convocation opened at Albany.

J. M. Tilden's rag warehouse at Watertown, N. Y., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $10,000.

Arthur Gagnon was killed and another man fatally injured in a railroad accident at Montreal.

The Tennessee supreme court, sitting, affirmed the sentence of H. Clay King, convicted of the murder of David A. Poston. The execution is set for Aug. 2.

Senators Warren and Carey, of Wyoming, were hung in effigy at Ogden, Utah, by indignant citizens for voting against the free coinage of silver in the United States senate.

Ugly Rumors About a Judge.

BOSTON, July 8.—Hon. Eben Hutchinson, judge of the district court of Chelsea, who made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors a short time ago, has disappeared and rumors are being circulated of financial irregularities, which have not yet been confirmed.

A Negro Rioter Shot.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 8.—In a scrimmage with the police one of a negro mob was wounded, but not fatally. Private Stout, of the Metropolitan Light Infantry, was shot in the leg by one of the white guards.

Bismarck's Talk of No Value.

BERLIN, July 8.—The Reichsanzeiger publishes a note sent by Chancellor Caprivi on May 23 to the diplomatic representatives of Germany and Prussia abroad. The note states that the statements of Prince Bismarck in the newspapers are of no value.

A Valuable Ore Find.

CHEYENNE, Col., July 8.—A wonderful strike was made in Fremont. The ore is honeycombed quartz, and assay of ore taken one foot below the surface went $9,200. Sixty thousand dollars was offered and refused for the claim.

Shot by a Drunken Lawyer.

ATCHA, T. T., July 8.—R. M. Moore, a lawyer, entered court drunk and shot Marshal Depew in the leg and abdomen. He will probably die. W. H. McBride was hit and seriously wounded.

RAUM'S HEAD IN DANGER

Censured by the Committee and His Removal Called For.

TO INVESTIGATE THE PINKERTONS.

Congress Discusses the Riots at Homestead and the House Authorizes the Committee on Judiciary to Institute an Inquiry—The Free Silver Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—There was a spirited debate in the senate on the question of investigating the causes of the Homestead (Pa.) riots and the employment of the Pinkertons. Mr. Palmer, of Illinois, gave expression to some very advanced views on the relations of labor and capital, and there was a very warm political discussion between Messrs. Voorhees, of Indiana, and Hale, of Maine. The question as to whether an investigation should be ordered was referred to the committee on contingent expenses with a request that they report at once. The balance of the day was devoted to the consideration of the sundry civil bill.

In the house the silver bill was referred to the committee on coinage, weights and measures without opposition, the anticipation existing that it would be ordered to beat the measure if it comes before the house on a direct vote. The rest of the session was consumed in the discussion and disposition of resolutions reported by the committee on judiciary regarding an investigation of the Pinkerton detective forces and their employment by corporations engaged in interstate commerce, and especially the trouble and riots at Homestead, Pa.

The adoption of the resolution authorizing the committee on judiciary to make the inquiry was opposed by Mr. Tarsney, of Missouri, chairman of the labor committee, on the ground that that committee should conduct the investigation into the causes of recent riots and the employment of the Pinkerton detectives by corporations. This motion prevailed, and then Mr. Oates, of Alabama, chairman of the judiciary committee, was naturally offended, as were several other members. The matter was now in a bad tangle, and Mr. Wright, of Pennsylvania moved to reconsider the vote referring the matter to the labor committee. After several counter propositions were voted down the motion to reconsider was carried, and the resolution as reported by the committee on judiciary and directing that committee to make the inquiry was passed. The house then adjourned.

Raum's Removal Recommended.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The report of Representative Wheeler on the testimony taken by the pension office investigating committee was adopted by the majority of that committee. It censures Commissioner Raum and recommends his removal from office; also that the pension office be placed under the civil service law. This will include the special examiners and chiefs of divisions. Representative Lind will make a minority report.

The report, which will be sent to the house by the majority of the committee, after severely censuring Commissioner Raum, says:

Resolved, That it is the judgment of the house that Commissioner of Pensions Green B. Raum should be removed from office by the president for the following reasons:

First—Because he has demonstrated his unfitness to supervise and govern a large number of employees on account of his hasty temper, strong prejudice and unreasonable animosity, which impel his action in matters of the gravest consequence. As evidenced in the case of Edward Howard, Taylor, Jennings, Benaud, Hayward, Payne De Arnaud, Peyton and others. Demonstrated also in the case of George E. Cooper, following upon an unsuccessful attempt to injure his reputation, furnished an other instance of his unfitness.

Second—Because he has prostituted his office for the purpose of private gain.

Third—Because he has prostituted his office for political purposes, using the name as a political machine, notably in the matter of intimidating the facilities of the pension bureau to one J. O. Dunbar, of Indiana, at one time a candidate for congress against George E. Cooper.

To Investigate the Pinkertons.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The house having enlarged the scope of the Pinkerton detective investigation, Mr. Culberson, of Texas, chairman of the judiciary committee, has appointed the following members as a sub committee to make the investigation: Mr. Oates, of Alabama; Mr. Boutelle, of Maine; Mr. Bynum, of Indiana; Mr. E. B. Taylor, of Ohio, and Mr. Broderick, of Kansas. It is understood that the investigation will commence at once.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

	R.	H.	E.
At Pittsburg—			
Pittsburg.....1 1 0 1 0 0 1 0—4	8	1	
Philadelphia..3 0 1 3 0 0 0 x—7	12	1	
Terry, Ehret and Mack; Keefe, Carsey and Cross.			
At Cleveland—First game—	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland.....0 2 1 2 0 0 1 0—6	10	2	
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	7	2	
Cuppy and Zimmer; Foutz, Hart and Dalley.			
Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland.....2 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 2—7	11	2	
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 3 2 0—5	6	4	
Beiger, Young and O'Connor; Haddock and Kinslow.			
At Cincinnati—	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati.....0 4 2 1 1 0 0 0 x—8	11	1	
Baltimore.....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—2	5	4	
Dwyer and Vaughn; Foreman, Hallinger, Van Haltern and Gunson.			
At Louisville—	R.	H.	E.
Louisville.....0 2 0 0 1 0 1 0—4	11	1	
Boston.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2—3	12	1	
Viau and Grim, Nichols and Kelly.			
At Chicago—	R.	H.	E.
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	4	1	
Washington...0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 x—2	6	1	
Gumbert and Shriver, Duryea and McGuire.			
At St. Louis—	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis.....0 2 1 0 0 0 1 0—4	11	1	
New York...0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—2	5	2	
Gleason and Doran, Crane and Boyle.			

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

	R.	H.	E.
At Syracuse—			
Syracuse.....1 2 0 1 0 1 1 2 1—9	12	2	
Troy.....0 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—3	9	4	
Fournier and Myers, Clarkson and Cahill.			
At Buffalo—	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo.....1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2	6	3	
Binghamton...3 0 0 1 0 1 1 x—7	14	0	
Schellhamer and Field, Ines and Murphy.			
At Albany—	R.	H.	E.
Albany.....2 0 2 0 1 0 1 1 0—7	14	0	
Rochester....0 1 0 0 0 1 4 0 0—6	7	3	
Doran and Hoss, Dolan and Boyd.			
At Rochester—	R.	H.	E.
Rochester.....0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0—3	6	6	
Providence....0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2	8	5	
Calhan and McKeough, Kilroy and Ryan.			

American Citizens Maltreated.

LONDON, July 8.—A dispatch from Tangier says that Messrs. Amram, Isaac Chambers and Bonsol, have been severely maltreated by the Moors.

Two Children Drowned.

TROY, N. Y., July 8.—Millie and Adrian Townsend, aged four and eight years, respectively, were drowned opposite this city.

Crisp Renominated.

AMERICUS, Ga., July 8.—The Democratic convention unanimously renominated Charles F. Crisp for congress.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

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H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,
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or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

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Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
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VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete educatio of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
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Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
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35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

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MAKER.
Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
John Peterson,
SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.
Residence 14 Linden avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town
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Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 983.

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and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

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PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
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P. O. Box 312.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona.
P. O. Box 1288
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—34 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARNOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Park and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty, frame work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1582.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Mason, Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner Grand and Sequer streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 3 Sequer street.

38c.
Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with Linen bosom and wristbands; regular 50c quality.
17c.
Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.
Window Shades 25c. and upward.
Dress Chellies 5c. Best Prints 4c. Special low prices in Millinery for the next 30 days at
BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of vegetables received Daily.
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79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
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If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Buff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.
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5 West Front Street.

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GEORGE VOEHL,
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CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
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AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 59 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Dep't.)

IF!
A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 75 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:
Mattresses.....$1.50 to $15
2 piece hair Mattresses, 35 lbs.....$15
Goose Feather Pillows.....$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows.....75 cents
Feather Down Pillows.....$3 each
Counterpanes.....$1, $1.25, $1.50
Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 35 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $40; portiere curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Counterpanes, Bedsteads, Spring, Rocking Chairs, Parlor Suits, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : :
- - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
In buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE FOUR READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield as 2 14, 2 37, 5 38, 6 14, 6 28, 6 59, 7 30, 7 58, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 m., 12 30, 1 00, 3 15, 7 45 night.

Leave Plainfield for Somerville, 6 28, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

Leave Somerville for Plainfield, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Bound Brook, 6 28, 6 59, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook for Plainfield, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Dunellen, 6 28, 6 59, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

Leave Dunellen for Plainfield, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for New York, 2 14, 2 37, 5 38, 6 14, 6 28, 6 59, 7 30, 7 58, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 m., 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 m., 12 30, 1 00, 3 15, 7 45 night.

Leave New York for Plainfield, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 m., 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night. Sundays, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 night. Passengers take Newark and Elizabeth accommodation trains.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m. Sundays at 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sundays at 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 8 45, a. m. 1 30, 5 30 p. m. Sundays 9 30 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Somerville, Bridgewater, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Lewisburg.

7 10 a. m. for stations to High Bridge connection, Bound Brook Branch, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Lewisburg.

8 17 a. m. for Flemington, DELAWARE, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, High Bridge Branch, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Lewisburg. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 00 a. m. way for Junction.

1 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Lewisburg.

5 30 p. m. way for Junction connection for DELAWARE.

8 15 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Bound Brook Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Lewisburg. Through coach to Williamsport. Connects for Mauch Chunk.

4 30 p. m. for Somerville.

5 45 p. m. for Somerville, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

6 15 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8 45 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading and Harrisburg.

9 30 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

6 30 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2 37, 8 00, 10 37, 11 08 a. m., 12 05, 3 05, 4 16, 6 14 p. m. Sundays (express) 2 37, 8 00, 10 37, 11 08 a. m., 12 05, 4 16, 6 14 p. m.

Leave South Amboy at 4 15, 8 30, 9 00, 11 40 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 5 40, 7 40 p. m. Sundays 4 15, 8 30, 9 00, 11 40 a. m., 12 40, 5 40, 7 40 p. m.

Leave Long Branch at 4 00, 8 15, 8 45, 11 25 a. m., 12 25, 2 25, 5 25, 7 25 p. m. Sundays 4 00, 8 15, 8 45, 11 25 a. m., 12 25, 5 25, 7 25 p. m.

Leave Ocean Grove at 4 05, 8 20, 8 50, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 2 30, 5 30, 7 30 p. m. Sundays 4 05, 8 20, 8 50, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 5 30, 7 30 p. m.

Arrive at Plainfield 8 15, 8 30, 9 45, 10 45 a. m., 12 37, 1 30, 4 05, 5 00, 6 45, 8 45 p. m. Sundays 8 15, 8 30, 9 45, 10 45 a. m., 12 37, 4 05, 6 45, 8 45 p. m.

Leave Baltimore and Washington at 9 05, 3 20, 7 10 p. m. Sundays 9 05 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia at 7 20, 11 20 a. m., 3 50, 7 50 p. m. Sundays 7 20 a. m., 7 50 p. m.

Leave Trenton at 8 05, 11 55 a. m., 4 35, 8 35 p. m. Sundays 8 05 a. m., 8 35 p. m.

Arrive at Plainfield 10 15, 2 05, 6 45, 10 45 p. m. Sundays 10 15 a. m., 10 45 p. m.

C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass Agt. Philadelphia, Pa.
H. P. BALDWIN, Asst Gen'l Pass Agt. N. York

Educational.

MADAME [illegible] in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberd, P. O. Box 1690.

FRENCH LESSONS, conversation and entertainment in French Lectures, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Previous high school training and Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. VIRUE, care of Messrs. Hamilton and Newell, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED SEPTEMBER 14, 1892.
For information call at the Academy or address EDWARD N. HARNED Prin.
8 22 tf 128 Park Place, Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms for classes. Box 1687 Plainfield, N. J. 147 Sherwood Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 24 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Mrs. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 9 29 y

H. H. SPENCER,
Grocer and Provisioner, 73 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Groceries and provisions. Oldest cracker 4 years old. An institution. W. G. Wilson's coffees, teas, spices, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants. Queer prices.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE,
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Boilers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass cast from castings. Forging in all its branches. Machinist building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkmer street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12-17

BROWN & SHILES,
Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in POSER'S HOTEL, NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Boot black stand connected with the shop.

PURE MILK
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. B. SOMERNCK.
A postal addressed to No. 60 Somerset street will receive prompt attention. 10-17

IMPERIAL MILLS
196 BEST
IMPERIAL
PATENT
QUALITY

SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY MAJOR A. R. CALHOUN.

The Story of a Daring Young Union Scout Who Seemed to Have a Charmed Life and Succeeded Best Where the Chances Were Desperate.

Old troopers of the Army of the Potomac still remember Charley Marsh, who was not only one of the most intelligent and fearless scouts in the service, but whose feeds of daring if set down in the plainest poem would thrill the heart like a bugle blast.

The Confederates, particularly in Virginia, had many keen, brave fellows connected with their secret service—men who had taken their lives in their hands so often that they came at length to be indifferent to death; but the best of these was not a match for the famous Union scout.

In December, 1862, when Charley Marsh "crawled from the stars and stripes" and entered the enemy's lines to burn a bridge *in the rear of Lee's army as a preliminary* to the Burnside campaign, he was only twenty-one years of age. He was tall, slender, active and smooth faced, looking more like a school teacher or a theological student than the stout hearted, cool headed man he proved himself to be.

"OH, THAT FELLOW DIED LAST NIGHT!"

Although so young, Marsh knew every foot of the country between Washington and Richmond as well as he did the fields of the farm up in Maryland, where he was born.

Charley Marsh found the bridge he had set out to burn guarded, but he collected much valuable information, and with this he was making his way back to the Union lines when he ran into the enemy and was captured.

The papers found on the young scout's person clearly established his character, and he was hastened on to Richmond, where a speedy trial and a quick and ignominious death awaited him.

So fearful were the Confederates of his escape that a guard of eight men, in command of a sergeant, was sent on with him, and in the possession of the latter were the condemnatory papers.

On the way to Richmond, the sergeant, who was of a convivial turn, succeeded in getting a canteen full of captured Yankee whisky, and on this he and all his men were more or less fuddled.

Watching his opportunity in the night, Marsh, after he became convinced that he could not escape, crept close to where the sergeant was sleeping and succeeded in taking from his pocket the papers that meant death to the prisoner.

That night the sergeant, guards and prisoner were placed on a train, and as the cars rolled over the Ann river Charley succeeded in dropping the package out the window.

The next morning the party was in Richmond, and the sergeant discovered that his papers were gone, without being able to account for their loss. Charley Marsh's character had preceded him, and he was sent to Castle Thunder to await information from the front, and the capsicin sergeant was very properly placed under arrest.

It would be only a few days at the farthest till the information showing the scout's character came, and then would follow the speedy trial and execution that distinguished the southern treatment of such characters.

Castle Thunder was at this time filled with suspects, spies and political prisoners, the latter principally Union men from East Tennessee. To a few of these whom he felt he could trust Charley Marsh revealed his true character and intrusted them with messages to his parents "in the event that the worst should come to the worst."

To the casual observer there was not a more careless or indifferent man in Castle Thunder than the young scout. For two days he played checkers on a board marked out on the dirty floor, the black and white men being buttons cut from the clothes of dead prisoners.

The third night, just before the last visit of the guards to the upper floor of the prison, a Tennessean named McCoy died. The dead man's acquaintances were for informing the guard so as to have the body removed, but Marsh restrained them with the whispered command:

"My God, man, keep still! Leave him here till morning; then I will be dead!"

The other prisoners obeyed, though they did not understand him; and the body of the dead prisoner was kept concealed in a corner.

At daylight the next morning the guard entered the prison for roll call. McCoy's name was called, and to the surprise of those who knew the sick and the dead, Charley Marsh answered "Here!"

When the guard came to the name "Charles Marsh?" Charley himself drew down a ragged blanket from a stark form at his feet, and in a clear, strong voice called out: "Marsh? Oh, that fellow died last night! Here he is." And he stepped aside and pointed to the body of the man whose name he had assumed.

"Dead!" exclaimed the Confederate officer, as he looked down at the stark features. "Well, it is a d—d good thing for him that he died a natural death. I have orders to take him out for trial, and that would mean to him hanging before the sun went down."

"I'm sorry he disappointed you," said Charley. "But perhaps he knew what was coming and fit out."

The Confederate officer was completely deceived, and those who had known the dead man, and heard Charley Marsh pleading to keep the death a secret the night before, now saw clearly through his purpose and prayed that his daring scheme might win.

That morning the prison rolls of Castle Thunder bore opposite the name "Charles Marsh"—"died."

As "Dick McCoy" the young scout remained in prison for four months, being finally exchanged in March, 1863.

As soon as he reached Washington, he reported to General Hooker, then in command of the army, and at his own request was at once assigned to his old duties.

Subsequently, Marsh entered Richmond twice during the war, but not as a prisoner. He seemed to have a charmed life and to succeed best where the chances were the most desperate.

When peace came he was given a prominent position in the secret service of the government. I last saw him in Washington in 1873, and that the gallant fellow may still be alive and prospering is my sincere hope.

A Queer Taste.

The old Romans had an adage which reads "There is no accounting for tastes." That this maxim is as true today as it was when uttered 2,000 years ago we see proofs on every hand. The most remarkable example that has come to my notice for some time is that of Mr. Higford Burr, a rich bachelor who lives in the midst of a fine park near Reading, in England.

Mr. Burr's hobby is snakes. He hatches them out on his grounds, and as he will permit none to be killed, and particularly so every land, the

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box L. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

COMMON COUNCIL.

THE CALLED MEETING FOR THE MONTH OF JULY.

A Hundred and Fifty Claims Presented.—Reports of Various Committees Received and Ordered Filed.

The called meeting of the Council for the month of July was held last evening. There were present, President Ginns, and Councilman Case, Gallup, Weber, Bird, See and Johnson. Councilman Frazee came in later.

Mr. Case moved that the Council suspend the regular order of business, and that the clerk read the call for the meeting. Carried.

The clerk read the call, which stated that the meeting was to receive claims, and act upon, and receive reports.

Over 150 claims were presented against the city, which were referred to their proper committees and ordered paid.

A communication from Mayor Gilbert was read, appointing Wm. Kitchen, pound master. Upon motion it was received and ordered filed.

A communication was read from Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh stating that during his absence Borough Counsel Charles A. Reed would act in his stead. Upon motion it was received and ordered filed.

The reports of the Collector of Taxes and City Treasurer was upon motion received and ordered filed.

Upon motion the Mayor and City Treasurer were authorized to negotiate for three thousand dollars, to be applied to the general fund.

Upon motion the ordinance relating to changing the name of North Richmond street to Norwood avenue, was laid over until next meeting.

Mr. See moved that rule 37 be suspended, to allow bills to be acted upon. Carried.

Moved that the Peace street matter be taken up, to allow property owners the privilege of the floor. Carried.

No property owners being present, it was moved that the matter lay over until the next meeting. Carried.

Over an hour was consumed in auditing the bills, in which the bill of dog catcher Frisby occupied a greater part of the attention.

The Auditing Committee reported correct all claims. Upon motion they were ordered paid. The Council adjourned at 9.50.

FELL AND BROKE HIS BACK.

Ex-Collector Tunison Lying at the *Point of Death.*

Saturday, Herman H. Tunison of Mt. Bethel, N. J., ex-collector of Warren township, fell from a load of hay, which will, it is feared, result in his death. He was picking cherries on his farm and fell from the tree, breaking his back. It is supposed he was seized with an attack of vertigo. The entire lower half of his body is paralyzed, and the physician in attendance holds out but small hope for his life.

A large pall which Mr. Tunison had, fell first, and on this his shoulders and head struck.

Mr. Tunison is considered one of the wealthiest men in that section and is universally respected for his many sterling qualities. He is about fifty years old.

BREVITIES

—Mr. A. G. Vogeler, the butcher, is doing a thriving business.

—Mr. Charles Hand of Plainfield, will commence next week the erection of three fine houses on First avenue, Lorraine, on the south side.

—At Harned's popular academy a Summer school in languages has been started. A prominent professor has charge. See advertisement elsewhere.

—Lewis Sprague, a special Marshal, was arrested last night in North Plainfield for raising a disturbance, and will have a hearing to-night at eight o'clock before Justice Crossley.

—An esteemed scientific cotemporary says that genuine sky-signs can now be installed for the enterprising advertiser. By a simple arrangement of mirrors, reflecting plaques and lights a sort of gigantic magic lantern can be set up, by which images can be thrown upon the clouds. Ben will be able to advertise your business in letters a hundred feet long, on the skies, so that they will be visible over a dozen counties. As if this truly awful prospect were not enough, we are told that these sky-signs can be made luminous, so that they will blaze all night! Heine, in one of his rhapsodies said that he would like to snatch a burning pine from the Norway mountains and write with it the name of "Agnes" in letters or fire on the skies. But he would probably not have cared to adorn the firmament with a blazing description of somebody's patent trouser stretcher, or a glowing picture of a lady wearing the latest thing in hygienic corsets.—Newark Journal.

Wheelmen Injured.

Edward Lang and Clarence Little, two track riders of the Mercury Wheelmen of Elizabeth, ran into a pile of stone and dirt on the Westfield road Thursday night, and Little's ear was badly severed from his head, while Lang's arm was terribly cut and bruised.

Both men were to compete in the second road race for the Union county championship to-day, but are unable to do so owing to their injuries, and it will be some time before they can again ride a wheel.

MR. YARNALL'S IMPROMPTU GYMNASTICS.

Left Hanging by his Arms from a Trolley Wire.

Mr. Harry Yarnall, who has charge of the electrical work of the American Electric Street Car Company, which is putting the Trolley system of street cars through Plainfield, owes his escape from at least serious injury, this morning, to his cultivated muscle and cool head.

Three of the best workmen on the line left work yesterday on account of a disagreement. The work of the railway had to be done, however, so Mr. Yarnall was helping the remaining two workmen. He was on top of the towering wire-wagon soldering "ears" (non-conducting wire supporters) on the trolley-wire at the corner of Grant avenue and Front street, and brushed off some extra hot solder. The metal fell on the flanks of the horse beneath, which naturally dashed forward. Mr. Yarnall was almost thrown, which would have meant a fall of at least twenty feet, but, he fortunately, saved himself by grasping the trolley wire as the wagon went from under him.

A thin wire is not the most comfortable thing in the world to do gymnastics on, but it was decidedly more comfortable than a broken leg, which would be the least to expect from such a fall, so Mr. Yarnall dangled there, uncomfortably, while the workmen caught the horse. When he was once more safe on the wagon, Mr. Yarnall remarked that if he had hung there much longer he would have gone along the wire to the next post and slid down that.

THE WINNERS.

The City Championship Bicycle Races held this Afternoon.

The city championship handicap race started at 2.16 o'clock this afternoon.

Thomas Burns, handicap nine minutes, was first to cross the line. Time one hour, thirty minutes, thirty seconds. A. E. Stover, ten minutes, handicap, was second.

Jacob Gottheil, handicap ten minutes, was third.

Joseph Pike won the time prize by about two seconds.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Joseph W. Yates is at Shelter Island for the Summer.

Mr. Chas. A. Bayuon is stopping at the Coleman House, Asbury Park.

Mr. Radford, of West Front street, starts to-day for a trip to North Branch.

A reception was tendered Miss Daisy Sheppard, at "The Gables," Thursday evening.

Prof. C. L. Conde starts Monday for the Sea Girt House, Asbury Park, to take charge of the orchestra.

Miss Viola Huff of this city spent a few days last week with Miss Jennie Elerson of Centreville.

Miss Gordon of Dalton, Ga., delegate to the Christian Endeavor Convention, is a guest of Miss C. L. Frost of 119 Broadway.

Manager T. H. Keller, of the Crescent League team, returned to this city yesterday, from a shooting match at Atlantic City.

Mrs. George H. Vaughan and Miss Sadie Vaughan of Meriden, Conn., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lockey of Westervelt avenue.

Yesterday Linn Edsall was twenty one years old, and received as a birthday gift $500 from his father, the enterprising Seely Edsall.

Miss Annie Reeves, a niece of Mr. C. Thorp, of West Second street, sailed on the "Wisconsin" for a three months' trip through England and France.

Mr. C. T. Vail and wife, and Mr. Horace Huff and friend, all of Plainfield, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Huff of Bound Brook, Sunday and Monday.

Rev. W. C. Stinson, of Wauwatosk, Wis., formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Dunellen, is the guest of his friend, Mrs. Frank A. Ransom, of Dunellen.

Union County Race To-day.

The Executive Committee having charge of the Journal trophy and Union county championship races next Thursday night at the Elizabeth Journal office to take final action preparatory to the second trial heats this afternoon, commencing at five o'clock.

The time prescribed by J. J. Bedell, of the Mercury Wheelmen; J. A. Brunner, of the Westfield Athletic Club; R. Seltenright, of the Elizabeth Athletic Oysters; Clarence P. Morrell, of the Elizabeth Field Club; O. Mahon, of the Plainfield Boys' Club, and Frank Bliss, of the Union County Roadsters, and T. T. Berdan, of the Roselle Ramblers.

The committee announce the dates for the third trial heat and for the final heat of the trophy series was discussed.

The following heats were set down for the 23d of July, but it appears that the great century run takes place on the same date, and as a large number of wheelmen will be out of the county, it might be no interference, and that the riders might like to enter the course. It was moved that the date of the third heat be postponed to July 30th, which was adopted.

August 31st was agreed upon as the date for the final heat and adopted.

It is expected that at least two thousand people will be on the grounds to witness the races to-day, which as they do not commence until five o'clock will give Plainfield wheelmen ample time to attend both the Elizabeth and Plainfield races.

Some of the Prizes for this Afternoon's Race.

The gold time-prize which is really the first prize in the afternoon's city championship bicycle races, is donated by Captain F. L. C. Martin.

Mr. Rogers offers a gold badge to the man who wins the handicap race. The two silver badges for the men who come in second and third places are ordered by the Committee.

BOARD OF FREEHOLDERS

REGULAR SESSION.—IMPORTANT BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

County Road Inspector Appointed—New Bridges To Be Built—Draw Bridge Tenders Appointed—Bills Ordered Paid—Other Business.

The Union County Board of Freeholders was called to order at 3.15 o'clock, Thursday afternoon, Director Halliday in the chair and all members being present. After the minutes of the previous meeting had been read and adopted, Director Halliday presented for the clerk to read a lengthy communication which he had received from the State Charity Association.

The communication stated in substance that a committee of the Association had recently visited the Union County Jail for the sole purpose of making an investigation as to the manner in which it was being kept, and having made a thorough examination, the committee was compelled to say that the jail was kept in perfect condition, and would compare favorably with any jail within the State. The report was received and filed.

A communication was received informing the Board that it was necessary to place a guard rail around the high embankment between New Providence and Scotch Plains.

A communication from the County Engineer of the County Board of Freeholders was presented in regard to the laying of the proposed new county road from Springfield to Chatham.

The committee appointed to examine the Putnam avenue bridge at Plainfield reported that the waterway was too small to carry away the water and recommended that an iron beam bridge be built at a cost not to exceed $6,000. A motion the report was received and the recommendation adopted.

The Committee on Lyons' farm bridge reported the waterway to be too small and the bridge itself to be in a dangerous condition, and in consideration recommended that an iron beam bridge be built, the cost not to exceed $1,200.

A lengthy resolution was presented as what duties should be required of an inspector of county roads when appointed according to law.

There was some little argument over a resolution, that the Inspector furnish bonds to the sum of $2,000.

Mr. Swain offered a resolution to the effect that the County Engineer be authorized and instructed to confer with the County Engineer of Essex county and establish the permanent grade of the new county road leading from Springfield to Chatham.

The resolution was laid on the table.

Mr. Trahon moved that a County Road Inspector be appointed which was adopted. He then moved that the Board proceed to nominate and elect a County Road Inspector, which was also carried. He then moved that John H. R. Corbet be appointed as County Road Inspector, which was carried by a vote of 14 ayes to 2 nays.

By resolution the salary of county road Inspector was fixed at $500 per annum.

The director appointed as a County Road Committee Messrs. Sauer, Swain, Scudder, Kyte and Winans.

Mr. Robert Murray, the owner of a piece of property at Middle avenue, was invited to address the Board in regard to the necessity of an iron pipe running through his property, as he claims that it diverted the water from its regular course, thus causing the roadway to be flooded and thereby causing much damage.

By resolution the following draw bridge tenders for Elizabeth were appointed: South Front street bridge at Elizabeth, Wm. Van Pelt; Jersey street bridge at a salary of $125, David Bush; Bridge street bridge at an annual salary of $600, W. Ogden. A number of bills were then read and ordered paid, after which the Board adjourned.

STATE NEWS

A FREAK HOG.

Farmer Corsegin of South Jersey, has a rather neat thing in the way of freak hogs that is attracting a great deal of attention. What the hen tried to do was to lay two eggs at once, but she only partially succeeded. The result was one complete egg correct in size and shape, she managed, in trying instantly to duplicate it, to lay a fertile egg inside of semi-opaque skin, which also contained the complete yolk and white of another egg. The effect was to produce that of a hard egg and an egg that has been dropped in water. The latter is held by the seamless bag about four inches long and two inches wide.

After publishing this very unusual feat Farmer Corsegin's Cochin hen raised such a disturbance in order to call attention to her achievement that she was set upon by half the feathered inhabitants of the barnyard and forced to rest on the hennery roof to escape their jealous wrath. The row having attracted a farm hand, he investigated the disturbance and the Cochin's prize production was carefully placed in a cigar box filled with bran and taken to Farmer Corsegin's.—Philadelphia Record.

Plan for a County Sewer.

A plan for constructing a trunk sewer along the line of the Central Railroad from Plainfield to Staten Island Sound is talked of again. A committee of the Common Council and of citizens of Plainfield have had several meetings and are trying to devise a plan to provide a sewerage system for the city, but as yet no definite action has been taken. The question of an outlet seems to be a troublesome one. The suggestion is made to the Raritan river is not favorably received for the reason that such an outlet is very low, and that it is impossible. It is said that a trunk sewer sufficient to dispose of the sewerage of Plainfield and of the towns along the line of the Central Railroad for many years to come could be constructed at a cost of ten to twelve thousand dollars a mile and that the expense of building it might be divided to some such way as the cost of the county roads is apportioned. Having secured an outlet to tide-water each town would then construct its own sewers in its own way. It would be necessary to pump the sewers of Plainfield to the Sound, but the Central Railroad Company and the Land Improvement company, and other parties having large property interests along the line of the railroad favor the plan of constructing such a trunk sewer to aid in the development of the villages as places of residence.—Elizabeth Herald.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

[Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

The workers' training classes will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9.15 a. m.

Mr. Frederick Moon will speak at the Mt. Pleasant school on Sunday evening evening.

Mr. Lojeauix will lead the Gospel service at No. 6 East Front street Sunday. All are welcome.

An interesting young men's meeting will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Sunday at 4.15 p. m.

Park Place Chapel. Sunday-school at 2.45 p. m. Evening service at 7.45. Capt. Morrison will speak.

The Rev. A. H. Lewis, D. D., will speak at the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville on Sunday evening.

Church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal, Dunellen) Sunday-school at 3.30 p. m. Church service at 3.30 p. m. Seats free.

All Souls' church, Park avenue. Unitarian services at 10.30 a. m. The pastor Rev. Robert Clark will preach. All seats are free.

Warren Union Mission. Sunday-school at 2.30. No evening service. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

Monroe avenue Chapel. Class meeting at nine a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Preaching at eight p. m. by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Chas. B. Mitchell.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev T. Logan Murphy rector. Celebration of the Holy communion at eight a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m.

Services in St. Joseph's church to-morrow will be as follows: Mass at 8.30 and high mass at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m., and vespers at eight p. m.

The services at Hope chapel, West Fourth street, will be, preaching at 10.30 a. m., Sunday-school at three p. m. Service of song and preaching at 7.45 p. m.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church, July 10th. Sunday-school at 9.30 a. m. Preaching by the Rev. P. N. Lockwood of Titusville, Pa., at 10.45. No evening service.

Crescent avenue church. Rev. W. R. Richards, D. D., pastor. Services at 10.30 a. m., and 7 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. All seats free at the evening service.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck will preach at 10.30 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. The Sabbath-school will meet at 9.15 a. m.

There will be the usual W. C. T. U. meeting in the Crescent building to-morrow at nine a. m., and four p. m. A praise service will be held this evening at eight o'clock.

Services in the German church on Craig place, North Plainfield, will be to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., only, and Wednesday at eight o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 2.15 a. m.

Services at St. Mary's church, First mass at 7.30 a. m. Second mass at 8.30. Third mass at 9.45. High mass at 10.45. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m., and evening service at eight p. m.

Members of the Reform club and their friends are invited to attend the meeting of the Women's Temperance Aid Society held every Monday at Reform Hall at nine a. m., and four p. m.

Services at the church of the Heavenly Rest, Watchung avenue, corner of seventh avenue, a. m. The Rev. Mr. Brodeux of New York, will officiate, and administer the Holy Communion at 11 o'clock.

The services of the A. U. M. P. church will continue every Sunday in Cutler's grove, at 10.30 a. m., 2.30 p. m., and seven p. m., by the pastor, Rev. P. L. L. Lomont. Class meeting at 12 m.

Congregational church, the Seventh street. Rev. C. L. Goodrich, pastor. Morning service at 10.30. Sunday-school at 11.30 a. m. Evening service conducted by the Christian Endeavor Society at 7.30.

First Church of Christ—Preaching at 10.30. Lord's supper at 11.45. Sunday-school at three p. m. Elder Hand will speak at 7.30. Theme, Eph. 5:14. Ladies' meeting Wednesday at three p. m. All are welcome.

Services in the First Presbyterian church Sunday. Sunday-school at 9.30, preaching service at 11 a. m. and 7.45 p. m., by the Rev. Hugh B. MacCauley. Young people's service of Christian Endeavor at seven p. m.

Methodist Episcopal church. Sunday-school at 9.15 a. m. and 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. by the Rev. Chas. H. Bruce, pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian church, Kansas City, Missouri. Class meeting at 12 m. Preaching at 7.45 by the Rev. Mr. Bruce.

Grace church. Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector. Mr. Lord's supper at 11.45. Sunday-school at 2.15 p. m. Evening service, five p. m.

German Lutheran services to-morrow (Sunday) forenoon at 10.30 o'clock and regularly every Sunday thereafter, at Scott's Hall, No. 39 Somerset street. All Germans welcome. Sermon by a young preacher, Mr. Kloska, recently arrived from Germany.

Church of our Saviour, Rotherwood. Rev. S. P. Simpson. Holy communion at 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 2.45 a. m. Evening prayer at 4.30. Two free stands have been erected, one at Seventh avenue for the church every Sunday morning at 10.30. Return to Plainfield on the accommodation train leaving Somerset street at 11.45.

First Baptist church—2.30 a. m. the Sunday-school and young men's Bible class meeting. 10.30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. preaching by the Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerken. Wednesday the regular church prayer meeting at 7.45 p. m. Prayer meeting of the Young People's League, both meetings at eight p. m. Strangers and all others will be cordially welcome.

The Game To-day.

The eighth league game of the season is taking place to-day. Plainfield vs. Westfield in this city and Elizabeth vs. Somerville at Elizabeth.

The batting order for the Crescents is as follows: Hofford, c.; Daley, 2d b.; Murphy, l.f.; Turner, 3d. b.; O'Rourke, r. f.; Leidy, c. f.; Bonner, s.s.; Jones, 1st. b.; Sneeden, p.

Before Justice Nash.

The case of Dandelion vs. Hood, for contract, was dismissed yesterday, as the plaintiff failed to file the stated demand in time.

The case of Ryno vs. Disley, for contract, is returnable July 13th.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

The Carnegie Troubles.

Homestead, Pa., July 9, (Special.)—All quiet here to-day. Gov. Patterson has instructed the mill hands that order must be maintained and the rights of all respected.

The mill hands are still defiant, and the Governor's course encourages them and endangers life and property.

A rumor reached here last night from Pittsburg to the effect that the Carnegies would ask the National Government to station United States regulars at their plant, on the main ground that they might not be hindered in the work of filling their contracts for steel for the new cruisers.

Cholera Advancing.

St. Petersburg, July 9, (Special.)—It is rumored that despite the efforts to prevent it cholera has reached Moscow, where the total absence of sewerage renders the situation most dangerous.

Several passengers on board the steamer Orinoco, bound from Astrakhan for Nizhni, died from cholera on the steamer.

Paris, July 9th.—There were seven deaths from cholerine in Paris yesterday.

Husband and Wife Both Commit Suicide.

New York, July 9.—(Special.)—Gustave Potts of 342 Tinton avenue, Morrisania, hanged himself to a tree near his home at three o'clock this morning, and at about the same time his wife suffocated herself to death by inhaling gas in their home.

St. John's, New Foundland, in Flames.

St. John's, N. F., July 9—(Special.)—This town was visited by a fire this morning which at this hour threatens its destruction. [Later communication was cut off, the telegraph operator being driven away by the flames.]

Ram's Horn Sage.

Ignorance is the mother of impudence. It is a lean pig that is always squealing. A sock that starts out to be a hero is better than one that is rotten.

Love never complains that the price it has to pay is too much.

Vinegar in a jar is a good thing, but in people it is a nuisance.

Sin will behave itself a year to get to have its own way an hour.

It is hard for a tired man to be a man who is an enemy to himself.

The spider probably thinks that the bee is wasting time in getting honey.

It is so much easier to tell other people how to walk than it is to show them how.

Many hold every Sunday at 9 with a man's religion if it never makes him want to sing.

The trouble with the man who knows nothing is that he is always the last to find it out.

The first time a boy gets ten miles away from home he thinks the world is a wheelbarrow.

It is hard for the Lord to make much use of a preacher whose head is bigger than his heart.

There are people who seem to lose all their religion the minute they can't have their own way.

It is so much easier for us to think we are growing in grace than it is for our neighbors to think so.

The man who thinks that his neighbor's house is too low will soon be complaining that his own is too small.

It is the man who has to live on corn bread at home who finds the most fault with the pie when he travels.

When the preacher is wide awake himself he is hard to keep his congregation from going to sleep.

The man who has the most to say about getting religious at home is generally the one who thinks that reform ought to begin on the other side of the world.

If—

If the West Ends continue to play as good ball as they have for the past two weeks they will soon be at the top in the League race. The trouble with Plainfield is that a few games since the West Ends they get unnerved, and some of the players make bad errors. Then T. F. Wilcox takes them their walking papers, and the team has to be reconstructed. The West Ends have been playing ball, if they make an error once in a while, and thus make them do good team work.—Somerset Democrat.

It has been well said that "between the years of thirteen and seventeen the physical energies of the body as in springtime thrill out into every limb and organ"—These energies must be sustained—

Have some H-O for breakfast.

DEATHS.

CORY—At Westfield, N. J., Friday, July 8, Joseph Cory, in the 85d year of his age. Funeral services Monday, July 11, at 1.30 p. m. and 2.30 in the First Presbyterian Church, Westfield. R. I. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

A NEW SUPPLY OF

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,

IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.

These goods are well-made and neat-fitting.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.

The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's

Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,

at

EDSALL'S!

COAL LUMBER And Builders' Supplies LOOMIS & RICE 49 Broadway

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows 30 WEST FRONT STREET, and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to $10

Cut in Latest Styles.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted as nurse girl. Willing to do clothing. Address "E. L. A.," 261 E. Front street. 9 2

WORK wanted by willing man. Situation that will be steady preferred. Address L. Vox, Plainfield Post Office. 6 4

HELP WANTED.

$75 TO $200 can be made monthly working for B. F. Johnston & Co., 2000 Main street, Richmond, Va. 6 9 1m*

MONEY TO LOAN.

$2,500 TO LOAN on gilt-edged security. Also smaller sums. Address "H. D. M," care of EVENING NEWS.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A FEW boarders wanted on a farm near Plainfield. Address "L," care EVENING NEWS. 8 3

INTERLACHEN Cottage, No 9 Atlantic avenue, close by the Ocean Wave Rose Pavilion. Pleasant rooms, good table board. Table board five dollars. Dinner served to excursionists at thirty-five cents. Mrs. Pearn, prop., Box 113, Ocean Grove. 99

FOR SALE.

BICYCLE, 91 Victor, spring fork, perfect in condition. $35. Reasonable offer refused. Will call at say address on receipt of postal. Stevens, Granada Hotel, North Avenue.

$40 CASH will buy a ball bearing safety bicycle worth double the amount. Almost new and in perfect condition. Address "Bicycle," care of Evening News. 6,tf

LOTS containing half an acre and upwards on Grandview ave. Small down payment, balance long time. Splendid cellar holes. Apply to Jos. Hoffman, Real Estate Resident, P. O. Box 107, Cleveland, O. 30 8*

MRS JOS. M MYERS' property, 147 East Front street, for sale or to let. Apply on premises. 7 11 w2m

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of Evening News. 7 11tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

A GENTLEMEN, who has studied for several years in Europe, desires pupils in instrumental music. Address "Languages," care of EVENING NEWS. 4,tf

MORE answers await "E." and "Mrs. M. S." Only call for secret.

49000 Celery plants, extra fine. Grown from seed planted in variety at Terra Cotta, 1,227 Hillside avenue. 1-7

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good condition wanted. Call Parkhurst's store, 11 Somerset street. 2-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mailford's. 6 28

WANTED—To exchange a newly painted side-bar buggy for a light-top business wagon. Address "Butcher," care of EVENING NEWS. 6-28

Proposals for Coal!

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Education of this city, until Monday, July 18th, next, for 225 tons best quality Lehigh coal, as follows: Twenty-five (25) tons egg size and two hundred and fifty (250) tons stove size. All to be properly screened and delivered free of expense within the public school buildings of this city, at such time as the Board may direct.

Bids to specify whether short or long tons. The Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

All proposals to be sent to Dr. J. B. Frohock, 20 East Front street.

By order of the Board.

Plainfield, N. J., July 7, 1892. 7 9*

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, at 41 Park avenue, Plainfield. Class in French now forming. Also private lessons in French and German. Class lessons 50c., private lessons $1.

First Baptist SUNDAY SCHOOLS EXCURSION TO Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, on Wednesday, July 20.

Trains leave Plainfield at 8 a. m., returning leave Asbury Park at 5.30 p. m.

Tickets for adults $1.25; children under 12 years, 75 cents.

Stops will be made at Long Branch each way.

Tickets may be purchased at L. W. Randolph's pharmacy and at A. M. Vanderbeck's music store. 5-9 12 16 18 19

PAPIAC, (Boynton Beach,)

Our nearest salt water resort. A 10-acre shady grove close to the beach. Forty minutes from Plainfield by C. R. R. of New Jersey.

This famous day Summer resort has been greatly improved the present season by the erection of a grand new pavilion, a large restaurant, where refreshments are sold at moderate rates. A base ball diamond and Lawn Tennis Court, and a fine bowling alley.

There is also a fine equipment of boats for rowing, fishing or crabbing, a fine sandy beach for bathing, plenty of houses and suits. Numerous picnic tables dot the pine grove lots. Fine piano in the pavilion, music every day. First class steam Merry-go-rounds and swings. Naptha launch, making 10-cent trips around the sound. No intoxicants sold, no disorder, a perfectly safe place at any time for ladies and children.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 41 Park avenue. Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.

FANS from JAPAN.

444 FANS Just Received through A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND, 34 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Daniel Webster's Poetry.

Webster was certainly one of our greatest Americans intellectually. That no man can dispute. But suppose "Gothlike Dan" were alive today and should send to a leading magazine for publication verses like the following, which that great statesman sent to a friend who was apparently in love, and having the attack bad:

Since, friend Hubbah, you are thus distrest,
Since Love's fierce fortunes thus inflame your breast,

Since ——'s charms forever haunt your dreams,
And her fair form before you always seems, .
A little poetry perhaps might cool
Love's boiling torrent from your troubled soul.
I, too, with Muses straying through the grove,
May soothe my pains, though not the pains of love.
For those blessed fields, where Love's gay Graces reign,
I once have tried, and tried, alas! in vain.
No longer on those verdant banks I tread,
No longer wander o'er the flowery mead;
Those fragrant lawns of Love, which you explore,
I once perhaps have known, but know no more.

This is not quite so bad as George Washington's poetry, but still—what bad language it would force from the lips of the managing editor of a great *modern daily*. The poem is part of one quoted by Horatio King in The Magazine of American History. We learn from it that Daniel himself had been in love and got over it, and the continuation of the poem shows that he thought he had now turned for consolation to art and science. But in truth this was considered very good poetry in Webster's time.

We learn also from Mr. King's paper that Webster "was accustomed to keep a stock of good things, as well in prose as poetry, constantly in memory, to be used whenever occasion offered." Hard work this must have been, and if, as Mr. King tells us, some of the poetry was from "his own rich mine," one feels rather sorry for the audiences that admired it so. Tastes change in poetry.

Below, however, are some verses which even our age can appreciate:

Come, then, tobacco, new found friend,
Come, and thy suppliant attend
In each dull, lonely hour.
Then, while the cassomb pert and proud,
The politician learned and loud,
In deep one eternal clack,
I'll tread where silent nature smiles,
Where solitude my woe beguiles,
And cheer thee, dear tobac.

Think of Daniel Webster making a rhyme out of "tobac." It does not add either to our exalted admiration for the great man to find that he chewed, actually chewed, the "tobac." But here is some prose from the last speech Webster ever made in the senate, July 17, 1850, that makes us forgive him for all his poetry:

I mean to stand on the constitution. I need no other platform. I shall know but one country. The ends I aim at shall be my country, my God's and truth's. I was born an American, and I intend to perform the duties incumbent upon me in that character to the end of my career. I mean to do this, with absolute disregard of personal consequences. What are personal consequences? What is the individual man, with all the good or evil which may befall a great country in a crisis like this, and in the midst of great transactions which concern that country's fate? Let the consequences be what they will, I am careless. No man can suffer too much and no man can fall too soon, if he suffer or if he fall in defense of the liberties and constitution of his country.

Call It Columbia.

So says Mr. Edward A. Oldham. He sees in the coming 400th anniversary of the discovery of the western world a great opportunity to right a grievous wrong, simply by the nations uniting in a common agreement henceforth to drop the name of America as applied to this continent and substituting that of Columbia.

Mr. Oldham declares that a thorough examination of the historical writings of the time of Americus Vespucius fail to show one scintilla of evidence that he was the discoverer of our side of the world. While these writings do establish beyond a doubt that Columbus was the real finder of the mainland of South America, just as much as he was of the West Indies islands.

Columbus' right of discovery was not disputed during his lifetime, nor for many years after his death. The alleged voyages of Vespucius to Brazil in 1501 and 1503 are exploded myths. But Americus was an intimate of publishers and printers, and therefore had the "pull," to use profane modern slang. He used it with a publisher in Lorraine, and so got the glory in print in 1507. But not till 1360 was the name America used to any extent. Finally, the leading historians of modern times are dead against Vespucius and in favor of Columbus.

There has never been a time since the laborers began to agitate that they could not redress their own wrongs. It is true that in our time it appears as if capital was becoming constantly concentrated in the hands of a few employers and that laborers people were becoming wage workers and fewer people employers. But this is not necessarily so. The workingmen could at any time co-operate and themselves become both employers and workmen. If half a million dollars be necessary to start a manufacturing business, certainly the combined savings of a large number of working people would in a few years amount even to that much. The marvelous success of building and loan associations proves this. What the laboring classes have done in the way of providing themselves homes has only to be repeated to start successful co-operative factories everywhere.

CALM AFTER THE STORM

Peace Reigns in Homestead, but the Strikers Are Vigilant.

SHERIFF McCLEARY IS DISTRUSTED.

The Men Claim That He Is Anxious to Make More Trouble—O'Donnell Answers Frick's Statement—The Governor Consults with the Committee.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 9.—After it had been ascertained that the rumored coming of another force of Pinkertons had no foundation in fact the excited populace calmed down as quickly as it had flared up and sprang to arms, and a day of quiet reigned, marked by no unusual incidents to disturb its peace.

But the troubles which caused the tragedy are as far from adjustment as ever. Under the excellent leadership of their prominent associates the locked out workmen have maintained a calm attitude, but beneath the surface of their calm demeanor a rigid determination exists and the men are ready to meet any emergency that confronts them. The highways to and from Homestead and the banks of the Monongahela river are patrolled by squads of men. Strangers are stopped and questioned and made to give good accounts of themselves.

A Fruitless Conference.

An unusual feature of the trouble is that the town of Homestead is more quiet and orderly than it is on ordinary occasions of an exciting nature is in the wind. Taking the advice of their leaders the men kept indoors No unusual gatherings are seen except at the railway station and the crossings at train time. No loud talking is heard on the streets, and no rabid utterances are indulged in.

The most important event of this day of uncertainty, other than a meeting at the mill, was a conference held between Sheriff McCleary, of Allegheny county, and a committee of citizens of Homestead. The sheriff had been invited to meet the committee and endeavor to effect some arrangement for the prevention of further trouble He arrived in Homestead and met the committee. Twenty men had promised to be at the meeting place, but less than half this number were present when the sheriff put in an appearance.

Dr. Madden, a prominent citizen, acted as spokesman. He told the sheriff that he would agree to put a sufficient number of reputable citizens in the Carnegie works as a guarantee for their protection from violence if Mr. Frick and other persons interested would go there. The sheriff gave no promises and went back to Pittsburg.

Suspicion of McCleary.

On his way to the station he was stopped by a saloon keeper and asked why it was necessary to keep all the saloons closed. The argument between McCleary and the saloon keeper attracted quite a crowd, which grew so large that a policeman was obliged to disperse it.

The meager attendance at the conference with the sheriff was due, it is believed, to a suspicion that has grown to almost general proportions in Homestead that McCleary is not disposed to deal fairly with the locked out men. It was openly stated by some of the workingmen that they believed McCleary was awaiting an opportunity of creating more trouble in order to turn the trend of popular sympathy from the strikers. The harsh feeling against him is intensified, however, by the suspicion that the sheriff knew of the intention of the Pinkerton men to take possession of the Carnegie plant.

The name Pinkerton to the locked out workers is like the waving of a red flag in front of a bull, and in their eyes a man cannot commit a greater sin than have connection with the hated name. A man regained currency that Captain Bob Pinkerton was in Homestead. Previously he was reported to be in Pittsburg, and the man to whom his name was applied created some excitement by drawing a revolver on a newspaper reporter. Conservative men do not believe that Pinkerton would take his life in his own hands without reason, for he would do so by coming to Homestead The feeling against him here is so strong that the coolest headed would hardly have patience enough with the excited people to keep him from bodily harm.

Their Own Leaders Capable.

The statement made by Secretary Lovejoy, of the Homestead works, that he with two other officials was prevented from entering the Carnegie property, is denied by several of the men prominently connected with the strike; that is to say, their denial extends to a statement that no orders were issued to prevent any of those connected with the works from entering the property, and they hardly think it would have been applied to Mr. Lovejoy if he had made himself known.

Little interest appears to be manifested in the expected arrival here of T. V. Powderly, J. W. Hayes and other prominent labor men. The people believe that Wells, Garland, O'Donnell and others of their own leaders are capable of managing the troubles in the best interests of the workingmen. O'Donnell, with three of the local leaders, went to Harrisburg to confer with Governor Pattison as to the troubles. They will importune him not to call out the state troops until every other means to prevent violence is exhausted.

The bodies of three of the victims of Wednesday's bloody affray were interred quietly and with little ostentation in the little Homestead cemetery. Dirges were the only musical selections heard on the streets. Prayers and hymns were stopped and stood by respectfully as each grim cortege passed, but the looks of grim determination on the faces of those who had lost friends or relatives at the hands of the Pinkertons boded no good for those who might make another attempt to take possession of the Carnegie works under the authority of the great detective agency.

The Funerals.

The body of Henry Striegel, a lad of nineteen years, was the first of those to be interred. He was a mere boy, who had gone to the scene of the battle to carry food to some of the workmen there. A stray bullet cut short his life. A delegation of the Turnverband, of which he was a member, attended the funeral headed by a brass band Services were held at the German Catholic church and the body was then interred. The other funerals were those of Joseph Sotak, a Hungarian, and Thomas Weldon.

The funeral of the latter was probably better attended than those of the other two victims. Weldon met his death in a peculiar way. He was attempting to break a gun after the Pinkerton men had surrendered, when the gun went off, killing him instantly. Many hundred members of societies to which he belonged marched through the dust and the heat of the sun to the place of interment, led by a brass band playing a dirge. Many women walked to the cemetery with the cortege.

The funerals were conducted in the quietest manner possible, without the least semblance of disorder.

Pattison Meets the Committee.

HARRISBURG, July 9.—The committee from Homestead, Messrs. J. T. Williams, Hugh O'Donnell, ex-Representative John Cox, Dr. John Purman and G. W. Sarver, were closeted with the governor and Attorney General Hensel for a couple of hours. One of the members of the committee turned over to the adjutant general's department a valuable book found on one of the bodies of the Pinkertons. The names of the Pinkerton men, their plans of organization and contracts under which they were working.

A desperate effort was made by a reporter to obtain a glimpse of the contents, but Major Worman, who had possession of the work, refused all requests. Before the committee leaves the city the contents of the book will be submitted to the governor, who is expected to take action on the same.

Particulars of the interview with the governor were refused.

Arbitration Not Wanted.

PITTSBURG, July 9.—The attention of H. C. Frick having been called to the suggestion that the governors of Ohio and Pennsylvania, in conjunction with T. V. Powderly, form a board of arbitration to settle the Homestead difficulty, he was asked, "Would you consent to submit the matter to such a board of arbitration?" "This is not a case for arbitration," was the terse reply, and Mr. Frick declined to discuss the matter further.

Steven Madden, secretary of the Amalgamated association, said: "I am not in favor of arbitration as a means of settling our difficulties with the Carnegie interests. The Amalgamated association, as an organized body, has been opposed to arbitration, as it is generally understood. We believe that we are better able to settle our own disputes than any outsiders."

McCleary Undecided.

PITTSBURG, July 9.—Sheriff McCleary went to Homestead to secure deputies to guard the Carnegie property, but he returned without having accomplished anything. The sheriff had been furnished with the names of twenty reputable citizens, who, it was said, would act as deputies, but the twenty people named only six called on him, and they positively refused to serve. The sheriff said: "I think the best plan is to let matters alone until the excitement subsides. All the means at my disposal have exhausted. I do not know whether I shall make another effort to get deputies. It is impossible to agree to let the strikers guard the works. The company would never get possession of them in that case. I am not prepared to act, and I will place my own deputies in the mill."

The Trouble May Spread.

NEW YORK, July 9.—From the very inside of the labor element in this city, as gleaned, and from the iron workers in particular, everything points to a general strike in this city within a few days, and matters at Homestead are satisfactorily settled. Every precaution has been taken to keep the actual facts in the matter secret, but it has become known, nevertheless, that such a state of affairs exists. The success of the strikers at Homestead has won the sympathy of all wage-workers in this city, and the general opinion is that the Homestead men should be supported and given aid.

O'DONNELL ANSWERS FRICK.

He Says the Carnegie Manager Has Designs on Organized Labor.

HOMESTEAD, July 9.—The official utterance of President Frick again aroused the feeling of angry workmen who have taken part in the trouble. His statements were attacked on every side, and should he arrive here and start to walk through the *principal streets his would not be an enjoyable position.*

A reporter visited Hugh O'Donnell. He was almost exhausted for want of sleep, but with all his sufferings, brought on by the hardships of the past forty-eight hours, he willingly, and in as calm a manner as possible, dictated an interview.

After closely scanning the entire statements made by Mr. Frick he said: "I do not know what I can say about the wage question, but the statement made by Mr. Frick that at the Braddock works the nonunion men are satisfied with their wages is better understood as to recall the strike of 1888. The union men were offered a 6 per cent. reduction. They held out for months and they were starved into submission. Still this has nothing to do with the Homestead situation.

"Now, about the changes in the expiration of agreement from June 30 to Dec. 31: In this we will offer you no objection. The company could dictate its own terms in midwinter, when starvation and freezing united in forcing the men to submit to anything the company chose to demand. Mr. Frick says the scale affects only 325 men out of the 3,800 at these mills. This is only partly true. If the scale proposed by the Carnegie Steel company should be enforced and the wages of these 325 men cut down, it is only a matter of a very short time until there would be a general reduction all along the line.

The Proposed Reductions.

"You must remember that in the 32-inch, 28-inch, 25-inch structural mill, conveying and blooming mills, there are reductions offered. The company contemplate a reorganization of those mills in all the departments in the near future. In this connection Sheriff McCleary officials informed the men that their wages should remain the same until such time as certain improvements should be completed. It is very evident what this means.

"Besides, the proposed reduction against which the men have remonstrated is from 21 per cent to 67 per cent, outside of the proposal to make the minimum basis twenty-two dollars a ton on steel billets. It affects more than 325 men, but even if it affected only one man, the principle of our organization is 'one for all and all for one and the greatest good to the greatest number.'

"Mr. Frick makes his statement in good faith, but he has been misinformed. He has never had any experience in the manufacture of steel. Even if he had it would be no evidence of his competency to act as final judge. Homestead mills are different from any other in the world. They are a revelation even to old millmen. The work of such a character as they turn with the perfect machinery it requires handling by men of skill gained only by long years of handling in all the departments. The machinery used here is most complicated. The ordinary day's work of twelve hours leaves the men exhausted from the mental as well as physical strain.

"As to Mr. Frick's statement that when Sheriff McCleary visited here the advisory committee asked to have our own members act as deputy sheriffs, it is not true. The advisory committee, as its title suggests, only advised and did all in its power to frustrate any excitement or violent action. It took no action without first consulting with three of the best attorneys before the bar of Allegheny county.

"When the sheriff came here we asked him to make the citizens of the town his deputies. Further than this, we offered to furnish bonds of $10,000 for every man's faithful discharge of his duty, if the citizens of Homestead were sworn in as his deputies. One reason for our desiring the deputies was that we have known for months of the preparations that were being made to send the Pinkerton force up here.

"The attitude of Mr. Frick toward organized labor was well known, and the fact that he was to assume control at this moment, when the old scale would expire and a new one was proposed to take effect, led the Amalgamated association to expect the worst. When the Amalgamated association met in convention in Pittsburg in June they reviewed the scales formulated by the Homestead lodges and approved them. It was only necessary to meet with the firm and agree upon an adjustment of a few minor points of difference.

"Accordingly, on Thursday of last week the conference committee called at the office of the new firm. An informal discussion was indulged in for a little while, during which time Mr. Frick exhibited a decided inclination to be arbitrary and left the room. The committee, after meeting with such cold reception, felt that further attempts to come to an agreement at this time would be useless, and arose to leave when Mr. Potter begged them to remain a few minutes longer and he would himself prevail upon Mr. Frick to give them a further hearing.

The Real Point at Issue.

"The committee had announced their desire to settle upon the twenty-five dollar basis, and Mr. Frick had given his ultimatum at twenty-two dollars. When Mr. Potter left the room to interview Mr. Frick the committee authorized him to name a twenty-four dollar basis. After an interview with Mr. Frick, Mr. Potter returned to his final and conclusive ultimatum—that the firm would agree to a twenty-three dollar basis upon the condition that agreements should terminate on Jan. 1 of each year instead of July, as at present.

"While it was apparent that the committee could have met the firm with fair concessions, as far as the scale was concerned, this new condition of a change in the termination of the agreement developed the fact which had been suspected ever since Mr. Frick came upon the scene —that it was not so much a question of disagreement as to wages, but a design upon labor organizations itself that would prevent a settlement. *Frick peremptorily decided the conference at an end."*

FASHIONS

A Gown for the Seashore.

DESIGNED IN FRANCE.

Here is one of the swellest costumes imported, to be worn at the seashore. It will certainly be pronounced stunning and capable of attracting attention anywhere.

The hat is of black embroidered tulle, trimmed with pale pink feathers; a gown of white silk muslin, the skirt made of black embroidered tulle, bordered with jet, and a plastron of black satin, embroidered with pale pink roses and green leaves; a sash of black bordered with a ruching of grey tulle; the sash is of grey surah, and the gloves are also grey to correspond.

Smallpox on Board.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—The steamer Indiana, with a case of smallpox on board, is detained at the Lazaretto with 400 passengers.

Manager Helms Killed.

BUFFALO, July 9.—James Helms, manager of the Standard Radiator works, was instantly killed by an explosion of petroleum gas.

The Poolroom War Ended.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The war between the poolrooms in this city and the Brighton Beach race track was compromised today.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.

Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

Gauze vests, 25c.

Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and panteits to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.

Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c, 40c, and 50c.

Men's 2-ply Linen Drawers, 30c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.

Louis Callman,

26 West Front Street

When "old Sol" makes all things sizzle,
Drink Hires' Root Beer.
When dull care makes life a fizzle,
Drink Hires' Root Beer.
When you feel a little dry,
When you're cross, and can't know why,
When with thirst the children cry,
There's a sweet relief to try—
Drink Hires' Root Beer.
A 5-cent Package makes five gallons.

USE THE BEST!

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SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC

4 & 5 cents per Copy.

Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.

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Of finest

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39 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of the newly added elevator, with revolving coal screen for nut coal, which is confidently believed enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for planing, matching and scroll sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

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CHRISTIANS IN COUNCIL.

Reid, Wanamaker and Depew Address the Big Convention.

SESSIONS FROM DAWN TILL NIGHT.

A Busy Day for the Enthusiastic Delegates—The Meeting Place Was Thronged and Thousands Were Turned Away Unable to Gain Admittance.

NEW YORK, July 9.—A busy day for the enthusiastic Christian Endeavor delegates was the second one of their gigantic convention at Madison Square garden. The business of the day commenced at 6:30 in the morning with a service of prayer, and the hall was crowded.

The 9 o'clock session was termed the "pastor's hour," and consisted of a series of short talks by ministers of various denominations. The happy remarks of the speakers were greeted with cheers by their religious adherents. At times the garden appeared like a white sea of waving handkerchiefs as the so called "Chautauqua salute" was given.

At 10 o'clock the convention was again called to order, and "free parliament" conducted by Rev. W. C. Bitting, of New York, occupied the time up to 3 o'clock. Mr. Stebbins and Mr. Sankey then sang a duet, which was warmly applauded.

During the duet Hon. Whitelaw Reid, the Republican nominee for vice president of the United States, took a seat on the platform. President Clark, as soon as the singing was concluded, introduced the distinguished gentleman. Mr. Reid rose to speak and was greeted with a storm of applause that lasted for many minutes. Mr. Reid stood until the ovation came to an end. He then said:

Whitelaw Reid's Remarks.

MR. CHAIRMAN, AND LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—This is a most inspiring sight. Such an organization as you here represent does an incalculable amount of good, not only in the communities of the cities and towns, but throughout the whole country.

You expect no remarks from me, and yet I cannot resist the temptation of taking advantage of this opportunity to express my thanks to you for permitting me to gaze upon such a scene.

Only one word more, and that a recollection of the Fourth of July. Our forefathers, who laid the foundation of the civil and religious liberty which we enjoy, planted their banners on the fortifications of the schoolhouse and the church. Let us guard them both most zealously.

When Mr Reid sat down another storm of applause broke out.

After several speeches on Christian Endeavor work in various countries and the presentation of state banners, the convention took a recess till evening.

The evening session was one of the largest gatherings ever witnessed in the Madison Square garden. Thousands upon thousands were forced to turn away disappointed. The meeting opened with singing, and then Hon. John Wanamaker stepped on the platform and he received a grand ovation. The applause was renewed when he was introduced by President Clark as the presiding officer of the evening. Mr. Wanamaker, when quiet was restored, thanked his hearers for their generous reception and continued as follows:

John Wanamaker's Speech.

I believe that fewer men, and time only once in a life time, have such a privilege as mine at this moment. As one of the original trustees and an early, trusting friend, I come here tonight to see how that plan has worked out. I am looking at the original design, and I must pronounce the architect, and the building structure wonderfully like the first conception, worthy of its master workmen and greatly to the glory of the Lord, who seems to me on all the banners of the Christian Endeavor. In the wonderful activity of the time the church cannot lag behind.

Christianity is practical wherever a man is willing to investigate it. Day by day its fields grow broader and it will soon girdle the earth. I think one of the grandest surprises that could ever come to the wonderful city is the way that Christian men today have taken hold of it. I rejoice that the Christian Endeavor has practically something to do. It is not a local or a temporary organization, but something that goes throughout the whole world.

The next speech upon the programme was Hon. W. C. P. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, but he was unable to attend. Then a surprise was sprung on the convention by the presiding officer bringing forward and introducing Mr. Chauncey M. Depew. The reception given him exceeded even that tendered to Mr. Wanamaker. Mr. Depew said:

Chauncey M. Depew's Talk.

When a few minutes ago, a trustee of this society came to my house and said I must be drafted into the service I said it was a question about which I know nothing and about which I have nothing to say. My friend in like cases says when a man speaks from an empty mind of this kind his expression are without proposition. Since I have stood upon the platform I understand why I came.

The postmaster general says that Hon. W. C. P. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, one of the most eloquent men of the United States, had prepared an address which he was to deliver here, and, being unable to come, he sent a telegram, and then the postmaster general introduced me. This is the first time that I have ever been flashed over the wires. [Laughter.] We welcome you to New York. New York is the best watering place in the United States. [Laughter.] Tammany Hall we have always with us and we are very pleased to have the Christian Endeavor as regards its occasionality. [Cheers and laughter.]

The advent of these fresh young girls from the country to our dry and dusty city has brought back all the New York dudes from the watering places. [Laughter.] They say that New York now is fresher and greener than any city in the United States. The basis of your organization is that it has in it the element which makes any movement a success. That element is youth. Nothing succeeds like youth, because youth is hopeful and knows no such word as fail.

Mr. Depew closed his address with a few pleasant reminiscences and some remarks about the work of the Y. M. C. A.

General Howard also spoke, but briefly, and the convention adjourned.

The French Consul Attacked.

LEIPSIC, July 9.—A Jewish, the French consul general here, was struck by a French hating German while engaged in attending to consular work.

Chinese Gamblers Arrested.

BOSTON, July 9.—Chin Gin, of 15, and Gon Dong, of 18 Harrison avenue, were arrested on the charge of keeping gaming nuisances.

Cholera in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Isaac Edward, aged sixty-six, a retired commission merchant, died of cholera.

Refused a License to Fishermen.

DENVER, July 9.—Governor Routt has refused to renew the license of the Pinkertons.

A Town in Flames.

SACRAMENTO, July 9.—Elk Grove, thirteen miles from here, is on fire and will be destroyed.

Prospective.

"Another letter from Alfred? When do you expect to become a father, Mary?"

"He has two years more at the preparatory school. After that he will go to Yale, and when he has been graduated there he will go out west to make his fortune. When he has made his fortune we shall be married. Oh, it all seems so beautiful."—*Life.*

The Hot Weather Annual.

Oh, for a lodge in the garden of cucumbers!
Oh, for an icehouse to control!
Oh, for a home in the vale that the dew summers,
Oh, for a pleasure trip to the north pole!

Oh, for a soda fount sprouting up hotly
From every hot lamppost beneath the hot sky,
Oh, for a residence to look at me coldly
And freeze up my soul with a glance of her eye!

Oh, that this cold world were twenty times colder!
That's irony, red hot, it seemeth to me—
Oh, for a turn of its dreaded cold shoulder!
Oh, what a comfort the signs would be!
—Exchange.

THE ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

Liberal Gains Continue Small and the Home Rulers Are Depressed.

LONDON, July 9.—The figures of the polling, as far as returned, do not brighten to any extent the Liberal prospects. The Liberals's made six more gains, as against one Liberal-Unionist and, three Conservative gains, giving the Liberals a net gain of twenty-four from the beginning of the elections.

This is far less than the Liberals expected and their spirits are correspondingly depressed. The figures now stand: Conservatives, 167; Liberal-Unionists, 24, making a total strength of 191 for the Tory-Liberal-Unionist alliances. Liberals, 154; Irish anti-Parnellite Nationalists, 13; Parnellites, 4, making a total of Liberals and both factions of Nationalists of 153. This gives the opponents of Irish home rule a clear majority over all others on the election held so far of 38.

It is to be remembered also that this majority is compact and harmonious on the home rule issue, whereas the Liberal side has to deal with the labor and Parnellite elements. The struggle, however, is not yet by any means decided, as nearly 300 more constituencies remain to be heard from.

ST. JOHN'S BURNING.

Over 500 Houses Destroyed and the Entire Town in Danger.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 9.—A tremendous fire is raging at St., John's, N. F., and is fanned by a hurricane. At the time of cabling over 500 houses had been burned.

The operators were then driven out of their quarters by the flames and communication has ceased.

The apparatus for fighting fire in St. John's is of the crudest description, and the entire town is in great danger.

Butler Held for Trial.

CHESTER, Pa., July 9.—Samuel Butler, who was arrested in Chicago on Tuesday charged with embezzling taxes to the amount of $2,000 received with his contract before Squire Pike at Morris. In default of $10,000 bail he was committed to the county jail to await trial.

Mrs. Harrison Improving.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., July 9.—President Harrison held a reception after dinner. A large crowd of guests and cottagers attended and shook the hand of the chief executive, giving and receiving pleasant words. Mrs. Harrison has much improved.

Their Death Warrants Signed.

HARRISBURG, July 9.—Governor Pattison signed the death warrants of William F. Keck, convicted of murder in Lehigh county, and Henry Davis, convicted of murder in Philadelphia county. Both executions will take place on Thursday, Sept. 8.

No Locomotive Trust.

MANCHESTER, N. H., July 9.—The report that it is proposed to consolidate the locomotive works of the country into one large plant at Depew, N. Y., is declared to be absurd by Mr. Charles T. Means, of the Manchester Locomotive works.

For Newburg's Public Building.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The treasury department completed the acquirement of the site for a public building at Newburg, N. Y., a check for $98,000 being sent to Michael Hirschburg in full payment therefor.

Italian Warships for Brazil.

ROME, July 9.—Three Italian warships will visit Rio Janeiro in connection with the demand on Brazil for indemnity for outrages on Italian sailors at Santos.

A Colored Murderer Hanged.

FAYETTEVILLE, Tenn., July 9.—George Stone (colored), murderer of William Binkley, was hanged here. He died twelve minutes after the drop was sprung.

Overflowing with Grain.

MONTREAL, July 9.—A grain blockade exists here. The Canadian Pacific elevators are full and more than 400 cars are standing on the track full of wheat.

Corbett Was Not Drunk.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 9.—The report that James Corbett, the pugilist, who is to fight champion John L. Sullivan, has been on a drunk is utterly false.

Archbishop Ireland Arrives.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The steamship Britannic, just arrived, brought Archbishop Ireland, of Minneapolis. The reverend gentleman was in good health.

Bricklayers on Strike.

DEPEW, N. Y., July 9.—The bricklayers working on the new shops of the New York Central struck for a nine hour day or more pay for ten hours.

The Russian Minister to Retire.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 9.—M. De, Struve, Russian minister to the United States, will retire soon, and will be succeeded by Prince Cantakuzenos.

In Camp at Sea Girt.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 9.—The Second brigade of the National guard of New Jersey went into camp at Sea Girt today for one week.

TO AID THE EXPOSITION

The Bill Granting It $5,000,000 Reported to the House.

THE FREE TIN PLATE BILL PASSED.

It Goes Through the House by a Vote of 207 to 56—Quay Pats Frick's Statement on Record—Hill's World's Fair Bill Passed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—At the instance of Mr. Hill, of New York, the senate passed a bill changing the date of the dedication of the World's Columbian exposition buildings at Chicago from Oct. 12 to Oct. 21, 1892, so as not to interfere with the Columbian celebration authorized by the legislature of New York for the former date. The balance of the day was devoted to the further consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill without making any great progress.

It was anticipated that the committee on contingent expenses would make some report and recommendation in regard to the proposed investigation into the Homestead affair, but the committee had been unable to agree and the matter went over till Monday. Mr. Quay, of Pennsylvania, however, secured the reading of Mr. Frick's statement of the cause of the trouble, and Mr. Pfeffer, of Kansas, also had read a statement made on behalf of the workmen, in order that both might be printed in the congressional record.

The Free Tin Bill Passed.

It being suspension day in the house, when a two-thirds vote will pass any bill, the minority attempted to filibuster. The Democrats worked as a unit and succeeded in bringing delinquent members to vote. The tin plate bill was passed by a vote of 207 to 56, the largest vote of the day. The silver lead ore bill, reducing duty on lead to 1½ cents per pound on the lead contents, and admitting free the lead contained in silver ore, was passed by a vote of 165 to 62.

The following bills were also passed: The bill limiting to $100 the importation of wearing apparel by residents of the United States; the bill extending the forfeiture of land on the portions of railroad which were incomplete within the required time; the bill providing for a local government in the territory of Utah; the bill to promote the safety of employes and travelers by compelling common carriers to equip their cars with automatic couplers and continuous brakes.

The tin plate bill which passed the house provides that on Oct. 1, 1892, the duty on tin plate, terne plates and taggers tin shall be one cent per pound, and that on and after Oct. 1, 1894, tin plates, terne plates and taggers tin shall be admitted free of duty. It further provides that block, bear and pig tin shall be retained on the free list, and contains the usual rebate or drawback provisions in the interest of our foreign trade.

The World's Fair Appropriation.

Representative Dubbornw, of Illinois, chairman of the house World's fair committee, submitted to the house his report recommending the passage of the bill reported from the committee making an appropriation of $5,000,000 to aid the exposition.

The object of the proposed legislation, the report says, is to enable the World's Columbian exposition in providing the necessary money for opening the exposition on May 1, 1893; also to provide the sums of money necessary for the completion and maintenance of the World's Columbian commission, the board of lady managers, the salaries of the necessary officers and to pay for the medals and diplomas to be awarded exhibitors.

The committee, the report says, has given very careful consideration to each of these subjects, and is unanimous that no other course marked by wisdom and patriotism could be adopted than to make the appropriation proposed in the bill.

The appropriation is to be made on condition that $10,000,000 has been provided and actually expended by the corporation in progress, for the exposition, and that the necessary excess over $15,000,000 is to be raised by the citizens of Chicago.

Mr. Little, of New York, submitted the minority report, signed by himself and Representative Wheeler, of Alabama. The minority contends that it was not intended that the general government should assume any financial responsibilities other than the expenses incident to the national commission, and moreover it has not been shown by any of the delegations appearing before the committee that there is a necessity for relief.

The Plague in the East.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 9.—There have been twelve new cases of cholera and seven deaths from the disease in Samara.

Died in His Cell.

NEWARK, N. J., July 9.—John Kuzz, aged fifty, a prisoner in the Essex county jail, died in his cell of heart disease.

Hiscock in New York.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—United States Senator Frank Hiscock left for New York, and will remain over until Monday.

Drowned in Morris Canal.

NEWARK, N. J., July 9.—Ano Morabo, a boy of ten, was drowned in the Morris canal here while swimming.

Everybody Likes Me.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ALBERT WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Carpenters.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet

MAKER.
Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
John Peterson,
SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.
Residence 14 Linden avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,

PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 313.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona.
P. O. Box 288
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—64 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Special attention given to interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1564.

JOHN HEERMANS,

Slate Roofing and hard wood parquet worker. Shop corner of Grand and Second streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
Residence, 2 Regent street.

38c.

Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with Linen bosom and waistbands; regular 50c quality.

17c.

Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.

Window Shades 25c. and upward.

Dress Chalies 5c. Best Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE

Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby points.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 45 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

IF !

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW & STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattress	$1.50 to $15
2 piece South American Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, .85, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 45c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 45c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portierre curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, 4 ounce, Rocking Chairs, Settees, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.

T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Four Reading R. R. Co., Lessees.)
Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 14, 8 07, 8 56, 9 14, 9 58, 4 00, 7 47, 10 07, 11 08 a. m., 12 50 noon, 1 40, 2 36, 3 07, 3 40, 4 10, 4 40, 5 07, 5 40, 6 10, 6 40, 7 10, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 35, p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 6 10, 8 02, 9 35, 10 10, 11 35 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Cortlandt street, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Barclay street, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 7 55, 8 17, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 12 25, 1 55, 3 25, 4 55, 6 15, 7 35, 8 54, 10 45 p. m. Sunday, 9 45, 11 05 a. m., 12 25, 1 55, 3 25, 4 55, 6 15, 7 35, 8 54, 10 45 p. m. Leave Somerville, 6 45, 8 05, 8 27, 9 55, 11 15 a. m., 12 35 p. m., 2 05, 3 35, 5 05, 6 25, 7 45, 9 04, 10 55 p. m. Sunday, 9 55, 11 15 a. m., 12 35, 2 05, 3 35, 5 05, 6 25, 7 45, 9 04, 10 55 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 45, a. m., 1 50, 4 50 p. m. Sunday 9 45 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem and Mauch Chunk.
8 07 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Renovo.
8 56 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Renovo.
9 14 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
11 05 a. m. for Junction connecting for Bound Brook.
1 40 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
2 36 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
3 07 a. m. for Junction connecting for Bound Brook.
3 40 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
4 10 p. m. for Flemington, Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
4 40 p. m. for Junction connecting for Bound Brook.
5 07 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
5 40 p. m. for Flemington, Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
6 10 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
6 40 p. m. for Junction connecting for Bound Brook.
7 10 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
8 10 p. m. for Flemington, Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.
9 10 p. m. for Junction connecting for Bound Brook.
10 10 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
11 35 p. m. for Junction connecting for Bound Brook.
2 14 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Renovo, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
6 10 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Renovo, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
8 02 p. m. Sundays for Junction connecting for Bound Brook.
9 35 p. m. Sundays for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.
10 10 p. m. Sundays for Junction connecting for Bound Brook.
11 35 p. m. Sundays for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Dover, Succasunna Plains, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, etc. Through coach to Williamsport.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2 37, 8 00, 10 37, 11 02 a. m., 1 40, 3 36, 4 07, 4 40, 5 07, 5 40, 6 10, 6 40, 7 10, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 35 p. m. Sunday 2 14, 6 10, 8 02, 9 35, 10 10, 11 35 p. m. Leave Ocean Grove 5 00, 11 37 a. m., 2 37, 5 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday 8 00, 11 37 a. m., 5 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Leave Long Branch 5 30, 12 07 p. m., 3 07, 5 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday 8 30, 11 37 a. m., 5 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Arrive Asbury Park 5 45, 12 22 p. m., 3 22, 5 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sunday 8 45, 11 52 a. m., 5 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Arrive Ocean Grove 5 50, 12 27 p. m., 3 27, 5 50, 7 50, 8 50, 9 50, 10 50, 11 50 p. m. Sunday 8 50, 11 57 a. m., 5 50, 8 50, 9 50, 10 50, 11 50 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

Fast Philadelphia and Washington at 5 25, 9 05, 10 40 a. m. and 12 00 noon, 1 40, 3 36, 4 07, 4 40, 5 07, 5 40, 6 10, 6 40, 7 10, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 35 p. m. Sunday at 2 14, 6 10, 8 02, 9 35, 10 10, 11 35 p. m.

Fast Baltimore and Washington at 5 25, 9 05, 10 40 a. m. and 12 00 noon, 1 40, 3 36, 4 07, 4 40, 5 07, 5 40, 6 10, 6 40, 7 10, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 35 p. m. Sunday at 2 14, 6 10, 8 02, 9 35, 10 10, 11 35 p. m.

A. M. ROLSON, Pass. Agent, Foot of Cortlandt and Jersey streets, New York.
H. P. BALDWIN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., N. York

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in **Elocution**, either or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson address Miss Lizzie Wilson, care of Miss Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

HARNED ACADEMY,
Boarding and Day School, RE-OPENED MONDAY, Sept. 14th, 1891
For information call at the Academy or address EDW. ARD H. HARNED Prin.
8 20 y 187 Park ave., Plainfield, N. J.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons at pupil's residence or at her own at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Excellent place Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs. 9 10 y

H. S. SPENCER,
76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and provisions. Groceries and provisions. Oldest vinegar 4 years old in Plainfield. W. G. C. C. root, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of teas, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Celeriac, parsley, parsnips, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE,
Manufacturer of
Electrical Machinery.
Bicycles, Rollers and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Smokestack building and painting.
201 North Avenue,
Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.
New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 12 ly

BROWN & SHIELS
Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in Brokaw's building, 45 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Rock hand stand connected with the shop.

PURE MILK.
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. D. SCHENCK.
A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 8 27 y

Science Progress.

MIMICRY IN ANIMALS.

A Description of Nature Which Is an Aid in the Struggle for Existence.

One of the most wonderful facts in nature is the mimicry of plants and animals, or the resemblance which certain species bear to other and very different species as an aid to their struggle for existence, either

CURIOUS EXAMPLE OF MIMICRY.

by concealing them from their enemies or from their prey, or by attracting other animals which may be useful to them. Examples of this mimicry abound everywhere. There is a very common, locust, which is often found in dusty roads, and which is quite conspicuous while flying; but the moment it drops to the ground it is almost absolutely indistinguishable from the dust and dirt in which it rests.

Commenting further upon this remarkable natural fact, Popular Science News presents a few instances in illustration of the same, selected from a recently published work on the subject; among them are the following:

The caterpillar of the Dicranura vinula (see first cut) shows a curious example of mimicry. The upper figure shows the animal in a state of repose; but when disturbed, it puffs up its head—which is surrounded by a red border and provided with two black spots resembling eyes—into the shape shown in the lower figure. The general effect is to apparently transform the defenseless caterpillar into a ferocious looking vertebrate animal, and thus effectually frighten away any birds or other animals which might otherwise destroy it.

In another form of mimicry an animal may imitate a harmless or inoffensive form, for the purpose of approaching its prey without alarming it. Thus the two spiders represented in the second cut—the Synageles picata and the Sinemosyna formica—resemble ants much more closely than they do spiders. The antennæ of the ants are represented by the two front feet, and they even imitate the peculiar zigzag gait of the ant instead of that of the less perfectly disguised spiders.

The authority referred to says that we speak of these animals as "imitating" other forms of life; it is not a voluntary imitation, but an inheritance through a long line of ancestors. If in some remote time the natural tendency of all forms of

ANTLIKE SPIDERS.

life to vary had resulted in the birth of a spider, for instance, with a slight tendency to an antlike form, that spider would have a distinct advantage in capturing his prey, and would be more likely to survive and transmit its peculiarities to its descendants. In the course of ages this tendency to an antlike form would thus be perpetuated and intensified by successive variations until the forms of the present day would be produced. In a similar way the theory of development explains all other instances of mimicry in plants and animals.

To Drill Tempered Steel.

For drilling tempered steel The Horological Review directs to make the drill oval instead of giving it the usual form, and temper it as hard as possible without burning. Touch the surface of the metal to be acted on lightly with dilute nitric acid, so as to render it slightly rough. Lubricate the drill from time to time with essence of turpentine instead of oil (some workmen use kerosene or good rectified petroleum in which camphor has been dissolved). When the drill will catch no longer, clean the hole at the bottom with the turpentine or kerosene, with the addition of a little acid, and continue the operation. This method is a little complicated, but it is the only safe way for drilling steel.

Solution for Medical Batteries.

The following solution is recommended by The Electrical World for medical batteries: To eight pints of water add two pints of sulphuric acid (H_2SO_4). While the mixture is still hot stir in one pound of bichromate of potash (K_2CrO_4 CrO_3) and it is ready for use when cold.

Scientific Brevities.

A very interesting discovery is that of a process for making artificial quinine. This is the work of French chemists, and it is claimed that the new quinine is absolutely identical with the ordinary drug of commerce.

Recent English experiments in electric lighting for lighthouses make it appear that "sky flashing," though the most effective method of using the light in thick weather, is not so in clear or cloudless weather.

Nature notes an invitation by the Italian Botanical society for botanists of all countries to attend a botanical international congress to be held at Genoa from the 4th to the 11th of September.

A new method of quickly rendering glass transparent during the process of manufacture consists, according to The Industrial World, in forcing into the melted materials a stream of oxygen gas, the enormous heat generated oxidizing all delicterious materials.

THE HOUSEHOLD

THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

Miss Parloa Tells How to Set the Table for This Meal.

The arrangement of the table for breakfast ought always to be simple, writes Miss Parloa to The Home Journal. The cloth should be spotless. At each person's seat place a knife, fork, teaspoon or dessert spoon, tumbler and napkin, and, if fresh fruit is to be served, a finger bowl if there be no servant. If you have a waitress she will place the finger bowls on as you finish with the fruit. If fresh fruit is served thereon must also be placed at each seat a fruit knife and plate. The knives and spoons should be placed at the right and the forks and napkins at the left, the tumblers to be at the point of the knives.

There should be space between the knife and fork for a breakfast plate. Have the dish of fruit in the center of the table.

Have a tray cloth at each end of the table. Place little butter plates at the top of each plate. If individual salt and pepper bottles be used place them at the side of each plate. If large ones, place them at the corners of the table. Put four tablespoons on the table, either in two corners or beside the dishes that they will be used in serving. Put the carving knife and fork at the head of the table and the cups and saucers, sugar and cream, coffeepot, hot water bowl, etc., and the mush dishes at the other end.

Summer Fire Screen.

Quite uncommon is the easel fire screen, shown in the cut. It is a nasty affair, of sufficient size to hide the empty grate, without concealing at the same time the decorative tiles on stove and hearth.

EASEL SCREEN.

The banner is composed of figured satin, embroidered with flower-de-luce, done with gold thread. To the gilded frame the banner is laced with cord; it is also attached to the back supports with cords and handsome silk tassels.

Fashions and Fads in Bric-a-brac.

Elsie Bee tells in The Jeweler's Circular of the following, noted in her rambles among the dealers in art pottery, bric-a-brac, etc.

Onyx clocks in the shape of green portieces with round columns supporting pedestals are exquisite. Some clocks have the pillars and pilasters covered with gilt and colored tracery.

Tiny crystal vases with rims of perforated silver gilt, and held in cups of perforated silver gilt on metal stands, are dainty and pretty.

Small articles, as vases, cups, bowls covered with flowers with spread petals such as daisies, have been brought over.

Three swans, blue, pink and white, with linked necks, form a new table ornament for flowers.

Brass and colored enamels are found united in countless of all sorts.

Lamps of brass are six feet high and mounted in brass.

Column clocks are for boudoirs and Louis XVI rooms.

German faience is very popular and very ornamental.

In receptacles of all sorts the shell takes the lead.

Breakfast Cakes.

A pint of flour, buckwheat is best;
Eggs, milk, salt, butter make up the rest.

Of eggs you will need to take but two.
Of milk one-half a pint will do.

A tablespoonful of butter's enough.
Mix well, so your cakes will not be tough.

Add salt, one teaspoonful, no more.
And over the whole the milk you pour.

Then beat and beat to a smooth, stiff batter.
Though long it takes you'll say "No matter,"

When you see your cakes as light as cider down,
And each one fried to a golden brown.

With amber syrup poured over these,
Much from the heart of the maple trees,

You'll wonder much as you eat, I wis,
If Hymettus honey was better than this.
—Good Housekeeping.

Dimensions for Stationary Washtubs.

It is a singular fact, if we may believe the statement of a practical plumber, that not one builder in twenty appears to know what the proper dimensions are for stationary washtubs. He says: "It is still more singular that builders are continually applying to me for the information. One would suppose a carpenter would know more about the matter than a plumber. In order to be in a position to answer my numerous inquirers on this subject, however, I have jotted the information down in my notebook, and here it is: Inside measurements—15 inches across bottom, 22 inches across top, 16½ inches deep, and 25 inches in length for each compartment."

Spiced Gooseberries.

This receipt is recommended by California Fruit Grower: Cut off the blossom end of the fruit and to every six pounds allow two quarts of sugar and one and one-half cups of vinegar, or two-thirds of a pint. Put the latter over the fire, and when scalding hot pour in the berries with one teaspoonful of whole allspice and cloves mixed, a few pieces of stick cinnamon and a trifle of green ginger root cut into bits, the whole of these tied in a thin muslin bag. Cover closely and let the gooseberries simmer till they are tender. Skim the fruit into jars kept in hot water, simmer the sirup, pour over and seal.

Rebronzing Gas Fixtures.

The Industrial World says that a convenient composition for rebronzing gas fixtures is made by mixing bronze powder with any transparent varnish, say amber, gum damar, or copal. Do not mix more than you are going to use at once, because most bronze powders act as powerful driers, and what you have left of the mixture soon becomes hard and useless. It is best to put a little of the varnish in a small flat saucer and some of the loose powder next to it, and mix with the brush while you are using it, as a painter mixes colors on his palette.

GOOD HEALTH

SIMPLE DIET IN OBESITY.

The Latest Plan Recommended for the Reduction of Corpulence.

To a medical officer of the French army is attributed the following very simple "cure" for an undue amount of flesh: The form of diet was simply a restriction to one dish at each meal, irrespective of what that dish might be, and no matter whether the quantity consumed was greater or smaller, it was made to satisfy the desire for food to the full at each meal. No supplementary dishes, such as soups, desserts or condiments were allowed; one single dish, and that taken plain, was found to satisfy the appetite much sooner than a variety of dishes, even if the quantity was apparently smaller and on almost an abstemious scale.

This regimen was employed also in the case of a lady whose embonpoint threatened too rapid increase, with good results and without any discomfort in the observance of the restrictions. In fact, in one or two instances the reduction of flesh which has seemed to go on rather too rapidly, and it has been deemed best to take means for restoration, in a measure, of that which has been lost. Under this system, as under most others, the excessive imbibition of liquids has to be forbidden, care being taken not to enforce the abstinence, from water especially, to the point where symptoms of circulatory depression arise from insufficiency of volume of blood in the vessels.

Water as a Remedial Agent.

The human body is constantly undergoing tissue changes. A correspondent in Hall's Journal of Health says that water has the power of increasing these tissue changes, which multiply the waste products, but at the same time the tissues are renewed by its agency, giving rise to increased appetite, which in turn provides fresh nutriment. Persons but little accustomed to drink water are liable to know the waste products formed faster than they are removed. Any obstruction to the free working of natural laws at once produces disease.

Persons accustomed to rise in the morning weak and languid will, according to the authority quoted, find the cause in the retention of wastes, which many times may be remedied by drinking a full tumbler of water before retiring. This materially assists in the process during the night and fastens the tissues firm and strong, ready for the active work of the next day. Hot water is one of the best remedial agents. A hot bath on going to bed, even in the hot nights of summer, is a better reliever of insomnia than many drugs.

Night Air.

An extraordinary fallacy de what a writer on sanitary subjects pronounces the dread of night air. He asks: What air can we breathe at night but night air? The choice is between pure night air from without and foul air from within. Most people prefer the latter—an unaccountable choice. What will they say if it is proved to be true that by one-half or all the diseases we suffer from are occasioned by people sleeping with windows shut? An open window most nights in the year can never hurt any one. In great cities night air is often the best and purest to be had in twenty-four hours. I could better understand shutting the windows in town during the day than during the night, for the skies of the sick. The absence of smoke, the quiet, all tend to make night the best time for airing the patient.

Always air your room, then, from the outside air if possible. Windows are made to open, doors are made to shut—a truth which seems extremely difficult of apprehension. Every room must be aired from without.

ETIQUETTE

VISITING IN COUNTRY HOUSES.

Duties of Host and Hostess—Entertaining—Duties of the Visitors.

When asking guests to visit in your country house it is proper to fix the date of their arrival and of their leaving, whether the length of their visit be two days or a fortnight. The duty of the hostess or host, as designated by "Manners," is to see that everything has been prepared for the comfort of the guests. Anticipate their bodily wants as much as possible. Direct that some servant shall go to their rooms twice a day and ascertain whether any assistance can be rendered. Arrange so that guests can be provided with cold or warm baths, as they may prefer, every morning. See that coarse towels or bath sheets are within their reach. Have a can or pitcher of hot water taken to each room at the hours of dressing. A pitcher of iced water and a glass on a tray should be placed in the bedrooms at night. Have a supply of proper envelopes and ink placed in each room.

Do not bore visitors by constantly trying to amuse them. After means of amusement have been provided let it be optional with them as to whether they avail themselves of these or not. Permit your visitors to enjoy the liberty of solitude and quiet if they so prefer. Any effort that is apparent to entertain is always bad form. The everyday life of a family should not apparently be overthrown by the arrival of guests.

Visitors, according to "Manners," should conform as much as possible to the habits and customs of the house. They should be moderate in their demands for personal attendance. They should not carry their goods into the drawing room or to the table and, whether they are bored or not, ought to contribute as much as in their power to an atmosphere of pleasure. If the foregoing involves too much self sacrifice, then an invitation to visit ought not to be accepted.

It is the custom on leaving a house where you have been visiting to give certain gratuities to such servants as have attended you during the visit, for instance, to the butler, footman or waitress, to the maid who has charge of your room, to the valet or to the porter who has carried your luggage. If you have had an extra stable service the coachman should be given something. The amount of these fees must be governed by the length of the visit, though a fair average is one dollar to each servant.

This Date in History—July 9.

VERGNIAUD.

1326—Battle of Sempach, which secured the liberty of Switzerland, by victorious termination of Arnold von Winkelried.
1709—Pierre le Moyne, Sieur d'Iberville, founder of Louisiana, died in Havana, Cuba; born 1661.
1755—British and Provincials badly defeated and General Braddock mortally wounded by French and Indians.
1810—Holland annexed to the empire of the first Napoleon.
1840—Birthday of ex-Postmaster General Wm. Henry Vilas.
1850—President Zachary Taylor died; born 1784.
1860—Beginning of five days' war on Christians in Damascus; 2,000 killed and $8,000,000 in property destroyed.
1886—John Mandeville, member of parliament, died in Tullamore jail, Ireland. General Porfirio Diaz re-elected president of Mexico.
1890—General Clinton B. Fisk, prominent soldier, Methodist and prohibitionist, died.

Domestic Trouble.

Mrs. McSwat (sniffing suspiciously)—Bill Riger, you have been smoking again!

Mr. McSwat (examining the back of the bureau)—Lobelia, you've been chewing gum again!—Chicago Tribune.

A Happy Girl.

She (still blushing)—Am I the first girl you ever kissed?

He—No, darling; but you are the last.

She—Am I really? Oh, George, it makes me so happy to think that.—Life.

Afraid of Himself.

First Rounder—Why don't you rise earlier, old man?

Second Rounder—Well, principally because I am afraid I would meet myself going to bed.—New York Tribune.

A Belle.

"What an old umbrella Brattles carries!"

"Remarkable, isn't it? It is evidently one of the shades of his ancestors."—Washington Star.

A Lord of Creation.

Friend—I heard your wife giving you fits again this morning.

Jinks—That wasn't my wife. That was the servant girl.—New York Weekly.

1892			JULY.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:13 p. m.	Third Quarter	16	8:48 p. m.
Full Moon	9	8:54 p. m.	New Moon	23	8:21 p. m.
			First Quarter	31	2:45 p. m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $38,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wyckoff's Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——, Reporter.
Watchung Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
‡
Bar First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
‡
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

AT RANDOLPH'S
Ice Cream Milk Shakes, Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
Also in Siphons.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.

Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for ladies, gentlemen and children. The ladies' and gentlemen's hose you buy for 25c. per pair, and the children's for 13c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye.

Wash Dress Fabrics.

A little late in the season to buy wash dress goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more in favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Satteen at 13 and 18c., Bedford Cord at 10c., Figured India Linen at 13c., Irish Lawn at 12c., and Challies 5c. Matting.

We start a clearing up sale of Matting, and will close our entire stock at actual cost.

VanEmburgh & White

CARRIAGES
and
HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
‡
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessible at Any Time.
RYERSON,
33 SOMERSET STREET.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'.

We are getting away with lots of Russet Shoes this month—now is the time to buy them.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S,
22 West Front street.
P. S.—Our $3 shoe never takes a back seat.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
that A. G VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.
COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

This space is reserved for
ZIMMERMANN & RUMPF,
the West Front street Hardware Dealers.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I.
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the Great South Bay, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
W. M. JENKINS, Prop.
Now opened for guests. Grand opening Hop July 2d. 6 13 2m

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
13 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEF TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, JULY 11, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

THE HOTEL NETHERWOOD.

A List of Some of the Guests at That Popular Resort.

The season at the beautiful Hotel Netherwood is now fully under way, and over a hundred and fifty guests are stopping at that popular resort. The capacity of the hotel is two hundred and fifty and it is probable that the limit will be reached this Summer.

The excellent roadways, for which this section is justly noted, through a country abounding in magnificent scenery, afford the lovers of driving or riding all that could be desired. Proprietor and Owner F. E. Miller has every department of the hotel well officered, and is constant and untiring in his efforts to please his patrons.

The following are some of the guests at the Hotel Netherwood:

From New York—H. J. Weber, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Haney, Miss Jennie Haney and maid, Mrs. A. J. Ferry, T. L. Lutkins and wife, Miss Jennie Lutkins, W. F. Eaton and wife, Mr. and Mrs. M. Rumsford, Miss Olmstead, B. G. Tobey, wife and family; Mrs. G. W. Case, Mrs. H. D. Wallen and son, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Farlee, Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Ranney, A. Elliott Ranney, B. F. Beardsley, James T. White, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Tobby, William Waddell, J. H. Waddell, Dr. Kicfe, Francis M. Edwards and wife, J. Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. McCall, F. J. Nelson and wife, Charles W. Cass, Miss Conway, Mr. Mrs. E. D. Hicks, R. S. Farlee, G. H. Farlee, Rev. Dr. Geohlets, Dr. W. E. Brandt, Mr. and Mrs. M. Donald, F. D. Moffatt, H. W. Williams, wife and son; Mrs. C. J. Williamson, Miss Long, Robert S. McCreery, Frank O. Roe, G. W. Grath, Lewis M. Meeker and wife, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Giddis, Mrs. E. H. Tinker, W. B. Eaton, Mr. Bussenhutte, W. R. Chapman and wife, Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Beekman, Dr. Dillon Brown, J. A. Hinchman, Misses Storm, H. L. Camman, Dr. W. B. Brighton, Mrs. Charles Poe and family, Mr. and Mrs. Manny, Mrs. Tobey, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Kirk, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Jordon, D. G. Atwater, Mrs. Mrs. J. E. Gerken, William Waddell, J. Harold Waddell, William H. Chapman and wife, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Gondran and Miss T. M. Storm.

From Brooklyn—T. W. Weeks, H. L. Balch, D. F. McCab, J. Howard Brown, R. A. Donaldson, M. C. Ogden and wife, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Streit, Ray E. Streit, S. F. Streit, W. V. R. Smith and wife, W. E. Smith, Clarence E. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. James Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Goddard, Miss Virginia S. Goddard and maid, Miss Edith Goddard, J. F. Lorzam, Mrs. M. Hoyne, James Donald, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Mather, W. H. Atwater, Miss G. Atwater, Samuel H. Seaman and Mary F. Seaman.

BREVITIES.

—Edward Conshay, while exercising a mustang last evening, was thrown violently from the animal. He was apparently uninjured.

—Although nothing has been done as yet towards beginning the erection of the large mills at Garwood, the Central Company has already erected a very pretty station.

—There will be preaching of the Gospel in the tent on the grounds of Mr. Loizeaux on Brook avenue, opposite Elm place, at 7.30 o'clock this evening. All are welcome.

—A special meeting of the committee of the Elizabeth Journal trophy race, will be held to-morrow evening. The race is scheduled to take place on July 30th and the meeting is to be held to determine whether the date should be changed or not.

—New Jersey wheelmen who propose attending the League of American Wheelmen meeting at Washington on July 18th, will leave for that city on the 3 p. m., train, Royal Blue Line special, from the foot of Liberty street on Saturday next. They will put up at the Riggs House in Washington.

—Prompt and energetic steps ought to be taken to secure the arrest and punishment of the men who drove through Somerset street about seven o'clock Saturday evening racing their horses and using most profane and obscene language and so loudly that it could be heard half a block away. The Mayor owes it to the people to teach such blackguards that they cannot do such things with impunity. Their names can be easily ascertained.

—It is well that the city granted only conditional permission, and that over but a small portion of the city for an experimental electric railway, for it is only necessary to ride over the line of the railway thus far completed to see how thoroughly the street is ruined for general traffic and given over to the railway company. The streets of Plainfield, broad enough for ordinary purposes, are too narrow for a single track, but when it comes to a double track, why there is no chance at all for conveyances, and it will mean the ruin of Front street as a trading center.

Amateur Base Ball.

The Arlingtons won their fourteenth consecutive game Saturday morning by defeating the Giants of North Plainfield. *The game was played on the Park avenue* ball grounds and was very interesting. The following was the score:

Giants.....0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0—4
Arlingtons.....1 1 1 0 2 2 0 1 3—10

Batteries—Giants: Adams and Besterli. Arlingtons—Van Horne and Sutphen. Umpire—A. B. Carpenter.

The Arlingtons would like to hear from the Twilights of Scotch Plains for a game some day this week.

A SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

THE NORTH PLAINFIELD STAGE UPSETS ON SOMERSET STREET.

The Occupants Thrown Violently to the Ground and two Ladies Injured. — Carelessness Caused the Accident.

What might have been a more serious accident than it was happened this morning at 8.30 o'clock on Somerset street, near Front street.

Allen's North Plainfield stage was crowded and going in the direction of the Central depot, when a nut from one of the wheels slipped from its position and the wheel flew off, causing the wagon first to pitch forward, and then to completely overturn.

The occupants were thrown violently to the ground, as the vehicle fell, and Mrs. Ireland, of Philadelphia, formerly Miss Woodland of this city, received a slight cut on the lower part of the face, Mrs. Wm. H. Niles, formerly of Asbury Park, but now of this city, was removed in a fainting condition and taken to Heidloff's store, where Dr. Allis was summoned. He pronounced the lady uninjured internally, but severely prostrated by the shock.

All the occupants of the stage were tossed around very severely, and were covered with dirt when assisted from the wreck.

The accident was doubtless caused by the carelessness of the man who attends to the stage, as a nut must necessarily be loose some time before it drops off completely.

THE PLYMOUTH BRETHREN.

Large Meetings Held in the Tents Yesterday.

The convention of non-denominational Christian brethren which opened last Tuesday will continue until Thursday of this week.

Large meetings were held yesterday and the tents were taxed to their utmost capacity.

The question of again admitting to their communion the open brethren who split off from the sect many years ago in England came up and was decided. It was this that attracted delegates here from all over the world. After many days of hot discussion it was decided yesterday that the two branches of the sect be reunited and the open brethren and Plymouth brethren be hereafter one in communion.

Among the prominent preachers present are F. W. Grant, Plainfield; J. S. Pierson, Key West, Fla.; Charles Holden, Georgia; Lewis Eneper and B. C. Greeman, Nova Scotia; C. E. Haskett, Pitchman, Mass.; H. A. Ittes, Trenton; A. F. Coles, Williamsport, Pa.; George Berrizy, England; John McClarre, Canada; J. B. McCaffren, Syracuse; C. Crane, S. Bidout and J. B. Jackson, Boston; Dr. Boynton, Long Island; Thomas Somerville, Ontario; George Axelson, Albany; George McCandless, Elizabeth; B. Jeffries, Indianapolis; J. S. Marigue, Lowell, Mass.; A. M. Scott, David Littell and Charles Van Horne, Minneapolis; J. H. Booth, North Carolina.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Dr. D. C. Adams is a popular guest at the Trenton House, Asbury Park.

Miss Florence M. Randolph and the Misses Bradshaw are in the Catskills.

Mr. C. A. Lee, wife and nurse, of this city, will make their headquarters at the Trenton House, Asbury Park, this Summer. Mr. Lee is a retired merchant.

Mrs. E. A. Parse, widow of the late cashier of the First National Bank of this city, is recreating at the Trenton House, Asbury Park, with several intimate friends.

Mr. A. A. Zimmerman, who is well known among the wheelmen of this city, and who is more of a champion and record smasher than ever, will leave England this week for his home at Manasquan, a few miles below Asbury Park, and not appear on any track until the August races of the A. P. W. at North Asbury Athletic grounds.

The Union County Standard of Westfield, in last weeks issue, presents a very good hair tone cut of Mayor Wm. A. Searing, of North Plainfield. Among other things the Standard says "Politics sought the man in his election as the present borough mayor of North Plainfield. His profession entitled him to a thorough understanding of the demands made by the march of improvement in our thriving neighbor; this, together with his popularity among the liberal-minded residents, secured his election by an overwhelming majority over his opponent, the candidate of the blithering dominant party. Mayor Saunders is a hearty supporter of the rapid transit question and in fact favors any practical improvement which is beneficial to the community."

Union County Championship Race.

The second trial heat for the Union County wheeling championship took place on the Westfield road Saturday afternoon, the distance covered being ten miles. The competitors were the Union County Roadsters and Westfield Athletic teams, the Mercury Wheelmen's team withdrawing, owing to two of their crack riders being disabled. Each club had six men in the race.

James Blake of the Roadsters was the first to finish, in 30.50. R. B. Whitehead, Westfield, was second in 30.50½. The Westfields won the heat, they scoring 9 points to their opponents 39.

LEAGUE BASE BALL.

WESTFIELD POUNDS SNEEDEN IN THE SIXTH INNING.

The Crescents Play a Good Fielding Game, but Six Clean, Straight Hits in the Sixth Inning Wins the Game, —Score 7 to 2.

The citizens of Westfield came up to this city, Saturday, with their guns loaded with a new war cry. Well! Well! Well!! Well! Well! Well!! Westfield!!! was what they said, and this together with six hits that the Westfielders made from Sneeden, in the sixth inning, caused the Plainfielders to lose all heart in the game.

The Westfields made their runs as follows: In the first, Sharrott secured third base through an error of Jones, and scored on a wild pitch. In the second, O'Neil got his base on balls, and scored through an error of Murphy's, and a hit by Warner. In the sixth McIndoe, Leyer, Smith, Howe, O'Neil, and Keusle, all secured clean, single hits, and the first five scored earned runs. It was the hardest pounding that Sneeden has ever received. Total seven runs.

The Crescents made their only two runs in the fourth inning. Murphy made a two-bagger and Turner a single. Both men scored on a passed ball. Two runs.

Clare pitched an excellent game, striking out eight men. Sneeden struck out only one man.

By Somerville winning from Elizabeth on the same day, they are now tied with Plainfield for first place honors. They will, however, meet the re-organized Westfielders, next Saturday, and a close game is assured. Plainfield goes to Elizabeth on the same date.

Hopkins, the new league umpire, was impartial.

The score was as follows:

PLAINFIELD.

	AB	R	BH	SB	SO	BB	PB	LB	PO	A	E
Hofford, c	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	0	0
Daley, 3b	5	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	3	2	0
Murphy, l.f.	4	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Turner, 2b.	4	1	1	2	2	0	0	0	1	3	2
O'Rourke, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Leidy, c.f.	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	0
Bonner, s.s.	4	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	5	0
Jones, 1b.	3	0	0	2	1	1	1	2	11	0	1
Sneeden, p.	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0
	37	2	8	5	8	2	1	5	24	11	2

WESTFIELD.

Sharrott, 3b	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	0
Mclndoe, l.f	4	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Leyer, c.f.	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smith, 1 b.	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	14	1	0
Howe, s.s.	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1
O'Neil, r. f.	3	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Keusle, 2b.	4	0	2	0	0	0	1	3	1	2	0
Warner, c.	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0
Clare, p.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0
	36	7	9	0	1	1	2	5	27	12	1

Plainfield	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2	
Westfield	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	—7	
Base hits	1	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	=7	
Base hits	0	1	0	0	1	6	0	1			

Plainfield, July 9th—Earned runs, Westfield 2. Two-base hit, Murphy. Three-base hit, Keusle. Passed balls, Warner. Wild pitch, Sneeden, 1; Clare 1. Hit by pitched ball, Howe. Time of game, one hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Hopkins.

By a combination of errors on the part of Elizabeth, and good base running by the Somervilles, the West Ends won a game at Elizabeth, Saturday, although they only made two hits from Francis.

Elizabeth got a total of nine base hits from Miller and Anderson, but were unfortunate, and only scored one run.

Francis struck four men, Miller two, and Anderson two.

The score was as follows.

Y. M. C. L. A.	R.	1B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Coogan, r. f.	0	1	1	0	1
Dillon, r. f.	0	0	1	0	0
Bowes, 1b	0	0	11	0	1
Murray, s. s.	0	1	2	2	1
Williams, 3b.	0	0	1	3	1
Berry, 3b	1	2	3	2	0
Tierney, c. f.	0	2	1	0	0
Hawkins, p.	0	1	1	0	0
Rafferty, c	0	0	4	0	1
Francis, p.	0	0	0	2	0
Total	1	9	24	12	4

WEST ENDS.	R.	1B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Carbonell, c. f.	0	0	2	0	
Parrell, 2b.	0	0	4	2	0
Carlin, r. f.	0	0	4	0	0
Williams, 3b.	0	0	1	2	0
Kennedy, c.	1	0	4	0	1
Bynnas, l. f.	0	1	3	0	0
Hawkins, s. s.	0	1	1	0	0
Catinus, 3b.	0	1	0	2	0
Miller, p.	0	0	0	2	0
Anderson, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	3	27	6	1

Y. M. C. L. A.	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1
West Ends	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

First base by errors—West Ends, 2. Left on bases—Y. M. C. L. A. 6; West Ends, 3. First base on balls—Off Francis, 6; off Miller 1. Struck out—By Francis, 4; by Miller, 2; by Anderson, 2. Sacrifice hits—Bowes, Catin, Moorehead. Stolen bases—Y. M. C. L. A., 4; West Ends, 1. Double play—Moorehead to Parrell to Bynnas. Hit by pitcher—Miller, 2. Passed ball—Kennedy. Umpire—Hudson. Time—1.45.

HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	Plainfield	Somerville	Elizabeth	Westfield	Games left	Per cent.
Plainfield		0	1	2	5	.285
Somerville	2		2	1	5	.400
Elizabeth	1	0		2	5	.285
Westfield	1	1	0		3	.250
Games lost	2	2	4	5		

Concert at the Hotel Netherwood.

The following was the programme at the regular Sunday evening concert at the Hotel Netherwood last evening:

Overture, "Light Cavalry"..... Rosini
Solo for Cornet and 1st Trombone..... Wilson
Solo, Cradle Song..... Godard
Solo for Cornet, "Concert of the Bagpipers"..... Sweeney
Paraphrase, "Lorelei"..... Dorothy
Recitation, "Aida"..... Verdi
Solo Serenade, "La Berceuse"..... Gounod
Solo Aria, "Last Chord"..... Sullivan

ECHOES OF THE RACE.

THE 20-MILE HANDICAP VOTED A SUCCESS BY ALL.

Distributing the Prizes—How the Boys Went the Distance—Close Figures on the Time, which by the Way was Excellent.

As was reported in Saturday's News the 20-mile handicap bicycle race, for the championship of Plainfield, which was run at 2.15 o'clock Saturday, afternoon was won by Thomas Burns. Jos. Pike won the time prize by going the distance in one hour, four minutes and twenty-two seconds.

At eight o'clock Saturday night, Dr. J. T. Fritts, representing the committee, distributed the following prizes at Capt. Frank L. C. Martin's Wheelmen's headquarters:

1st prize, gold medal, Thomas Burns.
2d prize, silver medal, A. R. Stover.
3d prize, silver medal, Carl Gotheil.
Martin gold time medal, Joseph Pike.
2nd time prize, cameo ring, A. T. Hinrichs.

Press schoolboy gold medal, won by A. T. Hinrichs, but following that gentleman's wishes it was given to S. C. Crane.
4th prize, pair of shoes, Joseph Pike.

Chair, Clapp; pocket-book, Maltby; sweater, Vanderveer; reel, Yarnall, shoes, Crane; chamois skin, Hinrichs; brush and comb, Mahon; scarf pin, Ahlgren; candy, M. Ellsworth; banjo, Burt; chewing gum, Burns; bicycle cap, Stover; two neckties, Gotheil.

The following table shows how the boys went the distance:

Handicap	5M	10M	15M	20-M
	Post	Post	Post	Post
9 Thos. Burns.	3	1	1	1
10 A. R. Stover.	2	2	2	2
10 C. Gotthell.	1	3	3	3
2 J. S. Pike.....	15	9	7	4
2 W. Clapp.....	14	8	6	5
4 C. B. Maltby.	10	7	8	6
7 C. Vandeveer	5	4	4	7
7 V. H. Yarnell	7	6	5	8
9 S. C. Crane..	4	5	9	9
Scratch, Hinrichs	20	14	10	10
Scratch, G. Mahon	19	15	11	11
5 Wm. Ahlgren	9	13	12	12
6 W. Nicholson	8	11	13	13
4 S. Thorpe	11	12	14	14
7 C. H. Burt....	6	10	15	15
8 W. Ralston*	12	16	16	16
9 A. C. Wyckoff	taken sick, out.			
7 J. Rafferty...	13, fell.			
9 J. E. Murray	16, fell.			

*Substituted tire, returned to starting point.

Vanderveer, the colored cyclist who, when he was presented with his prize Saturday night, and was asked to make a speech, said as follows:

GENTLEMEN:—I am nothing but a farmer. The first wheel I ever rode was a wagon wheel, and the next I rode was a wagon wheel. Dr. Fritts asked him where he got them and he replied "I made the hubs, Mr. Fritts," and the present wheel that I am riding, I got from Mr. F. L. C. Martin.

I want to thank the Plainfield people for all their kindness to me, both in this race and in the Century run to Philadelphia last Fall, in which they stood by me, and treated me so kindly. I am very well pleased with my prize, and did much better than I anticipated. I hope that in the future, if any more races are run, I will have the privilege of entering, as I did in this."

Jos. Pike, the time winner was asked for a speech and replied, "I am glad I won the race."

Mahon and Hinrichs would have done better with a pace-maker.

The first split time, on time, in Saturday's race, all rode Columbia wheels.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

THE TROLLEY SYSTEM.

"Justice" Inquires Why Should They Not Protect Traffic from Danger?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Will you please give a place in your valuable paper to the following account of electric street car dangers—taken from the New York Evening Post of June 27th and July 7th:

MANY PASSENGERS SHOCKED AND INJURED IN BOSTON.

Boston, June 27.—About eleven o'clock last night two electric cars in widely separated parts of the city struck each other by accident or by the motor current through burned out insulation, and several passengers were hurt in the rush to escape. On car 5,506, which was struck on Tremont street, Boston, Edmund Jones, a passenger, was thrown across the car, and his leg was badly *bruised or shocked.* In car No. 5,504, which was struck on Washington street, Roxbury, Mrs. Mary Cotton, aged fifty, was bruised and cut on the face and her right arm was fractured. Two other passengers were severely injured. The injured were taken either to neighboring drug stores or to their homes in carriages.

The recently increasing number of fatal accidents on the electric railways in Brooklyn, the Oranges and Newark, is not nothing of the colossal proportions of the accidents reported elsewhere among the people of these States. It is nearly every day the railroad men say that they bring the bodies of persons killed by electricity. No matter what may happen to prevent persons getting off from the cars, it does not seem to be taken as a matter of course by the railroad company that passengers will get off. Consequently the unfortunate people must take the consequences, which are to be killed, or at least seriously injured. The car conductor is run at very high rates of speed regardless of accidents to the people who may be crossing the railroad tracks through the streets at the speed of express trains.

Nearly every day the papers record accidents, attended *frequently with loss of life,* from the electric street cars all over the country.

Are the residents of Plainfield willing to have their numbers reduced by electric street car accidents?

The steam cars are required to provide gates or safeguard on their surface tracks—why should the Trolley cars be allowed to occupy a number of our much travelled streets, leaving insufficient space for the running of other vehicles, and providing no safeguards for them, or for foot passengers?

JUSTICE.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Dr. McGonigal is in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 11th. (Special.)—Dr. Henry G. McGonigal, convicted and sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment for causing the death by malpractice of Annie Goodwin, the pretty cigarette girl, is said to be a resident of Chicago now. The old practitioner was seen there recently by several New Yorkers who knew him. He appeared to be annoyed at being recognized, and refused to enter into conversation.

The doctor's case is now on appeal before the Court of Appeals, his conviction and sentence having been affirmed by the General Term of the Supreme Court. He is at liberty on $5,000 bail.

This Isn't Warm Weather, According to the Thermometer.

NEW YORK, July 11. (Special.)—It isn't so fearfully hot to-day, a la thermometer, but it is the presence of 70 per cent of humidity in the atmosphere and the dead calm that is hanging over this section that makes collars wilt and all starched goods hang heavy on the form.

The local forecast is for fair weather, with possibly a thunder shower this evening. To-morrow it will be generally fair and continue warm.

Wm. Astor Recovering.

LONDON, June 11. (Special.)—It was announced this morning that William Waldorf Astor was resting quite comfortably at his residence, Lansdown House, Berkeley Square, and the social and financial worlds are recovering from the first shock of the erroneous report telling of his death.

Cholera's Distinguished Victim.

PARIS, July 11. (Special.)—The distinguished scientist, Dr. Pasteur, is ill with the form of cholera now prevalent in this city. The attack is said to be a mild one, but the friends of the patient are very anxious.

Patentees.

The following is a list of the patents granted to Jersey men for the week just ended.

Presser foot for sewing machine, J. Douglas, Elizabeth.

Device for reproducing characters, R. E. Heidger, Woodbridge.

Warping machine, G. F. Kuett, Paterson.

Method of and apparatus for carbonating beer, J. B. Stobaeus, Newark.

Device for plugging sprinkley head, S. S. Wright, Newark.

Electrical distribution of cars (two patents), S. Young, Newark.

Jack, C. Richmann, Newark.

Buckle, F. H. LaPierre, East Orange.

Liquid fuel burner, E. Squire, Montclair.

Feed water heater, J. De Vries, Passaic.

Furnace (two patents) E. D. Edgar, Woodbridge.

Rock and eye, L. M. Porter, Montclair.

Lighting arrester, S. Van Nuis, New Brunswick.

Ammonia still, N. W. Condict, jr., Jersey City.

Car wheel and axle, A. Johnston, Jersey City.

Dynamo electric machine, C. W. Thomas, Jersey City.

Manufacturing of compound pyroxline, J. H. Stevens, Newark.

Design, H. F. G. Fuchs, Jersey city.

Broke Down.

French's sprinkling wagon, driven by a man named Nestor, broke down on Front street near Park avenue this morning.

Front street was well sprinkled for once and the dust was well laid.

The accident was caused by the rotting of the wood spokes in the wheel. The wagon was to have gone into the repair shop this afternoon.

A Boy Injured.

Frank Linke's five-year old boy, Henry, while playing in the yard of his father's home, on Somerset street, last Friday, fell and cut himself on the head. Dr. J. H. Carman was summoned, who attended the injured boy.

IF you want to use every faculty so as to bring out the best that is in it you should

Have some H-O for breakfast.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 2 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.

..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers..
....Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks....

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

A NEW SUPPLY OF

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,

IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.

These goods are well-made and neat-fitting.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.

The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's

Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,

at

EDSALL'S!

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

Lumber & Coal
Loomis & Rice
B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted as nurse girl. Willing and obliging. Address "E. L. A." 261, P. O., N. Plainfield. 9 2

HELP WANTED.

WHITE laundress wanted by the day. 8 Second place. 11 3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call 38 Vine street. 11 3

WANTED—Woman for general housework. Apply to-night at 37 Bay street.

$75 TO $250 can be made monthly working for B. F. Johnson & Co., 2000-2-4-6-8 Main street, Richmond, Va. 6 9 1m*

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Two rings, between Carlton avenue and railroad station. Suitable reward for return to 30 Carlton avenue. 11 2

MONEY TO LOAN.

$2,500 TO LOAN on gilt-edged security. Also a smaller sum. Address "H. D. M," care of EVENING NEWS.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A FEW boarders wanted on a farm near Plainfield. Address "L," care EVENING NEWS. 8 3

INTERLAKEN Cottage, No. 9 Atlantic avenue, close by the beach, and near Rose Pavilion. Pleasant rooms, good table board. Table board five dollars. Dinner served to excursionists at thirty-five cents. Mrs. Fearn, prop., Box 113, Ocean Grove. 6 2

FOR SALE.

$40 CASH will buy a ball bearing safety bicycle nearly new, double the amount. Almost new and in perfect condition. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS.

LOTS containing half an acre and upwards on Grandview ave. Easy terms for payment, balance long time. Splendid opportunity to have home cheap. Non-resident, G. O. Box 101, Cleveland, O. 6 2

MRS. JOS. M. MYERS' property, 147 East Front street, for sale or to let. Apply on premises. 7 12 w&s

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by graded road. Right price. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 11f

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order bought and sold. Call 121 Somerset store, 21 Somerset street. 3-20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 3-20tf

WANTED—To exchange a newly painted side-bar buggy for a light-top business wagon. Address "Butcher," care of EVENING NEWS. 2-6

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. At Harvard Academy, 107 Park avenue. Class in French now forming. Also private lessons in French and German. Class lessons 25c., private lessons $1.

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach,)

Our nearest salt water resort. A 10-acre shady grove close to the beach. Forty minutes from Plainfield by C. R. R. of New Jersey.

This famous day Summer resort has been greatly improved the present season by the erection of a grand new pavilion, a large restaurant, where refreshments are sold at moderate rates. A base ball diamond and Lawn Tennis Court, and a fine bowling alley.

There is also a fine equipment of boats for rowing, fishing or crabbing, a fine sandy beach for bathing, plenty of houses and suits. Numerous picnic tables (free) for excursionists. Fine piano in the pavilion, music every day. First class steam Merry-go-rounds and swings. Naptha launch, making 10-cent trips around the sound. No intoxicants sold, no disorder, a perfectly safe place at any time for ladies and children.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park avenue.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 13, 14 and 15c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.
Gauze vests, 25c.
Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 13, 15, 18 and 20c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c., 40c. and 50c.
Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 35c.

Louis Callman,

46 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

A man in one of the states of this Union was recently hanged to the nearest tree because he made threats against the deputies who were taking him to jail. The deputies hanged him because they "lost their temper." This is unfortunate.

The authorities have decided that no more hogs shall be kept in Philadelphia. Capital, but how are the authorities going to help it? There are hogs everywhere—on street and railway cars, in the most sumptuous hotels, and, yes, hogs even get into church sometimes and expectorate upon the carpets.

Women are to be invited to adorn and improve the Harvard divinity school with their presence as students. At the last meeting of the alumni of this school a resolution was adopted urging the theological overseers and the corporation of Harvard university to provide for the admission of women students to the divinity school. There is little doubt that the action will be favorable and that in time reverend ladies will receive divinity diplomas from fair Harvard. But one would like to hear them preach from that famous text commanding women to keep silent in the churches.

Poor old Americus Vespucius! In all the magnificent preparations for our 400th anniversary there is none so poor to do him reference. Not a poem has been chanted in his praise, not a statue erected in his honor, although this whole big New World was named for him. Nobody is talking about him except when once in awhile somebody calls attention to his successful fraud in palming himself off as the discoverer of this country. But there is one class of people who ought to set up a monument to him, and the largest one that money will buy, and that is the newspaper reporters. Why? Because Americus Vespucius was the most successful fakir on record. He stole the story of a new continent.

The Cremation Idea.

It seems to be gaining favor in the United States very quietly, but surely. There are now thirty-one cremation societies in the country, most of which have a furnace and mortuary chapel of their own. The organizations are more numerous west than east, and in the north than in the south. In the south there are only two cremation societies, one at Louisville, another at St. Louis and a third at New Orleans, where on account of the swampiness of the soil tombs for ordinary burial are built above ground. California alone has three cremation societies. The cremationists are going to hold a national convention of their own this summer at cool, delightful Detroit, at the same time that a meeting of the American Medical association. Then the quickest and least disagreeable way of turning a corpse into harmless smoke and ashes will be discussed.

Up to the present time nearly 800 bodies have been incinerated by the New York Cremation society alone since the beginning of 1886. One argument in favor of this method of disposing of the dead is its cheapness, the cost of an average cremation funeral being less than forty dollars. The medical profession throughout the country very generally favor it for sanitary reasons.

Brutality to Live Stock.

By the efforts of the American agricultural department, aided grandly by that of public press of the country, the crusade now raised toward live cattle on shipboard has been abated so that deaths of hapless beeves at sea have been reduced from 16 per cent. to 1 per cent. of the whole number of those sent across the water. Thus $2,750,000 are saved yearly to beef animal shippers and insurance companies. American newspapers may take due credit to themselves for the happy result. But there is one class of individuals still that laughs American journals to scorn and defies American public opinion. These are the British captains of the live stock steamers. A British ship captain, even of a crack passenger steamer, is not noted for his mercifulness and kindness of heart, and when it comes to dumb brutes the under current of brutality in the British nature crops up visibly and recklessly.

For some reason ship captains seem singularly lacking in human feeling at times. A man who would accept a passenger's ticket and then deliberately carry him ashore, keep his ticket and sell away without him, leaving him penniless in a strange city because the man had consumption, would apparently be guilty of any other brutality. Yet such a thing happened at New York lately. Such men were born into the wrong race. They ought to have been red Indians, so their natural dispositions could have had free play in burning prisoners at the stake and in plying tomahawks and scalping knives. Meantime it is agreeable to know there is some prospect that the callous captains of the live stock steamers will get an overhauling at the hands of the British government. American live stock men have brought to the notice of the queen herself statements of the atrocities permitted by British captains to be practiced on food animals in transit

THE TROOPS OUT.

Governor Pattison Orders the Militia to Homestead.

THE ENTIRE STATE GUARD

More Than 8,000 National Guards men Will Face the Strikers.

The News Excites Homestead, but the Reorganized Advisory Committee Meet and Decide to Co-operate with the Soldiers to Preserve the Peace—Pinkerton's Deputies Are Gathered Behind the Hills of the Lockless Town to Make Another Descent on the Mills

The Strike Likely to Spread.

HARRISBURG, July 11.—Governor Pattison received the following:

PITTSBURG, July 11.

GOVERNOR PATTISON—The situation at Homestead has not improved. While all is quiet there the strikers are in control and openly express to me and to the public their determination that the works shall not be operated unless by themselves. After making all efforts in my power I have failed to secure a posse respectable enough in numbers to accomplish anything, and I am satisfied that no posse raised by civil authorities can do anything to change the condition of affairs, and that any attempt by an inadequate force to execute the right of law will only result in further armed resistance and consequent loss of life. Only a large military force will enable me to control matters. I believe if such force is sent the disorderly element will be overawed and order will be restored. I therefore call upon you to furnish me with such assistance. WILLIAM B. MCCLEARY, Sheriff.

The governor replied:

To William H. McCleary, sheriff of Allegheny county, Pittsburg:

Have ordered Major General George R. Snowden with the division of the National Guard of Pennsylvania to your support at once. Put yourself in communication with him. Communicate with me further particulars. ROBERT E. PATTISON,

Governor.

The Orders to the Troops.

In response General Snowden sent the following to Brigadier General J. B. S. Gobin, commanding the Third brigade, in compliance with orders from the commander in chief:

You will move your command at the earliest moment, concentrating at Lewiston, moving on the Pennsylvania railroad. Mount troops. Take with you three days' rations and all ammunition on hand. Use every precaution to insure safe and successful movement. The supervision of transportation is under charge of Colonel McClelland. By command of Major General Snowden.

GEORGE R. SCOTT, Adjutant General.

To Brigadier General Robert P. Dechert, commanding First brigade:

In compliance with orders from the commander in chief you will concentrate your command in camp at Mt. Gretna by Monday afternoon next there await further orders. Take with you three days' rations and all ammunition on hand. Your troop mounted will move on the first train available on the Pennsylvania railroad, bound west. By command of Major General Snowden.

GEORGE H. NORTH,
Assistant Adjutant General.

The National Guard.

The National Guard of Pennsylvania includes 8,500 men under the command of Major General George R. Snowden, whose headquarters are in Philadelphia. The guard is divided into three brigades.

The first is under the command of Brigadier General Dechert, and consists of the First regiment infantry, Second regiment infantry, Third regiment infantry, Sixth regiment infantry, Infantry Battalion State Fencibles, the Separate infantry company, Gray Invincibles, the First troop, Philadelphia city cavalry and Battery A, artillery, in all 2,500 men representing Philadelphia. All but the Sixth regiment are located in Philadelphia, and its members are scattered in nearby towns.

The Second brigade includes 216 commissioned officers and 3,982 men, a total of 3,198. The commander is Brigadier General John A. Wiley. The headquarters are at Franklin. This brigade is the largest of the state, and is nearer Homestead than any of the others.

The Third brigade includes 197 commissioned officers and 3,433 enlisted men, a total of 3,622. The commander is Brigadier General J. P. S. Gobin. The headquarters are at Lebanon.

All the state's general preparations are going forward for the shipment of munitions of war, and cannon are being loaded on flat cars.

Excitement Prevailing.

General George R. Snowden succeeded ex-Governor and Major General Hartranft in command of the Pennsylvania National Guard as the state's military force. In point of numbers the guard is the strongest in the United States, excepting only New York.

In point of discipline and efficiency it is second to none. General Phil Sheridan said three years ago, after a personal inspection, that it was better fitted for actual service in case of war than any state national guard in this country ever was.

The regiments in the eastern part of the state are recruited largely from the great iron works, so that it will be disciplined, well-drilled workingmen who will confront armed strikers at Homestead. Many of the guardsmen are members of the Amalgamated association.

Several special trains have been ordered to transport troops from this vicinity, and all the extra passenger engineers and firemen have been ordered to report for duty and be ready to take out the trains at a minute's notice. The streets are filled with excited citizens and preparing soldiers. Much excitement prevails at the ordering out of the entire National Guard of Pennsylvania.

THE NEWS IN HOMESTEAD.

Intense Excitement Over the Ordering Out of the Militia.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 11.—Intense excitement was created by the announcement that the Pennsylvania militia, 8,500 strong, had been ordered out and would come to Homestead.

At first the report was received with incredulity, but a few inquiries among the more representative convinced them that it was true. Little groups gathered at the street corner, and the situation was discussed in low but earnest tones.

The Homestead strikers have at first disposed to be a little defiant, and there were occasional declarations that even the militia would be opposed, but when it was learned that the leaders fully realized the fact that 8,000 men these declarations promptly gave way to, "Oh, well, we have beat the Pinkertons, anyway." "They did not dare to come," and that consolation is found in the reflection that the most hatred enemy of organized labor—the Pinkerton guard—had been obliged to confess to defeat and give up the battle.

The leaders of the strikers were unusually uncommunicative. "We cannot talk," was the response to all interrogations. Later on, however, a freely expressed by the rank and file that the militia would be received by no hostile demonstration, and that an armistice would be declared until after the adjustment. "But they will have to go away some time," said the leader of a little group near the depot, "and when they do we would like to see them run the mill non-union."

The Men Very Uneasy.

"The little sentence expresses as fully as could volumes the situation that will be ushered in by the advent of the militia. As long as this army of militiamen is on the ground, there will be no opposition from the strikers whatsoever, and no violent demonstrations. But when the militia is withdrawn the strikers will swoop down upon the nonunionists that are to be installed in their places.

This is undoubtedly the plan of the strikers, and the chief fear of their leaders now is that the Carnegie company will hasten to install the nonunion workmen in the mills immediately upon the arrival of the militia.

If this be done a great vantage would be gained by the company in the possession and occupancy of the mill, and as an opportunity would doubtless be afforded them to bring in arms for the defense of their workmen, the strikers would be at a great disadvantage on the retirement of the militia.

Later on the horrible fear took possession of the strikers that the company might even sneak in Pinkerton men in disguise of workmen while the militia held possession, and no such a move would mean a practical triumph over the strikers the suspicion has caused great perturbation.

Altogether the strikers are in a very unsettled frame of mind, and their anxious faces give evidence of their excitement. It is possible that a feeling of desperation over the prospects may cause the hotter headed to commit violence toward the militia, but it is safe to say such a suicidal policy will not be approved by the leaders, and if indorsed by the more ignorant workmen, will be carried out only in the face of determined opposition from the leaders.

O'Donnell Surprised.

Burgess McLuckie, who was with Hugh O'Donnell, one of the leaders of the strikers, was seen and asked: "How do you regard the latest news—the calling out of the militia?"

"That is right on our line. It suits us first rate."

"How will the militia be received?"

"With open arms."

"There will be no hostility?"

"None whatever. We will receive them in a fraternal spirit and accord to them that respect due to the representatives of the grandeur and dignity of the great state of Pennsylvania. We have been expecting them, and we are glad they are coming. There will not be the slightest opposition to their presence, nor the least manifestation of unfriendliness."

"Do you fear that their presence will be taken advantage of by the company in an effort to install nonunion men in the mill?"

"I do not think Governor Pattison has said the militia are to used as guards, and he is not sending them here for that purpose. They will be kept here a few days, and when it is seen how peaceable everything is I predict they will be withdrawn. The sheriff has been insisting that he could not keep the peace, and I suppose he has been finally determined to send the troops here to see how necessary they are. They will be received with respect. Our fight was against the Pinkertons—against the invasion of our homes by an armed, illegal and disreputable private army."

Hugh O'Donnell was seen and said: "I cannot believe it. I cannot believe it. I repeated when informed that Governor Pattison had ordered out the militia. His recent interview with the governor was evidently far from my mind, and he could not credit the report that in twenty-four hours Homestead would be the bivouac of 8,500 militiamen and the reign of the striker an era of the past.

Later on at a meeting of the advisory committee, which was reorganized, it was decided to co-operate with the National Guard in maintaining order and to impress upon the workmen the necessity of preserving peace.

ANOTHER FALSE ALARM.

But the Pinkertons Are Said to Be Assembling Behind the Hills.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 11.—The chilly atmosphere of the early morning was destined to be warmed by the rays of the morning sun when the determined men of Homestead, who had stood on the hilltops about the town five times during the night, should ridge once more, as often, and wend their way back to the beds from which they had been aroused by another alarm that the Pinkertons were coming. This information was received from such a reliable source that even the most conservative of the leaders could not help giving credence to it. The dispatch came from a trusted agent of the Amalgamated association.

It stated that the Pinkerton forces were on their way to Homestead and would disembark from their train on the disused Wheeling branch of the Baltimore and Ohio at a point north-west of Homestead near the Ohio river, and then cross over the hills and under cover of the Carnegie company's houses endeavor to effect a secret entrance to the idle mill.

But the hours passed away and no hostile force arrived. It was a disappointment to a few, but the great majority of the men thankfully shouldered their arms and walked back to their homes. Pickets were closely on the watch during the night. The alarm was false, but the leaders do not believe it to have been intended for a hoax. It came from too reliable a source for that. Nonetheless, notwithstanding the seeming unreliability of the warning, the leaders believed it was based on some actual information, and vigilance has been redoubled in consequence. The feeling of confidence which was manifested in the minds of nearly everybody in Homestead that Pinkerton detectives are in town obtaining information of some sort, and relying on their perfect system, increased to an almost incredible degree. Every presumed intimation of an unsympathetic feeling for the cause of the locked out men is resented; in open assertions and threats from their present camp fires by the strikers.

One of the leaders of the strikers was asked by a United Press reporter what the outlook is for the advance of the Pinkerton force which is supposed to be intrenching over back of the hills south of the Carnegie mills. He replied: "There is no question about the presence of armed men south of the range of hills. Our scouts have located them in a dozen places. They are in groups and are moving about. They are gradually getting together and will in all probability make a feint upon some point to-day and that they intend to make an attempt to reach the mill."

Sister Magdalen, of the Mercy hospital at Plattsburg, has offered to open a temporary hospital here for any emergency that may arise. The committee admit having received the offer, but decline to state whether any action has been taken upon it.

Conflicts Feasible Ahead.

Peace and quiet apparently reigns, but it is only the peace and quiet that precedes a storm. The stillness is forced and bodes trouble. People remain in doors. If they meet upon the streets they converse in whispers. No one doubts that we are on the eve of trouble, and those who understand the situation look for more serious trouble even than that of last week.

Armed guards patrol the streets night and day. Every approach to either the town or to the works of the Carnegie Steel company is guarded. Every stranger is compelled to give a satisfactory explanation of himself and his business, and if there is any doubt as to his identity he is escorted to the next outgoing train and warned that it will be dangerous to return. The strikers are drilled and equipped with Winchesters, revolvers and shotguns. Guns are carried openly in the streets.

The organization of the 4,000 or more members of the Amalgamated association of Iron and Steel Workers is remarkable. Every man is determined, and word has been passed that they are in for the fight to their life. Every organization has, and another force of Pinkertons need expect no quarter. The milmen will die or win if there is another battle, and there is every indication that there will be one, and that soon.

The success of the men in capturing the Pinkertons last Wednesday and in holding their ground since has given them no overgrown share of their own importance. The local authorities are powerless to restrain the men, even were they so disposed. As a matter of fact, they are with the milmen. The burgess of the town, who is the highest officer here, is in sympathy with the men. The regular police, composed of a chief and two patrolmen, are with them. Twenty additional policemen have been sworn in. They are not only with the millmen, but many of them are millmen themselves, thrown out of work by the lockout.

Thirsting for Revenge.

Some members of the town council are leaders of the strikers—men who have served on important committees on the trouble and distributed ammunition when the Pinkertons were expected. One of these men, who is a prominent citizen of Homestead and Good for obvious reasons requested that his name be suppressed, said:

"We took care of the Pinkertons the other day and I guess that will not be a circumstance to the reception the next lot will receive. We were taken by surprise then, but we are ready now and we cannot be surprised. Our forces are well armed and they know how to use their arms. We have plenty of ammunition and our men are desperate. Some of them are aching for an encounter. There are plenty of relatives and friends of the boys who fell last Wednesday who are thirsting for revenge. If the Pinkertons come or scabs are put in the works they will get it."

The headquarters of the strikers is in a new three story brick, building on high ground overlooking the works, and within pistol shot of the celebrated fence that surrounds the mills. From the council room on the third floor the movements of the men in the Carnegie grounds can be observed. At present the strikers permit the few clerks and other employees at the mills to pass in and out unmolested. But the works are surrounded and are practically in the possession of the strikers. By refraining from placing guards within the works the strikers claim that there is no excuse for intervention by state troops.

KANSAS DEMOCRATS SPLIT.

A Convention Called to Repudiate Fusion with the People's Party.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 11.—The action of the recent Democratic state convention in refusing to place a ticket in the field and indorsing the People's party nominees has thoroughly aroused many leading Democrats throughout the state, who declare they will vote for and work loyally to a party which will swallow up and destroy true Democracy.

The Democracy of the Fifth district have issued a call to all true Democrats to meet at Herrington, July 19, to put a full Democratic ticket in the field. The call is signed by fifteen of the leaders of the party. Organization is proceeding in other congressional districts, so that the convention will be attended by 500 representative Democrats, who will insist on the nomination of a straight ticket.

The Cholera in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 11.—There have been 191 new cases of cholera and 69 deaths reported in Astrakhan, 63 cases and 18 deaths at Saratoff, 180 cases and 67 deaths in Baku, 6 deaths in Tiflis and 9 new cases in Tsaritsin.

A Bad Shot for the Schooner.

NEW YORK, July 11.—The schooner Henry R. Tilton was struck and capsized by a shot from the rifle at the Sandy Hook proving grounds.

Shot by a Woman.

SARATOGA, July 11.—Francis Boyce shot and seriously wounded Jamie Bryant, the proprietor of a hotel at Schuylerville.

Ten Men Killed.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—Three magazines of the Giant Powder company at West Berkley exploded, and ten men were killed.

In Honor of Columbus.

GENOA, July 11.—The Genoese international exhibition in honor of Christopher Columbus opened here with brilliant eclat.

Four Passengers Injured.

BROOKLYN, July 11.—Two crowded trolley trains crashed into each other and four passengers were badly injured.

A Summer Hotel Burned.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., July 11.—The Bathton, a summer hotel at Cape Vincent, was destroyed by fire.

Ravachol Executed.

PARIS, July 11.—Ravachol was executed this morning.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

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444 FANS Just Received through A. A. VANTINE & CO.

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Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with ANTI-CHAP POWDER.

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Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—2:30, 8:35, a. m., 11:05, 2:55, 8:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30 and 9 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BARTON MAILS.
Arrive—9:45 a. m., 1:15, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

THE WEEK IN CONGRESS

Wednesday and Thursday May Be Devoted to the Silver Bill.

ITS OPPONENTS IN HIGH FEATHER

They Are More Than Ever Confident of Their Ability to Defeat the Measure

A Possibility That Adjournment May Take Place by Aug. 1.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The assurances of the antisilver men that the silver bill will be defeated in the house have not abated. In fact they are, if such a thing is possible, more strongly impressed than ever of the defeat of the measure. Its opponents have made a careful estimate of their strength in the coming contest, and while they will not make an out and out statement for publication, it is said that their prepared tables show their majority will run between 40 and 60 votes. This is based upon the fact that there are members who are afraid of the probable effect the passage of the bill would have upon the November elections. The antisilver members do not think that a motion will be made to postpone consideration of the bill until December next, but they would not be surprised if amendments were offered as a means of defeating the bill.

The legislative programme for the week in the house is not well outlined, except that Wednesday and Thursday will be devoted to the silver bill if the resolution of the committee on rules is adopted. It is possible that the bill providing for the election of president and vice president by a direct vote of the people and the resolution changing the time for the meeting of congress will be considered. Beyond this nothing definite can be learned, except that conference reports on appropriation bills will occupy portions of several days.

In the Senate.

There are almost unlimited opportunities for debate in the senate during the week, and there is an apparent disposition on the part of a goodly number of senators to make use of the opportunities afforded. Members of the senate appropriations committee are irritated by the persistent course of the house in rejecting compromise conference reports agreed upon by the house conferees, and are disposed to let things take their course without any undue haste on their part. The silver men in the senate are anxious to give those of the same way of thinking in the house full time to get in their work. Aside from these motives for "making haste slowly" there is a good deal in the pending business likely to cause discussion and delay.

The question whether or not the senate will undertake an investigation of the Homestead affair, and, if so, what shall be the scope of the investigation, is unsettled on. Unless the rules of the senate that matter involving as it does an expenditure out of the contingent fund, was referred to the committee on contingent expenses, consisting of Messrs. Jones, of Nevada; Paddock, of Nebraska, and Vance, of North Carolina, who is absent sick. There are widely divergent views in the senate on the subject, and if Messrs. Jones and Paddock make an adverse recommendation it is pretty sure to give rise to debate.

The World's Fair Appropriation.

It is not likely that the $5,000,000 fair souvenir half dollar appropriation of $5,000,000 will be allowed to pass without considerable further comment, especially as the Sunday or "blue laws" amendment has been imposed upon it and has to be voted upon. The propositions which have been presented on this subject, pro and con, would, if placed end to end, stretch a considerable distance out of the way from Washington to Chicago. A great many of them, it is true, have been of the "machine" description printed blanks sent out and filled in and returned according to order, but the sending of these petitions, and of counter petitions decrying any attempt to interfere in religious matters by legislative action, has created a fire in the rear of senators which will inspel them to give attention to the matter.

Mr. Butler, of South Carolina, has intimated a purpose to call up the question of transferring the revenue marine from the treasury to the navy department, upon which the heads of these two departments diametrically differ. There is at least a two days' discussion involved in this bill and a good deal of personal feeling beside. These matters of themselves forshadow plenty of work without referring to other special orders on the calendar, most of which are, in truth, practically dead.

May Adjourn Aug. 1.

Every indication points to a week of stirring talk in the senate, with occasional spells of work on appropriation bills. The latter must be had, unless all departments of the government are to be starved. Enough remaining appropriations expire on the 15th inst. unless further considered by joint resolution.

The question of the adjournment of congress hinges upon the disposition of the appropriation bills, now in conference, and the silver bill. The former are in a condition that they can be disposed of in the next ten days, but the return of the silver question adds an element of uncertainty to the situation. No reason for deferring adjournment will exist if the bill is defeated, and the speaker and prominent members of both parties believe that congress will adjourn by Aug. 1.

Stevenson to Visit Cleveland.

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., July 11.—Mr. Stevenson has decided to accept the invitation of Mr. Cleveland to visit Gray Gables, but he is unable to say at present when he will leave for the east. It is possible the visit to Mr. Cleveland will be deferred until after the meeting of the notification committee in New York. In that case Mr. Stevenson will leave Bloomington July 18.

Agent Wilbert Missing.

SPRINGFIELD, O., July 11.—Henry Wilbert, an all round good fellow, an agent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company at Cincinnati, has been missing several days. It is feared that he may have committed suicide. He is short in his accounts from $200 to $300.

Fessenden Wouldn't Accept.

NEW YORK, July 11.—The Hon. Samuel Fessenden, of Connecticut, has been invited to become chairman of the Harrison notification committee, but sent a reply declining the honor.

Minister Washburn Resigns.

BERNE, July 11.—The Hon. J. G. Washburn, minister from the United States to Switzerland, has resigned and will go back to the United States.

Fell Dead in Church.

BOSTON, July 11.—Lieutenant Colonel Chas E. Blunt, of the Engineer corps, U. S. A., fell dead during services in Trinity church.

FASHIONS

Seen at the Races.

TWO BEWITCHING COSTUMES.

All women are interested in seeing the costumes to which fashion can go, and this is well illustrated in the costumes shown here.

The first is a somewhat unusual combination of purple point de sole, with white embroidered silk gauze, edged with small black beads, and old gold satin embroidered with dark brown passementerie. The hat is arranged to correspond, and the gloves are white.

The other is a blouse of black foulard, striped and checked with black, worn with a skirt of plain white woolen batiste, and a collar and belt of black and white striped velvet. The hat is arranged in a very effective combination of white, black and red.

ST. JOHNS STILL BLAZING.

Several Lives Lost in the Fire—The Loss Will Aggregate $25,000,000.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 11.—It is now estimated that the great fire which has been raging here has created a loss of property aggregating $25,000,000 and has rendered 10,000 persons homeless. The ruins are still burning and the town is impassable.

The government has taken measures to house the destitute in such few buildings as remain. The colonial building, government house and Catholic cathedral convents are crowded, and workmen are erecting temporary buildings on the open spaces. Many of the homeless are still encamped on the fields, but the government hopes to house them all.

Messages of sympathy and promised relief are numerous and come from all parts of the world. England comes bravely to the assistance and President Harrison has telegraphed, promising help.

The forest fires still rage. The Catholic chapel at Kilbride suburb was burned, together with many farms. Hundreds of men, police and citizens are fighting it and are cutting fire breaks through the forest. Great alarm is felt in the west end portion of the town, as considerable property is packed there awaiting removal.

The steamer Alert and the brig Dover were burned at their docks and five men of their crews were either burned to death or jumped into the harbor and were drowned. Two children were burned to death in the city, and a man named Lindsay dropped dead from fright during the progress of the flames. The names of the others who were killed or burned are not yet recorded.

The origin of the fire is not a mystery. A careless smoker lighted his pipe in a barn in the northern suburbs of the city and threw down the burning match. Half an hour later a volume of flame and living embers were rushing down over the entire length of the city toward the water.

Some Pictorial Phrases.

"RAISING THE VERY OLD BOY."

A GOOD START.

ANOTHER "ATTACK ON CUBA."—Life.

ASTOR AT DEATH'S DOOR

The Famous Millionaire Has a Bad Attack of Pneumonia.

HIS DEATH REPORTED IN LONDON.

The Announcement Was Premature, Though, as the Patient Relied Upon His Comatose Condition—Fears Are Expressed That He Will Not Recover.

LONDON, July 11.—The entire American colony here was startled by a report of the death of William Waldorf Astor, the American millionaire. Coming as it did so soon after the death of William Astor, the shock which such a report occasioned can hardly be described. Scarcely had the news been given out when it was contradicted by a bulletin issued by Dr. MacLagan that his patient had sunk into a comatose condition, but had revived and was doing somewhat better.

William Waldorf Astor has been ill at his London residence, Lansdowne House, Berkeley square, since last Thursday from pneumonia. During that time he has had the constant attendance of two physicians, and nothing particularly serious developed until yesterday evening.

A relapse came and the patient began to sink so rapidly that serious doubts as to his recovery were then entertained. Those members of the family who could be reached were summoned to his side and the end was expected. The prominence of the Astor family made his condition an object of interest to the whole social world of London, and out of the many stories concerning his illness came the mistaken report of his death. By the Americans in the city additional interest was felt because of the many misfortunes that of late have crowded upon the Astor family.

Fears That He May Not Recover.

On Wednesday last Mr. Astor went on a boating trip for a portion of the day, and during the excursion a sharp shower came on, and he, with the other members of the party, were drenched.

He returned home without giving very much thought to the incident, but during the evening he felt chilly and had violent pains in his back. On Thursday morning still feeling ill, he summoned Dr. MacLagan, of Cadogan place, who is physician to the Princess of Wales. The doctor saw him about noon and immediately pronounced it a case of pneumonia.

Dr. MacLagan remained with Mr. Astor almost without intermission, but despite his great efforts the patient became rapidly worse and finally he became unconscious.

This gave rise to a rumor that he had died, which spread rapidly around the city and created something of a sensation. At once, upon the rumor becoming widespread, a reporter went to Lansdowne House, Berkeley square, Mr. Astor's residence, and was informed that the patient had recovered consciousness after a very few moments, and the reporter then succeeded in seeing Mr. Astor's secretary, who confirmed these statements. He hopes that the crisis has passed and that his patient will begin to improve.

Grave fears are, however, entertained that Mr. Astor will not recover.

William Waldorf Astor is the head of the family, being the only son of John Jacob Astor the third, and a small inheritance at the death of the great Astor fortune. His wealth has been variously estimated at from $100,000,000 to $150,000,000. Almost the whole of this great fortune consists of real estate in and about the city of New York.

Mr. Astor has been abroad since September, 1890, and, it has been reported, intended to make that country his permanent residence, having recently leased the house of the banker Murietta. Mrs. William Astor is also abroad. Her daughter, Mrs. Drayton, is ill at Mrs. Astor's house in New York city.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

At St. Louis—										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	—	4	9	3
Washington	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	—	4	8	2

Gleason and Moran, Duryea and McGuire.

At Louisville—										R.	H.	E.
Louisville	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	6	5
Baltimore	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	—	7	5

Vian and Clarke, Hoover, McMahon and Gunson.

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

At Albany—										R.	H.	E.
Albany	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	—	4	7
Binghamton	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	—	2	6

Devlin and Ress, Fitzgerald and Murphy.

At Rochester—										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	1	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	—	7	1
Providence	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	2	6

Meakin and McKeough, Stafford and Ryan.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Boston	51	21	Washington	34	40
Brooklyn	47	25	New York	34	40
Philadelphia	43	28	Chicago	30	41
Cincinnati	39	29	Pittsburg	29	44
Cleveland	39	29	Louisville	29	46
Pittsburg	37	30	Baltimore	19	51

THE EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Providence	39	21	Troy	27	31
Albany	38	23	Binghamton	25	32
Rochester	38	25	Syracuse	23	32
Rimira	27	30	Buffalo	23	33

Earthquake, Then Lava.

LONDON, July 11.—The town of Nicolosi, on the south slope of Mount Etna and eight miles northwest of Catania, was considerably damaged by an earthquake and eruption of Mount Etna. The earthquake destroyed a church, and most of the inhabitants out of the village. Then came the stream of lava, which destroyed twelve houses and turned a large part of the plain into a ruin.

A French Defeat in Tonquin.

PARIS, July 11.—News of a brigade of the French forces in Tonquin has been received. The Chinese laid an ambuscade, into which the French proceeded. When there was little or no chance of escape the Chinese attacked the French, killing twelve and wounding seventeen.

Held Up in the Street.

PATERSON, N. J., July 11.—DeWitt Clinton, ex-janitor of the Paterson court house, was held up by two highwaymen on Main street. The highwaymen took his gold watch and a few dollars he had in his pocket, but missed $2,000 which he had sewed inside his vest.

Christiansand Has Blazed.

LONDON, July 11.—The damage done at the great fire at Christiansand, Norway, amounts to $2,000,000. The total number of houses destroyed is 328.

The Kaiser's Yacht Won.

LONDON, July 11.—Lord Rosebery has the German emperor's yacht Meteor beat Mr. Johnson's cutter, the Iverna, by fifty-six seconds.

A Notorious Tough Killed.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Jack Stanton, a notorious tough, was shot and instantly killed by Officer Hedley Kellogg while resisting arrest.

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Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

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No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders' Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
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SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet
MAKER.
Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
John Peterson,
SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.
Residence 14 Linden avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect street.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 942.

Carpenters and Builders.
W. J. PIERSON, No. 18 Vine street. H. B. GAYLE, No. 12 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 213.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Fyons.
P. O. Box 1288.
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. F. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Second street, Watchung avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Fine store work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1564.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Manufacturer of hard wood mantel pieces, finish, counter and office fixtures and hospital furniture. Shop, 7 and 9 Second street, Plainfield, N. J. Residence, 9 Bogert street.

38c.
Buys a full size, re-inforced front, skirt, with fullest bosom and waistbands; regular 50c. quality.
17c.
Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.
Window Shades 16c. and upward.
Dress Chellies 5c. Best Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at
BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffee received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby points.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Do You Want Shirts?
If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for coal.
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags,
GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Real Estate & Insurance.
Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE.
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE
NO. 28 NORTH AVENUE. Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

IF!
A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 34. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
3 piece South America Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
3 piece Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Bolsters	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolster sheets and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 45c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portierre curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, 1 coches, Rocking Chairs, Settees and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro., to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time tables in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 14, 8 26, 9 47, 10 48, 11 48, 12 48, 1 48, 2 48, 3 48, 4 48, 5 48, 6 48, 7 48, 8 00, 9 15, 10 48, 11 48 p. m. Sundays, 7 14, 8 26, 9 47, 10 48 a. m., 12 48, 1 48, 2 48, 3 48, 4 48, 5 48, 6 48, 7 48, 8 00, 9 15, 10 48, 11 48 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty st., 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00, 7 15, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Leave New York, Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sundays, 5 00, 7 15, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Leave Jersey City, foot of Montgomery street, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m. Sundays, 5 15, 7 30, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m. Leave Newark, Market street, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sundays, 5 45, 8 00, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Leave Elizabeth, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m. Sundays, 6 15, 8 30, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m. Leave Rahway, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, 6 30, 8 45, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave Metuchen, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sundays, 6 45, 9 00, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Leave Perth Amboy, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sundays, 7 00, 9 15, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m. Sundays at 9 45, 10 45 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 45, a. m., 1 05, 5 20 p. m. Sundays at 9 45 a. m., 5 20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bethlehem, Easton, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge, Detroit, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Erie, Watkins, Ithaca, Geneva, Auburn, Syracuse, Utica, Rome, Oswego, Richfield Springs, Cooperstown, Sharon Springs, Schenectady, Albany, Troy, Saratoga, Lake George, Lake Champlain, Montreal, Boston, Portland, Mount Desert, Bar Harbor, Poland Springs, Kineo, Moosehead Lake, Megantic Lake, Quebec, Thousand Islands, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Wildwood, Anglesea, Holly Beach, Cape May Point, Atlantic City, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Long Branch, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head Junction, Lakewood, Tuckerton, Beach Haven, Little Egg Harbor, Barnegat, Forked River, Island Heights, Seaside Park, Toms River, Lakehurst, Whiting, Lakewood, Farmingdale, Squankum, Manasquan, Spring Lake

THE CURIOSITY SHOP

MOURNING CUSTOMS.

The Manner of Expressing Grief at Death in Different Countries.

From the earliest times the manner of expressing grief at death has differed in different countries. The Hebrew period of mourning was usually seven days, but in some instances, as at the death of Moses and Aaron, it was extended to thirty days. The mourners tore their clothing, cut off the hair and beard, strewed ashes on their heads and cast themselves on the ground weeping and smiting their breasts. The Greeks mourned thirty days, except in Sparta, where the mourning period was limited to ten days, and wore coarse black garments, cut off their hair and secluded themselves from the public gaze. In the event of the death of a great general the whole army cut off their hair and also the manes of their horses. The Roman mourning period lasted only a few days, but if the death was that of some great ruler or general all business was stopped and the forum and the schools were closed.

Among the Fiji islanders the women are required to burn their bodies on the death of a chief, and in the Sandwich islands the people go into mourning by knocking out the front teeth and by painting the lower part of the face black. The mourning color among the Romans under the republic was black or dark blue for both sexes, but during the empire the women wore white. In the Middle and North Africa the color is black. In Turkey, it is violet; in China, white; in Egypt, yellow; in Ethiopia, brown. It is customary in the countries in all European countries to go into mourning on the occasion of the death of a member of a royal family. The custom of draping buildings on the death of a great man or a hero of national reputation has always prevailed in the United States.

Suicide Among Soldiers.

Statistics collected by Dr. Langer and reported in The Medical Record covered a period of twelve years, from 1875 to 1887. The largest number of suicides occurred in the Austrian army, averaging 122 a year in each 10,000 soldiers. Next to Austria is Germany, which averaged 63 suicides to every 10,000 soldiers. In the Italian army on the average 40 soldiers in every 10,000 committed suicide every year. The French army from 1872 to 1882 lost in Europe 29 soldiers to every 10,000 annually, and in Algeria it lost just twice as many by suicide. In Belgium there occurred 24, in England, 29; in Russia, 26, and in Spain 14 to every 10,000. The cause of suicide in the army appears in most cases to be the fear of punishment, though not a few are driven to the act through aversion to military service or despair of ever being able to return to civil life.

Pearls.

Pearls are very perishable. They cannot be considered a first rate investment like diamonds. After a time they decay. Sometimes a fine specimen will lose its luster and value within a few months, so that the possessor of such treasures does well to keep them put away in a sealed place. They are very delicately made, consisting of thin films overlaid one upon another, with more or less animal matter between the layers, and it is no wonder that they deteriorate. Nevertheless there is a pure and evanescent beauty about them which seems better to become the maiden than any other sort of jewel. Nothing varies so much in value as pearls. With them fashion affects the market constantly. Sometimes white ones are sought, while other tints at inter vals are in demand. For some years past black pearls have been the rage.

Glassmaking.

The first attempt at glassmaking in America was naturally the production of bottles. Perhaps the first manufacturing enterprise undertaken on the American continent was a glass house. It was built in the woods about a mile from the new English settlement of Jamestown, Va., in 1608. The glass first made here was sent to England on the return voyage of the ship that brought over the glassmakers. This was the first exportation of any sort of manufactured product from the North American continent. The Jamestown glass house fell into decay, and in 1621 an other one was built expressly for the purpose of manufacturing beads for the Indians. It is altogether likely that glassmaking soon after was abandoned for many years afterward, as the next record of it bears date of 1787.

The Englishman and His Beer.

The most popular of the Englishman's drinks is undoubtedly his beer. The Anglo-Saxon took kindly to it, and the modern drinking song, more expressive than polite, testifies to its present popularity:

I loves a drop of good beer—I does,
I'se partikler fond of my beer—I is, etc.

Every man brewed his beer up to the Seventeenth century. It was in the reign of Elizabeth that public brewing had begun at Burton, which is now the metropolis of English beer, and which owes its pre-eminence in this respect to the quality of its water. The city, singular to relate, "still maintains the importance of beer as a beverage by keeping an ale conner, whose duty is to taste ales and see that the price charged is not excessive."

The Ghost Walks.

"The Ghost walks" is a bit of theatrical and journalistic slang for "salaries are paid," whose origin is thus explained: During a rehearsal of "Hamlet" by a company of English strolling players whose salaries had been long in arrears, the Ghost, in answer to Hamlet's exclamation, "Perchance 'twill walk again," shouted emphatically, "No! I'm d—d if the Ghost walks any more until our salaries are paid!"

A Baker's Dozen.

Originally a baker's dozen, i. e., thirteen, was called the devil's dozen. In the pretended Sabbath of the witches that number sat down at the table. Out of this association with the devil and witches came the idea of ill luck. In Davies' "Scourge of Folly," 1611, is the following stanza:

Nais, Menthe, Metre, Phrine, Mesalina,
Abrotonion, Lemne, Affanes, Laurentia,
Cithera, Chrome and Lucrifera Lecaste,
Make a baker's dozen with Asteanase.

The Orchid.

Punch gets this off on the orchid:

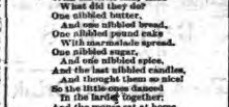
The orchid is a naughty plant, it loves the lordly hothouse:
'Tis rich, exotic, somewhat miscellaneous florist.
The rough herbaceous annual it vulgar deems and horrid.

CURIOUS YOUNG FOLKS

THE MOUSE AND THE PUSSY CAT.

Six Little Mice and Three Kittens Not So Wise as Their Mothers.

A little gray mousie
Lived in a shoe,
With six little silky mice—
What did they do?
One nibbled butter,
And one nibbled bread,
One nibbled pound cake
With marmalade spread.
One nibbled sugar,
And one nibbled spice,
And the last nibbled candles,
And thought them so nice!
So the little ones danced
In the larder together;
And the mouse sat at home,
And she lived upon leather.



THE MOUSE WHO LIVED IN A SHOE.

A little gray pussy cat
Lived among hay,
All by a basket,
With kittens at play.
One began purring;
And one mewed, "Mee-ow!"
One smelt a mouse,
And the others did too.
Said Pussy, "My children,
I'm sorry to ask it,
But please to sit still
And remain in the basket.
Mousing is difficult:
I'll go myself,
And look in the corners,
And up on the shelf."

So out of the basket
Their mother went flying;
And the three little kittens
Looked after her, crying.
Said Blackie, "Crish cat!"
And said Tabby, "Oh, dear!"
And the carrotty kitten
Said, "I won't stay here."
So they flourished their tails,
And got ready their claws,
And down all tumbled out
And fell right on their paws.

Now up on the shelf
There were six little mice;
And one nibbled sugar,
And one nibbled spice,
And one nibbled pound cake
With marmalade spread,
And one nibbled butter,
And one nibbled bread,
And one nibbled candles,
The wax and the wicks;
And the pussy cat counted,
And said, "There are six."
But just then a squeaking
Was heard at the door,
And the little mice, frightened,
Jumped down on the floor.

"PLEASE TO REMAIN IN THE BASKET."

A hound, and a scramble,
A rush, and a race,
And straight for the shoe
Went poor in chase.
But the old mouse by this time
Had nibbled through,
And the little ones ran
Through the hole in the shoe.
Through the hole in the shoe
Went the big mouse and all,
And in through a chink
Just behind in the wall.
The thick gray mousie
Then called them together,
And said, "Oh, my children,
There's nothing like leather."

A Boy King's Ambition.

Many anecdotes have been related of the baby king of Spain and his funny little ways, but here is another which shows that Alfonso XIII has his boyish thoughts even though he is a king. At Madrid recently the famous sculptor, Senor Querol, was engaged to make a statue of the young king, but the artist had great difficulty in hitting upon a suitable pose for his royal subject which should be natural and spirited. He was sitting one day thinking and regarding the boy as he sat looking out of the open window.

Suddenly the sound of a military band was heard in the street, and immediately the little monarch sprang up and brought his tiny hand to his forehead in the military salute.

"The flag, sir! the flag!" he exclaimed. "Salute the flag!"

In an instant the sculptor had found the pose he had been seeking, and made the statue represent the king just in the act of saluting the Spanish flag.

Later on, when the sculptor was at work on the statue, the king asked:

"Are you going to make me big?"

The artist replied that the statue would represent the king just a little larger than he was.

"Well," replied the young monarch, "I want you to make me very big with a long mustache!"

Animals That Never Drink.

It is difficult to believe that any animal exists entirely without water, yet such seems to be the established fact, in regard to which Golden Days has collected the following testimony of naturalists:

Mr. Blanford, in his book on Abyssinia, says that neither the doreas nor Benett's gazelle (two allied species) ever drink.

Darwin states, in his "Voyage of a Naturalist," that, unless the wild llamas of Patagonia drink salt water, in many localities they must drink none at all. The large and interesting group of sloths are alike in never drinking. A parrot is said to have lived in the zoological gardens, London, for fifty-two years without a drop of water.

It is often said that rabbits in a wild state never drink. The late Rev. J. G. Wood doubted whether this idea was correct, and recorded the fact that they feed on the herbage when it is heavy with dew, and therefore practically drink when eating. In the autumn and winter, when sheep are feeding on turnips, they require little or no water.

Evolution of the Peach.

Evolution has undoubtedly given us the luscious peach from a wild, hard shelled, poisonous nut of the almond type, from which ancient Persian warriors derived a substance with which to poison their arrows. The orange had its earlier beginnings in a tough skinned pod filled with seed. One can recognize this fact by some of the samples on the market—clearly cases of aurantian atavism.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 128,000. 1892.
Death claims paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 3601, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ST. Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE.
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. Finished accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows
30 WEST FRONT STREET.
and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**
Cut in Latest Styles.
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.
All Sizes and All Wool.
Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

AT RANDOLPH'S
Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
Also in Siphons.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer, Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. H. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

STRAIGHT TO HER HERO.

How Edith's Elusive Went to the Right Man.

I.

"E-e-e-dith! Where's that gal a moonin around now, I wonder?"

Startled by her aunt's shrill voice, Edith Everdene slipped hastily down from the stack of fragrant, new mown hay on which she had been lying, dreaming day dreams.

"What is it, aunt, dear?"

"Don't 'aunt dear' me, but git to work an git them eggs packed for Jonie to take to town. Here I've been feelin you for sixteen year, an you've got no more gratitude than to be layin around starin at the sky; we'en I'm slavin myself to keep you out the poorhouse!"

Edith's blue eyes filled with unshed tears, but she made no reply.

Moved by some idle impulse she wrote on one egg, "Edith Everdene, Briggsville, Ark."

"Perhaps this may bring my hero to me," she mused. "I wonder will he be as handsome as I have pictured him in my fancy?"

II.

"Rats! Come off! Kill him!"

Roscius Barnes Tormer, the tragedian, was giving his unequaled rendition of "Hamlet."

With the calm eye of experience he viewed the rain of oranges, potatoes and desiccudinous bananas that fell around him.

"Pretty good natured crowd," he mused, while "to be or not to be" rolled from his lips almost unconsciously. "Not an egg yet."

Scarce had this thought crossed his mind when he felt the old familiar crash of an eggshell on his aquiline nose, and the curtain was rung down.

"First fresh one I ever had throwed at me," he remarked as he idly picked up a piece of the shell. A bit of writing in a delicate feminine hand attracted his eye as he gazed at the fragment. "Twas the name and address of Edith Everdene.

III.

[From The Morning Scalpknife.]

Mr. Edgar Gumbleson, the manager of Miss Edie Everdene, the phenomenal southern soubrette, reports magnificent business for that charming little lady. It is no violation of confidence to say that in private life Miss Everdene is Mrs. Gumbleson. Mr. Gumbleson was at one time a noted tragedian, under the pseudonym of R. Barnes Tormer, but his entire attention is now given to the interests of his talented and vivacious wife.—Indianapolis Journal.

His Greatest Effort.

"Do you think a man does his best work when he writes for money?"

"I should say so," replied the young man. "About the cleverest writing I ever did was a letter that convinced my uncle I needed a hundred."—Washington Star.

In a Pickwickian Sense.

"Aha! I've been looking for you! What did you mean, sir, by telling a friend of mine the other day that I was a hard citizen?"

"I—I meant that you were a regular brick."—Chicago Tribune.

Consoling.

Miss Port (at the museum)—Oh, I'm afraid to go near the snake's cage. He might bite me.

The Keeper—Oh, don't be alarmed, miss; he never bites, he swallows his victles whole.—Harvard Lampoon.

A Patient Mother.

Did you ever see a small boy—or girl either, for that matter—who didn't ask questions?

Of course you didn't, unless you were born blind.

It was a boy in this instance and he was with his mother in the waiting room of the Beish street station half an hour before train time. He had exhausted all the subjects suggested by his surroundings and come down to himself.

"Mamma," he said, "why wasn't I a little girl?"

"Really, Freddie, I can't tell you," she answered good naturedly.

"If I'd been a little girl I wouldn't have been a little boy, would I?"

"No, Freddie."

"I couldn't be both unless I was twins, could I?"

"Scarcely."

"If I'd been a little girl, mamma, I wouldn't have been a man when I growed up, would I?"

"No; you would have been a woman."

"Is a woman a growed up little girl?"

"Yes."

"Do all little girls grow up and be women?"

"Unless they die."

"Do little boys die too?"

"Some of them."

"Do them that don't grow up to be men?"

"Yes, Freddie."

"Will I be a man some day, mamma?"

"Yes, Freddie, I hope so."

"If I growed up to be a woman I wouldn't have whiskers and wear pants, would I?"

"No."

"Why, mamma?"

"Because women don't do those things, Freddie."

"Why don't they?"

"Because they can't."

"Why can't they?"

"Because they can't."

"Why not, mamma?"

"Oh, just because."

"What's because, mamma?"

What the patient mother would have answered will never be known, for the train was announced and she hurried out with the kid.—Detroit Free Press.

The Usual Plan.

"Don't you want to buy a good cyclopedia?" inquired the canvasser.

"What do I want of a cyclopedia?"

"Everybody needs one. Suppose you want to ascertain how many inhabitants Madagascar has, or who was the first Odd Fellow, or what the distance is from the earth to the moon, or when the first Atlantic cable was laid, and you've got to know right off—what are you going to do?"

"Write a letter of inquiry to some newspaper and find out," retorted Mr. Veritas indignantly. "Think I'm a blamed gourdhead?"

And he kicked the agent down stairs.—Chicago Tribune.

Knew the Sex.

"I don't think there is any chance for me with Miss Daisy."

"Why not?"

"She doesn't seem to care anything about me."

"How does she treat you?"

"Jelly and haughtily. Every other fellow she treats kindly, but me—well, I guess there's no chance for me."

"Why, man, you are the one she loves. You're in luck if you only knew it."—New York Press.

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for ladies, gentlemen and children. The ladies' and gentlemen's hose you buy for 25c. per pair, and the children's for 13c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye.

Wash Dress Fabrics.

A little late in the season to buy wash dress goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more in favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Satteen at 13 and 18c., Bedford Cord at 10c., Figured India Linen at 13c., Irish Lawn at 12c., and Challies 5c. Matting.

We start a clearing up sale of Matting, and will close our entire stock at actual cost.

VanEmburgh & White

CARRIAGES
and
HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessable at Any Time.
RYERSON,
32 SOMERSET STREET.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'.

BUTTER.
FINE - TABLE - BUTTER
18c. per Pound.
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

We are getting away with lots of Russet Shoes this month—now is the time to buy them.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S,
23 West Front street.
P. S.—Our $3 shoe never takes a back seat.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
that A. G. VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 10c. lb.
COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

This Date in History—July 11.

1456—Jack Cade was killed.
1546—Mrs. William Shakespeare died, aged about 90.
1704—The Duke of Marlborough and Prince Eugene defeated the French at Oudenarde.
1767—John Quincy Adams, sixth president of the United States, born in Braintree, Mass.; died 1848.
1771—John Rodgers, naval hero, born in Philadelphia; commodore, died 1838.
1804—Aaron Burr killed Alexander Hamilton.
1822—Birth of E. J. Phelps, ex-minister to England.
1830—Peace of Villefranche signed, ending the French-Italian-Austrian war.
1862—Alexandria bombarded by a British fleet; awful massacre of Europeans by the natives.
1884—Cleveland and Hendricks nominated by the Democrats at Chicago.
1885—23 men were killed by fire in a mine at Kimberley, South Africa. General Isaac G. Smith died in Brooklyn; born 1836.

Said by Two Children.

Alice's grandpapa had set her bantam hen on eleven cunning white eggs, and Alice was greatly interested in watching the result. One day she ran into the house, calling excitedly, "Mamma, mamma, two chickens have bloomed!"

Mamie had been sewing and was looking vainly for the scissors to cut her thread. Finally she whined out, "Oh dear! I can't find anything to unsew this needle."—Youth's Companion.

What It Stood For.

"So Mrs. Billbank is going away," said Mr. Cumrox. I see she sent you her card."

"Yes," replied his wife.

"What got P. P. C. on it. I guess that stands for something tellin about why she's goin."

"Maybe it does. An judging from a couple of hours I spent in her neighborhood it probably refers to 'pianos, parrots and children.'"—Washington Star.

Is It Suitable?

Mrs. Tolling—I'm going to make me a bath robe.

Mrs. Dimling—Are you?

"Yes. I have bought the loveliest piece of watered silk for the purpose."—Detroit Free Press.

1892 JULY. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	0:13 p. m.	Third Quarter	16	9:46 p. m.
Full Moon	9	9:44 p. m.	New Moon	23	1:31 p. m.
			First Quarter	31	2:45 p. m.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I.
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes east from the DEPOT.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
W. M. JENKINS, Prop.
Now opened for guests. Grand opening Hop July 9d. 6 13 tm

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
13 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEE TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine cry repairs.
Agent for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box I. Telephone Call 62. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, JULY 12, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

BREVITIES

—A party of young folks from Cranford will come on a straw ride to this city on Thursday evening.

—The First Baptist Sunday-school excursion will leave Asbury Park at six o'clock instead of at 5.30 as advertised.

—Winfield Scott Post will hold a regular encampment at the Post rooms tonight. At the meeting, final details to attend the Washington encampment will be arranged.

—It is stated that owing to the pressure of business, the Street Railroad Company will not be able to have their cars here by July 15th. It will probably be August 1st, before the road is running.

—There is a lull in bicycle racing for this week, all the racing men are resting, preparatory to the national meet at Washington on Tuesday and Wednesday next. It will be a great gathering of both the racing talent and all the men prominent in league politics.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Geo. Chapman and family are at Lake Hopatcong.

Mr. Clifford Wharton, Jr., and family are at Lake Hopatcong.

Mrs. Dexter Tiffany and Dr. W. H. Murray are at Mount Pocono.

The wedding of Mr. J. Howard Leggett to Miss Carrie Parker will take place Monday evening at six o'clock.

Mr. Joseph Beech, of this city, spent Sunday in Rahway. Mr. Beach was a resident of that city many years.

A fair will be held at the Hotel Nether'wood to-night for the benefit of a blind girl. Mrs. H. W. Williams has charge of the arrangements.

Mr. Alfred Obitz, of this city, started on Saturday for a trip West. During his stay he will visit Graham, Texas, where he is a property owner. Before his return Mr. Obitz will take a trip to California.

Mr. Samuel E. Birdsall, of this city, a ship chandler in New York, lost a vessel named Henry R. Tilton last Saturday afternoon. The Government experimenters were trying a new kind of powder, and accidentally a shell struck the schooner. It sank while being towed to Staten Island.

The Rev. J. P. Taylor and family, Mr. Samuel Townsend and family, Mrs. W. C. Feats and child, of Fanwood, Mrs. T. E. Kimball, Mrs. C. E. Lyman and family, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Lee and family, Mr. Frank Bushnell and family; Miss Mary Many, Miss Sarah Dean, Miss Lulu Hogan, Mr. George Schoonmaker, Mr. John Thatcher and Mr. Charles F. Parmeler are at Asbury Park.

Nicolai Guilty.

The Presbytery of Elizabeth, after being in session all yesterday afternoon, brought in a verdict of guilty against the Rev. Nicholas Nicolai, late pastor of the German Presbyterian church here. He is who is a fugitive from justice, three charges of forgery being made against him.

He was deposed from the ministry and excommunicated from the church by a unanimous vote of the Presbytery, after an executive session lasting only ten minutes. This was the severest penalty that could be inflicted on the accused man by the Presbyterian church.

Nicolai had a fair trial, the Rev. Dr. Teal ably conducting the cross-examination of witnesses in his interest. Dr. Teal, at the conclusion of the testimony, frankly admitted that while the charge that Nicolai had made the forged checks was not proved, it had been conclusively shown that he was synonymous and collusion with the forger, and passed the checks knowing them to be fraudulent.

Nicolai is at present believed to be in California.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending July 11th, 1892:

Bennett, B F	Lewis, Mrs Clara
Bolton, Miss Agnes	McChesney, Mrs A
Crowell, Mrs A R	Minis, Mrs Flavel L
Clark, Mrs C W	Moran, Mrs Daniel
Darty, Mrs Wm J	Morris, Ed
Daly, Mrs	Morshy, N
Flaherty, Annie	McIntire, Patrick
Gibson, Mrs Maggie	Pound, John
Hetts, Miss A	Rock, John
Hedden, Miss Kate	Smith, Miss Fmma
Henery, Mrs T	Sheppard, R M
Hamilton, Mrs H (2)	Smith, Mrs Susan
Halligan, James	Wooton, J W
Johnson, John H	Weeks, Mrs Isaac F
Knoeppler, Miss H	Wekl, Mrs. Nellie
	Van Deventer, Jas

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. R. Pope, Postmaster

The King's Daughters.

Quite a number of "King's Daughters" from this city, went to the annual convention of that society, which was held in Ocean Grove, yesterday. A large number from the Christian Endeavor convention were also present.

The King's Daughters and the C. E.'s go hand in hand. A church girl is considered wanting in enthusiasm if her C. E. pin does not hold a dangling silver cross in the folds of her gown somewhere.

Further Particulars of Yesterday's Accident.

Among the passengers in Allen's stage which overturned on Somerset street, as was reported in THE NEWS, was Mr. Miles of this city. He arose from the wreck apparently uninjured, but when he arrived at his office in New York, he was suffering intense inward pain, and was compelled to return to this city.

Mrs. Ireland's little baby, which was jostled pretty badly when the stage upset, escaped uninjured.

VICTORY AGAIN FOR THE PLAINFIELDERS.

The St. George C. C. go to Harlem and Defeat the Cricketers of that City.

On Saturday, July 9th, 1892, the Plainfield cricketers journeyed to Central Park, New York, to play a game against the Harlemites, and obtained an easy victory over them.

The Plainfielders went to the bat first, and after 33 runs at the fall of the fourth wicket when it was decided to close the innings, as the Harlemites did not seem "in it." The home team were all put out for 37 runs, thus losing the match by 6 wickets and 45 runs. John Ogden, F. Wharton and J. Arden contributed 35, 12 and 17 runs respectively for the Plainfielders.

The following is the result of the innings:

PLAINFIELD.	
James Ogden, b. Fichtie	0
John Ogden, c. Hendrick, b. Briggs	35
F. Wharton, run out	12
J. Arden, run out	17
J. S. Higham, not out	5
T. Chamberlain, not out	5
H. Turner, H. Marston, H. Hendrix, C. Jolly, T. Reid, Byes	to bat. 2
Wides	5
Total	86

HARLEM.	
Briggs, c. b. Hendrix	3
Fichtie, c. b. Higham	2
Post, c. Arden, b. Higham	3
Bourne, b. Higham	4
Carroll, b. Hendrix	4
Albagon, b. Higham	0
Fenwick, b. Higham	0
MacFarland, not out	5
Rennie, c. Wharton, b. Arden	3
Porreth, b. Arden	0
Byes	2
Wides	1
Total	37

Incendiaries at Woodbridge.

The citizens of Woodbridge were aroused Monday, between 12.30 and 2.30 a. m., by the church bells, gongs and whistles sounding a fire-alarm. Soon flames were seen issuing from a hay barn on Woodbridge avenue, leading to Seswarem, owned by Donald McVickar. A second alarm was given, and it was found that the Salamander Terra Cotta Company's stables in Woodbridge were also on fire. In this building were hay, grain and seventeen horses and mules. Every effort was made by Night Watchman Wheden, assisted by Superintendent W. W. Middleton, to quench the flames, but to no avail. The men succeeded in rescuing three animals.

The streets soon became filled with anxious people. While the excitement was at its height a third alarm was heard. This time it proceeded from a barn on Main street, belonging to Winfield J. Auness, a feed dealer. Before there could be any hope of rescue, four horses and four mules were burned. The loss is estimated at $6,000.

These simultaneous fires have created great alarm. That they were the work of an incendiary no one seems to doubt, but the motive is unknown. Constable McDonald is investigating.

The Salamander Company is not insured. His loss is about $2,000. The Salamander Company is partly insured. The loss is about $12,000. The works were saved. Winfield Auness had his property insured for a small amount.

The report that the incendiaries came from Sewaren, where they had been carousing, has been shown to be without foundation. Woodbridge has no fire company.

A meeting was held last night in the village hall, presided over by Judge A. D. Brown, Chairman of the Town Committee. The building was crowded and there were fierce denunciations of the incendiaries and many threats as to their treatment if caught. Resolutions were passed by the Town Committee offering a reward of $500 for the arrest and conviction of the incendiaries. Last night the village was patrolled and guarded by men.

Wanamassa Camp.

Several of her young men are spending the Summer months at the Young Men's Christian Association camp at Wanamassa, near Asbury Park.

The camp includes eight acres and is but a few moments' walk from the railroad depot at North Asbury Park, and the belt Electric Road to Ocean Grove and the Beach. The surf bathing houses and the long board walk can be reached by a walk of fifteen minutes, or by steam launch, by rowboat, or electric cars, thus avoiding the dust of a Potts Retreat and all the privileges of the seashore in harmonious and convenient combination.

The Athletic Grounds cover seven acres, and are located a short distance west of the camp. They include a gymnasium, bowling alley, bicycle track, base ball diamond, lawn-tennis courts and croquet grounds.

St. John's Guild.

On Thursday, St. John's Guild began its Summer campaign for the relief of the thousands of sick children of the poor, who may be found in close, stifling and unhealthy quarters in the crowded tenement houses of New York.

Few of the thousands who go out upon the numerous excursion boats that daily ply upon the waters of the rivers and bay, or cross in the ferry boats to either Brooklyn or New Jersey, can have failed to see a striking-looking vessel bearing the name "Floating Hospital of St. John's Guild."

This is the nineteenth season of this great work, and during the past eighteen years over 450,000 people have been benefitted by this floating hospital.

PAPIAC.

Why the Owner Changes the Name of this Popular Resort.

As was announced in this paper some time ago, Mr. C. W. Boynton, the owner and proprietor of Boynton's Beach, has changed the name of that popular resort to Papiac.

The name Papiac, originates from a tribe of Indians, who inhabited the peninsula one-half mile wide and two miles long, on which Boynton Beach now stands. The peninsula was called Papiac neck and the creek which is now known as Woodbridge creek was formally Papiac creek.

The deeds of land 100 years ago gave the name of Papiac to that locality, and Mr. Boynton thought best to restore to the place its proper name.

The beach at this place is perfect, sandy, level, broad and well situated, and until one goes to the place it is not appreciated. An immense pavilion has been built which skirts the water. Sliding doors and windows make it possible to close the place at a moment's warning of wind or rain.

Back of this pavilion is the restaurant, and on each side of the latter, bowling alleys, steam merry-go-rounds, photograph gallery and swings, while all around and above are grand trees which make the place famous. The table accommodations are situated in the best places—a rare thing on picnic grounds. In the heart of the grove is a splendid well. That well is a wonder. Usually good water is scarcer than grease at picnic grounds, because its presence would check the sale of soda water, etc. Thus Mr. Boynton furnishes his patrons an ideal holiday ground.

Jersey Women at the World's Fair.

A conference was held on Friday evening last between Mrs. B. Williamson, Jr., of Elizabeth, and Mrs. Charles W. Compton, of Newark, as alternate on the Board of Managers of the World's Columbian Exposition, in the interest of the New Jersey women's representation there.

The immediate purpose of the conference was a discussion of who should be the woman chosen as a representative of the State by bust, picture, or otherwise in the Women's Pavilion at Chicago. Nothing was decided upon, but as Mrs. Williamson is probably the only woman in the State in direct control of the affairs of both parties, her interest and influence will count for a good deal to those who are working for the State.

Mrs. Gould of Illinois, one of the National Commissioners for the World's Columbian Exposition, and also a member of the State Board of Illinois, organized for the same purpose, is in Newark, the guest of Miss Bussolle, of the Board of Lady Managers. Mrs. Gould has done more talking for the World's Fair than any woman in Illinois, having been in every town in her State for the purpose of arousing public sentiment.

It Wasn't Her Purse.

She was from the country, and the cars on the Pavonia ferry were crowded. You would learn the first from the tan on her nose and the second from the way she hung on to it there had been any room or doubt on either point it would have been removed by her bag. The woman from Jersey always carries a bag when she comes to town.

She was on a Broadway car, and had ridden all the way from Grand street up to Twenty-first. There she signalled the conductor to let her off. She let it come to a dead standstill before she rose from her seat. Then she made a leisurely progress to the door and stepped from the platform, still deliberately.

The car was well under way in obedience to the impatient jerk of the conductor's bell before he espied a purse lying where the woman had been seated. He picked it up, took out a card, scaled the purse, and with "Just like a woman," he made a break for the platform and hailed the woman.

"Here's your purse," he yelled. "You've left it on the seat."

She turned, walked unhurriedly back to the car, looked hard at the purse and said in a positive tone:

"I can take it, if you wish, but it isn't mine!"

The car, with a mad conductor and a load of amused passengers, was started on its way by a tingle that almost wrecked the bell-rope.

The woman smiled and returned to the sidewalk.—N. Y. World.

A Church's Semi-Centennial.

The Reformed Church people in Somerset county had a notable celebration Sunday in the semi-centennial of the Reformed church at Griggstown. The Rev. James L. Southard, pastor, read an interesting history of the founding and development of the church, and related many incidents during the regime of former pastors, who served as follows: Rev. J. S. Lord, 1842-1847; Rev. John A. Todd, 1848-1855; Rev. Stephen Searle, 1850-1872; Rev. Robert G. Williams, 1874-1877; Rev. J. Preston Searle, 1879-1881; Rev. John G. Gebhard, 1882-1885; Rev. Robert Palmer, 1886-1890. Congratulatory speeches were made by the Rev. J. S. Mesick, former Pastors Gebhard and Palmer, and John F. Hageman, of Princeton. The pastors of other churches, Rev. F. W. Hunt, of Martinsville; Rev. Mr. Shaefer, of Millstone, and Rev. George M. S. Blauvelt, of Franklin Park, also Rev. A. Pago Peeke, of East Millstone, also brought greetings. People were present from all parts of Somerset and adjoining counties.

A Bicycle Race.

A bicycle race between Compton Vail and Harry Milligan was run yesterday afternoon at five o'clock, to Westfield and return, the winner to receive a silver medal.

Mr. E. Stevens was the starter and Mr. Hawes kept the time.

Milligan went the distance in 24½ minutes and Vail in 29 minutes.

POLICE BLOTTER.

Three Cases Before City Judge Coddington this Morning.

Margaret Johnson was arraigned before Judge Coddington this morning, charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct. She was found guilty and sentenced to 20 days in the county jail.

Daniel Vail plead guilty to the charge of drunkenness. Sentence was deferred.

Peter Rothmaker was arrested yesterday for peddling without a license. He was fined two dollars and released.

M. A. C. C. Century Run.

The Metropolitan Association of Cycle Clubs, composed of Captain F. L. C. Martin, Plainfield Bi Club, Messrs. H. D. Bratton, Prospect Wheelmen, J. J. Woods, Columbia Cyclers; W. R. Lowe, Harlem Wheelmen; H. L. Satterstahl, Elizabeth Athletic Club; Fred. Kerr, Hudson County Wheelmen; and Waldo E. Fuller, Brooklyn Bicycle Club, have perfected arrangements for their grand Century run. They took radical action by changing the date and destination which had originally been fixed upon, and named July 23 as the day, and the route Newark to Princeton, N. J., and return.

July 2 was the day originally decided on for the run, and the destination Jersey City to Greenwood Lake and return. But after mature deliberation the committee decided that it would be better to change them both. It was thought best to change the day, as it was found that it would interfere with important race meets, and a great many cyclers who would like to take part in the run had made arrangements to tour for the third days July 4 to 6. It was thought also that a number of cyclists from different parts of the country who would be at the L. A. W. meet at Washington, July 18 to 20, might be glad of an opportunity to join these Eastern conferees in a run of this kind.

Greenwood Lake, while offering good roads and beautiful scenery, is hilly, and perhaps too much for the average rider. The hotel accommodations also were uncertain.

The committee thought that the Newark-Princeton route offered the advantages of greater convenience, comfort, and economy, and accordingly selected it.

They also think that the run to Princeton and return is better than 100 miles straight away, because the New York and New Jersey riders will be near home at the end of their day's ride, and can rest much better at home than at hotels.

The run will also be more economical, as it will avoid hotel bills at the end of the run, and the expense of the return trip to New York.

To-morrow's Game.

To-morrow afternoon, the Staten Island Athletic Club will visit this city and play the fourth game in the series between that club and the Crescents. The latter have won two of the three games played.

The batting order will be as follows:

Staten Island—VanZant, 2b.; Kruse, c.; Orvill, 1b.; Brown, Manhattan, l.f.; Collin, c.f.; DeGermendia, 3b.; Vroom; r.f.; Clare, p. Extras—Carter and Moore.

Crescents—Hofford, c.; Daley, 3b.; Murphy, l.f.; Turner, 2b.; Hammill, r.f.; Bonner, s.s.; Jones, 1b.; Meakin, p. Extras—Powers.

Elizabeth vs. Plainfield.

What a surprise came from Plainfield on Saturday night. Phew! Don't the Crescents feel sick. And on their own grounds too. Just think of the score, 7 to 2 in favor of the Westfield nine. Well, the Crescents have not yet won the pennant, and if Elizabeth follows the lead of her country cousins and wins next Saturday's game the Plainfielders will not occupy first place.

Next Saturday comes the tug of war. It will be the Crescents of Plainfield, and they are pennilets that Elizabeth will surely be "in it." The Plainfielders have been in a demoralized state, but are doing their best to do bad to do bad—do with the Y. M. C. I. A.—Elizabeth Journal.

The Coffee Cart.

Plainfield, N. J., has a Reform Club and the ladies of the club have a very fine coffee cart and propose to furnish free coffee to the firemen, at work at a fire if the merchants and citizens will contribute a sum sufficient to enable them to carry on the work. Chief Donnelly expresses himself in favor of the project and says that there is nothing so good for the tired and wet firemen as a cup of good hot coffee. From our experience as a fireman we have found this so, and the good women of Plainfield should have no trouble in getting all the money necessary.—Fireman's Herald.

The Rev. H. T. Miller Accepts.

The Rev. Henry T. Miller of the Fifth Presbyterian church, of Chicago, has accepted a call to the First Presbyterian church of this city and will probably occupy the pulpit of the latter church next Sunday.

DEATHS.

McKINNEY—In this city, Monday, July 11th, 1892, Robert L., son of Roberta and the late Andrew McKinney, aged 19 years.

Funeral services from its late residence, No. 19 Grove avenue, Thursday, July 14th at 10.30 a. m. Please omit flowers. 12-3t*

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. At Harvard Academy, 167 Park avenue. Open to French and German. Class lessons etc., private lessons $1.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

WILLIAM ASTOR IS NOT DEAD.

The Report Started in Wrong.

London, July 12. (Special.)—The report that William Waldorf Astor died here yesterday afternoon is not true.

At one o'clock this afternoon the correspondent of the United Press who called at Lansdowne House to inquire about Mr. Astor's condition was informed by a member of the family that Mr. Astor was doing splendidly.

WILLIAM W. ASTOR.

The family was shocked to learn of the report that had been current in New York, and that all the New York papers contained accounts of his death, and a history of his life.

According to the latest dispatch Wm. Waldorf Astor will probably enjoy for years yet his immense fortune, estimated at $150,000,000.

MILITARY RULE AT HOMESTEAD

The Strikers Receive the Soldiers Peaceably.

Homestead, Pa., July 12th, (Special.)—At nine o'clock this morning the National Guard began to arrive at Munhall station.

As soon as they had formed in line, with the Second Brigade in advance, the troops started for the hills which overlook the town. The bands played, and as the men proceeded to get into position everything was quiet and there were no indications of an outbreak on the part of the strikers or opposition to the soldiers.

At 9.40 the first detachment of troops entered the town.

The troops at once surrounded the mills and mounted guard. Their reception by the strikers was of a very friendly character.

CYRUS W. FIELD DEAD.

The Great Financier Passed Away this Morning.

Dobbs Ferry, July 12. (Special.)—Cyrus W. Field died at 9.55 o'clock this morning at his country home in Ardsley Park. He was attacked early this morning by one of the violent delirium spells which have occurred so frequently during his recent illness. Dr. Cantani was at once summoned from Tarrytown and administered some anodyne, with the hopes of getting his patient to sleep. The medicine, however, proved of no avail, and in less than three hours the aged financier was dead.

A Suicide Sitting on a Pier.

New York, July 12th, (Special.)—The policeman patrolling East Twenty-third street to the river saw a man sitting on the pier at four o'clock this morning, as if asleep. He leaned in head against the stringpiece. When the policeman poked it gently with his club, to rouse him, it fell forward, and the body keeled over, falling stiffly on its face. It was rigid. The man was not asleep, but dead.

Looking closer, the policeman saw that there was a bullet hole through the head and that the dead hand gripped a pistol.

ENERGY ebbs and flows. Nature points out the proper resting time when she makes men hungry. She also indicates the proper food for sustaining strength. At breakfast it should be H-O.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.

Refrigerators. . . Lawn Mowers, . . Ice Cream Freezers. . Hammocks. . . .

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware, . . . Paints Oils, Seeds. Carpenter and Machinist's Tools. Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

A NEW SUPPLY OF

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,

IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.

These goods are well-made and neat-fitting.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.

The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's

Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,

at

EDSALL'S!

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows 130 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to $10

Cut in Latest Styles,

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Lumber & Coal

Loomis & Rice

B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75 A.

Cent-a-Word Column.

HELP WANTED.

WHITE laundress wanted by the day. 5 Second place. 11 3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call 21 Vine street. 11 3

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Two rings, between Carlton avenue and station. Suitable reward for return to 30 Carlton avenue. 11 2

MONEY TO LOAN.

$2,500 TO LOAN on gilt-edged security. Also smaller sums. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS.

FOR SALE.

A NON-RESIDENT offers to highest bidder, lots, corner Somerset street and Brandywine avenue. Also line of electric street railway. 56 Dorchester avenue, Cleveland, O. 12 5*

$40 CASH will buy a ball bearing safety bicycle, worth double the money. Almost new and in perfect condition. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS.

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized road. Also ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 11f

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Purchase Co., 11 Somerset street. 9-30f

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 23f

GET YOUR Bicycle Repaired at NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J. by Henry Goeller, Jr.

First Baptist SUNDAY SCHOOLS EXCURSION TO Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, on Wednesday, July 20.

Trains leave Plainfield at 6 a. m., returning leave Asbury Park at 6.00 p. m.

Tickets for adults $1.25; children under 12 years of age 90c.

Stops will be made at Long Branch each way.

Tickets may be purchased at L. W. Randolph's pharmacy and at A. M. Vanderbeek's music store. 5 9 12 16 19

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach,)

Our nearest salt water resort. A 10-acre shady grove close to the beach. Forty minutes from Plainfield by C. R. R. of New Jersey.

This famous day Summer resort has been greatly improved the present season by the erection of a grand new pavilion, a large restaurant, where refreshments are sold at moderate rates. A base ball diamond and Lawn Tennis Court, and a fine bowling alley.

There is also a fine equipment of boats for rowing, fishing or crabbing, a fine sandy beach for bathing, plenty of houses and suits. Numerous picnic tables (free) for excursionists. Fine piano in the pavilion, music every day. First class steam Merry-go-rounds and swings. Naptha launch, making 10-cent trips around the sound. No intoxicants sold, no disorder, a perfectly safe place at any time for ladies and children.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue. Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent. 61 Park avenue.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12½ and 15c.

Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

Gauze vests, 25c.

Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.

Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c, 40c. and 50c.

Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

A Frenchman goes to church on the occasion of a wedding or a funeral in his family.

When you have got yourself into a very deep hole, the easiest way to get out of it is to go crazy.

Women have ceased to laugh any more, says The Jenness-Miller Magazine, probably because their tight corsets do not leave them room to shake their sides freely. Still we notice that girls are yet able to giggle about as much as ever.

After all her scolding about the United States, Canada is the first country to send in an exhibit to our World's fair of 1892. Part of her show is already on the ground at Chicago in the shape of thirteen immense logs from the Canada pineries. These, with sections of the California big trees and some specimens of American timber from Washington state, will make the visitors from Europe open their eyes. One of the Washington or Canadian American trees would make three or four of the average sized European trees.

In July.

Think of the cool, green sea, with its restful, rhythmic breakers splashing the pebbly shore. Think of yourself flitting, sipping lemonade and watching them, doing nothing, so idle that you are not even talking to your best girl. Think of a great rock, high above you, with shadowy ferns growing in its clefts, with water from *an ice cold spring* trickling down its sides and murmuring merrily as it flows off into a crystal clear pool, where goldfish dart hither and thither and silvery white lilies lie upon the surface, image of eternal peace and coolness.

Think of snow six feet deep in the valleys of the Rocky mountains, crusted over hard, and of you skimming over its surface upon snowshoes. Think of an iceberg, mountain high, with a polar bear clinging to its sides, the mighty berg looming upon the horizon and sinking the temperature of the air and water down to freezing. Fancy the glisten of the cold moonlight upon its frosty sides and the sparkle of the snow across its icy field. Think of the north pole covered with icicles, sticking out stark and stiff from the tablelands of eternal snow. Think of falling into a river with the thermometer at zero, and of rescuing yourself by catching on to floating cakes of ice.

Finally, if all this does not cool you off, *think of the reception you will get* from your rich uncle when you ask him to lend you a hundred dollars.

Illiberal Liberals.

Anna Dickinson calls the meeting in which she made her first speech "a bear garden." It was at a gathering of an organization of people calling themselves "Friends of Free Thought," or something like that. The girl orator found what many another person has found before and since, that the most truly bigoted, narrowminded and illiberal persons on earth are those who style themselves liberal thinkers.

Many a man who flatters himself he is abreast of the scientific thought of to day and has cast off all old superstitions is much harder to get on with peaceably than the severest orthodox Christian. The Christian of any shade of belief has at least traditions of brotherly love and divine tenderness and pity. The man who has emancipated himself from all this has no traditions at all of love or kindliness; he has nothing to teach him patience with human weakness or suffering. He mistakes the sneering at all that men reverence for a sign of superiority.

There are some things the self constituted champions of so called free thought will have to learn before they make any impression on a weak and wrong headed world. The first is that the world is wide enough for everybody *in it, and that the Christian has quite as* good a right to his belief as the so called liberal to his nonbelief. The second thing is that humility of spirit is the very first requisite to progress in science of any sort whatever, and that when a man takes leave of this teachable spirit he will never learn anything more, and he is as arrogant and bigoted as any inquisitor that ever burned heretics or witches in the good old time.

Another fact the self styled liberal thinkers must learn is that a gang of hard headed materialists, held together only by the certainty each has of getting a chance to hear himself talk at a meeting, never did and never will do the world any practical good. Furthermore, that jawing and insulting one another and all the rest of the world is not a proof of superior intellect; neither are brutally bad manners a sign of independence of thought.

Only the spirit that holds itself receptive and ready to follow truth whithersoever it may lead, the spirit that is humble and teachable; that loves humanity with a tenderness which would sacrifice life for its good; that is tolerant to all mankind, recognizing that in matters of more opinion every other mind is just as apt to be right as it is, and that all who earnestly seek the right way will find it, each in his own path, only this kind of an advanced thinker ever does the world any good.

The County Fair.

Two generations ago wax fruit and hair flowers were in the line of ladylike accomplishments what feminine wood carving and house decoration are today. Young women did embroidery and worked samplers then. Today they row boats, swim and practice with dumbbells. *Not one women in a million ever* makes hair flowers or waxworks in our time. But the managers of county fairs have not found this out yet, and therefore still offer premiums for these articles. We take the present occasion to make the facts in the case known to them. We call their attention to the fact that the sewing machine does the embroidery now. In place of the hair flower business the girl of one generation painted china, but the girl of the present does not even do that any more. She does not even roll her eyes upward and whang a guitar. With tears in our eyes we beg the county fair managers to give that hair flower and wax flower chestnut a rest. It certainly deserves it. Let us lay it away with the weeping willow and tombstone picture and the samplers of the distant past.

Then there are the five cent prize man, "every package containing a prize," the brass jewelry board, the miniature horse race, "cigars thrown in," etc., and the other devices whereby the wretched fakir swindles the rural boy out of his treasured nickels and dimes. He would probably be arrested in a city street if he undertook his skin game, but here he flourishes unchecked. It may be that the hair flower and wax work business and the petty five cent fakirs have an important connection with the progress of rural civilization in this country, but if so it is not apparent to the unprejudiced outsider.

Hungarian Railway Fares.

The zone system of railway fare collection has now been in operation in Hungary three years. It was inaugurated originally by the Hungarian minister of commerce and railways, Von Baross. Frequent mention has been made of the experiment—how Buda-Pesth was taken as a center, how imaginary circles were drawn about it two miles apart, and every railway station within one of the given zones all about the city was reached for the same fare. At the same time the railway fares were reduced to about one cent a mile, no commutation or return tickets.

Time sufficient has now elapsed to sum up the result of the system. Travel on the roads has well nigh doubled in the three years. Although fares were so reduced, yet the railway revenues have been somewhat increased. This is owing largely to a reduction in expenses. Numbers of ticket agents and much ticket stamping have been dispensed with. The tickets can be bought at cigar shops or places where stamps are sold.

There are fourteen zones in the circuit about Buda Pesth. The system has proved so satisfactory there that in time *it will probably make its way with* modification into other parts of Europe and into the United States. Its greatest merit would be the cheapening of railway fares, so that poor working people could live in suburban towns.

Walter Besant says it is "almost safe" to predict for the United States before long such an outburst of literary genius as England has not seen since the time of Elizabeth. Everything is favorable to it; all the material and opportunity are overflowing in rich abundance, waiting only for the genius that shall touch them into living beauty. Mr. Besant *is right. The outburst that he talks of* is in the air. Heretofore few great American books have been written because there had not been time to fuse our immense quantity of crude material in the crucible of thought and work it up into shining jewels. It is with our literary work as with our mines, the crude ore must be smelted and worked. The preliminary work has been done; now look for the flash of the jewels, which is sure to come. The best and grandest in all fields of human achievement we are going to have in the United States. The material resources of our country have been conquered; now it is time to turn to literary, artistic and social ideals.

A writer on education regrets the great number of small so called colleges that are scattered through this country, especially in the west. But what would we do without them? At the June examination for Princeton freshmen there were 535 applicants with another examination to be held in September. The large colleges will not hold all the students at the rate at which they are swarming in, and it is well that the small ones are here to catch the overflow. Besides this, the more small colleges there are the sooner and the more clearly the somewhat hazy line between the college and the university will be drawn in America. The small colleges will be what they should be—*feeders of the great universities.*

The immigrants into the United States do not bring in, all told, as much money by $30,000,000 as American tourists take out of it annually. Still, some of the immigrants without any money make better American citizens than those who go away from us, with all their money.

Free barbecue dinner, 50 beeves and 100 sheep, $10,000 worth of fireworks, hotel accommodations for 100,000 visitors, 50 brass bands and a salute of 119 guns. This is how St. Louis celebrates our 116th Fourth of July.

"Murphy Bread."

An American citizen has made himself so famous in Germany that his name will stand familiar to the German people certainly as long as the empire lasts. Charles J. Murphy was the agent of the United States agricultural department for furthering the consumption and sale of Indian corn in Europe. There was a prejudice against Indian meal bread because persons who did not know how to cook it left a raw, unpleasant taste to it, as the Frenchman does to pumpkin pie when he attempts an imitation of the American article. So the German common people murmured at corn bread, and it did not go off like hot corn cakes till Murphy made his celebrated invention. Murphy may or may not have made it as a matter of fact, but it will be called after him, "Murphy brod," or Murphy bread, through all time. It consists of a mixture of two-thirds rye and one-third Indian meal, made after the usual *fashion of German rye bread*, and baked a long time. This is very much like our own "Boston "rye and Injun" loaf, and this hit the Teutonic taste to a T. The cornmeal was not noticeable in the eating of the loaf, and the admixture of it made the loaf itself 20 per cent. cheaper.

The Murphy brod traveled speedily through Billy's empire. In Dresden there are two mills for grinding American corn, and in Germany there are altogether thirteen mills. Murphy bread has been adopted among the army rations, and an immense bakery for making it has been started in Hamburg. The government is putting in a mill to grind the corn officially at Magdeburg.

Finally, during the first three months of 1892, five times as much Indian corn was exported to Germany as in the same period last year. Immortal Murphy!

The Military Spirit.

The little United States army is just large enough. If it was any greater there would be officers enough to become insolent snobs and put on airs over civilians. Some of them have hard work to keep themselves from becoming insolent snobs anyhow, especially those whom *nature never designed* for a Grant or a Sherman.

What we should have to endure with a large army we may infer from the stories that come to us about the conduct of German officers. Wherever they are they appear to consider themselves homes by divine right of the loneliness and pleasure of the people in private life.

In Dresden lately a party of officers walking along the street determined to occupy the whole sidewalk themselves and force other people into the gutter. Civilians objected, when the officers drew their swords and slashed promiscuously around among the crowd. Thereupon a burly workingman snatched a crowbar and fractured the skull of the leading officer, and served him right. In another instance three *officers saw a workman* sitting upon the steps of a house. They ordered him to move on, which he declined to do. Then one of the officers drew his sword and cut the workman about his head and face, seriously injuring him. A German newspaper speaks of the incident as a "regrettable circumstance." That is all.

A fair daughter of Texas christened *with a bottle of wine our first real line* of battleship, the Texas, when she was launched the other day at Norfolk. The Texas is not a fighting ship of the heavy iron class, but when finished she will be a match for French and English battleships of the second class in size and armament. The Texas is a battleship of 6,300 tons displacement. She was ordered six years ago by congress. But it was not thought then that any American marine architect could plan such a vessel, and so models were advertised for abroad. One was adopted that was made by Mr. John, of the famous Barrow shipyards in England, so that our first battleship has been constructed on an English model. It is sufficient to say that we have now marine architects who can plan a fighting vessel fast enough. They have learned something *in the years our new navy has been* under construction. The Texas was ordered to be built at Norfolk. It was found, however, that to shipyard in America had a plant large enough to construct such a ship, and the new dry dock at Norfolk had to be built first as a cradle to receive the vessel. This, too, took time. But our next battleship will not be so long building; neither will it be constructed from British plans.

The Italians of Baltimore will on Oct. 12 unveil a statue of Columbus which they have presented to that city. The Spanish residents of New York have presented a statue of Columbus to the public. It will be unveiled at the entrance to Central park. When will American citizens somewhere in this country erect a statue in honor of Columbus?

Miss Frances Willard's proposition to change the name of the Prohibition party to the Home Protection party may mean much. The change would enable the temperance party to change its tactics from time to time to meet the needs of the hour, and adopt various war cries and methods of campaigning.

Rev. Dr. Milburn, the blind chaplain of the house in congress, is said to be not altogether in favor at times because he tells the Lord right out in public of the failings of so many of the members.

CONGRESS AND THE FAIR

The Appropriation Bill Under Discussion in the Senate.

THE SILVER BILL TO BE AMENDED.

It Was Not Considered Safe to Pass It in Its Present Form, and a Caucus of the Free Coinage Advocates Decided to Make the Needed Alteration.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The senate had a field day of oratory—a ten hours and a half speech by Mr. Washburn on the antioption bill and three hours of the liveliest kind of discussion on the Sunday closing proviso of the World's fair appropriation in the sundry civil bill. Ex-Senator Palmer, of Michigan, president of the World's fair commission, occupied a seat on the floor of the senate. The general trend of the debate indicated a present intention of the World's fair managers to open the art galleries and the grounds on Sunday, but to stop the running of machinery; also to provide a pavilion for religious services and to give sacred concerts. Without reaching a vote on the question or doing more than to elicit a strongly marked diversity of views, the senate adjourned.

Mr. Butler's bill for the transfer of the revenue marine was early in the day taken up by a vote of the senate, but was left suspended between earth and heaven.

The house proceedings were devoid of interest, as it was district day, and no legislation was accomplished for the capital of the nation. Several hours were devoted to the consideration of the bill to create a permanent board of commissioners of taxes in the district, great opposition being manifested to the measure. An appropriation of $250,000 was made for printing the reports of the eleventh census. Bills were also passed to construct a bridge across the Missouri river at Omaha, and to pay the First Methodist church of Jackson, Tenn., $4,059 for its use as a hospital during the war.

The conference report on the military academy appropriation bill was agreed to. A new conference was ordered on the army appropriation bill, the point of contention being to pay for the transportation of troops to the nonbonded railroads controlled by the Southern and Union Pacific systems. The house then adjourned.

To Amend the Silver Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The call for a meeting of free silver men was addressed to the "friends of silver, irrespective of party." In response about seventy-five members attended, two of whom were Republicans, Mr. Bowers, of California, and Mr. Clark, of Wyoming. Mr. Deckery, of Missouri, as chairman, took the chair. The first speaker was Mr. Bland, of Missouri, *who spoke earnestly in support of the* senate bill and counseled unanimity of action by the free silver advocates.

The question of amending the bill was considered, and Mr. Culberson, of Texas, made a strong legal argument, which was attentively listened to. He cited a former decision of Justice Miller, of the supreme court, which clearly met the present case, and said if the senate bill was passed without amendment as to the repeal of the act of July 14, 1890, in regard to the redemption of the silver certificates, it would not stand. *Mr. Terry, of Arkansas, supported* the opinion.

Other speakers were Mr. Robertson, of Louisiana; Mr. Hooker, of Mississippi, and Mr. Williams, of Illinois. On motion of Mr. Williams the caucus agreed to amend the bill by providing that the section repealing the act of 1890 shall not affect the legal tender quality of the certificates nor the obligations of the treasury to redeem them; also that the authority given to the treasury department to coin bullion now in the treasury shall not interfere with the coinage of the bullion as presented by private persons.

Colonel Smith Resigns.

HARTFORD, July 12.—Governor Bulkeley accepted the resignation of Lieutenant Colonel Hezekiah B. Smith, Third regiment, C. N. G. Smith resigned on account of an enemy officer, A. C. Tyler, of New London, being selected colonel of the regiment over him.

FASHIONS

Important Accessories of Dress.

A new thing in French parasols is made of nothing but delicate colored diaphanous stuff trimmed all over with fussy little frills and puffs, but in the powerful sunshine of today a woman with any care for her complexion would prefer something more substantial, such as the parasol shown in the sketch, which is of fine silk with appliques and embroidered frill of the same.

Some pretty black parasols have a ruche of lace around the edge with tiny white bows of baby ribbon at short distances. *Glace silks with changeable effects are very* popular for smart parasols. They are usu-

EMBROIDERED PARASOL. GAUZE FAN.

ally trimmed with two deep flounces of shot chiffon. One of the most serviceable kinds is the "moire with horizontal satin stripes. Chiffon has been used in several charming mixtures, and lace parasols are certainly the fashion. Roses of every description in contrasting tones edge many silk ones.

A novelty of the season lies in the sticks. Some are of clematis wood dyed all colors; some show cocks' heads carved and painted in green and red; gnomes cluster around other handles, and squirrels, and even pigs.

Equally important with the parasol as a stylish accessory just now is the fan. There are some exquisite ones hand painted on *kidskin* and mounted on pearl sticks traced with gold. More inexpensive ones are of spotted net, mounted on enameled wood, with many-colored butterflies flitting over their transparent surface.

Gauze fans, which are in fashion, are worked in appliqué with lace and painted, and display many varieties of rips, the colorings being adapted to suit all gowns. The gauze has been likewise artistically attractive. It is composed of black gauze rosettes edged with tiny yellow star flowers.

From Chicago.

Frenchman—That lady to whom you introduced me is charming. Is she well connected?

Chicagoan—Well, I should say so. She's the wife of several of our first citizens.—Harper's Bazar.

Morning Noon Night

Good all the time. It removes the languor of morning, sustains the energies of noon, lulls the weariness of night.

Hires' Root Beer

delicious, sparkling, appetizing.

Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good"—'tis false. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

Eugene Hoerster,

206 Grove Street,

North Plainfield.

Wholesale Dealer

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FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.

Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

For the Next 30 Days

we will sell all Remnants of Paper

AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Borders at a Bargain.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

29 East Front street.

COAL and WOOD,

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YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

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GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

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Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

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Lawn - Sprinklers.

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Our Spring Line of

Perfect Fitting Percale Shirts.

Several new patterns this Spring never shown before

CALL AND SEE THEM.

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Hatter and Furnisher.

46 West Front Street.

FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received

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A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

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USE THE BEST!

DOMESTIC

SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS

SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC

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Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.

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FRUITS, VEGETABLES, and all Country Produce.

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THE MANHATTAN WINE ROOM,

179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET.

(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)

FRANK LINKE, Proprietor.

ESTABLISHED 1886.

Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaefer's Weimer Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.

Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.

All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

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friends, or acquaintances may be sent by drafts, cashed free of charge in Europe, for sale here.

ALSO TICKETS

for all European points, on any steamer, or line, First and Second Class, and Steerage, cheaper than in New York. Illustrated catalogue upon application.

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PROPRIETOR OF

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on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.

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Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

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Horses for boiler driving.

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ALL SIZES,

Of finest

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94 SOMERSET STREET.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for sun coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND WHITE ASH COAL, in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for carrying on a Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

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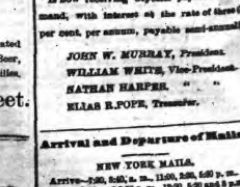

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Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30, 9.55, a. m., 11.05, 2.05, 6.05 p. m.

Close—7.10 and 9.30 a. m., 12.30, 4.30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.55 a. m., 1.15, 6.30 p. m.

Close—9.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.

Mail closes at 9.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

HELD BY TROOPS

Pennsylvania's National Guard Massed at Homestead.

NONUNION MEN COME NEXT

But Is Thought They Will Be Brought In Under Cover of the Militia.

The Soldiers Are Ordered Not to Fire Without a Command from the Officer in Charge, but if the Order Is Given They Are to Shoot to Kill Till the Mob Disperses—The Strikers Vote to Receive the Military with Open Arms. Two of the Soldiers Succeed in Deserting.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 12.—By this time the entire National Guard of Pennsylvania is quartered in Homestead. The maneuver was very shrewdly managed by the military authorities. The entire army disembarked at Pyriton, across the river and less than two miles from Homestead. They quietly crossed the bridge and entered the town.

There is good authority for believing that the plan of campaign includes the installing of nonunion men in the Carnegie mills within a few hours.

READY FOR THE TROOPS.

The Homestead Workmen Vote to Receive Them with Open Arms.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 12.—At the mass meeting of strikers it was decided unanimously to receive the national guard with open arms. All the workingmen's lodges were directed to assemble when the troops arrive and escort them with bands and music to the rendezvous. The greatest enthusiasm marked the meeting, and the name of Governor Pattison was frequently cheered. The mass meeting effected a remarkable change in the condition of popular feeling. Those who were radical in their utterances against the coming of the national guard stood in their places and cheered when it was decided to receive the militia with open arms. All the speeches were conciliatory in their tone, and an era of law and order found its inception.

HUGH O'DONNELL.

Every seat in the spacious rink building was filled and many persons were obliged to stand. Hugh O'Donnell, of the advisory committee of the Amalgamated association, called the meeting to order. Referring to the newspaper representatives in Homestead, he said they were the people who were with the locked out men and had won for them the sympathy of the entire people of the United States. Cheers followed this announcement.

Mr. O'Donnell called on Burgess McLuckie to preside. The burgess spoke words of sound advice and his words seemed almost inspired in fervent utterance. "We are a little anxious about the reception of our friends, the militia," he said. "Some think their coming bodes danger. They are not dangerous so long as the dignity of the state is not insulted. We must arrange for their cordial reception. Every man, woman and child should receive them with open arms. In the interest of humanity I think we should do this."

Pattison Cheered.

Eulogistic reference to Governor Pattison brought forth cheers.

"This man Pattison is acting quietly and rightly," said the burgess. "He understands our position. He does not cater to monopolies. I say Robert E. Pattison will not permit insults to the people of Homestead and surrounding country." Great applause followed. The burgess said the Pinkertons were concentrating their forces, and he realized that when their blazing boats struck the shores of Homestead there must be bloodshed. "Every one knows," he said, "that the blow struck against the Pinkerton agency by the men of Homestead was the greatest blow it has ever received."

"We'll give them another," shouted a workman.

Continuing, the burgess characterized the Pinkerton men as a dirty, filthy, stinking organization.

He struck a responsive chord in his audience and cheers followed his scathing utterance.

"Your friends are about to come," he said in reference to the militia; "the safest, the best people that can come. We don't want Pinkertons here. We want the militia. Pattison wants to defend the people, the state, her constitution and her laws. He is the most noble and manly of men. I stand here to say that any man who insults the militia shall be taken to the river and ducked [laughter], but I know you won't allow things of this sort."

At this point a workman moved that any man who offered insult to the militia should be ducked in the river, and the motion went through with a whoop.

The burgess then went on to tell of arrangements for entertaining the militia. The best plan, he said, was to get out the Homestead band. Applause greeted an announcement that the band had already volunteered to go.

"Hold the Fort."

The burgess directed the president of each workman's lodge to notify the members to be ready to form in a body and receive the militia when they arrived. Concerning order in the town, the burgess said he had been escorting in special policemen all day, and that he would issue a proclamation directing all strangers to keep away from the reception of the militia. "We do not want 25,000 to 40,000 people in here, for we can't look out for them," he said. "Hold yourselves in readiness to form and receive the military," were his concluding words.

Mr. O'Donnell, in behalf of the Advisory committee, said that the committee had received information that the militia would be here in a few hours. He said that the committee had also been informed that Governor Pattison had said to him about the people of Homestead.

The governor, said Mr. Carter, told him that the people of Homestead were the best intelligent and honest people in Pennsylvania. They had not done twenty-five dollars' worth of damage to the Carnegie property. When he talked with the governor the latter told him there was no probability of sending troops to Homestead. "I think his reason for doing so," said Mr. Carter, "was because he believed the Pinkertons were massing and he wanted to protect the people of Homestead, and not others."

Frank Marotti, a Hungarian, translated to the fellow countrymen what the burgess had said, and advised them to receive the militia cordially.

The meeting adjourned in an orderly manner amid cries of "Hold the fort!" on the statement of Mr. O'Donnell that while they were meeting the enemy might be approaching. "We have dispatches that they are concentrating near Homestead," he said, "and we fear they may take advantage of this meeting to sneak over the hills into the mill. It is best to be on our guard, and constant vigilance must be exercised until the militia arrives."

NATIONAL GUARDSMEN DESERT.

One Recaptured but Two Others Get Away—They Will Be Court Martialed.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12. — The scene around the Pennsylvania railroad station at Thirty-second and Market streets reminded many of the stirring sights in the sixties. Great crowds witnessed the departure of the soldiers, and cheer after cheer was sent up as the trains left the depot. Many groups of sweethearts and mothers were shedding tears outside the gates, and many impressive scenes were seen. One old, gray headed woman fervently blessed a number of soldiers, who stood barehanded while the old lady poured forth her words.

The First, Second and Third regiments with General Snowden and his staff left in two special trains, and were followed later by the State Fencibles, the Gray Invincibles and the City Troop.

Private Taylor, of Company C, made a bold attempt to desert just before the train departed from Broad street and Washington avenue.

A watchful member of the company's guard detected him and ordered him back. He refused to go and turned and ran toward Broad street with the corporal and his four men and Captain Mitchell, of company A, in pursuit. He was overtaken near Broad street and ordered back. He refused and was placed under arrest. He attempted to forcibly escape and the corporal's guard and the policemen seized him.

He fought them most valiantly and twice nearly broke away from them, biting, kicking, scratching and yelling, "Let me go; I won't go back if I don't want to; you can't make me." It required the united efforts of the corporal and his guards and the three policemen to get Taylor into the car with his company, where Captain Boyer placed a guard over him. Taylor was said to be intoxicated. He will be court martialed.

Excitement over this attempt to desert had not subsided when two men belonging to Company H got out of their car and made a break for liberty. They ran across the freight yard with the corporal and two of his guards after them. The corporal almost overtook them as they jumped under a freight car and escaped. The corporal made a vicious thrust at one of them with his bayonet as he jumped under the car and nearly transfixed him. If the thrust had not missed the man there would have been a dead guardsman to be taken care of before the train departed. These last desertions were caused by pleadings of relatives, who begged them to leave the train. These men will also be court martialed.

THE STRIKERS TO BE DISARMED.

General Snowden Will Take Their Guns, and Then Trouble May Come.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 12.—The question of returning the guns and ammunition taken from the boats of the captured Pinkerton men at Homestead on last Wednesday is at present puzzling the citizens of that borough; some little uneasiness, since it is a matter of history that the boats were pillaged by the crowd the moment the detectives were taken on shore. One of the leaders, and a member of the advisory committee, said to a reporter:

"Of course the Pinkerton agency will make a demand for their guns, revolvers and ammunition, and we will do our best for them, but you will understand that we are in a peculiar position. The terms of surrender were that the guns should all be boxed up and sent back to Pinkerton headquarters with the ammunition, and God knows when that promise was given we intended that it should be kept, but the mob was too much for us. Those guns I suppose are distributed in every town in the county. I will venture to say that if we were called on for the guns this minute we could not gather up more than two or three dozen of them."

Plenty of Arms and Ammunition.

Despite this statement, the quantity of powder and shot concealed in and about Homestead is sufficient to supply a small army in a warm battle. Nearly every workman has a weapon of some kind. It is hardly to be supposed that General Snowden will allow these stores to remain in the possession of the people if he ascertained to their whereabouts, and it is almost certain that he will be informed of the places where they are concealed.

Such information will be easily obtainable and the general will be obliged to act. Friction with the strikers in this connection may cause trouble. To take away their arms and ammunition would be to them a virtual defeat, and they are not in that calm condition which will allow them to accept such a radical change with equanimity.

INVESTIGATING THE OUTBREAK.

The Congressional Committee in Pittsburg to Conduct the Inquiry.

PITTSBURG, July 12.—The subcommittee of the house committee on judiciary, selected to investigate the labor troubles at Homestead, Pa., arrived here and the investigation will begin today in the United States court room.

Representative Oates, of Alabama, chairman of the committee, has notified Mr. Frick, the representative of the Carnegie company; Mr. O'Donnell, the representative of the strikers; Mr. Weihe, president of the Amalgamated Steel Workers' association; Sheriff McCleary, Deputy Sheriff Gray (who accompanied the Pinkerton men to the works) and the representative of the Pinkerton agency to have any witnesses they may wish examined at the court room at the hour of meeting.

Mr. Oates wishes to ascertain the exact cause of the troubles and the part played by the Pinkerton force. These facts, he thinks, can be readily obtained from a few well informed men representing the contending parties. Certainly, from the German standpoint, politics, and he does not interfere in politics, and he does not intend to do so in this case.

The investigation will be confined principally to the troubles at Homestead and the part taken in by the Pinkerton men.

The inquiry into the organization and workings of the Pinkerton agency will be made later. Mr. Oates expects to conclude the investigation of the Homestead trouble within four or five days and to have a report ready to present to the house shortly after the return of the committee to Washington.

The committee consists of Mr. Oates (chairman) and Messrs. Bynum of Indiana, Kolmer of Louisiana (Dems.), and R. B. Taylor of Ohio and Broderick of Kansas (Reps.)

MUST FIRE WITH EFFECT.

If It Comes to a Clash the Result May Be Wholesale Slaughter.

HARRISBURG, July 12.—Comparative quiet prevails in this city. The Fourth regiment of Pottsville arrived in this city and left for Lewiston. Another twelve pound cannon and the governor's troop were shipped from this city. The governor was interviewed at the executive mansion when he said:

"The troops are moving nicely, and things could not be in better position and condition than at present."

It is now a question whether he thought there would be any trouble at Homestead, he said that he had been informed that everything was very quiet and no strife is anticipated. "The regimental camp which had been arranged for cannot, of course, be carried out," he said, "and instead the three brigades will go into camp just as soon as the affairs at Homestead are adjusted. We cannot, of course, say how long that will be."

The governor said he had nothing to say concerning the hiring of the Pinkerton men by Carnegie & Co. in order to defend their works. "I am not ready to talk on that question at present," said the chief executive.

Late an order was sent from the adjutant general's office to the effect that the movement of the troops will only be in compact bodies. No firing will be permitted except by order of the officer in command. When all other means of quieting riot and restoring order have been exhausted, then the officer in command of the troops shall notify the rioters that they will be fired upon unless they promptly disperse. Should they not disperse the order to fire will be deliberately given and every soldier will be expected to fire with effect and continue firing until the mob disperses.

Major General Snowden and General Gobin stated that all the brigades are on the move, and all will be stationed at Homestead within twenty-four hours.

BLOODSHED IN IDAHO.

Six Men Killed and a Mill Blown Up in a Labor Fight.

WALLACE, Ida., July 12.—The terrible struggle between union miners and mine owners in the Coeur d'Alene, which was patched up about two months ago, started again and resulted in a savage fight, in which six men were killed and seven wounded. Seventy nonunion men were taken prisoners and the Frisco mill was blown up. The trouble came to a head in the town of Gem in a fight between union and nonunion men at the Frisco and Gem mines. The fight lasted several hours.

The Frisco mill is a complete wreck. After the mill was blown up the nonunion men hung out a flag of truce. Hostilities then ceased and seventy men surrendered. The men are now under guard at the Miners' union headquarters at Gem. The union men have resolved to drive every nonunion man out of the district. Women and children have been removed to places of safety.

Miss Bates Is Evidently Satisfied.

MILFORD, N. J., July 12.—News has been received that Samuel E. Lawrence, the aged and wealthy druggist, and fourteen-year-old Miss Bates, who eloped from this place, are at Niagara Falls. Miss Bates has written to her aunt, saying she will never return.

General Agent Lord Arrested.

BOSTON, July 12.—Charles F. Lord, general agent of the National Cash Register company for Massachusetts, whose officers and agents were indicted by the United States grand jury, was arrested.

Eleven Excursionists Drowned.

STEAMBOAT, July 12.—A boat containing a number of members of the Isenheim Musical society, who were making an excursion on the river, capsized, and eleven men were drowned.

Glass Workers in Session.

CORNING, N. Y., July 12.—The fifteenth annual international convention of the American Flint Glass Workers' association is in session in this city.

Leather Merchants Fail.

BOSTON, July 12.— McConnell & Shaw, sole leather commission merchants, 105 Beach street, failed with liabilities of about $300,000.

A Mansion House Fund Started.

LONDON, July 12.—A Mansion House fund has been opened for the benefit of the sufferers by the fire at St. Johns.

Mrs. Harrison Much Better.

LONG LAKE, N. Y., July 12.—Mrs. Harrison is much better and shows marked signs of improvement.

Gladstone Will Win.

LONDON, July 12.—The success of Mr. Gladstone by a small majority is now virtually admitted.

Gratifying Him.

Photographer—Look pleasant, please.

Sitter—Certainly.—From the German.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice to this market, we now prepared to serve their customers with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenues.

J. W. CONNERSTON, Pres.
H. CONNERSTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet
MAKER.
Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
John Peterson,
SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.
Residence 14 Linden avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE.
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH.
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 212.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans.
P. O. Box 1339
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

F. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. All new and old work executed in Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Pantasote work. Inventor and manufacturer of Pantasote Bed.

JOHN BEERMANN,
Builder and dealer in all kinds of rough and dressed lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds. Office and yard, Somerset street, near Plainfield avenue.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice to this market, we now prepared to serve their customers with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenues.

J. W. CONNERSTON, Pres.
H. CONNERSTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

38c.
Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with Linen bosom and wristbands; regular 50c. quality.
17c.
Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.
Window Shades 25c. and upward.
Dress Chellies 5c. Book Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at
BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Sun-whorties received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Do You Want Shirts?
If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.
Trunks and Bags.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE
at North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
40 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE
NO. 6 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield.

IF!
A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 piece South American Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $1, $1.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Slider Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $2.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillows cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portiere curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glass, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Suits, Parlor Suits, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERIES, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 2 37, 5 36, 6 14, 6 39, 8 00, 7 48, 7 55, 8 00, 8 15, 8 32, 8 51, 9 05, 9 20, 10 03, 10 20, 10 40, 11 05, 11 20, 11 40, 11 55, 12 10, 12 30, 12 45, 1 00, 1 20, 1 35, 1 55, 2 10, 2 30, 2 45, 3 05, 3 20, 3 40, 3 55, 4 15, 4 30, 4 50, 5 05, 5 25, 5 40, 6 00, 6 15, 6 35, 6 50, 7 10, 7 25, 7 45, 8 00, 8 20, 8 35, 8 55, 9 10, 9 30, 9 45, 10 05, 10 20, 10 40, 10 55, 11 15, 11 30, a. m., 12 15, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05, p. m. Sunday, 2 05, 2 30, 3 05, 3 30, 4 05, 4 30, 5 05, 5 30, 6 05, 6 30, 7 05, 7 30, 8 05, 8 30, 9 05, 9 30, 10 05, 10 30, 11 05, 11 30, a. m., 12 15, 1 05, 2 05, 3 05, 4 05, 5 05, 6 05, 7 05, 8 05, 9 05, 10 05, 11 05, p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Somerville, 6 40, 7 30, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 a. m., 12 40, 1 40, 2 40, 3 40, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

Leave Somerville for Plainfield, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Bound Brook, 6 40, 7 30, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 a. m., 12 40, 1 40, 2 40, 3 40, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook for Plainfield, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

Trains leave Plainfield and Somerville for Bound Brook, Dunellen, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark and New York as follows:

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 6 17, 7 07, 8 03, 9 03, 10 03, 11 03 a. m., 12 03 p. m., Sunday at 8 06, 8 36 a. m., 12 06, 12 36 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 14, 7 10, 8 17, 9 05, 11 05 a. m., 12 37, 1 37, 2 37, 3 37, 4 37, 5 37, 6 37, 7 37, 8 37, 9 37, 10 37, 11 37 p. m. Sunday, 9 05, 11 05 a. m., 12 37, 1 37, 2 37, 3 37, 4 37, 5 37, 6 37, 7 37, 8 37, 9 37, 10 37, 11 37 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 7 15, 8 12, 9 20, 10 08, 12 08 m., 1 40, 2 40, 3 40, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 10 08, 12 08 m., 1 40, 2 40, 3 40, 4 40, 5 40, 6 40, 7 40, 8 40, 9 40, 10 40, 11 40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND RARITAN.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 6 17, 7 07, 8 03, 9 03, 10 03, 11 03 a. m., 12 03 p. m., Sunday at 8 06, 8 36 a. m., 12 06, 12 36 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 04, a. m., 1 05, 5 05 p. m. Sunday 9 04 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Dunellen, Bound Brook, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Somerville, Flemington, Manch Chunk, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Pottsville, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Beaver Meadow Road, Lehighton, Weatherly and Mauch Chunk.

7 20 p. m. for Stockton.

1 20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Pittstown, Lambertville, Trenton, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Kansas City, Denver, Portland and San Francisco.

5 05 p. m. for Junction connecting for Dover, Morristown, Whippany, Hanover, Madison, Chatham, Summit, Millington, Gladstone, Bernardsville, Peapack, Basking Ridge, Lyons Farms, Newark and Elizabeth.

8 15 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Pottsville, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Beaver Meadow Road, Lehighton, Weatherly and Mauch Chunk.

5 05 p. m. Sunday for Junction.

1 20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Pittstown, Lambertville, Trenton, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Kansas City, Denver, Portland and San Francisco.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2 37, 6 36, 10 37, 11 03 a. m., 12 37, 1 37, 2 37, 3 37, 4 37, 5 37, 6 37, 7 37, 8 37, 9 37, 10 37, 11 37 p. m. Sunday, 9 05, 11 05 a. m., 12 37, 1 37, 2 37, 3 37, 4 37, 5 37, 6 37, 7 37, 8 37, 9 37, 10 37, 11 37 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 5 15, 8 03, 9 03, 10 03 a. m., 12 03 p. m. Sunday at 8 06 a. m., 12 06 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 5 15, 6 17, 7 07, 8 03, 9 03, 10 03, 11 03 a. m., 12 03 p. m. Sunday at 8 06, 8 36 a. m., 12 06, 12 36

WOMAN'S WORLD

INTERESTING INFORMATION ABOUT THE WHITE HOUSE CHINA.

A very full set of presidential china was bought in Abraham Lincoln's time. It is of finest French porcelain, with a border of crimson purple or plum color, with delicate lines and dots of gold, and the plates, platters and saucers have slightly scalloped edges. In the center of the plates and on the sides of the dishes and small pieces is a very spirited version of the coat of arms of the United States, with the motto "E pluribus unum" upon a circular background of gold. A plate and cup of this set are now in possession of Miss Henrietta D. Lyon, of Staten Island. This design is very dignified and appropriate, and, with the substitution of a blue border with gilt ears of Indian corn, was reproduced for Mrs. Harrison. Plates of this Abraham Lincoln set sold at the Governor Lyon sale for $4.25 each, and little covered custard or egg cups for $1.50 each. I have recently had some of these plates offered to me for twenty-five dollars apiece. Portions of this set still remain and are used at the White House.

The General Grant set is well known and is very handsome. The border is of buff and gold, broken once by a small United States shield in high colors. In the center is a well painted spray or bunch of flowers, many being the wild flowers of the United States. The coffee cups of this set were ordered for use at the wedding of the president's daughter and were known as the "Nelly Grant cups."

Of the beautiful and costly set ordered by Mrs. Hayes too much is known, and too many cheaper copies have been sold, and may be seen in any large china shop, to make it worth while to give any detailed description here. It was made at Limoges by the Havilands, as was also the "Grant set." It makes a fine room decoration when the pieces are arranged in the beautiful buffet that President Arthur had made for it, and is now in satisfactory in that position than when in use on the table. It may be asked how all these pieces of presidential china came to be found in private collections, and offered for sale and so generally distributed over the country.

A very reprehensible custom existed until recent years (and indeed may still be possible) of selling at auction at the end of each presidential term, or in the middle if thought necessary, whatever household effects the home steward and house accompants chose to consider of no further use. These presidential sales were of course eagerly attended by relic hunters. At such a sale in President Arthur's day a lot of "old truck," as it was irreverently called, valued at $500 brought $2,700.—Mrs. Earle's "China Collecting in America."

The Coming Woman.

Miss Rebecca S. Rice, principal of the Chicago girls' higher school, has spoken of "the coming woman" as follows:

Will the women of the coming generation be like the women of a generation ago? Fathers and mothers, sending away their daughters for a long course of university study, ask this question anxiously, for there has been a great deal that was lovable and beautiful in the old fashioned American women. We shall not want to miss a virtue nor a grace in the new generation. We shall not want the eyes dim and absent from poring over books that should be bright with inner love, or the mind on a visit to the stars when it should be shedding its own light upon a household. But, friends, the coming woman, if you send her to college and do all you can to let her find out what she was made for, will not be quite what the passing woman is.

I do not think you will like her less. She will be freer. You may have to adjust yourselves a little to accommodate her. I do not think it would be quite fair of you to expect, when she comes from colleges with honors equal to those of your son's, and, besides these, with new ideas to which you have not chanced to give attention, all the adjustment to come from her side. If she is true, she will come back to you sweeter than when she went away; but you will find it wise to give the newly awakened abilities room to grow and bloom. You may find her more worthy, even in the old way of love, than ever before.

She will want "to do something." As I said before, she will feel it a duty to do something. I hope, then, room for her and welcome her efforts. She will not do her work like a man. She will arrive at her ends in a different way, which will probably be quite as good. Expect it, and she will add new elements to thought, new meanings to research, new powers to the expression of art, as she has already added new wisdom to the administration of the large philanthropies to which you have so fully admitted her.

Few Women Man Haters.

Are women learning to hate men? Of course there have always been and will always be individual man haters, just as there have always been and will always be individual woman haters. Some men are born bachelors, some women are created spinsters in the cradle, and they continue spinsters to the grave. The instinct of spinsterhood seems implanted in them. Men and the ways and habits of men are uncongenial to them. Strength greater than their own repels them; manners different from theirs, habits which they cannot share, appall and disgust them. These women do hold sway, but they are very few and far between.

A more numerous class dislike men because they have been educated into such a frame of mind by misfortunes or sorrows brought upon them through male agency. They judge the male from the individual and look at all through the black spectacles presented to them by one.

But we believe that this man hating craze is a passing phase of the time, not destined to reach any very wide and nourished, nor widely spread. It is a phase connected with the increased activity no doubt, of women's minds, their increase and increasing anxiety to prove to the world that they have intellects, originality, talents and powers, which they mean to use for the benefit, personal benefit and for the benefit of others—I. e., men.

They do not hate men, but they wish to do away with the last remnants of the ridiculous idea that women, as a sex, are in all ways weak, while men, as a sex, are always strong.—Hearth and Home.

Best Linen.

In the item of bed linen there are less desirable qualities now obtainable than formerly were to be had. Dealers say that there is very little call for the heavier grades of goods, widely; therefore are not imported. Modern linen is much less durable than that which was made half a century ago, for the reason that the constant call seems to be for something cheaper, therefore, to meet this unwise clamor manufacturers have made much lighter grades, and have in many cases introduced cotton with the linen, which is then carded and spun together in such a way that only an expert can detect it, and even those also detect deception. There is no economy in buying cheap linen. It has not half of the wearing qualities of that which costs possibly a third more. It has not a soft, lasting feeling so grateful to a fastidious taste, nor has it the appearance which is most pleasing to connoisseurs.

There are many persons who do not care for linen bedding the year around. For those there is a satin finished cotton which is very much liked, although it is very expensive, costing even more than a good grade of linen. Full sized sheets are usually made two and a half yards long when finished. Linen varies in width from two to two and half yards; occasionally a piece is found which is wider than this, but two and a half yards is the standard. Many stores furnish bedding made ready for use. Sheets are either plainly hemmed or hemstitched, the latter being considered much more desirable, especially in linen and fine grades of cotton. Pillow cases are similarly finished; many of them, however, have half to three-quarter inch bands of drawn work above the hems. The plain hemstitched is, of course, more durable and makes a very pretty finish.—New York Ledger.

Frugal and Economical French Women.

The exiles who took refuge in London at the time of the French revolution met the poverty and the hardships of their lot with much courage. They never begged, and it was often difficult to induce them to accept the funds subscribed for their assistance.

The women did not accept the partially worn and soiled clothing of wealthy and charitably inclined ladies, as most women in distressed circumstances have been glad to do, but managed with the cheapest materials to dress neatly and tastefully.

Their necessities developed an inventive spirit. The records of the London pawnbroker office at the beginning of the Eighteenth century have on every page such names as Blondeau, Duplin, Cardonel, Gaultier, Leblond and Courant. How ingenious they were in utilizing the most unpromising of materials is shown by their invention of a now famous dish.

When the London butchers slaughtered their beef they were accustomed to throw away the tails with the refuse. The French women had the bright idea of buying them, since they could get them for next to nothing, and making soup of them. And thus they gave to England the popular oxtail soup, which long ago Englishmen now consider an essentially national dish.—Youth's Companion.

The Magic Power of a Woman's Voice.

"I remember," said a well known writer, "the first 'queen of society' that I met. She was a Scotchwoman who married an American while he was in Europe. Rumors came before her to his home of her brilliant success in London society and in the Austrian court, where her brother held a diplomatic position, and when she arrived with her husband the society of the little city where he lived was soon at her feet.

"I was a child of twelve, visiting in a country house near the town.

"One morning some one said, 'There comes Madame L.' I ran to the window to see coming through the trees a stout, freckled, red haired woman without a single agreeable feature in her face.

"I was amazed and disgusted. But when she came in and talked to me I sat breathless under a charm never felt in my life before. I was her slave from that moment. Her fascination was wholly in her voice. It was low, clear, musical. The woman's nature was expressed in it—unpretentious, keenly sympathetic, but with depth of genius. It was her one power, but it was irresistible."

Women May Travel Alone.

If a woman thinks it is possible for her to travel alone she can do so in perfect safety. With care and discretion she may even make friends, which is always one of the delights of a journey, but if she is skeptical in her own mind of the propriety of her undertaking she will be pretty sure to meet with some mishap or accident, which is proof to her already prejudiced mind that a woman runs great risk in taking an extended tour without an escort. Of course it is pleasanter to travel in a party, but it is not always best when a small circle of friends is able to arrange. If she is a comfortable sort of companion she will receive invitations numerous; but if she is ridiculous and foolish the pleasure of all the rest one year she will certainly be dropped from the list the next, like the woman who traveled miles to see some famous and grand scenery and then went into hysterics for fear of an accident in the midst of the car ride through the ravines and gorges she had come so far to see. As a rule, too, most women burden themselves with too much baggage, over which they worry and fret.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Women Physicians.

There are several thousand women physicians in the United States. It is impossible to average their incomes correctly, but they probably run from $300 to $50,000 a year. The last figures are of course rare. They are the great lights of the profession, even among men, who earn from $20,000 to $50,000 a year. Most of the women are also still crusaders and reformers. A $10,000 income for a well educated, gifted and healthy woman doctor is less rare. Five thousand, I think, is not at all uncommon, and so on down. I knew one woman, an invalid, who earned $6,000 the first year that she practiced. The next she received $5,000, and maintained a growing success until she dropped dead one night and put an end to calculation on what promised to be brilliant success. But I know a woman after graduating from the medical school and before she began to practice, spent for several years eight hours a day in severe private study. Such work goes as straight to success as family pride or old blossom. —Mrs. E. S. P. Ward in Golden Rule.

For Your Toilet Table.

It is your duty as a woman to look your best, and to help do that there are a few things you can not well do without. First, there is your soap. Be sure you have it pure and suited to your skin. Try one thin flannel of the loose woven cheaper grade is best, as it will not shrink as much as a better quality. Of course you have the liquid, paste or powder for your teeth. Then you want some ammonia to remove stains from your fingers or to soften the water if it needs it. You need a bottle of camphor to inhale if you have a cold in your head, a bottle of eau de cologne, some of which may be put in the water when your skin is dry and dull and needs invigorating; some lumps of charcoal to take when your digestion is out of order. You want also vaseline or cold cream, which-ever you prefer. Be careful to keep regular hours; take rest when needed. After all, perfect health is the greatest beautifier. Be dainty and clean, and no matter what your features you can not be truly ugly.—Elmira Telegram.

Women in the Professions.

Women have made astonishing progress in the professions. They are found in the pulpit and in the editor's chair, on the stage, the platform and the concert. They can point with pride to Harriet Hosmer as a sculptor, to Rosa Bonheur as a painter, to a book illustrator like Kate Greenaway, to an organizer like Frances Willard. Among those who are professors may be mentioned Mrs. Rachel Lloyd, professor of analytical chemistry in the Nebraska state university; Miss Alice Gardner, professor of history in Bedford college, London, elected over twenty male competitors; Miss Alice Freeman, doctor of philosophy and president of Wellesley college; Mme. Kovalersky, professor of higher mathematics at the University of Stockholm, and Mme. Ogonovsky, professor of Slavonic literature.—Detroit Free Press.

How Bright Children Are Spoiled.

It is a wise mother that does not unduly stimulate the self consciousness of her child and thus lay the foundation for lifelong habits of affectation. If clever children do not always make clever men and women, a partial reason may be found in the way they are commonly treated. They find grown up people constantly on the watch to hear, and most industrious in repeating, their original speeches, and soon they exchange the gift of originality, which consists in seeing and expressing things in an unconventional manner, for the very inferior one of making smart speeches. They are thus forcibly led to the very negation of their elders into taking conventional instead of unconventional views and speaking, as it were, to the "gallery" instead of uttering spontaneous truths.—Popular Science Monthly.

Make Your Own Perfume.

The formula for the concoction of cologne is as follows: Oil of lemon grass and oil of bergamot, one drachm each; oil of cloves and oil of cinnamon, twenty drops each; oil of neroli, one drachm; one half gallon of alcohol and two pints of water. This will make six pints of good cologne, for which the ingredients will cost about $1.75. —New York Advertiser.

Corsets and Laughter.

Several causes have contributed to the decadence of woman's laughter. The chief one perhaps is the modern habit of dressing. Full, free laughter depends upon the perfect development and exercise of the respiratory muscles. Confined as these are by steel and whalebone, laughter becomes an impossibility.—Jamesa Miller Illustrated.

Rubber Gloves Tarnish Silver.

Never clean silver with rubber gloves on, or in fact handle dry silver with them. Some chemical used in the preparation of the rubber tarnishes silver at once; it is labor lost to hold a silver spoon in a rubber gloved hand and attempt to scour it, for it will grow black rather than bright under your work.—Exchange.

Famous Women and Marriage.

A survey of the lives of famous women shows that very many of them were single, and of those who were married most were either childless or had small families. This does not, however, mean either that clever women do not marry, or that they cannot be mothers: it only indicates that to be the mistress of a large household and to look after a flock of children is a business in itself, and leaves the clever women who are "in that line" no time to write great books, paint fine pictures and that sort of thing.—London Tit-Bits.

Hints for Papering Rooms.

In papering a room it is well to remember that a room having cold north lights should be furnished in warm colors, and that a dark room should be clothed in sharp, light shades; that borders of any kind lessen, by sharply defining the corners of a room, the apparent size of a room. In a small room small patterns should be used. Lines running from ceiling to floor give the effect of height, while lines running around a room lessen the effect of height.—New York Journal.

Dangerous Odors in the House.

The most dangerous sewer gas is odorless; decaying animal matter is not so dangerous as decomposing vegetable matter, and the dyes used in certain carpets and wall papers give out peculiar and unpleasant odors difficult to detect unless one is acquainted with the fact.—New York Tribune.

Important to Remember.

I wonder how many people know why potatoes should be soaked before cooking? The potato, especially if it has sprouted, may contain an excess of a poisonous principle called solanine. This is removed by soaking. The potato is related botanically to the nightshades.—Food.

The mother of John Ruskin was in every sense a remarkable woman. Her son, in summing up her character, speaks of her as "having great power with her and no pride," and adds that she was "entirely conscientious and a consummate housekeeper."

A clever woman, in giving her impressions of social life in one of our great cities, dwells with enthusiasm upon the beauty and charm of its middle aged women, adding significantly, "As for elderly women, I have encountered none."

A capital wash for stained boards is made by boiling one-half pound of slaked lime and one pound of soda in six quarts of water for two hours. Let this settle, then pour off the clear part for use.

Clean hairbrushes with warm water and a little ammonia. It is best to clean two brushes at the same time, as they can be rubbed together. Let them dry in the sun.

The happy mother with a supply of small babies has both hands and heart too full to seek, or perhaps to wish for, outside duties and rewards.

Charlotte Bronte was nearly forty when she married, and died almost immediately after, so that she may be counted among literary spinsters.

A German woman has given an almost national impetus to the artificial growth of the textile plant for the sake of its tenacious fiber.

For chafing, try Fuller's earth pulverized. Moisten the surface first when applying it. Oxide of zinc ointment is also excellent.

This Date in History—July 12.

102 B. C.—Julius Cæsar born; killed in the senate house on the Ides (15th) of March, 44 B. C.

1690—Battle of the Boyne.

1691—Battle of Aughrim and horrible massacre of the defeated Irish.

1794—Battle of Mannheim.

1795—Battle of Parma.

1808—Joseph Bonaparte entered Madrid as king of Spain.

1849—Dolly Madison, born Dorothy Payne, widow of the president, died in Washington; born 1772. Horace Smith, English novelist and humorous poet, died.

1862—Lee completed his defeat of the Potomac after defeat at Gettysburg.

1870—Rear Admiral John A. Dahlgren, U. S. N., died at Washington; born 1809.

1888—Vincent Colyer, artist, died at Darien, Conn., aged 62. Hiram Sibley, famous seedsman, died in Rochester, N. Y., aged 81.

1890—Henry M. Stanley and Miss Dorothy Tennant were married in Westminster abbey.

He Was a Hero.

"George," she said, turning her head shyly to one side, "I—I think you'd better not." I've—I've been eating onions."

"Onions or rose leaves are all the same to me, Laura," said George, with a deep sigh of something like resignation. "Love levels all ranks."

And from the dimly lighted hallway in which the young man was endeavoring to say good night there came a sound like the impact of a cold boiled potato against the side of a brick house.—Chicago Tribune.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.

1872. Membership 150,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.

TRIUMPH LODGE, 340, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Tuesdays, at eight p. m., at Trumbull Lodge rooms, Mindil Hall building.

Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.

RALPH A. ST. HEPPERLY, Reporter.

Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE,

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout, and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,

FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,

Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,

Egg Milk Shakes,

Egg Phosphates,

are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.

Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer. Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for ladies, gentlemen and children. The ladies' and gentlemen's hose you buy for 25c. per pair, and the children's for 13c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye.

Wash Dress Fabrics.

A little late in the season to buy wash dress goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more in favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Satteen at 13 and 18c., Bedford Cord at 10c., Figured India Linen at 13c., Irish Lawn at 12c., and Challies 5c. Matting.

We start a clearing up sale of Matting, and will close our entire stock at actual cost.

VanEmburgh & White

CARRIAGES

and

HARNESS

of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessable at Any Time.

RYERSON,

33 SOMERSET STREET.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'

BUTTER.

FINE - TABLE - BUTTER

18c. per Pound.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

We are getting away with lots of Russet Shoes this month—now is the time to buy them.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S,

22 West Front street.

P. S.—Our $3 shoe never takes a back seat.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

that A. G VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

1892			JULY.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fi.	Sat.	
					1	2	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
31							

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	2:13 p. m.	Full	16	8:46 a. m.
Full	9	8:44 p. m.	New	23	2:21 p. m.
New			First Quarter	31	2:45 p. m.

Summer Resorts.

Cliffton House,

BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I.

Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.

Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.

6 15 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,

Successor to

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE BEF TEA

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?

The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of

Meerschaum

and

Briar Wood Pipes,

Holders and Segars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

Segar store, No. 13 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, JULY 13, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

Fair, followed by showers to-night and on Thursday; stationary temperature, followed by cooler on Thursday morning; southwesterly winds.

BREVITIES

—The Arlingtons will play the Eagles on the Park avenue ball grounds Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

—The list of tax delinquents will appear in THE NEWS in a day or two, for publication as required by law.

—The regular monthly business meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Thursday afternoon at 3.30 in the rooms.

—Nearly 400 wheelmen are expected to enter the run from Newark, via. Plainfield to Princeton and return, on July 23d.

—Sugar, butter and Mason's jars way down in price, according to advertisement of United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association. Read it.

—*It is said* that ravens often reach the age of a hundred years. Ducks and cockoos are likewise very long lived. Magpies, which live to a very advanced age at liberty, do not exceed twenty-five years in the confinement of a cage, and with care they reach twenty. The limit of the existence of pigeons is ten years; the smallest species live from eight to eighteen years. Nightingales will not endure more than ten years of captivity. Canaries reared in a cage live twelve or fifteen years, but in their native islands they reach an age of several dozens of years.

PERSONAL.

Mr. A. B. Dunlap, of this city, is enjoying the cool bathing and cool breezes at Pasque Island, near New Bedford, Mass.

Miss Russell Harvey of Philadelphia has been spending a week with Mr. Silas Yerkes, formerly of that city, but now residing at 56 Central avenue.

Miss Kate Castleton, whose death was reported Monday, has charmed Plainfield's audiences many times. Her last appearance here was during the past Winter.

Mr. C. H. Rugg, worshipful master of Jerusalem Lodge, No. 26, F. & A. M., has received an interesting Masonic document from Menominee, Wis. It is a parchment found among the effects of Alexander Hamel proving him to have become a member of Jerusalem Lodge in Plainfield on July 5, 1838. The certificate is signed by *Elias Runyon*, then worshipful master; Isaac Ayres, Josiah R. Dunham, junior warden, and William Stewart, secretary. It is sealed with the wooden seal of the lodge, the die with which it was made being among the antiquities of the lodge to-day. Mr. Hamel left Plainfield many years ago, taking out a demit from Jerusalem Lodge. He was nearly a century old. His certificate will be filed among the archives of the lodge, as it is its oldest certificate in existence. Jerusalem Lodge was instituted in 1814, as No. 46, but then there was a disruption during the twenties and the Lodge was disbanded. In 1835 it was re-organized under the name of Jerusalem Lodge No. 26, which it still bears and is in a flourishing way.

THE CRESCENT LEAGUE WHEELMEN.

Arrangements Being Made for the State Race Next Month.

The Crescent League Wheelmen have not as yet received word from the League of American Wheelmen as to when a date can be given them for their races. It is expected, however, that a date will be arranged for August.

As soon as word come from the L. A. W. circulars will be sent to wheelmen in all parts of the state, and entries will be received for the race.

Officers Elected.

At a regular meeting of the Local Union No. 135 of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, the following officers were duly installed by President L. C. Kline.

President—E. B. Blackford.
Vice President G. W. Terry.
Financial Secretary—P. A. Van Fleet.
Recording Secretary—Wm. H. Lunger.
Treasurer—S. P. Hoffman.
Conductor.
Warden—I. C. Sheppard.

Wheelmen at Somerset's Fair.

The Somerset Fair Association has decided to make a special feature of bicycling contests at its coming fair, beginning September 14, and to attract prominent wheelmen has \$1,000 worth of prizes to be offered to participants in the races. Included in the prizes are a \$75 punch bowl of solid silver for the club winning the most points in a four-man club team race, gold and silver watches, diamond rings and championship badges.

Trinity's Excursion.

Twelve car-loads of Trinity Church people and their friends left this city at eight o'clock this morning, and will spend the day at Ocean Grove and Asbury Park.

Returning, they will leave after seven o'clock, which will enable the excursionists to spend the cooler part of the day at the beach.

The Hottest for July.

Today is the hottest day of the month, so far, it being over 90 degrees at three o'clock.

PLAINFIELD TO COMPETE.

Arrangements Completed Last Night for the Elizabeth Journal Race.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Elizabeth Journal trophy race, was held at the rooms of the Journal, last evening.

At a meeting some time ago the date of the race was changed from July 23 to July 30, on account of the American Wheelmen meet at Washington, and the Metropolitan century run.

The question of changing back to the original date came up last night was voted down, and the date now stands July 30th. The teams to compete are the Plainfield Bicycle Club, Elizabeth Wheelmen and Elizabeth Field Club.

The date for the final heats was set for Aug. 6th.

It is expected that a large number from this city will attend this race, and Plainfield seems to have as good a show as any to win the trophy.

Syrian Printers.

The members of the Crescent avenue church bought a printing press last Fall and sent it to the Presbyterian mission at Beirut, Syria. The press is one of the large book machines capable of turning out fine work at great speed. With this press and two smaller ones the missionaries have set up a native printing office, employing forty-five workers. Last year these men printed 2,000,000 printed volumes and 35,000,000 pages. Almost all the printing was in the Arabic language, much being the Scripture. There are now in press 517,000 printed books and tracts, a great portion of which will be bound and distributed at once. Consignments of religious works are made to the Lebanon villages and the cities of Syria and Palestine, also to India and other points. The Plainfield mission workers who have been instrumental in extending the church work feel gratified at the success of their novel experiment in spreading the printed Gospel in languages familiar to those they wish to reach. The press was from the Scott Press Works of this city.

Ocean Grove Sunday-School Assembly

The eighth annual meeting of the Ocean Grove Sunday-school Assembly opened yesterday at Asbury Park, and will continue for ten days. The Rev. J. E. Adams, of Morristown, will deliver the commencement oration. The baccalaureate sermon will be preached in the Auditorium next Sunday by Chancellor Sims, of Syracuse University. Professor John R. Sweeny organized his Assembly choir and Dr. Loomis led a praise service in the Auditorium, followed by an illustrated lecture by Rev. Dr. Vincent. Josiah R. Dunham, junior warden, and William Stewart, secretary. It is sealed with the wooden seal of the lodge, the die with which it was made being among the antiquities of the lodge to-day. Mr. Hamel left Plainfield many years ago, taking out a demit from Jerusalem Lodge. He was nearly a century old. His certificate will be filed among the archives of the lodge, as it is its oldest certificate in existence. Jerusalem Lodge was instituted in 1814, as No. 46, but then there was a disruption during the twenties and the Lodge was disbanded. In 1835 it was re-organized under the name of Jerusalem Lodge No. 26, which it still bears and is in a flourishing way.

Elizabeth Signs New Men.

The Y. M. C. L. A. will play the Crescent League of Plainfield on the Third street grounds next Saturday. Coogan and Egan have been released, Collins of the Jaspers of Manhattan College, and who has been playing with Staten Island Athletic Club, will play hereafter with Y. M. C. L. A. In the game of S. I. A. C. against Schuylkill Navy Athletic Club, on July 4, Collins by timely hitting won the game for the Islanders. He repeated the same performance last Wednesday in the game between the Islanders and Plainfield.

At Last.

The committee appointed by the Park avenue Baptist church, last April, to investigate the settlement with the contractors of the church building, which has made so much trouble, has at last a sealed report which will be presented at a special meeting of the church to-night.

The committee consisted of Mayor Alexander Gilbert, C. W. McCutchen, Morgan S. Taylor, Martin I. Cooley, and H. B. Newhall, and it is thought that their report ought to settle the matter.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Dangers from Dogs in Plainfield Avenue.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS.—Has the city discharged the dog catchers? I am led to believe it has by the fact of so many dogs being permitted to run unmuzzled in my neighborhood—Plainfield avenue, Berkeley and Plainfield and Fourth street, nearly every family seems to have one or more dogs, which in a very unpleasant manner run out at conveyances and pedestrians passing. I think this should be stopped, and the work of extermination made thorough.

When the ordinances were first passed, everybody muzzled the dogs. Now there is general neglect of this partially safe measure.

I hope the public interest vigorous measures will be taken to abate the nuisance. JOHN STEWART.

(Dog-catcher Frisbie says that in the neighborhood complained of the children watch for him, and when he is a block away, every dog is hurried out of sight, yet five minutes after he is gone, the animals are about as thick as ever. Special steps will be necessary in this

LOOK OUT FOR MAD DOGS

ONE KILLED A FEW DAYS AGO—SEVERAL OTHERS BIT.

Dr. Berg Sent the Carcass to New York, and Dr. Gibier Says the Dog Undoubtedly Had the Hydrophobia.—A General Warning.

A few days ago dog-catcher Frisbie shot a dog which had been bitten on the foot, July 4th, and about which there were doubts as to whether it was mad or not. To settle the question Dr. Berg of East Fifth street sent the carcass of the animal to Dr. Paul Gibier, President of the New York Bacteriological Institute, where the Pasteur treatment of contagious diseases is in use.

In reply Dr. Berg received a letter from Dr. Gibier saying that a post-mortem examination had been held, and the dog was undoubtedly mad when killed, but he (Dr. Gibier) did not think that it was caused by the bite the dog received on July 4th. The dog must have been bitten previous to that date.

Dr. Berg says it is known that other dogs in this city have been bitten by this dog, and it would be well to be very watchful. How many dogs were bitten is not known.

The Correct Columbus Day.

The recent action of Congress changing the date for the national public school celebration from October 12th to October 21st is a step in the direction of scholarly accuracy, and it is remarkable that it should have been so long overlooked.

If there is to be a national observance of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America it should take place on the date which marks the true century-point. It is obviously stupid to await the recurrence of a date which by reason of arbitrary changes in the methods of reckoning time has lost its significance and does not indicate the true cycle of years.

Every American knows that Columbus discovered this hemisphere on October 12, 1492, and at first thought October 12, 1892, would seem to mark the 400th anniversary of that event. But it will be remembered that time was then calculated upon a different basis than is now in vogue.

For many centuries the Julian calendar was the accepted authority for all calculations, although its inaccuracy was not unknown. In 1582 a reformation took place. The Gregorian calendar was then introduced in Europe, and the calculations in use for all civilized nations, with the exception of Russia, which still observes the Julian method of time.

When this reformation occurred it was found necessary to drop ten days from the calendar, and October 4, 1582, became October 15, 1582. These dropped days were the accumulations of many centuries of erroneous reckoning. The Julian calendar assumed that a year contained 365¼ days, and as this was 11 minutes and 14 seconds too long, the error amounted to three days every 400 years. The Gregorian calendar corrected the error by making every centurial year a common year unless divisible by 400, or hereas by the Julian calendar every year (century added) is a leap year, while by four was a leap year. Thus by the present style of computation the years 1800, 1700, and 1900 were not leap years.

As previously stated the reformation took place in 1582, and ten days were suppressed. But as the discovery of America was previous to the year 1500, which by the new style of computation the years 1500, 1600, and 1800 were not leap years. Consequently on October 21, 1892, the sun will scarcely assume relative position to the earth as on the 12th of October, 1492, when for the first time Columbus beheld these shores.

For these reasons, together with the fact that every precedent is in favor of adopting the "new style" of reckoning, we favor the change.

The Julian calendar was not introduced into Great Britain until 1751, ignorance and prejudice defeating the change up to that time. Consequently it has been necessary to correct the dates of our American anniversaries which occurred previous to the year 1751. Washington was born February 11th, but by the "new style" his birthday falls on the 22, and that is the day we celebrate. The anniversary of Forefather's Day and of the founding of the city of Boston are both observed on the corrected date. It is unfortunate that Act of Congress of April 29, 1890, naming Oct. 12, was the date for the dedication of the World's Fair grounds has not been corrected by a change of date to October 21st. The fair will practically be a year late, and the dedicatory exercises should take place on the true anniversary, which is October 21st. Congress has already shown its good sense by placing the popular and general celebration of which the public schools are to be the centers on the correct date. It only remains for Congress to extricate the nation from the comical predicament of a two-headed celebration of Discovery Day by changing the Columbus date to correspond with the corrected date it has already set for the popular public school celebrations.

STATE NEWS

An unknown man, who was walking on the Morris and Essex Railroad, was struck by a train at Mossy near Phillipsburg and instantly killed.

The petition presented by the operatives employed in the rubber works at Woodbridge, asking that they be allowed to work full time on Saturdays, has been acceded to by the management.

Joseph Lewis, fifteen years old, living on somerset street, New Brunswick, caught his arm in the driving belt in the engine room of the Kenyon Silk Co., New Brunswick Rosiery yesterday morning. He was hurled to the floor and his head badly cut.

The Pennsylvania Railroad bridge over the Raritan river at New Brunswick burned a narrow escape from being burned Monday morning. Under the first span over the east side was a large pile of old ties, which are used in bankressing the embankment. The coals from a passing locomotive ignited the pile, which burned fiercely on account of the accumulated grease. The fire

STORIES OF NEW JERSEY.

Quaint and Interesting Tales Clipped from the State Newspapers.

HOW DON LOST HIS MUZZLE.

E. L. Stafford is the owner of a young St. Bernard dog which shows the intelligence of his race to a remarkable degree. While Mr. Stafford was away last Winter in Florida "Don" was left with Collector Hubbard. To test his accuracy John would purposely leave a paper or some article at the house on going to the office, and the dog would be sent back to bring it. He is very careful of these trusts, and the most tempting morsel of meat carried in a basket beneath his nose cannot swerve him from his faithfulness.

He abominates muzzles and thinks they are only for cowardly and snappish curs. Last year he would carry the hateful thing around in his mouth rather than have his dignity insulted by wearing it. This year his dislike took a more decided turn, and when a new leather muzzle was made for him last week he quietly took it in his teeth, swam to the middle of the lake and there dropped it. It sank to the bottom of its own weight, and has not been recovered.

It a dog could laugh one might imagine the broad grin that Don put on while his owner was searching for his missing article. Some one saw the trick and told Mr. Stafford. Don is constantly doing things that show a quick intelligence, amounting almost to reason.—Asbury Park Journal.

INTELLIGENT ANIMALS THERE.

The doctor has some interesting incidents of how animals remember persons and places. "I knew a man in Morristown, N. J., who has a hen with a good memory. When she was a chicken the boy of the family named her Mary and allowed her to follow him into the kitchen to get crumbs of bread and cake. The boy was away from home at school a year, and the chicken was so plainly shown that she was not wanted in the house that she had given up going for the crumbs. When the boy came home Mary was a full grown hen, but evidently remembered him, for she followed him around and even dodged into the kitchen after him.

"I have also heard of a lobster that had a very good imitation of a memory. It tried to get its claws into the half-opened shell of an oyster, but the oyster always closed in time to save itself. The lobster finally seized a thin stone, quickly pushed it into the cautiously opened shell and devoured the oyster. Every one, of course, knows of horses and dogs that remember with surprising accuracy."

A Mathematical Problem for Married Men.

The following, in use as a leaflet by a prominent life insurance company, is good enough to pass around:

1. If you are sure you cannot die, there is no use providing for a contingency when there can be none.

2. If you expect to get insurance for nothing, don't insure.

3. If you know that you are too careless and indifferent to keep up your insurance, don't insure.

4. If you need your money for tobacco and whisky and get your support from your family, don't insure.

5. If you prefer useless luxuries for yourself to reasonable provision for your family, don't insure.

6. If you are too selfish to wish any comforts to others because you cannot enjoy it yourself, don't insure.

7. If you feel good over the idea that your children will be dependents upon the cold charities of the world after your death, don't insure.

8. If you feel happy over the idea of going to heaven while you are contemplating the probability of your family going to the poorhouse, don't insure.

9. If you have no respect for yourself and no regard for your family, don't insure, but spend your money to get rid of your tite, for it is not worth living.

But before you exterminate yourself read the following problem:

Put down the figures of the year in which you were born, to these add three, then add your birthday in 1891; multiply by 2, add 5, multiply by 50, deduct 979.425; substitute for the figures in correspondence with the alphabet, as A for 1, B for 2, C for 3, etc. The result will give you a name by which you are probably known.

Base Ball To-day.

Sneeden will pitch in this afternoon's game between the Staten Island Athletic Club and the Crescent League.

Bond, of the Swartmouth College team, who is visiting friends in this city, will play right field for the Crescents this afternoon during Hammill's absence.

Police Court.

Ore Holmes was arraigned before Judge Cockefair, this morning, charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct. He was found guilty and fined six dollars or ten days in the county jail. He paid the fine.

Stop!

DON'T be so busy over the education of the children as to forget their health. Fortify them every day by letting them

Have H-O for breakfast.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.

by

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE SITUATION AT HOMESTEAD

A Seizure of Dynamite Expected—The Strikers Sullen and Indignant.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 13. (Special.)—It is generally believed that an effort will be made soon to seize the dynamite and arms which the strikers have concealed in various parts of the town, and principally, it was rumored, under their headquarters.

Once more to-day there was earnest talk on the part of the workmen as to what they would do, when the troops were withdrawn, if an effort were made to introduce non-union men into the works.

Mr. Frick and the Carnegie people are just as determined as ever to begin work in the mills, and say they have plenty of volunteers.

The sullenness on the part of the strikers, which was observable yesterday morning when the troops put in so unexpected an appearance, has steadily increased since. When the deputation of Amalgamated workmen returned from their visit to Gen. Snowden, at which a formal military surrender was refused, there was great indignation and disappointment shown among the general body of strikers.

They say from what had passed between Hugh O'Donnell and the military authorities that the latter were going to rule with an iron rod, and reduce the place to a state of complete subjection to the county authorities. This settled once and for all the hopes of the locked-out men that the troops would be protection for them, against the Pinkertons or non-union men.

FOUR NEW YORKERS KILLED.

An Accident to a Picnic Party at Bloomingburg.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., July 13, (Special.)—A fatal accident occurred this morning twelve miles north of this town, at the Wurtsboro road crossing of the Ontario & Western Railroad. Four Summer boarders from New York city and Brooklyn were instantly killed and their bodies were shockingly mangled.

Six others were severely injured, and are now congratulating themselves on their narrow escape from a horrible death. The entire party were in a carriage, and while going over the crossing were run down by a freight train which was travelling at a fast rate.

The killed and injured formed a picnic party, and were stopping at the town of Bloomingburg. They were in a carriage driven by Frank M. Dineen, a liveryman of this city.

Quickly Lynched.

FRANKLIN, Ky., July 13th. (Special.)—Shortly after midnight a mob took J. Redfern, white, from jail here and hanged him. Redfern yesterday shot and instantly killed F. Dunn, for many years Circuit Court Clerk.

The Frankie Folsom Wreck.

PEORIA, July 13, (Special.)—Later advices say, up to two o'clock this morning eight bodies have been recovered from the wreck of the steamer Frankie Folsom, lost in last night's storm, and the search still continues.

Two Villages Threatened.

ROME, July 13th, (Special.)—Advices received here to-day state that the eruption of Mount Etna is daily growing more violent and is accompanied by frequent earthquakes.

Mr. Astor Recovering.

LONDON, July 13. (Special.)—Mrs. William Waldorf Astor reports this morning that her husband passed a good night and that he is still making rapid progress towards recovery.

Before Justice Nash.

The case of Thompson vs. Brown, for contracts, *is set for July 20th.*

The case of O'Brien vs. McCarthy, for contract, has been settled.

In the case of Kenyon vs. Calloran, judgment was taken for possession of the premises.

The case of Moss vs. McGinley went over until July 21st.

DEATHS.

McKINNEY—In this city, Monday, July 11th, 1892, Robert L., son of Roberta and the late Andrew McKinney, aged 19 years.

Funeral services from his late residence, No. 19 Crescent avenue, Thursday, July 14th, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. At Harned Academy, 107 Park avenue, Plainfield, now forming. Also evening

PAUSE!

IN YOUR DOWN TOWN CAREER

And turn your steps toward our store.

WHERE YOU CAN BUY

Fine Table Butter from 18c lb up. Standard Granulated Sugar 4½c lb. Mason's Fruit Jars, 75c. dozen. Try our Lagwyra Coffee, 30c. lb. It's fine.

Our 35c. Formosa Tea will compare favorably with that sold in most stores for 60c lb.

HEADQUARTERS FOR ROOT BEER—ALL KINDS.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association.

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

that A. G. VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

Lumber & Coal
LOOMIS & RICE

B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75 A

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG girl wishes situation at general housework. Willing to learn. 27 Stebbins place.

WANTED—Situation as nurse, with family going to England. Good reference. Box 783. 13 3

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A thoroughly competent girl for general housework, about September 1st Box 783. 13 6

WHITE laundress wanted by the day 8 Second place. 13 3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call 28 Vine street. 11 3

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a red Irish setter. \$3 reward for its return at once to T. B. Fenton, Jr., 112 Rockview avenue. 13 6

FOUND—A bracelet, which the owner can have by identifying property and paying expenses. Address "Mac," care of EVENING NEWS.

MONEY TO LOAN.

\$2,500 TO LOAN on gilt-edged security. Also smaller sums. Address "H. D. M," care of EVENING NEWS.

FOR RENT.

ROOMS to let. 37 West Fifth street. 13 4

FOR SALE.

50,000 CELERY plants for sale. Reidy, Dunellen, N. J. 13 4

A NON-RESIDENT offers to highest bidder, lots, corner Somerset street and Grandview avenue, along line of electric street railway. 56 Dorchester avenue, Cleveland, O. 13 6t

MRS JOS. M. MYERS' property, 147 East Front street, for sale or to let. Apply on premises. 7 13 w4w

\$40 CASH will buy a ball bearing safety bicycle worth double the amount. Almost new and in perfect condition. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS.

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Conveniently located from depot by unexclaimed roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 11f

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street.

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 23tf

WANTED—A boy's second hand bicycle in good order. S. Yerkes, 56 Central avenue. 13 3

WANTED to purchase—Table linen and lace curtains in perfect condition. Address "E. G.," care of EVENING NEWS. 13 4

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. At Harned Academy, 107 Park avenue, Plainfield, now forming. Also evening

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach.)

Our nearest salt water resort. A 10-acre shady grove close to the beach. Forty minutes from Plainfield by C. R. R. of New Jersey.

This famous day Summer resort has been greatly improved the present season by the erection of a grand new pavilion, a large restaurant, where refreshments are sold at moderate rates. A base ball diamond and Lawn Tennis Court, and a fine bowling alley.

There is also a fine equipment of boats for rowing, fishing or crabbing, a fine sandy beach for bathing, plenty of houses and suits, Summer picnic tables (free) for excursionists. Fine piano in the pavilion, music every day. First class steam Merry-go-rounds and swings. Naptha launch, making 10-cent trips around the sound. No intoxicants sold, no disorder, a perfectly safe place at any time for ladies and children.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue. Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park avenue.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.

Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 16, 18, 20 and 25c.

Gauze vests, 25c.

Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.

Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c, 40c, and 50c.

Men's Jean Drawers, 50c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.

Louis Callman.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Sunstroke.

There has been an unusual number of cases early in the season this summer. Maybe the sun spots disturb the electric conditions on our earth and cause the violent alternations of hot and cold weather we have suffered from in 1892. Or maybe it was the presidential conventions that did it, and the weather will steady itself now that they are over.

At any rate, keep cool in your mind and temper and you will not be half or quarter so apt to get a sunstroke as the irritable, excitable individual. But if you or any of your friends do get sunstruck, Dr. John A. Singer tells us what to do as follows, both in case of mere heat exhaustion and of actual sunstroke:

Heat exhaustion is a condition of extreme depression—the whole body is thoroughly exhausted and relaxed and the patient is fainting state; the face presents a pale, sticky, clammy aspect, with the features drawn and pinched; just as in the fainting fit of fear, the temperature of the body is below normal, although the patient may be perfectly conscious all the time.

The treatment should be such to remove the sufferer to a cool, shady spot, placing him flat on his back, should he not faint on rising, and to loosen around the neck, as do not remove the clothing from the body, because in this condition the skin is harsh and dry, and rubbing over the face with rags wrung out in ordinary cold water, and this treatment will be all that is necessary in after-feeling of all cases of heat exhaustion, and the patient will be sufficiently recovered to be removed to some quiet place for the night during the time the body remains warm around and show signs of depression, becoming cooler, shivering, blue in the face, with an increase in weakness, then stimulation and the external application of heat are called for.

The best thing to give is hot water to sip, and it may be given in any quantity. Avoid alcohol in any shape, as it is positively detrimental.

Heatstroke or sunstroke comes from the direct rays of the sun, the heat from engine rooms, sugar houses, etc. These are preceded by distinct premonitory symptoms, and a prudent person that an attack is imminent.

The symptoms are headache, dizziness and general muscular weakness, the head feeling as though being pressed forcibly down on the body. When these signs appear all exertion should cease instantly and a cool place sought where a lying down position is to be assumed. When the stroke comes on, the skin of the body is red, dry, hot and burning, and the face is also flushed and red. The patient becomes unconscious, with a blowing, hurried breathing due to the nervous excitement, and in the majority of cases with no perspiration.

To prevent sunstroke alcoholic liquors should be strenuously avoided and plenty of water taken while at work, as it causes profuse perspiration, there being little danger of sunstroke as long as perspiration is plentiful.

In treating a case of sunstroke, lay the head on his back with the head slightly elevated. Use cold water freely, but gently, and never dash it over the sufferer, as it may cause a severe shock if so administered. Then apply ice to the head, abdomen and around the region of the heart, sprinkling water from the wrists of feet around the extremities. This simple treatment will be found effective in almost every case, and is the most approved plan known. After a partial recovery or in cases of extreme resultant weakness the patient may need consequent health treatment, but if followed as directed this treatment will, except in extreme cases, be all that is necessary for relief and a cure.

The Peary Relief Expedition.

It is now safe on its way under the command of Professor Angelo Heilprin, agent of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences. July 4 the party sails for the Greenland coast in the steam whaler Kite, from St. John's, N. F. This is the same vessel that a year ago conveyed Lieutenant Peary and his wife and comrades up to McCormick bay, in latitude 77 degs. 43 min.

The Kite expects to reach McCormick bay by July 25. There it will await Peary's return from his summer overland expedition to the northernmost coast of Greenland. He expected to be able to go as far north as the 85th parallel by land, thus being within 350 miles of the north pole itself. The farthest northerly point heretofore gained was reached by the American Greely expedition in 1881.

On her way northward the Kite will search for cairns containing records, where Peary said he would leave them in case of abandoning McCormick bay before the relief expedition reaches him. If Peary is not found immediately the expedition will cruise along the coast and search for him till Sept. 1, the latest date at which it will be safe to remain in those far northern waters. In case the search must be abandoned the Kite will leave supply stores at suitable places.

But will they find Peary?

Whether he likes the candidates or not the American citizen could not have failed to be impressed with the array of distinguished newspaper men who attended both the presidential conventions. In these times the most brilliant editors in the land are proud to go to the great political conventions and send home reports of them. Gath and Joe Howard of course are always present, and so are others of the best known correspondents, *shooting off their journalistic pyrotechnics.* Four years ago it was said of one of the famous correspondents at a presidential convention that he was present with six stenographers, sixty pounds of paper and an immeasurable quantity of cheek. All of them were on hand again this time, each fully equipped in the manner described. At present America may well be proud of her brilliant newspaper correspondents. Few of their class in Europe are equal to them in pluck, wit and enterprise. Murat Halstead and Henry Watterson were among the famous editors at the conventions. Finally, the Republican convention did honor to both itself and the country by nominating a newspaper man—Whitelaw Reid—for vice president.

Fight against wrongs; but don't lose your temper.

MARTIAL LAW IN FORCE.

General Snowden Dictator at Homestead and Quiet Reigns.

THE MILL APPROACHES GUARDED.

Cannon and Gatling Guns Unshipped and Placed in Position—General Snowden Snubs the Strikers—The Soldiers Drinking with the Men—Frick Determined.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 13.—Law and order have been once more established in Homestead. It is martial law and Major General Snowden is dictator. Armed men in blue coats adorned with brass buttons have succeeded other armed men who had no authority of law. Men under oath to obey their superiors have taken the place of men who have been bound by no higher law than individual feeling. The Homestead trouble is in a state of statu quo.

The Carnegie company is once more in secure possession of its works. The borough authority has been subordinated. The workmen's tribunal has become null and void. Persons and property are secure and no fear of trouble while the troops are here is anticipated.

The quiet and orderly reception of the militia shows that the people either welcome their coming or are too disconcerted to offer any demonstrations. A few only were foolish enough to make uncomplimentary remarks. As one regiment was marching to camp a man in the crowd made a sneering reference to its members. "They are all boys," he said.

"I know that we are boys," said a fellow townsman, "but one of them plugged a bullet into me during the coke riots and I respect their ability to do their duty."

Snubbed by General Snowden.

General Snowden has assumed complete control of affairs, and as he told the committee of the Amalgamated association and the citizens' delegation that waited on him, he did not want the co-operation of anybody; that he did not recognize the Amalgamated association or any other authority except that of the governor of Pennsylvania and the sheriff of Allegheny coffity. The people of Homestead, he said, could best co-operate with the state troops by behaving themselves.

A review of the events of the momentous day would show a change so radical that few who have been here since the bloody repulse of the Pinkertons can scarcely realize its full meaning. With the first tap of the Pioneer Drum corps came the death knell of the authority of the advisory committee of the workmen. Regiment after regiment marched along the dusty roads and impressed people by their solid ranks, their orderly discipline. All day long they continued to arrive—infantry, cavalry and artillery—until the town became fairly flooded with blue uniforms.

Up the hill overlooking the town and adjacent to the Carnegie plant the wearied, tired militiamen toiled in the broiling sun to the position assigned them. Regiment after regiment marched in the borough, bands playing and flags flying. But there was no cheering. Lines of pickets guarded the approaches to the mills. A picket guard took possession of the borough itself. The pickets of the workingmen had disappeared and recognized law and order reigned.

Cannon and Gatling Guns.

The flat cars with cannon and Gatling guns were run down the tracks to the main street, and the guns were unloaded in full view of the citizens. Several box cars containing ammunition and commissary supplies were also unloaded. The soldiers were placed on duty where the supplies were being unloaded.

At no time while the troops were assembling was there any attempt at resentment on the part of the workingmen. Some of them objected to being stopped by guards on the road leading to the Carnegie works. It was the country road, they said, and no armed soldiers could block it. Their friends drew them away and a disturbance was averted.

Such is Homestead today. Strangers parade the streets feeling secure in the presence of the troops. Those outsiders who knew the danger that threatened them during the uncertain days of last week breathe the easier. The workingmen did not express their feelings. They are divided in sentiment as to the militia, but on one point they are firm—if more Pinkertons men are brought to watch the Carnegie works there will be bloodshed.

Soldiers Drinking with the Strikers.

Passes were issued to the militiamen with very little discretion as to the numbers and within an hour of their arrival at the camping ground the streets of Homestead were filled with a drunken, howling lot of soldiers. They mingled with the locked out Carnegie millmen and drowned all differences in beer at the many saloons which were wide open.

The militiamen became quite boisterous and rows with strikers were narrowly avoided. One man in the uniform of the state, after drinking freely, expressed himself in uncomplimentary terms in regard to the strikers. Two men broke for him, but a number of militiamen closed in around him and he made a hurried return to camp.

The delegation representing the Amalgamated association and the citizens of Homestead did not expect the setback it received from General Snowden when it called on him to tender good wishes and ask that the workmen be allowed to pass in review before the state troops, a request which he curtly refused.

General Snowden's curt refusal is variously commented upon, but here it is headed men think he could not have done otherwise.

FRICK IS DETERMINED.

He Says He Will Run His Works Without Amalgamated Men.

PITTSBURG, July 13.—H. C. Frick, chairman of the Carnegie company, was seen by a representative of the United Press, to whom he said it was the intention of the company to start up as quickly as possible and begin the operation of their works. He said:

"As we have failed to arrive at an amicable adjustment of the question at issue with the Amalgamated association, we have decided to adhere to our determination to have nothing to do with that organization or its officers. I think that the public does not understand that there are among our former workmen at Homestead many peaceable and intelligent citizens, who are willing to return to work at the terms which we have promised.

"These men, so far as I have been able to learn, have not participated in the unlawful demonstrations at Homestead, or if any of them did it was under stress of fear of the men who were agitating a spirit of lawlessness. We desire and we are assured that we will have the co-operation and aid of these men in our efforts to operate our mills at Homestead when they feel that they are not endangering their lives and those of their families by taking the side of law and order.

"To a certain extent we expect to get our establishment in operation by the aid of workmen now residing at Homestead. It will be necessary, of course, to obtain a certain amount of outside labor to fill the places of the men who, as members of the Amalgamated association, will refuse to go to work under our new system, and whom, in fact, we could not conscientiously take again into our employ."

Mr. Frick could not state just when he expected to get the Homestead mills in operation, but said it would be very soon. He said he trusted they would be able to operate their establishment in peace, and that there would be no more bloodshed in Homestead.

TWO MORE MILLS WILL STRIKE.

Frick Given Till Thursday to Reopen Negotiations with the Homestead Men.

PITTSBURG, July 13.—A largely attended meeting of men employed in Carnegie's Upper and Lower Union mills was held, which resulted after a protracted session in unanimous decision to notify the management of those concerns that unless negotiations looking to a settlement of the trouble at Homestead were opened Thursday of this week, the men in all departments will walk out at the conclusion of the work of the day turn on that day. As a matter of course this ultimatum carried with it a recognition of the Amalgamated association in the Homestead difficulty.

Immediately after adjournment the mill committees started out to notify the managers of the meeting last night expect. The Thirty-third street mill committee found Superintendent D. R. Dillon in the office and reported the ultimatum of the men. Mr. Dillon expressed his regret that such a decision had been reached, and he soon after left the office.

A reporter asked Secretary Lovejoy, of the Carnegie Steel company, what effect his firm would take. Hey refused to make an answer. President Frick would not receive a reporter.

What It Will Cost the State.

PITTSBURG, July 13.—It is estimated that it will cost the state of Pennsylvania $300 a day to maintain the present army at Homestead. There are now fully 8,000 men in the neighborhood of Homestead, who responded to the governor's call. This is the sum total of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, with the exception of 470 men.

OVER THREE HUNDRED PERISHED.

St. Gervais, Switzerland's Famous Health Resort, Swept Away.

PARIS, July 13.—A terrific storm swept over the Chamounix and Arve valleys in Switzerland. Rain fell in torrents, and the enormous quantity of water precipitated caused the river Arve to rise suddenly to a great height. The swelling of the mountain stream led to the inundation of the country along the banks, and great damage was done at many places.

The worst disaster was at St. Gervais, the famous health resort. Two villages were literally swept away by a landslide caused by the storm, and it is reported that 200 residents and visitors were drowned or buried under the landslide. The entire business part was destroyed and at least half the buildings in the place were demolished.

The Arve is filled with floating debris mingled with the bodies of many corpses of men, women and children, besides hundreds of carcasses of cattle, goats and other animals.

Over 150 bodies have been recovered from the Arve and from the ruins of houses. It is believed that there are many bodies buried under the mass of debris.

One hundred and fifty bodies have already been found at St. Gervais.

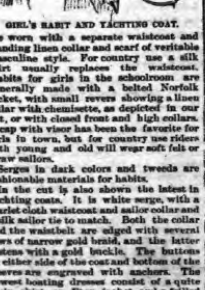
Seventy-five Reported Drowned.

PEORIA, Ills., July 13.—It is supposed that the tugboat Frankie Folsom capsized and sunk on Lake Peoria with 150 people on board. Seventy-five people are reported to have been drowned.

RIDING AND BOATING DRESS.

The New Cutaway Coat Bodice for Riding Habits—The Sp. t Yachting Coat.

The newest riding habits are made with a cutaway coat, single or double breasted, and the same length all around in place of the usual postillion bodice. A glimpse of the full vest, the waistcoat appearing at the throat and waist of these double breasted "round coats," as English tailors call them, while the single breasted coats



GIRL'S RABAT AND YACHTING COAT.

are worn with a separate waistcoat and standing linen collar and scarf of veritable Jockey cut, with small rever showing a linen collar with chemisette, as depicted in our cut, or with closed front and high collars. A cap with visor to match and rosette for girls in town, but for country use riders both young and old will wear soft felt or straw sailors.

Dark blue dark colors and tweeds are fashionable materials for habits.

In the cut is also shown the latest in yachting coats. It is white serge, with a scarlet cloth waistcoat and sailor collar and a silk sailor tie to match. Both the collar and the waistbelt are edged with several rows of narrow gold braid, and the latter fastens with a gold buckle. The buttons on either side of the coat and bottom of the sleeves are engraved with anchors. The yachting costume consists of a quite plain skirt, an Eton jacket and a frilled cambric shirt.

Hill Awaits His Party's Call.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Senator Hill was in the city for a short time yesterday. Mr. Hill said that when the Democratic state committee calls upon him for his services he will be ready to take up the cudgels for the party.

New York Editors Meet.

BUFFALO, July 13.—The New York State Press association is in session here.

HARRISON AT SARATOGA.

He Addresses the National Educational Association.

HE EVOKES CHEERS AND LAUGHTER

After the Speech the President Was Tendered a Reception, to Which an Admission Fee Was Charged—After He Was Over He Left for Washington.

SARATOGA, July 13.—The red and white badges of the members of the National Educational association were more prevalent here than race-track badges in August. President Harrison was driven from his private car to Congress hall, where he breakfasted with the officers of the association. After breakfast he was escorted to Congress Spring park, where 5,000 people had gathered. As, he stepped upon the platform at 9:40 o'clock there was a burst of applause which he acknowledged with a bow. President Cook, of the National Educational association, introduced the Hon. A. S. Draper, ex-state superintendent of instruction, who made an address of welcome to the president. President Harrison said in reply:

President Harrison's Speech.

MR. PRESIDENT, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: If it is "more blessed to give than to receive," this is a blessed audience [laughter and applause]. For I do not know that any of you people who give so largely in excess of their receipts [laughter] as the instructors of the young and especially the female instructors [laughter and applause], is apt to get very large returns in your profession and I am glad for a few moments in your presence and under the inspiration of this occasion to speak of a matter of public concern and public interest. It is quite appropriate, I think, that the president of the United States should address the teachers of the country, whatever his views in army or in politics [applause], for, after all, the strength and defense of our institutions, not only in the army, but in the navy, is found in the young of the land who have received from the lips of patriotic teachers the love of country and the faith in institutions and to establish our civil institutions, and which their sons have repeated on hundreds of battle fields.

The organized army of the United States, as we include the militia of the states, is insignificant in comparison with the armies of all the other great powers of the world. Our strength is not in these; it is in that great reserve to be found in the instructed young of our land, who come to its defense in a time of peril—[Applause.]

It was not of the brawlers it was not of the frequenters of taverns of which our army in the Revolutionary war was made up, and could be made if any great emergency of war again confronts us. I recall a battle scene. The line was advancing against an intrenched enemy from behind strong parapets eight guns belched their missile of death into the advancing lines. There was a pause, a momentary instant of rest, when a sniping soldier, a mother's boy stepped to the front with cap in air and cheered the line to victory. [Applause.] The instinct of patriotism, of moral courage, was triumphant over mere physical daring in that hour, and always will be. [Applause.]

The Flag and the School House.

It is not simply to give that power that common schools exist, not to give a set direction, that schools are established. He is not a benefactor of his race who develops un or misdirected power. Therefore it is we must insist that in all our schools the morality of the Ten Commandments shall be instilled [applause], that lessons of love of country and of patriotism shall be taught. [Applause.] In the family and in the schools are the beginnings of the life of mental strength and good citizenship, obedience to the law, a respectful deference to public authority, a self-sacrificing purpose and by establishment and orderly administration of government. [Applause.]

I rejoice to see more than in this movement recently so prominently developed of placing the starry banner above every school house. [Cheers.] I have been glad to see that too sentimental an appreciation of the flag will not enter upon any defense. God pity the American citizen who does not love it; who does not see in it the story of our great free institutions, and the hope of the home as well as of the nation. [Loud continued applause.] And I think, notwithstanding perhaps of it's too much tendency to rote in our public schools that it is still not a mere matter of form—and especially the women [laughter]—are not without sentiment.

I am not here to instruct this convention of instructors. [Laughter]. As I have just intimated, I have learned from you, for we were taking on in education some of the developments which characterized the mechanic arts. No workman ever made a finished product, he gives it a little touch and passes it on to some body else. I sometimes regretfully recall the days when the teacher left his strong impress upon the pupil [laughter] by reason of long years of personal intercourse and instruction [laughter], and besides where the professor knew the members of his class and could detect the fraud when a dummy was substituted [laughter].

Now we have the little one for a few months in the kindergarten, then pass him on to the primary, and then the graded system catches him, such as a moving belt in a machine shop, and carries him on until he is dumped from one of these great universities as a "finished product." [Laughter and applause.]

The Straw and the Camel.

Perhaps the work is so large and the demand for economy so great that this system is inevitable. There is much in it that I think, between a system of intellectual competition which destroys the body and a system of physical training which eliminates the mind. [Laughter and applause.]

But I have already in this deontiory way talked too long. [Cries of "Go on; go on!" That is very kind. I see that motto everywhere about me. [Laughter and applause.] It is indeed a very good one. It is the motto of institution where I live. [Long continued laughter and applause.] There you are surprised or surprise that we go on without any adequate appreciation of what they mean. I never know why this old adage of the last straw and the camel's back meant until I was called to exercise the office of president; and you will never know until you have that experience. [Laughter and applause.]

I hope all of you may return to your homes and work with a new appreciation of interest in and consecration to it; there is home other like it. It has the power of multiplication. It has an element in it that no other work has. It is eternal. It has that communicative touch of intelligence, morality and patriotism which runs from one to another and which gives to the elements of character which come to it, to the state.

If not crowns of wealth, if not the luxury and ease of great fortunes are yours, yours will be a higher reward than that, for it can be said of you that in every touch upon the life of the young you have lifted it up. That your meeting here in this delightful retreat may be accompanied by every incident of pleasure and profit, and that you may find in it a fresh inspiration and dedication to your work, is the wish I leave with you.

After the address the president was driven to Congress hall, where he held a reception. Almost everybody in the village attended it. Then the presidential car was attached to the southbound train, and the party left at 4 o'clock.

A peculiar feature of the reception was the fact that the association had swelled its coffers to a considerable extent by the visit of the president. During his presence in Congress park an admission fee was charged. It is not thought that the president was aware of this.

New York Editors Meet.

BUFFALO, July 13.—The New York State Press association is in session here.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

At Pittsburg—	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg.....0 2 2 0 0 0 1 1—11	16	4	
Boston.....0 0 1 7 0 0 0 0 0—8	12	5	
Hurst and Mack; Silvetis, Kelly and Bennett.			
At Cincinnati—	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—2	7	2	
Brooklyn.....1 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 x—4	7	1	
Dwyer and Vaughan, Hart and Kinslow.			
At Louisville—	R.	H.	E.
Louisville.....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 x—1	6	1	
Washington.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	3	3	
Meadows and Weaver; Gastright and McGuire.			
At Chicago—	R.	H.	E.
Chicago.....1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0—3	9	1	
Philadelphia.....0 1 2 0 0 1 0 0 x—3	10	1	
Gumbert, Hutchinson and Schriver; Carsey and Orem.			
At St. Louis—First Game—	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis.....0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 2—4	9	1	
Baltimore.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1	5	2	
Getzein and Buckley, McMahon and Van Haltren.			
Second game—	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis.....0 3 1 2 3 2 0 1 1—13	15	3	
Baltimore.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	7	2	
Gastria and Buckley, Cobb and Halligan.			
At Cleveland—	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland.....1 2 0 0 3 1 0 1 1—9	11	2	
New York.....1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—3	8	3	
Clarkson and Zimmer, Crane and Boyle.			

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

At Albany—	R.	H.	E.
Albany.....4 2 0 3 4 0 5 0 1—20	22	1	
Providence.....0 0 0 1 1 0 2 0 3—7	9	1	
Daley and Ross; Kilroy, Stafford and Ryan.			
At Binghamton—	R.	H.	E.
Binghamton.....2 0 0 3 0 0 1 0 1—7	10	3	
Utica.....2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—3	7	2	
Murphy and Fitzgerald, Sullivan and Urquhart.			
At Rochester—	R.	H.	E.
Rochester.....2 0 1 5 1 0 0 1 0—10	16	7	
Elmira.....0 1 0 0 5 1 2 x—11	11	2	
Mashley, Woolbacker, Frickes and Boyd.			
At Buffalo—	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo.....0 5 0 0 1 0 0 0 3—9	10	2	
Troy.....4 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 x—11	8	4	

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Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 8:05, a. m., 12:00, 2:05, 4:35 p. m.
Close—7:00 and 9:30 a. m., 12:35, 5:30 and 8 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
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Close—7:00 a. m., 6:00 p. m.
Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
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Mail closes at 6:00 p. m.
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CYRUS W. FIELD'S DEATH

The Father of Ocean Cables, He Joined Two Worlds.

FAILURES HAD NO TERRORS FOR HIM

In Spite of a Series of Dismal Disasters He Toiled on Till He Finally Moored the Eastern Hemisphere Alongside the Western—Then Honors Came Thick and Fast.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Cyrus W. Field's death at Ardsley park, Dobbs Ferry, although expected for some time, came with a shock to his friends and was heard with regret by the public, whose benefactor he was.

Cyrus West Field was born in Stockbridge, Mass., on Nov. 30, 1819. His father, the Rev. David Dudley Field, had some literary reputation in New England. He had gone to Stockbridge from Haddam, Conn., a few years before the birth of Cyrus. When young Field was fifteen years old he came to New York, where his brother, David Dudley, already in practice as a lawyer, got for him a clerkship in A. T. Stewart's store. At the end of his term of apprenticeship he went into business for himself as a junk dealer and paper maker. In spite of one failure, he made enough in twelve years to be able to retire from business. He was thirty-three years old when he *did* this. When he was twenty-two he had married Miss Mary Bryan Stone, of Guilford, Conn., by whom he has had six children, and who *died* only a few months after the retirement that

CYRUS W. FIELD.

It was very soon he became interested in the subject of submarine telegraphy. It was brought to his attention by a telegraph operator named Gisborne, who had secured a charter from the Newfoundland legislature for a cable between St. Johns and New York. A cable was laid across the Gulf of St. Lawrence after great difficulties.

Mr. Field then induced Peter Cooper, Moses Taylor, Marshall O. Roberts and Chandler White to join him in the enterprise. A company was formed under the title of the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph company. It was thirteen years after this before any results worth speaking of were obtained. This was the most remarkable period of Field's life. He bore up against rebuffs of all kinds and financial disaster which would have easily subdued most men. He made fifty journeys across the Atlantic on behalf of his scheme. A few great men encouraged him. Mr. Thackeray and John Bright were among them.

The Cable Laid.

After a long series of dismal failures a cable was laid in 1858. Two ships, one coming from Newfoundland and the other from Ireland, met and spliced the ends together. Messages were sent over the cable for a few weeks, and then it became useless. This failure was doubly disheartening, and nothing more was done for some years. Cyrus continued his agitation of the cable scheme, however, and in 1865 the huge Great Eastern was chartered to lay another cable. By this time Sir William Thomson had perfected his instruments for measuring currents and for ascertaining the position of submarine cables. On the first occasion the Great Eastern had gone about 1,300 miles, when the cable parted.

The cable layers succeeded in getting hold of the cable again, but the rope with which they were hauling to give way, and there was not enough rope to make another attempt. It was also too late in the season and too rough to continue the work that year. In 1866 the Great Eastern went out again, successful in laying a new cable and in picking up the one abandoned in the previous year. On July 27 communication was established between the two continents, and since then it has never been interrupted.

Honors were heaped on Field. Congress presented him with a gold medal and the thanks of the nation. Lord Palmerston declared that the British government would have known how to honor him had he been a British subject. John Bright said he had restored the New World alongside of the Old.

He was the last person to receive the honorary freedom of the city of New York. A gold snuff box was given to him at the same time. He also got the thanks of the state of Wisconsin, with a gold medal; the thanks of the American Chamber of Commerce of Liverpool, with a gold medal; a decoration from King Victor Emmanuel of Italy; a silver service from George Peabody, and inscribed thanks and gold medals from all over the world.

His Monument to Andre.

Mr. Field's house on the Hudson was called Ardsley, from the house which his ancestor Zachariah built in 1693. Some days ago Mr. Field created a stir on the orderly peaceful banks of the Hudson by putting up a monument to Major Andre, the young English officer who bravely undertook the duties of a spy and was very properly shot by General Washington's orders when caught.

As Andre was captured by three local heroes, whose deed is also commemorated in stone, local and national patriotism moved Mr. Field's neighbors to pull the monument down. He put it up again and they pulled it down again, and in time he grew tired. Mr. Field was freely accused of anglomania. This offense consisted in admitting to the friendship of the most eminent Englishmen of the present and the last generation.

Mr. Field was careful of his personal appearance, but his dress was quiet. It was marked by one peculiarity, an emerald stud to him in South America which he always wore in his shirt front. His conversation was rapid and witty, and he could get through more business in five minutes than most in an hour. His recent troubles are too well known to need repeating here.

The City of Chicago Disappearing.

LONDON, July 13.—A dispatch from Kinlop says that the remnants of the wrecked steamer City of Chicago are disappearing.

What Peter Was Hiding.

"Aha!" said old Curmudgeon, "that little rascal Peter is hiding something. I'll question him. See how furtive his actions are!"

Old C.—What have you in your pocket, there?

Peter—Nothing, sir.

Old C.—You have, you rascal, and—

"Ouch! Ouch! Ouch!"—Fliegende Blatter.

Several Lives Lost.

COLUMBUS, Miss., July 13.—The Tombigbee river is thirty-five feet above low water mark. People have been driven from the lowlands and hundreds of cattle drowned. Several lives have been lost.

Carnot Decorates Americans.

PARIS, July 13.—President Carnot has conferred the chevalier's ribbon of the Legion of Honor upon Henry Haydie, journalist, and Henry Mosler, artist. Both gentlemen are Americans.

A Juvenile Monster.

BUFFALO, July 13.—While Laura Snyder, a six-year-old child, was playing in the street an unknown boy poured kerosene over her dress and set her afire. She was burned to death.

Cardinal Gibbons on His Vacation.

BALTIMORE, July 13.—Cardinal Gibbons left here in company with the Rev. Thomas J. Broydrick, of this city, for Nova Scotia, where he will spend his annual vacation.

Mme. Raymond Acquitted.

PARIS, July 13.—The jury acquitted Mme. Raymond, who murdered Mme. Lassimonne while the latter was in a room with M. Raymond, husband of the murderess.

Noodling in Toledo.

TOLEDO, O., July 13.—The prosecuting attorney has charged ten members of the city council with noodling and a special grand jury has been impaneled.

Mount Etna Getting Worse.

ROME, July 13.—The tremors in Mount Etna are increasing in extent and enormous streams of lava pour forth, accompanied by terrific explosions.

The French Cabinet Crisis Ended.

PARIS, July 13.—M. Burdeau's appointment as minister of marine is believed to have ended the cabinet crisis.

Ex-Senator Vedder Wedded.

CHICAGO, July 13.—Commodore P. Vedder, of Buffalo, ex-member of the state senate of New York, and Genevieve A. Wheeler were married at the home of the bride's parents.

Uncle Sam Will Box About It.

NEW ORLEANS, July 13.—The soirée of the American steamship Joseph Otart, Jr., by the insurgents of Spanish Honduras has been taken up by the United States government.

Both Shot Dead.

FRANKLIN, Ky., July 13.—Blanton Dunn took one of his negroes to the house of John Redfern, with whom he had had trouble. They got into a row and Redfern shot both dead.

Depositors to Be Paid in Full.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 13.—A. D. Lynch, receiver of the defunct Asbury Park National bank, has notified the depositors that their claims would be paid in full.

Professor Carroll Attempts Suicide.

WALLINGFORD, Conn., July 13.—Dwight Carroll, a professor in Lehigh university, attempted suicide at his home by taking paris green. His mind has given way.

Mrs. Harrison Remains Indoors.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., July 13.—Mrs. Harrison continues to improve in health and spirits, but she has not as yet left the cottage.

General Booth to Visit America.

LONDON, July 13.—General Booth, of the Salvation Army, will visit the United States and Canada in the autumn.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be generally fair and more sultry.

ASTOR IS NOT DEAD.

The Cablegram Reporting His Sudden Death Was a Forgery.

LONDON, July 13.—William Waldorf Astor is not dead. The report that he had expired was cabled to his New York agent by some malicious person for the purpose, it is thought, of annoying the family. The first intimation that was received of such a report having gained currency came in the shape of a cable of condolence from the employes in Mr. Astor's New York office, conveying their heartfelt sympathy and regret. From this it is assumed that some one in London cabled to the office in New York, and whether it was done through private malice or for the purpose of stock jobbing, of course, cannot be determined until the author of the dispatch is discovered.

In reply to a note explaining the situation in New York and the contradictory reports that had been received from London in regard to her husband Mrs. Astor sent out word that Mr. Astor was much better. A cable received from New York states that Manager Bartlett, of the Astor estate, received the announcement of Mr. Astor's death by cable from Mr. Adams, Mr. Astor's agent in London. At least the cable was signed by him, and Mr. Bartlett supposed that it was authentic.

Mr. Adams said: "The telegram that is reported to have come from me is a clear forgery. I emphatically deny sending any such telegram, and shall take immediate proceedings to ferret out the forger of the telegram. I saw Mr. Astor a few hours ago and he was as jolly as a 'sand boy.' He treated the affair with levity and said he was used to being made a ghost.

"Although Mr. Astor," continued Mr. Adams, "says the affair cannot affect him, I do not intend to let the matter drop. I have called Mr. Baldwin denying that I sent him the telegram asking for full particulars. The telegram was possibly sent to influence Wall street, but it cannot injure Mr. Astor. He is making rapid progress toward recovery."

The Forged Telegrams.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Just how Mr. Astor died and came to life again so rapidly is a decided enigma to his representative here. Whoever it was that sent the false cablegram from London to the New York office of the Astors completely deceived the representatives of the family. For hours they had no reason to doubt the authenticity of the report, and when a denial did come from the other side it was received indoubt and for hours more could not be verified. The success of the scheme, whatever its object, was complete.

The cablegrams received by Manager Bartlett from the London agent were as follows:

Mr. Astor is critically ill. Will cable developments.

Mr. Astor died between 4 and 5 o'clock. Advise newspapers.

No possible clew can be found as to the originator of the false cablegram. The lack of motive is the great stumbling block. It could hardly have been done to manipulate any stock holdings, for the bulk of the Astor money is entirely clear of Wall street and the death of any one member could have but an unappreciable effect upon the market.

Gored to Death.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J., July 13.—Samuel Martin, nineteen years old, was gored to death by a vicious bull. One lunge of the animal completely disemboweled the unfortunate youth. The bull was put to death, but it required forty-six shots.

A Woman Crushed to Death.

NYACK, N. Y., July 13.—Mrs. Lavina Hartwick, aged seventy-five, wife of Jacob Hartwick, one of the oldest residents of Clarkstown, was found dead at the foot of a flight of stairs. She had filled with iron and rags lay on top of her.

The Perth Amboy Mystery.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., July 13.—Chief of Police Burke, of Perth Amboy, has lodged in the county jail here John McKinnon, of the police force, but they have got the murderer of Mary Anderson at Perth Amboy.

Election Officers Convicted.

JERSEY CITY, July 13.—William E. Reen, James H. Jordan and Nathaniel Fowler, the election officers who have been on trial for stuffing the ballot boxes at the fall election of 1889, have been convicted.

Big Defalcation in London.

LONDON, July 13.—Lunt and Wilson, two *clerks employed by Reynolds & Gibson*, stock brokers, are reported to be defaulters for the amount of £100,000.

France and the Exposition.

PARIS, July 13.—A number of deputies has adopted an additional credit of 800,000 francs for the representation of France at the Chicago World's fair.

Two Miners Crushed to Death.

TRINIDAD, Colo., July 13.—By the caving in of the roof in the Berwind coal mine George T. Lamb and Nicola Carpeta were crushed to death.

Three Boys Drowned.

FARMINGTON, Me., July 13.—Charles Parsons, aged seventeen; Willie Day, twelve, and Fred Pierce, twelve, were drowned while bathing.

Two Girls Drowned While Bathing.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 13.—Alice Dennison and Dollie Russell, aged fourteen years, were drowned in Uteple river while bathing.

Killed by a Priest.

CHICAGO, July 13.—Barney Moran was shot by the Rev. Father Bay, of South Chicago, whose house he was trying to rob. He is dead.

O'Kelly Goes to Jail for Life.

LAKE CITY, Colo., July 13.—E. D. O'Kelly, who killed Bob Ford at Creede, was sentenced to the penitentiary for life at hard labor.

The Smallpox in Toronto.

TORONTO, July 13.—Grave fears are entertained by officials of the medical department that smallpox will become epidemic here.

A Trio of Suicides.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—R. M. Dabney (colored), Charles F. Knapp and L. George Lemrock committed suicide here.

Ex-Governor Amos Batter.

NORTH EASTON, Mass., July 13.—Ex-Governor Amos, whose condition was reported as serious, is somewhat better.

Pennsylvania's Chautauqua.

MT. GRETNA, Pa., July 13.—The first annual summer assembly of the Pennsylvania Chautauqua opened here.

Struck for Nine Hours.

PITTSBURG, July 13.—The 300 employes of the Marshall Construction company struck for nine hours' work a day.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
R. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,

No 26 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete educating of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet
MAKER.
Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
John Peterson,
SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.
Residence 14 Linden avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 982.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 313.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evons.
P. O. Box 1288
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class wood interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1344.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Boss Builder and hard wood mantel maker, carpenter of Grand and Second streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 9 Hagner street.

38c.
Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with Linen bosom and waistbands; regular 50c. quality.

17c.
Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.

Window Shades 25c. and upward.
Dress Chenille 5c. Best Prints 5c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at
BOEHM'S
No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at lowest prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Do You Want Shirts?
If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Full Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.
Trunks and Bags.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Real Estate & Insurance
Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 34. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 piece South American Hair Mattress, 65 lbs.	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 90c.; bolsters and pillows; Oil Cloth 25 to 65c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs, $1 to $50; Parlor Suits, all silk, $25 per suit; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.

T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.

As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of *Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,* to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 3 37, 6 28, 8 15, 6 29, 8 50, 7 28, 10 02, 7 57, 11 02 a. m., 12 02 noon, 12 57, 1 57, 2 57, 3 57, 4 57, 5 57, 6 57, 7 57, 8 57, 9 57, 10 57, 11 57 a. m., 12 02 noon, 12 57, 1 57, 2 57, 3 57, 4 57, 5 57, 6 57, 7 57, 8 57, 9 57, 10 57, 11 57 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 3 37, 6 01, 8 02, 9 02, 10 02, 11 02 a. m., 12 02 noon, 1 02, 2 02, 3 02, 4 02, 5 02, 6 02, 7 02, 8 02, 9 02, 10 02, 11 02 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m. Leave Newark, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 a. m., 12 35 noon, 1 35, 2 35, 3 35, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m. Sunday, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 a. m., 12 35 noon, 1 35, 2 35, 3 35, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 8 15, 7 15, 9 15, 11 05 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m. Sunday at 8 15, 9 15, 11 05 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m. Leave Somerville 8 45, 7 45, 9 45, 11 35 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND HARTLEY.

Leave Plainfield at 8 15, 9 15 a. m., 2 15, 5 20 p. m. Sunday at 8 15, 9 15 a. m., 5 20, 6 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 9 15 a. m., 2 15, 5 20 p. m. Sundays 9 15 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Renovo.

7 15 a. m. for connection with High Bridge branch, Junction, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pittston, Hazleton, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo.

9 15 a. m. for Junction, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pittston, Hazleton, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Renovo, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and Pacific coast to Mauch Chunk.

11 05 a. m. for Junction.

2 15 p. m. for Junction, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Renovo, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and Pacific coast to Mauch Chunk.

5 20 p. m. for Junction, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Renovo, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and Pacific coast to Mauch Chunk.

6 30 p. m. for Junction, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Renovo, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and Pacific coast to Mauch Chunk.

8 15 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Renovo.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 9 37, 9 05, 10 37, 11 09 a. m., 12 37, 1 09, 2 37, 3 09, 4 37, 5 09, 6 37, 7 09, 8 37, 9 09, 10 37, 11 09 p. m. Sunday at 9 37, 9 05, 10 37, 11 09 a. m., 12 37, 1 09, 2 37, 3 09, 4 37, 5 09, 6 37, 7 09, 8 37, 9 09, 10 37, 11 09 p. m. For Freehold 10 37, 1 09, 5 09 p. m. Sundays 9 37, 10 37 a. m., 5 09 p. m.

ROUND BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 5 15, 8 20, 9 20, 10 45 a. m., 12 20, 2 45, 4 20, 5 20, 6 45, 8 20, 9 20, 10 45 p. m. Sunday at 5 15, 8 20, 9 20, 10 45 a. m., 12 20, 2 45, 4 20, 5 20, 6 45, 8 20, 9 20, 10 45 p. m.

For Bristol at 5 15, 8 20, 9 20, 10 45 a. m., 12 20, 2 45, 4 20, 5 20, 6 45, 8 20, 9 20, 10 45 p. m. Sunday at 5 15, 8 20, 9 20, 10 45 a. m., 12 20, 2 45, 4 20, 5 20, 6 45, 8 20, 9 20, 10 45 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 2 45, 4 20, 5 20, 6 45, 8 20, 9 20, 10 45 p. m. Sunday at 2 45, 4 20, 5 20, 6 45, 8 20, 9 20, 10 45 p. m.

For Atlantic City, Cape May and Ocean City, 9 20 a. m. Sundays, 9 20 a. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle City and Ocean City, 9 20 a. m. Saturdays only, 2 45 p. m.

For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Long Branch, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head, Toms River, Seaside Park and Tuckerton, 9 37 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Red Bank, 9 37 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Freehold, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Matawan, 9 37 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Keyport, 9 37 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Holmdel, 9 37 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Long Branch, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Ocean Grove, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Asbury Park, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Sea Girt, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Manasquan, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Point Pleasant, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Bay Head, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Toms River, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Seaside Park, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Tuckerton, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Eatontown, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Shrewsbury, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Lakewood, 9 37, 11 09 a. m., 5 09 p. m. Sundays, 9 37 a. m.

For Jamesburg, 9 37, 11 09

FOR JEALOUS WIVES.

THEY SHOULD LEARN TO CONTROL OR CONCEAL THE FEELING.

Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox Makes Some Remarks for the Benefit of a Very Unfortunate Kind of Helpmeet—Some Sage Advice from a Woman.

The following missive fluttered into me recently and seems deserving of an open reply, since the writer is one of a large class:

DEAR FRIEND MRS. WILCOX—I am a stranger to you, but you are a friend to all women, I feel, and it seems to me you can help me by advice. I am a newly married wife. I adore my husband and he is devoted to me, but I suffer the agonies of death daily through jealousy. I am jealous of every woman he looks at. In my heart I know he cares for no one but me, and I want to be a good wife and make him happy, but the least attention he pays to any woman sends me into a fever of jealousy.

I was quite a belle when single, and learned to flirt in my own false way; many were to their wives. It made me suspicious of all men, and now that I am a wife I am full of fear that my husband will be false to me. He is so good to me I am ashamed of these thoughts. Tell me what to do to cure myself of my jealousy. It is not one woman, it is all women I am jealous of.

In the first place, my dear young woman, you want to realize the great truth that thoughts are things, and that by dwelling on any one idea you can produce a condition to correspond with it. Space is filled with influences and forces ready to respond to your thoughts. Every time you think jealous thoughts you attract jealous forces that will in time, if you continue in this idea, cause your husband to be untrue to you. On the contrary, if you think and say, "He is true, he is loyal, he loves me and is worthy of my love," you attract forces of love and truth which strengthen him to resist every temptation life may offer.

In the next place you want to cultivate that rarest of all plants in the garden of love—common sense.

Sit down and consider the situation. What is your husband to you? Do all women to become his wife? Probably because he loved you more than all others. Well, then, with his love and his daily companionship to start with you have a great advantage over all rivals. You have the power in your hands to fan this flame of love into a steady fire or to quench it forever.

However much a man may be imbued with sentiment, he likes comfort and peace of mind as a steady home diet. If you deprive him of these sentimental ideas love is of very little value to him.

Every time you allow your unreasonable jealousy to make him uncomfortable you lose ground with him and make it more possible for him to turn elsewhere for distraction.

Added to this, you show yourself in an unbecoming mood and he will be inclined to contrast a sullen, tearful wife with more agreeable women he meets elsewhere.

Whatever you may feel, you ought to be able to control yourself for the sake of your appearance in the eyes of the man you love.

A perpetually jealous wife, remember, is the most unlovable object possible, and if you feel your emotions growing beyond control manage to seclude yourself and cry it out alone. A good cry is often a great relief to a woman. But it would be well to steam and bathe your face well before you allow your husband to see you.

Make your mind that nowhere else on earth shall your husband find such comfort, such affection, such cheerfulness, such agreeable manners as he finds with you. Unless he is the trashiest sort of character-less being he is not going to be disloyal to the woman who exhibits all these qualities.

Try and forget that you are jealous of your husband. Make him feel that he can speak his opinions freely to you, that you understand him fully, and will be expressed admiration of other women brace yourself up and agree with him. Brace yourself still further and show polite attention to the women he admires.

Nothing will more fully convince him that you respect his tastes and that you have confidence in your own position sufficient to allow him a friend or two to your regard.

Since you love him so devotedly and are so morbidly jealous this will be a difficult task for you. But love is full of hardships and the effort is worth making.

Aside from this it is a wise thing to study carefully and closely the women whom you fear are rivals. Like a shying horse when driven close to the piece of fluttering paper which has caused him to snort and quiver with terror, you will become calm and self possessed when you discover on close acquaintance how harmless are the women you have considered dangerous rivals.

On the contrary, if you avoid them and disparage them you will foster your jealous imagination and figure your husband into a chivalrous admiration of them, which will be a standing to your jealous heart, and you will lower yourself in your husband's esteem, while if you are agreeable and attentive to his friends he will admire and respect you.

Talk to him of your pride in his loyalty; tell him that you realize the temptations with which a man's life is surrounded and praise him for giving you reason to respect him. If he is a manly man he will find greater happiness in being worthy of your praise and pride than in yielding to any passing temptation other women may offer. If you seem him of neglect and infidelity and taunt him with your jealous fears you will drive him to others for comfort and distraction.

Avoid talking with other women about faithless husbands who deceive trusting wives. Many wives are a mania to relate cases of infidelity, and jealous wives seem fascinated with the subject. Avoid it as you would infection.

If obliged to listen to such recitals, make a mental comment that you have heard only one side of the story. You do not yet know what cause the wives gave these husbands to become faithless. Many a seemingly "devoted and trusting wife" has nagged her husband into infidelity by her narrow, petty spirit of fault finding in small matters—as one insistent mosquito has driven sleep from a luxurious pillow. Think of this when you hear of deserted or neglected wives, instead of becoming excited and morbid on the subject.

Almost all jealous people are selfish and unwilling to accord the liberty they take. Not that you need to be entirely free from gentlemen with very good grace, and quite likely you express admiration of some gentlemanly appearance, conversation or manners now and then. Why should you object to your husband having the same freedom? Try to be sensible, my dear woman. I assure you even a jealous woman can be reasonable if she takes herself in hand. If you do not take yourself in hand you will alienate your husband, ruin your own life and make yourself a subject of ridicule to all your friends save a few, who will "sympathize," and the sympathy of friends in the place of the love and admiration of a husband is like sawdust in place of honey on our bread.—Ella Wheeler Wilcox in New York World.

Odd French Costumes.

At a dinner party the other evening the pretty auburn haired hostess was attired in an imported gown of yellow satin with an overdrapery of black net embroidered in gold stars. The same petticoat which the net was gathered up showed three rows of insertion in black and gold, showing the gleam of the satin through. The bodice was arranged in a full Watteau plait in the back, held in place by an immense yellow rosette. The bodice was plain heavy yellow satin cut square in the back back and front, draped with the gold embroidered net. The sleeves were of net and came only to the elbow, where they were met by long pointed black suede gloves. The high coiffure was banded by a narrow black satin fillet with two tiny black birds and a diamond star in the very center of the fluffy bank. Black satin shoes, stockings and feather fan of the same hue completed this exceedingly chic costume.

One of the guests who was going to a ball afterward was attired in rieux rose silk, with a deep ruffle on the skirt finished fully eight inches in depth. The sleeves and neck were finished by ruffles treated in the same way, and a bunch of chartreuse green tips on one shoulder and a full spray of the same color made the gown look not unlike a la loquin lue, yet very becoming to the blond wearer. An all white crape was made with an underskirt of pale pink velvet. These under-skirts seem to mark a new departure in draperies, and are very novel and elegant. The crape was caught up with festoons of white silk ribbon, passementerie, interspersed with pale pink pearl beads, and a fringe of the same outlined the very low cut bodice that had pink velvet underarm seams and sheer puffed white silk sleeves, with an inch pearl fringe for trimming.—Philadelphia Times.

Dress In Anglo-Saxon Times.

We find the influence of Roman costume in our own country in the days of the Anglo-Saxons. It might have been thought that the loose, and, we may add, the few garments which sufficed for the climate of Italy and Greece (for Rome borrowed her fashions from Greece) would have been totally unsuited to the raw, damp, chilly atmosphere of Great Britain. We should certainly think so now, in spite of all the warmth of costly furnished houses and the protection from weather which we enjoy.

How women managed to live and work in those long flowing tunics in days when manual labor was so much more common in all classes, when roads were miry and pathways and pavements did not exist, passes comprehension. It never seems to have occurred to Anglo-Saxon dames to clothe the body in sections and have separate garments adapted to each part. Their idea was to envelop themselves in one long covering, adding a mantle for outdoor wear, while the interior clothing was of the most elementary kind. Greek women only wore one garment under the chiton, and it is amusing to follow the struggles of learned German writers attempting to define the shape and make of this unique, invisible piece of clothing, which seems to have been a cross between a low necked vest and a chemise.

Our male ancestors were a little more sensible, for they wore coarse leggins, and their tunics, being worn only to the knees, did not inconvenience their movements.—Notes and Queries.

Every Girl Should Have an Allowance.

As long as a woman has to buy her own belongings she will be more careful; it touches her the value of money. This desire to have their own money is what induces girls to go out and work when they seemingly have everything they need. No one knows how often they have to deny themselves a book they desire; how frequently they want to buy some flowers for a friend who is ill for them. It is always the little things that they want, always the little things that they cannot get, and yet it is the little things that make the happiness or lack of them discontented. These little things may seem like luxuries to others; to them they are necessities.

All this an allowance, were it ever so little, would aid. Buy your daughter fewer gowns, but let her have her own spending money, and do not complain if she buys what seems unnecessary to you. You give it to her to do with as she likes. Why restrain her? If she prefers to spend it all in gifts for others, be sure that gives her the most satisfaction. If she lets herself be imposed upon by beggars and impostors on the street, let her do it. She will soon gain experience.

What difference to you how she spends the money you give her so long as she does not ask you for more?—Philadelphia Maxine and Drama.

The Rudiments of Children.

The first step in the life of a child is to be well born. If a man knows that he has a physical defect of any kind which science has taught him may be transmitted, or if it is serious enough so that by being transmitted it may seriously cripple the child in the race of life, then he should gravely consider as to whether he has a right to be a father. If a man has the seed of insanity in his blood; a man with the seed of some incurable disease, no matter what it may be; a man who has reason to suppose that, either on account of his own fault or the fault of his fathers, he may transmit some moral weakness or tendency—such a man has no right, it seems to me, to assume the responsibility of calling an immortal out of the unknown and placing it, disabled at the outset, in the midst of the great world of competition that we call life.

The next right to be a happy childhood. The third right of a child is the right to be properly educated. The one thing for father and mother to do is to make themselves needless just as early as possible. We do not know how long we shall be here. Push them over the edge of the nest, so fast as you can and because you do not wish them to come back, but because you wish them to learn to use their wings.—Rev. M. J. Savage in Arena.

A Disinfecting Device.

In cases of whooping cough, diphtheria and other throat diseases physicians frequently prescribe that cloths dipped in a solution of carbolic acid be hung up in the sickroom or other disinfectants sprinkled about. An improvement on the old method is suggested by the "whooping cough lamp," a device invented abroad. A small, hastily regulated coil oil flame acts directly upon a bowl filled with a proper quantity of carbolic acid solution, the fumes of which disinfect the air. The required amount must be prescribed by the physician, because the air must not be charged with too great a quantity of this powerful disinfectant.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The Delsartian Test.

If any one should tell you he loves you and does not show it in his actions, do not believe him. It is impossible for one to love and not move one's shoulders.—Chicago Times.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

A Game for a Rainy Day.

Rainy days are dreaded by young folks when they are off in the country for the summer. They have not the resources of home in books and games, and when their outdoor rambles are cut off, time is apt to hang very heavy on their hands. It is then that the children begin to lack of them discontented. These little things may seem like luxuries to others; to them they are necessities.

All this an allowance, were it ever so little, would aid. Buy your daughter fewer gowns, but let her have her own spending money, and do not complain if she buys what seems unnecessary to you. You give it to her to do with as she likes. Why restrain her? If she prefers to spend it all in gifts for others, be sure that gives her the most satisfaction. If she lets herself be imposed upon by beggars and impostors on the street, let her do it. She will soon gain experience.

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"The story is true, though," answered mamma.

"A gentleman owned a pretty horse, gentle and spirited, and in every way except that she was afraid of an open umbrella. He was not willing to whip the horse; besides, he had sense enough to know that it would only make her more afraid and unruly. He tried to contrive some way to get her over her fear. She was very fond of potatoes. He went into her stall one morning, carrying an umbrella closed, with a potato on the tip. At first she shied away from it, but with waiting and coaxing she came nearer, looked inquisitively at the potato and finally snatched it off.

"The next day he did the same thing, and she took the potato with less fear.

"So he kept on, and in a few days he opened the umbrella a little way; then more and more, as she grew used to it, till she would stand still with it open over her head.

"But he was not yet sure what she would do outdoors. The first rainy day he tried driving on the road. Of course he soon met a man with an open umbrella.

"Instead of shying, she crossed the road toward it, expecting to get a potato. She had one when she came home, and ever afterward showed any fear of an umbrella.

"Kindness and patience are wisest always."—Mrs. Mary Johnson in Our Little Ones.

A Noisy Parrot.

One morning when the milkman came in the gate Polly was in the window and said to him, "Get out of here!" The milk man, supposing it was one of the family, went away thinking we had a very impolite way of letting him know when we didn't wish milk. He did not get far when he heard, "Sweet corn, green peas, strawberries!" and recognizing Polly's voice, he saw how he had been deceived and came back and gave us our milk.—New York Recorder.

Chewing Ice Cream.

A letter from one of my correspondents tells me of a kitten up in Maine that chews milk. It is a very singular thing for a kitten to do, but after all how does it exceed in queerness the habit of some little girls I know who masticate their ice cream before swallowing it instead of prolonging the delight by letting it melt in their mouths and trickle slowly and softly down into their throats?—Harper's Young People.

Little Tommy Grace.

Little Tommy Grace
Had a pain in his face
So bad that he could not learn a letter
When it came Dicky Long
Singing such a funny song
That Tommy laughed and found his face much better.

Little One's Own.

Fear Conquered by Kindness.

"What a queer picture!" said Charlie. "Look, mamma, a man holding an umbrella over a horse, in the rain too!"

Making a Sheet Star.

Now double it over as indicated by C A in Fig. 2. If the line C K comes upon C B it will show that you folded correctly. If it comes a little outside or inside, modify the first fold, C D.

When you are sure that the line C K comes exactly on C D, cut with your scissors along the straight line marked by dots in Fig. 3, and unfolding the paper you will have the star with five rays, and can cut as many thousands of them as you like on the same plan.

This Date in History—July 13.

1573—Pope John III died.

1816—Richard Cromwell died, aged 88. He lived as a quiet country gentleman for fifty-six years after being driven from power.

1836—Stephen Hopkins, "signer," died in Providence, R. I.; born 1707.

1822—Second battle of Thermopylæ, in the Greek war for independence.

1839—Rufus Choate, famous lawyer, died at Halifax.

1863—Draft riots began in New York city; about 1,000 were killed and wounded.

1867—P. T. Barnum's great New York museum was burned.

1868—Levi Scott, senior bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, died in Delaware, aged 78.

1868—General Boulanger was wounded in the neck in a duel with M. Floquet in Paris.

1880—General John Charles Fremont, pioneer, explorer and soldier, died in New York, aged 17.

1883—Attempt made shot at President Carnot in Paris, but missed.

Her Sacrifice.

He—Darling, if I give you such an expensive engagement ring we can't get married so soon.

She—Never mind, dear. For your sake I can wait.—Harper's Bazar.

His Only Chance.

Banks—Can't you suggest some way in which I can get a lot of advertising?

Photographer—Not unless you can get somebody else to sit for you.—Somerville Journal.

The Ignorance of Man.

Inventor—Oh, the fatality of things! Here I have an invulnerable, nonatmospheric, perpetual motive, nonreverberating, nonoscillatory watch, perfect in detail and mechanism; and yet I am almost starving.

Friend—Why don't you sell the patent.

Inventor—The fools won't buy it, just because it won't keep time. The driveling idiots!—Jewellers' Circular.

A Graceful Compliment.

Miss Wellalong (who hopes by making light of her years to be thought quite young)—Really, I prefer to look on. I am getting too old to dance, you know.

Mr. Affable (who prides himself on always saying the right thing)—Oh, come now, you're not old. I don't believe you are within ten years of as old as you look!—Jester.

1892			JULY.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

☽ First Quarter	1	0:12 p.m.	○ Full Moon	16	8:42 a.m.
● New Moon	9	3:44 p.m.	☾ Third Quarter	23	2:21 p.m.
			☽ First Quarter	31	2:46 p.m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 3491, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge Room, Music Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. —, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 38, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
☞ First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE.
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly remodeled and refurnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
CORNER
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows
30 WEST FRONT STREET,
and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**
Cut in Latest Styles.
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.
All Sizes and All Wool.
Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

AT RANDOLPH'S
Ice Cream Milk Shakes, Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
Also in Siphons.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer. Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for ladies, gentlemen and children. The ladies' and gentlemen's hose you buy for 25c. per pair, and the children's for 13c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye.

Wash Dress Fabrics.

A little late in the season to buy wash dress goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more in favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Satteen at 13 and 18c., Bedford Cord at 10c., Figured India Linen at 13c., Irish Lawn at 12c., and Challies 5c. Matting.

We start a clearing up sale of Matting, and will close our entire stock at actual cost.

VanEmburgh & White

CARRIAGES and HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessable at Any Time.
RYERSON,
53 SOMERSET STREET.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.
..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
....Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks....
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.,
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

We are getting away with lots of Russet Shoes this month—now is the time to buy them.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S,
22 West Front street.
P. S.—Our $3 shoe never takes a back seat

A NEW SUPPLY OF
LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,
IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.
These goods are well made and neat-fitting.
GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.
The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's
Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,
at
EDSALL'S!

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I.
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes walk from the Ocean Side.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
6.13 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE SEF TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum and Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, JULY 14, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND THEIR ADDRESSES TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

BREVITIES

Among the many attractions at Boynton Beach Saturday, will be the New Orleans University singers in their old-time melodies.

The lightning rung the telephones in this city yesterday afternoon, although the thunder storm near here did not reach this section.

Morton Holmes, who was fined yesterday morning on a charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct, asks us to say for him that he was not drunk and disorderly, notwithstanding the charge.

One of Higgin's stage drivers was seen last night brutally beating his horse. The facts have been brought before the society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, who will look into the matter.

It is reported that a project is on foot to extend Plainfield's street lighting service to Scotch Plains and Fanwood, so that the old New York and Philadelphia pike road, now a fashionable driveway, may be lighted for a distance of seven miles.

Prayer meeting of the Young People's League of the First Baptist Church to-morrow evening at eight o'clock. Subject—"What must I do to be saved?"

A hearty welcome is extended to all young people who are not engaged in holding services of their own to join with them on this evening.

This Summer is giving us many warm days and people should avail themselves of a day at the sea shore a change of air and a visit to old ocean works wonders. Nothing gives the young folks more pleasure than a day on the beach digging in the sand and wading in the surf.

The Baptist Sunday-school annual excursion occurs next Wednesday, July 20. The committee have made arrangements with the railroad officials for an enjoyable trip.

Going to the Monmouth Park races last Saturday, says a Jersey Central ferryman, was a man of 60. When he boarded the ferry boat every seat on the inside was taken but one, while on the outside row of seats there were a dozen or more vacant places. He sank into the only vacant seat next to the wagon deck, however, and as he did so he said: "Only I see people are learning how to cross the river at last. Always sit next to the wagon deck if you want to be safe, for in case of a collision this way that outside row there would be stripped up under the wagon in a flash. I've traveled these boats many years and have always sat so I could look out of the windows."

He Paid the Freight.

John Richter, a shoemaker in the employ of Doane & Van Arsdale, was very much pleased this morning. He has been applying to secure a live fox, and a friend promised him one. Last week the friend went to New York State, and upon his return he told the shoemaker that he had secured the coveted fox. This morning a large box arrived at his place of employment and he was delighted and proceeded at once to open it. When he succeeded, instead of a live fox he found the decomposed head of a deer. He was fighting mad, as he was compelled to pay the expressage on the box. It is said that his false friend has left for parts unknown.

A Disturbance.

A disturbance took place on the City Hotel piazza last evening, between the bar-keeper of the hotel and a young man. The former struck the latter, who appealed to the police. The bar-keeper will enter a counter-charge against the young man for using indecent language. The case will be tried to-morrow.

Shot at a Train.

As Mr. Frank De W. Randolph was returning from a business visit at Long Hopatcong Tuesday night, a pistol was shot at the cars, and the bullet entered a closed window directly in front of him. Fortunately no one was occupying the seat.

PERSONAL.

Among the guests at the Clifton House, Patchogue, L. I., are Mr. W. H. Sebring and daughter of Front street. The Clifton, which is elsewhere advertised, has thirty-a hundred guests and has accommodation for a hundred and fifty.

Somerville Grows Poetic.

Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Sing—Boom!
We are the Crescents—give us room!
Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Sing—Boom!
The Crescents are dropping. Let 'em drop.

The poor Crescents are now on the toboggan, and we would advise all spectators to get out from under and give them a slide. The Westfields took them into camp on Saturday, and that, too, on their own stamping ground, and that old fellow came, old, infernal gang of boxers at work.—Somerset Messenger.

March, "Stomatine."

The beautiful march "Stomatine," which was played by by the 23d Regiment Band at the Crescent League fireworks exhibition on July 8th, and which received much applause from the assemblage, has been lithographed by the composer, Mr. Charles F. Leggett of Madison avenue.

The demand has been so great for this piece of music that the composer has made arrangements for its distribution, by giving it away with every bottle of Stomatine." It is brisk, catchy and undoubtedly be whistled by many a boy universally.

THAT CHURCH TROUBLE.

FOR WHICH THE PARK AVENUE BAPTISTS HAVE SUFFERED.

Solved by a Special Committee who Exonerate all Interested, and Give Most Christian Advice Toward Relief of the Injured.

To the Park Avenue Baptist Church, Plainfield, N. J.:

Pursuant to a resolution adopted at a regular meeting of the Park Avenue Baptist church, March 9th, 1892, the undersigned were appointed a committee to investigate the final settlement, and all claims relating thereto, between the chairman of the building committee and the carpenter, contractor, etc. This committee now submits the following report:

The committee, consisting of Mayor Alexander Gilbert, representing the building committee; Mr. Henry Newhall, representing the carpenter contractors; Messrs. Martin I. Cooley, Morgan S. Taylor and Chas. W. McCutchen, representing the church, met in the church for its first meeting on April 20th, 1892, and formally organized by the election of Mr. Taylor as chairman, and C. W. McCutchen as secretary.

The members of the committee from the outset have realized the gravity to the Park avenue church of the matters submitted for their consideration, and they have consequently sought to be most thorough and painstaking in their inquiries in order that they might inform themselves with exactness of all the pertinent facts in the case and thus be able to arrive at a just conclusion regarding it.

With this end in view, a series of sessions of the entire committee—besides meetings of sub-committees have been held, at which the members have had before them and have closely examined all the existing documents and papers obtainable bearing on the case, including the original contract with the carpenter contractors, and specifications in detail, and the working plans; and, also, the final account of Messrs. Stimpson & Stewart with an itemized bill of extra work not covered by the contract, and the statement of deductions claimed by the Building Committee for work not done, but which was called for by the contract, and other papers of more or less importance. They also had their attention called to the final agreement for settlement between the contractors and the Building Committee dated February 3d, 1881, duly signed by both parties providing for a specified sum, viz: $50.00, to be paid by the latter "in the full amount due on the contract," and the following acknowledgement of the receipt of the amount, Plainfield, N. J., February 23, 1881. Received from Henry Smith, Treasurer Building fund Park avenue Baptist church, the sum of twenty-four hundred and fifty dollars, the same to be in full of all demands to date for balance of contract and all extra work performed and materials furnished to this date.

(Signed) Stimson & Stewart."

$2,450.00.

The committee also took the testimony of Mr. Henry Smith, chairman of the Building Committee, Mr. Charles Stimpson, the carpenter contractor, and Charles H. Smith, the architect and others.

The examination of these documents and witnesses, was minute, covering every important item in the bill of extra work rendered by the carpenters and the bill of deductions rendered by the Building Committee, and all the particulars of the settlement of matters in dispute, thereby assisting the Committee to gain a clear understanding of the details of the final settlement.

The members of the Committee believe that they have given due weight to every fact and consideration brought to their notice which could have vital relation to the question at issue, in every aspect of it, and their unanimous judgment is as follows:

First—That the Park avenue church, as a corporate body, has discharged in full its obligations under the contract in question with Stimson & Stewart (bearing date August 27th, 1879) and that the said Stimson & Stewart have no legal claim on said church for any amount whatsoever in connection with said contract.

Second—That the adjustment of the differences (preliminary to the final settlement) between the church and the carpenter contractors named, and the amounts charged for extra work and deductions for work not done, and like matters, to unfair dealing was sought to be taken by either party of the other.

That the chairman of the Building Committee, in the use of the trust and funds of the church in his hands, in trust, acted solely in defence of those interests, and that the said carpenter contractors sought properly what they considered a full equivalent for labor and materials furnished, and that concessions were made by both parties.

That the settlement agreed upon amount paid by the Building Committee and accepted by the contractors was all that the latter could claim on the contract in equity, and the final settlement thus made and entered into by the parties was just and fair.

Third—That the Park Avenue Baptist church, as a corporate body, has discharged in full all the other obligations and trusts belonging to it in connection with and under the contract in question with Stimson & Stewart.

As to the personal question involved, it is the opinion of the committee that Mr. Henry Smith, as chairman of the Building Committee, administered the affairs and funds of the church placed in his custody with prudence and characteristic exactness, as he was bound to do by the nature of the trust under which he served; that Mr. Charles Stimpson, the contractor, performed the work and carried out the conditions of the contract, as he understood them, to the best of his ability and with thorough conscientiousness, and that, therefore, in the Mr. Stewart in this connection, inasmuch as he declined to appear before the committee, but the committee have no reason for holding any different opinion in the premises than that expressed regarding his partners.

It is gratifying to the members of the committee to be able to report as to the part their firm belief that there is nothing in the evidence submitted to them that reflects upon the business or Christian integrity of the gentlemen named, or in the slightest particular upon the honor and high standing of the Park Avenue Baptist Church and the sacred cause of which it is a part.

It is in evidence that the carpenter contractors sustained some pecuniary loss in the erection of the church edifice under their contract. It was, perhaps, an enterprise of greater magnitude than they at first conceived it to be when they entered their estimate in competition with other bidders. As any rake it prove to them an unprofitable transaction. It is also in evidence that when this fact became known to them (after their agreement for final settlement with the building committee) and was mentioned by them to others, fellow members of the church, they received expressions of sympathy and assurances from these individuals enough to justify them in expecting their loss would be made good, in part or in whole. These assurances were unquestionably made in good faith, but they could not form a ground for claim against any one, and less against the church which had not authorized them. Perhaps the disappointment which resulted from the non-action of their brethren in respect to these alleged promises of co-operation may have been the cause in a measure of the grievance which the carpenters have entertained.

In view of these facts and of the peculiar circumstances of the relations of these builders to the church, the committee's suggestion is that the two hundred dollars loss sustained by Messrs. Stimson & Stewart (say, not exceeding five hundred dollars) be made good to them by the voluntary contributions of their brethren in the church, not as the ground of discharging an obligation, but on the broader basis of Christian fellowship and in the interests of the claim which a brother member of the church has upon his brethren for consideration and co-operation, conformably with the lofty precept of our holy religion laid down by St. Paul in his words to the Church at Galatia, "Bear ye one another's burdens and so fulfill the law of Christ."

Respectfully submitted
(Signed) A. GILBERT,
HENRY B. NEWHALL,
MARTIN I. COOLEY,
MORGAN S. TAYLOR,
C. W. MCCUTCHEN.

Plainfield, June 30, 1892.

The report was adopted unanimously and the recommendation of the committee referred to the trustees who are to consult with the contractors. A committee was also appointed to draft resolutions expressing the thanks of the church to the investigating committee for their services.

WON TWO DOLLARS, LOST NINE.

Arrested and Fined for Racing and Swearing.

A few days ago we urged the arrest of persons who had, to the great danger of people's lives, raced horses through Somerset street in the evening before, swearing and giving loud expression to the vilest of language generally. As a result warrants were promptly issued. One of the men is a farmer who lives on a farm beyond Stirling. Marshal Pangborn arrested him yesterday morning and he was bound over to appear before Justice Crossly to-night.

The other man was arrested later in the day, and had a hearing last night before the justice, who adjudged him guilty and fined him $5 and costs.

He expressed great penitence, and said he was excited at the time and did not realize what an offense he had committed until he had become calm. He said he had never been arrested before, and if his name was published he would lose his situation.

The Judge took these facts into consideration.

It appears that the two offenders had wagered on the speed of their horses, one betting a dollar to two dollars that his horse could run faster than the farmer's.

While racing the farmer kept running his horse in front of the townsman's, to prevent him getting ahead, and that was the cause of the row. The swearing and swearing and shouting.

At Demler's, in the mountain, he finally succeeded in getting ahead, and the man who had bet the two dollars gave up.

When the fines and costs are paid, it will prove to have been a dear race, and possibly enough to teach that such offenses will not be tolerated.

C. E.'s at Asbury Park.

Many of the Trinity excursionists attended the Christian Endeavorers rally at Asbury Park yesterday. The services, which were held in the Auditorium, were attended by over 5,000 people.

The address of welcome was delivered by the Rev. E. C. Scudder of Asbury Park. The Rev. B. D. Paine, late pastor of the Fischer Memorial church, at St. Augustine, and Chaplain in Chief of the Grand Army of the republic, spoke on the temperance question. He said that because of his arraignment of the rum question he was compelled to resign the pastorate of the fashionable Florida church.

The Rev. R. W. Hunter of Terre Haute, Ind., conducted an open parliament, in which the Christian Endeavorers expressed their views on the question of consecration meeting and systematic giving.

The afternoon session was closed by an address by the Rev. Charles H. Yatman.

Last night the Rev. R. W. Andrews of Nova Scotia spoke on Christian Endeavor work. The question box, which was conducted by J. Howard Breed of Philadelphia, was unusually interesting.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

More About Dogs.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Will not the city engineer look after the dogs on Seventh street, corner Liberty? Not unfrequently there are from two to six unmuzzled dogs on our lawns at one time, tearing up the sod, racing through our vegetable gardens, endangering our families and the passing pedestrians.

D. W. REMSDEN,
50 West Seventh street.

LOCAL BASE BALL.

STATEN ISLANDERS LOSE THEIR THIRD GAME TO THE CRESCENTS.

Notwithstanding that They Brought a Strong Team with Them, the Home Team Land Winners by the Score of Five to One.

Very few people attended yesterday's game between the Crescents and the Staten Island Athletic Club. Whether it was because of the extreme heat or for other reasons is not known. Where are the many business men, who were clamoring for Wednesday games, some time ago? They surely have not been present for several games now.

The Staten Islanders brought a very strong team with them yesterday, and while the score was five to one in favor of the home team, still it was not a walk over by any means.

Carter, Yale's star catcher, who was severely injured in the Yale-Harvard ball game some time ago, played first base for the visitors. They also had McGonegle, Princeton's star player, and Collins, of the Brooklyn Polytecnic team.

Clare, the Staten Island pitcher's arm, gave out in the sixth inning and Wight, who has played here with the Brooklyn Acmes under the name of Lynch, was placed in the box. Four hits were made from Clare and two from Wight. Only four hits were made from Sneeden.

The home team all played well.

Bond, who is visiting friends in this city, played right field for the home team.

The following is the score:

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	1B	2B	3B	SH	SB	PO	BE	LE	PO	A	E
Hofford, c..	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	5	1	0
Daley, 3b...	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	0
Murphy, lf.	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Turner, 2b.	5	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	4	0	0
Bond, r.f..	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Bonner, ss.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	5	0
Jones, 1b...	3	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	1	7	0	0
Bold, r.f...	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
Sneeden, p.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	2
Total	5	2	3	0	3	1	2	13	7	3	27	10	2

STATEN ISLAND.

	AB	R	1B	2B	3B	SH	SB	PO	BE	LE	PO	A	E
Brill, s.s....	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	3	1	3	0
Brush, 2b...	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	6	2	0	0
O'Grodin, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	2	0
Collins, c.f.	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
McKenzie, lf	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	2	0	0
Brown, c....	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	3	0	0
Carter, 1b..	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Vroom, r.f..	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Clare, p.r.f.	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wight, p...	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
Total....	1	4	3	4	4	1	7	27	14	4	27	17	2

Staten Island A. C.... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Base hits..... 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1
Crescent League..... 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 3—5
Base hits..... 1 0 0 2 1 0 1 1 0

Earned runs—Crescents 1. Two base hits—Stanton, Carter, Bond, Turner. Three base hit—Murphy. Sacrifice hit—Leidy. Passed ball—Hofford, Krause. Wild pitches—Wight, 2. Hit by pitched ball—Brush, Daley, 2. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Hopkins.

Carter, the Yale catcher who played first base for the Staten Islanders yesterday, is apparently all right again, and is one of the best amateurs in the base ball arena.

Bonner accepted in all seven chances yesterday without an error.

Seventeen men were put out at first base yesterday by Jones without an error. These were all short hits to the in field.

Among the Wheelmen.

The Asbury Park Wheelmen will hold their annual tournament at the new athletic club grounds at Asbury Park on August 5 and 6. A large number of entries are expected from this city. The following races will be run off: August 5 at 2 p. m., one-mile safety, 2.50 class; one-mile safety, handicap; two-mile safety, handicap; one-mile team race; (three men each); one-mile safety, 2.30 class; one-mile safety; scratch; one-mile safety, 2.40 class; two-mile handicap, New Jersey riders only. August 6—Half-mile, 3.00 class; one-mile safety, handicap; one-third mile, boys' race, (under sixteen years); one-mile safety, 2.35 class; two-mile safety, handicap; one-quarter mile, scratch, (Sunol); one-mile safety, scratch; one-mile safety, 2.45 class; one-mile safety, consolation.

New Jersey wheelmen will be well represented at the annual centenary run of the Metropolitan Association of Athletic Clubs, which will be held on Saturday, July 23. Nearly all the best men who participated in the B. M. A. A. championships at Newark last May and many of those who participated in the leisurely run of the Capital Bicycle Club on July 4th will start. It is supposed that the number will reach about three hundred. The wheelmen will make their headquarters at the Continental Hotel, in Newark, and will start at four o'clock in the morning. They will ride through Orange, South Orange, Milburn, Springfield, Plainfield, Dunellen, New Brunswick and Kingston, to Princeton. The distance to the latter place is fifty-two miles. Upon returning, which will be over the same route, the following route will be taken: To Blawenberg, Plainville, Bellemead, Somerville, Bridgewater, Bonhead, Westfield and Elizabeth, to Newark. Representatives of all the prominent New York, Brooklyn and New England clubs will also take part in the run.

The Reading's Trial.

Examiners Bergner and Macalaney, appointed by the Dauphin County courts to take testimony in the suit of the Commonwealth to dissolve the leases of the Philadelphia and Reading and Lehigh Valley Railroad to the Philadelphia and Reading road, who have already held several sittings in Harrisburg, continued their inquiry into the subject this afternoon.

By mutual consent Attorney General Hensel submitted as a basis for the map of the Reading Company's system in Pennsylvania, Ex-Judge Campbell, the company's general counsel, submitted a number of questions propounded by the Attorney General. After which an adjournment was had until August 30.

Postmasters' Salaries.

The annual adjustment of salaries of Postmasters, for the year 1893, has just been completed. The office in this State that receives the largest gain is Ridgewood—$1,800. Hamilton loses $100. Some of the new salaries are: Bound Brook $1,800, Clinton $1,300, Dover $1,900, Flemington $1,600, Freehold $2,000, Hightstown $1,100, Morristown $2,700, New Brunswick $2,800, Newton $2,200, Plainfield, $3,200, Red Bank $1,900, Somerville $1,500, Westfield $2,200.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE SITUATION AT HOMESTEAD.

The Borough Put Under Martial Law.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 14.—(Special.)—The borough of Homestead was this morning placed under martial law, the outcome of the unwarranted arrest of strangers yesterday, when the representatives of the Amalgamated Association arrested a number of persons without any authority. The greatest excitement was caused by this step.

The situation in the town of Homestead this morning was admitted to be more critical than at any time since the battle between the striking Carnegie iron men and the Pinkerton detectives. The locked-out workmen were looking forward to support from the other mills, which were reported to have promised to strike if the demands of the Homestead employes for arbitration were not acceded to, and, on the other hand, were anxious about the report that 400 non-union workers were to be introduced into the works to-day.

They boldly predicted, in spite of their experience with Gen. Snowden, that serious trouble would result if this step were taken.

The expectation of help from the other Carnegie mills acted as a sort of offset to the fears which the determination of the military authorities had raised.

THE WESTERN STRIKE.

The Troops not Strong Enough to Attack Coeur d' Alene.

CATALDO, Idaho, July 14, (Special.)—The situation at the Coeur d' Alene mines was more dark and threatening than ever to-day. A reign of terror had begun, in which anything was possible, owing to the determination of the union miners and the fact that they would use every instrument, including dynamite, against non-union men, soldiers and everybody who opposed them. The news that the President had ordered out the Federal troops to put them down only had the effect of rousing the strikers to madness, and increased tenfold their determination to exterminate their foes.

The militia reached here early this morning, and Major Frisbee ordered the force over to Gen. Curtis, who commands both the United States troops and militia.

When Gen. Curtis saw the strength of the enemy he immediately wired the Governor that there was no use making a fight against the miners with his present force. The Governor then ordered into the field five companies from Fort Vancouver, Wash.

LATER.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 14. (Special.)—A dispatch has just been received from Wallace.

It says the trouble is over and the miners are going home.

Cholera in Moscow.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 14.—(Special.)—Physicians of this city assert that there are known to be thirty-five cases of cholera in Moscow.

Railroad Notes.

On July 4th, to accommodate the heavy travel, fourteen extra trains were run out of Jersey City.

It is estimated that on July 3d and 4th, that the Central handled 50,000 people to the race tracks alone.

The new depot at Elizabeth is nearing completion. It is built of brown stone trimmed in white. It will cover a block. A handsome new station has just been completed at Aldine.

On July 6th and 7th, eleven special trains arrived at Jersey City, bringing the delegates for the "Christian Endeavor" Convention in New York City. Over 500 pieces of baggage were handled.

The "Royal Blue" recently made the run between Wayne Junction and Jersey City, a distance of eighty-five miles in eighty-seven minutes. The distance from Wayne Junction to Bound Brook, fifty-seven miles, was covered in fifty-three minutes, an average speed of over sixty-two miles an hour.

Union County Board.

Gov. Abbett has appointed Alderman John T. Dunn of Elizabeth to succeed the late ex-Senator Robert L. Livingston of this city as a member of the Union County Board of Registration.

PROF. SYMONS, F. R. S., has found a new elixir of life in the study of meteorology. Having H-O for breakfast is just as satisfactory and twice as popular as "star-gazing."

RUSSET SHOES.

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!

As later on the sizes will be few and far between.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAUSE!

IN YOUR DOWN TOWN CAREER

And turn your steps toward our store.

WHERE YOU CAN BUY

Fine Table Butter from 18c lb up. Standard Granulated Sugar 45c. lb. Mason's Fruit Jars, 75c. dozen. Try our Lagayra Coffee, 30c. lb. It's fine. Our 35c. Formosa Tea will content the most fastidious with that add in most stores for 50c lb.

HEADQUARTERS FOR ROOT BEER—ALL KINDS.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to $10

Cut in Latest Styles.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Lumber & Coal

LOOMIS & RICE

B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG girl wishes situation at general housework. Willing to learn. 27 Stebbins place.

WANTED—Situation as nurse, with family going to England. Good reference. Box 795. 13 5

HELP WANTED.

A COLORED girl for general housework. Apply at 107 Broadway. 14 3

GIRL for general housework. Must have reference. Call 125 Park avenue. 14 3

WANTED—A thoroughly competent girl for general housework, about September 1st. Box 788. 13 6

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a red Irish setter. $5 reward for its return or clue to T. R. Poston, Jr., 112 Rockview avenue. 13 6*

MONEY TO LOAN.

$2,500 TO LOAN on gilt-edged security. Also smaller sums. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS.

FOR RENT.

ROOMS to let. 37 West Fifth street. 13 4

FOR SALE.

50,000 CELERY plants for sale. Reidy, Dunellen, N. J. 13 4

A NON-RESIDENT offers to highest bidder his lots, corner Somerset street and Grandview avenue; along line of electric street railway. 58 Dorchester avenue, Cleveland, O. 13 6*

$40 CASH will buy a ball bearing safety bicycle worth double the amount. Almost new and in perfect condition. Address "Bicycle," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 14*

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Owner," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 14*

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good condition wanted cash. Call Pumpkin store, 11 Somerset street. 5 30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Woolworth's. 5 30tf

WANTED—An established milk route. Address, stating particulars, terms, etc., "H.," care of EVENING NEWS. 14 2*

WANTED—A boy's second hand bicycle in good order. S. Perkins, 56 Clinton avenue. 13 3*

WANTED to purchase—Table linen and lace curtains of anyone giving up housekeeping. Address "F. G.," care of EVENING NEWS. 13 4

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, 127 Harvard Academy, 127 Park avenue. Open for French now building. Also private classes in French and German. Terms moderate, private teacher $1.

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach,)

Gala Day Every Saturday.

The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.

A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given.

Every Saturday Afternoon.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue. Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park avenue.

THE BEE HIVE!

Sateen belts, 5 and 10c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.
Gauze vests, 25c.
Children's gauze vests, in short and long sleeves and panelletts to match, 12, 15, 19 and 20c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 39c, 49c, and 50c.
Men's Jean Drawers, 39c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

There are now more men receiving pensions for services in the last war than there were soldiers in the first days of the war.

"Hoch! hoch!" Hurrah! hurrah! That was the cry that greeted Prince Bismarck on his arrival at Vienna from Dresden, and his Vienna reception was so warm and enthusiastic that it drew tears from the eyes of even the man of blood and iron. Oh, yes! This is all very well. But will those who comment so much on this proof of affection for the aged statesman note that it was not in Germany at all, but in Austria, where the affection slopped over most effusively.

The national parks around which will cluster more of historic interest than any others are those which were battlefields, particularly the battlefields of the late war. In course of time it is to be hoped that all of the spots where the great fights took place will be made into national parks and kept sacred to the memory of a thrilling time. Chickamauga battlefield is now rapidly being changed into the Chickamauga National park. The aim will be, while making it beautiful as a park, to retain so far as can be done the features of the spot in war time.

A Greek Statesman.

One of the most accomplished statesmen in Europe is only slightly known to the world in general, because his language is not commonly understood and because his country is so little. This is M. Tricoupis, who has been chosen for the sixth time to be prime minister of Greece. Each time he has been brought to the front at a season of great financial difficulty for the kingdom, and each time he has met and conquered.

M. Tricoupis is called by his own people, "the Englishman," because he was educated and lived many years in Great Britain. This has made him cool headed and deliberate in marshaling up his mind, as well as unswerving in his purpose when once he has decided. He represents the conservative party of Greece, while his rival and enemy, Delyannis, led the Pan-Hellenic party. The Pan-Hellenists are wild to fight and regain all the ancient territory of the kingdom; "the Englishman" knows how to wait and gain by diplomacy what he knows can never be got by fighting, for Greece is too weak to whip anybody. She could give Turkey a good tussle, but that the great powers would not let her do. So when M. Tricoupis gets Greece out of debt, builds good roads, encourages education and trade, and waits. If the Greeks know enough to let him alone he will do much for them.

Money or a Living?

"To make money is one thing; to make a living is another," says Edward Everett Hale at the close of his paper in The Cosmopolitan entitled, "Making a Living." It is a sort of sketch story, and is a charming bit of what one might call realistic fiction. For fiction it is in one sense, and realism it certainly is in another.

Mr. Hale supposes the case of a couple that had to show for seventeen years of married life six children and an income from their savings of $400 a year. The older children were fifteen and thirteen, with their clothes becoming more expensive and their appetites at the maximum. The father earned $1,000 a year as a bookkeeper, the mother economized a little more every year, with the result that both lost their vim and elasticity of spirits, both were growing year by year more anxious and consequently worn, so that the cheerful air each invariably wore in the other's presence became more and more "manufactured sunshine."

At last, at the end of the seventeenth year, the two heads held a family council and decided at one stroke to win or lose all. He would resign his bookkeeper's place, they would rent or sell the little abandoned farms in New England and see if they could make the children count in the struggle for a living, and do better for the children at the same time. How they came out we are to be told in the future. Dr. Hale says the plan they chose is not what some foolish people suppose it to be—a panacea. Of all the masses of struggling humanity that are driven to the wall in cities, he is of opinion, a return to the country and farming would be advantageous to about two in a hundred. That is probably a very fair average. The first thing generally that city people who go on a farm to better themselves and country people who go to the city for a like purpose do is to break themselves financially. They may or may not succeed finally, according as they have perseverance and capacity for learning new things.

But one argument Dr. Hale brings forward for sending his fictitious family into the country to make a living is that some of the very states which are supposed to contain the largest number of abandoned farms are the ones increasing most rapidly in population, and that this increase is in the agricultural districts. Dr. Hale tells the truth, too, only he does not mention that the reason of it is that general farming has been largely abandoned, and fruit, dairy and vegetable farming has taken its place. By means of these a living, and a very happy one, can be made in New England.

ANXIETY IN HOMESTEAD.

Nonunion Workmen to Be Brought Into the Mills.

THE CRISIS IS EVIDENTLY AT HAND.

Large Quantities of Dynamite Alleged to Be in Possession of the Strikers. National Guardsmen Caused Into Giving Up Some of Their Cartridges.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 14.—News has been received here that means much to Homestead. The town is still orderly, but no such excitement has prevailed since the workmen first learned that Governor Pattison had ordered troops to the town.

Everybody believes that the Carnegie company has taken the step feared, and that they have good grounds for the opinion is shown by the fact that a dispatch received at General Snowden's headquarters states that 400 nonunion men will be brought into the Homestead mills today. Nothing can be learned as to the direction from which the men will come and where they have been engaged.

The officers at headquarters said in reply to all inquiries that they had no information to impart on the subject. But word was passed to the officers in command of the different regiments to be in readiness for orders, and it was noticed that preparations were being made for a detail of guards to quell any disturbance in Homestead or vicinity.

The question of the hour is, Will there be trouble when the nonunion men arrive? Some say that the strikers will nurse their rage until the militia departs, and then it will flame forth with a violence that will bode ill to every man here who is outside of the Amalgamated association pale.

There are others who are not certain that the presence of the soldiers will be sufficient to prevent some kind of an outbreak. Major General Snowden has located his headquarters in the Carnegie school house, a two story frame building on the brow of the hill, and a line of pickets surrounds the building.

The encampment on the hill has been named Camp Black, after Colonel Sam Black. Two 12-pounder brass cannons and two Gatling guns were mounted in front of the troops' headquarters.

A Startling Dynamite Story.

A sensation occurred among the officers when a man presented himself at headquarters who said he was one of the locked out Homesteaders. He told a story of startling interest. It was that in a certain red building on a side street of the town was stored dynamite enough to not only blow up the mills but the entire place. Just what action the militia may take in the matter, if any, it is impossible to learn. Thus far they are simply a sheriff's posse and are carried out to make any levy that may subject them to the criticism of being unduly suspicious of the people. Nevertheless it is highly probable that the building will be most closely watched, and in the event of any display of hostility will be seized.

A council of the officers revealed the fact as well that many of the guardsmen had been plainly asked by the Homesteaders if they, who were mainly workingmen themselves, would shoot down other workingmen, and that a good many of the troops had said they would not. In quite a few instances, too, where the boys had been mixing friendship and beers together, they had been asked by citizens for cartridges as souvenirs of their visit and had given them up. In consequence of these interesting little informal conversations the number of cartridges and ammunition in Homestead than were paid for, and they are in the hands of the very people to disarm whom and to render powerless the militia came here.

The revelation of these things stirred General Snowden to a towering wrath. He read the riot act in divers tongues, illuminating it with allusions to the picturesque situation in which some captains and privates would find themselves on a repetition of the offenses. He declared that if he could locate the men who had been verdant enough to give up ammunition as souvenirs that he would court martial them.

The Leaders May Be Arrested.

The townspeople declared that they had no ulterior motives in coaxing away the cartridges; that they meant to use them simply as ornaments for their mantels and mementoes of the guardsman. But, nevertheless, the air is filled with an expressive smile at the expense of the youthful soldiers. A consequence of this is that there are fewer of the troops outside the camp, and those who are have cartridges with them that may be lured away.

It is rumored that Sheriff McCleary contemplates the arrest of several of the leaders, and in case he does an outbreak of the Homestead workmen may be aroused to resistance. A number of workmen who did not conceal the part they took in Wednesday's battle are said to have left Homestead because they fear arrest and prosecution.

THE DUQUESNE MEN READY.

Only Waiting for the Word from the Advisory Committee to Strike.

HOMESTEAD, July 14.—A delegation of workmen from the Duquesne mills of the Carnegie company visited Homestead and had a conference with members of the advisory committee of the workmen. The strikers were assured that the Duquesne men were ready to go out at any time and only waited the word of the Homestead advisory committee. This effect, coupled with the rejection of propositions offered men in the Twenty-ninth and Thirty-third street mills in Pittsburg and those at Braddock, gave great encouragement to the workmen.

In conversation with a prominent member of the advisory committee a United Press reporter called attention to the intimation by Mr. Horrobin, of the Carnegie company, that nonunion men would be placed in the Homestead mills. "Oh, he won't do that; people have heard him talk before," was the cool reply of committeeman.

"But nearly everybody thinks he will," said the reporter.

"Well, if he attempts that," was the answer, "there will be lots of news for you. We are determined not to allow nonunion men in the mill, and we will keep to our determination without regard for the consequences."

He Started Canned Goods.

JAMESBURG, N. J., July 14.—Harrison W. Crosby died at his home here, aged seventy-eight years. In 1847 he discovered the art of hermetically sealing tomatoes in tin cans.

McKaig Renominated.

FREDERICK, Md., July 14.—Hon. William M. McKaig was unanimously renominated for congress by the Sixth district Democratic convention.

GLADSTONE RE-ELECTED.

His Majority Was Only 672—A Liberal Success Almost Certain.

LONDON, July 14.—The total returns up to 2 a. m. today show Conservatives elected, 268; Liberal-Unionists, 32; total opposents of Irish home rule, 300. Liberals, 317; anti-Parnellite Nationalists, 45; Parnellites, 7; total of Liberals, including Labor and Irish Nationalists of both factions, 369. The Liberals have made a net gain of 40.

The results of the latest elections were highly encouraging to the Liberal cause, although considerable surprise was expressed at the narrow margin by which Mr. Gladstone's seat was retained. The Liberal leader received 5,750 votes and his Liberal-Union opponent 5,077. The vote was the heaviest ever cast in the district, and party feeling throughout was at fever heat. The campaign was conducted with the greatest thoroughness on both sides. The Irish vote which Gladstone lost in 1886 all came back to him, but the churchmen voted solidly for Colonel Wauchope.

There is no longer any doubt of Mr. Gladstone's success through a combination of the Liberals and anti-Parnell Nationalists. It is to be remembered, however, that 186 constituencies remain to be heard from in the course of the next few days, the number of members being 670, of whom 534 have been elected and the returns reported. The remainder may have surprises in store for both parties.

Mr. Gladstone has written a letter to the electors of Midlothian, gratefully thanking them for having elected him for the sixth time, and under local circumstances of special stress and difficulty, to represent them in the house of commons. He expresses an earnest hope that he will not fall behind the electors in desire and effort to contribute to the happiness of the people of the three kingdoms and the strength and solid union of the empire.

FASHIONS

HANDKERCHIEF BAGS.

A Design Which Can be Made Useful For Many Purposes.

Since the hand bag has become so popular as to be now almost a necessary part of woman's attire, a suggestion as to how to make this useful article may prove helpful, says Good Housekeeping. A few years ago, the leather hand bag with the everlasting "click" was carried, but it as now given place to the more elegant and graceful cloth bag, run on a casing.

A HANDKERCHIEF BAG.

A dainty handkerchief bag to hang from the girdle is made of plain or figured China silk. Cut two pieces of the silk one-half by three-eighths of a yard; sew up the sides and run a two-inch hem on one end, with casing for cord or ribbon. Turn wrong side out, gather the other end, draw it up as tightly as possible, and fasten securely. Line the bag with some soft, pale-colored silk. Sew on a yard and a half of ribbon an inch wide through the casing, and tie in a pretty bow. Make a large bow of two-inch ribbon, matching in color the ribbon in the casing, and fasten it at the bottom of the bag. This handkerchief bag worn with a gown of studied simplicity gives the wearer the appearance of a trifle of elegance.

The same material as the gown with which it is to be worn may be used for this bag, with ribbons to match the dress trimming.

To Be Notified Publicly.

NEW YORK, July 14.—At a meeting of the local subcommittee of notification to the Democratic candidates for the presidency and vice presidency it was announced that the Madison Square garden had been secured in which to make the notification, and it was decided to hold the meeting at night. Another meeting of the committee will be held to make the arrangements for the event.

Refused to Help the Folsom.

PEORIA, Ills., July 14.—Eighteen lives were lost by the sinking of the steamer Folsom. Added to the sorrow over the loss of life is a fever of indignation over the alleged action of the captain of the steamer Longfellow, which, although only a short distance from the Folsom when it began to sink, is positively declared to have declined to go to the fated steamer's assistance.

Lieutenant Governor Loomis Dead.

HARTFORD, July 14.—Ex-Lieutenant Governor Francis B. Loomis, of New London, died at twenty-five minutes past 12 in the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Havemeyer. He was born in Lyme. He was elected lieutenant governor of the state of Connecticut in 1876. He has since been a presidential elector and has received other political honors.

Fearful Loss of Life at Sea.

BUENOS AYRES, July 14.—A torpedo boat named the Rosalis foundered in a storm off the coast of Uruguay. All the officers were saved, but the crew, seventy men, are missing. The Argentine ironclad Almirante Brown and the cruiser Veinticinco, on route to Spain, are missing, and it is believed they are lost.

The St. Gervais Disaster.

PARIS, July 14.—Search was continued for the bodies of those who lost their lives in the flood and landslip which overwhelmed St. Gervais. Of the fifty-seven employes in the bath only nine were saved alive, and seven of these are severely injured. At the hamlet Bionnay, which was swept out of existence by the glacier, thirty-five persons were killed.

A Portion of Mexico Acquired.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., July 14.—Owing to the late rise in the Rio Grande, a cut has been made through the mainland near the city of Matamoras, Mexico, making the river two miles shorter and leaving over a thousand acres of Mexican territory on the American side.

MARTIAL LAW IN IDAHO.

The Strikers There Prepared to Fight U. S. Troops.

NUMBER OF NONUNION MEN KILLED

Mine Owners Seized and to Be Held as Hostages Until the Difficulty Is Settled—Bridges Blown Up and a Reign of Terror Sets In.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 14.—The strikers have possession of the telegraph and telephone offices at Wardner and other Coeur d'Alene points. They have blown up railroad bridges and are prepared to fight the United States troops, who should be near Wardner now.

A gang of armed strikers overtook seventy unarmed nonunion men at Old Mission, about twenty miles this side of Wardner, robbed them of their wages and fired on them while running away. Two nonunion men were killed; others escaped to the woods and swamps. Seven caught the steamer and arrived in Spokane. A relief party is going after the others.

A telephone message from Wolf Lodge, near Old Mission, states that a relief party has found the dead bodies of twelve nonunion men in the bushes and swamps. The party is looking for more.

Governor Wiley has issued a proclamation placing Shoshone county under martial law. Word has been received that three companies of Federal troops from Missoula have arrived at Mullan. The other troops have not arrived. General from Adjutant General Curtis, who is in command of the state troops and who went in advance of the outbreak, had not been heard from today as yet, and it was feared that he had fallen into the hands of the strikers.

Superintendent Dickinson, of the Northern Pacific railroad, telegraphed the governor from Tacoma that the road's tracks and bridges have been destroyed in the vicinity of Mullan and Wallace and that the wires have been cut. The road will hold the county responsible. Another message to the governor says that several nonunion men have been blown up. The union men propose to fight the troops to the death.

MINE OWNERS CAPTURED.

To Be Held by the Strikers as Hostages Till the Trouble Is Settled.

WALLACE, Ida., July 14.—The night passed without incident here. The miners are resting on their arms. Company K of the colored troops arrived at Mullan. They are still at Mullan. It is feared if they come to Wallace every mill of the association members will be blown up. An effort is now being made to hold the troops at Mullan to avoid a disaster.

All the mills of the mines where nonunion labor had been employed have been charged with magazines and a fuse attached since yesterday. At a signal, it is said, all will be blown up. This, however, it is said, will be done only in the event of troops arriving on the scene.

The Northern Pacific railroad bridge, together with several hundred feet of track, was blown up by the strikers west of Mullan. The company is preparing to take all nonunion men out of the mines to Tekoa. The union men assert that when the mounted troops appear on the scene they will blow up the Bunker Hill and Sullivan and the Sierra Nevada and Gem mines.

The burning of the bridge near Mullan will hold the troops there unless they march on foot to Wallace and Wardner, about ten miles.

It is now reported that the union men in Mullan Y. M. C. A. have taken Portland, William Sweeney and other mine owners, and will hold them as hostages until the trouble is settled.

MORE TROOPS DEMANDED.

The Situation at Coeur d'Alene Getting More Serious.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—Colonel Parkin, of the Fourth United States infantry, in command of the federal troops at Wardner, Ida., has telegraphed General Schofield that the situation in the Coeur d'Alene mining regions is more serious than first reported, and that more troops are necessary.

In response to this request orders were at once issued for four companies of infantry from Fort Spokane, Wash., and one troop of cavalry and six companies of infantry from Vancouver barracks, Wash., to move to the scene. This will make the available force assembled at Wardner about 800 men.

Representative Sweet, of Idaho, says that some two miles below the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mines, where trouble is now feared, between the union and nonunion miners, there is an immense concentrator, where the ore is obtained from the material sent down from the mines above. It is one of the largest concentrators in the country, and is capable of handling 700 tons a day. It is said that this concentrator, Mr. Sweet thinks, that the union men are now watched. He thinks it is this concentrator they intend to blow up with the 300 pounds of giant powder which they are reported to have in their possession.

THE STRIKERS IN CONTROL.

Ready to Blow Up the Mills Unless Their Demands Are Granted.

BOISE CITY, July 14.—One thousand striking miners secured control of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan company's mines and mills, in the latter powder had been tied to the machinery in different places, and the miners threaten to blow up the mills unless their demands are acceded to. Two hundred nonunion men are penned now. They will be joined at the scene by several companies of United States troops.

V. M. Clement, manager of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan company, has wired Governor Wiley to hold off the troops for two days, as by that time the nonunion men will be discharged and the union men will leave the mines. Governor Wiley has refused to do so, acting as advised by Mr. Clement. Governor Wiley will rush to the scene all the troops he can get. Everything is excitement in this city. Most of the young of the town belonging to the militia left for the mines.

May Storm Wardner Up.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 14.—Private information reached here stating that the Union Pacific Railway company has taken all its movable property out of Wardner, in the Coeur d'Alene country, anticipating a general conflagration of the town.

New Haven Weather Bureau.

NEW HAVEN, July 14.—Observer Cox, of the local weather bureau, received official orders notifying him that the station had been made one of the first order.

Three Horses to Death.

LONDON, July 14.—A fire at Berkhampstead destroyed three lives. A carotaker and two cabmen were burned to death.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

There is widespread rioting in Spain about the Octroi duties.

David Hughes, aged fifteen, stabbed and killed Thomas Connors, aged sixteen, with a penknife in a boys' quarrel at Charleston, Pa.

Upper Pacific coast towns have adopted quarantine measures against Victoria, B. C., on account of the smallpox epidemic there.

The Central Distilling company at St. Louis has announced a reduction in the price of whisky from $1.15 to $1.10. The company is not a member of the trust and claims they can afford to sell at the reduced price.

It is reported that cholera exists in several Crimean ports, and that it is spreading among Cossacks between the Caucasus and the Don. A disease resembling cholera has been discovered in Berlin, the same disease is reported in Acre, Egypt, and business in Paris is suffering from fear of its becoming epidemic there.

A Family Affair

Health for the Baby, Pleasure for the Parents, New Life for the Old Folks.

Hires' Root Beer

THE GREAT TEMPERANCE DRINK

is a family affair—a requisite of the home. A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of delicious, strengthening, effervescent beverage.

Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good." "'Tis false. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessable at Any Time.

RYERSON,

33 SOMERSET STREET.

Eugene Hoerster,

206 Grove Street,

North Plainfield.

Wholesale Dealer in

FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.

Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

USE THE BEST!

DOMESTIC

SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS

SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC

4 & 5 cents per Copy.

Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.

A. M. Vanderbeek's,

33 PARK AVENUE.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

V. S. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

93 West Front Street.

THE MANHATTAN WINE ROOM,

179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET,

(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)

FRANK LINKE, Proprietor.

ESTABLISHED 1886.

Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Post's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaefer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.

Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.

All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 137.

MONEY FOR RELATIVES,

friends, or acquaintances may be sent by drafts, cashed free of charge in Europe, for sale here.

ALSO TICKETS

for all European points, on any steamer, or line, First and Second Class, and Steerage, cheaper than in New York. Illustrated catalogue upon application.

Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset street.

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for ladies, gentlemen and children. The ladies' and gentlemen's hose you buy for 25c. per pair, and the children's for 13c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye.

Wash Dress Fabrics.

A little late in the season to buy wash dress goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more in favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Satteen at 13 and 18c., Bedford Cord at 10c., Figured India Linen at 13c., Irish Lawn at 12c., and Challies 5c. Matting.

We start a clearing up sale of Matting, and will close our entire stock at actual cost.

VanEmburgh and White

Ice Cream Freezers,

The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

The Rapid,

Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE, and Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

18 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

C. DICKINSON,

PRACTICAL

OPTICIAN and JEWELER.

Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Agent for the American

Rambler Bicycles.

No. 18 Park avenue.

ON SALE TO-DAY

Our Spring Line of

Perfect Fitting Percale Shirts.

Several new patterns this Spring never shown before

CALL AND SEE THEM.

O. M. DUNHAM,

Hatter and Furnisher.

46 West Front Street.

FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received

through

A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of Sized

Light Blue Color.

References:—

F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

24 SOMERSET STREET.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't.

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam screening mechanical screen for sun coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing and is prepared to execute them for the same in the best manner at short notice.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE,

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds for Other States, Notaries Public, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E., Engineer of the famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 1 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 28 West Front street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

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DORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two cesspools in operation. Plans of premises to be approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Master Plumber of the Best Lawns, Gardens and Field Fertilizers.

P. O. box 693 Telephone call 20.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS H. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.05, 8.45, a. m., 12.05, 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.00 and 8.30 a. m., 12.05, 2.30 and 4 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.40 a. m., 1.15, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.00 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 4.30 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

THE SILVER BILL KILLED

By 154 Votes to 136 the House Refused It Consideration.

THE FAIR APPROPRIATION PASSED.

But to Get It the Senate Says the Exposition Must Sell No Liquor and Must Close on Sundays—The Chicago Herald Existed, and the Grant May Be Rejected.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—July 13 will be regarded hereafter by the free silver men as an unlucky date, and there are many Democrats who will long remember the fate of the silver bill. While the fight had been practically conceded to the antisilver men for several days, yet it needed a final vote to be taken on the bill if the resolution of the committee on rules was adopted.

Mr. Bartine, of Nevada, supported the resolution and appealed to his colleagues to pass the resolution.

Mr. Clark, of Alabama, flew the track on his previous record on the silver question and opposed the resolution. Mr. Patterson, of Tennessee, followed in a similar vein, and threw consternation into the camp of the silverites.

The Silver Bill Defeated.

Then the Republicans put forward their leader, Mr. Reed, of Maine, who made a characteristic speech. He arraigned the Democratic party for their cowardice, and said their record was that of the spoilsman, who clamored for office under any and all circumstances. His remarks were frequently interrupted by applause.

Mr. Pierce, of Tennessee, then put an ear into the steady stream which was running against the silver men, and lambasted his colleagues, Mr. Clark, of Alabama, and Mr. Patterson, of Tennessee, for their change of front on the question, and said they had such rung their political death knell.

The speech of the day for the silver bill was made by Mr. Culberson, of Texas, who said that this question was one between the people and the monopolists. He said the silver plank in the Democratic platform was written and distinct declaration for bimetallism and was a step forward for progress. His eloquent remarks were loudly applauded.

Mr. Catchings then demanded the previous question on the resolution. This was ordered—yeas, 163; nays, 129. The crucial test then came on the passage, and this was defeated, carrying the silver bill into its grave by a vote of yeas, 136; nays, 154. But little excitement ensued when the vote was announced, as it was almost a foregone conclusion that the resolution would be beaten. The house then passed sixty pension bills and adjourned.

The Fair Grant Passed.

The senate finally disposed of the Chicago exposition provisions of the sundry civil bill. Mr. Quay's amendment to close the exposition on the "first day of the week, commonly called Sunday," was adopted without a division, after a motion to table it had been defeated by a vote of 4 to 1. A further amendment by Mr. Peffer to prohibit the sale of all intoxicants in the exposition grounds except for "medical, mechanical or scientific purposes" was adopted by a narrow majority of two. With these conditions attached the senate voted to issue to the World's fair managers 10,000,000 souvenir silver half dollars. Discussion was still in progress upon other items in this important sundry civil appropriation bill when the senate adjourned.

Denounced by the Chicago Herald.

CHICAGO, July 14.—The Herald says editorially: The directors of the World's fair should peremptorily announce that they will not accept the appropriation that was passed by the United States senate. It is a dishonest, a sneaking and a contemptible measure. Led by the saintly Matt Quay, of Pennsylvania, a majority of the senators added to the bill a proviso that the fair should be closed on Sundays. Captained by Peffer, the product of Kansas crankism, a majority added a further proviso that no liquor should be sold on the ground.

These amendments were imposed by demagogues, hypocrites and skinflints for the purpose of shirking a manifest duty. They knew that an appropriation complete with such a load of unnecessary conditions would not be accepted.

They knew they were sinking the ship when they put the cargo aboard. They should have their impudent and cowardly work thrown back in their faces with as much vigor as Chicago can command.

Let the directors denounce and pronounce this shameful measure, the product of a shameless body, as it deserves. Let them do it promptly and emphatically. If the nation will not appropriately sustain an undertaking begun by its authority, carried on in its name and designed for its overlasting glory, let the world know at once that Chicago, with the Harlans and Depews rebuking the cranks and the miners, is able and willing to carry the enterprise to success alone.

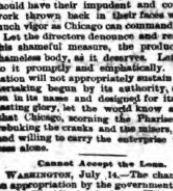
Cannot Accept the Loan.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The chances for an appropriation by the government in aid of the World's fair looks very slim. It has practically been determined by the Chicago managers of the fair that they cannot accept the $5,000,000 loan, coupled with the Sunday closing and general liquor prohibition clauses that have been added by the senate.

Newman Hall Retires.

LONDON, July 14.—At Christ church Rev Newman Hall was presented with a silver tea and coffee service, a purse of 200 guineas and an illuminated address on the occasion of his retirement.

Reliable.



He—Dr. Mason is very popular with the ladies. Has he been a successful practitioner?

She—Oh, yes! He has never saved a patient whose case he diagnosed as hopeless.—Life.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by William H. Codington, Esq., City Judge of the City of Plainfield, in the County of Union, to make the unpaid taxes and assessments for the year 1891, and the taxes and real estate in the said city of Plainfield for the year aforesaid, and interest and charges thereon, the officer mentioned and appointed by said warrant for that purpose, will on Thursday, the Eighth day of September next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the public house in the city of Plainfield, sell the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate of the persons hereinafter described, at public vendue, for the shortest term for which any person will agree to take the same and pay such taxes, together with the interest thereon, and costs, fees, charges and expenses:

Abger, Newton, lot 39 foot, 34 Clinton street	$1 12
Augustine, John, house and lot, 94x 200, 17 Berckman street	22 05
Bilhuber, Chas. A., southeast of lot, 25 feet front, 226 W Front street	2 34
Bilhuber, Chas. A., southeast of lot, 25 feet front, 226 W Front street	1 12
Bergmann, James, house and lot, 30 feet, 17 Rose street	2 34
Bethel church, Corinthian, vacant lots, one acre, S. to 29 Dunellen avenue	4 68
Boice estate, of Cornelius, house and lot, 11 Grove street	150 30
Bundy, Jane, house and lot, 75 Elmer street	8 96
Bird, Jacob, house and lot, 15 George street	4 48
Cutter, Jos S, 2 3-story brick stores, 25 feet, 27 W Front street	67 20
Cutter, Jos S, house and lot, 27 and 29 W Front street—office, house and lot, 469 W Front street	67 20
Crane, Cornelius, house and lots, 559 feet, 517 to 569 W Front street	67 20
Craig, Alexander, house and lot, 100 ft., 21 to 29 Dunellen avenue	100 80
Craig, James, 2 houses and lots, 16 to 28 Dunellen avenue	26 88
Cole estate, of Elias, house and lot, 49 Cole street, 2 houses and lots	26 60
Cole estate, of Elias, house, barn and carriage shed, 301 to 305 E Front St.	179 20
Collins, John E, vacant lot, 30 feet, 39 W Fourth street	4 48
Collins, Peter, house and lot, 30 feet, 41 W Fourth street	13 44
Conway, James, house and lot, 30 feet, 42 W Fourth street	6 72
Cassidy, Mich, house and lot, 30½ feet, 21 to 25 W Third street	42 56
Craig, William, 2 houses and lots, 720 feet, 216 to 240 Dunellen avenue	90 56
Chase, Mrs. Jno. G, vacant lot, Plaid avenue	2 34
Cash, Jeremiah, vacant lot, 207 South Second street	2 34
Cowen, Margaret, vacant lot, 3.0 feet, 62 Kenilworth place	5 60
Cuff, Lewis H, house and lot, east of Cuff, Lewis H, house and lot, 30 feet, 37 W Fourth street	2 34
Darling, Wm. S, 2 lots, 23 to 27 Clinton street	5 60
Drew, Wm. H, 4 lots, 50 feet each, 49 and 51 Somerton avenue	2 34
Drew, Wm. H, vacant lot, 50 feet, 52 Elizabeth street	1 12
Drew, Wm. H, 3 lots, 99 to 47 Elizabeth street	10 80
Drew, Wm. H, 3 lots, 256, 258, 260 Field avenue	3 36
Dr. Bland, estate of, house and lots, 339 E Front street	235 84
Darling, Emma, vacant lot rear of Brown, 800 feet, Marline Road	3 36
Darling, Emma, vacant lots, 600 feet, 177 to 195 Marline Road	11 20
De Zavella, H, house and lot, 50 feet, 64 E Fifth street	40 32
Egan, Rachel, vacant lot 5 by 125 feet, 35 Northwood avenue	2 24
Evans, estate Jno. H, house and lots, 6 acres, 178 to 192 Plainfield avenue	201 60
Fanning, P J, vacant lot, 50 feet, 467 South Second street	1 12
Fisher, estate of, house, house and lot, 50 feet, 85 W Third street	11 20
Fiquette, Mary B, house and lot, 122 Park avenue	49 28
Frace, Augustus, house and lot, 95 feet 12 to 14 Peace street	24 64
Flynn, Bernard, house and lot, 132 Terrill Road	8 96
Field, Mr, vacant lot, 50 feet, 356 W Sixth street	2 34
Gable, Jno H, house and lot, 47 Cottage place	2 24
Hoppock, Margaret, vacant lot, 50 feet, 67 E Second street	1 12
Houseman, Geo W, house and lot, 30 feet 9 W Third street	22 40
Harding, Geo, house and lot, 42 feet, 39 W Third street	4 48
Hart, Jno, vacant lot, 400 feet, 230 to 240 W Seventh street	13 44
Hart, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 315 feet, 123 to 153 W Seventh street	16 80
Henderson, estate Rachel, house and lot, 66 Park avenue	22 40
Halsted, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 125 feet, 32 and 34 Rose street	2 80
Henderson, estate Rachel, 2 vacant lots 100 feet, 36 and 38 Arlington avenue	11 76
Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 100 feet, 40 and 42 Arlington avenue	4 48
Hart, Carrie, 2 vacant lots 30x150, 42 and 44 Netherwood avenue	2 24
Hart, Carrie, vacant lot, 50x150, Jackson street	2 24
Hart, Lent E, vacant lots, 125x150, 30 to 50 Jackson street	6 72
Hewson, Wm, house and two lots, 85 and 87 Netherwood avenue	22 40
Hewson, Wm, house and two lots, 85 and 87 Netherwood avenue	4 48
Hewson, Wm, 2 lots and 2 houses, 2 lots and 4 lots in rear, 59 and 61 Netherwood avenue	6 72
Jones, Evan, or Margaret Cowan, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet, 241 and 243 E Second street	4 48
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 46 to 54 La Fayette avenue	17 92
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 500 feet, 150 to 160 La Fayette avenue	22 40
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 450 feet, 170 La Fayette avenue	20 16
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 300 feet, 172 to 180 La Fayette avenue	6 72
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 300 and 305 La Grande avenue	4 48
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots to Cedar Brook, 100 feet, 9 and 11 Putnam ave.	11 20
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 13 and 15 Putnam avenue	11 20
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 125 feet, 23 to 27 Putnam avenue	22 60
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 29 and 31 Putnam avenue	11 20
Jones, Emma A, 3 vacant lots, 150 feet, 33 to 37 Putnam avenue	13 44
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 600 feet, 5 to 25 Richmond avenue	67 20
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 450 feet, 10 to 30 Grove street	50 40
Keasey, Ellis M, 2 lots, 50 feet each, 261 W Third street	4 48
Laing, James D, house and lot, 50 feet, 55 feet, 83 W Second street	20 16
Laing, James D, house and lot, 50 feet, vacant lot, 85 and 87 South Second street	7 44
Lewis, Israel, store and lot, 30 Park avenue	26 00
Leonard, W J, 11 acres, N of plot, 120 to 170 Plainfield avenue	26 00
Leonard, Cora, lis. D. Green, ½ of plot 170 to 176 Plainfield avenue	26 00
Lane, Mrs M M, vacant lot, 281 Field avenue	1 12
Lewson, Flora, house and lot, 40 feet, 14 to 16 E Front street	74 40
Littlejohn, Jas, house and lot, 32 E Front street	26 88
Laing, Sarah M, house and lot, 36 E Front street	22 60
Lee, Thomas, 1 acre or more, east of Belvidere avenue	2 24
Loomis, Mary M, vacant lots, 40 feet each, 30 Bay street	4 48
Loomis & Rice, vacant lot, 60 feet, 12 Sandford avenue	5 60
Loomis & Rice, vacant lot, 60 feet, 16 Sandford avenue	2 24
Lorton, Mr, vacant lot, 40 feet, 14 Bay street	4 48
Madden, Wm, N owner house and lot, 471 West Front street	4 48
Motley, Patrick, house and lot, 40 feet, 79 West Second street	4 48
McCarthy, Michael, vacant lots, 125 feet, 178 to 179 South Second street	27 92
McCarthy, Michael, house and lot, 30 feet, 26 West Sixth street	22 40
McCarthy, Michael, house and lot, 46 West Sixth street	14 56
McCarthy, Charles, house and lot, 41 Plainfield avenue	8 96
McCarthy, Charles, house and lot, 39 Plainfield avenue	11 20
McClelland, Andrew, vacant lot, 25 Grant avenue	2 24
Mclonough, Peter W, house, lot and shop, 183 W Front Third street	16 80
Mac, Experience, vacant lot, 100x140 feet, 35 and 37 West Fifth street	4 48
McLaughlin, W J, vacant lots, 175 feet, 325 to 339 West Fifth street	4 48
Meyer, Sigmund, 2 vacant lots, 200 feet, 50 to 58 West Sixth street	4 48
McIntyre, John, vacant lots, 100 feet, 144 Park avenue	4 48
McIntyre, John, vacant lot, 50 feet, 134 Park avenue	134 40
Martin, Estate Elizabeth S, house and lot, 182 Somerset street	26 00
Martin, Anna G, house and lot, 187 and 189 Madison avenue	26 00
Marsh, Randolph, house and lot, 44 Plainfield avenue	26 00

Reid estate	20 16
Rosenquist, E, brewery, east of Front street	1 12
Rosenquist, E, brewery, vacant lots, 50 ft	2 24
Rosenquist, E, vacant lots, 100 feet	4 48
Harper, Elizabeth and Mary, vacant lot, 25 feet, 2 Bonnell street	1 12
Harper, Elizabeth and Mary, house and lot, 2 Bonnell street	13 92
Moore, Estate Kate A., vacant lot, 40 ft., 10 Bonnell street	11 20
Mahoney, Jane, house and lot, 30 ft., 31 West Third street	20 16
East Fourth street	22 60
Mansfield, Benjamin, house and buildings, 218 acres, 146 to 202 Broadway	22 60
Martin, Anna G, house and lot, 138 feet, 12 to 18 Prospect avenue	44 80
Martin, Anna G, house and lot, 50 feet, 16 East Second street, Dunellen	26 88
Martine, James K., brick house and lot, 300 feet, 1 to 11 Dunellen avenue	26 88
McCarthy, James, house and lot, 30 feet, 23 West Fourth street	9 12
Mecklenburg, Isaac S., house and lot, and 2 lots, 70 by 150 feet	40 32
Martin, Wm, vacant lot, vacant lots, 4 and 6 Hill street	2 24
Mabbs, Charles, house and lots, 126 feet, 13 and 15 East Sixth street, bal	20 72
O'Connell, James, house, 2 stores, 2 lots, 550 feet, 250 to 270 South Second street	15 68
O'Connell, James, house and lot, 30 feet, 24 West Seventh street	2 24
Ott, Caroline J., vacant lot, 50 feet, 25 Elizabeth street	2 24
Ott, Caroline J., vacant lot, and house lot, 50 feet, 27 Elizabeth street	3 24
Ott, Caroline J., two lots, 50 feet and 100 feet, Elizabeth street and 71 Elizabeth street	5 60
Ott, Caroline J., 25 acres, Lane avenue	26 88
Price, estate Jno. C., 2 lots, 50 ft. Interest in house and lot, 239 to 249 East Front street	67 20
Price, estate Jno. C., vacant lot, 50 feet, 241 to 245 East Front street	17 92
Price, estate Jno. C., house and lot, 132 to 138 East Front street	44 80
Price, Virginia, ½ interest in house and lot, 91 to 99 East Second street	8 96
Peterson, Jno, house and lot, 50 feet, 25 East Third street	13 44
Pullion, J. J., barn, vacant lot, 150 feet, 27 and 29 Putnam street	70 40
Pullion, J. J., stone and wood house, 50 feet, 31 and 33 Putnam street	54 08
Pringle, Mr., vacant lot, 144 feet, Hillside avenue	2 24
Rogers, Maricita, house and lot, 39 Madison avenue	22 60
Runyon, Daniel J., vacant lot, 11 Elmwood place	4 48
Runyon, Daniel J., two vacant lots, 50 and 12 Elmwood place	6 96
Runyon, estate E. W., 2 vacant lots, 100 feet, 600 to 626 South Second street	11 20
Runyon, estate E. W., two vacant lots, 50 feet each, 462 and 469 South Second street	2 24
Runyon, estate E. W., vacant lot, 79 feet, 445 West Front street	1 12
Runyon, estate of E. W., 3 vacant lots, 450 feet, 451 to 495 West Front street	5 60
Runyon, estate E. W., lot 30x150, 19 Rock avenue	2 24
Runyon, estate E. W., lot 25 feet, 50½ Elizabeth street	56
Runyon, Sarah E, vacant lots, 100 feet, 50 feet each, 215 and 217 East Second street	5 96
Reed, O. H., vacant lot, 50 feet, 219 East Second street	4 48
Richardson, Maggie, house and lot, 50 feet 53 East Sixth street	31 36
Runyon, Walter B., house and lots, 80x150, 97 Netherwood avenue	22 40
Runyon, Walter B., two vacant lots, 100 feet, 95 and 99 Netherwood avenue	4 48
Rice, C. J., and H. W., house and lot, 3 Orange street	26 88
Rice, Clarence J., vacant lot, 40 feet, 30 Orange street	4 48
Simpson, Robert, vacant lot, 7 Washington avenue	11 20
Smith, Ferdinand O., house and lot, 50 feet, 106 West Front street	26 88
Smith, James F., house and lot, 14 Elmwood place	24 64
Smith, estate John C., house and lot, 50 feet, 23 and 27 West Second street	44 80
Scherer, Elizabeth, vacant lot, 276 West Third street	4 48
Schoen, Elizabeth, 2 story brick hotel and dwelling, 11 East Front street	64 40
Scott, Jno, house and lot, 22 Clinton avenue	2 24
Sayham, Martha, 2 story brick stores, 21 and 23 East Front street, bal	70 05
Smalley, Samuel, 2 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 309 and 311 Washington avenue	4 48
Smalley, Samuel, vacant lots, 150 feet, 20 to 34 Lone street	2 36
Smalley Samuel, vacant lots, 2 2-10 acres, Randolph Road	15 68
Smalley, Mary B., house and lots, 4½ acres, 2 to 10 Orchard street	39 40
Smalley, Wm. H., vacant lots, 1,468 feet front and 128 feet deep, 4 acres, Randolph road	15 68
Schoonmaker, F. N., brick house, and lot, 175 feet, 32 to 38 Putnam street	119 00
Smith, Henry W., vacant lot, 50 feet, 7 Sage, Randy S., vacant lots, 100 feet, 12 and 14 Sage street	1 12
Sage, Emily S., vacant lots, 100 feet, 28 and 30 Sage street	4 48
Smalley Samuel, vacant lots, 2 2-10 acres, Randolph road	15 68
Smalley, Mary B., house and lots, 4½ acres, 2 to 10 Orchard street	39 40
Smalley, Wm. H., vacant lots, 1,468 feet front and 128 feet deep, 4 acres, Randolph road	15 68
Schoonmaker, F. N., brick house, and lot, 175 feet, 32 to 38 Putnam street	119 00
Smith, Henry W., vacant lot, 50 feet, 7 Sage, Randy S., vacant lots, 100 feet, 12 and 14 Sage street	1 12
Sage, Emily S., vacant lots, 100 feet, 28 and 30 Sage street	4 48
Sage, Emily S., vacant lots, 100 feet, 32 and 34 Highland avenue	4 48
Sage, Emily S., vacant lots, 300 feet, 352 to 360 West Front street	22 40
Thompson, Estate Daniel, vacant lot, 9 Liberty street	2 24
Topping, Wm. A., house and lot, 109 feet, 113 and 114 West Eighth street	56
Thayer, Mrs. G. A., vacant lot, 112 Madison avenue	15 68
Trustees, M. E. church, house and lot, 40 Liberty street	11 20
Thompson, Estate Daniel, vacant lot, 8 Thompson, Estate Daniel, vacant lot, 8 Field street	2 24
Taylor, Henry, vacant lot, 36 feet, 346 West Front street	56
Unknown owner, vacant lot, 50 feet, 257 South Second street	1 80
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet, 259 and 261 East Second street	4 48
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 11 to 19 Raymond avenue	5 60
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 7 and 13 Johnston avenue	5 60
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 19 to 24 Johnston avenue	5 96
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50x150 feet, 27 and 29 Johnston avenue	4 48
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 50x150 feet, 31 and 33 Johnston avenue	4 48
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 40 and 50 Hillside avenue	4 48
Unknown owner, vacant lots, 200 feet, 39 to 45 Hillside avenue	13 44
Unknown owner, vacant lot, 54 feet, 25 and 27 Rose street	4 48
Unknown owner, house and lot, 75 feet, 51 and 53 West Second street	15 68
Vanderbilt, Cornelius, house and lot, 1 Central avenue	17 92
Vreeland, Peter, house and lot, 7 Exchange alley	11 20
Vail, Jacob, house and lot, 150 feet, 91 to 99 Dunellen avenue	17 92
Vail, Hulda M., barn and lot, 150 feet, 91 to 99 Dunellen avenue	4 48
Vail, Hulda M., vacant lot, 31 feet, 35 Elm street	1 12
Voorhees, Perrine, vacant lot, 50 feet, 37 West Second street	1 12
Whitehead, Estate Frances, house and lot 30 feet, 19 West Front street	26 60
Wilson, Jno, house and lot, 400 feet, 460 to 502 West Sixth street	9 52
Wood, Thomas B., house and lot 27 acres, 240 to 375 East Front street	76 40
Wenger, M, interest in vacant lot, 40 feet, 37 East Third street	2 24
Wenger, M, vacant lot, 30 feet, 39 East Third street	2 24
Young, Estate Emma H., house and lot, 30 feet, 13 Elm place	26 60
Young, Estate Emma H., house and lot, 30 feet, 15 Elm place	26 60

Witness my hand this 11th day of July, A. D. 1892.

Special Policeman and Collector of Delinquent Taxes.

For the Next 30 Days

we will sell all Remnants of Paper

AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Borders at a Bargain.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

29 East Front street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 66 West Third Street,

Dealer in Choice

Wines, Liquors, etc.

BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address

NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter

and

General Jobber.

SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet

MAKER.

Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

John Peterson,

SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.

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Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,

28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER,

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 963.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters and Builders.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.

All work promptly attended to.

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PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

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P. O. Box 213.

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Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona.

P. O. Box 128

Jobbing promptly to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. F. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER.

Residence—34 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARBUTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully given. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Interior hard wood work.

JOHN HERRMANN,

State Builder and hard wood master mason, Shop, Corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, 6 Regent street.

38c.

Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with Linen bosom and wristbands; regular 50c. quality.

17c.

Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.

Window Shades 10c. and upward.

Dress Challies 5c. Best Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at

BOEHM'S

No. 2 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article, a select

50c. Formosa Oolong

TEA, to make a

Delicious Iced Tea.

Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.

NEUMANN BROS.

79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE

Furniture Moved

To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Large covered trucks.

30 W. Second street.

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.

Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for coat.

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

GEORGE VOEHL,

the

CONFECTIONER,

is now prepared to furnish

Parties & Receptions

with Delicious

ICE CREAM

in bricks.

15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Real Estate & Insurance

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REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

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INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

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MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE

NO. 25 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 piece South American Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
Cross Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 63c.; bolsters and pill-ow cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portierre curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Kitchen, Hooking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.

T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time tables in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 3 37, 5 28, 8 14, 8 39, 8 58, 9 [illegible] 10 26, 10 40, 11 10, 11 [illegible] 12 26, 12 40, 1 10, 1 [illegible] 2 40, 3 16, 3 40, 4 [illegible] 5 51, 6 54, 7 [illegible] 8 10, 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] a. m.

Leave Port Reading at 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] 1 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] a. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] 1 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] a. m.

Leave Jersey City at 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] 1 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] a. m.

Leave Plainfield at 5 38, 6 25, 8 08, 7 30, 8 05, 8 45, 9 08, 10 05, 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] noon, 12 [illegible] 1 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] p. m. Sunday, 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] a. m., 1 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] p. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] noon, 12 [illegible] 1 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] p. m. Sunday, 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] a. m., 1 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 7 10, 8 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] noon, 1 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] p. m. Sunday, 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] a. m., 1 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] p. m. 12 [illegible] night.

Leave Somerville at 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] noon, 1 [illegible] 2 [illegible] 3 [illegible] 4 [illegible] 5 [illegible] 6 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11 [illegible] 12 [illegible] p. m. Sunday, 8 [illegible] 9 [illegible] 10 [illegible] 11

BEING ENTERTAINED.

OBLIGATIONS RESTING ON THE GUEST ARE IMPORTANT.

The Welcome Visitor Is One Who Does Not Appear to Disturb the Regular Routine of the Family—Rights of a Hostess—Mistakes of Some Guests.

We do not disregard the Bible command, "Be ye not forgetful to entertain strangers," and there are few who in obeying it have not found at some time the "angel unawares" and yet, despite the many pleasures that come to us through the friends who from time to time are sojourners under our roofiree, we do feel that there is another side, and that she who entertains has her rights as well as she who is entertained.

The friends who come into our home have a right to expect that we will do all we can to make their stay with us pleasant and comfortable. No woman should invite another to visit her and then fail to do all she can to make her guest's visit enjoyable. To fail at any point where it is possible to do otherwise is rudeness. It may be that means are limited and the home small; but the welcome should be warm and the very most made of everything.

The instincts of hospitality lead one to do all this. We invite our friend into our home because we believe it will be mutually pleasant, to thus be together, and while we try to please we hope also to receive pleasure.

But—and this brings me to my subject—do we? There is a faculty for being entertained, as well as for entertaining, and the one is even more rare than the other. Some persons can enter a strange house, fit at once into the family circle, make themselves and the household wheels move on without a jar; while others, from the very moment of their arrival, necessitate the taking apart and readjusting of every piece of the household machinery.

The housekeeper, in anticipation of her visitor, has a mental readiness. On this she has bestowed not a little care and thought. Everything is in the neatest and most perfect order, and she waits in pleasant expectation. Her last glance has assured her that everything is in readiness, even to the useful "wash cloth." Few women have not known the pleasant sensation with which a guest is shown to the room made ready for her. But how often her cup of joy is rudely dashed from her lips. In a few days, in the room to which she has given so much time and labor, chaos reigns. Clothing, shoes, hats, gloves lie scattered everywhere. Shoe polish and ink bottles stand side by side with her cherished toilet ornaments.

Towels are used for dusters and floor cloths, crockery is broken, cracked or lost. She is a woman of wonderfully philosophic temperament if she does not turn away from room and guest with a feeling of pain, and with the mental resolution to next time strip her beautiful room of every thing not absolutely necessary to the comfort of her guest. But if it was only in the room assigned to the guest that discomfort made itself felt, one might not complain.

Every person and thing in the house feels the presence of this disorderly element. Breakfast is delayed, dinner must wait, and supper is served at unheard of hours. If there are servants the matter is still worse, for there are just so many more to suffer. Their regular hours are all unsettled, and they find themselves "at sea."

Nothing disturbs a good servant like being called upon to do unexpected errands or work.

Every one in the home of another should seek to fit into his place with just as little disturbance of the rules of the house as possible. He should do his best to see that everything coming under his immediate care is kept as neat as when he found it, and certainly should see to it that nothing is broken. Ioss or needless waste. He should be punctual at all meals and all other engagements. If there are servants, all orders or requests to them should be made through the lady of the house. A lady once had a guest who, having received an invitation for herself and husband out to dinner, told her hostess's cook of their intended absence. This the lady had purposely refrained from doing, but instead had asked two intimate friends to drop in to dinner. Imagine her consternation, on going into the dining room with her friends, to find the table set and dinner prepared for but her own family of two. She had a right to feel annoyed at any such interference on the part of a guest.

One would hardly expect friends to visit her without an invitation, special, if informal, and on the other hand, no one has the right to take her welcome for granted. It is a good plan to always give notice of an intended visit, even if it extend though but a single meal. This, not that extra preparations may be made, but that should it not be convenient both the visitor and the hostess may escape the embarrassment of an ill timed visit, than which few things are more annoying.—S. Q. S. Green in Good Housekeeping.

Women's Fashionable Medicines.

"The greatest trade, we have among ladies," said a handsome young druggist, "is not perfumes, as you might reasonably suppose, or cosmetics, but nerve tonics. Any new nerve tonic that is put on the market finds a ready rush of customers. I know one of our patrons who is a good, strong woman, and whose only nerve trouble is that she thinks she has nerve trouble, who has tried every nerve tonic we have in stock.

"Her system by this time should be perfectly callous to any new compound, and yet it is not half an hour since she left here, taking with her a bottle of the present fashionable nerve soother. She has a pillow of dried poppy flowers, another of hops, and she has tried all the chemical foods. She is only one of many. Each new tonic has a short run, to be replaced by another. If there is a permanent fashionable disease it is so called or real nervous prostration."—New Orleans Picayune.

Fires in Bedrooms.

Gas stoves should never be used in sleeping rooms; they give a stuffy, close feeling which is most unpleasant, while an open fireplace encourages ventilation, and thus makes the air pure and fresh and is most agreeable. Children's sleeping rooms are better without fires at night, unless the weather is cold or very damp. They should be lighted early in the day before bedtime. —Hall's Journal of Health.

Death Rate Among Babies.

"The large death rate among babies," said a leading physician, "results to a great extent from the injudicious use of cow's milk. The child's stomach is too weak to digest anything but mother's milk or lactated food. This lactated food is a pure substitute for the natural diet, and in many cases in my practice has, I believe, saved the child's life."

What Wealth Enables One to Do.

The fashionable woman of wealth buys her gloves by the dozen, wears them only till the first freshness has gone, will not have them cleaned, and tosses them aside as she does her faded flowers.

Not long ago, in a pretty morning room up town, belonging to the daughter of a rich man, several young New York gentlemen, there sat, chatting lightly after the fashion of their kind, four young girls—one the owner of the room, the other three friends. They had all been at the opera, dances the night before, and the hostess was taking down the gown she had worn from the clothes tree, where it hung, to show and comment on a mishap which had nearly ruined its new Parisian elegance. As she did so the long gloves, exactly the shade of the dress, fell to the floor. One of the girls picked them up.

"Thank you," said their owner, nothing her. "Their usefulness is over too; but, fortunately, I bought six pairs of the same shade to have plenty of fresh ones."

"But these look perfectly fresh yet," commented another of the girls.

"No, they're not," was the answer. "A pair of gloves to a dance is my invariable rule. And I never wear cleaned gloves."

"Well, I do." "And I," "And I," came from the company, and then the pretty hostess turned quickly:

"Why, girls," she cried, "if that's the case, go through my glove drawer and check yourselves up. There's many a pair there will bear cleaning," and she drew out a wide, shallow drawer in the bottom of a wardrobe. "Here," she said, "is where I throw discarded gloves, and every once in a while I bundle off a lot of them to a little friend of mine in the country. She won't mind one downerful."

The girls laughed and seated themselves on the floor before the drawer. The gloves were in balls, a pair to a ball, and when they were unrolled, smoothed and laid out, not a pair was found with a rent or any marked soil. Seventy-nine pairs of gloves by actual count was the yield of the drawer, which gave each of the three twenty-five pairs apiece, with four pair thrown back for "the little friend in the country."—Her Point of View in New York Times.

To Detect Oleomargarine.

Most housekeepers would treat with scorn the idea that they would be unable to distinguish oleomargarine from butter, but as a matter of fact it is now made to imitate the genuine article so closely that no one but an expert chemist or butter dealer could tell, by simple inspection, the one from the other. It is a mistake to suppose that oleomargarine is disagreeable either in taste or odor. Made as it is from purified fats and oils the flavor may be somewhat same, but this is usually corrected by salting, and, too, the materials are frequently churned with milk so that the imitation is almost perfect.

If there is a small amount of butter present in the oleomargarine, say as much as 15 or 20 per cent., the only method of determining that the material is not genuine butter is by chemical analysis, but if, as is almost invariably the case, there has been no butter added to it, the housekeeper can determine this for herself with as great certainty as the experienced chemist. It is only necessary to place about a tablespoonful of the suspected material in a small tin cup or pan and heat it on the stove. Butter will melt quickly, give off its characteristic odor and foam up until it has reached several times its original bulk. Oleomargarine will not foam at all, but will act just like hot fat into which water has been spilled. It will spurt and crackle and drops of the melted fat will be projected from the dish. Precisely the same effect may be gotten by mixing a little water with lard and heating it. If at the same time some genuine butter is heated in another dish the contrast between the two effects will be very evident.—Philadelphia Times.

Dainty Characteristic Perfumes.

The delicate odor of violet or sandal wood that clings to women's frocks nowadays is either subtle and fascinating or else vulgar. There is no middle ground. The effect the former it must be as mysterious in its coming as a strain of heavenly music, and the latter must be as obtrusive as a brass band. Essence is for the eyebrows and ear tips alone. Sachets thrown anywhere and everywhere in the bureau drawers mean only a disagreeable, overpowering fragrant, and wherever the dressmaker elects to put a layer of wool wadding there must be a sprinkling of powder find a resting place. Fresh flowers should be chosen which have the same always, till it becomes a part of the personality and is as much associated with one as her favorite color. Have something distinct and characteristic. Like sandal wood or sweet lavender. This last is always acceptable and never grows heavy, even in a room filled with the flowers, if possible, and make up a lot of big cheese cloth bags full and have them around everywhere. Sweet clover is odd and refreshing. Have one of these bags in your wardrobe all the time. Enough can be gathered on a summer afternoon to last all winter, and there is nothing so little apt to pall on one's friends. Keep it in your paper drawer as well, and let the letters bring a breath of summer all the year around.—Toronto Pictorial.

A Japanese Hygienic Bath.

In hygienic matters the Japanese have everywhere a habit which would have a lesson for us. In their nightly bath and morning wash the water is never cold, never warm, but always as hot as it can be borne. To foreigners this habit seems very surprising, but the most inveterate Englishman, if he stays in the country long enough, abandons his cold tub in its favor.

The cold taking which it is suspected must follow it is not found to occur if the water has been hot enough. This heat is maintained by a little furnace beneath the bath. In the bath the butler or bathers take a prolonged soaking, the washing proper being done on the bathroom floor; then follows a second final soaking, drying with towel and a lounge in bathing wrapper.

This liabit seems to promote softness and suppleness of the skin, and persons inclined to rheumatism is soon found to be altogether preferable to the cold bath in every particular. The poorest of the Japanese bear of a cold bath with amazement and would be sure the man who used it must be a barbarian.—Rural Collaborator.

Common Thyme for Whooping Cough.

Common thyme is advocated earnestly by Dr. Nouvious as a remedy for whooping cough. During an epidemic of this malady he had ample opportunities of observing its effects, and came to the conclusion that if given early and constantly it invariably cuts short the disease in a fortnight, the symptoms vanishing in two or three days liable to return, however, if the thyme is not regularly taken for at least two weeks. He gives from ½ to 1 drachm every hour combined with a little marshmallow syrup, and says he has never known an undesirable effect produced except slight diarrhea. —Babr

HEALTHFUL SUMMER DRINK.

It Does Not Harm the Nerves as Do Tea Does—Try It.

Some pleasant cooling beverage, simple enough to be taken freely by all the family and sufficiently healthful to appeal to each of them is a real necessity in the home life, and two summers' experience proves conclusively that home made root beer is the very best thing known. It is only a few moments' work in the morning to squeeze two or three lemons into a coupin of quarts of water, stir in a small teacupful of sugar, and add a tablespoonful of a root beer extract. Put the pitcherful of brown, aromatic liquid on the ice, and have it ready all day long, whenever any one is thirsty or when the simple feeling of heat and discomfort renders the idea of a cool, satisfying drink pleasant. It looks pretty on the table—the brown liquid, with a bit of clear ice floating on top—and is a wholesome temptation away from tea, with its nerve destroying properties, or the beer and claret, that really make one hotter after drinking. It can be bottled also—this admirable root beer—and set away in a cool place to be available at a moment's notice. It is as wholesome as natural water to drink during work in a high temperature. The herbs and roots which enter into the composition have a distinctly tonic and medicinal effect and its constant use will have a real effect in counteracting some of the troubles arising from thin blood and the unusual quantities of fruit and vegetables consumed.

PESKY LITTLE ANTS.

The Best Methods to Get Rid of Them—You Can Take Your Choice.

1. Put red pepper in their haunts and scrub the shelves and drawers with strong carbolic soap. 2. Put a small bag of sulphur in the drawer or cupboard. 3. Put saucers of olive oil upon the shelves. 4. Wet a string in kerosene oil and tie around sugar barrels, lard cans, preserve jars, etc., wetting the string with oil every few days. 5. Put Scotch snuff in their haunts. 6. Put a small spray of wormwood on the pantry shelves. 7. Rub the shelves all over with gum camphor. 8. Pour carbolic acid into all crevices and over shelves. 9. Strew whole or ground cloves over the shelves. 10. Take flour of brimstone, one-half pound, and potash, four ounces, dissolve together in as earthen pan over the fire until united. Let dry and then beat to a powder. Infuse a little of this powder into water and sprinkle it in their haunts. Wherever you sprinkle it the ants will die or leave the place. Good for ant hills. Our own plan to save our sugar jar from molestation is to set it into a wider, lower crock containing water. This is a very simple and cleanly process for the single jar.—Detroit Free Press.

The Strongest Glue Known.

To make "marine glue" that will resist heat and water, both hot and cold, and most of the acids and alkalies, proceed as follows, says the Detroit Free Press: Take of gum shellac four parts, and of caoutchouc or India rubber, one part by weight. Dissolve the shellac and rubber in separate vessels in ether, free from alcohol, applying a gentle heat. When thoroughly dissolved mix the two solutions, and keep in a bottle tightly corked. Pieces of leather, wood, or other substances joined together by it will part at any other point than the joint just made. If the glue be thinned by the admixture of ether, and applied as a varnish to leather along the seams where it is sewed together, it renders the joint or seam water tight, and almost impossible to separate.

Sweet Potato Pie.

Bake six sweet potatoes half an hour till about half done, then grate them. Beat half a cupful of butter, and one cupful of sugar to a cream. Add the beaten yolks of three eggs, the juice and grated rind of a lemon, and by degrees the grated potato. Then add a wineglassful of milk, put the mixture in a deep pie dish, and bake fifteen or twenty minutes. Cover with the whites beaten to a meringue and brown in the oven for a few minutes.

Brass and Iron Bedsteads.

A RICH ONE IN BRASS.

Twenty years ago brass and iron bedsteads were beginning to be appreciated in Europe, and now it would be a difficult matter to obtain a wooden bedstead there at all, and it is likely that it will not be many years before it will be the same thing here in this country. The advantages of metal bedsteads is their cleanness. An iron bedstead painted in white enamel paint is serviceable and sensible.

Delicious Graham Muffs.

Take one and one-half pints of graham flour, half a pint of wheat flour and two heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Add one teaspoonful of salt. Mix thoroughly together while dry. Half a gill of molasses should be added next, and sufficient sweet milk (or milk and water) to make a drop batter stiff enough to handle. Add a well-beaten egg or two. Bake at once in a hot oven.

Molasses Dumplings.

One pound of flour, sifted, six ounces of butter, three spoonfuls of baking powder and a pinch of salt. Make up the dough, with a little water, roll into thick cakes and boil for twenty minutes in equal quantities of molasses and water, which must be boiling when the dumplings are put in.

Power of Sunlight.

To remove iron rust and ink stains: Rub lemon juice on the stain, then cover it with salt and lay the articles in the sun. If necessary, repeat the process two or three times. Spots from most kinds of ink are similarly taken out. Vinegar will remove fruit stains.

Be Careful of Salt.

Salt curdles milk; hence, in preparing milk porridge, gravies, etc., the salt should not be added until the dish is almost finished.

The best thing to polish eye-glasses and spectacles with is a bit of newspaper. Moisten the glasses and rub dry.

This Date in History—July 14.

1223—King Philip Augustus of France, grand crusader, companion and rival of Richard Cœur de Lion of England, died; born 1165.
1602—Cardinal Jule Mazarin, French statesman, born in Naples; died in Paris, 1661.
1728—John Hunter, the eminent English surgeon and anatomist, born in Lanarkshire; died 1793.
1789—The people of Paris stormed and captured the Bastile, the day is now the great national anniversary.
1792—National Lyon, general, born in Ashford, Conn.; killed at Wilson's Creek, Mo., 1861.
1821—Bastile's, the Poles everywhere celebrate.
1870—Daniel S. Norton, senator from Minnesota, died at Washington, aged 61.
1890—President Harrison signed the bill providing that the government shall purchase $4,500,000 worth of silver per month and issue certificates therefor. This Peace conference opened its sessions in London, and on the same day the government of San Salvador declared the country in a state of siege.

Know Just How It Worked.

"So you're the boy who wants to get to work here, are you?" asked the senior clerk.

"You do kid," replied the boy.

"You can read and write, of course?"

"Sure."

"And you're not afraid of work?"

"I kin sleep with it without bein scared a bit."

"Are you lively in getting around?"

"Quicker'n a compressed air ordnance."

The senior clerk looked over the recommendations and decided that he would do.

"Now, hold on," said the boy. "Does the boss kick much?"

"Who do you mean?"

"The boss—the main guy."

"What's that to you?" asked the clerk sharply. "You have nothing to do with him."

"Dat's all right," returned the boy. "But I has with the fellers as gets his kicks, and after he jumps on them they catches me by the collar and bangs me up again, the wall and calls me names. Every time the boss gets mad I gets jumped on by every feller he jumps on. No, sirree! I gets all the worst of it, an there ain't even a cat around for me to kick. If the boss kicks, really, I looks for another job. See? I knows all about these places where the boss kicks."—Chicago Tribune.

1892			JULY.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.	
					1	2	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
31							

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:13 p.m.	Third Quarter	16	9:48 p.m.
Full Moon	9	9:44 p.m.	New Moon	23	9:01 p.m.
			First Quarter	31	9:46 p.m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 185,000. 1892.
Deeds benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 3621, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetherill's upper rooms, Mead Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANARSDLEN, Dictator.
RALPH A. TAY, Reporter.
Watchung Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

AT RANDOLPH'S
Ice Cream Milk Shakes, **Egg Milk Shakes,**
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
Also in Siphons.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.
Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of
G. R. MUSGRAVE,
37 Somerset street.
Call early and secure the best bargains.

Legal Advertisements.

ESTATE OF EDWARD VAIL, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, the day made, on the application of the undersigned, Executors of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscribers under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscribers.
EDWARD F. RANDOLPH,
MAHLON N. VAIL,
7 14 9 Executors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given that the account of the subscriber, administrator of Joel R. Briant, deceased, will be audited and stated by the surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of September next.
WILLIAM R. CODINGTON.
Dated July 5th, 1892. 7 7 9

ASSIGNEE'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, assignee of Frank Green, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-first day of September next.
WILLIAM R. CODINGTON.
Dated July 6th, 1892. 7 7 9

ESTATE OF JOHN F. GRIFFEN, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, Executors of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the said subscriber.
MARY M. GRIFFEN,
May 5th, 1892. 5 12 9 Executrix.

For Three Weeks
I will sell
1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles
$50 LESS
THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.
Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.
Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
that A. G. VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 15c. lb.
COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.
Refrigerators. . . Lawn Mowers,
Ice Cream Freezers. Hammocks.
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware, . . Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

A NEW SUPPLY OF
LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,
IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.
These goods are well-made and neat-fitting.
GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.
The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's
Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,
at
EDSALL'S!

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I
Situated directly by that beautiful shoot of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
6 13 29m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEE TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
30 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

BREVITIES.

—Two valuable dogs belonging to Israel Lewis, of Somerset street, were poisoned last evening.

—The Sussex, Somerset and Burlington county fairs will all be held during the same week this year: September 13 to 16.

—Many complaints are being made about unmuzzled dogs running around. Something should be done, and that at once.

—The Spring overcoat of mud that still adorns Somerset street's road is out of style. It ought to be dusted and put away.

—A fine string band is in attendance at Poplac every Saturday, and dances for the young people are given during the afternoons.

—The Elizabeth Police Department held their annual excursion yesterday, 3,000 persons going to Washington Park on the Hudson.

—I cannot sing the old songs
This noisy crowd annoys,
I cannot sing the old songs
For they'd mob me if I did.

—Complaint is being made that the North Plainfield electric lights are out long before daybreak. This morning it is claimed, they were out before two o'clock.

—Medical men say that strawberries produce muscular rheumatism. What produces it when strawberries are not in market? It probably produces sudden paralysis of the pocketbook then.

—The People's Union of New Jersey yesterday sent out a call to all interested in the Farmers' Alliance movement to meet in convention in Trenton in September for the purpose of nominating a State ticket, and to choose electors for the national ticket of the People's party.

—Although the time is up for the delivery of the new street cars, they have not made their appearance yet. It is said that the shops where they are being constructed are working night and day, as they have so many orders ahead. The cars, however, will be here in a few days, according to report.

—Mr. John Richter, employed at Doane and Van Arsdale's, who received a box containing an ancient deer's head, yesterday, says the joke is not on him at all. His friend was to send him a stuffed fox, which would have adorned his employer's show window. When a box arrived for him he paid no freight charges of any kind, and in fact, would not even open it, being suspicious. While he was home to dinner the box was opened.

PERSONAL.

Mr. R. R. Fairchild, formerly of this city, and now of Yonkers, N. Y., is visiting in town.

Mrs. Craft and Miss Storrs, assisted by the Misses Martine, Mrs. C. F. Sullivan, and Mrs. DeWitt C. Ivins will receive at the afternoon tea at the Hillside Tennis Club to-morrow.

Mr. J. R. Rollinson, a brother of Editor H. S. Rollinson of the Railway Advocate, spent yesterday in this city. In the evening he paid a fraternal visit to Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M. here.

Editor Frank W. Runyon and wife started to-day for a week's visit at Ithaca to the home of Prof. and Mrs. Comstock of Cornell University, of which Mr. Runyon is a graduate. During his absence Mr. Winfield S. Angleman, a journalist of wide experience, and a lawyer of much promise, will be in charge.

The gifted pen of Dr. Jonathan Ackerman Coles, A. M., M. D., of Scotch Plains, was, yesterday, in this city, seen to advantage in a volume which he has just issued, entitled "Abraham Coles, Memorial Tributes. Selections From His Writings. Illustrated." The book contains nearly 300 pages, beautifully printed, bound and illustrated. Its dedication says it is a credit to the son of such a father, and will be read with interest even by those who were not fortunate enough to know the illustrious deceased, but especially by those who knew him best. In life, and as the Newark Advertiser expressed it, "Knew how to appreciate his many rare virtues and sterling qualities of mind and heart." The late Dr. Coles had with a wealth of health, a wealth of mind and a wealth of gold and lands, the ability to enjoy these blessings and enable others to enjoy them, but greater than all, he had a wealth of Christian character that makes it pleasant to remember him, and as one peruses the book it is with a feeling of lasting gratitude to the son for his labor of love. The book will no doubt be in Plainfield's library, as it ought to be.

Lamps and Bells not Required.

Bicycle riders bound for Washington to attend the great meeting of the League of American Wheelmen may leave their lamps and bells at home. The Commissioners of the District to-day, in response to a request from the Capital Bicycle Club, the leading wheeling organization in that city, issued an order revoking for the three days of the meet the police regulation that requires wheel riders to carry a bell at all times and a lamp at night.

Died of his Injuries.

Mr. Tunnison of Mt. Horeb, who, as stated in THE NEWS recently, fell from a cherry tree on his farm and broke his back, causing partial paralysis, died yesterday. He was about fifty years old, and was said to be the wealthiest man in that section.

THE PLUMBER'S CHEEK WAS TOUCHED.

And Mr. Martin is Held to Answer in Consequence.

Mr. Fred. H. Martin of East Fifth street, a few days ago got into a dispute with Plumber William Addis, respecting the amount of a bill, dated June 1st, for work alleged to have been done in some of Mr. Martin's houses, during Mr. Martin's absence for several months in Kansas.

The bill was dated June 1st, and Mr. Martin claimed that since that time, although he had called at Mr. Addis's place on North avenue, for an explanation, inasmuch as he was not aware of having authorized much of the work, and considered the charges exorbitant for such as he had ordered, Mr. Addis was always absent.

Finally he and Mr. Addis met in front of the latter's shop on North avenue, and the bill was explained.

Mr. Martin declined to pay until he could have an expert examine the work, to see if it was done as charged, and then to pay only for the work he ordered or authorized.

He and Addis got into the shop, talking over the matter, and were discussing the bill when Mr. Martin told Mr. Addis that he (Addis) knew that the bill was unjust and that he was trying to impose on him.

Mr. Addis retorted by applying names to Mr. Martin and raising his fist to strike, ordered him out of his place. As Mr. Martin did not move fast enough to suit Mr. Addis, the latter proceeded to push him out.

Mr. Martin raised his hand to ward off a threatened blow, and it came in contact with the plumber's cheek.

The result was that Mr. Addis had Mr. Martin brought before Justice Nash, and bound over on his own recognizance to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Mr. Martin has since retained counsel to bring action against Addis for assault.

Immediately after the occurrence Mr. Martin, who has been in somewhat ill health and seemed greatly agitated over what he contemplated would be very unpleasant notoriety, hied to the newspaper offices to have the publication of the matter deferred until he could take steps to vindicate himself. Under the circumstances THE NEWS cheerfully deferred the matter until to-day.

THE REPUBLICAN CLUB OF FANWOOD.

An Enthusiastic Meeting Held Last Evening.—Officers Elected.

A meeting was held in the Knights of Pythias Hall, Scotch Plains, last evening, at eight o'clock for the purpose of reorganizing the Republican Club of Fanwood Township.

A brief constitution was adopted and under its provisions the following officers were elected:

President—A. D. Shepard.
First Vice President—George Kyte.
Second Vice President—D. P. Hall.
Secretary—W. B. Noble.
Treasurer—H. S. Miller.
Executive Committee—John Robinson, H. Rand, F. Quersan, D. H. Terry, E. L. Hand.

Eighty-seven voters signed the constitution as members of the Club and great enthusiasm reigned throughout the meeting.

Will Pay Damages.

Captain Frank Heath, the ordinance officer in charge of the proving ground at Sandy Hook, has sent to Gen. Flagler, chief of Ordnance of the Army, a full report upon the accidental hitting of the schooner Henry R. Tilton, owned by Samuel E. Birdsall of this city, by a shot from a 10-inch rifle during some tests last Saturday. He says that the vessel was five miles out at sea and one mile out of the line of fire. The coast was clear of all vessels when the first shot was fired. This ricocheted lightly over the sand, touching once or twice, and, after passing out across the water, sinking in the ocean. The shot that hit the vessel struck the sand where the shore made a sudden rise and buried itself to an unusual depth, coming out at a much greater angle with the line of fire than experience at the proving ground would indicate to be possible under similar firings. The officers at the grounds did not know the schooner was hit until the crew had rowed ashore.

Captain Heath adds that no blame can be attached to any one for the accident, which was clearly unavoidable and unforeseen. The United States will pay for the damage to the schooner, but as there is a lack of available funds the matter will probably be adjusted through the Court of Claims. Referring to the renewal of complaints against the location of the proving grounds at Sandy Hook, caused by this accident, General Flagler said this morning that the Government is likely to continue to test its guns at the Hook until a better place can be provided, and that such a place has not yet been discovered.

City Court To-Day.

The cases of Frank Wolfe vs. Eugene O'Reilly and O'Reilly vs. Wolfe was adjourned for one week.

A Polish Jew, living directly on the city line, made complaint against two young men for disturbing the peace. Judge Coddington adjourned the case until he could satisfy himself that he had jurisdiction.

Frank Rand was arraigned for fast driving. The case was adjourned.

Ann Sullivan was arraigned for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. The case will be tried at 8.30 o'clock to-day.

—Hallock & Davis are selling many straw hats. The "Zephyr" two-ounce hat seems to be a popular brand.

THE TRUNK SEWER PLAN

NOT FAVORED BY THE PLAINFIELD SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

Serious Objections Pointed Out at a Meeting Last Night—The "Intermittent Filtration" to be Recommended.

Last night a meeting was held in the Mayor's office by the Special Committee of Common Council and Plainfield citizens appointed to consider plans for sewage for Plainfield, and a committee of citizens from other localities in the county, desiring to have Plainfield combine with the other localities in a scheme to carry the sewage to tide water at Elizabethport.

The meeting was informal, and there were present Mayor Gilbert, President Gimm, Councilman Case, ex-Councilmen B. O. Bowers, Rowland Cox, Lemuel W. Serrell, and O. T. Waring, and Editor A. B. Frost of the Engineering News, comprising the Plainfield Committee, and Mr. H. P. Baldwin, Assistant General Passenger Agent, and Mr. Wm. H. Peddle, General Superintendent, of the Reading Railroad System, both residing in Roselle, Mr. Frank Bergen, of Elizabeth, President of the Water Supply Company, and Messrs. Jas. O. Clark of Westfield and Wm. Lattgow of Linden.

Mr. Peddle had a map showing the plan proposed which he explained. It appeared, however, that because of the higher elevation of Fanwood, Plainfield, if it adopted the system, would require a pumping station to pump the Plainfield sewage over the Fanwood elevation.

The Plainfield gentlemen unanimously opposed any scheme that involved a pumping station because of the expense of maintaining and operating the pumps, and were unanimously in favor of what is known as the "Intermittent Filtration" system, which has been tried in other towns and given satisfaction.

This system is the least costly to construct as well as to operate, and is most unobjectionable generally.

A series of plots of land are chosen on the outskirts of the city, toward which the sewage is directed by gravitation.

For a few days it runs over one plot, and then is shut off and turned upon another for a few days, and then changed back again, or upon another plot.

The soil retains in this way continuously its absorbing power, and remains in good condition, where it would not if so were the sewage run upon it continuously.

The system has been tried in Lawrence and South Framingham, Mass., two towns in which—particularly the latter—the conditions were similar to those existing in Plainfield.

It has been tried in Europe, and is an improvement on another system, which consisted of having the ground prepared in ridges by plowing and subsequent irrigation, something in accordance to the same result, as the improved system, in which the plowing is obviated.

The sewage is, of course, disinfected, and this is done so thoroughly that people reside on the border of the flats without unpleasant results.

The visitors were very favorably impressed with the plan, although it is possible that they will favor a trunk sewer for their localities, beginning at Fanwood, and thence running the sewage by gravitation to the Newark Bay, at Elizabethport.

HOW THEY EARNED THEIR DOLLARS.

Novel Scheme Evolved by Evanston W. C. T. U. Members.

[*Detroit Tribune.*]

A few days ago there was a meeting of women in Evanston, Ill., called for the purpose of replenishing the treasury of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of that town. The Chicago Times relates some of the methods which were employed to gain the necessary dollar, for earn it, not give it, they must. One lady, Anna J. Rudd, told a story of self denial:

Walked to the station six times.....	.30
Carried my own express package.....	.25
Went without lunch one day in Chicago.....	.35
Postponed buying gloves till old ones were all out at Rogers	.20
Total	$1.00

One lady sold old pair of gold-rimmed glasses, another sold magnetic pills, still another made molasses candy and peddled it on the street. Miss Willard proceeded to earn her dollar by selling, at five cents each, some very fat doughnuts made by her mother.

The annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held as an all day meeting in our rooms September 12th.

A picnic lunch will be served at noon. All members and well wishers of the Union are cordially invited to be present and report their experience in earning or saving an extra dollar for the union.

To-Morrow's Game.

The game between the Y. M. C. I. A. and the Crescents, which will be played in this city, promises to be one hot enough for the craziest crank in New Jersey. Shoebert has recovered from his twist in the leather sphere that will cause the Plainfielders to fan considerable air, in and out of their batteries added to their already large measure. Base ball in Elizabeth is looking up.—Elizabeth Journal.

—Bathing suits of all descriptions at Louis Callman's Bee Hive.

NEWS OF THE STATE.

Local Happenings and Stories of Interest to Jerseymen.

Mrs. Harrison, wife of the President, has sent gifts to a Haddonfield colored infant named after her.

Mrs. Joseph Reynolds, of West Asbury Park, died last Saturday. She died from the effects of oil of tansy, which she had been taking for several weeks.

Gustavia Avies, a domestic employed by R. L. Hillhouse, of 66 College avenue, New Brunswick, nearly died yesterday from a tremendous dose of alcohol, taken, it is said, with intent of suicide.

Abel Weller, forty years old, living at 221 Friends avenue, Camden, and employed as an engineer at Vanleiver's furniture factory, was badly burned about the face, neck and hands Tuesday by the explosion of a can of benzine.

A mystery surrounding the case of Jennie Davidson, who was found on a ledge of the Palisades, near Alpine, N. J., burned a bleeding, and in a semi-unconscious state, last Thursday, has been solved. She confessed that she jumped off the cliff to commit suicide.

Mrs. Frederieke Reitcamp, seventy-three years of age, residing about a mile from Egg Harbor City, was struck and instantly killed on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad near her home Sunday. Coroner Brooks held an inquest Tuesday and rendered a verdict of accidental death.

H. J. McCabe, a cigar manufacturer, was tried and convicted yesterday before Judge Warner and a jury charged with stoning the Blue Laws on Saturday, June 19. The Blue Laws will now be rigidly enforced. There is talk of having Louis Johns arrested under the same law for driving to Keyport on Sunday, June 10.

ANTI-CHINESE RIOT IN PATERSON.

A big fire-cracker and a bad small boy last evening created a riot on Grand street. The lad threw the fire-cracker into Sam Lung's laundry, on 320 Grand street, where it exploded, damaging the linen in the process of restoration and causing the Chinaman a scare. Lung saw the lad run across the street. He gave chase, caught him and took him in the laundry and locked the door, keeping him a prisoner. The companions of the captive hoodlum organized a plan to rescue their friend. This plan was to bombard the place with stones, and the plan was carried out so effectively that the windows and doors were smashed and after the melee several bushels of stones had to be carried out of the shop. The destructive work of hoodlums was watched by a crowd of spectators which constantly grew larger. The miscreants were urged on in their work and the discomfiture of the Celestials employed by the lawless element in the crowd.

Lung was struck on the forehead by a paving stone and he rushed out of the place with his face covered with blood and making his way with difficulty through the "civilized" throng ran through Grand street down to the police station, where he reported to Captain Gunnison. He was gallant. A squad of police were soon on the way to the scene of the disturbance with the Chinaman. The police drove the crowd back and made an effort to get the ringleaders, but were unsuccessful. The fact that caused the trouble had made his escape from the laundry and the police found three Chinamen under the counter a table in a rear room nearly frightened to death. Lung was quite badly injured. The whole front of the establishment was smashed in and a policeman was detailed to remain on guard during the subsidence to the same result, as the improved system, in which the plowing is obviated.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT.

Justice of the Peace Amos Wells, of Marshall street, Belvidere, was honored in the Camden County Jail yesterday afternoon for life for a debt of $2,500. He was committed to the jail though the legal document on the strength of which Justice Wells was placed in prison, states the fact that he made use of fraudulent means in incurring the debt for which judgment has been obtained against him in the District Court.

Justice Wells, it is said, purchased a horse recently of President Rose, of the Maine Ice Company, giving promissory notes in payment for the horse. The names on the notes were, it is charged, represented as being financially sound and the paper itself as good as gold. Subsequently Mr. Rose caused suit to be brought on the paper. When the worthless character of the notes was discovered the course pursued yesterday afternoon was adopted and Justice Wells was placed in jail.

The proceeding amounts to imprisonment for debt, and is regarded by many able lawyers as a barbarous relic of a more barbarous law. Mr. Wells has no property to surrender all his property in fact, for life.

If Mr. Wells is a poor man—and he claims to be—his chances of obtaining a speedy release are reduced to next to nothing. The fees and costs allowed by lawyers and court officers for these cases are very large and effectually prevent the clergy, unwelcome and unremunerative as they are, from employing this means.

Justice Wells protested this morning that he had no conscious of any intention of wronging Mr. Rose out of a penny.

Meanwhile Justice Wells is in jail and is likely to remain there for an indefinite period.—Camden Telegram.

Board of Registration.

The Union County Board of Registration met yesterday morning in the Court House at Elizabeth and effected their organization.

It was stated yesterday that the Hon. John T. Dunn, of Elizabeth, had been nominated to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator R. L. Livingston, of Plainfield. Mr. Dunn, however, will not serve on the board, as Mr. Elmer D. Moffett of Plainfield, has been appointed by Governor Abbett and yesterday morning took the seat with Judge James T. Wiley. Ex-Governor Woodruff, Mayor William Chamberlain, the other members of the Board.

The only action taken by the Board was the election of officers. Judge Wiley was chosen chairman and E. C. Woodruff secretary. Mr. A. R. Cook, of Rahway, was elected to serve as clerk of the Board.

The meeting was then adjourned to meet in the Court House on August 20th, at 10 a. m., when they receive the applications for the election of officers in the various wards and townships.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TEN THOUSAND STRIKERS.

Relations at the Mills Between the Soldiers and Men are Strained.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 15, (Special.)—A move thorough investiture and dogged determination on the part of the locked-out men were the two most striking features of the situation about the Carnegie mills this morning. By last night the quiet strike at the Pittsburg mills of the company had carried the number of iron workers out up to 10,000.

Three hundred men were discovered assembled in the rear of the buildings on Eighth avenue, just below Strikers Headquarters by the patrol after dark last night. There were other gatherings in out-of-the-way places about the works. The guardsat important points were doubled at once, and orders issued which placed the soldiers in readiness for any emergency that might arise. A picket line was thrown out between the town and the Carnegie mill. Major Crawford was in charge of these guards. He placed twenty picked men across Eighth avenue, at the corner of the Poor Farm property, and every person who attempted to pass down the street was halted at the points of a half a dozen bayonets.

Relations between the militia and the mill men are becoming strained. At first the troops were regarded as an army of fellow workmen temporarily wearing the State uniform and required to preserve order, yet in sympathy with the locked-out employes of the Carnegie mills.

The soldiers are now under orders not to talk with mill men, and those who would not show twenty pounds of carbridges were reprimanded and disciplined.

A CRUISE ASHORE.

The Vesuvius Ran Aground in the East River this Morning.

NEW YORK, July 15th. (Special.)—The United States dynamite cruiser Vesuvius ran aground on the sunken meadows in the East river, at 5.15 o'clock this morning, and she now lies way upon the sandy beach and is almost entirely out of the water.

The Vesuvius was on her way to Gardiner's Bay, where she was to take part in the manœuvres. There was a heavy fog on the river when she started out this morning.

The Vesuvius is a dynamite cruiser with a displacement of 800 tons and a length over all of 21.6 metres. Her extreme breadth is 26 feet 5 inches and her mean draught 9 feet 3 inches. She is 165 feet 6 inches forward and is armed with three 15-inch dynamite guns. The total cost of the hull and machinery was $350,000. The vessel was built at Cramps'.

Train Held Up.

GUTHRIE, O. T., July 15. (Special.)—The Missouri, Kansas and Texas passenger train No. 6 was held up by John Dalton and Sam Adair, I. T., late last night. The robbers secured $70,000 from the safe of the express agent escaped. In the fight Capt. J. J. Kinney, chief of detectives of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas lines; A. S. Flora, ex-member of the Indian police, and two doctors, passengers on the train, and residents of Adair, were wounded. None of them, however, are likely to die.

English Election.

LONDON, July 15, (Special.)—Sir Charles Dilke has been elected.

He stood for the Forest of Dean division.

He received 5,360 votes against 2,949 for Mr. Wemyss, the Tory candidate.

The returns up to 9 p. m. show 304 Gladstonians and 294 Conservatives elected.

Orme's Eclipse.

LONDON, July 15. (Special.)—The race for the Eclipse Stakes, 10,000 sovereigns, place value in gold, was run at Sandown Park Summer meeting to-day. It was won by the Duke of Westchester's bay colt Orme. Mr. R. Dawkin's bay colt Ormelo came in second and Mr. C. D. Rose's bay colt St. Damien third.

Waverly Fair.

The thirty-fourth annual exhibition of the State Agricultural Society at Waverly, will open on September 31st, and continue until the 23d inst.

Entries for all the cash premiums this year will be $30,000. Premiums will be awarded by competent judges, as has always been customary at this fair.

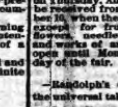
Entry books will be open at the office of the society in the rooms of the Board of Trade, No. 704 Broad street, Newark, on Thursday, August 25, and entries will be received from that date to September 20, when the various books will close, except for fruits and farm product, that be received on processes, cereals and works of art. These will remain open until Monday evening, the first day of the fair.

—Randolph's excellent soda water is the universal talk of the people.

—Schepflin and Co. have suitable garments for this warm weather.

THE punishment of short-sightedness is loss.

You'll need to look beyond the penny or two more that it costs when you



Have some E-O for breakfast.

RUSSET SHOES.

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!

As later on the sizes will be few and far between.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,

are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.

Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted by a young protestant girl to do upstairs work or light house work. Not long in this country, but very intelligent. Please call for two days at 19 West Sixth street. 15-2

WANTED—Situation as nurse, with family going to England. Good reference. Box 783. 13 3

HELP WANTED.

A COLORED girl for general housework. Apply at 107 Broadway.

GIRL for general housework. Must have reference. Call 125 Park avenue. 14 3

WANTED—A thoroughly competent girl for general housework, about September 1st. Box 783. 13 6

BOARDERS WANTED.

ROOMS with board at 80 East Front street. 15-3

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a red Irish setter. $5 reward for its return at once to T. B. Fenton, Jr., 113 Rockview avenue. 13 6*

MONEY TO LOAN.

$2,500 TO LOAN on gilt-edged security. Also smaller sums. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS.

FOR SALE.

A GROCERY WAGON in good condition for sale cheap. Also a good set of single harness. Address 59 West Third street. 15 3

49,000 CELERY plants, extra fine, for sale. Also a few strawberry plants left at Denton's, 127 Hillside avenue. 15 5

A NON-RESIDENT offers to highest bidder, lots, corner Somerset street and Grandview avenue; along line of electric street railway. 80 Dorchester avenue, Dorchester, Mass. 12 6*

$40 CASH will buy a ball bearing safety bicycle worth double the amount. Almost new and in perfect condition. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS.

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot and macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at 15 Park place. 5 20tf

WANTED—An established milk route. Address, stating particulars, terms, etc., "H.," care of EVENING NEWS. 14 3*

WANTED—A boy's second hand bicycle, in good order. S. Yerkes, 56 Central avenue. 15 3

WANTED to purchase—Table linen and lace curtains of anyone giving up housekeeping. Address "E. G.," care of EVENING NEWS. 13 4

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue,
Office—37 North avenue, with Woodson & Buckle.

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for ladies, gentlemen and children. The ladies' and gentlemen's hose you buy for 25c. per pair, and the children's for 13c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye. Wash Dress Fabrics.

A little late in the season to buy wash dress goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more in favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Satteen at 13 and 18c., Bedford Cord at 10c., Figured India Linen at 13c., Irish Lawn at 12c., and Challies 5c. Matting.

We start a clearing up sale of Matting, and will close our entire stock at actual cost.

VanEmburgh & White

HUNTING'S
Circus and Menagerie
will exhibit at
PLAINFIELD
for one day only,
Monday, July 18th.
Coming in its entirety, with
Water-Proof Tents.
2 COMPLETE PERFORMANCES 2
Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m.
Free Grand Street Parade at 10 a. m.

PAPIAC,
(Boynton Beach,)
Gala Day
Every Saturday.

The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.

A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given.

Every Saturday Afternoon.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES.—At Harrod Academy, 187 Park avenue, class in French now forming. Also private classes in French and German. Class lessons $6., private lessons $1.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Homestead Riot.

Homestead seems a sorry enough name now for the plant of steel works which was the scene of the fight. It was the worst labor riot in this country since 1877, the trouble at that time also occurring in Pennsylvania. Iron working seems to draw to it a hard tempered as well as turbulent element. In the awful scenes at Homestead twenty-one persons were killed and a hundred wounded, more than were killed and wounded in some of the fights of the war.

Mr. G. W. Childs' paper, the Philadelphia Public Ledger, lays the blame for the first law breaking act on the strikers. The owners of the Homestead works turned them over to the county authorities for protection. The sheriff with a few deputies came to take possession of the plant in the name of the law. The strikers drove him and his men out. That illegal act precipitated the conflict. It is believed to have been the Pinkerton men who fired the first shot, but if the sheriff had insisted on his authority, even if to enforce it he would have had to call on half the men in Pittsburg to be sworn in as deputies, the final judgment of public sentiment would have upheld him in his determination to preserve order. The whole lamentable occurrence shows the growing necessity for arbitration in labor troubles.

As to the Pinkerton detectives, The Ledger calls them, however useful they may be at times, "an actual military force—armed with a destructive weapon of warfare—that is nowhere recognized by the federal or state constitution." As to what an infuriated mob will do, we quote from the report. It was after the Pinkertons had surrendered:

As the men passed by, each in charge of two deputies, the mill men and their friends kicked them and threw some of them down.

The unfortunate detectives begged for mercy. Some of them had pistol shot wounds in their heads, and three were seen that had their eyes shot out. Several were shot in the shoulders, arms and legs and could scarcely limp along. Blood was running in streams down their shirts and they fairly yelled with pain. Fully thirty injured men were taken to the town hall.

One of the men had his eye punched out by an umbrella in the hands of a woman. Sand was thrown in the eyes of many. They were hit with clubs and other missiles. Many were knocked down with clubs, trampled upon, and were seen to limp to walk when they started for the town hall. The mill men used the stocks of their rifles and struck the detectives over the head and shoulders, inflicting serious and in some cases perhaps fatal injuries.

A Fair Chance.

The negro convention which met at Cincinnati appealed to colored people everywhere to practice sobriety, economy and industry with a view to being useful members of society. This is the best advice that can be given to anybody, black or white, and it is to be hoped that those to whom it is addressed will take it and profit by it.

But the resolutions of the convention go further and demand "a fair and equal opportunity for the negro in the race for life." This, with the best intentions, nobody can win for the negro but the negro himself. The colored convention asked for protection for the black man under the laws. This can indeed be given, but when it is demanded that law and society shall take the black man by the collar, set him on his feet and hold him there alongside the white man without scrabbling, and desperate scrabbling, on the part of the negro himself, an impossibility is asked. Nobody can have and hold equality or eminence till he has won it for himself. A fair chance means that he who would have it must win his right to it by his own power and effort. So the founders of this republic won their right to a glorious place among nations; so every individual that has achieved anything worthy fought for and conquered his right to it.

There is no other way, and this way is as old as society itself. It is open to all, and a woman as much as a man. The peaceful war of aspiring effort is all that can win for anybody a footing in the race for life.

Pathetic enough is the spectacle of Cyrus W. Field, in the delirium of his dying hours, laying anew the Atlantic ocean cable and struggling so hard that it was necessary to hold him in his bed when for a time he imagined the work was going wrong. "Stop the boat! Stop the boat! the work is all wrong!" he cried. To him the dying man, seventy-three years old, was a child with anxious friends watching for the last faint breath which might come at any moment, did not exist. All had vanished, and Cyrus Field, the strong brave man in his prime, the enthusiast, so magnetic in his confidence in the future of the Atlantic cable that men like Peter Cooper and Marshall O. Roberts placed their millions at his command, was again back at Trafalgar square, Eastern watching the completion of the work that had been his dream for thirteen years. The ocean telegraph and the elevated street railway are the legacies Cyrus Field leaves to his country and to the world.

The Mexican exhibit at the World's fair will include a complete reproduction, so far as it can be made, of Aztec civilization as it existed in this country prior to the Spanish conquest. It will be full of interest to students of the development of civilization on both sides of the water.

PITTSBURG MEN STRIKE

They Stop Work in Sympathy with the Homesteaders.

FRICK RECEIVES A BAD SETBACK.

The Superintendents and Foremen of the Homestead Works Declare They Will Not Work Under Guards—The Keystone Bridge Company's Men to Be Called Out.

PITTSBURG, July 15.—The members of the Amalgamated association employed in Carnegie's Union Iron mills, at Twenty-ninth street and at Thirty-third street, carried out their threat to stop work unless a conference was opened by Chairman H. C. Frick with the Homestead workmen. At their heats were run the men began leaving the works in squads, and in three hours the mills were practically deserted. The move was in sympathy for the locked out men at Homestead and independent of the Amalgamated association, the strikers voluntarily forfeiting any claim upon the association's treasury in the nature of strike benefits or financial assistance. The men do not fear that their places in these mills will be filled with "black sheep" and have no idea when they will be ready to return to work.

This is the busiest period of the year in these mills and builders will be especially affected by this strike. Superintendent Dilon shook hands with many of the men as they left, expressing regret at the course they had adopted. He could give no information as to the course the company would pursue. The laborers will be kept at work a few days longer. It is said that lumber wherewith to build a high fence about the property has been ordered and will be put up at once. Superintendent Tate, of the Keystone Bridge works, says that the bridge works would not be affected by the strike at the other mills.

A BLOW TO THE COMPANY.

The Foremen, Superintendents and Boss Mechanics Side with the Men.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 15.—A meeting of foremen, superintendents of the departments and boss mechanics of the Carnegie mill was held and action was taken which will have an important bearing on the situation. These men are not on strike, and they have not heretofore taken any action favorable to the workers. At this meeting, however, they resolved that they would not operate the works under an armed guard. This decision practically means that the mills will not be run with nonunion labor, and the Carnegie company must settle with its Homestead men before resuming operations. Several members of the advisory committee read the report of the action by the heads of departments.

One prominent leader said that it would be utterly impossible for work to be resumed without the co-operation of the foremen, as no men can be found to take their places even if nonunion steel workers are obtained. He also said that there is little probability of any number of the latter being induced to come to Homestead. He said that not a boarding house or hotel in town will feed one of these men and skilled mechanics cannot be induced to live in tents or shanties inside of the mill. His conclusion is that the only alternative left to the Carnegie people is a settlement with their old men.

Compared with its condition for a week past, Homestead is in a state of stagnation and good order has been maintained. Major General Snowden took practical control of the town by issuing an order directing the provost marshal to arrest any town policeman or other persons supposed to be in authority for interference with strangers. While martial law was not decided, the town is practically under its provisions. The streets are picketed by squads of armed militiamen, and the state troops have established the town authorities in maintaining order and dispensing justice, except in cases of actual transgression against the borough laws and the criminal code of the state.

Will Give Up the Rifles.

Two reports circulated caused the only uneasiness felt. One of these proved to be true—that they were erroneous. The rumor that 400 nonunion men were to be brought to town caused quite a gathering around the railroad station and along the tracks, but the expected "black sheep" did not arrive, and did not appear. The other report—and the true one—was that Hugh O'Donnell had received Attorney General Hensel at Harrisburg asking what disposition should be made of such Winchesters captured from the Pinkertons as might be recovered. This action on Mr. O'Donnell's part was very pleasing to General Snowden, who anticipated some trouble in this connection.

Many of the workmen who participated in the battle with the Pinkerton men have already expressed a willingness to turn over captured weapons to the proper authorities. This is evidence sufficient to show that there is little disposition toward an other conflict at arms on the part of the mill workmen. They do not fear another invasion of Pinkerton men, and it is almost wholly against the Pinkertons that their sanguinary instincts are directed.

The congressional investigation is believed here to have settled forever the power of the great detective agency as an armed band, and the workmen feel assured that no further attempt to use the agency employees will be made by the Carnegie company until after the matter has been disposed of in the house of representatives, and only then, of course, if the act adopted is against the use of armed bands in the suppression of labor troubles.

The funeral services of the workmen afforded a chance to show their real feelings concerning conflicts at arms to settle their troubles, and the fact that so many are willing to give up the weapons in their possession is looked on as evidence of their desire for peace.

When the Pinkerton rifles are turned over to the proper authorities it is probable that some action will be taken toward securing the explosives the workmen are alleged to have in their possession. It is believed that the Pinkerton men who are here are engaged in a search for these supposed stores.

Want All Carnegie Men to Strike.

Interest in the Homestead trouble has been largely transferred to the congressional investigation at Pittsburg and the Carnegie mills there. The Homestead people believe that the house committee will make a report against the use of the Pinkerton men at Homestead, and they are watching with breathless interest every movement on the part of the mill workers in the city in joining the strike.

The leaders of the strikers were very indignant at the publication of an alleged interview with one of their number in a Pittsburg afternoon paper, which stated that the Homestead men did not want the employees of Carnegie's Thirty-third and Twenty-ninth street mills at Pittsburg to go out. Their position is just the reverse of this. They want every employee of the mill in the city to be induced to quit work and by remaining out until the trouble at Homestead is settled in a way satisfactory to the Amalgamated association.

As a matter of fact the grand lodge of the association advised all lodges in Carnegie mills to go out, and in reply to the charge that such a course would be a breach of contract, the other mills having signed, it was said that they take the position that the different Carnegie mills are only branches or departments of one plant, and a refusal to recognize the lodge of the association in any one mill is an attack upon the association as a whole. Such an attack, they claim, is sufficient to warrant the men in going out, though their own lodge has no grievance. They claim that the branch of contract is on the part of the Carnegie people in refusing to recognize and treat with the Amalgamated association, and that the men are acting on the defensive and for their own self preservation.

More Men to Come Out.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 15.—It is the Amalgamated association intention to call out all the men employed by the Keystone Bridge company, one of the Carnegie interests, next Monday.

This is one of the largest manufactories of the kind in the country. The calling out of the men means that not only the thousands at work in the shops, but those who are putting up the company's bridges all over the country, for which contracts have been made, must stop work.

If this plan is carried out it means the daily loss of very many thousands of dollars to Andrew Carnegie. The bridge company was formed some time ago of several large concerns and is practically a trust. It has many large contracts, with heavy cash forfeits for nonfulfillment.

No Strike Yet at Beaver Falls.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., July 15.—Carnegie's employees at this place did not go out on a strike as was expected. They will hold a mass meeting this afternoon, however, and take final action.

FASHIONS

MODES IN MILLINERY.

Handsome Imported Bonnet and Hat. Illustrated and Described.

Rice straw is very popular and black and white is a combination as much in favor in millinery as in gowns. Braid like the hat or bonnet is also employed in the trimming; for instance, a bonnet in Tuscan nutmeg straw is trimmed with an Alsatian bow of heliotrope velvet, edged with braid of the straw.

The new double brims consist in lining the brim of the hat with a straw of different kind or color. Thus the brim of a black hat is lined throughout with a white chip or straw, and colored hats in red, green or fancy braids may have a black chip for the double brim facing.

STYLISH BONNET AND HATS.

The imported bonnet here illustrated consists of bands of steel sequins, with puffs of white tulle; the trimming is a white and gray and the fashionable Mephisto ornament in steel. Fig. 2 shows a hat in coarse heliotrope straw, with bows of satin ribbon in the same color and pheasant plumes in front. The Sarah Bernhardt hat at Fig. 3 is of black nutmeg straw, with a wreath of shaded poppies—pink and heliotrope—paste buckle, black plumes and osprey. The style of hat sketched in Fig. 4 is very dainty for garden party wear. This hat is in Leghorn straw, with bows of pink kilted lisse and folds and bows of cream gauze; at the back is an osprey and pink tips. Attention is also called to the novel coiffures here represented, especially in the first two sketches. No. 1 shows the Byzantine coiffure and No. 2 is a Parisian revival of an old, bygone style.

Ready for the L. A. W.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Preparations for the entertainment of the large number of wheelmen who will invade this city next week, during the fifteenth annual meet of the L. A. W., are completed.

Starving and Homeless.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 15.—Advices from the Tombigbee bottoms in Sumter county show that 2,000 people are homeless and starving from the floods in that county.

A Powder Mill Explodes.

TAMAQUA, Pa., July 15.—The casing mill in the Wehrle-Gruber powder works exploded, destroying the buildings and badly burning Joseph Stahle and John Keyner.

A Permanent Receiver Appointed.

MACON, Ga., July 15.—H. M. Comer, of Savannah, has been appointed permanent receiver for the Central Railroad and Banking Company of Georgia.

Blackpox Raging.

ST. CATHARINES, ONT., July 15.—The blackpox has broken out among the Indians at Kenoodoo, eighteen miles from here. Several deaths are reported.

National Banks Must Report.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—A call has been issued by Acting Comptroller Nixon for a report of the condition of all national banks on July 12.

Lesley Made Port Warden.

ALBANY, July 15.—Governor Flower has appointed Daniel M. Lesley, of Little Falls, port warden of the port of New York.

A Wife Murderer Hanged.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 15.—Charles Blackman colored was hanged at Greensboro for wife murder.

RIOTING IN IDAHO ENDED

Governor Willey's Stern Order a Factor in Peacemaking.

DYNAMITERS TO BE SHOT ON SIGHT.

The Soldiers in Command, the Striking Miners Dispersed and the Nonunion Men All Run Out of the District—The Mine Owners Not Held as Hostages.

WARDNER, Ida., July 15.—Despite the threats of the strikers and the fears of the people, peace has been restored, temporarily at least. Troops are now in complete possession in the Coeur d'Alene mining district. As late as this morning the union men announced boldly that they would not surrender to colored troops, and that the first black man, soldier or civilian, who showed his face there would be fired upon.

Telegrams were sent out to the effect that a call had been made in order to send the "black brigade" to the scene of trouble, that but for their presence the trouble might have been settled amicably, whereas now dreadful slaughter would ensue. The threats of the miners are unabridged. The strikers have removed the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mill to its owners without damage, and the district is as quiet as a section under martial law can be expected to be.

The soldiery are respectfully referred to and not even threats of what will be done by nonunion men are brought in to work are heard upon the streets. Perhaps Governor Willey's order to General Carlin had something to do with the restoration of peace. It read thus:

"If any person is apprehended in the act of blowing up railroad bridges or mills or houses or other property with dynamite or placing it in a position to do so, shoot him on the spot. Promulgate this order to the troops."

Run Out of Town.

This little town of 1,000 people has seen a remarkable transformation in the last twenty-four hours. Early Wednesday the hills about the town were swarming with an armed force of determined strikers from Mullen, Gem, Burke and Wallace. All carried Winchester rifles and early in the afternoon marched through the streets escorting nonunion men to the train. They pulled them aboard and then a soldier, preparatory to the arrival of the troops.

Last night a man named Rutledge, who has been expressing himself in a sympathy with the nonunion men, came to the Fuller House. This morning about fifteen men went to his room, told him to fall in and marched him out of town. When on the railroad bridge some one said, "Let's put his life to an end right here." The miners consulted in private and made him take an oath that he would leave Coeur d'Alene forever. He walked into Osborne, boarded a train back and is now here.

Two companies of regular soldiers under Captain Ingalls are here and one of Idaho militia. Other troops are being brought in as rapidly as possible, and it is thought that some of the rioters will be arrested tomorrow.

The Men Claim a Victory.

The union men claim a victory and say all the trouble is over. Conservative men think the civil authorities can now take charge. Secretary Poynton, of the Central Executive Miners' union, says there is absolutely no cause for alarm since the inflammatory circumstances should precipitate it. The union leaders loudly condemn the shooting of the refugees at Old Mission.

Five companies of United States troops, under command of Captain Ingalls, have left Vancouver for Coeur d'Alene.

A score of refugees from the Mission slaughter struggled into Spokane. They present a pitiable appearance, with torn clothes and bruised bodies. They confirm the story of the slaughter. A report is in circulation that 3,000 armed union men are on their way here from Montana, and if the strikers are arrested bloodshed is predicted.

All Quiet at Wallace.

WALLACE, Ida., July 15.—The situation remains quiet. The troops are in complete possession. All the miners have gone home to the various mines. Miners' Poor Man and Morning and Hunter mines has also been resumed.

A ripple of excitement was created among the miners when it was learned that the Gem mine at Burke had not left. A delegation of miners immediately started in the darkness for the mine, four miles from Wallace, and brought the nonunion men down. They were ordered out of Coeur d'Alene.

The miners claim that Delashmutt and McAvoy agreed to discharge the men and had not done so. These were the last nonunion men in Coeur d'Alene. It is said they will leave today.

Coroner Sims Legally Called For.

Coroner Sims has summoned a jury to investigate the killing of five men in the Frisco mine explosion. The bridges between here and Mullen have been repaired and trains are running on time.

An appeal has been made to Senators Palmer (Illinois) and Sanders (Montana) and Congressmen Gibson (Montana), Sweet (Idaho) and Watson (Georgia) for congressional investigation of the Coeur d'Alene troubles.

The appeal is signed by Peter Breen, of Butte miners' union; S. F. Boutell, attorney of the miners' union, and a large number of citizens.

O'Brien, president of the miners' union, sent word to Delashmutt that his property would not be disturbed, but that any attempt to bring nonunion men to work the mines would be resisted, and that no more blood was shed.

Miss Gowrie Not Held.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 15.—A private dispatch from Wardner says that Delashmutt, one of the mine owners who was reported as being held prisoners by the miners, is now in the city. The report, it is probably grew out of the fact that the strikers were hunting Delashmutt in order to serve him request that the coming of troops be delayed.

Schedule Omitted.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Telegrams received by Major General Schofield show that the labor troubles in the Coeur d'Alenes mining district of Idaho are at an end for the present. The rioters have dispersed and the state authorities, aided by federal troops, are in full possession of the field.

The Report Exaggerated.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 15.—The best information obtainable here is to the effect that reports of a massacre at Old Mission are greatly exaggerated, only one man being killed, and he accidentally.

None Such Mince Meat

CONDENSED

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

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Bathing tights, 10, 12½, 14 and 15c.

Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

Gauze vests, 25c.

Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.

Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c 40c. and 50c.

Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 30c.

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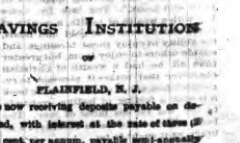

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Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.26, 8.45, a. m., 11.05, 2.05, 5.50 p. m.

Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 12.30, 5.30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.50 p. m.

Close—7.30 a. m., 5.30 p. m.

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Mail closes at 5.30 p. m.

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LIQUOR AT THE BIG FAIR

The Senate Thinks Again and Kills the Prohibition Clause.

THE SUNDRY CIVIL BILL PASSED.

Besides the World's Fair $5,000,000, the Senate Tacks on Over $6,000,000 and Sends It to the House—Sherman Wants the Sherman Silver Law Repealed.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—After six days' hard work the senate completed the consideration of the sundry civil bill and sent it over to the house with three or four hundred amendments, increasing the aggregate appropriations more than $6,000,000, irrespective of the $5,000,000 World's fair souvenir half dollar scheme. The clause prohibiting the sale of intoxicating drinks on the fair grounds was reconsidered and defeated, but the Sunday closing proviso was left in the bill.

The Repeal of Prohibition.

The motion to reconsider the prohibition clause in the World's fair section of the bill was made by Mr. Cullom, of Illinois, and seconded by Mr. Palmer, of Illinois.

Mr. Cockrell remarked with a smile of intense enjoyment, "I thought the senators from Illinois, both of them, voted yes on this question Wednesday."

"No, Cullom—So we did.

"Mr. Palmer, taking his stand in the place usually occupied by Mr. Voorhees in the center of the Democratic side, said: "On Wednesday I voted for this amendment. At that time I was ignorant of the actual state of affairs in Chicago in respect to the fair. *Since that time I have been furnished* with an official statement on behalf of the Illinois corporation, which is as follows:

"The Illinois corporation has made rules that no barroom privileges shall be granted within the grounds, and have leased all the adjacent land so as to prevent saloons being opened near the fair. Its lessee the privileges for a large number of cafes and restaurants with a right to serve liquors with meals as in hotels. The contracts for these concessions involves penalties for noncompliance, which amount in the aggregate to $600,000, which the corporation will be liable for as liquidated damages in case liquors cannot be served in accordance with the contract as in hotels.

"In that view of the case, finding the matter has been disposed of by the Illinois corporation, I feel it my duty to bring it to the attention of the senate in explanation of the course I feel compelled to adopt now."

Mr. Frye—That statement, in my judgment, only affords an additional reason why the congress of the United States should take action and forbid the sale of liquors on the grounds.

A motion by Mr. Sanders, of Montana, to substitute the word "spirituous" for intoxicating liquors was negatived, and the roll was called on the motion to adopt the provisions requiring the Columbian commission to adopt rules for the prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquors on the grounds as a condition precedent to the acceptance of the appropriation. The roll call resulted in the senate reversing its action of Wednesday and defeating the prohibition amendment. The vote in detail was as follows:

The Vote.

YEAS—Allen, Allison, Carey, Chandler, Colquitt, Frye, Gallinger, Hale, Hansbrough, Hawley, Hoskey, Kyle, Mitchell, Paddock, Peffer, Perkins, Platt, Sanders, Shoup, Stockbridge and Wolcott—21.

NAYS—Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Blodgett, Cockrell, Cullom, Dubois, Du Bois, Faulkner, Gibson of Maryland, Gorman, Gray, Harris, Hunton, Jones of Arkansas, Jones of Nevada, Palmer, Power, Quay, Ransom, Sawyer, Squire, Stewart, Vest, Vilas, Walthall, Washburn and Wilson—28.

Other measures introduced were some of them important, some of them very curious and none of them indicative of any present intention on the part of their promoters of speedy adjournment. They included a bill by Mr. Sherman repealing the silver bullion purchasing provision of the so called "Sherman act" of 1890; a Canadian retaliation resolution by Mr. Higgins, of Delaware, levying increased port charges and tonnage on Canadian vessels, suspending the long and short haul clause of the interstate commerce bill where it enabled Canadian roads to compete with American railroads, rescinding the privilege of transporting goods in bond across United States territory and levying duties on coffee and sugar imported into the United States through Canada.

Mr. Morgan introduced a resolution instructing the committee on finance to report a bill making all paper money of the United States legal tender irrespective of contracts agreements, etc. Stewart proposed to cut down the salaries of government employees 25 per cent as a punishment for their alleged sympathy with the coalfree coinage of silver. Sherman, and Mr. Peffer introduced a bill to stop the coinage of gold.

A Democratic resolution was reported by the committee on contingent expenses and lies over for action. It is very broad in its provisions as respects the employment of Pinkerton men and authorizes the committee to sit either in Washington or elsewhere.

In the House.

The house devoted its time to conference reports on appropriation bills, the legislative, naval, diplomatic and consular bills being agreed to. The principal item of discussion was the retention of the appropriation of $1,000,000 for a battleship and $50,000 for a naval display at Hampton Roads next fall, both being finally retained. Mr. Fellows, of New York, made a vigorous speech in favor of the new ship, which received merited attention and applause. The house then adjourned.

The Monetary Conference.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Russia has notified the United States of her acceptance of the invitation to participate in the international monetary conference. With Russia's acceptance all the countries of Europe which were invited have sent formal acceptances. The matter will now be laid before congress.

Mrs. Harrison Still Improves.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., July 13.—Mrs. Benjamin Harrison continues to improve in health. The president will return to the mountains as soon as congress adjourns.

Says Dana Will Seized Himself.

BUFFALO, July 13.—"Dana will never go to prison to serve out a sentence," said one of the bankers friends. "*He will poison himself first.*"

Jumped Into Niagara Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., July 13.—A young man named Noble Kenney jumped into the American falls at Prospect Point.

A Fireman Jumps Overboard.

QUARANTINE, S. I., July 13.—A fireman on the steamship Aller committed suicide by jumping overboard.

The Four Lone Men.

I.

II.

III.

IV.

—Fliegende Blatter.

Railroad Mismanagement Alleged.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN., July 13.—In the superior court Judge F. B. Hall appointed L. S. Catlin, of this city, receiver of the New England Terminal company, only two stockholders opposing the petition. It was stated that the company had suffered a loss of $234,009 during the last three years.

Warships at New London.

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 13.—The Concord and the flagship Philadelphia, of the North Atlantic squadron, joined the Miantonomoh in New London harbor, making five naval vessels now at this station, the other two being the training ships Jamestown and Constellation.

Wanted Him to Move Off the Earth.

WHITESVILLE, Ind., July 13.—Frank Wren has been arrested for hanging a bunch of switches upon the doorknob of the residence of Rev. Mr. Jacobs, a Universalist minister, and placing up a warning that the minister had better move off the earth.

Wickham and Hubbard Resign.

HARTFORD, July 13.—Captain C. H. Wickham, of the Hartford City guard, has resigned, and the resignation of Lieutenant Hubbard, of the same company, has been forwarded, having been demanded by Colonel Burdett.

The French Leaving Canada.

MONTREAL, July 13.—The exodus of French Canadians from this province to the United States is enormous. The principal cause is the difficulty experienced by the Canadians in finding a market for their products.

Caught in the Act.

NEW HAVEN, July 13.—Ralph A. Ford, twenty-one years of age, was caught in the act of passing a forged check on the Yale National bank.

With Cheers for Dr. Workele.

VIENNA, July 13.—The cuprency bills were passed by the Hungarian diet and, cheers for Dr. Workele, the Hungarian minister of finance.

Didn't Get Very Far.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 13.—S. J. Woodward, who started to sail to New York in a balloon, landed twenty-three miles from here.

Another Relay Bicycle Race.

BUFFALO, July 13.—All arrangements have been made for another bicycle relay race next Sunday from Cleveland to Buffalo.

Inspected by Pattison.

MOUNT GRETNA, Pa., July 13.—Governor Pattison inspected the First brigade, encamped at this point awaiting orders.

Mercury's Cheerful Report.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 13.—Physicians of this city assert that there are known to be forty-five cases of cholera in Moscow.

John D. Robertson Dead.

NEW HAVEN, July 13.—John D. Robertson, ex-secretary of state, died at his home here. He was over eighty years old.

The City of Chicago Looted.

LONDON, July 13.—The wreck of the steamship City of Chicago near Mizzle has been boarded by thieves and looted.

An Old Operator's Suicide.

BRADLEY, Pa., July 13.—Fred W. Moore, a West Virginia oil operator, committed suicide in Bradford by shooting.

HARRITY WILL ACCEPT.

He Will Serve as Democratic National Chairman if Elected.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—It is regarded in political circles as certain that Secretary of the Commonwealth William F. Harrity will be chairman of the Democratic national committee. When questioned upon this subject Mr. Harrity said:

"It would be premature for me to say whether or not I would accept or decline the chairmanship. The selection of a chairman is a matter for the Democratic national committee and that body will not meet until Wednesday next. It is fair to state, however, that I have been urged to permit my name to be considered in connection with the chairmanship. Although I do not desire the position, the matter has been presented to me in such a way that it may be difficult for me to decline if the committee in its wisdom should see fit to elect me."

Whitney Positively Declines.

NEW YORK, July 13.—A United Press reporter called upon ex-Secretary Whitney and asked him if he had seen the alleged interview with Mr. Cleveland, in which he is reported to have said that it had become imperative that Mr. Whitney should take the chairmanship of the national committee.

Mr. Whitney said: "Yes, I have seen it. I think Mr. Cleveland has been misunderstood. I have talked the matter over with him and have expressed to him my views with regard to the way in which the committee ought to be conducted in the interests of the party. I know myself to be entirely unfitted for the place, and shall not take it. My decision is final. In fact I have never entertained it for a moment. It is not from any disposition to shirk. I expect to stand by the chairman in every way possible."

Ignatius Donnelly Nominated.

ST. PAUL, July 13.—The executive committee of the Farmers' Alliance nominated the following state ticket: For governor, Ignatius Donnelly; lieutenant governor, Ellis Halvorsen; secretary of state, H. B. Martin; treasurer, F. M. Ringdal.

Baker Will Withdraw.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 13.—Hon. Charles S. Baker, of this city, states his intention of withdrawing from the Republican congressional fight. This leaves a clear field for the Hon. John Van Voorhis.

Snodgrass Renominated.

CHATTANOOGA, July 13.—H. Clay Snodgrass was renominated for congress. The convention indorsed free silver.

Two Bodies in the River.

TURNER'S FALLS, Mass., July 13.—Two bodies were found in the Connecticut river. On one of them were the gray trousers of a letter carrier. J. C. Parker, a Boston letter carrier, and his brother, C. W. Parker, passed through Brattleboro Friday on a canoe trip down the Connecticut river, and it is supposed that they were drowned.

New Jersey Convicts Pardoned.

TRENTON, July 13.—The court of pardons has pardoned thirteen convicts, among them Morris O'Brien, of Hudson county, who was serving a six years' term for manslaughter; Peter White, of Hudson, two years for assault; Frank Billman, of Camden, five years for bigamy, and John Jennings, ten years for burglary.

A Defaulter Caught.

MONTREAL, July 13.—Carl Goldschmidt, a defaulting cloak manufacturer of Brooklyn, who is said to have left behind him debts amounting to $40,000, has been arrested here on a charge of embezzling $1,000, on the demand of Secretary of State Foster, presented through Consul General Knapp.

The Richest Colored Woman Alive.

AUGUSTA, Ga., July 13.—Mrs. Amanda Dickson was married at Nathan Tourner by Bishop Haleer. All these parties are colored. Mrs. Dickson is the richest colored woman in the world. Her father was Daniel Dickson, the phenomenal white planter, who died in 1885.

Tragic Beginning of a Life.

BAY CITY, Mich., July 13.—Bush Bartlett fatally wounded his wife and five-year-old son and then shot himself. He will recover, but his wife and son will die. Mrs. Bartlett gave birth to a healthy child soon after the shooting.

Lamly to Succeed Remey.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—After a delay of six weeks the president has sent to the senate the name of Lieutenant C. C. Lemly, of the navy, to be judge advocate general in place of Colonel Remey, who was retired.

A Doctor Charged with Murder.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Dr. Charles McDonald, of Binghamton, N. Y., was arrested charged with causing the death of a Mrs. Schoonraker by giving her strychnine. The woman's husband has also been indicted.

Abandoned Was Baby.

NEWARK, July 13.—An unknown woman wheeled a baby in a baby carriage within the inclosure of the Domestic Sewing Machine works in Harrison and then disappeared.

Bunkoed on a Train.

BOSTON, July 13.—H. P. Berryhill, of Connellsville, Pa., while going to Boston from New York on the White mountain express, was swindled out of $300 by three card monte men.

The Nicaragua Canal Begun.

DAVENPORT, Ia., July 13.—The work of constructing the Nicaragua canal has been begun. The spade with which the earth was broken will be sent to the World's fair.

The Mill Authorities Give In.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 13.—The strike of bobbers and doffers, entailing the idleness of 5,000 hands, is at an end, the mill authorities having given in.

Strike Ended—Body Guard Disbanded.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The state department is informed that Consul McCreary, accompanying the remains of Sailor Riggins, sailed from Valparaiso.

Noland Takes It Up Again.

ST. LOUIS, July 13.—Ex-State Treasurer Noland has appealed to the United States supreme court from the sentence of his conviction.

Flower at the State Camp.

HUDSON, N. Y., July 13.—Governor Flower is here to inspect the state institution. From here he goes to the state camp.

A Pleasure Party Drowned.

TORONTO, July 13.—A pleasure party of six went sailing on the lake July 3 and have not since been heard from.

Cleveland's Summer Cottage.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., July 13.—Ex-President Cleveland will occupy his cottage at Saranac Inn about Aug. 1.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CORNELISON, Pres.
H. CORNELISON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,

NO 18 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 60 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete educatio of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders' Cards.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm Doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet

MAKER.
Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished
ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.
John Peterson,
SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.
Residence 14 Linden avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 943.

Pierson & Gayle,

Carpenters and Builders.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street.
All jobbing promptly attended to.

William C. Smith,

PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 213.

R. V. Sauers,

Carpenter & Builder.

Residence—Grissom avenue, near Depot, Evans.
P. O. Box 1224.
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. Hoffman,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—64 West Second street, Plainfield.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

John Abbott,

Practical Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter.
Jobbing carefully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield. P. O. Box 1044.
Interior bath room work a specialty.

John Herrmann,

Practical plumber, gas and wood mosaic floor corner of Grand and Dupont streets, North Plainfield. Plainfield street.

38c.

Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with 2 ply bosom and wristbands; regular 50c. quality.

17c.

Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.
Window Shades 16c. and upward.
Dress Challies 5c. Best Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at
BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Store deliveries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE

Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 West Front Street.

Real Estate & Insurance.

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph D. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
NO. 21 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

IF!

A good article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and is the cheapest in the market.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $10
Spring Beds; American Hair Mattress, 125 lbs.	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portierre curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Locking Glass Lamps, Chairs, Couches, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Clothes, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time—Used in effect on and after June 19, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 5 30, 6 14, 7 30, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, a. m., 12 00, noon, 12 45, 1 00, 2 00, 3 15, 4 01, 5 04, 5 45, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Express trains, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00

THE REFINING AND LASTING INFLUENCE OF A MOTHER'S LOVE.

No matter how times may change, and we by force of circumstances are compelled to change with them, there is one sentiment that stands firm and true through all the ages, a bright point of light amid the shifting blackness of earth's sweet trials—a mother's love. It matters not that baby-hood has long since been left behind; it means no diminution in the protecting tenderness in that mother heart that we have passed the age where physical help is needed to guide our tottering infant feet, dry our childish tears and sympathize with our little sorrows—she is not change to her. Life's greater and fuller troubles that roll like overwhelming billows upon the strug-ling man or woman are still to the dear faithful heart the worries of her baby boy or girl.

The mother never realizes that the years have changed her little one into a strong, helpful adult. She knows he needs her, and she it is of all the world that can comfort as no other comforter and counsel, as no other can. She reads the inside heart; the world judges the actions. She feels where others may condemn. She in a word is "mother," and what more can be said? The day will come when those tired hands are folded, never more to toil for the child of her heart; when those loving eyes are closed, never more to open in glad surprise at the coming of one most dear, and the world will go on, but never quite the same to the one who has laid away in the grave that dear one who understood the trials, who smoothed the aching brow, who looked not upon the little mistakes with the cold, cruel searchlight of worldly wisdom and condemned unknowing and unthinking those actions that she could interpret in a far different manner.

Does not the memory of that love stimulate to better deeds and nobler ambitions? Does not the heart cry out in the lonely watches of the night for just one more look at the face long since passed from our sight, and are there not times when even in the midst of the hurry and heat of the day we sigh for those other times, perhaps before the world smiled favorably upon us, when little economies and grinding toils seemed so hard to bear, but which now appear but the airy trifles of the imagination? For then indeed we were blessed, though we realized it not—we had our mother.

The tender binding love of mother and child is the one that lives. There is no limitation; selfishness and sordid considerations have no place in such an affection, and though lovers prove fickle, husbands change and friends are false, one can always look to mother for an abiding love, whether in her living, breathing figure and affection or in the sacred memory of her devotion in those days before she passed away forever.—Philadelphia Times.

Things a Young Wife Should Know.

A young wife ought to know that she is a possible, even probable, mother, and consequently should so order her life that when her kingdom comes it may prove a joy and blessing to her. It is a sad comment on the civilization of this age that the advent of the first baby too often proves the inauguration of a series of diseases resulting in a nervous, irritable mother of a peevish, ailing child.

A young mother ought to know that monthly nurses are not infallible, and therefore her own common sense must to some extent control and modify the nurse's treatment of baby.

Discipline should begin within twenty-four hours of his birth, regular hours for feeding, sleeping and bathing being absolutely essential to his welfare as well as for her own peace and comfort.

Frequent and unnecessary handling is positively injurious during the early days of his existence, a baby, like a kitten or any other young animal, being all the better off for a little wholesome neglect.

He should sleep by himself.

Linen diapers are less harsh to the sensitive skin of an infant than cotton, unless the latter are very old. Cotton is often advocated in preference to linen upon the ground that it is not so cold when wet, but a wet diaper is a cold diaper of what-ever material it may be, and should not be allowed to remain on the child for a moment.

Prolonged and excessive crying may sometimes cause rupture of the navel in a young infant. In such case a physician should be at once consulted, as navel rupture is readily controlled during infancy. It is less easily managed in later childhood and incurable in old age.

Long trailing skirts on an infant are cruel and absurd. He should be warmly but lightly dressed in clothes reaching not more than a quarter of a yard beyond his feet.—Babyhood.

Simple Preventives.

It is always well to know what to do before the doctor comes. Serious trouble can many times be obviated by good nursing and the application of local remedies, and mothers should not rely on their ignorance and study into these things some what, as diphtheria, scarlet fever or croup work so alarmingly fast and work so deadly sure.

When an epidemic of any of the above mentioned scourges is raging the following disinfectant has been found excellent: Turpentine, 1 ounce. Oil of eucalyptus, 1 ounce; carbolic acid, 2 ounces. A tablespoonful of this mixture should be placed in an open vessel of boiling water on the stove in the living room and constantly renewed as needed.

Another absolutely essential disinfectant is thorough cleanliness. This has been illustrated upon so often that it would seem that every one must be aware of its importance; but alas! there is still room for improvement in the matter. The garbage bucket, drains and cellars are constantly dealing out death by poison.

Membranous croup or diphtheria in its first stages can often be relieved by burning equal parts of tar and turpentine, the patient inhaling the dense black fumes that arise from the mixture. About one tablespoonful of each should be placed on a shovel and then lighted. In a short time the membrane thus loosened will be emitted from the throat. The sooty fumes filling the room will soil everything they come in contact with, but that is a small matter when life is at stake. This does not at all interfere with the doctor's medicines.—L. E. Chittenden in Homemaker.

Furniture in Swaddling Clothes.

Since the day when the crocheted tidy invaded the household the opportunity for making and buying things to cover up furnitures seems to have been steadily on the increase. Various Kensington and other schools have developed the fancy for embroidery, and the faculty for doing it until, according to the best authorities on this subject, no well regulated household is complete without a certain amount of more or less artistic needlework. Tatting, netting, drawn work, spatter work, as well as various plain, fancy and colored patch silks and satins, have at divers and sundry times done duty as a decorative fad.

There have been indications of the decadence of the fad altogether senseless and impractical practice of covering furniture of all sorts with draperies and curtains and tidies, but such a desperate effort to realize the fleeting triumphs that it is almost a matter of doubt whether the anti-millinery millennium is likely to dawn as soon as we have fondly hoped for, if as all. Of course there is something to be said on both sides of the subject. This drapery fashion gives employment to a great many women, and is, in a way, good for business. This is one of the claims put forward to hold the style in favor, but most people have become so weary of it that there is an imperative demand for a change, or at least some modification which shall relieve our apartments of the plethora of dry goods.

A table cover, piano cover, portiere or a full sized drapery for a handsome lounge is a legitimate article and has reason for being, but a bit of silk twisted around a picture, some other bit thrown over the arm of a chair, a fringed out section over the top of a sofa or some diaphanous material floating around an easel has no apparent cause for existence, except it be the desire to do something more or less artistic and generally a good deal less.—New York Ledger.

The Food of Infants.

Specialists for children acknowledge very generally that the most important considerations in regard to the care of children during infancy concern food and its assimilation, proper clothing and hygienic influences. In regard to food, mother's milk, when of good quality (which depends considerable principally on results), is undoubtedly the best desirable. If for any reason it must be withheld, a substitute must be found that closely resembles it. Animal milk is supposed to be the best basis for this substitute, cows' milk preferably, although it is difficult to digest on account of the casein it contains. This cheesy, indigestible element forms large compact curds in the stomach, which produce irritation and pain, and many ills incidental to infancy can be traced to this source.

The proportion of water required to reduce this casseine is one-half for very young infants, and about one-third as the child grows older. This necessary dilution naturally reduces the fat, consequently cream must be added, beginning with two teaspoonfuls, increasing gradually to a tablespoonful by the time the child is a year old. To obtain from the cream after this, no matter how much milk is used.

Milk sugar must be added to supply the peculiar sugar found in mother's milk, beginning with a teaspoonful mixed with a quarter of a teaspoonful and increasing gradually to a teaspoonful, which is the maximum amount to be given. Add a pinch of salt to each portion. This food will be found to agree with a child that is in average health.—Louise E. Hogan in Baby.

Tansy Kills Moths.

There is one sure preventive of moths, and one which I have never seen mentioned. It is tansy. Sprinkle the leaves freely about your woolens and furs, the moths will never get into them. When I was a child my grandmother used to send me to the tansy patch in the hill with a large basket in which to bring home plenty of tansy. Then the chests were five large hair covered trunks, studded with brass nails, filled with her best blankets, coverlets, flannel sheets, etc. Some of them had never been used until my grandmother had grandchildren, notwithstanding she always had a large family to provide beds for. But the supply of her bedding, linen and clothes for household articles were in excess of the demand.

This large amount of bedding, table cloths, towels and linen sheets were spun and woven in her father's house, and the girls were given full liberty to take all they were willing to make up for themselves. That was part of their marriage dower. I can well remember how grandmother took the extra supply out of those trunks in the garret once a year, hung the articles on a clothline down in the orchard, beat them and then put them away again to lie amid the tansy leaves until another year. The fourth generation of her posterity are sleeping under those same blankets and blue and white coverlets now, which proves the efficacy of that remedy of the olden time.—Good Housekeeping.

About Sewing on Buttons.

I'm training my three sons to sew on their own buttons. They are beginning to do it of their own accord. They don't follow me about the house now, with a coat in one hand and a button in the other. They go and get a needle and thread and sew the button on. They've found out it saves time and strength and words.

"It seems cruel to make boys sew on their own buttons."

Cruel? It's kind! Those boys won't always have me to sew on buttons for them. They would be badly off indeed if they had to do it. Animal skills is supposed to be the best basis for this substitute, cows' milk preferably, although it is difficult to digest on account of the casein it contains.

This cheesy, indigestible element forms large compact curds in the stomach, which produce irritation and pain, and many ills incidental to infancy can be traced to this source.

The proportion of water required to reduce this casseine is one-half for very young

A Dainty Toilet Set.

The prettiest thing in its way that we have ever seen was a dainty china toilet set for the use of a small girl, who is the only daughter of rich and indulgent parents. The set was little more than a dream in pink and white, with its snowy bed, rosy draperies and fresh, sweet scented matting and white chairs and tables. As an extra touch the entire toilet set was designed by the mother, who is something of an artist and who revels in anything charming to delight her child.

The shape is rather round and fat, with a fluted rim and handles in dull gold. The surface is pure white flecked over with clouds of blue and gold, from each of which peeps out the sweetest, dearest and most lovable child's face the brush of artist could portray or his imagination picture.

The deep bowl, pitcher, soap cup and tooth brush stand all are decorated in the same manner, and it will be a wonder if the wee maiden does not have to be restricted in her bathing propensities with such delightful appurtenances to tempt her to continual splashing and sponging.—Philadelphia Times.

Women and Sports.

To the disagreeable folk who always sneer at anything a woman does outside the domain of housewifery, and who persist in the assignment of her to it as a "sport" as a mere excuse for seeking masculine society, it may perhaps be somewhat of a revelation to read the "Gentle woman's Book of Sport." The articles upon such subjects as riding, fishing, cricketing, golfing and boating are all written by women who evidently understand the sports upon which they descant, but the points which seem especially worthy of notice, as refuting the insinuation that women only fish and play golf and so on for the sake of securing male companionship, are that Lady Colin Campbell, who writes upon fishing, lays stress on the fact that its great charm lies in the solitude of its occupation, and that Miss Stewart, who descants on golf, says that all the girl enthusiasts are to be found on the links long before the men have breakfasted.—London Letter.

Abyssinian Fashions.

The fashions of the Abyssinian women's headgear are various, and do not differ much from the mode of the men. The hair is worn short and curly or in thin plaits taken from the forehead back over the cranium in corduroy fashion to the nape of the neck, where it narrows and is fixed up in a knot. Young girls will shave their scalps close, leaving a halo of fringe, perhaps terminating in loose streamers behind. This fashion is indeed very pretty, especially when framing handsome faces, which are by no means uncommon in Abyssinia. Drapery thrown about their well shaped figures (worn when their gowns are in rags) makes them absolutely statuesque, and these damsels would be attractive but for their uncleanliness.—Frederic Villiers in Century.

About Coffee.

I wonder that more people do not buy their coffee by the bag and store it in a clean, dry place. They would discover an improvement in the flavor of the coffee and a decrease in the price. The moment coffee is browned it is ready for use, and the browning of coffee is indeed a simple process. A week's supply can be bought and placed in an air tight vessel. Family roasting machines, which hold about a pound, can be bought for $1.75. When coffee is purchased in small quantities from the grocery store, where it has probably lain in a loosely covered box several months after browning, one cannot help getting an inferior quality, and the plan of buying green coffee and roasting it commends itself.—Food.

Women Who Lived Long.

Intellectual acquirements and active use of the brain conduce to long life among women as well as among men. Mrs. Somerville was ninety-two when she died, and the other lady who was elected with her to be the first women fellows of the Royal Astronomical society, Miss Caroline Herschell, lived to be seventy-six. This keeps out the record of Harriet Martineau when she died. Miss Edgeworth lived to eighty-two, Miss Mitford to seventy, Lady Mary Montagu to seventy-two; Mme. de Stael lived to be seventy, and Miss. George Sand was seventy-two when she died. George Eliot, however, was only sixty, and both Jane Austen and Charlotte Bronte died at the early age of forty.—London Tit-Bits.

Baby's Ears.

Few mothers and fewer nurses notice when they lay a baby down whether the soft little ear is crumpled under or lying close back to the head, and they rarely take the trouble when they hold a baby to see that its ears are in the natural position, but will hold it for the longest time with the head pressed against their bosom, and the ear turned forward instead of back. "As the twig is bent the tree is inclined" applies with much force to the physical as to the moral growth of a child.—Washington Post.

Making Rubber Gloves Last.

Most housekeepers keep themselves provided with rubber gloves to protect the hands while engaged in any light housework. A woman who has used them to wash dishes in was chagrined to find that a pair of the best would last only ten days or a fortnight. The dealer told her that it was the grease in the water, which ate through the rubber like an acid. She was careful afterward to use one of the mop dishcloths with wooden handles, and her gloves resumed their former period of service.—Exchange.

Beef Marrow is Delicious.

The use of beef marrow is very little understood, though it is one of the most delicious titbits. It is generally boiled up in the soup and skimmed off in the fat, so that it fails to add any appreciable richness to it. The French and English use it extensively as a garnish to meats, and a very delicious plum pudding is made by the addition of chopped marrow in place of chopped suet. Marrow is also served on toast, when it is familiarly known as a "dish of bones."—New York Journal.

For frosted feet, soak them in water as hot as can be borne and keep the temperature as high as possible by adding more for about half an hour. After having taken them out and dried them off, rub in sweet lard with lemon oil. Repeat for three nights if necessary.

Many women who are moderately intelligent on other topics appear to have small thought, or that very perverted, on the subject of hygiene in their sleeping rooms, and especially those occupied by children

When you have finished washing dishes, always leave your pan or sink perfectly clean. Your sapolio is provided for the purpose of cleaning them thoroughly and in an expeditious manner.

Combing and rubbing the scalp of the head with the hand draws the blood up to the surface of the head and not only relieves the pain at times, but adds new strength to the hair.

Emily Bronte, whose one remarkable novel is greatly admired by many good judges, died single at the early age of twenty-seven.

Babies, when nursed constantly by one person, often suffer from being always carried on the same arm and in the same position.

Queen Victoria likes a good novel, and she thinks those Miss Marie Corelli writes about answer that description.

This Date in History—July 15.

1635—The first Quakers arrived in Boston and were "warmly received."

1685—The Duke of Monmouth, "Protestant champion," beheaded for rebellion against James II; his was followed by the "Bloody Assize," which made the name of Judge Jeffreys infamous.

1776—Stony Point captured by Anthony Wayne.

1815—Napoleon Bonaparte surrendered himself to Captain Maitland of the Bellerophon.

1817—Death of Baroness de Stael.

1835—Birthday of Hon. Thomas C. Platt.

1836—Samuel Taylor Coleridge, English poet, died.

1841—Birthday of William C. Whitney.

1871—Thomas Lincoln ("Tad"), son of the president, died at Clifton House, Chicago, aged 18.

1883—"Tom Thumb" (Charles Raywood Stratton), famous dwarf, died at Middleborough, Mass., aged 45.

1890—The new Croton aqueduct opened.

An Embarrassing Delay.

"I—er—I d-didn't bring the ring to night," he said in an embarrassed tone.

"Why, Henry! Why not?" she asked in a severe tone, and with a reproachful look.

"Well—er—the fact is—er—the other—the other girl wh—er—who had it hasn't—er—hasn't sent it back yet."—Harper's Bazar.

1892			JULY.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.	
					1	2	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
31							

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:12 p.m.	Third Quarter	16	9:48 p.m.
Full Moon	9	8:44 a.m.	New Moon	23	8:01 p.m.
			First Quarter	31	2:45 a.m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION. 1873. Membership 128,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $9,000,000 since organization.

Watchung Lodge, 369, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Champion Lodge rooms, Alert Hall Building.

Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. —, Reporter.

Watchung Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

‡

☞ First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

‡

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

PAUSE!

IN YOUR DOWN TOWN CAREER

And turn your steps toward our store.

WHERE YOU CAN BUY

Fine Table Butter from 18c lb up. Standard Granulated Sugar 4½c. lb. Mason's Fruit Jars, 75c. dozen. Try our Laguyra Coffee, 20c. lb. Its fine.

Our 35c. Formosa Tea will compare favorably with that sold in most stores for 60c lb.

HEADQUARTERS FOR ROOT BEER—ALL KINDS.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**

Cut in Latest Styles.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,

FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,

Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.

Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of

G. B. MUSGRAVE,
37 Somerset street.

Call early and secure the best bargains.

For Three Weeks I will sell

1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles

$50 LESS

THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.

Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.

DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.

Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

FANS from JAPAN

FANS
Just Received

through
A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

ON SALE TO-DAY
Our Spring Line of

Perfect Fitting Percale Shirts.

Several new patterns this Spring never shown before

CALL AND SEE THEM.

O. M. DUNHAM,
Hatter and Furnisher.
46 West Front Street.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

that A. G VOGELSY makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.

..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
....Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks....

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

A NEW SUPPLY OF

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,

IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.

These goods are well-made and neat-fitting.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.

The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's

Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,

at

EDSALL'S!

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,

BY THE SEA. PATCHOGUE, L. I.

Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.

Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.

6 13 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,

Successor to

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE BEE TEA

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.

30 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairing.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?

The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of

Meerschaum

and

Briar Wood Pipes,

Holders and Cigars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

Cigar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Look Box 1. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS BOTH OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

BREVITIES

—If all the locomotives in the United States were coupled together they would make a train of solid iron and steel over 300 miles long.

—The Democratic Association of North Plainfield will raise a campaign banner across Somerset street, at the corner of Harmony, next Thursday night.

—An onion-eater remarks: You may break, you may shatter the frame, if you will, But the scent of the onion will cling to me still.

—The Thirtieth Regiment of New Jersey Volunteers, a nine-months' organization recruited in Flemington, will hold a re-union on September 1st, at Plainfield.

—Under the new rules of the Reading system all conductors and baggage masters are required to file bonds in the sum of $250 and upward for the faithful performance of duty.

—A Somerville contemporary advertised recently: WANTED—A man to take care of a horse of a religious turn of mind.

Has the horse other peculiarities? It must be a freak.

—The agent for the Plainfield Street Railway Company is securing signatures of property holders on Somerset street, North Plainfield. They propose putting down a single track, with necessary turnouts. This is what ought to be done in Plainfield, because the streets are too narrow for double tracks.

—An unknown man of about sixty years and respectable appearance, had a *hemorrhage on a Jersey Central train* just before its arrival in Jersey City at *three p. m. yesterday*. He walked from the train into the depot, and dropping upon the floor died in a few minutes. He was five feet six inches high, wore a dark silk hat and was of fair complexion. He carried two gold watches, a gold chain, a parcel of clothing, and had $15.66. The body is at Speer's morgue, Jersey City.

Will Plainfield Win It?

The Elizabeth Journal trophy, for which the Plainfield boys will race on July 30th, is of silver, gold-lined and in the form of a large vase, with cover, and heavy antique handles. On the top of the cover stands a bicycler, just ready to mount the wheel in front of him, and on a beautiful panel in the front is a wheelman on a pneumatic safety, spinning along at the top of *his* speed. The vase is largely of what is known as "*satin finish*," *but is rich in* scroll work and tasteful decoration. On the base beneath the body of the bowl is the following inscription:

Elizabeth Journal Trophy.
for the
Bicycle Championship
of
Union County, New Jersey.
Team Road Races.

The vase rests on a hard wood base, and stands in all twenty-two inches in height.

The trophy is on exhibition at Elizabeth, and will then be exhibited in other places in this city, and probably in Westfield, Rahway and Plainfield, so that all who are interested in the bicycle races and the bicycle racers may have an opportunity to see the beautiful emblem of the championship of Union county.

The Game To-Day.

The ninth game of the season, in the Central New Jersey League, will be played *to-day*, Plainfield going to Elizabeth and Westfield at Somerville. Plainfield and Somerville being tied for first place and Elizabeth only one notch behind, make the games very interesting. Elizabeth has been strengthened by Lafferty and Hughes, the former from Rahway, and the latter from the Far Rockaway team. Lafferty was captain of the Crescents last year and is a good hitter and a first class fielder.

The batting order of the Crescents will be as follows: Holford, c.; Daley, 2b.; *Murphy, 1.f.*; Turner, 3b.; Hazzard, r.f.; Kiely, c.f.; Bonner, s.s.; Jones, 1b.; Sneeden, p.

Bound for the Shore.

Six o'clock is the hour of leaving Asbury Park next Ocean Grove excursion Wednesday, on the First Baptist church excursion. Mr. Edward Maynard, the sexton of the church, will be in charge of lunch baskets. Make arrangements to spend the day with the Baptists. Tickets now on sale at L. W. Randolph's *city pharmacy*, 21 West Front *street* and A. M. Vanderbeek's, Park avenue.

Wholesale Dog Poisoning.

Three watch dogs belonging to Patrick MacClymont of Somerset street were poisoned last evening. The dogs were chained in the yard. Several other dogs were also poisoned last night. It seems as though a wholesale poisoning was going on in North Plainfield as this makes nearly ten dogs poisoned during the past few days.

Cricket To-day.

The St. George eleven will play with the Elizabeth Cricket Club's team to-day. A very close game is expected, as the Plainfielders have strengthened their team since the last game was played, when the Elizabeth eleven won by the small margin of four runs.

The Street Cars.

Mr. Nevins, of the street car company, now says positively that the cars will be

PERSONAL.

Mrs. W. Hazen is at the Coleman House, Asbury Park.

Mr. F. M. Hulett, of West Front street, has returned from Allentown, Pa.

Miss Edith B. Moulton of this city is spending a few weeks at North Branch.

Mrs. J. E. Tracy, of West Eighth street is spending the Summer at Lake Minnetonka, New York.

Mr. Mulford Estil and Dr. D. E. Davis start on the 26th for a month's trip to Vienna, having secured staterooms on the Steamship Havel of the North German Lloyds' line.

The marriage of Councilman Vincent Frazee to Miss Kate Weaver will take place Tuesday evening, July 19th, at the residence of the bride's parents, 16 Orchard Place.

Mrs. Geo. P. Williams, wife of Druggist Williams of West Front street, spent Thursday in this city. In the evening she returned to Asbury Park, where she resides during the Summer.

Mr. Jas. K. Arnold of Manning avenue, North Plainfield, has nearly completed extensive improvements to his residence. When completed it will be one of the handsomest on that thoroughfare.

Among the subscribers to the Evening World Baby Fund yesterday were Marie and Tommie Penton, the two children of Mr. T. B. Penton, jr., of Rockview avenue. Five dollars was their gift to *the sick infants*.

New Jersey's Ship Canal.

A bill authorizing the Secretary of War to cause a survey to be made for a ship canal from Plainfield across Newark Bay, to New York *Bay was introduced* in the Senate last May. The bill was passed yesterday and it appropriates $25,000 to cover the expenses of the survey.

Among the arguments made by the Committee on Commerce in favor of the proposed canal were these: It would be the first link of an interior water way, safe from naval attack and *reaching* from New York Bay to Florida, and *and thence to the Gulf. It would make* the commerce of the Mississippi interchangeable with that of the Atlantic seaboard. In time of war our ports might be closed against an enemy and at the same time such internal commerce could be carried on in safety and security. The proposed canal would connect the League Island Navy Yard with New York Harbor, and facilitate the concentration of war vessels for the defense of *either New York or Philadelphia*.

The proposed route of 33.75 miles, the *route of the existing Delaware and* Raritan Canal. The summit level will be 50 feet above tide and will be reached probably by two locks at either end of 25 feet lift each. These, with the two tidal locks, will make six in all. The cube of material to be removed to give a prism 90 feet wide at bottom, 150 at surface, and 26 feet depth of water will be about *26,500,000 yards*.

CITY COURT.

Several Cases Before Judge Coddington This Morning.

Frank Hand was arraigned before the City Judge this morning for driving faster than the law *allows on July 14th*. He produced several witnesses who stated that the horse's hoofs struck the bottom of the wagon on North avenue and took fright, almost getting beyond the driver's control. A policeman stated that Hand was intoxicated at the time. The Judge reserved his decision until Wednesday morning, July 20th.

Mollie Stevenson was committed to the county jail for 40 days for being drunk and disorderly.

Nora Edmundson was fined five dollars or ten days in the county jail, for using indecent language. She will probably *pay the fine*.

Keep Cool.

To most persons the Summer season is a time of enjoyment instead of quiet rest, as it should be. While the approach of warm weather most people begin to lay plans for vacations and enjoyments, and in a little while have worked themselves into a state of excited anticipation.

Not only this, but they undertake ex cursions requiring considerable travel, either by land or water, so that during the heated term they have completely *deprived from the quiet paths of life* trodden so steadily all the rest of the year.

Now, it is a well-known fact that the majority of people lose weight during the Summer. The loss is generally accounted for by the smaller quantity of food consumed during warm weather, but we should say that the excitement incidental to vacation and travelling was as much responsible for it as the weather. *It is a question* if our Indian Summer, the most charming season of the year, would not make a better reception period for the majority of the people.

Will Talk Extension.

A special *meeting of the* Plainfield Common Council will be held Monday evening, when the street railroad extension will be argued.

The plan is to extend the railroad from the corner of Front street and Park avenue to Broadway, and up that thoroughfare.

Citizens ought to see the work already done on Front street, and say so if they wish other streets virtually ruined in the same way.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be fair, followed by a cool wave and rain.

The Vail Estate Suit.

The Central Railroad of New Jersey made answer to the suit brought against it by Alfred Mills and John H. Lidgerwood, executors of the Stephen Vail es*tate, of this city, on Thursday*. This suit is the outcome of the recent lease, of the Central Railroad to the Port Reading, and is brought to prevent the operating of the Central Railroad under the lease.

Mills and Lidgerwood were successful in having a similar lease set aside in 1886, on the ground that it was made without their knowledge.

The answer denies that the Central Company has ever been engaged in mining or selling coal, has obtained posses*sion at any coal fields*, or is a coal producing corporation, and further to *show* that the lease *would be a good* thing for the stockholders, it says the gross earnings of the Central Railroad for the year ending May 31, since the lease, have been nearly $400,000 more, and its net earnings nearly $200,000 more than the year before the lease, an increase that would not have been made, except for the traffic contributed to it by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad.

The answer proper *states* the stock of the company has increased in value since the lease, and if the lease should be set aside the revenue of the Central Railroad would be greatly diminished. *The Port Reading Company* filed a similar answer.

Wages at Homestead.

[From the American Economist.]

At the Homestead mills, where the great lockout of workingmen occurred lately, *the rate of wages is fixed by the* price at which steel billets, a product of the works, sell, labor increasing and decreasing in price with fluctuations in them, except that no reduction in rates of pay occurs after the billets have fallen to a certain point, called the minimum. Since 1889 that minimum has been fixed at $26.50 a ton. But the billets have sold as low as $22 a ton or thereabouts during the last year, and the employers wanted to reduce the minimum to $25 a ton. This was their offer to the men. It would be well to keep in mind that it does not involve a reduction of wages from what was agreed to by the men in 1889. Below is a table furnished by Joseph D. Weeks of Pittsburg, an excellent authority, which shows how much the men could earn under the old scale when it was adopted in 1889, and when their wages was at the lowest point under the scale, $26.50 per ton, fixed by the minimum price of billets, $26.50; also the wages that the same men would earn on the same minimum as a basis, and the wages they could earn under the minimum of $25 *proposed by the employers:*

1889. '92 *Scale. Proposed* '92. '92 *Scale.*

$26.50 *Basis.*

12 *hours.*	*Daily*	*Daily*	*Minimum*
2304 *Bldg'g Mill, turnings, openings.*			$26 *Basis.*
Heater	$6 32	$7 00	$6 00
Helper	3 61	4 00	3 43
Heater, 1st helper	4 51	5 47	4 73
Heater, 2d helper	3 61	4 00	3 43
Crossman	3 29	3 67	3 06
Roll engineer	4 09		3 84
Roll tableman	2 67	2 85	2 67
Sweepers	1 77	2 14	1 86
Scrap gangway	2 67	2 94	2 67
Stamper	3 07	3 07	2 93
Shearman	4 09		3 84
Shear tableman	2 52	2 67	2 37
Buggyman	2 52	2 52	1 94
11½-in. plate mill.	10 hours.		8 hours.
Roller	$2 22	$2 67	$2 00
Helper	1 48	1 78	1 33
Tableman	1 66	1 40	1 66
Hooker	1 66	1 78	1 11
Sweeper, front	1 66	1 78	1 33
Sweeper, back	1 66	1 78	1 33
Shearman, 10	1 66	1 78	1 33
Shearman, 33	1 66	1 40	1 66
Leader, 10	1 66	1 78	1 33
Leader, 33	1 66	1 78	1 33
Heater	2 22	2 67	2 00
Heater's helper	1 66	1 78	1 33
Open-hearth furnaces			
Melter's helper	$3 26	$3 26	$3 26
Melter's helper 2d	2 66	2 66	2 66
Charging machine	2 66	2 66	2 66
Ladleman, 1st	2 66	2 66	2 66
Ladleman, 2d	2 66	2 66	2 66
Pitman, 1st	2 66	2 66	2 66
Pitman, 2d	2 66	2 66	2 66
Pitman, 3d	2 66	2 66	2 66

How to Deal with Mosquitoes.

There are very few people who attempt to deal with mosquitoes as they do with flies, by keeping out of the sun. Sufferance seems to be the general rule, in many places in the mountains this insect disappears early in July, but in lowlands, near river or seashore, he takes up his quarters for the season. There appears to be no remedy quite so effectual for this pest as the odor of pennyroyal. Oil of pennyroyal sold in drug stores is hardly so effectual as the fresh herb itself.

The ointment of these fragrant herbs will usually drive away this troublesome pest. When mosquitoes attack a community in force they are best exorcised by a smudge, or smouldering fire of pine boughs or fragrant wood, smothered to give forth a thick smoke. This smoke is not especially disagreeable to people in the open air, but has effect in driving away mosquitoes in remarkable.

*The best antidote for the bite of a mos*quitoes is camphorated spirits of ammonia, used with a little water or salt water. Some people go so far as to press the poison out of the bite with some mechanical instrument, like the point of a watch key, before applying the antidote. This practice is painful, and probably sometimes occurs. As in other cases, "one man's meat is another man's poison," and the remedy must be tried to suit all individuals. Some find camphor mostly effectual, and others find water will not avail. Ammonia, however, seems to be generally successful as a neutralizer of the poison. Wherever there are large quantities of mosquitoes and no reason for their appearance is apparent, it is well to search for stagnant pools, for something which attracts them. An uncovered barrel of rain water will bring them in large numbers, and even small stagnant pools are spots where they delight to congregate.

There are a great many objections to mosquito bars, the chief of which is the sense of suffocation which they engender. They keep out mosquitoes, but they also keep out the pure, fresh air. It is better to destroy the breeding places of the pests, or to use other remedies against them, than to keep out the fresh air by the use of bars or to close doors and windows or in canopy over the beds.

Deserted.

Farewell to my brief dream of love,
The maiden I've studied so long,
At the seaside all summer she'll rove,
And I'll be the city beau.

No need for me to write her my grief—
While I'm in despair with my woes
She sits with a dude in a swell bathing suit
And digs in the sand with her toes.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

[Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

The workers' training classes will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 8.15 a. m.

An interesting meeting will be held at *the Mt.* Pleasant school house to-morrow evening.

Park Place Chapel, Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by Dr. H. K. Carroll.

Church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal, Dunellen) Sunday-school at 3.30 p. m. Church service at 3.30 p. m. Seats free.

All Souls' Church, Park avenue. Unitarian services at 10.30 a. m. The pastor *Rev. Hobart Chark* will preach. *All seats* are free.

Warren Union Mission, Sunday-school at 2.30. No evening service. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

Services Park avenue Baptist church Sunday morning, 9.30 Sunday-school. *Preaching 10.45 Rev. Isaac Newton Phelps* Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. Frederick D. Whitney assisted by others will conduct the meeting at the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville to*morrow evening*.

Services in the German church on Park place will be held to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and three o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 9.15 a. m.

Monroe Avenue Chapel. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Preaching at eight p. m. by the Rev. *Herbert Welch of New York City*.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev T. Logan Murphy rector. Celebration of the Holy communion at eight a. m. Matins and litany and sermon at 11 a. m.

*Services in St. Joseph's church to-mor*row will be as follows: Mass at 8.30 and high mass at 10.30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m., and vespers at eight p. m.

The services at Hope chapel, West Fourth street, will be, preaching at 10.30 a. m., Sunday-school at three p. m. Service of song and preaching at 7.45 p. m.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. W. R. Richards, D. D., pastor. Services at 10.30 a. m., and 8 p. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 a. m. All seats free at the evening service.

There will be the usual W. C. T. U. meeting in the Crescent building tomorrow at nine a. m., and four p. m. A *praise service will be held this evening* at eight o'clock.

Services at St. Mary's church. First mass at 7.30 a. m. Second mass at 8.30. Third mass at 9.45. High mass at 10.45. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m., and evening service at eight p. m.

First Church of Christ—Preaching at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. *Lord's supper* at 11.45 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Ladies' meeting Wednesday at three p. m. All are welcome.

Members of the Reform Club and their friends are invited to attend the meeting of the Women's Temperance Aid Society held every Sunday at Reform Hall *at nine a. m., and four p. m.*

The services of the A. U. M. P. church will continue every Sunday in Cutter's Hall. Preaching at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 12 m. All are welcome. Rev. L. L. Lomack, pastor.

Services at the church of the Heavenly Rest, Clinton avenue, Evons, at eleven o'clock a. m. The Rev. Wm. Brodnax of New York, will officiate, and administer the Holy Communion. Seats free.

St. Peter's German Lutheran congregation. Services every Sunday at 10.30 in the forenoon in Spencer's Hall, 26 Somerset street. Sermon by the Rev. E. F. Moldebdke, D. D., of New York,

Congregational church, West Seventh street. Rev. L. Ferrich, pastor. Morning service at 10.30. Sunday-school at 11.30 a. m. Evening service conducted by the Christian Endeavor Society at 7.30.

Mr. James Alexander Grant of the Scott Press Works will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 4.15 p. m. An interesting meeting may be expected and all men are invited.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector, July 17th. St. 5th Sunday after Trinity. Early celebration at 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 10.30 *o'clock. Evensong at five o'clock.* Sunday-school 9.15 a. m.

Services in the First Presbyterian church, Sunday-school at 9.15. Regular preaching services at 11 a. m., and 7.45 p. m., by Rev. S. J. Rowland of Clinton, N. J. Mid-week prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7.45. Young men's Christian Endeavor at seven p. m. in the chapel.

In the Trinity Reformed church tomorrow services will be held as follows: Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Cornelius Schenck at 10.30 a. m. In the evening at 7.45 there will be a Christian Endeavor service with "Conversation Echoes." The Sabbath-school will meet at 9.15 a. m.

Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday-school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. by the Rev. Herbert Welch, pastor of St. Luke's church, New York City. Epworth League at seven p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Chas. R. Mitchell. Subject: "Religion a Business."

Church of our Saviour, Netherwood. Rev. R. F. Simpson. Holy communion at 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 3.15 p. m. Evening prayer at five. Two free stages leave E. R. station on Park avenue for the church every Sunday morning. Return to Plainfield on the conclusion of the services.

First Baptist church—9.30 a. m. the Sunday-school and young men's Bible classes. 10.30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. preaching by the Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes. Wednesday the regular church prayer meeting. And Friday service meeting of the Young People's League, both meetings at eight p. m. Strangers and all others will be cordially welcome.

Rapid Transit.

Will our efforts of to-day in annihilating space seem as funny, we wonder, in 1993, as does the account in the Independent Chronicle and Boston Patriot of May 29, 1818, seem to us to-day? The article is headed "Rapid Travelling," and gives an account of a trip from New York to Philadelphia and back again in one day. The party left New York 9 a. m., arriving in Philadelphia at 11 a. m., and returning reached New York at eight p. m., a distance of 160 miles. The article closes by eulogizing the pro*prietors of the chaise line in breaking all* previous records of fast traveling. Papers of 1993 please copy.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE SITUATION AT HOMESTEAD.

The Unskilled Workmen will Report Monday.

Homestead, Pa., July 16, (Special.)—The air is full of rumors. These when sifted seem to give a few grains of truth. There are undoubtedly a large number of non-union workers within the works, but their number cannot be definitely ascertained, as for the past two days the military lines have been extended and more carefully guarded, *until this morn*ing the Carnegie works have been surrounded with bayonet guards only a few *feet apart*, while the street corners in the vicinity of the mills are alive with *reporters*, who cluster around stacks of arms ready to rush to the assistance of *any of the pickets*.

All of the foremen, assistant foremen and all hands of departments reported for duty this morning. These men are not members of the Amalgamated Association and have simply been lookers-on in the strike.

The unskilled workingmen, of whom there are about two thousand, will report at the works on Monday morning, when they will be given their old places. This is precisely the policy which it has been stated the company would pursue when it got ready to start the works.

A Cloud Burst.

Canyon City, Col., July 16, (Special.)—The most destructive cloudburst in the history of Fremont county occurred in Grape Creek Canyon yesterday, doing an immense amount of damage. The flood came down in Grape Creek, at least ten feet high, and struck the Rio Grande track at the mouth of the creek, tearing out 300 feet of the railroad bed. Several narrow escapes are reported, but no loss of life.

COOL DRINKS FOR HOT DAYS.

Lemon tea is a very cooling drink, and makes two little teas from one tea leaf. It is served in small glasses with a slice of lemon on top.

RASPBERRY SYRUP.

Red raspberries are preferable for this. Place them in a stone jar, and cover with best cider vinegar, letting them stand over night. Strain the next day, and allow one pint of sugar to each pint of juice; boil ten minutes and bottle while hot.

ORANGEADE.

Squeeze the juice out of a dozen nice oranges and add the peel of one orange, three-quarters of a pound of loaf sugar, a pint of chopped ice and water enough to make a gallon of punch. *Let it stand half* an hour before using.

CREAM NECTAR.

Boil two pounds of loaf sugar and three pints of water until you have boiled to a taffy test. Stir in the white of an egg while boiling and a few drops of lavender gold. When cold add lemon juice enough to make it effervescent, bottle, cork tight and seal. This packs shaking two or three times a day.

CREAM BEER.

Boil two pounds of loaf sugar in three pints of water together with half a cupful of sifted flour beaten smooth in water and one small teaspoon of cream of tartar for five minutes. When nearly cold add the well-beaten whites of three eggs, the juice of one lemon and half an ounce of wintergreen; bottle and keep in a cool place. Use two tablespoonfuls with a little soda in a glass of water when serving it.

The Clam as Medicine.

Said a practising physician of Philadelphia, "You all know the value of clams medical agent; firstly, it is a great brain food and a stimulant at the same time; highly valuable to all who live by mental labor. One or two clams taken daily will supply both nourishment and a natural, harmless stimulus, doing all the work of alcohol and doing it better, without any ill effects. Again, the clam is a most important remedy in cases of alcoholism or mania-a-potu. It absorbs the poisons from the system and removes it, supplying also its own unique nourishment. The valuable properties of such an agent entitle it to high rank in the economy of life."—Philadelphia Press.

No strength for work. No relish for food. No power of digestion—nervous, irritable, impulsive eh?

Ripe Ruby H-O for Breakfast.

Legal Advertisements.

ESTATE OF EDWARD VAIL, DECEASED. Pursuant to an order of Garret T. Price, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, Executors of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscribers under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from the date of this writ or forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscribers.

EDWARD F. RANDOLPH,
CHARLTON N. VAIL,
Executors.

Dated June 28th, 1892. 7 14 9

RUSSET SHOES.

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!

As later on the stock will be few and far between.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.

Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**

Cut in Latest Styles.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION wanted by a young protestant girl to do upstairs work or light housework. Not long in this country, but very intelligent. Please call for two days at 59 West Sixth street. 15-2

WHEN *out of employment this is the* column to post your notice in. The people you want to reach read it.

WANTED—Situation as nurse, with family going to England. Good reference Box 788.

HELP WANTED.

A COLORED girl for general housework. *Apply at 107 Broadway.* 14 2

IF there is anyone in need of a situation they look here for your advertisement.

GIRL for general housework. Must have references. Call 125 Park avenue. 14 3

WANTED—A thoroughly competent girl for general housework, about September 1st Box 788. 13 6

BOARDERS WANTED.

ROOMS with board at 80 East Front street. 15-5

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED *from 112 Rockview* avenue, a red and irish setter. $5 reward for its return at once to T. B. Penton, Jr., 112 Rockview avenue. *" 13 6*

YOUNG lady who g es to school in Westfield and left umbrella in train one morning in June, can have same by calling at 124 Grove street, and paying for this "ad."

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY to LOAN—In sums to suit. May remain any length of time. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. tf

FOR SALE.

A GROCERY WAGON in good condition for sale cheap. $3 reward and no questions asked. Address 50 West Third street. 15 3

49,000 CELERY plants, extra fine. Greenhouse plants in variety at Denton's, 127 Hillside avenue. 15 5

A NON-RESIDENT offers to highest bidder, lots, corner Somerset street and Grandview avenue; along line of electric railway, 96 Dorchester avenue, Cherryland, O. 13 6*

50,000 CELERY plants for sale. Reidy, Dunellen, N. J. 15 4

FOR SALE—Cheap—A safety bicycle, second hand; is in good condition; ball bearings. Address "G. W." care of EVENING NEWS. 16 4

MRS. JOS. M. MYERS' property, 167 Park avenue, Plainfield, for sale or to let. Apply on premises. 7 13 tf&w

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS.

THE way to let the people know you have something for sale is to put that fact right under this head.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 9 20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbus Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 20tf

WANTED—An established milk route. Address stating particulars, terms, etc., "R," care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED to purchase—Table linen and lace curtains of anyone giving up housekeeping. Address "R. G.," care of EVENING NEWS. 13 4

First Baptist SUNDAY SCHOOLS EXCURSION TO Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, ON Wednesday, July 20.

Trains leave Plainfield at 8 a. m., returning leave Asbury Park at 6.00 p. m.

Tickets for adults $1.25; children under 12 years of age 50c.

Stops will be made at Long Branch each way.

Tickets may be purchased at L. W. Randolph's pharmacy and at A. M. Vanderbeek's music store. 5 9 12 16 18 19

FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received through A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND,
24 West Front Street.

HUNTING'S Circus and Menagerie will exhibit at PLAINFIELD for one day only, Monday, July 18th. Coming in its entirety, with Water-Proof Tents.

2 COMPLETE PERFORMANCES 2

Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m. Free Grand Street Parade at 10 a. m. 15 2*

PAPIAC, (Boynton Beach,) Gala Day Every Saturday.

The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.

A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given.

Every Saturday Afternoon.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, At Harned Academy, 26 Park avenue, Plainfield, New Jersey. Private lessons in French and German. Class lessons in French and German. Class lessons in Latin. private lessons in Greek, private lessons in Spanish, private lessons in Italian, private lessons in Hebrew, private lessons in Anglo-Saxon, private lessons in Sanskrit, private lessons in Chaldaic, private lessons in Syriac, private lessons in Arabic, private lessons in Persian, private lessons in Hindustanee, private lessons in Chinese, private lessons in Japanese, private lessons in Russian, private lessons in Polish, private lessons in Bohemian, private lessons in Hungarian, private lessons in Modern Greek, private lessons in Portuguese, private lessons in Italian, private lessons in Spanish, private lessons in Swedish, private lessons in Danish, private lessons in Dutch, private lessons in Flemish, private lessons in Icelandic, private lessons in Gothic, private lessons in Old High German, private lessons in Middle High German, private lessons in Old Low German, private lessons in Middle Low German, private lessons in Old Frisian, private lessons in Middle Frisian, private lessons in Old Norse, private lessons in Old Swedish, private lessons in Old Danish, private lessons in Old Dutch, private lessons in Old Flemish, private lessons in Old Icelandic, private lessons in Old

EDITORIAL NOTES

Why does not his party nominate Mr. Edward Bellamy for president?

The race for the White House between Baby Ruth and Baby McKee will be a pretty one.

An orator who objects to the present order of things says that our social system is responsible for the two increasing classes in this republic—tramps and millionaires. One fact, however, he loses sight of: The millionaire class is increasing relatively in this country faster than the tramp class.

It has been ascertained that the term "gerrymander" actually comes from the name of that old revolutionary patriot and signer of the declaration, Elbridge Gerry. He was opposed to the rearrangement of political districts which has brought his name down to posterity, but the name stuck all the same.

This much is certain: When the right spirit exists between employers and employees the employees know the employer at all times pays them as much wages as the condition of his business justifies. If they have confidence that he will do this, when a tight place comes, in which it is necessary for him to say he must cut down wages temporarily till better times, ninety out of every hundred workingmen would accept the cut. Employees in this intelligent country are as ready to listen to reason and as capable of it as the man who hires them. The business of employers should therefore be to cultivate this spirit of confidence and good will among their workmen. It can be done; it has been done in hundreds of individual instances, in firms where there has been never a strike. But hints of violence and gunpowder on one side engender inevitably the passion for violence and gunpowder on the other.

In Defense of Small Men.

Mr. Philip Kent, presumably for his own consolation, has been searching the records to see how many men small in stature and light of weight have helped to move the world. He says that smallness of body has nothing to do with greatness of brain.

It is rather surprising, too, the number of men he brings forward to bolster up his assertion. He says the world's greatest soldiers have been little men, but one cannot resist the inference that to make this point he has omitted the names of the well grown generals.

We find, however, that Attila the Hun, the "Scourge of God," as named from his ferociousness, was a little bit of a man. Sir Francis Drake and Frederick the Great were short men. Napoleon Bonaparte was only 5 feet 1½ inches. Wellington was 5 feet 6. Lord Nelson was 5 feet 4. Among writers Milton was short, and Lord Macaulay was dumpy, apparently not nearly so long as some of his own sentences. Mrs. Carlyle speaks of "poor little Dickens." Pope and Voltaire were mere mites of men, while John Stuart Mill was 5 feet 8. John Calvin was a very small man. So was the artist Turner. The great French statesman and author, Thiers, was 5 feet 3, "soft and sausagelike," while Gladstone himself is only 5 feet 8.

On the whole, by properly leaving out the big men who have been great, Mr. Kent makes a good showing as to the quantity of brains that may go with scant inches.

Plymouth Rock Astonished.

No doubt the Puritan's landing place at Plymouth on the stern and rockbound coast of Massachusetts would utter strange things if it could talk. For here at the very spot where the Pilgrim Fathers set foot on shore from the Mayflower, Felix Adler's School of Applied Ethics is in session at this time. The school was founded by some excellent people, who think that you can teach morality on a common ground on which members of all religious denominations can unite. From Presbyterian to Jew and Roman Catholic. The old Pils would have whipped around town at the tail of a cart* anybody who promulgated such atrocious sentiments.

After all, though, it is not likely that the world will this summer be turned over by the School of Applied Ethics, however astonished the Pilgrim Fathers would have been. The subjects chosen for the papers will not apparently startle the mass of mankind one single hoot from their money grubbing and selfishness. They may amuse learned men with a taste for intellectual gymnastics, but that is all. They are not wildly thrilling to the average taste.

Here are some of them: "The Idea of Justice, with Its Political and Economic Applications;" "The Relation of the Church to Civil Government, Historically and Legally Considered;" "Variations of Moral Standards and Ideals in Connection with the History of National Life and Thought." All this in July and August! One feels inclined to commend to the mercy of heaven the poor fellows who must listen to it. The old fashioned Puritan Sunday itself was a merry-go-round besides this sort of thing. Of the people whom these excellent gentlemen want to benefit, who will read a single one of their dry and tiresome old papers? Go to! Give us something with live blood in it. Where are the "thoughts that breathe and words that burn?"

FRICK STARTS HIS MILLS

Nonunion Men Light the Fires at the Homestead Works.

THE STRIKERS TAKEN BY SURPRISE

More New Men to Be Put to Work at Once—The Pittsburg Men Warned to Return by Monday—The Carnegie Hotel Help Refuse to Serve the Soldiers.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 16.—There is no doubt that nonunion workmen are now inside the gates of the Carnegie plant, but their number is so small that they are practically a dead letter in connection with the operation of the mills. Those men entered the works quietly at an hour when suspicion was stilled, and arrangements for their comfort until a larger force comes to join them have been made. Some of them are believed to have entered by the river front, while others went by train to Homestead and mingled with the people without exciting suspicion.

Their number cannot be ascertained, but it is certain that no great body of men such as would be required to run the works could have entered the mills without being seen. If these nonunion men came Thursday night or in the early hours of Friday morning they must have displayed some generalship in eluding the many watchers who sat along the river banks or near the entrances to the Carnegie property many days.

Smoke soon was issuing from the chimneys of two of the Carnegie mills for a short time caused the suspicion to become prevalent that nonunion men were in the works. This suspicion was set at rest with the smoke, however, and while the presence of the latter cannot be explained, the workmen feel confident that the fires from which it came were not built to start the mills. Later more smoke was seen issuing from what is known as the cupola chimney, and the cause of this, too, remains a mystery.

Information on the subject is not obtainable from the mill officers. When the smoke first began to issue from the mills, some workingmen who saw it made a dash for one of the gates and were kept back at the point of the bayonets of the military guard. At least this is what an officer in authority says.

Preparing for the Nonunionists.

Preparations for placing nonunion men in the Carnegie mills are going forward. The Tide came up the river from Pittsburg and proceeded direct to the landing place at the works. A gang of men were waiting for her, and her freight, consisting of cots, blankets, canvas and camp utensils, were unloaded and placed inside the mill property. The poor farm property, which is inside the big fence, and is now the property of the Carnegie company, contains a big level field, which will make a good camping ground for workmen, and the large building which has been used for the county poor will hold a number. It is evidently the intention of the Carnegie people to utilize this portion of their plant, which is located so admirably for the purpose as to suggest the possibility that the present emergency was expected and carefully prepared for long in advance.

A number of incidents tending to encourage the locked out men in their position have happened. Allen Hubbard, the foreman of the armor plate shop of the Carnegie mills, quit. He refused to work under police protection, and declared that if the militia were to be used for police duty in order to operate the mills he would not work there, but seek employment elsewhere. The entire force of the civil engineering department of the mills also quit work out of sympathy with the locked out men.

The Leaders Confident.

The leaders of the strikers wear an air of supreme confidence. They say that they have won the fight, and now the Carnegie company realize this or will realize it when they have tried the experiment of running the works for a few weeks with green hands. All interest centers in the probable introduction of enough nonunion men to start the mills, and the strikers spend most of their time discussing this phase of the situation.

Some are inclined to think the Carnegie company will win, but there does not appear to be any indications of acquiescence in the statement of Mr. Lovejoy, secretary to Mr. Frick, that fully two-thirds of the Homestead workers will go back to their vacant posts if the mills are started.

The Bricklayers Go Out.

Thirty-five bricklayers, who are employed by the Carnegie company, but are not members of the Amalgamated association, appeared before the advisory committee and stated that they would not do any work for the company until the troubles with the steel workers is settled. The committee claims to have similar pledges from the machinists, carpenters and other mechanics, who will be needed to repair the furnaces and machinery before work is resumed. The locked out men declare it impossible to start the mills without the assistance of these men and they are jubilant.

TO MARCH ON HOMESTEAD.

The First Brigade at Mount Gretna Ready to Start in an Instant.

HARRISBURG, July 16.—The First brigade of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, which is encamped at Mount Gretna, is making every preparation to go to Homestead at a moment's notice. A detachment of soldiers came to this city to obtain additional ammunition. A special train has been provided for the immediate transportation of the troops to Homestead. In case they are ordered all tents will be left behind.

Governor Pattison, in his speech to the soldiers at Mount Gretna, said he had heard some of them would desert the brigade in case an encounter should take place, but hoped they would stand up bravely and not desert their posts. A colonel of a Philadelphia regiment said that they expected to be called out at almost any time.

THE PITTSBURG STRIKERS

Must Return to Work Monday or Be Treated as the Homestead Men.

PITTSBURG, July 16.—Secretary Lovejoy, of the Carnegie Steel company, says that the employees at the Twenty-ninth and Thirty-third street mills, now on a strike, had been verbally informed that their failure to return to work by Monday of next week would be considered by the firm as a cancellation of the existing agreement, and that when those mills do resume it will be as nonunion, and no one will be treated in this matter except as individuals. This ultimatum is final, as is the one given the Homestead men.

The peaceful aspect of the streets in Lawrenceville would not lead a stranger to suspect that a strike at the Carnegie Union mills, in which several thousand men are involved, was in progress. A number were interviewed by a reporter, and they denied emphatically that any of their brethren had weakened in the strike by wishing themselves back at work as has been reported.

A committee from the Union mills will proceed to Beaver Falls, where a final meeting will be held to decide whether work will be resumed at the latter place Monday. The strikers claim they have ample funds to keep them alive for a year, if necessary.

It is understood that the Carnegie Steel company had a large contract for iron beams for the World's fair buildings at Chicago.

BOYCOTTED THE SOLDIERS.

The Carnegie Hotel Employees Refused to Serve Them with Food.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 16.—Opposite the main entrance of the steel works stands Carnegie hotel. Since the arrival of the state troops the staff officers have been taking their meals there. Yesterday the manager of the hotel was informed by the head waiter that unless he refused to entertain General Snowden and other division and regimental officers who had been eating at the Hotel Carnegie the help would strike. The head cook also sent word that he would not prepare any more meals for members of the staff.

When General Snowden and other officers repaired to the hotel this morning prepared to get away with the regular bill of ham and eggs, they found they had been placed under the ban of a boycott. There was but one waiter in the place, and he said it was his painful duty to inform the guests that they could get nothing to eat; that the head cook had joined in the boycott against militiamen, and that if they waited to get a meal in that particular hostelry it would be a long and dreary stay.

General Snowden had not slept well and emphatically refused to grasp the humor of the situation. He left the premises in a few choice expressions and hastened back to his headquarters. He lost no time in issuing orders to the cook with Battery B for a waiter.

RECRUITED FROM CINCINNATI.

Over Two Hundred Men Sent to Pittsburg to Man the Mills.

PITTSBURG, July 16.—A special to The Leader from Cincinnati says: It is now known to be a fact that a local detective agency has for several days been gathering men for Homestead. Since Sunday 280 men have been secured, and every one is now in Pittsburg or its immediate vicinity. The last lot left Wednesday night. The men are stout, brawny fellows, but are toughs. Scarcely any of them know a thing about mill work. They were hired at wages ranging from three to five dollars. The Evening Post in an extra edition, in the course of a double headed article on the subject, says the whole story has leaked out through the imprudence of one of the men thus enlisted.

John Gerke, a former employee of A. Stahl, the shoemaker, Vine and Sixth street, accosted the latter with, "Well, I'm going to leave."

"Where are you going?" was asked.

"To Homestead." Then after some hesitancy Gerke said: "There are about 280 men already collected and we are promised from three dollars a day up."

The information thus gleaned by Mr. Stahl elicited the fact that they were going as workmen, and not as guards or watchmen. Mr. Stahl was seen by a Post reporter, and repeated the information as given above.

FRICK TO THE BEAVER FALLS MEN.

He Says He Will Never Confer with the Amalgamated Association.

PITTSBURG, July 16.—The following is a copy of a letter from H. C. Frick to the superintendent of his Beaver Falls mills:

PITTSBURG, July 15.

Joseph Rigley, Superintendent Beaver Falls Mills, Beaver Falls:

I am just in receipt of the following telegram from Beaver Falls:

"We, the Amalgamated Association of Beaver Falls Iron and Steel Rod mill, Nail mill, have come to the conclusion that we will refuse to work until such time as R. C. Frick, chairman of Carnegie Steel company (limited), is willing to confer with the Amalgamated association in order to settle the Homestead affair. Signed, [illegible], Chairman of Committee."

"Chairman of Committee."

You will please say to Mr. Thurston, chairman of the committee, and ask him to so notify the men, that if they, composing the Amalgamated Association of Beaver Falls mills, and who signed an agreement with us for one year, do not go to work on Monday next, or when you are ready to do so, it will consider their failure to do so as a cancellation of the agreement existing between us, and when these mills do resume it will be with nonunion and former employees satisfactory to us who desire to work there will have to apply as individuals. We can see no reason under present circumstances will we confer with the men at Homestead as members of the Amalgamated association. THE CARNEGIE STEEL CO. (Limited).

By H. C. FRICK, Chairman.

General Hasted Seriously Ill.

PEEKSKILL, July 16.—General James W. Husted, assemblyman from the Third district of Westchester county, who was taken ill at the Minneapolis convention and brought some days thereafter to his home in this village, is in a critical condition. The general has been confined to his house ever since his return. He is suffering from heart failure. It is feared by the general's friends that he will not recover. A physician is constantly with him.

It Looks Like Foul Play.

YORK, Pa., July 16.—Mrs. Michael Clemens, aged thirty-two years, was found dead in Small's woods, near Pleasureville. Her dress over the breast was burning, and the body had two bullet holes in the neck and cut on the head, hands and arms.

Caught in the Shafting.

LANCASTER, Pa., July 16.—Virgie Swinehart, of Quarryville, and Miss Edwards, of Philadelphia, both about eight years of age, were playing in a mill, when their clothing was caught in the shafting and they were whirled around. Both may die.

Stolen Diamonds Seized.

NEW YORK, July 16.—The customs officials seized $30,000 worth of stolen diamonds from A. J. Backus, a negro, who was a passenger on the steamship Philadelphia, which arrived from La Guayra, Venezuela.

The Catholic Chautauqua.

MONTREAL, July 16.—A number of prominent Catholics from the United States are on a visit here in connection with the establishment of the Catholic Chautauqua.

Left Unpaid Bills Behind.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 16.—Andrew J. Francis, well known grocer of this city, has disappeared, leaving unpaid bills in large numbers.

The Yeoxvius Ashore.

NEW YORK, July 16.—The torpedo boat Yeoxvius ran aground on the sunken meadows in the East river, but got off uninjured.

Thomas Cooper Dead.

LONDON, July 16.—The death of Thomas Cooper, the famous Chartist, is announced.

PAYNE MAY ACCEPT IT.

He Is Urged to Serve as the Republican National Chairman.

THE PRESIDENT WANTS HIM TO ACT.

Adlai E. Stevenson and a Distinguished Party En Route to New York to Participate in the Public Notification of the Democratic Candidates.

NEW YORK, July 16.—On the eve of the meeting of the Republican national executive committee, called to organize for the campaign, the same uncertainty exists as to the head of the organization which has marked

HENRY C. PAYNE.

the consideration of the question from the time that Mr. Campbell determined that the could not serve. Much of the discussion of the situation, which has been indulged in it is said by those qualified to speak, has been pure speculation, especially as to the names of the persons to whom the chairmanship is said to have been offered.

Several names have been under consideration, but that fact, it is pointed out, is far different from offering the position to them. When the committee meets this afternoon it is believed that the selection for chairman will be made that will be perfectly satisfactory to those who will be associated with him in the management of the campaign to the rank and file of the party as well.

Payne Undecided.

At a conference of Committeemen Payne, Sutherland, Clarkson and Kerens and Secretary Rmk, held here, Mr. Payne was strongly urged to accept the position. After an hour's discussion Mr. Payne announced that no decision had been arrived at. Said he:

"I have not yet decided whether I will accept the position, and there will be no definite settlement of the question before the committee meets. My private business interests are such that I am not sure that I can arrange matters in such a way that I can afford to take the position."

He also announced that he would cheerfully retire from the committee in favor of ex-Senator Spooner if the latter should decide to take the chairmanship.

It is stated that Chairman Campbell will not attend the meeting of the executive committee, but that his letter of resignation would be read and accepted. Messrs. De Young and Hobart will also be absent.

McComas May Succeed Carter.

The committeemen present are evidently in a quandary as to who will be chosen chairman. Senator Spooner is most talked of in the event of the absolute refusal of Mr. Payne to accept.

In looking up the rules governing the organization of the national committee, it has been discovered by those interested that there is nothing more binding than custom which required the selection of a chairman from among the members of the committee.

The rules adopted by the national convention are silent as to the manner of organizing the national committee.

Ex-Senator Ingalls has been talk about the succession to Mr. Carter in case he resigns the position of secretary of the committee, but what has been heard mentioned ex-Congressman McComas, of Maryland, is spoken of for the place.

The President Wants Payne.

A dispatch from Washington says: Henry C. Payne, of Milwaukee, the Wisconsin member of the Republican national committee, will be elected chairman at the meeting of the committee in New York. This matter was settled at a meeting of the president and some of his political friends. The president was not originally in favor of Mr. Payne's selection, as he was partially anxious that either ex-Senator Spooner, Senator Aldrich or Senator McMillan should assume the task.

Mr. Spooner declined, for the reason that his time and energies must be given entirely to the campaign in Wisconsin, where he will probably be a candidate for the seat in the senate which Philetus Sawyer will voluntarily surrender. Senators Aldrich and McMillan refused to accept because of the pressure of private business affairs, and Mr. Payne has therefore been determined upon.

Stevenson Leaves for New York.

CHICAGO, July 16.—General Adlai E. Stevenson, Democratic candidate for the vice presidency, left for New York, accompanied by James S. Ewing, his law partner, Chairman Harrison and Hon. Lyman Ewing, of Chicago, ex-United States district attorney; Lambert Tree, of Chicago, ex-United States minister to Russia; ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio; General John Cochran, of Illinois, chairman of the Democratic state central committee of Kentucky; Don Dickinson, of Michigan, ex-postmaster general; Jacob Richards, of the Illinois state central committee; Chairman Campau, of the Michigan state central committee, and several members of the notification committee.

Dennis Flynn Nominated.

GUTHRIE, O. T., July 16.—The Republican territorial convention nominated Dennis L. Flynn, postmaster at this city, for congress.

Governor for Congress.

WHEELING, July 16.—Captain R. B. Dayener, of this city, was nominated for congress by the Republican convention.

London Getting Scared.

LONDON, July 16.—The health authorities are greatly stirred up by the reports of cholera from Paris and the east. It is believed that the sanitary officials are suppressing the facts, as the French official records relating to health and vital statistics have not been issued for three weeks past. The opinion prevails that the Paris authorities do not wish the truth to be generally known.

To Aid St. Johns.

BOSTON, July 16.—Mayor Matthews has issued an appeal to the citizens of Boston to contribute to the relief of the St. Johns (N. F.) sufferers.

Brought Typhus with Her.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Two cases of typhus fever were discovered on board the Guion line steamship Nevada, just arrived from Europe.

Fishing Officials.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Secretary of the Treasury Foster, Assistant Secretary Bromme and Private Secretary Halford have gone fishing for a few days.

A Tonic and A Pleasure:

That's the happy combination found in

Hires' Root Beer

You drink it for pleasure, and get physical benefit. A wholesome, refreshing, appetizing, thirst quenching drink.

One package makes five gallons.

Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, pulls you some other kind is "just as good" "no diff." No indemnity is as good as the genuine Hires'.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 13, 14 and 15c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.
Gauze vests, 25c.
Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c, 40c. and 50c.
Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 30c.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

USE THE BEST!

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SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
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29 East Front street.

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GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES
25 West Front Street.

Ice Cream Freezers.
The Automatic,
Needs no turning.
The Rapid,
Best and quickest crank freezer.
GARDEN HOSE,
and
Lawn - Sprinklers.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 East Front Street. Telephone 6.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

CARRIAGES
and
HARNESS
of Every Description.
STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.
Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
Accessable at Any Time.
RYERSON,
33 SOMERSET STREET.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

Just What You Need!
If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an
Arnold Steam Cooker.
Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.
You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue. Also the only genuine
BOSTON BROWN BREAD,
made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.
M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park avenue.

Lumber & Coal
LOOMIS & RICE
B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75 A

THE MANHATTAN WINE ROOM,
179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET,
(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)
FRANK LINKE, Proprietor.
ESTABLISHED 1868.
Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaefer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.
Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.
All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

MONEY FOR RELATIVES,
friends, or acquaintances may be sent by drafts, cashed free of charge in Europe, for sale here.
ALSO TICKETS
for all European points, on any steamer, or line, First and Second Class, and Steerage, cheaper than in New York. Illustrated catalogue upon application.
Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset street.

A. M. SEGUINE,
Proprietor of
Laing's Hotel Stables,
on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.
TELEPHONE CALL No. 26.
Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.
Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.
Prompt, careful drivers, and good service.
Horses for ladies' driving.
BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

CRUSHED STONE!
ALL SIZES.
Of finest
Light Blue Color.
References:—
F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.
ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.
Smalley Bros.,
94 SOMERSET STREET.

Cleaner Coal!
L. A. Rheame, Ag't,
50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vitalizing machinery and screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.
UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Pub'lic. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Front street.

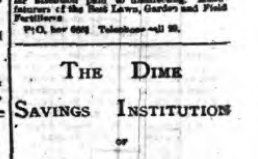
F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the Fanwood Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Offices, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Notary Public for in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office: No. 28 West Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

PLAINFIELD DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done by teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Special attention paid to disinfecting. Manufacturers of the Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers.
P. O. box 6602 Telephone call 39.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 8:45, a. m., 12:05, 3:05, 5:50 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 4:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:40 a. m., 1:35, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

IDAHO STRIKERS JAILED.

Nonunion Men Escorted Into the Mines by the Soldiers.

TO BE SUPPLIED WITH RIFLES.

The Owners of the Works Will Arm the Mine to Protect Their Property—The Coeur d'Alene District in the Hands of the Military.

WARDNER, Ida., July 16.—Three passenger coaches loaded with the nonunion men who were recently sent out of the county have returned here. They were escorted by a special train loaded with regular troops. The trip to Wardner was uneventful. General Carlin had 400 troops drawn up around the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mills and the railroad depot. The strictest martial law was inforced and there was not the slightest sign of disturbance while the nonunion men were being unloaded.

The returning nonunion men were armed with Winchesters. At the station they gave up their rifles and marched unarmed to their destination. The men who were escorted up to the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mine, 1¼ miles up the gulch through the cleft of Wardner, are heavily guarded.

Hunting for Dead Bodies.

General Carlin issued a proclamation calling upon all the members of the Miners' union to surrender. He later issued another order commanding all the strikers to be arrested wherever found and disarmed and imprisoned. He also dispatched searching squads to Fourth of July canyon to hunt for dead bodies. He thinks that the men who were killed were thrown into the river.

When the arrival of the troops became known, the last twenty men of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mine force, who did not surrender at the time of the exodus of the other men of the mine, had taken to the brush armed, and had been in hiding ever since. They were greatly exhausted. The troops found them fortified in the mine. They were relieved by a company of soldiers, who permitted them to rest and sleep. The entire working force of the mine will be took at once and begin operations in the mine.

Arresting the Strikers.

The troops, after landing the nonunion men in the mines, began escorting Wardner, bringing in union men and placing them in confinement in the guard house in the camp on the ball grounds. Fred E. Dean, secretary of the union, was among the first arrested. President O'Brien was another. At Wallace also it is reported arrests are being made.

The Coeur d'Alene is virtually in the hands of the military. Unless the union men commit some act of violence soon the mine for such conduct will be sued. Then at the mine will be supplied with Winchesters by the owners to protect the property.

On the Verge of Starvation.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 16.—News received from Sumter county, the scene of the overflow of the Tombigbee river, Noxubee river and Sucarnoche river, show that half of the area of the county is under water and 3,000 people are on the verge of starvation. The town of Gainesville, at the junction of the Noxube and Tombigbee rivers, is surrounded by water and its inhabitants are unable to escape. Food is exhausted, and unless help reaches them at once it is feared many will starve. The damage to crops and property is nearly a million dollars.

A Big Fire in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, July 16.—The summer hotel, restaurant and garden, together with the power house and hoisting machinery at the head of Penn incline, on Grandview bluff, extends from Sixteenth street over the Pennsylvania railroad tracks 1,000 feet at an incline of 35 degs. to the top of the high bluff near Union station, was entirely destroyed by fire. Loss about $125,000.

He Sang on the Gallows.

ATLANTA, July 16.—Peter Daniels, a negro, was hanged here for the murder of Silvia Lyle. A hundred negroes gathered around the scaffold and joined in singing weird plantation songs, led by the condemned negro. He protested his innocence until the end.

Cincinnati Stormswept.

CINCINNATI, July 16.—A terrific storm of wind and rain passed over the city. Several persons were injured, but only one seriously. The damage to property throughout the city is estimated at $25,000.

Tufts Will Admit Women.

BOSTON, July 16.—The trustees of Tufts college held a meeting in the city and voted that the college be opened to women in the undergraduate departments on the same terms and conditions as to men.

The Sea Gave Up the Dead.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 16.—The bodies of William Wharton Smith and Edward Stewartson, of Philadelphia, who were drowned off Castlehill on July 3, have been recovered.

Professor Rogers' Body Found.

BOSTON, July 16.—The body of Professor Rogers, the aeronaut, was found floating in Dorchester bay. Professor Rogers was drowned July 4 through the collapse of his balloon.

Four Fatally Injured.

NORWALK, Conn., July 16.—Italian laborers employed in digging a sewer in Westport were blown up by an explosion of a tank of naphtha and four were fatally injured.

Bookkeeper Armstrong's Tricks.

BUFFALO, July 16.—Charles J. Armstrong, the bookkeeper of the National Savings bank and alleged participant in Dann's speculations, was committed to jail to await trial.

The Cholera in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 16.—Following is the official report of deaths from cholera up to July 12: Astrakhan, 277; Baku, 48; Tsaritsin, 46; Saratoff, 24; Samara, 11.

A Bankrupt Hotel.

TROY, N. Y., July 16.—The effects of the Troy hotel, where the help struck, were seized by the sheriff to satisfy the claims of the employees and merchants.

Death of Ex-Governor Booth.

SACRAMENTO, July 16.—Newton Booth, ex-governor of California and ex-United States senator from this state, died here in his sixty-seventh year.

Baltimore May Go.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 16.—There is a rumor here that Indianapolis is to take the place of Baltimore in the National league.

THE NEWS OF WASHINGTON.

The House Will Vote on the Fair Appropriation Next Tuesday.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The consideration of the sundry civil bill occupied the attention of the house, the World's fair appropriation of $5,000,000 being the item under discussion. Dr. Durrborrow, of Illinois; Mr. Pendleton, of West Virginia, and Mr. A. Taylor, of Illinois, made brief speeches in support of the proposition. Mr. McCreary, of Kentucky; Mr. Little, of New York, and Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, opposed it. It was agreed that a vote should be taken on the bill at 12 o'clock on Tuesday next. A resolution was adopted calling on the postmaster general for information regarding the letting of mail contracts to railroads since March, 1889. The conference report on the army appropriation bill was also agreed to. The house took a recess until 8 o'clock for pension business.

The senate adopted final conference reports on the army, navy and legislative executive and judicial appropriation bills, and assented to a house resolution extending existing appropriations for objects not yet acted upon until July 31. It also passed the fortifications bill, with amendments. Mr. Washburn, of Minnesota, under the impression that there was a deliberate plan to crowd out his anticipation bill by antagonizing it with appropriations bills and by other methods, warmly opposed and defeated a motion to adjourn over till Monday, and gave notice that he should call up his anticipation bill Saturday. Before the senate adjourned, however, Mr. Hale gave notice that he should call up the deficiency bill (which has a right of way) Saturday, and should give way to senators who wished to take up unopposed bills from the calendar until 2 o'clock. This will probably prevent the anticipation bill being taken up. The resolution providing for the Homestead investigation was not called up during the day.

SIR CHARLES DILKE ELECTED.

The Liberals Gaining and Will Have a Majority of Fifty.

LONDON, July 16.—The result of the latest election returns makes it probable that Mr. Gladstone's majority in the house will be about fifty. The following is the polling of the different parties so far: Conservatives, 258; Unionists, 43; administration, 301; Liberals, 250; anti-Parnellites, 60; Parnellites, 81; Labor-tories, 3; opposition, 321.

Sir Charles Dilke has been elected to the house of commons for the Forest of Dean division of Gloucestershire by 3,619 majority. This was the chief feature in the elections.

When the result was announced the supporters of Sir Charles Dilke wanted to place him in a chair and carry him in triumph to his hotel. Sir Charles refused to allow this, however, and an enthusiastic crowd escorted him to the hotel. Sir Charles' wife, her face beaming with smiles, met him on the steps, from which Sir Charles delivered an address thanking his supporters.

After a most bitter fight Sir Charles Dilke has again been given an opportunity to re-enter public life. The fight against him was not waged so much on political grounds, for the Forest of Dean division, in which he stood, has always given good Liberal majorities, but because of his connection with the famous Crawford divorce case.

Editors Elect Officers.

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., July 16.—The New York State Press association elected the following officers: President, A. C. Kessinger, Sentinel, Rome; vice presidents, John A. Fleischer, Mail and Express, New York; Russell B. Harrison, Frank Leslie's, New York; William H. Clark, Standard, Cortland; Garry A. Willard, Herald, Boonville, secretary and treasurer, A. C. Bunnell, Advertiser, Dansville.

Judge Deming Must Show Cause.

NEW HAVEN, July 16.—State Attorney Doolittle has brought suit against Judge Lucius P. Deming to make him show cause why he holds the position of judge of the criminal common pleas court. Judge Deming has been holding the office since the expiration of his term, owing to the legislative muddle.

A Doctor Missing.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—Dr. Leonard A. Hudson, residing at 1506 Susquehanna avenue, a well known practitioner, has not been seen nor heard from since Sunday, June 5, when he left home with the intention of visiting his brother in the lower section of the city, saying he would return in the evening.

Colonel Stevenson Sued.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 16.—Colonel W. H. Stevenson, formerly vice president and general manager of the Housatonic railroad, has been sued for $30,000 by the company for money due. All of Colonel Stevenson's property in this city and his summer residence in Fairfield have been levied upon.

The Negroes Disarmed.

PADUCAH, Ky., July 16.—All is quiet now in this city and there is no fear of further trouble. Over 300 firearms were seized in the negro quarter and a number of the leaders of the mob arrested.

Is Billy Madden a Bigamist.

HOBOKEN, N. J., July 16.—Miss Eileen McGinnis eloped with and was married to Billy Madden, the pugilist. It is said Madden has another wife in New York.

An Anti-German Rebellion.

BERLIN, July 16.—The Zanzibar correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt telegraphs that an anti-German rebellion has broken out in Unlamiembe.

Senator O'Connor's Affliction.

SARATOGA, July 16.—Virginia Scott Matthew, wife of Senator Eugene F. O'Connor, of Brooklyn, died at their Saratoga residence, aged forty-four.

A Touch of Nature.

OTTAWA, July 16.—One possible result of the St. Johns fire is the annexation of Newfoundland to Canada, owing to the sympathy and aid given.

An Unsatisfactory Purchase.

Lord A.—Don't you think you ought to call me "dear?"

His American Wife—Yes; at any price.—Life.

FASHIONS

THE NEWEST MILLINERY.

Three Pretty Shapes That Are Most Becoming—Hat Trimmings.

Ladies who can make their own hats and bonnets are fortunate, for the time has gone by when one new hat or bonnet could do service for a season, even with the most economical dresser. We must now have a different head gear for every different dress, and for every different hour of "outing."

The hat shown in the group is of cream lace, very light and pretty in effect, trimmed with a number of pale pink ostrich feathers, and bows of deep pink velvet.

The first small bonnet of black guipure and jet, with a pleated edge of gold. Pale blue ribbon bows are seen in front, surmounted by jetted ornaments and a "Mephisto" aigrette.

The other bonnet is of white amour chip, trimmed high in front with mauve pansies, bows of mauve velvet ribbon, and a jetted "Mephisto" aigrette. Pansies are also seen under the brim of the bonnet next the hair. The strings are of velvet.

The wings which now trim hats are no longer made of feathers, or plucked from a real bird; but they are made of plaited and spangled mousseline-de-soie or tulle, edged with a narabout fringe. Pearls and real jewels are also used to trim hats and bonnets.

The Looted City of Chicago.

LONDON, July 16.—The stores of the wrecked steamship City of Chicago have been looted. The bottled beer and tobacco have been stolen, and fishermen are selling the bacon, which they have dragged out of the sea, at a penny a pound.

More Food for Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 16.—The steamer Leo, from New York, loaded with provisions for the Russian famine sufferers, has arrived.

Major Dreeman's Shortage.

CLEVELAND, July 16.—Major L. C. Overman's shortage of United States moneys, it has been estimated, amounts to about $40,000.

Mrs. Harrison's Condition.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., July 16.—Dr. Gardner says Mrs. Harrison has improved wonderfully and will soon be fully recovered.

A Postmaster Robbed the Mails.

HUNTSVILLE, Mo., July 16.—Postmaster William G. Higginbotham has been arrested for robbing the mails.

To Assess the Stockholders.

BOSTON, July 16.—The stockholders of the Maverick National bank are to be assessed.

Everybody Likes Me,

ANTI-CHAP
Recommended by Gunmakers
FOR
CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, LIPS, ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN, and WRINKLES
ANTI-CHAP is SPLENDID YOU SHOULD ALL DRUGGISTS
ALL 25¢ USE IT.

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

ON SALE TO-DAY

Our Spring Line of

Perfect Fitting Percale Shirts.

Several new patterns this Spring never shown before

CALL AND SEE THEM.

O. M. DUNHAM,

Hatter and Furnisher.

46 West Front Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—37 North avenue, with Woolston & Boutts.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest ice bet rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grand avenue, North Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
R. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,

No. 28 SOMERSET STREET,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 66 West Third Street,

Dealer in Choice

Wines, Liquors, etc.

BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete educatio of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address

NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders' Cards.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter

and

General Jobber.

SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue.

Store doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet

MAKER.

Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

John Peterson,

SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.

Residence 14 Linden avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,

28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER,

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters and Builders.

W. J. PIERSON, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. GAYLE, No. 10 Vine street.

All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,

PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER,

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

Residence—Grandview avenue.

P. O. Box 512.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter & Builder.

Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Fyona.

P. O. Box 1298

Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all Kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER.

Residence—64 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Second Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class Work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1041.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Dealer in Seasoned and hard wood mantel makes. Shop corner of Grand and Second streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

Residence, 8 Sargent street.

38c.

Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with Linen bosom and wristbands; regular 50c. quality.

17c.

Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.

Window Shades 25c. and upward.

Dress Chambies 5c. Best Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article, a select

50c. Formosa Oolong

TEA, to make a

Delicious Iced Tea.

Fresh roasted Coffee received weekly. Store where received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.

NEUMANN BROS.

79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE

Furniture Moved

To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Large covered trucks.

30 W. Second street.

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.

Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

GEORGE VOEHL,

the

CONFECTIONER,

is now prepared to furnish

Parties & Receptions

with Delicious

ICE CREAM

in bricks.

15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 45 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

IF !

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.

The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and its prices are right.

Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 94. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
3 piece Parlor Suits, Hair Mattress, 45 lbs.	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Man Feather Pillows	75 cents
Rider Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Shades, plain; holland or cambric, Oil Cloth, 25 to 45c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portierres curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.

T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : : : NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 14, a. 27, 6 58, 7 45, a. 30, 6 32, 7 36, 7 58, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 10 04, 11 32 p. m., 12 00 noon. 12 02, 1 02, 1 04, 2 02, 3 02, 4 02, 5 02, 6 02, 7 02, 8 02, 9 02, 10 02, 11 02 p. m. 12 02 night. Sunday, 8 14, 8 44, 9 02, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30, a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday at 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. Passengers for Newark change cars at Rimbeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 45, 7 17, 8 17, 9 47 a. m., 12 17, 1 47, 3 17, 4 47, 6 17, 7 47, 9 47, 11 17 p. m. Sunday at 8 47, 9 47, 10 47 a. m., 12 17, 1 47, 3 17, 4 47, 6 17, 7 47, 9 47, 11 17 p. m. 12 47 night. Leave Somerville at 6 15, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 3 15, 4 45, 6 15, 7 45, 9 45, 11 15 p. m. Sunday at 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 3 15, 4 45, 6 15, 7 45, 9 45, 11 15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND RARITAN.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 8 17, 9 47 a. m., 1 47, 3 17, 6 17, 9 47 p. m. Sunday at 8 47, 9 47 a. m., 1 47, 3 17, 6 17, 9 47 p. m. 12 47 night.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 9 45, a. m. 1 55, 5 20 p. m. Sundays 8 55 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5 15 a. m. for Flemington Junction, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 30 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, passing for stations on High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Sunbury and Williamsport.

8 45 a. m. for Junction connecting for Dover, N. J.

9 00 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton and Tamaqua.

9 30 a. m. for Junction connecting for Dover, N. J.

4 30 p. m. for Flemington.

5 20 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

6 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport and Tamaqua.

8 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

9 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7 37, 8 05, 10 37, 11 09 a. m., 1 05, 2 30, 4 05, 5 10, 6 41 p. m. Sundays 8 05, 11 09 a. m., 4 05 p. m. Arrive at Long Branch 9 17, 9 45, 11 47, 12 19 a. m., 2 15, 3 40, 5 15, 6 20, 7 51 p. m. Sundays 9 45, 12 19 a. m., 5 15 p. m. Arrive at Ocean Grove 9 31, 9 59, 11 59, 12 33 a. m., 2 29, 3 54, 5 29, 6 34, 8 05 p. m. Sundays 9 59, 12 33 a. m., 5 29 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY.

For Atlantic City 2 37 a. m., 1 05 p. m. For Cape May 2 37 a. m., 11 09 a. m., 1 05 p. m., 4 05, 5 41 p. m. Sundays 2 37 a. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia 5 15, 6 35, 7 35, 8 15, 9 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 10, 1 35, 2 35, 3 40, 4 35, 5 30, 6 30, 7 17, 8 10, 9 30, 11 00 p. m., 12 midnight. Sundays 5 15, 6 35, 7 35, 8 15, 9 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 10, 1 35, 2 35, 3 40, 4 35, 5 30, 6 30, 7 17, 8 10, 9 30, 11 00 p. m., 12 midnight.

For Baltimore and Washington at 2 37, 5 15, 6 35, 7 35, 8 15, 9 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 10, 1 35, 2 35, 3 40, 4 35, 5 30, 6 30, 7 17, 8 10, 9 30, 11 00 p. m., 12 midnight. Sundays at 2 37, 5 15, 6 35, 7 35, 8 15, 9 05, 10 45 a. m., 12 10, 1 35, 2 35, 3 40, 4 35, 5 30, 6 30, 7 17, 8 10, 9 30, 11 00 p. m., 12 midnight.

For Washington only, 12 01 night.

Through tickets and baggage checked to all points at the office of the company, foot of Liberty street, North River, New York.

J. M. SCHELL, Superintendent.
C. G. HANCOCK, Gen. Pass. Agt. Philadelphia.
H. P. BALDWIN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. N. York.

Elocutionists.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Albert, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French Lectures, class or private lessons; residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms as tried before, write to Prof. A. Virgus, care of Misses Scribner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON.
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Employment Office, 26 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines, and shrubs. 6 30 tf

H. N. SPENCER,
Hay, 76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and seedsman. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Ammunition. W. G. C. rock quality powder. Fishing tackle, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes. Cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CHASE,

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery,

Bicycles, Bolters and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Sandblast bottling and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkman street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 320 Fourth avenue.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street,

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 13 Ty

BROWN & HILL,

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in POSCHE'S BLOCK, 128 North Avenue. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Rose bank stand covered with the choicest.

PURE MILK.

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. D. SCHENCK.

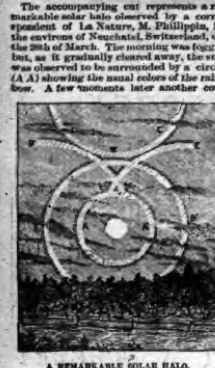
A postal addressed to No. 69 Rose Street will receive prompt attention. 11 Ty

Science Gossip.

SOLAR AND LUNAR HALOS.

An Unusually Large and Beautiful Solar Halo Observed in Switzerland.

The accompanying cut represents a remarkable solar halo observed by a correspondent of La Nature, M. Phillippin, in the environs of Neuchatel, Switzerland, on the 26th of March. The morning was foggy, but, as it gradually cleared away, the sun was observed to be surrounded by a circle (*A A*) showing the usual colors of the rainbow. A few moments later another con-



A REMARKABLE SOLAR HALO.

centric halo (B B) appeared, followed by an arc of a circle tangent to it (C C), and following this two smaller arcs (D D and E E). The point Z was exactly in the zenith, and was of an unusual and remarkable luminosity. All of the circles and arcs were as brilliantly colored as any rainbow. After a short time the halo faded away, the various circles disappearing in a reverse order to that in which they appeared. That is the arc D vanished first and A last. The halo lasted for over an hour, the luminous point Z being the last portion to disappear, and persisting for nearly two hours.

Popular Science News, to which we are indebted for the foregoing, says that although solar and lunar halos are not uncommon they are rarely seen as perfect as the one here described. They are formed by the refraction and reflection of light through drops of water or crystals of ice in the upper atmosphere, in a similar way to the ordinary rainbow. They are generally considered to indicate rainy weather, and in many cases they may do so, as they certainly indicate the presence of an excess of moisture in the air under conditions favorable to precipitation. The old superstition that the number of stars included in a lunar halo indicates the number of days before the storm will be due has, of course, no foundation in fact. "Sun dogs," or mock suns, are similar phenomena to the solar halos, where certain points—like Z, for instance—are very bright and the connecting circles so faint that they are not easily seen. These conditions result in an apparent increase in the number of suns in the heavens, and are referred to by ancient writers as a most frightful omen and a prognostication of great evils to come.

Remarkable Reproduction.

A correspondent of Science, who has been investigating the natural history of the snail, states the following:

Age at which reproduction begins, five months.

Frequency of broods, one in about two and seven-tenth days.

Number in each brood, thirty average.

Reproductive period, four months, March to July.

Certain facts, however, seem to warrant an extension of at least two months in the above period of reproduction over that actually observed by the correspondent, and he says:

Assuming that the reproductive season extends from March to September, and assuming further, somewhat arbitrarily, that the snail lives but two years, we have the following estimate of the total number of the offspring of a single pair:

At close of first season	1,935
930 pairs at close of second season	1,865,550
Original pair at close of second season	1,935
Total number of offspring in two years	*1,867,485*

A New Safety Device for Elevators.

The frequency of elevator accidents due to the doors having been left open has led an ingenious New York man to devise an electrical apparatus by which it is impossible for the elevator to move until all the entrances to the shaft are closed. The Industrial World describes its workings thus: Each door is connected by a closed circuit with a pair of magnets controlling a lever which, in case a door is open and the circuit thus broken, will come in contact with projections on the starting wheel, thus preventing the operation of the machinery. Not until the door is closed, making the circuit complete again, will the lever be withdrawn from the projections and allow of any movement of the starting gear.

Scientific Brevities.

A steam bicycle is the interesting invention of a Georgia genius. The boiler is run with gasoline for fuel.

Professor Bardelben, of Germany, says that in the next war the ratio of recoveries of those who can be removed still living from the field will be larger than formerly. The modern bullet kills and wounds more men than did the old ball, but the wounds which it causes, if they are not of a directly fatal nature, open to the surgeon as a general rule a far more promising field for exercising his skill and activity than those which were caused by the old bullet.

A new chemical element, which its discoverers have named "*Musirium*," from the Arabic name for Egypt, is exciting attention. It has been found in a new substance discovered in 1890 by Johnson Pasha in the bed of an old river in upper Egypt, long since dried up.

A color apparently identical with indin ink can be produced by the action of sulphuric acid on camphor, according to a correspondent of The Chemical News.

Electricity is now utilized in a new method for testing the atmosphere of mines, employed in Germany.

It has been found, says a writer in The Industrial American, that covering a wooden door with tin proves more fireproof than an iron door. When iron is turn unless exposed to the atmosphere. Placing a piece of wood in an air tight tube, the tube may be heated almost red hot without more than charring the outside of the wood.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

CANNING FRUITS.

Miss Maria Parloa's Directions for Securing Best Results by This Method.

First, the fruit must be sound; next, every utensil used must be clean; again, the cans must be airtight; finally, the cans and fruit must be made free from germs and air before sealing, and the canned fruit be kept in a dark, cool, dry place. We know that when the germs are killed and the air is excluded sugar is not necessary for the *preservation of the fruit.* But there are few kinds of fruit that are not improved by some sugar, because it fixes the color and flavor and gives much finer results. Some kinds of fruit require but little sugar for this purpose, while others are poor indeed without a generous amount. Where fruits are too dry to give out enough juice to generously cover them a light syrup should be used. But in the juicy fruits avoid water if possible. A good rule in the case of small berries is to allow one-third of a pound of sugar to each pound of fruit.

For fruit like peaches, pears, plums, etc., make a light syrup. Quinces must first be cooked in clear water until tender. Is paring fruit use silver plated knives, and drop each piece as soon as pared into a bowl of cold water, which has been made acid by the addition of lemon juice. This prevents the fruits from turning dark. Use earthern bowls and wooden or silver plated spoons. Avoid any delay while doing this work. Set the peaches and plums put a little of the fruit into a wire basket and plunge it into boiling water for three minutes. Take the basket from the boiling water and plunge it into cold water for a few seconds; then turn its contents into an earthern dish and pare with a silver knife. Farewell the juice that falls into this bowl. When the work is properly done, the skin will peel off perfectly smooth.

To fill the jars, have on the stove two pans partially filled with water. Let the water in one be boiling, but in the other not so hot that the hand cannot be held in it with comfort. Put a few jars and covers in the cooler water, turning them now and then until all parts become warm; then put them in the boiling water. This does away with all danger of breaking. When the jars have stood in the boiling water drain, fill and seal them one at a time. In filling the jars be sure that they stand level, that the syrup has filled all the interstices between the fruit and that it also runs over the tops of the jars. Every with this overflowing of the syrup it will be found that after cooling the can is not quite full, but if the work has been properly done the fruit will keep all right.

Currant Hummery.

To the juice of two quarts of mashed and strained currants add one pint of granulated sugar. Out of this take one pint to boil, upon one pint of rice, which must be blended till it is smooth. Boil the remainder of the juice in a farina kettle, in which stir the thickened. Juice carefully to prevent lumping. Cook till thick, *pour into one large or several small cup* molds. Set on the ice and serve with sweetened cream.

To Try the Oven's Heat.

A French authority on cooking gives these rules for testing the heat of an oven: Try it with a piece of white paper. If the heat the paper will blacken or blaze up; if it becomes a light brown it is fit for pastry; if it turns dark yellow it is fit for bread and the coarser kinds of cake; if light yellow the oven is ready for sponge cake and the lighter kinds of desserts.

Wash the Teapots.

Teapots may be thoroughly washed with strong soda and water; rinse well and dry them perfectly, leaving them open for a time to air. This prevents the curious hay-like mould sometimes noticed in such things when they have been allowed to stand closely shut when damp. Some housekeepers use sapollo for this same purpose.

New Designs for Handmade Laces.

Good Housekeeping illustrates and furnishes directions for making the following useful crochet edges:

New Point Lace—Six chain, join with one treble. Turn. Five chain, one treble. Turn. Fifth chain, one treble, seven chain, one treble. Turn. Three chain, twenty treble, *two-thirds, one treble.* Turn. Five chain, one treble, ten holes made of two chain, one treble. Turn. The points are finished one by one as follow: Nine sin-

BUTTERFLY LACE AND POINT LACE.

gle crochet, nine afghan stitches, then seven, then five, then three, and finally *one loop on the needle. Work down the* side of the point with slip stitches, and begin another point, making three as illustrated. Of course the lace can be made wider by putting more open work before the points are finished, or by making shells on the straight edge.

Butterfly lace is simple and very pretty *for the baby's clothes. It should be made* from No. 36 thread and with rather fine hook. It must be crocheted closely or it will lack the beauty of the pattern. It is a new design and is intended for those who have intimated that narrow laces are never pretty. Twelve chain, four chain, picot, make five chain four times, fastening with single crochet under picot. Each five chain has eight single crochet under the four chain, one treble.

Custard Toast.

Bring a quart of milk to the boiling, season and add two eggs well beaten. Boil one minute and pour over six slices of buttered toast. Put in the oven until the custard is set.

Cheese Straws.

Roll rich pie crust very thin; grate cheese thickly over it; fold several times and roll again; cut in fine strips and bake to a rich brown.

More people were executed in England during the reign of King Henry VIII than ever before or since in the whole little island, the number reaching 71,400.

GOOD HEALTH

POISONOUS STINGS AND BITES.

What to Do When Stung by Wasps or Bees or Bitten by Poisonous Serpents.

Stings of insects sometimes cause troublesome local inflammations, and when a large extent of surface is stung—as by a swarm of bees—there may be symptoms of severe depression. The application of a solution of ammonia (either a couple of drops of a solution of carbonate of ammonia, or of aromatic spirits of ammonia, or of diluted "hartshorn") to the injured part will at once relieve pain. A pinch of table salt dampened with water and rubbed in often has a similar effect. Where there is severe depression stimulants must be administered internally. Stings of the throat occasionally occur from swallowing a wasp or bee, *and are liable to be followed by* inflammation and swelling of the larynx, sufficiently intense in some instances to demand scarification and even laryngotomy. Popular Science News, which is authority for the foregoing, says in regard to the bites of poisonous serpents:

The bites are always attended with much collapse—often fatal by the depression, nervousness or vomiting, and sometimes stupor. Locally, there is great pain in the part, rapid swelling, redness, discoloration and occasionally inflammation and suppuration. The proper treatment consists in sucking the part where practicable—applying a bandage tightly across the bite to prevent, if possible, absorption of the poison—and the internal administration of stimulants. Cauterization of the wound with the hot iron or nitrate of silver stick is beneficial if attempted at once. The wound may be excised with a sharp penknife or other instrument on the spot. Some antiseptic should be applied to the wound. Large amounts of alcoholic stimulants are in order, or ammonia (five to ten drops of aqua ammonia or a teaspoonful of aromatic spirits of ammonia, well diluted, given at a dose) may be substituted. Better use whisky or brandy internally and apply aqua ammonia to the wound.

Ice Cream for Stomach Troubles.

The value of ice cream as a remedy for certain intestinal troubles is being considerably advanced. Some physicians, indeed most, permit it through typhoid fever, always insisting it shall be of the purest make. *To the story recently going* the rounds of the press of an entire cure of a case of ulcer of the stomach by the sole and constant use of ice cream, may be added that of a woman known to a correspondent of The Christian at Work. She suffered from a serious affection directly traceable to dipping her handkerchief in her physician finally put her upon ice cream as a sole diet. For eleven months she literally lived upon ice cream with the result of effecting a complete and apparently permanent cure. The theory is that the cream furnishes ample nourishment, while the diseased intestines, chilled from the low temperature of the food, are prevented *from getting* up inflammation during the process of digestion carried on by the healthy parts.

Drinking Milk.

Do not swallow milk fast and in such big gulps. As one physician directed, "chew it;" in other words, sip it slowly, a teaspoonful at a time. Many persons who like milk, and know its value as a strength giver, think they cannot use it because it gives them indigestion. Most of these could use it freely if they would only drink it in the way we have described, or if they would better still, drink it hot.

Immunity from Diseases.

Medical authorities state that the Japanese are not liable to scarlet fever, and the negroes are equally exempt from yellow fever. If one could ascertain what constitution it is that confers upon them this exemption, the discovery would certainly be a valuable one.

ETIQUETTE

SOCIETY ACQUAINTANCES.

Fashionable Society Constructed Largely on the Give-and-Take Principle.

"Whether new acquaintances can be made in a large place" or not depends much upon who puts the question. To many people the social doors do not open as they had hoped, and the public ones need a golden key. All the best seats at the theaters, operas and concerts are at prices above their means, and inferior places are beneath their position. Clearly it is not these who can make new acquaintances in *town, if by acquaintances is meant those* who have the power and the will to help them to a place in society and to association with their equals; therefore from a social point of view their settling in town is a mistake. They would have done better elsewhere—say in a good country neighborhood, where they would be called upon *by the neighbors and launched into the* society of the place, be it much or little. It is generally allowed that city society is constructed strictly on the give-and-take principle.

To associate with and to invite those who can reflect luster and fashion upon their acquaintances, and whose presence at an entertainment is considered a social success, is a weakness that society is more or less prone to. One word, however, must be said for society. Ought strangers to expect it, as a matter of course, to open its arms to them, to receive them on their own merits and without any particular passport to its favor?

There are, however, delightful exceptions, as every one knows, to the broad level of fashionable life to be met with—those who associate with their fellows solely on the ground of liking and partial to friendship and affection, and for the pleasure that congenial spirits find in each other's company; but these form a small minority in the great bulk of general society.

New acquaintances are not easy to make even by people fairly well off and well connected. Their smart connections are too often of little use to them beyond the fun of being able to allude to them occasionally. Their position enables them to spare some fashionable acquaintances, but few rather than many, and they gradually realise that they cannot obtain at society's hands more in proportion than they are able to give.

This Date in History—July 16.

215 B. C.—Carneades, Greek philosopher and atheist, born at Cyrene; died 129 B. C.

1212—Hostile cross from which the Mohammedans reckoned time, or flight of Mohammed from Mecca.

1567—Anne Askew martyred at Smithfield.

1767—Thomas Aniello (by contraction Masaniello), revolutionary leader, murdered by the populace at Naples.

1801—Pierre le Moyne, Sieur d'Iberville, born in Montreal; died 1706; founder of Louisiana.

1723—*Sir Joshua Reynolds* born; died 1792.

1790—Margaret Gordon Moncrieffe Kennard, the Marquis d'Ossoli, and son Angelo, drowned off Fire Island beach, L. I.

1816—Pierre Jean de Beranger, French lyrical poet, died.

1822—Mrs. Abraham Lincoln died at Springfield, Ills., aged 67.

1855—The Virginia Republicans nominated John A. Wise, Confederate veteran and son of ex-Governor Henry A. Wise, for governor.

1865—Edward C. F. Judson (Ned Buntline), died at Stamford, N. Y., aged 61.

Waterproof.

Toto stands in ecstatic contemplation in front of an India rubber warehouse.

"Mamma, say, what's that?"

"That is a diver's costume."

"Oh, do buy me one, mamma dear!"

"What for?"

"For when you wash me!"—Exchange.

Seasonable.

Summer is late this year, but it has come at last. A dealer in bones fuel, not having been able to clear out his stock, has posted on his door the following notice: "Good firewood for the summer season, giving out very little heat."—Intransigeant Illustre.

Cause and Effect.

Clubberly—Didn't you call on Miss Pinkerly the other night in your new suit?

Tutter—Yes, why do you ask?

Clubberly—Just her luck next morning and she was so deaf she couldn't hear a word I said.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Close Relationship.

"Jane, who was that man with whom you walked out last evening?"

"Please 'm, my twin brother."

"But he's not a bit like you?"

"You know, ma'am, we are step twins."—Ulk.

1892			JULY.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:13 p. m.	Third Quarter	16	6:42 p. m.
Full Moon	9	8:44 p. m.	New Moon	23	9:21 p. m.
			Third Quarter	31	6:46 p. m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Example: Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Washington Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——, Reporter.
Watchung Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable † Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
Bar First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE.
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

PAUSE!
IN YOUR DOWN TOWN CAREER
And turn your steps toward our store.
WHERE YOU CAN BUY
Fine Table Butter from 18c lb up. Standard Granulated Sugar 4½c. lb. Mason's Fruit Jars, 75c. dozen. Try our Laguyra Coffee, 30c. lb. It's fine.
Our 35c. Formosa Tea will compare favorably with that sold in most stores for 60c lb.
HEADQUARTERS FOR ROOT BEER—ALL KINDS.
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE.
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer. Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

About Stockings.
We place on sale three good values in Hose for ladies, gentlemen and children. The ladies' and gentlemen's hose you buy for 25c. per pair, and the children's for 13c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye.
Wash Dress Fabrics.
A little late in the season to buy wash dress goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more *in favor of the buyer.*
There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Satteen at 13 and 18c., Bedford Cord at 10c., Figured India Linen at 13c., Irish Lawn at 12c., and Challies 5c. Matting.
We start a clearing up sale of Matting, and will close our entire stock at actual cost.
VanEmburgh & White

For Three Weeks
I will sell
1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles
$50 LESS
THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.
Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.
Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
that A. G. VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.
COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.
..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
....Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks....
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

A NEW SUPPLY OF
LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,
IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.
These goods are well made and neat-fitting.
GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.
The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's
Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,
at
EDSALL'S!

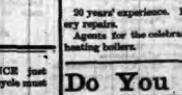
In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I.
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes walk from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
6 13 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
13 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEE TEA



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Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
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Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 62. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY JULY 18, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

For Plainfield and vicinity warmer; generally fair weather; southwest winds.

BREVITIES

Plainfield defeated Elizabeth in the cricket match Saturday afternoon.

A special meeting of Gazelle Engine Company will be held to-night at eight o'clock.

A large number of wheelmen from New York and Brooklyn visited this city yesterday.

A young man was fined three dollars for drunkenness and disorderly conduct at the Police Court this morning.

A special meeting of the Common Council will be held this evening to act upon the street railway extension.

No game has yet been arranged for Wednesday. It is probable that the Crescents will play out of town on that day.

Several of the Y. M. C. A., boys are spending their vacation at that beautiful spot, Wanamassa Camp, near Asbury Park.

We are informed by the mail-carriers of this city, that there are more strangers residing in our city, this season, than in any previous year.

Special editions of the Springfield Union containing reports of the College Students Conference, at Northfield, may be obtained at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

A large number from Plainfield and vicinity, visited Washington Rock yesterday afternoon. The view was excellent owing to the clearness of the atmosphere.

Pavise, better known as Boynton Beach, is attracting a great number of young people from this city. A party will go to that favorite resort from here on Wednesday.

First Baptist Sunday-school excursion to Ocean Grove and Asbury Park, Wednesday, July 20th. Train leaves Plainfield eight o'clock, returning leaves Asbury Park at six o'clock.

The display of the aurora borealis on Sunday night was magnificent. From 10 o'clock until midnight wonderful lights flashed across the heavens from east to west and from the horizon to the zenith. The most remarkable and beautiful was about 11.45 o'clock.

Mr. J. E. Townsend, formerly of Westfield, N. J., has started in business in this place and calls attention to that fact elsewhere in the NEWS. Some years ago in the Fairview Cemetery at Westfield is Frank Townsend's marble works. He has received a favorable reception here.

The proposed new sewerage system for Plainfield will, it is estimated, cost $150,000 for twenty miles of it, including the outlet. The scheme for combining it to flow on as and got left on because of the News exposures was to cost $100,000. What a nice plum this would have been to take out of the taxpayers' pockets? But we have honest men at the helm now.

The Gun Club Shoot.

On Thursday and Friday of this week, the Independent Gun Club of this city, will hold a tournament, open to the world, at blue rock targets. There will be ten events each day, and each alternate event will be from known traps at known angles. Targets will be sold at three cents each, and for each target sold one-half a cent will be reserved to create a fund for average prizes. The fact that "Dutch" Smith will be manager general and "Tee Kay" Keller second in command is a guarantee of a good time with no favorite to be played.

Will not Pay the Fine.

An ordinance was recently passed at Hasbrouck Heights requiring riders to carry lanterns after dark and bells at all times. The chief of police arrested two riders in a rather questionable manner. He himself had kept concealed, and springing from under cover as the wheelmen passed, made the arrest. The ordinance requires that riders shall sound an alarm on the approach of a vehicle, crossing, or persons, and the chief's action has caused much indignation among the wheelmen. The fine is $10, but the wheelmen have not paid it.

A Collision.

The carriages of Mr. W. A. Lord, of Netherwood, and Lawyer N. A. Stillman collided, in front of Compton's on Front street this morning.

Mr. Lord's carriage was uninjured, but the wheel on Mr. Stillman's carriage was taken completely off and two ladies who were occupying the carriage were thrown to the ground. The ladies were badly frightened but not injured.

"Jack" Highlands Coming.

The celebrated team representing the Boston Amateur Athletic Association are making a tour. The team is composed mostly of Harvard College players led by the famous Highlands. They play the New Jersey A. C. Tuesday and Thursday. On Wednesday, July 27th, they play the Crescents at this city and a fine game is expected.

The Sangerbund.

The members of the Sangerbund and their families enjoyed yesterday at their grove on the mountain. The day was spent very pleasantly.

Locked up.

Fred Naylor was sentenced to five days imprisonment for drunkenness and disorderly conduct by Justice Crossley, this morning.

FOUND AT LAST.

A SEVEN-YEAR-OLD BOY SUPPOSED TO BE DROWNED.

He was Last Seen Saturday Afternoon Playing Near the Dam on the Bank of Tier's Lake, with Other Children.—Discovered this Morning.

A seven-year-old son of a Scotchman, residing on Somerset street, was supposed to have been drowned in Tier's lake.

The boy was last seen playing near the dam of the lake with several other children, all of whom had been accounted for but this boy.

Yesterday afternoon and all evening searchers were fishing in the lake, near the bridge, with rakes, trying to find the body, but without success.

Another party meanwhile were engaged in the same manner near the dam.

About eight o'clock last evening it was reported that the body had been found by the man raking the bottom of the lake near Elm place bridge, causing a large crowd to gather there from the borough.

The water at that place is very deep, and one of the men in a boat thought he had it fast to the rake, but before he could get the object to the surface, the current took it out of reach, and he could not find it again. Finally about nine o'clock the search was given up.

LATER.

The boy was found this morning about nine o'clock by his father, wandering near Dunellen. He probably spent the night in the woods near that place.

PERSONAL

Miss Leah Coombs, of Westervelt avenue, is visiting friends in Norwalk, Conn.

Dr. J. A. Coles, of Scotch Plains, is registered at the Avon Inn at Avon-by-the-Sea.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dunn, formerly of this city, but recently of California, returned here yesterday.

Mr. Wm. F. Haemer, of Remsen street, Brooklyn, was the guest of his friend, Mr. Charles Geopfert of Emily street, yesterday.

Messrs. F. L. C. Martin and A. T. Hinrichs left this city Saturday afternoon to attend the League of American Wheelmen Meet, at Washington.

The Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist church of this city, is spending part of the Summer at the Demarest, Asbury Park. Mrs. Mitchell accompanies him.

Lieutenant V. Christofferson, of the Salvation Army, spent Saturday and Sunday at his home, 106 Somerset street. He left yesterday for Waterbury, Conn., Sunday, where he, has been working for the last few months, and from there he will proceed to his new appointment, Rockville, Conn., where he expects to be for the next six months.

Mr. Thomas Keller, the manager of the Crescent Lawn Tennis, will leave about August 4th for Denver, Colo., where he will attend the Grand Knight Templar conclave which is to meet at that city. Mr. Keller will then make an extended trip West in the interest of his firm, and will probably not return to this city for several weeks. During his absence Mr. Charles A. Reed will manage the team.

New Jersey will be represented at the American Whist League Congress in New York next week by Messrs. George Bates, B. Kempshall, John A. Simpson, F. W. Querean, Henry Kyte and A. P. Downer, expert players of the Fanwood Whist Club, which is the only club of the State to vote in the Congress. Four of Fanwood's delegates will compose a team to contest for the Hamilton trophy.

The Rev. Henry T. Miller, pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian church at Chicago, who has formally accepted the call to the pastorate of the First Presbyterian church in Plainfield, will enter on his new field of labor next month. He is a graduate of the University of Rochester and of Auburn Theological Seminary. He went to Chicago from Lockport, N. Y., fifteen years ago and took charge of the Sixth Presbyterian church. Then he was invited to the pastorate of the Fort street church in Detroit, and later to that of the Fifth Presbyterian church in Chicago.

Miss Ida May Raybert, a former resident of this city, but now of 27 Sussex avenue, Newark, has returned from the national convention, held at Asbury Park of the New Jersey Division, "National Tribune C. C. Guards, of which she has been commander the past year. Upon her resignation, a handsome elaborate gold badge was presented her by the members of the Division with the words handsomely engraved: "Presented to Miss Ida M. Raybert, by N. J. Division, N. T. C. C. Guards." Suspended over the badge by a tiny chain is a feather, above this a pretty bar bearing the motto of the order.

A Runaway.

A horse belonging to Mr. J. Williams, took fright at a bicycle on Seventh street near Plainfield avenue, on Saturday last and ran away.

Louis Perrine, 34 years of age, who was standing near the scene of the accident, ran forward and caught the horse.

Perrine was dragged nearly a hundred yards, but succeeded in stopping the horse.

The ladies are very grateful to him, and wish to reward him if he will call.

—Fine table butter in pots and tubs 19 cents a pound, at United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association.

LEAGUE BASE BALL.

PLAINFIELD AGAIN IN THE LEAD FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

The Crescents Win in the Lucky Ninth Inning, at Elizabeth, Saturday—A Game of Many Errors—Somerville Drops.

The figure "9" was a mascot, Saturday, for the home team. Ten runs were scored, ten base hits were secured, and to crown this, ten beautiful yellow errors were contracted. Elizabeth did nearly as well, with nine runs, ten hits and eight errors.

The game was excellent, up to the fifth inning, with the exception of two errors of Turners, and one each by Rammill and Leidy.

The Plainfields then by the aid of four hits, one being a home run of Turners, a passed ball, and errors by Rafferty, Williams and Murray, scored five runs.

It looked at this point of the game, as though the Crescents were easy winners. But such was not the case, as the Elizabeths, by securing two hits in the six, and two more in the seventh, succeeded in scoring two more runs. The score then being six to four in favor of the Plainfields.

In the eighth inning Elizabeth by bunching four hits, and assisted by errors of Murphy, Leidy and Rammill scored five runs, giving them a clear lead of three.

It then looked very gloomy and sad for the Crescents, but they did not give up. Elizabeth went to bat in the ninth inning and retired with a large blank to their credit.

It was then the Crescents only opportunity and it looked as though it was impossible to get three runs to the score, and four runs to win was out of the question.

Captain Hofford walked to the plate and by successful waiting, walked to first on four balls. Daley secured first base by an error of Murray's and Hofford went to second. Murphy then by strikes on him sacrificed, going out from Murray to Bowes. Turner showed what mettle he was composed of by making a beautiful three-bagger, which allowed Hofford and Daley to score. Jones struck out and Turner scored on an error of Francis, which also allowed Leidy to secure first base. The score was now tied, two men out and Leidy on first.

Bonner then had the opportunity of his life, and he accepted it by sending his ball out of sight, allowing Leidy to score and he himself to make third base.

The Plainfielders then showed the Elizabeth people how "Colorado of the East" air improved the lungs and continued the cry of "Rah! Rah!! Sis Rah! Boom!! We are the Crescents!! give us room!!!, yell until the team was well on its way to Plainfield.

The game while it was full of errors on both sides was very exciting and as long as the Crescents came out on top of the pile, all Plainfield was satisfied.

The score was as follows:

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	BH	SH	SB	PO	A	E
Hofford, c..	2	3	1	0	1	5	0	1
Daley, 3b..	5	2	1	0	0	0	1	1
Murphy, lf	5	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Turner, 1b..	4	2	2	0	0	1	2	0
Rammill, r.f.	5	0	1	0	2	0	0	1
Leidy, 2b..	5	1	2	0	0	2	3	1
Bonner, ss..	5	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
Jones, 1b...	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Sweeden, p..	4	0	2	0	1	0	1	1
	39	10	10	2	6	8	7	6

ELIZABETH.

	AB	R	BH	SH	SB	PO	A	E
Hughes, l.f..	5	0	2	0	0	1	2	1
Bowes, 1b..	5	1	1	1	0	0	2	1
Murray, s.s.	5	2	0	0	0	2	0	2
Williams, 3b	5	1	1	0	1	1	1	2
Berry, 2b..	5	0	2	3	0	0	2	2
Tierney, c.f	4	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
Rafferty, r.f.	4	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
Rafferty, c.	4	1	1	0	0	0	7	1
Francis, p..	4	2	1	0	2	0	1	2
	40	9	10	4	6	0	7	5

Two men out, when winning run was made.

Plainfield.....	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	4—10
Base hits.....	0	1	1	4	1	0	0	3—
Elizabeth.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	5	3—9
Base hits.....	0	0	1	1	0	2	4	0—

Earned runs, Plainfield 1; Elizabeth 2; Home runs—Turner, Bonner, Sweeden. Sacrifice hits, Daley, Murphy, Bonner, Bowes, Murray (2), Berry. Double play, Murray and Williams. Passed ball, Rafferty. Time of game, two hours and twenty minutes. Umpire, Mr. Hopkins.

There is weeping and wailing in Somerville. The crack aggregation, which has been making such rapid strides toward winning the pennant and championship of the New Jersey League, took a sudden drop Saturday, by being defeated by the tail-enders. It was not even an interesting game, as the Westfielders topped ahead in every inning and touched up Miller and Anderson for fourteen base hits. Only five hits being made from Clare. Hornerdod, as usual, made two errors.

The score was as follows:

WEST END.

	R.	Bh.	P.O.	A.	E.
Carbonell, c.f.....	1	1	0	1	0
Parrell, 2b.....	1	0	1	4	0
Carbonell, c.....	1	0	1	0	0
Harkins, 1b.....	0	1	10	1	1
Kennedy, c.....	0	0	9	2	1
Ryman, l.f.....	0	1	1	0	0
Moorehead, s.s.....	0	0	2	4	3
Hedges, 3b.....	0	0	0	2	0
Miller, p.....	0	0	0	0	1
Anderson, p.....	0	0	1	3	0
Total.....	3	5	*26	16	6

WESTFIELD, A. C.

Sharrott, 2b.....	2	4	1	4	0
Mc Idoe, lf.....	2	3	2	0	0
Lever, c.f.....	2	1	2	0	0
Gillis, r.f.....	2	2	1	0	0
Smith, 1b.....	2	2	11	0	1
Howe, s.s.....	0	0	1	3	0
Kenzie, 3b.....	2	1	2	2	0
Hornerdod, c.....	1	0	3	3	2
Clare, p.....	1	1	2	2	0
Total.....	13	14	27	6	3

*McIndoe out for not touching first base.

West End.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0—2
Westfield, A.C.	0	2	0	3	1	0	0	1	0—7

Earned runs—Westfield, 3. Two-base hits—Ryman, Cadmus, Sharrott, McIndoe (2), Smith, Clare. Three-base hits—Sharrott, Howe. Home runs—Sharrott, Gillis. Stolen bases—West End, 5; Westfield, 3. Double play—Anderson and Cadmus. Bases on Balls—Of Miller, 2; off Anderson, 1; off Clare, 2. Struck out—By Miller, 3; by Anderson, 2; by Clare, 4. Passed balls—Kennedy, 2. Wild pitch—Anderson. Time—1:45. Umpire—Hudson.

HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	Plainfield	Somerville	Elizabeth	Westfield	Games won.	Per cent.
Plainfield.....	*	2	2	2	6	.667
Somerville.....	2	*	2	1	5	.556
Elizabeth.....	2	2	*	1	5	.444
Westfield.....	1	1	2	*	4	.333
Games lost.....	2	4	5	6		

Summer Drinks.

One of our leading physicians says as follows:

The juice of various acid fruits, mixed with sugar and water, make, during the warm weather, delicious and wholesome beverages. They seem to have the power of quenching the the thirst, and at the same time give a small amount of nourishment to the blood.

Ice water, even very cold water, if taken plain, is bad, and will disorder the entire system, while the cold fruit drinks do not so quickly disagree; by the way, nothing in the form of a Summer drink is more healthful and strengthening than buttermilk. It strengthens and stimulates the weak stomach, and aids, rather than retards, digestion.

If persons knew the value of buttermilk I am sure more people would use it freely; in fact, I have known in some cases of indigestion to be entirely cured by the free use of buttermilk, and for those who are troubled with insomnia it is an excellent drink, it quiets the nerves and produces a sense of rest. It is a peculiar thing; persons who like it never tire of singing its praise, and its enemies never weary of wondering how persons can like it.

Patentees.

The following is a list of patents granted to Jerseymen for the week ending July 12, 1892:

Permutation lock, W. S. Chedister, Newark; new-draft gear for sewing machine, P. Diehl, Elizabeth; signal tower, F. D. F. Marston, Toms River; file, A. M. Strusbolm, Woodbridge; photographic printing machine, A. Urdy, Jr., Jersey City; coin-controlled device for phonograph, A. F. J. Ott, Jersey City; compass case for and feed water heater, H. D. Wendt, Hoboken; telephone repeater, T. A. Edison, Menlo Park; printing block (two patents) S. H. Horgan, Jersey City; clamp for fruit jars, C. P. Thomas, Williamstown; photographic camera, W. H. Bristol, Hoboken; mould for glass battery jars, J. Garner, Salem; nitro glycerine blasting powder, A. Brown, Newark; guarding sweeping machine, E. O. Pease, Jersey City; device for making bricks, W. H. D. Field, Millburn; paper dying and cutting apparatus, G. T. Leonhard, Paterson; design, J. Voorhees, Jersey City; trade mark, four patents, the W. J. Wilson Manufacturing Company, Guttenburg; trade mark, E. R. Farren, Paterson.

Whooping Cough an Epidemic.

AZELIA, O., July 18th. (Special.)—Whooping cough has infested this village. The attack is virulent, and spares neither child nor adult. Out of a population of 600, at least 450 persons are afflicted with it. Even the domestic animals are stricken and deaths are numerous. More adults than children have died.

The Republican Alphabet.

A is for Action,
B is for Boom,
C is for cracking
Democratic tom-tom!
E is for Early;
F is for Fight,
G is for Go it—
Hit 'em just right!
I is for in is,
J is for Jones,
Kicker's to kick
'Em out of them!
M is for Mahone,
N is for Not,
O is for Out-of-it,
P is for Pension,
Q is for Question,
R is for Rings,
S is for Solid,
T is for Tight,
U is for Union,
V is for Vim
Which we propose
'Xtending to him!
Y is our yelling,
Z is our zeal,
And so on for all the rest.—National Bulletin.

Will they Celebrate?

The people at Westfield may celebrate a centennial in two years, for according to an old book yellow with age and time worn they will be entitled to do so in 1894. The following is a part of the entry in the old book, on which the claim is based:

Whereas, the legislature of the State of New Jersey on January 27, 1794, enacted that part of the township of Elizabeth, describing this town's boundaries, should be put off from the township of Elizabeth and made a separate township, and to be called by the name of the township of Westfield; this being dated February 1, 1794. It is proposed that the committee who had charge of the late Fourth of July celebration be continued, and be instructed to look to the gathering of funds for a celebration on July 4, 1894.

Turn to the Right.

There appears to be a growing laxity hereabouts in the observance of the rule of the road, "Turn to the right as the law directs." Nowhere on earth is a very large proportion of the accidents resulting from collisions between bicycles and teams are due to neglect on the part of drivers in observing this very essential rule. Much of this neglect proceeds from carelessness, particularly in women driving by themselves, and sometimes from a total ignorance of a certain variety of the human hog who appears to consider, when he gets behind a horse, that he has all the law and rights than drivers are bound to respect. Unfortunately, curiously enough, has its inception in this country, the most reckless driving of this kind has been observed in newly imported English coachmen, who, in their sense of importance, appear to ignore such trifles as a difference in the law of the road from that prevailing in their old country. A few examples of prosecution for infraction of the law might exert a wholesome influence.—Bicycling World.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE SITUATION AT HOMESTEAD.

No Mechanics Report for Work Today—Quiet Reigns Supreme.

HOMESTEAD, July 18.—(Special.)—The situation about the Carnegie steel works this morning at the time when work usually begun was unchanged. The usual military guards were at their posts, and a number of strikers were in the streets brought out by expectation that some non-union men might arrive at any moment. They were all of the opinion, that no addition had been made during the night to the non-union men within the mills.

There was evident anxiety as to the course of events to-day, as yesterday had been full of ill-omen for the disarmed workmen.

A few minutes before seven one man arrived and was admitted without a question. Then came another and another, until twelve men had passed within the gates. They were not the mechanics who were summoned. They were not former employes returning to make individual application for their old positions. They were the watchmen and foremen who have remained loyal to the company and have been on duty since the mills shut down. Not one of the skilled mechanics reported at the office, and despite the official notice of Superintendent Potter work did not commence at the usual time to-day.

A German Officer Reported Murdered.

BERLIN, Germany, July 18, (Special.)—A despatch to the Tageblatt from Zanzibar reports that the natives of Unyanyembe have revolted and threaten the German forces.

The rumor is of serious import, as in case of a revolt the important station of Tabora will be endangered. The report is partly confirmed by a dispatch received by the German Anti-Slavery Lottery Committee to the effect that the united troops of Tabora and the expeditions under Count Sweinitz and Captain Spring recently attacked and captured the fortified town of Quikoso, belonging to Chief Sikki, after a hard struggle, in which three Germans were killed and eight were wounded, among the latter Count Sweinitz.

Stop, Read and Consider.

BUTTER FINE TABLE BUTTER, BUTTER
in
Pots and Tubs,
at
19 CENTS POUND.

UNITED TEA & COFFEE GROWERS' ASSO'N
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail.
29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A WOMAN wants work by the day. Is a good washer and ironer. Can give first days of the week. Address or call on Mrs. Perrine, 183 Somerset street, North Plainfield. 18 3

A SITUATION wanted by an American Protestant girl, sixteen years old to assist with housework and make herself generally useful. Is honest and obliging. Can give reference. Wages moderate. Address, all week, "M. W.," Dunellen Post Office, New Jersey. 18 6

WHEN out of employment this is the column to put your notice in. The people you want to reach read it.

YOUNG MAN who understands horses and cows wishes a situation. Address "F. M." care of EVENING NEWS. 16 3

HELP WANTED.

IF there is anyone in need of a situation they look here for your advertisement.

WANTED—A thoroughly competent girl for general housework, about September 1st. Box 783. 5 6

BOARDERS WANTED.

ROOMS with board at 80 East Front street. 15-8

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On the road to Scotch Plains, Saturday, 9th inst., a fur cape. Finder will be suitably rewarded. Address Mrs. J. L. Lee, 67 Leveland street, Orange.

STRAYED from 119 Rockview avenue, a red Irish setter. $5 reward for its return at once to T. B. Fenton, Jr., 119 Rockview avenue. 18 6

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit. May remain any length of time. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 17

FOR RENT.

HOUSE of five rooms to let. No. 39 Steiner place. 18 3

FOR SALE.

A GROCERY WAGON in good condition for sale cheap. Also a good set of single harness. Address 39 West Third street. 15 3

49,000 CELERY plants, extra fine. Greenhouse plants in variety at Denton's, 197 Hillside avenue. 15 5

A NON-RESIDENT offers to highest bidder, his horses, harness, 39 Sussex street and Grandview avenue; along line of electric street railway. 56 Dorchester avenue, Cleveland, O. 13 6

FOR SALE—Cheap—A safety bicycle second hand; in good condition; ball bearings. Easy payments. Address "G. W." care of EVENING NEWS. 16 4

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 tf

THE way to let the people know you have something for sale is to put that fact right under their head.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 5-20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Hadley's. 5 29tf

NEGLECT of the body is neglect of mind—Overtraining the mind wears out the body—And the remedy?

Now some E-O for breakfast.

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!
TOWNSEND'S
Marble and Granite Works,
No. 29 SOMERSET STREET, NEAR FRONT.
Branch yard Westfield, N. J.
We solicit your patronage and at prices to suit the times.
J. E. Townsend,
Manager. 18 1m

PAPIAC,
(Boynton Beach.)
Gala Day
Every Saturday.
The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.
A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given.
Every Saturday Afternoon.

First Baptist SUNDAY SCHOOLS
EXCURSION TO
Asbury Park and Ocean Grove,
on
Wednesday, July 20.
Trains leave Plainfield at 8 a. m., returning leave Asbury Park at 6.00 p. m.
Tickets for adults $1.25; children under 12 years of age 90c.
Stops will be made at Long Branch each way.
Tickets may be purchased at L. W. Randolph's pharmacy and at A. M. Vanderbeek's music store. 5 9 12 16 18 19

Report of the Condition
OF THE
City National Bank,
At Plainfield, in the State of New Jersey, at the close of business
July 12, 1892.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$267,031 24
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	60 71
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc	10,500 00
Due from approved reserve agents	126,414 39
Due from other National Banks	4,240 00
Due from State Banks and bankers	370 74
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	4,500 00
Current expenses	2,202 05
Taxes paid	1,000 00
Bills of other banks	35 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	45 24
Specie	19,721 00
Legal tender notes	5,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (five per cent. of circulation)	1,800 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than five per cent. redemption fund	900 00
Total	$507,269 79

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$150,000 00
Surplus fund	30,000 00
Undivided profits	10,000 00
National Bank notes outstanding	50,000 00
Dividends unpaid	2,400 00
Individual deposits subject to check	235,189 99
Demand certificates of deposit	9,449 80
Certified checks	80 00
Cashier's checks outstanding	99 79
Due to other National Banks	5,299 26
Due to State Banks and Bankers	3,849 95
Total	$507,269 79

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, } ss.
County of Union, }

I, F. H. Gardner, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. F. H. GARDNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of July, 1892. WM. F. ARNOLD, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
F. P. HUBBARD,
JOSEPH B. COWARD,
J. F. MACDONALD,
} Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
First National Bank
At Plainfield, in the State of New Jersey, at the close of business
July 12, 1892.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$371,471 05
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	61 60
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000 00
Due from approved Reserve Agents	140,000 00
Due from other National Banks	8,458 42
Due from State Banks and Bankers	1,000 00
Banking house, Furniture and Fixtures	11,087 51
Other real estate and mortgages owned	26,915 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	2,264 74
Premiums paid on U. S. Bonds	1,250 00
Bills of other banks	3,510 00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels and cents	1,134 05
Specie	13,000 00
Legal Tender Notes	15,000 00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,250 00
Total	$659,385 37

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$200,000 00
Surplus Fund	50,000 00
Undivided profits	30,000 00
National Bank notes outstanding	44,900 00
Dividends Unpaid	4,000 00
Individual Deposits subject to check	329,481 37
Demand certificates of deposit	80,904 00
Certified checks	99 00
Due to other National Banks	24 23
Total	$659,385 37

State of New Jersey, }
County of Union, }

I, F. P. Hubbard, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. F. P. HUBBARD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of July, 1892.

NELSON RUNYON,
Notary Public of N. J.

Correct—Attest,
H. S. DAVIS,
D. F. RANDOLPH,
F. M. FERGUS,
} Directors.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES.
At Harvard Academy, 107 Park avenue, Plainfield. Lessons in French and German. Terms reasonable. 18 3

EDITORIAL NOTES

Give Us a Clean Campaign.

So says The Review of Reviews, and its demand will be echoed by every American citizen. We want neither Irish nor English electioneering methods in the coming campaign—neither head breaking nor indecent abuse. In the bitter political contest in Great Britain in the past few years contestants have not stopped at any means however vile or violent to carry their points. The personal abuse of Parnell and the dragging in of his wife's name at political meetings hastened the death of the great Irish leader. An American cannot read without deep indignation that Mrs. Gladstone and her daughter have been subjected to unspeakable insults through the mails and otherwise. The Briton of the lower class is not choice of his language when his temper or his prejudice is aroused. Women of less self control than Mrs. Gladstone and her daughter would have been driven wild by the letters they have received.

Now, in the name of civilization let us have neither violence nor vileness in the presidential campaign before us. There are great public questions up for settlement that are enough to occupy every voter and orator without the need of going out of the way to hunt up mud to hurl. In its plea for a clean campaign The Review of Reviews says:

> The nation's own self respect should forbid a campaign of disagreeable personalities so far as possible. The battle should be fought between parties rather than candidates. It is safe to predict that the campaign will be a very severe struggle. There should be a firm resolve on all sides to make it clean, fair and honorable. Mr. Ingalls, with his proclivity for epigrammatic statement, remarked that the decalogue and the sermon on the mount have reduction in any practical politics. He did not mean, as he has often been stupidly accused of meaning, that moral rules and Christian principles ought to be disregarded in political life, but that, in point of fact, they are to a great extent ignored and despised. If that be true, then this is exactly the time when something should be done about it.
>
> Mr. Porter's statistics of religious adherence show that a large proportion of the American people profess to live by the decalogue and by the sermon on the mount. It is a very flabby and ineffective sort of Christianity that will tolerate this year a palpable resort to lying, defamation, bribery and other immoral practices in the great contest. If a sound morality does not underlie all our political life we have everything to fear for the future. With party and manly methods prevailing, no irreparable harm can come to the nation from the success at the polls of any contending party. If the men who conduct the "practical" campaigning will but respect the best wishes of the candidates whose head it tickets and the sentiment of the main body of voters they will give us a decent campaign.

Camping Out.

Try it during your brief vacation, if you are a dweller in the town, spending your life within four walls, destroying all the real life in you by the effort to keep it. Take a few of your dearest and best friends with you—people who will not want to stay dressed up or expect you to. Go into the heart of the woods by the shore of a stream, or by the seashore, where the eternal murmur of the tumbling tills you to sweet rest. Get a strong water proof tent and a good oil stove. Take with you a supply of cornmeal to make fritters for open air eating. A wagon will convey you and your outfit to the camping ground.

Have your tent near a farmhouse, where milk, eggs and fruit are obtainable. Get occasionally a duck or chicken to add to your feasts. Catch fish in the stream or in the sea when fish are low out and—botanizing, geologizing, bicycle riding, walking, fishing or swimming. If you care to do nothing but lie upon your back and dream that will bring strength to your tattered, impoverished body. We were meant to live outdoors, and you will thus be recovering part of your birthright. Electricity and life flow into man from the earth and trees, never from walls and dens that man makes.

The reason why where people are herded together like animals. Shun fuss, fashion and crowds and camp out and live simply. So shall you gain in health and strength and save your money besides. The camper gets more health and fun from one dollar than the dweller at the fashionable summer resort gets from five dollars.

The Canadian canal tolls which have been so much complained of by United States citizens as a discrimination against this country are still regarded by the president as a violation of our treaty rights with Great Britain. This position he holds to solidly. We have a treaty with great Britain entitling us to commercial rights with that country on the most favored nation basis. Therefore when a British colony discriminates against us in any commercial matter it is a violation of our treaty rights and a subject for discipline at the hands of the mother country. This is the ground taken by the United States state department in the affair of the Canadian canal tolls.

The annual loss to American stomachs from the adulteration of food in this country is $7,000,000. This does not include the doctors' bills and the loss of time from illness caused by the irritation of foreign substances in the human insides, substances taken under the supposition that they are food. Yet there are people who object to the passage by *congress of a stiff law against food adulteration.* Some people are mean enough for anything.

General D. S. Stanley was in service in the United States army forty-four years ago.

A MISSION OF MYSTERY.

Leader Hugh O'Donnell Secretly Slips Out of Homestead.

HIS TRIP FRAUGHT WITH IMPORT.

It Is Connected with a Possible Settlement of the Trouble, but Whither He Goes No One Will Tell—The Troops May Stay on Guard for a Year.

PITTSBURG, July 18.—Important developments in the Homestead troubles are likely to be brought about *within the next forty-eight hours.* Hugh O'Donnell, who is looked up to by the strikers as that place as the absolute and only leader, is on route east—want to fulfill a mission which, as he himself admitted, may have a vital effect upon the present situation. O'Donnell's departure from Homestead was attended with considerable secrecy. Less than a half hour before leaving and he was the possessor of a number of people on the street he told one of the millmen who wanted to have a talk with him that he would meet him at 8 o'clock.

The regular Sunday evening train leaves Homestead for Pittsburg at 7:55, but *owing* to the rush of visitors to Camp Black it was necessary to put on several extras, and the first of these left Munhall station, a mile or so above the mills, at 6:30. One of the first passengers to get on board was Hugh O'Donnell, who, without a solitary companion and burdened with a heavy valise, had walked up the track so that his departure might not be observed by the big crowd at the Homestead depot.

He took a seat away from the window in the forward car, and after the next station had been passed he found himself *vis-a-vis* with a representative of the United Press. He was at first disinclined to say anything concerning the reasons for his sudden departure from the town, but finally made the admission that he was bound on a very important mission and did not expect to return until Wednesday at the earliest.

"I cannot say where I am going or what I am going for," he said. "If I am successful the facts will be known very quickly, and if I do not meet with success then the least said about the matter the better."

"If you gain the point you are after will it have the effect of bringing the strike to an early close?" Mr. O'Donnell was asked.

"I certainly believe that it will have that effect," was the ready response.

When the train reached the Union depot the leader of the strikers gave his name to the clerk in the ticket office and was handed out an envelope containing railroad and sleeping car transportation, which had evidently been ordered in advance. He then went aboard the first section of the Pennsylvania fast express, which pulled out at 8:20. As the train went around the curve a final start was made to inform him to state his destination, but without result, and the agent in the ticket office was equally noncommunicative.

Desperate Men Won't Strike.

Several prominent millmen from Homestead declared themselves as entirely ignorant regarding what is in the wind. *Some of them were of the opinion* that the advisory committee, which had a prolonged conference at Homestead, had empowered O'Donnell to submit some propositions or other to General Snowden, looking to a withdrawal of the troops.

Others thought that he might be en route to New York to meet with such members of the Republican national committee as may be still in that city, and to solicit their good offices in the direction of bringing the trouble to a speedy settlement. Every one admitted, however, that something vital lay behind O'Donnell's sudden journey.

The failure of the mill workers at Duquesne to enter sympathetic strikes at their meeting had a depressing effect upon *the sympathetic strikers of the* Carnegie Union mills at Lawrenceville, who had confidentially expected that the men at Duquesne would follow their example and quit work instead of contenting themselves with passing resolutions of sympathy. A crisis in the situation at Lawrenceville is likely to be reached today, when the limit of time given by the Carnegie company for the return of the men under a new agreement will expire.

According to the present programme the mills will be started up this evening, and Superintendent Dillon, who has charge of this particular plant, has given it out that there will be no difficulty in securing competent workmen to take the places of those that fail to respond to the final notice. The leaders of the men say that the latter have plenty of backbone and will stay out until the Homestead matter is settled, but a good many of the men do not talk so defiantly, and in private conversation admit that a grievous error has been committed and that they would be glad to return to work if they dared to.

ON THE EVE OF THE CRISIS.

The Company Will Endeavor to Start Up with Nonunion Men.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 18.—Today the situation is on the eve of its crisis. The Carnegie company will endeavor to begin operations preliminary to reopening the mills, and it has asked the workmen, mechanical and repairing force, to return to their old places. These workmen met and decided to remain out. It has also given public notice that such former employes of the Homestead plant who are satisfactory to the company may file applications for employment by 4 o'clock on Thursday evening.

These offers foreshadow a change in the situation. They show a short determination of the company to start its mills with or without the union men, if they fail to have the effect intended.

When the offers became known the news created the greatest excitement *among* the locked out workers, but from outward appearances the latter were undismayed by them in their determination to fight the battle until the bitter end. Those who would engage to return to work to subject said they would not return to work until the company acceded to the demands of the Amalgamated association.

Today they appear to be as firm in their determination, and if unity is maintained and the old men refuse to work the starting of the mills by nonunion workmen will be the only other move left for the Carnegie company. From today until Thursday the crisis will hang in the balance, and then a better opportunity to penetrate the mist *that envelopes the present situation will be* had.

The Men Confident of Success.

It is claimed by the leaders of the strikers that the Amalgamated association holds the winning hand no matter what may happen. If the mills are started by nonunion men they contend that the mistakes that will occur and the heavy financial losses consequent on them will cause the company to shut down the mills in short order. The quality of the product turned out by the unskilled labor will be so inferior, say the leaders, that it cannot find a market.

If the product is ready for shipping it is claimed that a greater difficulty will confront the company in the refusal of railroad men to handle any material turned out from the Carnegie works. Assurances from so many unions of freight handlers have been received in this connection that the Amalgamated association feels confident of preventing the product of the Carnegie mills made by nonunion men from being carried to the places stipulated in, the contracts. Even if this fails the locked out workers claim they have another trump card to play.

This is the action of unions of carpenters and of many other organizations composed of men engaged in the construction of buildings and other structures in deciding not to perform work on any erection where products of the Carnegie mills are used. With these and other circumstances to support them the locked out workmen of Homestead, with strong financial backing, hope to bring the Carnegie company to the terms dictated by the Amalgamated association.

A Costly Strike.

Both sides admit that there is no immediate prospect of a settlement of the strike, and already the cost is considerably more than $1,000,000. Every day that the works are idle costs the Carnegie company $50,000.

It is fourteen days since the workmen went out and the wheels stopped moving. That means a loss of $950,000 to the company. The militia have been under arms one week, and at $20,000 a day have cost the state of Pennsylvania $140,000. The cost to the company and to the state now foots up $1,090,000, and is piling up at the rate of $70,000 a day.

In addition to all this the workmen lose their wages and ten men have lost their lives. The destruction of property has not been great, as the barges burned were inexpensive. A question frequently on the lips of people here is, how long will the Carnegie company hold out, and how long will the taxpayers of the state remain quiet and permit the cost of the strike to swell?

Instead of sending in their names as individuals and applying for their old positions in response to the notice posted by Mr. Frick on Saturday, the former employes of the Carnegie company who are not members of the Amalgamated association got together and unanimously decided to stand out to the end. The meeting was held in the rink. It was called by members of the mechanical departments, but is included all daily wage earners. These men number about 2,000 and include the Hungarians. The following resolutions were passed unanimously:

To Stand Out to the End.

Whereas, We, the employees of the mechanical department and day laborers of the Carnegie steel works of Homestead, in meeting assembled, do offer the following as our views in regard to the present difficulties at present:

Resolved, That we are in sympathy with the Amalgamated association and pledge ourselves to stand by them to the end.

Resolved, That we consider it an injustice to the mechanical department and day laborers and an insult to their manhood to ask them to work under guard, as we believe that in this land of the free all men should be free.

One of the leaders of the locked out men said that assurances have been received from unions whose men handle the product of the Homestead mills that they stand ready to declare a general boycott against Carnegie material. These include the Freight Handlers' union, which will refuse to ship material by rail or boat from the mill, structural iron workers, shipbuilders and others, who will quit work rather than use the product of nonunion men.

All this tends to show that in case the Carnegie company overcomes the present obstacles in its path and succeeds in starting and operating its plant with nonunion labor it will confront a far greater difficulty and if it continues in its determination to employ nonunion labor it will precipitate a strike on the principal railroads and in many of the great manufacturing industries of this country.

The Troops May Stay a Year.

The talk of forming one or two provisional regiments for long service at Homestead has increased among the troops, and it is likely that when Governor Pattison decides to keep men here until the trouble is at an end the supply of volunteers will be greater than the demand. Many of the officers favor a longer term of service than three months for the provisional force. They are of opinion that the strikers are patient enough in their determination to win to wait quietly for this time, and then matters can settle their own hands again when the provisional force is removed.

A prominent officer said: "It is nonsense to think of enlisting a provisional regiment for three months. The men should be enlisted for a year. They may not be needed for that length of time, but it would be well to have it known that they are to remain here for a year for the purpose of influencing the strikers in doing what is right. If they understood that the troops would remain twelve months instead of three, the strikers would give up contesting with the means to cause trouble and things would settle down to their ordinary conditions."

Colonel Shaffer Dead.

COLUMBUS, O., July 18.—Colonel Samuel Shaffer, secretary of the Ohio sinking fund commission, died this morning of forty-nine, from wounds received in the late war. He was for fifteen years the Columbus correspondent of the old Cincinnati Gazette and Commercial Gazette, and at one time city editor of The Ohio State Journal. He was widely known among newspaper men.

Want Union Labor Employed.

BOSTON, July 18.—Park Department Assembly 7,878, Knights of Labor, adopted resolutions calling upon congress to reject that $5,000,000 appropriation until such time as union labor is given proper recognition by those having charge of the arrangements for the fair.

The Artists' Big Success.

BERLIN, July 18.—The first concert of the American Artists in the Vienna prater was a success. It was in the highest order. The enthusiastic public—there were more than 4,000 persons present—demanded five encores, which were cheerfully granted.

The War in Morocco.

PARIS, July 18.—A dispatch from Melilla, in Morocco, says that, in a recent battle between parties of the Arab Chief Mokatar and the Mesquita Kabyles, 300 of the combatants were killed.

Found Dead in His Room.

ELIZABETH, N. J., July 16.—Edward Yeas, an old and well known resident of Elizabethport, was found dead in a back room in his store.

The President Returns to Duty.

CAPE MAY, N. J., July 18.—The president has gone to Washington and next Saturday he will return to Cape May.

THE WEEK IN CONGRESS

But Little Legislation Remains for the Statesmen to Enact.

ADJOURNMENT IS ALMOST IN SIGHT

The Idea of August Likely to Usher in the End of the Present Session—The Antioption Bill the One Measure on Which an Early Dissolution Hinges.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Congress is rapidly approaching the end of the session, and in the opinion of the house leaders this week will probably witness the closing scenes. On the other hand, however, the opinion prevails among the minority that an adjournment will not be reached before Aug. 1. The proceedings in the house this week will be confined largely to the consideration of appropriation bills. Today is suspension day, and several members are expecting a chance of recognition from the speaker to enable them to pass special measures.

The bill to transfer the revenue marine service from the treasury to the navy department is one of the measures slated for consideration. *On Tuesday at 12 o'clock* a vote will be taken on the World's fair proposition in the sundry civil appropriation bill, and it is probable a final vote on the bill itself will also occur on that day.

The report on the investigation of the pension office will be called up on Wednesday by Mr. Enloe, who hopes to have a cloture rule reported by the committee on rules in order to force a vote on the question of adopting the minority's resolution that Commissioner Raum be dismissed.

The deficiency and the fortification appropriation bills are expected to receive attention during the latter part of the week.

The Antioption Bill.

Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, remains firm in his belief that there is a set purpose on the part of the leaders in the senate to force an adjournment just as soon as the last appropriation bill has been finally disposed of in order to prevent action by the senate on the antioption bill in which he takes so much interest, which has passed the house and only needs concurrence by the senate to send it to the president.

He has about given up hope, however, that there is a working majority of at least five in the senate in favor of the enactment of some legislation on this subject, and he thinks he can get the bill through without material amendment if he can only call it up and make it unfinished business. His chief difficulty lies in the fact that as soon as he starts in with the bill an appropriation bill is turned in the road, and he finds himself facing no thoroughfare. The Minnesota senator believes the announced intention of Mr. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, to make a set speech on the "tariff for revenue" resolutions of Mr. Hale some time this week to be part of the same policy of delay, and the announcement that Mr. Aldrich would make such a speech was made by Mr. Hale when he called up the resolutions on the 29th of June before the antioption bill came to the front.

Whether the Minnesota senator's suspicions are well founded or not, it is apparent that the antioption bill is the key to the situation so far as an early adjournment is concerned. If that bill can be postponed till October 1 an adjournment between the 1st and 5th of August is possible, and even probable. If it gets before the senate as the continuing order, with all the appropriation bills out of the way, there is no telling how long the session may last.

Early Adjournment Probable.

Senators who have voted with Mr. Washburn in favor of the bill say by no means satisfied with it in its present form. They will propose and will probably carry amendments which will send it back for concurrence in the house, and an almost interminable struggle may thus be brought about.

There is really nothing else likely to delay congress. The sundry civil bill, even with the World's fair boomerang attached, can probably be disposed of in conference in ten or twelve working days, and the pending fortifications and deficiency bills are likely to occupy still less time. The notice paper of the senate is full, but "brutum fulmen" will be written over almost every suggested topic. Not one of them is likely to be taken up, except for an hour or two's talk; no legislation is contemplated on any one of them for this session, at least.

Mr. Butler's proposition to transfer the revenue marine from the treasury department to the navy department is the only measure of a national character upon which there seems to be a determined intention to push a vote. That has a majority of senators in its favor, but will encounter a storm of opposition on the floor, being bitterly antagonized by such leaders as Sherman on the Republican side and Gorman on the Democratic side, and having the support of the present secretary of the navy and the opposition of the present secretary of the treasury.

There are twenty thirty house bills on the senate calendar requiring action outside of a little batch of pension bills. All these could be disposed of in two days or even less time. Therefore, the prospect of an early adjournment, as far as concerns the senate, seems to hinge almost entirely upon the course taken on the antioption bill.

A Robber Captured.

ELIZABETH, N. J., July 18.—Samuel Harris was arrested here at the Union station for robbing the house of Alexander Vanahn, a rich farmer of Middlesex county.

France Appoints Her Arbitrator.

PARIS, July 18.—Baron Courcel, formerly French ambassador at the court of Berlin, has been appointed to represent France in the Behring sea arbitration commission.

A Cargo of Sickness.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The steamers Scandia and Taurian are detained at quarantine owing to the presence of contagious sickness on board.

Explicit Directions.

The Skipper—I say, guv'nor, you'd be more comfortable if you didn't lie on your stomach.

Guv'nor—(feebly from the bottom of the boat)—Stomach—you—fold it up, please, and—put it in the lining of my coat.—Life.

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.
MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N.Y.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12 14 and 15c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.
Gauze vests, 25c.
Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. 40c. and 50c.
Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 30c.

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40 West Front Street.

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Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.
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All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

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ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.
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LEHIGH and HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.
He would also announce that he recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders of the same in the best manner at short notice.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL.
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

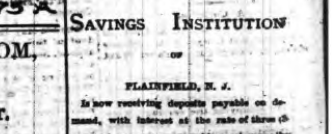
F. A. DUNHAM, C. E.
Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street sewing and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON,
Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 28 West Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery and Notaries Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING CO.



JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health of the city. Special attention paid to disinfecting. Many leaders of the Best Lawns, Gardens and Fields Fertilized.
P. O. box 599. Telephone call 28.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 8:45, a. m., 11:30, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:00 and 9:30 a. m., 12:00, 2:30 and 6 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND BARTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:30 a. m., 1:15, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.
Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 4:30 p. m.
E. R. POPE, P. M.

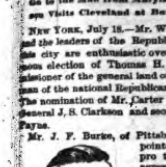
CARTER MADE MANAGER

Chosen Chairman of the Republican National Committee.

McCOMAS MAY BE THE SECRETARY.

Harrison Says That He Cannot Accept the Position, and It Will Likely Go to the Man from Maryland—Stevenson Visits Cleveland at Russard's Bay.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Mr. Whitelaw Reid and the leaders of the Republican party in this city are enthusiastic over the unanimous election of Thomas H. Carter, commissioner of the general land office, as chairman of the national Republican committee. The nomination of Mr. Carter was made by General J. S. Clarkson and seconded by Mr. Payne.



T. H. CARTER.

Mr. J. F. Burke, of Pittsburg, was appointed secretary pro tem. It was agreed that the appointment of the permanent secretary be left to the discretion of the chair. The chairman was authorized to appoint a subcommittee of five, to be selected from Republicans not members of the committee, to act as an advisory committee to the national executive committee. A committee of five will be appointed by the chairman *to secure headquarters* in this city.

It was also unanimously agreed to continue Mr. Campbell as a member of the executive committee. Mr. Campbell will take charge of the branch headquarters at Chicago.

Mr. Carter is but thirty-eight years of age, having been born in June Furnace, Scioto county, O., in 1854. In 1866 he moved to Paxo, Ills., where he lived until 1875, when he moved to Burlington, Ia. He studied law in Louisville and Illinois, being admitted to the bar in Nebraska. In 1882 he moved to Helena, Mont., which is now his home. He was elected territorial delegate to the Fifty-first congress as its first representative. He was renominated in 1890, but was defeated. In March, 1891, he was appointed by President Harrison as United States land commissioner.

Mr. Carter was one of the five men originally suggested by President Harrison for the office of chairman when the national committee held its first session in Washington three weeks ago. His name was withdrawn from the consideration of the committee for two reasons. He had arrived in Washington from Montana, whither he went immediately after the Minneapolis convention, only a few hours before the committee met, and he said he could not consent to be elected chairman without an opportunity to consider the matter fully.

In accepting the position Mr. Carter made the following speech:

Carter's Acceptance.

GENTLEMEN OF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE—To plead insensibility to the great trust which you have just conferred in my case would be to cast a reflection upon your judgment collectively and separately. As your worthy presiding officer, Mr. Sutherland, has well said, it is a task of great magnitude, a battle amounting to little less than a hand to hand struggle with forces equally organized, to grasp the powers of government from the Republican party. We have passed into the history of the world beyond the time when men have overthrown governments for the sake of power, but the distance between the time of that passage and the present is not very great. The fact that the struggle does not involve life and death is only a mitigation of the severity of the contest upon which we are about to enter.

From these suggestions it may be inferred that I appreciate, in some degree at least, the nature of the responsibility at hand and the character of the effort necessary to be put forth. I would shrink from the task as a hope in the struggle were it not for the fact that about the chairman of this committee primarily will be twelve shrewd, intelligent and capable members of the committee, and that while supporting this organization, known as the executive committee, will be the national organization, representing every state and territory.

Entitled to Victory.

In addition to this the leagues of clubs and other aggressive forces, supplemental to the different state organizations of the party, and the county and district organizations with the people behind them, will make up all in a mighty force of unison, and these, when actuated by lofty motives and desirous of perpetuating in their purity the principles of the Republican party.

While the task to be performed is great, an aggregation of leaders whose hearts and souls are with the Republican party gives courage and strength and confidence to all. This committee will have every possible campaign document before its final adjournment. Relying as we do upon the intelligence and patriotism of the American people, we can, supported by an earnest effort confidently *expect to meet with deserved victory* in November.

I can but promise to each and all the members of this committee and the greater body of the Republican party whom you represent an earnest, strained effort to prove worthy of this great trust. You have given me your confidence, and of your support I have no doubt. I shall endeavor to prove worthy of both and to labor with you early, late and all the time to bring about the victory to which we are entitled.

I thank you, gentlemen, for the honor you have bestowed upon me, and await your pleasure. [Applause.]

McComas May Be Secretary.

When Mr. Carter was asked if the acceptance of the chairmanship entailed the resignation of his position in the land office he replied, "I shall resign at all events."

Chris L. Magee, of Pennsylvania, who has been prominently mentioned as the successor to Thomas H. Carter as secretary to the Republican national committee, is at the Fifth Avenue hotel. He states that he is not in a position to accept the secretaryship. The probable choice of the chairman will be L. E. McComas, of Maryland.

Stevenson and Cleveland.

NEW YORK, July 18.—General Adlai Stevenson, the Democratic candidate for vice president, left the city for Buzzards Bay. W. G. Ewing, of Chicago, accompanied him. General Stevenson goes to visit Mr. Cleveland at the latter's special invitation, and will reach Gray Gables tomorrow. He will return with Mr. Cleveland in time to be present at the meeting which takes place here on Wednesday night, when the candidates will be publicly notified of their nomination.

An Election Agent Fined.

LONDON, July 18.—Locke Wilson, an election agent in London, has been fined forty pounds for bribery.

An English Cabinet Meeting.

LONDON, July 18.—All the cabinet ministers have been summoned to London for Thursday next.

TWELVE THOUSAND DEAD.

A Terrible Volcanic Disaster Reported from the Philippine Islands.

SYDNEY, July 18.—Rumors have reached here from Timor that there has been a volcanic eruption on the island of Sangur, one of the Philippine group, and that most of the inhabitants have been killed. A native from the Talantee islands, who landed at Selangen four weeks ago, brought a remarkable story to the effect that several other natives had just returned from a voyage near Sangir. They had intended to land on the island, but were prevented by the sight of mountains belching forth smoke and fire.

They reported that the "whole island was on fire." The water along the coast was full, they said, of half burned wreckage, pieces of houses and charred bodies.

The whole population, estimated at about 12,000, seemed to have been swept into the sea or burned, as not a living soul was to be seen. Streams of lava were still flowing toward the shore, showing that the activity of the volcanoes had not abated.

The steamship Catterthun, from China to Sydney, brings another story into port with her. Near Sangir, her captain said, she passed through miles of debris, dissimilar from anything he had before seen at sea.

Poles and *sides of huts*, most of them charred and broken, were mingled with such utensils as the natives of the Philippines use in cooking. Many unrecognizable objects resembling charred human trunks were also seen.

Articles of headdress in the wreckage were identified by a sailor who had lived in the Philippines as peculiar to the natives of Sangir and the nearby islands of the Philippine group. The ship was three hours and a half in passing through the wreckage.

These reports are partially credited here, although they are believed to have been exaggerated. The formation of Sangir is volcanic, and several small craters near the center of the island are known to have threatened activity during the last two months.

Nearly Killed by His Wife.

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 18.—Michael *Collins, forty years old*, was nearly killed by his wife during a quarrel in which the woman upbraided Collins for his drunken habits. She finally smashed a piece of crockery over his head, cutting him in many places. When the doctors arrived he was unconscious and almost dead from loss of blood. He was revived and had his wounds dressed and will probably recover.

The Mine a Failure.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—An alleged exposure is made by The Examiner in the failure of the Tennessalin mine at San Jacinto, southern California, which last year was sold to an English syndicate for $1,500,000. The article brings facts to show that pay ore in nearly all the shafts has been exhausted and that the output for several months has been from $2,000 to $4,000 below the operating expenses.

Her Coolness Enraged Him.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 18.—James McCloskey became enraged because of the coolness toward him of his sweetheart, Mabel Cheringsold, and drawing a revolver from his pocket he sent a ball crashing through her neck, and then lodged four pistol bullets in his own head. He is dying at the Delaware hospital. His sweetheart is alive, but in a critical condition.

He Had Done Murder.

COLUMBUS, O., July 18.—Frank Rollin, a prisoner in the Ohio penitentiary, sent up last May from Ottawa county for burglary, hanged himself in his cell by a cloth string attached to a wire fastened to his bedhook. In his stocking was found a letter confessing that in 1886 he and Samuel Potts murdered a man in Saginaw, Mich., but giving no names.

Thirty-two Lives in Danger.

OSWEGO, N. Y., July 18.—Fears are entertained here for the tug Booth and her tow of four barges, which left Oswego for Montreal last Friday night a little while before the big storm broke. The tow carried crews aggregating thirty-two persons.

Shot Without Provocation.

KEY WEST, Fla., July 18.—James St. Clair, a Key West pilot, shot and threw pistol bullets into the body of William Holmes, a seaman on the schooner Nonpareil, without provocation. Jones was unarmed. St. Clair is in prison.

Terrible Distress in Russia.

BERLIN, July 18.—Private advices from Russia say that the distress in the famine districts and the mortality in the cholera stricken cities far exceed anything allowed to appear in the Russian press.

Another Relic of St. Anne.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Another relic of St. Anne has been brought here and placed in the church where the gorgeous relic was bestowed. Like the other one, it is a piece of the bone of the saint.

Cardinal Gibbons Improving.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 18.—Cardinal Gibbons expresses himself as being thoroughly delighted with Halifax. He does a great deal of walking, and the invigorating air is restoring his health.

International Reciprocity.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., July 18.—The Grand Forks chamber of commerce has indorsed a call for an international reciprocity convention in this city with 1,000 delegates.

Sunday Fair Closing.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 18.—At the national meeting of the Asbury Park auditorium 3,000 persons indorsed the closing of the World's fair on Sundays.

Business Houses Burned.

STAYNER, Ont., July 18.—All the business places between the Cameron House and Sanders brick block on Main street were burned. The loss is heavy.

Seminary Presidents in Session.

ROUND LAKE, N. Y., July 18.—The convention of seminary presidents is in session here, including principals from most of the New England states.

Dropped Dead.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 18.—Mrs. H. Diefenthales, of Paterson, dropped dead on her way to her hotel from a restaurant.

Very Much Red Men.

TUCSON, A. T., July 18.—The Indians are becoming so threatening that nobody can pick a fight with them.

Lord Hawke Will Try India.

LONDON, July 18.—Lord Hawke announces that he will take his amateur cricket team to India.

He Has Typhoid.

NEW YORK, July 18.—James Booker was removed to a hospital suffering from typhoid fever.

FASHIONS

Just From Paris.

ON A HOTEL PIAZZA.

This dress is of silver gray peau de soie, trimmed with black and white satin ribbons, and a pleated drapery of white silk gauze, caught up by a choux bow of silver gray. The gloves are white.

BABY : LAUGHS

when mamma uses

ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants. There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap.

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with

ANTI-CHAP POWDER.

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received through A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once *over a small oil stove.*

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park avenue.

ON SALE TO-DAY

Our Spring Line of

Perfect Fitting Percale Shirts.

Several new patterns this Spring never shown before

CALL AND SEE THEM.

O. M. DUNHAM,

Hatter and Furnisher.
46 West Front Street.

For the Next 30 Days

we will sell all Remnants of Paper

AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Bromos at a Bargain.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

29 East Front street.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

COAL and WOOD,

E. H. HOLMES,

YARD—24 Madison Avenue.

Office—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market. are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 61 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. HOSTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

Joseph T. Sullivan,

No. 66 West Third Street,

Dealer in Choice

Wines, Liquors, etc.

BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST

and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete educatio of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders' Cards.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter

and

General Jobber.

SHOP

35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Mantel and Cabinet

MAKER.

Furniture Repaired. Pianos Polished

ALL KINDS OF CARPENTER WORK.

John Peterson,

SHOP—64 Grandview avenue.

Residence 14 Linden avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,

28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER,

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

P. O Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters

and Builders.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.

All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,

PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER,

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.

Residence—Grandview avenue.

P. O. Box 813.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter & Builder.

Residence—Clinton avenue near depot, Evans.

P. O. Box 1299

Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

Residence, West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.

Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARDEN,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Jobbing carefully performed. Shop jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Dunellen, N. J. Specialty—Store fronts. Dunellen Planing Mill. P. O. Box 1045.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner Grand and Second streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, 2 Second street.

38c.

Buys a full size, re-inforced front, shirt, with Linen bosom and wristbands; regular 50c quality.

17c.

Buys a five foot curtain pole with brass fixtures, complete.

Window Shades 25c. and upward.

Dress Challies 3c. Best Prints 4c. Special low prices on Millinery for the next 30 days at

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article, a select

50c. Formosa Oolong

TEA, to make a

Delicious Iced Tea.

Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Spring berries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.

NEUMANN BROS.

79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE

Furniture Moved

To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Large covered trucks.

30 W. Second street.

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.

Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for rest.

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

GEORGE VOEHL,

the

CONFECTIONER,

is now prepared to furnish

Parties & Receptions

with Delicious

ICE CREAM

in bricks.

15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.

40 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.

Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

NO. 6 NORTH AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price. A good article is cheap at any price.

The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.

Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 94. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
7 piece North America Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$10.
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $11 to $150; portiere curtains, all silk, $6 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Cotches Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.

T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to

The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,

Dealers in

Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro., to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(NEW PORT READING R. R. CO. LESSEE.)

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 3 37, 5 08, 6 14, 6 59, 8 05, 9 08, 10 07, 10 54, 11 55 a. m.; 12 50, noon; 12 55, 1 06, 1 41, 2 05, 3 12, 4 0., 5 16, 5 42, 5 51, 6 04, 7 04, 8 02, 9 05, 10 15, 11 25, p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 3 37, 5 08, 6 14, 6 59, 8 05, 9 08, 11 14, 11 47 a. m., 12 33, 1 03, 2 05, 3 06, 5 16, 7 04, 7 57, 9 02, 10 15, 11 25, p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30, a. m.; 12 00, midnight. Sunday at 8 30, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.; 12 00, night.

PLAINFIELD AND SWEADS.

Leave Plainfield at 8 38, 9 25, 4 06, 7 03, 8 03, 8 42, 9 22, 10 04, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 12 02, 1 06, 1 41, 2 30, 3 15, 4 45, 5 16, 6 10, 7 04, 8 02, 9 05, 10 15, 11 25 p. m. Sunday, 8 01, 8 38, 11 08 a. m.; 12 02, 1 06, 1 41, 3 15, 5 16, 7 04, 8 02, 9 05, 10 15, 11 25 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30, a. m.; 12 00, midnight. Sunday at 8 30, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.; 12 00, night. Leave Newark, foot of Market street, at 8 25, 9 25, 4 06, 7 03, 8 03, 8 42, 9 22, 10 04, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 12 02, 1 06, 1 41, 2 30, 3 15, 4 45, 5 16, 6 10, 7 04, 8 02, 9 05, 10 15, 11 25 p. m. Sunday, 8 01, 8 38, 11 08 a. m.; 12 02, 1 06, 1 41, 3 15, 5 16, 7 04, 8 02, 9 05, 10 15, 11 25 p. m. Leave Newark, foot of Market street, at 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30, a. m.; 12 00, midnight. Sunday at 8 30, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.; 12 00, night. Leave Elizabeth, foot of Elizabeth avenue, at 8 40, 9 40, 4 21, 7 18, 8 18, 8 57, 9 37, 10 19, 10 52, 11 23 a. m.; 12 15, noon; 12 17, 1 21, 1 56, 2 45, 3 30, 4 60, 5 31, 6 25, 7 19, 8 17, 9 20, 10 30, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 16, 8 53, 11 23 a. m.; 12 17, 1 21, 1 56, 3 30, 5 31, 7 19, 8 17, 9 20, 10 30, 11 40 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30, a. m.; 12 00, midnight. Sunday at 8 30, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.; 12 00, night. Leave Newark, foot of Market street, at 8 25, 9 25, 4 06, 7 03, 8 03, 8 42, 9 22, 10 04, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 12 02, 1 06, 1 41, 2 30, 3 15, 4 45, 5 16, 6 10, 7 04, 8 02, 9 05, 10 15, 11 25 p. m. Sunday, 8 01, 8 38, 11 08 a. m.; 12 02, 1 06, 1 41, 3 15, 5 16, 7 04, 8 02, 9 05, 10 15, 11 25 p. m. Leave Newark, foot of Market street, at 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30, a. m.; 12 00, midnight. Sunday at 8 30, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.; 12 00, night. Leave Elizabeth, foot of Elizabeth avenue, at 8 40, 9 40, 4 21, 7 18, 8 18, 8 57, 9 37, 10 19, 10 52, 11 23 a. m.; 12 15, noon; 12 17, 1 21, 1 56, 2 45, 3 30, 4 60, 5 31, 6 25, 7 19, 8 17, 9 20, 10 30, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 16, 8 53, 11 23 a. m.; 12 17, 1 21, 1 56, 3 30, 5 31, 7 19, 8 17, 9 20, 10 30, 11 40 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30, a. m.; 12 00, midnight. Sunday at 8 30, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m.; 12 00, noon; 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.; 12 00, night.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 35, 8 17, 9 25 a. m.; 2 26, 4 06, 5 16, 7 03, 8 03 p. m. Sunday at 8 05, 9 38 a. m.; 5 05, 8 20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8 35, 9 17, 9 25 a. m.; 2 26, 4 06, 5 16, 7 03, 8 03, 11 15 p. m. Sunday at 8 05, 9 38 a. m.; 5 05, 8 20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 8 03, a. m., 1 26, 5 16 p. m. Sundays 8 05 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

8 56 a. m. for Flemington Branch, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Chicago and the West.

7 10 a. m. for stations to High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge Branch.

9 17 a. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Scranton, Binghamton, Buffalo, Chicago and the West.

9 25 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Trenton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Chicago and the West, Pottsville, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 00 a. m. Way for Junction.

1 40 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Trenton, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Williamsport.

2 26 p. m. Way for Junction connecting for Flemington.

4 06 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Trenton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Chicago and the West, Pottsville, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton. Through coach to Williamsport.

5 16 p. m. Way for Junction.

7 03 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Trenton, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Williamsport.

8 03 p. m. for Bound Brook, Somerville, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Chicago and the West.

11 15 p. m. Way for Junction.

8 25 p. m. for Boston, Bethlehem and Allentown.

8 42 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Chicago and the West, Pottsville, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Chicago and the West.

9 22 a. m. Sundays for Boston, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Chicago and the West.

10 04 a. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

10 37 a. m. Sundays for Boston, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Erie, Buffalo, Chicago and the West.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2 26, 4 06, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 1 06, 2 05, 4 06, 7 57, 9 02 p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8 05, 11 08 a. m.; 2 05, 7 57 p. m. Sundays (Ocean Grove) 8 05, 11 08 a. m.; 2 05 p. m. Perth Amboy 2 26, 4 06, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 1 06, 2 05, 4 06, 7 57, 9 02 p. m. Sundays 8 05, 11 08 a. m.; 2 05 p. m. Keyport 2 26, 4 06, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 1 06, 2 05, 4 06, 7 57, 9 02 p. m. Sundays 8 05, 11 08 a. m.; 2 05 p. m. Red Bank 2 26, 4 06, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 1 06, 2 05, 4 06, 7 57, 9 02 p. m. Sundays 8 05, 11 08 a. m.; 2 05 p. m. Long Branch 2 26, 4 06, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 1 06, 2 05, 4 06, 7 57, 9 02 p. m. Sundays 8 05, 11 08 a. m.; 2 05 p. m. Ocean Grove 2 26, 4 06, 10 37, 11 08 a. m.; 1 06, 2 05, 4 06, 7 57, 9 02 p. m. Sundays 8 05, 11 08 a. m.; 2 05 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia at 2 15, 5 20, 6 10, 10 45 a. m.; 12 00 noon; 2 04, 4 10, 5 20, 6 10, 7 15, 10 45 p. m. Sundays at 5 20, 6 10, 10 45 a. m.; 2 04, 4 10, 5 20, 6 10, 7 15, 10 45 p. m. For Baltimore and Washington at 2 15, 5 20, 6 10, 10 45 a. m.; 12 00 noon; 2 04, 4 10, 5 20, 6 10, 7 15, 10 45 p. m. Sundays at 5 20, 6 10, 10 45 a. m.; 2 04, 4 10, 5 20, 6 10, 7 15, 10 45 p. m.

J. MCLEAN, Pres. and Gen. Manager.
J. E. WOOLEY, Gen. Pass. Agt.
H. P. BALDWIN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
W. H. GASKILL, Div. Pass. Agt.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. Address MRS. ALBERT, P. O. Box 1059.

FRENCH LESSONS.

Instruction and entertainment in French Lecture, class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, Westfield and surroundings. Also instruction in French at Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Virgux, care of Mr. Stevens and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S

Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. All terms Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at scholars' residence. Reasonable terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MISS LINDSAY,

Retailing-lace Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Miss Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grapevines and shrubs. 9 20 3

H. S. SPENCER,

76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and seedsman. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar a specialty. Agent for Lehigh C. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of seeds, wholesale and retail. Seed potatoes: Carleton, Rose, Burbank, Early Ohio, Early Rose, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

Machine Works.

FREDERICK F. CRANE,

Manufacturer of

Electrical Machinery,

Bicycles, Robots and Engines repaired. Models for inventions, brass and iron castings. Forging in all its branches. Screwstock bending and painting.

201 North Avenue,

Corner Berkeley street, Plainfield, N. J.

New York Office, 200 Fourth avenue.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers of

Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.

Corner Madison avenue and Third street.

SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.

Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 15 ly

BROWN & HILL,

Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in connection with the Park Hotel, 5 SPRING AVENUE, North Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Razor honing (hand sharpening) while you shave.

PURE MILK

Delivered to any part of the city by

D. D. SCHENCK.

A postal addressed to No. 69 Bank Street avenue will receive prompt attention. 9 27

FOR THE BUSY HOUSEKEEPER

TIMELY AIDS TO MAKE HER BURDEN LIGHTER.

The Methods of Others Told for Her Benefit—Reasonable Recipes and Valuable Household Information Condensed Into Little Space.

All housekeepers should know that sugar boiled with an acid, if it be but three minutes, will be converted into glucose, which is the form of sugar found in sweet apples. One pound of sugar has as much sweetening power as two and a quarter pounds of glucose. In other words, one pound of sugar stirred into the fruit after it is cooked and while yet warm will make the fruit as sweet as two and a quarter pounds added while the fruit is boiling.

PRACTICAL HOUSEHOLD HELPS.

A little of the grated rind of the fruit is much more delicate for flavoring lemon than the extract.

The roots and tough stalks of celery, chopped fine and dried, are invaluable for soups and dressings.

Scald rhubarb before cooking it. It is taken much less sugar, and yet it seems to have lost none of its acid.

Pour boiling water over raisins, and let them stand a moment before seeding. It lessens the labor wonderfully.

Orange peel, dried and grated, makes a fine, yellow powder that is delicious for flavoring cakes and puddings.

In using melted chocolate in cooking, first mix with it a part of the sugar, before adding it to the other ingredients.

In making sauces that are thickened with flour, mix the flour and sugar thoroughly before adding the boiling water, to prevent lumping.—Good Housekeeping.

Not Every Housewife Knows

That an excellent drink may be made of fresh currant juice diluted with about double its quantity of water, sweetened and iced, with a little nutmeg grated over it.

That a cup of raspberry juice added to each quart of pure currant juice gives a pleasant flavor.

That rich cherries also make a nice drink. Pour two quarts of boiling water over two quarts of very ripe cherries and let them steep for two hours, crushing them thoroughly. Make a quart of syrup, using a pint of water and two pounds of sugar. When the sugar has thoroughly dissolved in the water, strain the cherry water into it. Let this drink stand in the ice-box till it is completely chilled. Then serve it with any dainty cake you choose.

That a clarified syrup makes a more delicious lemonade or fruit beverage of any kind than simple raw sugar mixed with water. To make this, melt two pounds of good granulated sugar in a pint of cold water and when the sugar is well dissolved set it over the fire, stir in the white of an egg and an egg-shell, and let it come to a boil. Skim it as the scum rises, and when it is perfectly clear it is ready for use.

To Make Devonshire Cream.

Rich, new milk is put in a very shallow vessel with an extended surface, and is then set on the range, where the milk will be warmed, but on no account must it boil or even scald. The heat will cause all the cream to rise to the surface in a very short time and the pan is then taken off and placed in the ice box or in a cool place. When thoroughly chilled, the cream may be taken off and will be nearly of the consistence of newly made butter. This is put in jars, and at breakfast is heaped with a spoon and is delicious with oat-meal, jams, berries—everything in fact that ordinary cream is used for, its merit being that not only does one obtain the richest of cream, but it will keep for two or three days without becoming sour.

DID YOU EVER TRY

A mixture of alum, glycerine, vinegar and water for mosquito bites?

Cleaning the lint from a clothes wringer with a cloth saturated in kerosene?

Salt or ashes for removing discolorations from coffee cups or other dishes?

Alcohol to remove grass stains from the children's white aprons, skirts, etc.?

Pulverized chalk and ammonia for removing stains from marble basins and closet bowls?

To clean a gilt picture frame by using a sponge wet with hot spirits of wine or oil of turpentine, then leaving it to dry?

To cook onions, cabbage or turnips without having the odor escape to all parts of the house? If you have, then you probably failed, even if you had a dish of vinegar on the stove.—Good Housekeeping.

Use Earthenware.

Few housekeepers realize how the flavor of food is affected by being baked or boiled in ironware vessels. The flavor is far superior when vegetable or animal food is cooked in earthenware. Iron is a conductor of heat, while earthenware is a non-conductor; food cooked in the latter is rarely ever burned, the degree of heat not varying perceptibly during the progress of cooking and so the flavor of what is being cooked is preserved.

Salad Dressing.

The dressing is the most important part of a lettuce salad, and should be attended to with care, as too much or too little of any of the ingredients will spoil it. The rule given is a good one: Three tablespoonfuls of oil, one saltspoonful of salt and one-half saltspoonful of pepper should be mixed thoroughly in a saucer and a tablespoonful of wine vinegar added. Pour the mixture over the lettuce. Serve at once.

Save the Voice.

When hoarse speak as little as possible until the hoarseness is removed from, else the voice may be permanently lost, or difficulties of the throat produced.

About Sweeping.

Never sweep dust and dirt from one room to another, nor from upstairs to the lower part of the house. Always take it up in each room.

Cleaning Bottles.

Egg shells are nice to clean bottles or carafs, also little bits of raw potato and soapsuds. Shake well, then rinse several times.

Blackberries are splendid in case of dysentery. The berries are healthful eating.

NEW CHAIRS.

Curious Designs That Deviate from Old Models.

Novelty in furniture continues. Designers will soon be at their wits end to find anything new. All possible variations of old models have been tried, and we are now having a new departure. Look in at any furniture store and you will see it.

MAHOGANY CHAIR.

We show here two chairs of entirely different pattern. The dining-room chair is in solid mahogany polished. It is substantial and elegant, very comfortable and certainly unique.

The introduction of light bamboo furniture a few years ago brought out much imitation, and the latter seems to be taking the place of the genuine article. This is chiefly due to the limitation in designs made of pure bamboo, no curved effects being possible with it. The chair shown in our illustration is of imitation bamboo. Imitation joints in the

IMITATION BAMBOO CHAIR.

wood are made at arbitrary intervals, and the ring of the joints is colored with the application of hot iron. It makes a very light and comfortable armchair, entirely constructed of turned wood. The rings underneath the seat are excellent features, and the design is a very attractive one.

Currant Jelly.

Currants canned or jellied are always in high favor with the epicure. Here is an excellent recipe for making currant jelly which has stood the test of years and is recommended by a capital cook. Pick over currants ripe and free from stems. Put the fruit in a porcelain kettle and let it get thoroughly heated. Take it from the fire and let it cool sufficiently to strain through a cloth. Squeeze out all the juice possible and put it back in the kettle, and to each pint of juice use the same measure of white granulated sugar. Let the juice boil five minutes and then well. Before adding the sugar lay it on a flat dish in a hot oven. After adding, let the syrup boil ten minutes. Remove it from the fire and put in the jelly cups or glasses at once. Cover with writing paper stuck on with a paste made of flour and the white of an egg. Jelly made in this way will keep for years. Glass jelly may be made in exactly the same way, except that the juice should be boiled a little longer before adding the sugar.

Olive Oil for the Skin.

The value of rubbing with olive oil a young child who is delicate in health and has a generally dry skin is not generally appreciated. If this is done properly, every portion of the body being annointed and the oil being rubbed well into the skin by the hand, any excess being wiped off with a soft cloth, it will not soil the under clothing; and there is no better way of giving such weak children necessary nourishment for the skin through the pores.

The fact that the skin is dry shows that it is not in a healthy condition. Many grown women, naturally dry skins, use a little oil in this way after the bath, and it proves efficacious and agreeable. The amount of oil used should be barely enough to lubricate the skin.

Mashed Potatoes.

Mashed potatoes are never more delicious than when the potatoes are new. A favorite way of preparing them is as follows: Take six cold boiled potatoes, mince them and season them with salt and pepper, adding a little milk or a little stock as you prefer. A scant half cupful of liquid is generally sufficient. Melt a tablespoonful of butter in an omelet pan, and when the pan is very hot pour in the potatoes. Spread them evenly, and set them a little back on the stove or in the oven, well-covered, to brown. When they are a golden brown on the bottom, fold them over like an omelet and serve. The addition of a little parsley minced, or a teaspoonful of onion, gives a new zest to this dish.

Hints for the Laundry.

Borax is also employed as a cleansing agent for this delicate trimming. Immersed in a weak solution over night it will be found in the morning ready for a gentle rinsing.

Deodorized benzine is excellent for cleaning lace which will not bear much handling. Water is not used, and after the bath the benzine must be given a chance to evaporate.

Many ladies find the humble potato efficacious in renovating black silk. Slice a few new potatoes, over which pour boiling water. When the liquid is cold sponge the silk on the right side and press on the wrong side.

To Keep Table Salt from Packing.

The tendency of table salt to pack together in cruets and containers may be overcome by thoroughly drying the salt and mixing with it a small percentage of dry corn starch and arrowroot.

Parlor-Matches Remove Ink.

To remove ink-stains from the fingers moisten the spot and rub it gently with the head of a parlor-match, keeping the skin wet, and the stain will rapidly disappear.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 360, Knights of Honor meets First, third and Fifth Thursdays, 8 p.m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ST. JOHN, Reporter.
West India Council, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

☞ First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

(corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

RUSSET SHOES.

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!

As later on the sizes will be few and far between.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**

Cut in Latest Styles.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE.

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,

FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,

Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses, Lap Sheets.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.

Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of

G. R. MUSGRAVE,
37 Somerset street.

Call early and secure the best bargains.

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for ladies, gentlemen and children. The ladies' and gentlemen's hose you buy for 25c. per pair, and the children's for 13c. per pair, full regular made and guaranteed fast black dye.

Wash Dress Fabrics.

A little late in the season to buy wash dress goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more in favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Satteen at 13 and 18c., Bedford Cord at 40c., Figured India Linen at 13c., Irish Lawn at 12c., and Challies 5c. Matting.

We start a clearing up sale of Matting, and will close our entire stock at actual cost.

VanEmburgh & White

For Three Weeks
I will sell
1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles
$50 LESS
THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.

Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.

DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.

Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

A YOUTHFUL BEEKEEPER.

How a California Lad Became the Owner of a Rousing Colony of Bees.

Here is a story that is told by that veteran beekeeper, Mr. T. A. Rose, in Gleanings in Bee Culture. Quite a young boy in the neighborhood of San Jacinto, Cal., evinced a liking for bees. He read everything he could lay hold of on the subject; watched keenly; listened to their talk until he was ready to put his knowledge to some practical use. His father, how-

BRINGING HOME THE BEES IN HIS TROUSERS.

ever, objected to purchasing a colony, saying they would find plenty of stray swarms at the proper season; and so our friend watched and waited.

At length a swarm came one day when he was at work in the fields, quite a way from home. He threw sticks and dirt among the bees, as he had read about, in order to make them alight, and finally scooped some with his hat, from a puddle, threw it among them, and was at length rewarded by seeing them alight and cluster on a bush. What should he hive them in? If he went somewhere for a box he feared they would start off again before he returned. It was hot weather, so he took off his trousers, tied up the legs and hived the bees in them. They evidently considered this a very fair hive, for they stayed in the trousers while he trudged all the way home with them. His good mother saw him coming and helped him hive them in good shape.

By the way, boys, is there any truer or kinder friend to a lad of thirteen than his mother? After the bees were hived, then the mother looked after the boy. The weather was hot and the road dusty, and poor Willie's bare legs were covered with a mixture of perspiration, dust, and occasionally a bee sting. His enthusiasm, however, was enough to help him hold on to his prize, and now he has a rousing colony of bees in a movable comb hive, and bids fair to be, in due time, one of the shining lights. His name is Willie Gutchridge, and here is a sketch of him, as he brought home his first swarm.

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,

are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.

Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.

. . Refrigerators . . . . Lawn Mowers, . .
. . . Ice Cream Freezers . . Hammocks . . . .

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware, . . Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

A NEW SUPPLY OF
LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,
IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.

Those goods are well-made and neat-fitting.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.

The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's

Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,
at
EDSALL'S!

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

This Date in History—July 18.

1032—Pope John XVII. died.
1139—Godfrey of Bouillon, one of the Crusaders, made king of Jerusalem.
1374—Death of Francesco Petrarch, Italian poet, aged 74.
1642—John Hampden, English leader against Charles I, was killed.
1792—John Paul Jones, naval hero, died in Paris; born 1747.
1870—Dogma of papal infallibility proclaimed by Pope Pius IX.
1872—Benito Juarez, Mexican statesman and jurist, a full blooded Indian, died in the City of Mexico; born 1806.
1875—Lady Jane Franklin, widow of the Arctic explorer, died.
1885—Ulysses Grant died.
1885—Rev. Dr. S. I. Prime, of the New York Observer, died in Manchester, Vt., aged 72.
1887—R. M. T. Hunter, statesman, died in Essex county, Va.; born 1809.
1892—Eugene Schuyler, American author and diplomat, died in Cairo, Egypt; aged 50.

Another Kind.

"I saw you up at old Jimson's last night," remarked Smithkins to his friend Dobson.

"Aw, yes; I was calling on Miss Jimson."

"You were hanging over the gate when I saw you."

"Which gate?" asked Dobson gloomily.

"Why, the front gate, man; you haven't forgotten, have you?"

"I thought perhaps you saw me when her father wished me good night. I was hanging over his gait then."—Detroit Free Press.

What He Wanted to Know.

Traverse—I hear that you invited Miss Summit to the theater the other night.

Dashaway—Yes.

Travers—And she didn't accept?

Dashaway—No.

Travers—You haven't got the money about you, have you?—New York Herald.

False Feathers.

Seedy Party (contemplating himself in a pocket mirror)—Here I am wearing the boots of a bank manager, the trousers of a landed proprietor, a baron's coat and vest, and even a consul's hat, and in spite of all that I look like a tramp.—Pittsburgh Bulletin.

A Doubtful.

Little Victor—Mamma, my hands are dirty; shall I wash them or put on gloves?—Figaro.

1892			JULY.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	18	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:13 p.m.	Third Quarter	16	9:45 p.m.
Full Moon	9	6:44 p.m.	New Moon	23	6:52 p.m.
Last Quarter	31	2:46 p.m.			

Summer Resorts.

Cliffton House,

BY THE SEA, PAUCHOGUE, L. I

Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.

Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.

6 13 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,

Successor to

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE BEE TEA

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?

The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of

Meerschaum

and

Briar Wood Pipes,

Holders and Cigars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

Sugar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 23. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

First Baptist SUNDAY SCHOOLS

EXCURSION TO

Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, on

Wednesday, July 20.

Trains leave *Plainfield* at 8 a. m., returning leave Asbury Park at 6.00 p. m.

Tickets for adults $1.25; children under 12 years of age 60c.

Stops will be made at Long Branch each way.

Tickets may be purchased at L. W. Randolphs pharmacy and at A. M. Vanderbeck's music store.

5 9 12 16 18 19

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

BREVITIES

—The valuation of Plainfield property east of Park avenue is $3,522,610; and west of Park avenue $2,067,390. Total $5,590,000.

—The delegates to the convention from Warren Union Mission Society will render their reports at the Christian Endeavor meeting in the church this evening. All are invited.

—If ten drops of oil of wintergreen on a lump of sugar, at intervals of two hours, and a dose or two of rochelle salts will cure rheumatism what's the use of having it? A physician is alleged to have given this for the benefit of mankind.

—The last census gives some statistics of the population of Homestead which are interesting just now. The total population of Homestead on June 30th, was 7,345, of whom 5,421 were native born and 2,490 of foreign birth. Of the native born persons 2,830 had foreign born parents. Ninety per cent. of the entire population were American citizens.

—*The singular name of the Democratic candidate for Vice President is* attracting attention. It is pronounced in three syllables, "Ad-lai," and is a Biblical name. It means "the just," or, as some have it, "my ornament." Adlai in the Bible was the father of Shaphat, who was one of King David's officials and had charge over the herds that were in the valleys. He is mentioned in *First* Chronicles, xxvii, 29. —Baltimore Sun.

—Now that the Plainfield Water Supply Company has completed its contract of building a fire hydrant system for the city, the municipality must provide a water pressure in the hydrants sufficient to reach and extinguish fires in the highest buildings without the use of fire engines. A new fire department system is being prepared limiting each engine to a small territory. The hose companies alone will be called to all fires.

—The Sea Girt encampment cost the State of New Jersey in this year $27,000, inclusive of $14,500 paid the troops for their week's duty. Privates, corporals, and musicians get $1.50 per day; sergeants, $2; officers below the rank of captain, $2.50; Captains, Adjutants, and officers commanding companies, $3; field officers below the rank of Colonels, $5; Brigadier-General, $6. Mounted men get $2 a day extra for each horse. This is only for one of the three brigades.

—This little puzzle is not so old but what it will be new to many. A young man was calling on a young woman. She was exceedingly bored by his prolonged visit, *several times threw out strong* hints that his room was preferable to his company. He proved obtuse, however, so she finally asked him to work out this puzzle—

0000 000 00

Five lines are to be added to these, making three words—naughtily expressive. Draw a line down on the right hand side of the first. This and subsequent lines go from the fourth and seventh and then rest what the young woman desired of her tedious visitor.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending July 18th, 1892:

Allen, J A — Haynes, J
Bakelite, H K — Hansen, Miss Laura
B. D. W. — Johnson, Miss Fannie
Beswicy, Wm — Kilbourne, Miss Kate
Burnham, Miss C — Keating, Miss M
Carrie, Mr J T — Lyman, E S (3)
Cogswell, Randolph — Malone, Joseph
Chapplin, Martin — Person, Carl
Fry, Kate — Roll, Washington
Fiore, Giovani — Randolph, C W
Gregory, W H — Smith, Robert G
Greeen, Mr — Terrell, T Ike
Goodwin, Mrs Chas Tonney, Mrs Susan
Grieen, Miss Sarah F — Wharton, Miss Annie White, Mrs.

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. H. Pors, Postmaster.

Compton Vail Won.

A ten-mile bicycle race was held at Montclair yesterday and was won by Compton Vail, of this city. The prize was a gold medal.

Walter King and John Maltby of Newark were second and third, respectively. The time was as follows:

Vail, 35½ m., gold medal; Walter King, 37m., silver medal; Maltby, 36¾ m., silver medal.

First Baptist Excursion.

It is expected that the First Baptist Sunday-school will take down one of the largest gatherings of the season on their excursion to Asbury Park and Ocean Grove to-morrow. Arrangements have been completed for a pleasant and comfortable trip, and every one is assured of a most enjoyable time. Train leaves here at 8 a. m., returning leaves the Park at 6 p. m.

An Incendiary Foiled.

A fire was discovered last evening back of Collier's billiard room on North avenue, and close to a barn belonging to Carl Kaerth. It started in a bundle of rags supposed to have been put there with incendiary intent.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

A SPECIAL MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

The Ordinance for the Extension of the Street Railway Read and Referred to the Law and Ordinance Committee.

A special meeting of the Common Council was held last evening.

At 8:10 o'clock President Ginna called the meeting to order, with the following Councilmen present: Bird, Case, Erickson, Frazee, Gallup, See and Weber.

City Clerk Runyon being absent Mr. W. S. Angleman was chosen to act in his stead. He read the call for the meeting, which was in reference to the extension of the street railway.

Mr. Angleman then read the ordinance, which included the following extension of the street railway: "Through West Front street to the southwesterly side line of Park avenue; thence through East Front street to Peace street; thence through Peace street to the intersection of the northeasterly side line of North avenue. From Front street through Somerset street to the borough line."

Councilman Erickson moved that the ordinance be referred to the Law and Ordinance Committee. So ordered.

The same gentleman moved to adjourn. Carried.

The Council adjourned at 8:17.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Geo. D. Hallock has gone to Ghent, New York for the Summer.

Rev. C. L. Goodrich is stopping at the Trenton House, Asbury Park.

Mr. Asa Collier and wife are stopping at the Marine Villa, Asbury Park.

Mr. G. M. Bandell and wife are registered at the Carlew, Asbury Park.

Messrs. W. H. Prayton and E. W. Van Buren are at the St. Cloud, Asbury Park.

Walter S. Gibson of F. A. Dunham's engineering corps is at the Van Hise cottage, Asbury Park, for a week.

Second-Lieutenant Tieman Horn, formerly a Rush School graduate of this city, is now stationed at Fort Preble, Maine.

The wedding of Councilman Vincent L. Frazee and Miss Kate Weaver, will take place at 7.30 o'clock this evening, at the residence of the bride's parents, Orchard place.

Miss Flora Zimmermann and Miss Katie Zohn of New Brunswick were guests Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Long of Summit avenue, North Plainfield. They returned home Monday.

Mr. J. Ran Dunn, formerly of this city, is home again after two years sojourn in Southern California and is greatly improved in health. Mr. Dunn will remain in this city about two months before returning to his adopted country again.

Mr. Chas. Schermerhorn of THE NEWS staff has accepted a splendid offer to go to Austin, Texas, to take charge of the construction of a sewer system, as constructing engineer. Mr. Schermerhorn made a good reputation as one of the U. S. Government Engineer Corps. He will take with him the good wishes of his many friends in Plainfield.

Bound Brook Republicans Organize.

The Republicans of Bound Brook organized for the campaign last week, and gave evidence of such enthusiasm over the Republican ticket that the Democrats made an attempt on the following night to hold a ratification for their nominees. The Democratic celebration was a complete failure, only a few men and boys answering to the call. The Republican meeting was held in the Bound Brook Hall, the interior of which had been handsomely decorated with flags and bunting, while engravings of Harrison and Reid graced the stage. There are many large manufacturing industries in Bound Brook, and the employees are in a great measure Republicans. The demonstration was therefore as inspiring one to the speakers of the evening, who were Henry Powers, of New York, and J. Hardwick of Somerville, N. J. The remarks of Mr. Powers relating to the tariff were both interesting and instructive and were listened to closely by a large audience of voters. Mr. Hardwick is an enthusiastic party worker in Somerset county, and his address was full of fire, urging increasing zeal in the Republican cause. Fine music was furnished by the Bound Brook Cornet Band.

The Westfield Republican Club.

The new officers of the Westfield Republican Club are: President, C. N. Codding; secretary, Edgar R. Pearsall; treasurer, John Dorvall; vice-presidents, Anson F. Grant, N. B. Gardner, B. J. Crosby, Dr. Sherman W. Cooper, John J. Coyer, A. A. Drake, John Nelson, C. P. Conant, N. A. Barnett, C. F. Oxley, Freeman Bloodgood, J. H. Vail, John D. Gluck and C. A. Smith; Executive Committee, S. W. Reese, Martin Welles, C. M. Smith, Wm. Hetfield, Jr., Wm. Pierson, George D. Burrill, A. K. Gale, C. G. Endicott, J. R. Connoly and William Gale. Westfield will be represented in the Union County Republican Executive Committee by J. T. Pierson and S. W. Reese.

Christian Endeavor at Trinity.

An interesting Christian Endeavor meeting was held at the Trinity Church last evening. Delegates to last week's New York convention gave their various reports of the session. Remarks were made by the pastor, Mr. Anthony, Miss Robertson, of Montreal, Miss Mills, Miss Benedict and Mr. Cedar.

TROUBLE ON THE PORT READING.

Strikers Attempt to Wreck a Train Near Perth Amboy.

The uprising of the two score of Italians who have been working on the Port Reading Railroad at Woodbridge, assumed serious proportions yesterday, when Superintendent Chamberlain called on Sheriff Acken for protection.

Last Saturday morning the strikers placed an obstruction on the track and when the construction train came along the leaders called out to the engineer that he must not go any further.

When he attempted with the conductor to remove the obstruction a revolver was pointed at him and a shower of stones compelled him to retreat. The train had to be backed down to Metuchen.

Yesterday afternoon the Italians had completely blocked the track with ties and rails, and hearing of the calling out of a sheriff's posse had stationed pickets along the line to warn them of their coming.

During the afternoon the deputies sent by Sheriff Acken met the strikers and succeeded in driving them away. There will probable be some arrests made.

JERSEY'S JOTTINGS.

Items of Interest to the State at Large.

A Long Branch druggist has $6,500 invested in soda fountains.

Lawyer Thomas F. Carley of Camden, has made application to Governor Abbett for a respite for Murderer James H. Morton, on the ground that the counsel for the man has not sufficient time to prepare for death.

Selah Bareford of Watertown has a brood of fourteen young quail which were hatched under a bantam hen. Mr. Bareford found a quail's nest which had been robbed by the old birds. In contained sixteen eggs.

The Hunterdon Democrat says: "A New York dealer in California fruits, recently addressed a meeting of peach growers at White House, and in the *course of his remarks spoke of some of* the methods practiced by fruit dealers in marketing their fruit. He said they must cull their peaches better every year then, but the reason that the latter soid better was because they were picked riper. He said if the growers of this section would keep a third of their peaches (the poor third) they would *realize more than they do now for the* whole."

Talk about the greatness of the beer industry in New Jersey and its profit. Read look at the figures that comprise Revenue Collector Large's bureau. The brewers have in the years just ended paid $1,215,956 in taxes, $754,958 for beer stamps used in their traffic, and they have plastered the stamps to 1,763,288 barrels of brew. This number of barrels, at $7 per barrel, represents $12,323,016 worth of beer. But the profit is made at the bars. In the 1,759,088 barrels are 1,431,142,400 glasses—nearly a thousand million glasses—of drinks. These, at an average of four cents per glass, would yield $57,245,- 696—nearly $45,000,000 more than the money paid to the breweries for making the beer. The actual cost of producing a five cent glass of beer is less than a cent.

When the State took from the municipalities power to take children to the school census and sent out an army of State officials to do it the municipality of Hoboken at least assumed that the State intended to pay them. So when the census takers sent their bills to the Hoboken Board of Education for audit and payment they ran afoul of an empty treasury. The local School Board had made its appropriation for another year, and when the money of Mr. Matthews' army of State heelers will have to wait for next year's tax budgets for their pay. Hoboken loses both ways by the change, for, while she is expected to pay eighteen men for doing the work that she has heretofore had done by four, the city's four were able to find between two thousand and three thousand more children of school age in the city than the State's figures have enumerated. The State school moneys are apportioned among the cities per capita of school children, and as Hoboken loses at that end of the horn as well as at the other. It is the actual working of Governor Abbett's autocracy.

Mr. Struthers Will Speak.

The semi-annual meeting of the Building and Loan Association League of New Jersey will be held on Thursday, in *Library Hall, Asbury Park.* The associations of this city will send delegates. There will be two sessions. The morning meeting will begin at 10.30 o'clock. Short papers will be read at the meetings on important topics, and addresses will be delivered as follows:

"Building and Loan Associations—Their Plan, Scope and Management," by Joseph Fischer, statistician for the labor bureau.

"Building and Loan Life Insurance," by S. R. Struthers, Plainfield.

"A Model Association," by Joseph W. Burgess, Rutherford.

"Auditing Accounts," by E. E. Read, Jr., Camden.

"Maturing of Shares," by Chas. B. Duncan, Newark.

A cordial invitation is given to all who are interested in Building and Loan Associations to attend. Those who desire to remain over Sunday can secure accommodations at hotels at reduced rates by applying to the secretary on the day of the meeting.

Want it Moved.

At the next meeting of the Plainfield Common Council, a petition will be presented from the Methodist church officials asking that Plainfield Engine House No. 2 be moved to some other locality as they claim the proximity of the engine house disturbs the services at the church.

Consolation.

I have to struggle mightily
To get my daily food,
But fate has been right kind to me—
I might have been a dude.
—*Harper's Bazar.*

ASSESSORS' MEETING.

THE VALUATION OF THE COUNTY *FIXED.*

The Elizabeth Representatives Delay the Meeting—Elizabeth Estimates Completed—Plainfield's Valuations Increased $400,000.

The Union County Board of Assessors met yesterday morning at the Court House. The meeting was called for ten o'clock, and only the assessors from the township were on hand. The Elizabeth representatives, twelve in number, did not put in appearance until after eleven o'clock, and *the outside delegates, tired* of waiting, finally organized, and proceeded with the preliminary business.

Mr. Robert Sayre, of Union, was re-elected chairman, and Alfred E. Cook, clerk of the County Board of Freeholders, was selected as secretary.

John M. C. Marsh, of Westfield; John A. Etherington, of Linden, and J. A. Hubbard, of Plainfield, were appointed a committee to examine the books. They immediately met and reported the absence of the Elizabeth books.

Assessors Cory and Ludlow were appointed messengers to go to the City Hall and notify the Elizabeth assessors that their presence and books were awaited by the Board.

County Attorney McClure and County Collector Oliver were in attendance. For some years previous to yesterday Elizabeth was represented by three commissioners, those appointed under the act 407, but now that *the city has gone* back to operation under the old law an assessor from each ward attends the county meeting.

The committee appointed to hunt up the tardy Elizabeth assessors, reported at eleven o'clock that they found them assembled in the City Hall and that they would be at the county meeting in fifteen minutes.

There was some little discussion and it was decided all the Board could do was to wait patiently the arrival of the absent members.

Mr. John Marsh raised the question of the legality of the session meeting yesterday. He said the State law fixes the date as the first Monday in September.

There is however an amended act that permitted the Board to meet yesterday in order that the assessment for Elizabeth can be levied in accordance with the fiscal year beginning July 1.

The Board has for a number of years met to-day.

It was half-past eleven o'clock when the Elizabeth assessors arrived. They objected to the Board having organized in their absence. The raising of the question caused some considerable discussion.

County Attorney McClure said he had no question in his mind but that the Board had been legally organized, but he could see no objection to giving the Elizabeth assessors the same information by reaffirming what had been done.

Mr. Pollard moved to reconsider all the motions of the morning. This motion was adopted by a vote of 12 to 9, all the Elizabeth men voting for it, and all the others opposed the motion.

The county attorney gave his opinion that unless there was a unanimous action the Board could not be dissolved as had been done by the vote.

He was also asked in his opinion that the morning organization was legal. The *law states that the Board shall meet at* 10 o'clock, but if the majority of the Board any absent members those present are required to organize and proceed. That the Board was legal, Mr. Sayre declared.

The Elizabeth members, however, were not satisfied, and contended that a minority of ten in the county had no authority to organize.

Nothing to prospect for an agreement Mr. Marsh and others of the out-of-town districts proposed to go home, and consult in Plainfield before meeting the State law. They alleged that they were meeting to accommodate Elizabeth, and if the Elizabeth men were to be inclined to be obstructive in their conduct, they felt no obligations to remain.

Chairman Sayre decided the *motion of* Mr. Pollard was out of order and the morning organization in force. The Elizabeth men, headed by Mr. Eckerson, proposed a compromise, and it was like oil on troubled waters.

Mr. Eckerson moved to ratify the organization of the morning, and his motion was adopted.

The roll was then called, and there was a response from all except Summit.

The estimates of valuation were then given from each ward and township.

The valuations in the county were fixed as follows:

Elizabeth	$15,875,500
Plainfield	4,000,000
Rahway	2,772,700
Union	1,621,200
Linden	1,556,000
Summit	1,988,000
Westfield	1,126,000
Roselle	710,000
Cranford	600,000
Springfield	308,000
Clark	246,000
New Providence	242,700
Total for the county	$33,984,500

Elizabeth gained $397,000, Plainfield, $400,000, and Rahway $48,000 in valuations during the year.

The Country Prosperous.

The business of the country is in a provokingly placid and fluctuating condition. Imports during the fiscal year ending June 30 were greater than those of any former year, amounting to eight hundred and thirty-three million dollars, while exports also exceeded the highest record and reached the enormous aggregate of one billion twenty-seven million dollars. Imports were greater for the first six months of the year are greater than those for any similar period in history, and the exports for the same months have been greater than ever before. Business failures for the first half of the present year have been one thousand lower in number and forty million dollars less in amount than the failures for the first half of the corresponding period of 1891. New industrial enterprises for manufacturing iron, cotton, and other articles are going into operation in various sections, and while the margin of profits is small, business is on a solid foundation, and the outlook in every direction is hopeful and encouraging. The grain crop is promising, money is abundant, and collections are easy.

In the face of such a condition of things the calamity howler must remain silent. His howling will scare nobody, but every one else will be more than ever to realise that the country is in a marvellously prosperous condition, and likely to continue so.—*New York Herald.*

The above is from a Free Trade organ. Yet the Democrats want to change the policy which has brought this condition of things about—the policy of Protection inaugurated by the Republican party.)

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

The Hotel Atlantic Burned Last Night at Long Branch.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 19th. (Special.)—Two hundred and fifty guests, children and nurses, were asleep in the Hotel Atlantic, on Ocean avenue, when fire broke out in the building at 2.50 o'clock this morning.

Proprietor M. L. Lustig and Clerk Ullitz were aroused at that hour by the hotel baker. They ran with all possible speed from one room to another and aroused the guests. They did their best to prevent a panic, but most of the guests escaped from the house in their night clothing.

Proprietor Lustig and Clerk Ullitz saved only their underclothing. Thieves were quickly on the scene, and it was said that some of them made good hauls of jewelry and money. Budd Gugle openly accused a fireman of stealing $500 in money and a diamond ring. One *fireman was found drunk and asleep,* with a quantity of silverware in his pockets. Many arrests will be made.

Gov. Patterson at Homestead.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 19th. (Special.)—Gov. Patterson and staff arrived this morning in a private car, and was in consultation with Gen. Snowden for a long time.

A scout, who had been sent through the mill, reported to-day that the only men at work in any part of the property outside of the office were Messrs. Henderson, Ratigan, Potter, Dovey, Cuppes, Bob and John Dixon and Dinkey.

All of these belong to the administration of the mill. Sixty cots are arranged in one of the mills, and stores and tables enough to feed about a hundred were seen.

It was reported that the Carnegie Co. had secured three more from the Black Diamond Steel Mills at Pittsburg for the armor-plate mill.

Dr. Scudder Suicides.

NORRISTOWN, L. I., July 19. (Special.)—Dr. Charles Scudder, son of the late Hon. Henry J. Scudder and son-in-law of Senator *William M. Evarts, committed suicide* at this place this morning by stabbing himself with a dagger in an extraordinary manner.

It is believed that he died instantly.

Mr. Scudder was about 35 years of age and had a promising career as a physician. He leaves a wife whose maiden name was Louise Evarts. The latter and her 7-year-old daughter are now at her father's home in Windsor, Vt.

Has O'Donnell Gone to Europe?

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 19. (Special.)—Has Hugh O'Donnell started for Scotland to make a personal appeal to Andrew Carnegie to interfere in favor of the locked-out men at Homestead?

This question is suggested to the minds of many here by the rumor afloat last night that O'Donnell will sail for Europe to-day.

The World's Champion Sick.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19. (Special.)—Senator Stanford's famous stallion Palo Alto, which holds the world's trotting stallion record of 2.08¾, is dangerously sick with pleuro-pneumonia and is not expected to recover.

Manager Cook Dead.

LONDON, July 19th. (Special.)—Thomas Cook, the head of the well-known firm of excursion managers, is dead.

BUT what is H-O. The one perfect oat-food for body, bone and brain. Imitated everywhere. Equalled never.

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades, 46 inches wide, (all wool), at 50c yard.

Wool Dress Flannels, (36 inch), 25c. per yard.

Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.
Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.
Dress Challies, 5c.
Good Towelling, 5c.
Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.
Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 35c, formerly 50c.
Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Stop, Read and Consider.

BUTTER — FINE TABLE BUTTER, in Pots and Tubs, at **19 CENTS POUND.** — BUTTER

UNITED TEA & COFFEE GROWERS' ASSO'N
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail.
29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

A NEW SUPPLY OF

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,

IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.

These goods are well-made and well-fitting.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.

The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's

Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,

at

EDSALL'S!

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**

Cut in Latest Styles.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just received. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A STRONG, willing man desires work. Is good driver. Understands care of horses and cows. Address "P. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 18 4

A WOMAN wants work by the day. Is a good washer and ironer. Can give first days of the week. Address or call on Mrs. Perrine, 183 Somerset street, North Plainfield. 18 3

A SITUATION wanted by an American Protestant girl, sixteen years old to assist with housework and make herself generally useful. Is honest and obliging. Can give reference. Wages moderate. Address all week, "M. W.," Dunellen Post Office, New Jersey. 18 6

WHEN out of employment this is the column to put your notice in. The people you want to reach read it.

HELP WANTED.

IF there is anyone in need of a situation they look here for your advertisement.

WANTED—A boy for general work. Call at this office.

WANTED—A thoroughly competent girl for general housework, about September 1st. Box 783. 13 6

BOARDERS WANTED.

ROOMS with board at 80 East Front street. 15-5

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a red Irish setter. $5 reward for the return at once to T. B. Fenton, Jr., 112 Rockview avenue. 13 6*

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "H. D. M." care of EVENING NEWS. 17

FOR RENT.

HOUSE of five rooms to let. No. 39 Stelton place. 18 2

FOR SALE.

49,000 CELERY plants, extra fine. Grossbeck plants in variety at Denton's, 127 Hillside avenue. 15 5

A NON-RESIDENT offers to highest bidder, lots, corner Somerset street and Watchung avenue, facing on electric street railway. 56 Dorchester avenue, Cedarland, O. 12 6*

FOR SALE—A six-acre farm, with buildings. About three miles from Plainfield. $1,850. Address "Owner," care of EVENING NEWS. 12 3

FOR SALE—Cheap—A safety bicycle; second hand; is in good condition; ball bearings. Easy payments. Address "C. W.," care of EVENING NEWS. 18 4

MRS. JOR. M. MYERS' property, 147 North Second street, for sale or to let. Apply on premises. 7 12 tf&s

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized road. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 11f

THE way to let the people know you have anything for sale is to put that fact right under this head.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Stafford's. 6 6tf&s

About Stockings.

We place on sale three good values in Hose for ladies, gentlemen and children. The ladies' and gentlemen's hose you buy for 25c. per pair, and the children's for 13c. per pair, full regular made, and guaranteed fast black dye. *Wash Dress Fabrics.*

A little late in the season to buy wash dress goods, but late buyers will find as good a selection this month as we displayed last, and prices more in favor of the buyer.

There are Scotch Ginghams at 15c., Satteen at 13 and 18c., Bedford Cord at 10c., Figured India Linen at 13c., Irish Lawn at 12c., and Challies 5c. Matting.

We start a clearing up sale of Matting, and will close our *entire stock at actual cost.*

VanEmburgh & White

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! *NEW PRICES!*

TOWNSEND'S Marble and Granite Works,

No. 29 SOMERSET STREET, near FRONT.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and at prices to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend, Manager. 18 1m*

PAPIAC, (Boynton Beach,)

Our nearest salt water resort. A 10-acre shady grove close to the beach. Forty minutes from Plainfield by C. R. R. of New Jersey.

This famous Jay Summer resort has been greatly improved the present season by the erection of a grand new pavilion, a large restaurant, where refreshments are sold at moderate rates. A fine ball diamond and Lawn Tennis Court, and a fine bowling alley.

There is also a fine equipment of boats for *rowing, fishing or sailing,* a fine sandy beach for bathing, plenty of houses and suites. Numerous picnic tables (free) for excursionists. Fine piano in the pavilion, music every day. First class steam Merry-go-rounds and swings. Regular launch, making 10-cent trips around the sound. No intoxicants sold, no disorder, a perfectly safe place at any time for ladies and children.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. At Harvard Academy, 197 Park avenue, class in French now forming. Also private lessons in French and German. Class lessons $6, private lessons $1.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The American hog picks his teeth before folks.

When you have finished what you came to say, get up and go.

The London News pronounces Gladstone's address just before the parliamentary elections "the most remarkable that Mr. Gladstone has delivered in a long time. The peroration is one of the finest and noblest in the history of eloquence."

If you want anything don't expect to get it unless you work for it. Then, after you have worked for it and done your best, don't expect more than a quarter as much you think you ought to have. So shall you be happy and not be disappointed.

A woman little known to anybody in the past twenty years died in New York the other day. Her name was Kate Fox Jencken. How will know anything from this announcement. Yet forty-five years ago this woman, then a little girl, living with her family in a little house near Rochester, N. Y., was one of two sisters who made the "Rochester knockings" famous through the world, thus founding or discovering modern spiritualism, which now numbers not less than a million believers.

A money making industry in the future for the United States will be the hog industry. The leading countries of Europe now admit our pork on the simple certificate of this government that it has been inspected and found healthy. That means a market for American pork such as has not yet fairly begun to open. American farmers may turn their attention to hog raising with the certainty of a demand for their product. Meanwhile the utmost skill and intelligence should be exercised to make this meat the best of its kind in the world. We have all the conditions for putting American pork beyond competition.

It is common to make merry over the schoolmasters of thirty years ago who taught the multiplication table by rhyme singing and the capitals of the states of the Union in the same way, as well as the rivers on which they were situated. Yet the fact remains that the schoolboy or girl of thirty years ago was better grounded in the three R's than the scientifically instructed young one of today. A rhyme that jingles easily is always remembered better by a child than a train of abstract reasoning, a fact that kindergarten teachers recognize, and so they ab returning to old methods. It is like the little boy to whom, in a fit of virtuous resolution, his big brother attempted to teach a text of Scripture. An hour had been spent in vain over the pious text, when suddenly the big brother said in despair. "Let us learn 'McGinty.'" Instantly that degenerate little boy brightened up and in a few minutes knew perfectly the whole of "McGinty." Jingling rhyme is remembered by children even when it is senseless better than dry, scientific facts. The youthful mind is so fond of such rhymes that the children even make nonsensical play songs for themselves when no better ones are provided for them. Children naturally love rhythm.

Canada's Conquest of New England.

When France yielded up Canada to England in 1763 there were only 65,000 people of French descent in the provinces. At present, out of Canada's 5,000,000 inhabitants, 1,700,000 are of this race. Besides the American French in the Dominion, 800,000 of them have poured over the border into the United States, chiefly settling the factory districts of New England. That makes the total number of the French Canadian race 2,500,000. That is to say, there are nearly 38½ times as many as there were in 1763. It is not the fault of the French branch that the population of Canada is small. The number of children among them to a family ranges all the way from twenty-three down.

The point of interest which touches the United States in this remarkable capacity of French Canadians to increase their families is the fact that so many of the children cross into the States to seek their fortunes. The time seems not far distant when portions of the United States may be called New Canada, as the whole country has already been dubbed New Ireland. New England at present contains half a million French Canadians. They are among her most docile, dexterous and industrious workers. Moreover, among them they own in the States over $100,000,000 worth of property.

They turn into American citizens rapidly and form a patriotic attachment to the Union. A curious fact about them is that while in Canada the French have fought desperately for their language and insisted on its retention in school and in government documents, in America the younger ones take pride in at once acquiring English and using it constantly. The children are as eager to drop French and speak English only as those of German parents are to abandon the tongue of the fatherland. Undoubtedly the powerful tie of kinship that more and more binds French Canada to the Union will have its influence when the question of political annexation comes up.

STRIKERS IN JAIL

Homestead Men Charged with Murder by the Company.

WILL MAKE 1,000 ARRESTS.

The Men Wanted Are All Known and Their Cases Will Be Pushed.

Burgess McLuckie the First One in the Clutches of the Law and Officers Are Hunting for O'Donnell—The Men Will Retaliate and Propose to Move Against Carnegie, Frick and Others for Murder and Treason—The News Comes Like a Thunderbolt to Homestead—The Military Force Strengthened—Secretary Lovejoy Is Jubilant.

PITTSBURG, July 19.—John McLuckie, burgess or chief municipal officer of Homestead, is confined in one of the cells of the county jail. Telegrams are being sent to a dozen cities between here and New York seeking the aid of the police authorities for the arrest of Hugh O'Donnell, the leader of the strikers, and warrants are in the hands of officers of the law for seven other prominent participants in the troubles at Homestead, and to-day as the ninth guard of a small army of strikers that it is proposed to bring before the bar of the law.

The intention of the Carnegie company to institute criminal proceedings against the Homestead leaders in the event of the county authorities failing to take cognizance of the recent riot was carried into effect much quicker than had been anticipated, or than the authorities at the executive office, who feared the effect of a premature publication of their intentions, were willing to believe. The preliminary stages of the proceedings were conducted with considerable secrecy.

Secretary Lovejoy, of the Carnegie company, sauntered leisurely into the office of Alderman J. V. McMasters on Diamond and Grant streets. He was unaccompanied, and bore peculiar coincidences nobody but the alderman was in the office at the time, the constables attached to the place being behind the closed doors of the anteroom. Secretary Lovejoy stated that he desired to lay informations against a number of men, charging the crime of murder, and the alderman proceeded to draw up the papers.

Charged with Murder.

The information set forth that in Mifflin township, in the county of Allegheny and state of Pennsylvania, on July 6, the defendants did, of their own malice aforethought, feloniously and riotously, with guns, pistols and deadly weapons, kill and murder *T. J. Connors, a Pinkerton* watchman, and Silas Wayne, a worker at the mills, and on which information was made upon information received and believed to be true by the deponent, who therefore prayed that warrants might issue and that the men to be named might be arrested and held on the charge of murder.

When this document had been drawn up the alderman suggested that the charge of murder on two informations, one relating to the killing of Connors and the other to that of Wayne, and a second paper was accordingly drawn up. Secretary Lovejoy then named as the men accused Hugh O'Donnell, John McLuckie, Sylvester Critchlow, Anthony Flaherty, Samuel Burkett, James Flanigan and Hugh Dolan. In one information the name of O'Donnell stood first, while in the other it stood second. When the document had been completed Secretary Lovejoy listened to the reading of the oath, kissed the Bible, appended his signature to the informations, buttoned his coat, drawled down when to the justice and sauntered out of the office as leisurely and to all outward appearance as free from care and anxiety as he had entered a half hour before.

The Men Will Retaliate.

No time was lost by Magistrate McMasters in making out the fourteen warrants, and they were intrusted to Constables Joseph Weber, W. J. Morris and Mike J. Price, who at once left for Homestead. On their arrival they made known their business to General Snowden, who referred them to Colonel Green, in command of the provost guard. The latter detailed two officers to accompany the constables to the stables and the latter visited the houses of all the men wanted, but without result. Not one of them was at home and most of the residences were locked.

When the officers returned to this city they were surprised to find that Burgess McLuckie had given bail, and that while they were searching for him and had already surrendered himself to the alderman. He was in the office in company with Attorney Brennan, of the Amalgamated association, and several friends. The warrant was served upon him, and to the magistrate he said that he had already sent word to the other men for whom warrants had come back into town and surrender.

To those around him *McLuckie said* that he had O'Donnell with him not long before, and that the latter, who is not the leader, but among the smallest of the strikers, and as for himself he did not know if he was any longer a member of the association. He went on to say: "I might as well come out with it and say that informations will be laid against Frick, Carnegie and Potter. Whether we will bring any one else into it I cannot say at present. I will, however, make this man Frick come down on his knees so hard that the sound will be heard in the farthest ends of the earth."

"Yes, I put in one of those present," said once the warrant is issued we will have Carnegie extradited in short order."

Alderman McMasters committed the burgess to the county jail without bail pending a preliminary examination on Friday, in custody of Constable Price and accompanied by Jere Dougherty, an officer of the Amalgamated association, and Thomas Cangin and George Clark, millmen, he walked to the county jail. On the outside he shook hands with his friends and then passed through the iron gate. After being searched by Chief Warden McAleese, who found in his pockets nothing more dangerous than the key to the Homestead lockup, he was taken to a cell on the first tier and locked up.

Application for McLuckie's release on bail will be made today.

Lovejoy Is Jubilant.

Secretary Lovejoy, of the Carnegie company, is in good spirits over the success of his maneuver, and in an interview explained at length the circumstances under which the step had been taken. He said:

"These informations were entered in my capacity as a private citizen, and not as secretary of the Carnegie Steel company. They are good cases against 1,000 of these men, and from now on twelve to fifteen informations will be made every day. The idea is to make them just as fast as the authorities can handle them. We have evidence against 1,000 men, and we propose to push these cases. The laws of Pennsylvania are very broad on this subject, and persons who were on the premises at the time of the shooting are liable not only as accessories but as principals.

"Our preparations for these precautions began on June 29, when the negotiations between the company and the association broke off. Seeing the turn that matters were taking and receiving intimations and threats of the things the strikers proposed doing, we began our precautionary measures. We did not take these precautions because we expected trouble, but because we wanted to be prepared if any occurred. The leaders of the leaders who were driving the strike into the groove it has taken were prophets and arrangements were made to secure evidence in certain emergencies. There is the strongest foundation for the statement that we had detectives with cameras in the mill at the time of the shooting.

"Our purpose in making these arrests at this time is not to break the strike by taking away the leaders, nor is it to compel the men to go back to work under threat of arrest. This thing is not a bluff. We mean to go to the end. The evidence in our hands will be placed in the hands of the district attorney for his use. We have conferred with him on the matter. After all information is made we could not withdraw it or let it fall. That would be compounding a felony. It would be contempt of court for the attorney to appeal.

To Try the Leaders First.

"The best cases will be brought first. We shall push them to trial just as rapidly as they are brought. Should we come across the case of a man who was present during the shooting and who had no hand in the mischief whatever, we might make no information, provided the man showed his repentance for participating as much as he did and by coming to us for his old position. But the law is very broad, and if a man was only present and did not even lift his finger he would be considered implicated as much as any one for the reason that his presence implied his consent and moral influence in favor of what was going on.

"We expect to bring nonunion men into the mill this week. The nonunion men will only be sufficient in numbers to fill the places of the men who were engaged in the shooting and whom we will not take back. The men against whom we hold evidence are scattered all through the mill." There are some in every department. Skilled and unskilled labor are represented. It was by design that the name of Hugh O'Donnell was placed first in one information and second in another. We regard him as the leader. He is or was president of the advisory committee.

"There are plenty of steel workers in other mills who would be glad to get work in the Homestead mills by reason of the good positions to be had there. We do not want to embarrass other firms by drawing their men away from them, but of course if they are willing to come we shall hire them if they are needed. We will not bring men from England. We never have imported men and never will, because it is not necessary. There are plenty of men right here who want work.

"As far as the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers is concerned, the Carnegie Steel company (limited) will never again have dealings with that organization after the experience we have had with it at Homestead and the Union mills. As far as information against officers of our company is concerned we have nothing to say, except that the best defense possible will be made."

THE NEWS IN HOMESTEAD.

It Comes Like a Thunderbolt and Dazes the Locked Out Men.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 19.—Never since the night when Governor Pattison ordered the state troops to Homestead was this little borough thrown into such a state of feverish excitement as there was when the news went abroad that warrants charging the leaders of the strike with willful murder had been issued in Pittsburg, and that six of the principal strikers had given themselves up to the authorities. About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon two men walked into the office of Squire Kahn, the local magistrate, and made some inquiries concerning the places of residence of Burgess McLuckie and other strike leaders. They refused to tell why they desired the information.

The inquiries were continued at other places and suspicion as to the real character of the business of the two men became aroused when they were recognized as Constables Price and Irwin. The suspicion was not verified, however, until about 4 o'clock, when T. H. Williamson, a member of the Homestead borough council, and also a member of the local advisory committee on the strike, arrived in Homestead from Pittsburg with the information that the warrants had been issued.

That news of it became noised about. While a suspicion that the arrests were anticipated had been prevalent for two days, it was not supposed that the charge against the strike leaders would be so serious as murder and the workingmen were thrown into a state bordering on consternation by the direful tidings. Coming as the news did directly after the victory of the Amalgamated association in the refusal of the men in the mechanical department of the Carnegie works to accept the invitation of the firm to return to their old duties, it turned jubilation to despondency and brought tears to the eyes of many a man whose heart was in the cause.

Like a Thunderbolt.

A few took the news quietly; the greater number indulged in bitter words, but took care that outsiders were not near when their feelings found vent in a flood of tears and declared that all was lost, while little children, seeing their elders weeping, clung breathlessly to the dresses of their mothers and did likewise.

It is certain that the leaders of the strike had an inkling of what the Carnegie company had decided upon, and when the news that the warrants had been issued came like a shock of thunderbolt to them. They had expected that conspiracy would be the charge, and the serious charge preferred, but "murder" had an ominous sound that foreboded grievous trouble.

Many summons brought the leaders together at the headquarters of the advisory committee, a stone's throw from the edge of Camp Black. On the face of every man was a serious, troubled look, and beads were made to lock the door of the consultation room, that the new aspect that the situation had taken might be discussed without fear of betrayal.

The military force has been strengthened. The city troops have made a detour of the town and are held in readiness for an emergency. All the troops are resting on their arms in anticipation of trouble. The town is quiet.

Members of the advisory committee say that the warrants be applied for against Frick, Burnside and Potter will charge "murder and treason."

HARRITY WILL ACCEPT.

Cleveland Wants Him as the Democratic Chairman.

STEVENSON IS AT BUZZARD'S BAY.

He and the Ex-President Comparing Notes for the Big Notification Meeting. The Republican Executive Committee Adjourns Without Naming Its Advisers.

NEW YORK, July 19.—It is announced *upon good authority that Secretary Harrity* is to be chairman of the Democratic national committee. He has been requested to take the position by ex-President Cleveland and by Mr. Cleveland's friends, and he has finally consented to accept the place. It is said that Mr. Harrity has all along been willing to accept the chairmanship for the campaign and that he tried to discourage the efforts to make him chairman of the national committee with the idea that ex-Secretary Whitney might be prevailed upon to accept that position.

Mr. Whitney, however, has refused to allow himself to be considered, and he has been most persistent in his appeal to Secretary Harrity to accept the office. An intimate personal and political friend of Mr. Harrity said: "I believe Mr. Harrity will be unanimously elected chairman at the meeting of the Democratic national committee on Wednesday. It is my opinion that he will also be chairman of the campaign committee, that he will have absolute control of the management of the campaign."

It is thought probable that a short session of the national committee will be held this evening, at which time Chairman Calvin S. Brice will tender his resignation.

It is understood that a move will be made for a meeting of the Democratic national committee to be held on July 21, instead of the 30th, thus avoiding the conflict in dates resulting from the notification of the nominees of the Chicago convention, which is to be held on the 30th inst.

The applications from Democratic organizations for seats at the ratification meeting will more than fill the Madison Square garden, and it is probable that a pro rata plan will be adopted in the distribution of seats.

Cleveland on the Tariff.

CHICAGO, July 19.—The following letter has been received by *R. E. Hoyt, of this city*; in answer to a note in which he expressed the hope that Mr. Cleveland would approve the tariff plank of the Chicago convention platform:

GRAY GABLES,
BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., July 14.

Ralph E. Hoyt, Esq.:

MY DEAR SIR—Your letter of July 9 is at hand, and I am exceedingly gratified to learn of your intention to support the principles and candidates of the Chicago convention.

I think no sincere advocate of honest tariff can be dissatisfied with the position the Democratic party has assumed on the subject, and *I am sure none need fear that the outcome will* not be made on the lines laid down, which have already received the approval of Iowa's great majority of the people. Very truly yours,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

Comparing Notes.

BOSTON, July 19.—A Herald special from Buzzard's Bay says: Mr. Stevenson will remain at Gray Gables until this afternoon, when he will go to New York with Mr. Cleveland to be present at the notification meeting. They will leave here on the 4:50 train, changing cars at Middleboro to a Fall River train which connects with the boat.

Of course Mr. Stevenson's visit is principally for the purpose of permitting the candidates of the party to confer together in matters concerning the coming campaign, but especially with reference to the Madison Square meeting on Wednesday.

The speeches of each to be made on that occasion will be compared, and any criticism exchanged with a view to harmony of utterance and action.

REPUBLICANS IN COUNCIL.

The National Committee Adjourns Without Naming the Advisory Committee.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The executive committee of the Republican national committee met, eleven members present, including the chairman and three representatives by proxy. Time was principally taken up in discussing the plan of organization of Leagues clubs. A. B. Humphreys, secretary; James A. Blanchard, executive member from New York, and ex-Congressman E. P. Allen, executive member from Michigan, were invited to give their views to the committee. James A. Barks, president of the College Republican League of Clubs, also addressed the committee.

The following committee on headquarters was appointed: Messrs. Bliss, Manley, Clarkson and Fessenden. No action was taken in reference to the appointment of an advisory committee, which is to be composed of leading Republicans not members of the national committee. The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

The action of the committee in reducing the number constituting a quorum from eight to six was taken with general satisfaction, as it is now possible to secure a quorum for business whenever a call for a meeting is necessary. All of the absent committee left town. Mr. Fessenden left for Stamford, Conn., Joseph Manley went home and Chairman Carter took the train for Washington.

The departure of W. A. Sutherland, the New York member, was accelerated by the fact that he will act as counsel for the Republicans of Monroe county, who will make a test case of the constitutionality of the reapportionment bill. An injunction will be taken out to prevent the redistricting of Monroe county on the ground of unconstitutionality and discrimination.

The report that a similar proceeding will be instituted against the board of aldermen of this city has not been confirmed.

The Answer Is Defiant.

LONDON, July 19.—Dispatches from India show that the answer of Afghanistan is in tent upon trouble. He is defiant and refuses to submit to the dictation of the Indian government.

Left the Men Unpaid.

HAVERHILL, July 19.—The Bradford boot works at Bradford are closed and the proprietor, E. E. Webb, has left for parts unknown. The workmen were not paid.

Took an Overdose of Morphine.

CHICAGO, July 19.—A. H. Austin, a New York drummer, was found in his room at the Palmer House suffering from an overdose of morphine. He cannot recover.

A Doctor's Suicide.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., July 19.—Dr. J. K. Livingston, a prominent physician residing at Entriken, committed suicide by shooting himself.

DEATH IN A FENCING BOUT.

Dr. Terry Accidentally Killed by Professor Castaldi in Practice.

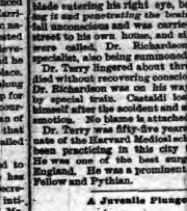
FALL RIVER, Mass., July 19.—Dr. C. C. Terry died here under exceptionally sad circumstances. Professor Castaldi, of Newport, was giving him his usual weekly lesson in fencing at his rooms in the Young Men's Christian association building, when Castaldi told Terry he must see Terry's face and cut a flesh wound near the nose.

A new mask was procured, but the nose had hardly made a dozen feints when the button on Castaldi's weapon broke, and before it was discovered the steel a second time cut the mask on Dr. Terry's face, the blade entering his right eye, fatally wounding it and penetrating the brain. Dr. Terry fell unconscious and was carried across the street to his own house, and six physicians were called. Dr. Richardson, a Boston specialist, also being summoned.

Dr. Terry lingered about three hours and died without recovering consciousness while Dr. Richardson was on his way to this city by special train. Castaldi lost control of himself after the accident and showed much emotion. No blame is attached to him.

Dr. Terry was fifty-five years old, a graduate of the Harvard Medical school, and had been practicing in this city thirty years. He was one of the best surgeons in New England. He was a prominent Mason, Odd Fellow and Pythian.

A Juvenile Plunger.



"What's the matter, my poor boy?"
"Bo-ho-o! I jest lost tuppence!"
"There, there, don't cry, my little man. See, here is threepence for you. How did you lose your money?"
"I jest is to Tommy Jinks, there, a-playa pitch an toss!"—Judy.

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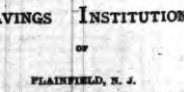

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Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
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Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 8:35, a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 8:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30 and 5 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:0 a. m., 1:15, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

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Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

MAY IGNORE GLADSTONE

It Is Said Victoria Will Call on the Duke of Devonshire.

TO FORM A COALITION GOVERNMENT

This Move Is Said to Be the Outcome of the Recent Visit of Salisbury, Chamberlain and Duke of Devonshire to Windsor—The Liberal Majority Is Now 46.

LONDON, July 19.—There is a rumor in circulation that the queen will not summon Mr. Gladstone to form a ministry, and that a coalition government under the Duke of Devonshire is possible. The Pall Mall Gazette connects the rumor with the visit of Lord Salisbury, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain and the Duke of Devonshire to Windsor.

The best informed Liberals ridicule a Devonshire coalition as outside of all possible contingencies, implying the acceptance of home rule by the Liberal-Unionists and their return to their adhesion to Mr. Gladstone.

The Times gives prominence to a letter from Sir Edward Watkin, Liberal-Unionist member-elect of the house of commons for Hythe and chairman of the Southeastern Railway company, urging a settlement of the Irish question by a compromise between Mr. Gladstone and Lord Salisbury, and by the construction of a ship canal across Ireland and a tunnel connecting Ireland and Scotland.

The construction of a ship canal, Sir Edward says, would place Ireland on the shortest sea route to all the great west and to the east by way of the Canadian Pacific railway. Surveys, he adds, have shown that the project is feasible and that the cost would not exceed £30,000,000.

Sir Edward further says that the construction of the ship canal and the tunnel would restore prosperity to Ireland by affording work for thousands of men and by the impetus that would be added to her present commercial industries and the creation of new ones.

Depends on Irish Prudence.

Some Liberals venture to predict that the momentous division on the amendment ousting the government will take place on Aug. 19, the resignation of Lord Salisbury on Aug. 20 and the adjournment of parliament on the 23d; that a period of one month will be occupied in the re-election of ministers and the formation of the cabinet, the house formally reassembling at the end of September and the real work beginning about the end of January.

Events then, it is thought, will depend upon the prudence of the Irish members. If they insist upon the immediate precedence of the home rule bill they will play into the hands of the Conservatives, who want the earliest possible reappeal to the country, having full confidence that they will obtain better results in a recontest. The Conservative executive has already convoked meetings of the London electoral agents to discuss the causes of the loss of twelve metropolitan seats, and the provincial agents will be summoned here after the London agents' conference.

The sum of today's position is that the Liberals, wanting to play for two or three sessions before dissolving parliament, will not rush the home rule bill. If constrained to give it precedence, they will not accept its rejection by the house of lords as necessitating an immediate dissolution, but will proceed with measures tending to strengthen the Liberal vote throughout the country.

What Gladstone May Do.

Mr. Gladstone will move a simple "no confidence" amendment to the address, instead of one alleging specific reasons, and will thus be enabled to go to the people on the declarations of his own policy. He has as precedents the facts that in 1841 the Melbourne ministry was thrown out on a vote of "no confidence," and in 1859 the present Duke of Devonshire's "no confidence" amendment turned out the Derby-Disraeli government.

A most striking indication of the resurgent power of Sir Charles Dilke was seen in the manner of his reception as a demonstration of 10,000 miners at Derby. A number of members of the house of commons were on the platform. Mr. Bayley, M. P., who presided, maintained that the working classes would demand Sir Charles Dilke in the important position which he formerly held in parliament, and the assemblage gave Sir Charles an ovation when he told them what they stood to lose in regard to eight hours, employers' liability, workmen's state insurance and other subjects.

The Parsee community of India, chiefly Bombay merchants, has subscribed £20,000 to Mr. Naoroji, member-elect for the central Finsbury division of London, as a defender of Indian interests in parliament. To this the Indian ruling prince adds £10,000.

The total election returns now are: Liberals, 271; Tories, 267; Liberal-Unionists, 46; anti-Parnellites, 27; Parnellites, 8. Net Liberal gain, 11. Total for home rule, 347; total against home rule, 313.

England's New Parliament.

LONDON, July 19.—It is stated officially that the new parliament will assemble on Aug. 4.

At the Mercy of the Strikers.

WALLACE, Ida., July 19.—The condition of affairs in the Coeur d'Alene district continues to be alarming. The strikers in the mountains have sent down word that they intend to carry on a guerrilla warfare. The warfare would be terrible; the troops and towns are down in the canyon at the mercy of the strikers on the sides of the mountains.

Carter Pleases Quay.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—United States Senator Quay has arrived at the Continental hotel. When asked what he thought of the selection of Thomas Carter as chairman of the Republican national committee he said: "Carter is a good man and will make a good chairman."

Her Joy Was Too Great.

YORK, Pa., July 19.—Mrs. Elizabeth L. Landis, aged about sixty-six years, died suddenly at her home. Her son, Dr. Jacob Landis, arrived unannounced from a long absence in Memphis and the sudden joy of seeing him brought on heart failure.

Found Dead in Bed.

CUMBERLAND, Md., July 19.—Arthur Shriver, of the firm of Arthur Shriver & Co., bookbinders and job printers, was found dead in bed at his residence.

The Kaiser Hunting Reindeer.

PEUCKMOHR, July 19.—Advices from Tauroggue state that the German emperor and his party are reindeer hunting on the island of Andamenen.

Railroad Men Strike.

DANVILLE, Ills., July 19.—A strike for higher wages has been declared by the section men on the Wabash railroad.

FASHIONS

Hints for Outing Costumes.

The following timely and useful items are gleaned from Harper's Bazar:

Suits of linen duck are the novelty for summer outing dresses.

Eton jacket suits rival those with a blazer for tennis, boating and outing generally.

The peasant bodice and skirt out in one, introduced last summer, remains in favor for dresses for out-of-door sports where freedom for the arms is required.

A new design for serge yachting gowns has a bodice smoothly fitted, like a cuirass, from the throat to the waist, then curving out on the hips, and evenly all around. This plain bodice is banded across with row after row of red or blue braid edged with gilt—a very effective trimming on a white serge costume.

Royal middy suits for yachting are of blue or white cloth of very light weight, made with a little jacket reaching only to the waist and open in front, with tapering revers and a square collar. Bright gold *and red bands forming a wide galloon are* the gay trimming.

Conservative sailors still commend the Norfolk jacket, box plaited and belted, for the bodice of cycling dresses. Others prefer a silken waist or blouse with rubber band, and a round skirt with braces. The circular skirt is three yards or more in width is a few inches longer in front than in the back, and is sewed to the belt, with fullness all around.

For comfortable wear during the summer, tailors are making silk blouses of a special cut to match the color of the skirt *of riding habits*, and take the place of the heavy cloth bodice. A covert coat made of the regular "coating" is added. Pique vests of white or pale blue and sailor hats are already familiar in the rider's summer outfit.

Styles for Small Boys.

Masculine attire is at present aped by the grown up girl only, and small boys have distinct styles of their own. *Here are some* of the latest. "Jack Tar" and "Man-o'-war" suits are always favorites with little men and their mothers. Our sketch shows a very pretty new sailor suit in fine blue serge, with a loose open fronted jacket, garnished on each side with brass buttons and a flannel vest with three rows of narrow blue braid around the collar.

LITTLE BOYS' COSTUMES.

Velvet and plush are favorite materials for dressy wear, and the middle figure of the cut illustrates a smart and becoming suit in black velvet, with a sort of coat jacket and a waistcoat of white watered silk; the buttons are of cut steel. The same suit is very comfortable in plain black corkscrew cloth. The blouse suit with wide collar is well made in white drill or duck piped with blue or brown.

Bibs and Tuckers.

Bibs and tuckers are the rage again, and if you want to appear fashionable you will certainly wear a bib with your best frock. The smartest bibs are of cream or black lace, or delicate colored chiffon and lace, with tucker to match. Plainer ones are of soft silk, edged with lace. Nearly all the new French dresses—both silk and woolen—are adorned with a lace bib. Bows are much worn, and are made in a profusion of shapes. Fichus, too, are popular, so are little capes made entirely of lace. About the most novel thing in neckwear is a lace *scarf, broad and of sufficient length to al*most touch the bottom of the dress.

Miss Alice Mitchell on Trial.

MEMPHIS, July 19.—A jury is now hearing evidence to determine the sanity of Miss Alice Mitchell, who killed Miss Freda Ward, between whom an unnatural love existed and who were engaged to be married. The trial will last a week.

The Maverick Bank Assessments.

BOSTON, July 19.—Receiver L. P. Beal, of the Maverick bank, received the papers from *Acting Controller of the Currency* Nixon ordering an assessment of $400,000 on the stockholders of the bank.

Seth H. Butler's Gift.

HARTFORD, July 19.—Seth H. Butler, the insurance man of Middletown, has given a check for $30,000 to President Mosch, of the Young Men's Christian association, for the new building fund.

Counterfeiters Arrested.

FRANKFORT, Ky., July 19.—Frank W. James, E. Stockwinkle, W. D. Steele and Frank R. Davidson were arrested for manufacturing counterfeit five dollar gold coins.

German Chess Congress.

DRESDEN, July 19.—The tournament of the German Chess association was opened eighteen masters competing. Dr. Tarrasch and Winawer are the most likely winners.

Hogs Burned Alive.

CLEVELAND, July 19.—The principal stock yards at the Cleveland stockyards were burned, entailing a loss of about $75,000. About 150 hogs were burned alive.

Bank Employees Drowned.

PORT ROYAL, Ont., July 19.—Frank W. Broughall and George T. McNider, of Toronto, employees in the Dominion and Montreal banks, were drowned.

Killed by a Gas Explosion.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., July 19.—A terrific explosion of gas occurred at the Ellangowan colliery, killing Caspar Mitchell and damaging the works.

One Killed and Eight Injured.

RICHMOND, Ind., July 19.—The large boiler in the Haynes, Spencer & Co. factory exploded. Taylor Hall was killed and eight men hurt.

Will Blow Out Two Furnaces.

READING, Pa., July 19.—The Reading Iron company, owing to dullness in the iron trade, will blow out two of its furnaces this week.

The Lake of the Lake Flooded.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The steamer Lady of the Lake, which was aground off Lower Cedar Point, has been floated.

THE NEWS OF WASHINGTON.

The Senate Resolves to Take Up the Administration Bill for Consideration.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The senate having completed the deficiency bill, the last of the appropriation measures, and having sent it over to the house for a conference, took up the anticoption bill. That is, it resolved to do so, but did not, for after two hours spent in wrangling and filibustering in a manner very common in the house of representatives, but most unusual in the senate, it adjourned without even permitting the bill to reach a vote. That measure, however, will come up again as unfinished business at 2 o'clock today.

The house was in good humor all day, and considering the number of roll calls, which consumed much time, an unusually large number of measures were disposed of.

Among them were: To refund to the city of Raleigh, N. C., $704 for paving the street in front of the postoffice building; to affix the seal of the United States to a document entitled "The United States government at the beginning of the 400th anniversary of America;" to create the California debris commission and regulate hydraulic mining in that state; to fund the debt of the counties in the territory of Oklahoma; to refer to the court of private land claims the well known case of William McGarrahan, involving the title to the Ocho Pozos Grant in private land in California; authorizing the secretary of the treasury to obtain plans and specifications for public buildings to be erected under the supervision of the treasury department and *overriding for local su*pervision of their construction; to provide for the improvement of the outer bar of the harbor of Brunswick, Ga.; to provide for an investigation of the slums of cities by the commissioner of labor.

An evening session was held for three hours, during which the World's fair appropriation bill was debated.

Raum Said to Have Resigned.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—A sensational rumor was current that Commissioner of Pensions Raum had tendered his resignation to the president to take effect Aug. 1.

The commissioner himself would neither deny nor confirm the story, and no information concerning it could be obtained at the White House.

The Republican members of the Raum committee filed their minority report. It finds nothing for which the commissioner can be criticised, unless it be that he appointed his son appointment clerk of the bureau, and asserts that the majority of the committee seemed determined to fasten crime and corruption upon him, but, having utterly failed of evidence, tried to do so by inference.

The report recommends the adoption of a resolution that the record in this case shows an efficient and economical administration of the pension office by the present commissioner, and that the committee be discharged from further investigation of the subject.

To Adjourn July 23.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The house committee on ways and means unanimously ordered favorably reported a resolution providing for the adjournment of the first session of this congress on Monday, July 25.

Corbett Challenges Brierly.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 19.—Pugilist James Corbett, who is in training here for his fight with John L. Sullivan, issued a challenge to Founder James A. Bradley for a quarter of a mile swimming match in the ocean for a purse of fifty dollars, the money to be donated by the winner for the purchase of a prize for the baby parade. Bradley claims to be the champion short distance swimmer.

Thinks Pension Money a Curse.

INGSTON, O., July 19.—William A. Strickland, of Athlia, this county, returned his pension check to the government. Strickland claims to have had a divine inspiration to do so. Lord informing him that the pension money was a curse and that in future to reject it as blood money, which he now does.

John Hoey Denies It.

NEW YORK, July 19.—John Hoey, stepson of the ex-president of the Adams Express company and manager of that company's office in this city, denied the rumor that his stepfather ex-Senator John Kiernan were about to start a new express company.

A Woman's Feat.

DENVER, July 19.—Mrs. C. C. Candy, accompanied by her husband, made the descent of Pike's peak on a bicycle. The feat has been accomplished by men before, but Mrs. Candy is the first woman who has ever attempted it.

Father Mollinger's Estate.

PITTSBURG, July 19.—The appraisers of the personal property of the late Father Mollinger filed their inventory. The total value of the personal property owned by the dead priest is $72,117.05.

The Proposition Rejected.

NEW HAVEN, July 19.—The striking stonecutters and quarrymen employed at quarries in Stony Creek voted not to accept the proposition submitted to them by the Manufacturers' association.

The Candy Is the Boiler.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., July 19.—A boiler exploded at the Walker, Brick and Tile works at Walker's, wrecking the building and killing the engineer, James Moneypenny.

The Cholera in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 19.—The cholera continues to rage in central Russia. The military have been ordered to shoot any persons rioting against sanitary precautions.

Smallpox and Typhus.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The 245 passengers of the steamer Taormina were transferred to Hoffman island for observation. Smallpox and typhus were aboard.

Anarchists on Trial.

BRUSSELS, July 19.—Guillaume Besnjean, Alphonse Lacroix and others, accused of having caused the dynamite explosions at Liege last May, have been put on trial.

Missing with the Funds.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Herman J. Sargent, secretary of the Harmon Mabery company, is missing and with him a large sum of the union's money.

Gagged and Robbed.

MILWAUKEE, July 19.—George E. Stilling, a tailor, was gagged by two men and robbed of $7,700 he had in his safe and $300 he had in his pocket.

Fell on His Head.

NIAGARA, Ont., July 19.—Alfred Patrick, C. M. G., clerk of the Dominion house of commons, fell on his head and died.

The President in Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The president has returned to Washington from Cape May point, N. J.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

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H. R. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,

No. 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices

To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

For Three Weeks

I will sell

1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles

$50 LESS

THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.

Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.

DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.

Geo. W. Morrison,

AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows

VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.

Rapid development and complete education of the voice.

Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.

Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,

Carpenter
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General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.

Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,

MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.

First-class work guaranteed.

Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,

MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.

Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 862.

DIXSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters and Builders.

W. J. Dixson, No. 15 Vine street. H. R. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,

PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 812.

R. V. SAUNS,

Carpenter & Builder.

Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot.
P. O. Box 1292
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—24 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Grant and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Store-front work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1366.

JOHN HERRMANN,

Builder and hard wood mantels, cabinet work, stairs, turned and hogged. Orders left with Frederick, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 9 Bogert street.

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SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS

SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC

4 & 5 cents per Copy.

Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.

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22 PARK AVENUE.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select

50c. Formosa Oolong

TEA, to make a

Delicious Iced Tea.

Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Spices wherries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.

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79 BROADWAY.

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Furniture Moved

To New York, Brooklyn, or any nearby point.

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Large covered trucks.

30 W. Second street.

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.

Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.

Hallock & Davis,

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Trunks and Bags.

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CONFECTIONER,
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Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.

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FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS,
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ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, dancing or physical culture lessons, address Miss. Alberta, P. O. Box 1082.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French conversation. Class or private lessons at residence. Plainfield, Westfield and other points. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High school, and others. For terms, address and pass, write to Prof. L. Vivien, care of Misses Scribner and Bowers, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, Plainfield. Thorough instruction in English and French. All home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Terms reasonable. Best of references. No. 16 Somerset street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Employment Office, 16 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lind say has a lot of nice maple trees, grapevines and shrubs.

H. N. SPENCER,
76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Adamantine W. G. & G. rose, rosine stoneware, Mason and Hamlin organs, sold, rented and retail. Reed organs. Catalogue, letters, promptly answered. Sweet potatoes and egg plants in season.

BROWN & MILLS,

Sharping and hair cutting parlor, in connection with the POSTOFFICE AVENUE, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best hand, shave and shampoo work in the city.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to

FRENCH BROTHERS,

TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW & STORE!

I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 piece South American Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
Excess Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Comforables	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portiere curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Counterpanes, Crockery, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Commodes, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.

T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : : : NOT A SCHEME!

TO RECEIVE A

CASH DISCOUNT,

in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of

R. W. RICE & CO.,

GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.

Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,

Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials

42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.

Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro., to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 3 27, 5 26, 6 14, 6 29, 6 55, 7 20, 7 56, 8 05, 8 35, 9 27, 9 51, 10 45, 11 32, 12 05, 12 45, 1 20, 2 01, 2 40, 3 10, 3 54, 4 30, 5 01, 5 44, 6 14, 6 55, 7 30, 8 15, 9 12, 10 05, 10 45, 11 32 p. m.

MISS JANE HADING.

A CHARMING FRENCHWOMAN TALKS ABOUT HER CAREER.

Success on the Stage, She Says, Comes Only After the Hardest Kind of Work.

Girls Who Are Fitted by Nature Only Should Study for a Stage Life.

Jane Hading lives a quiet home life with her mother in a pretty little apartment in the Boulevard des Batignolles. The sitting room in which she receives her visitors reflects the habits and tastes of the occupant. A long glance is half covered with a richly embroidered cloth, on which stand a number of photographs, old and new, souvenirs of many climes and many vanished countries. A like pat of flowering yellow roses fill the room with their delicate scent. A portrait of the actress as Claire de Beaulieu, her favorite role in Ohnet's "Ironmaster," is half hidden by an old tarnished screen of Pompadour coloring and design.

Miss Hading wears indoors a loose, flowing tea gown of pale pink and gold brocade, ruffles of old cobweb lace edge at the throat and sleeves and a jeweled girdle confines the slender waist. Her beautiful colored hair, parted in the middle, falls in undulating masses and is fastened in a heavy knot on the nape of the neck. When speaking, lights and shadows flit across her face, and if the subject under discussion be exceptionally interesting, she emphasizes her words by slight gestures.

"Would I recommend my own young girl friends to become actresses?" she exclaimed, in answer to a question. "Yes and no. No, if their life is not cast in theatrical circles—yes, if they belong by family and early associations to the theater. You see, I was so entirely an enfant de la balle, that, I made my theatrical debut at the age of three in the part of a certain little Blanche de Caylus, which, as you may well imagine, did not require much dramatic experience to fulfill. The play was 'Le Bossu' (the hunchback), and my father played the leading role."

"But every one cannot start with such advantages, madame?"

"No, and that is why I should never advise a young girl to join my profession if any other were open to her. The life is wearing, so wearing, an actress must give herself up entirely to her art; she must think of nothing else and, alas! care for nothing else. I look at the day of even a successful actress with plenty of money to make all things easy to her—hardly has she finished her cup of coffee but she must hurriedly dress and be off to rehearsal—two or three hours of hard, anxious work. After a little lunch, for we artists must diet ourselves carefully, comes an hour's rest. That is imperatively necessary, rehearsals are so fatiguing. Then endless visits to the costumer, milliner, jeweler, shoemaker etc. Tea and evening we have business calls, young authors to be seen, new plays to be read and friends to be attended to. At 7:30 off to the theater again, and then at midnight home at last! It is such a wearing, fatiguing existence that I often wonder those who have domestic ties to think about can get through it at all."

"But some consider themselves gifted with an irresistible creation."

"There is a great deal of imagination in these vocations. I consider that no one can really tell what they can do best until some accident reveals their special talent. Look at my case. An early love of music combined with a good voice, apparently settled my career while I was a child. Before I was twenty I had sung leading light opera parts in Cairo, Marseilles, Algiers and other southern cities."

"And how did you come to abandon singing for acting?"

"I am coming to that presently. Like all other provincial artists, I was anxious to attempt the conquest of Paris, but all my friends declared that it would be criminal in me to abandon the field where I had already a considerable reputation in order to plunge, as so many provincial actresses did, into certain ruin. However, the chance which they say the gods send to every mortal once in their lives came at last to me. The manager of the Palais Royal, during a two days' stay in Marseilles, went to the theater and heard me sing one of my most popular roles. Before the evening was over I had signed an engagement with him, and a few weeks later witnessed my debut in Parisian comedy. But a singular thing occurred. Jeanne Granier, then singing La Petite Marie in 'Aleazar,' fell ill, and Koning asked my manager to lend me for a few nights, in order that she might be replaced. I was successful."

"And then came the 'Ironmaster.'"

"Yes," said Mme. Hading, drawing a long breath, "then came 'Le Maitre des Forges.' You know the story of that extraordinary book? No? Then I will tell it to you. Ohnet, the young, delicate, wealthy cripple of good family marries a charming girl. They are somewhat dull during the honeymoon. Dame! we all are. Then he says, 'I—we will write a book.' His wife is charmed, they begin the book, the honeymoon comes to an end, but 'Le Maitre des Forges' prolongs the honeymoon. It is finished. Trembling, the young couple send it to a publisher; he refuses it, every publisher refuses the manuscripts, and poor George Ohnet, in a fit of despair, places the precious bundle on the fire.

"Then his wife rushes in, rescues the souvenir of her happy honeymoon and cries, 'We will publish our book ourselves. We can afford to indulge in this little folly!' Behold the book is a huge success! A hundred thousand copies are sold in no time and a dozen managers come and implore Ohnet to dramatize his great, his marvelous study of human nature! Koning obtained the MS. of the play, and I was asked if I would undertake the role of Claire de Beaulieu, and joyfully consented. For 300 days and nights I lived, dreamed, walked, rode in the part of the fiancee and wife. The last time I performed I burst into tears, feeling that I had indeed lost a friend."

"Have you any special method of study?"

"No, I do not think so. Of course, I make a great point of being word perfect in my part, and during a few days I try absolutely to become the person I am representing. I do not tire and worry myself by privately going over my part for hours, as many do. An actress should set great store by her energy and vitality; they are needed for her every day's part, and so is exercise and plenty of air. After all, it is only when you are off the boards that you begin to learn. Some one said, I believe, that industry is the mother of genius; this is certainly true in our profession. Hard work is in many cases the secret of success. You suddenly hear of a great sensation being produced in a part, but never tell you of the years of unostentatious drudgery gone through before that result has been attained. People seem to think that acting is like walking and comes by nature to gifted souls. That is no greater mistake, although, of course, if you possess no divine fire you cannot hope to interpret worthily the joys and sorrows of mankind."—Paris Cor. New York Sun.

How to Judge Cheese.

Most housekeepers quail before that part of the family marketing which relates to the purchase of cheese, and which the man of the house, who is morally the chief consumer as well as the consolement, would always buy it. Such may find the words of an authority of value:

"A cheese with an indication of goodness will stand square on the shelf, and will have an even colored not mottled rind. The moment you press your finger tips on the rind under each knuckle to judge of the interior makeup of a cheese. If it yields readily to the pressure of the fingers, and the rind breaks, or does not spring back readily when the pressure is withdrawn, you have struck a soft article, caused by the slack cooling of the curd, a want of acid or both. At best it will have an insipid flavor and will go off as it ages. Cheese which feels so hard that you cannot press it on the rind is either sour, salted too heavily, cooked too much, skimmed or suffering from a touch of all these complaints.

"A good cheese will be mellow to the touch, yet firm; its rind will be of an even tint, elastic and free from puffs, and the sample will reveal firm, close grained, buttery cheese of a nutty flavor."—New York Times.

The Rat is the House.

Man has no more constant companion than the rat. The little animal is by no means a desirable companion, for he is not honest, he is destructive and not altogether cleanly, even when in robust health. When it is known that he is probably a disease breeder, or at least the transmitter of disease, how much more will his presence be deplored and dreaded!

In the house the rat has the man at a disadvantage that is direct. When he gains access to the pantry and nibbles the cheese, the cake, the roast or the pie, may he not, if a tuberculosis victim, leave enough poison behind to inoculate with the disease all who eat of what he has polluted? A single breath from his past laden lungs will breed in the sleeping babe a malady that all the scientists in the world cannot cure. In a word, the diseased rat has at his mercy the master of the house, his wife and his children.

Right here I would suggest that the children of the house should be interdicted from petting pussy, who is a mouser. To keep the cat away from the rat infested cellar, see that she is always well fed. Never let her become hungry, and she will lose her taste for rat flesh.—Dr. S. E. Weber's Lecture.

Miss Grant, Sculptor.

Miss Grant's name is inseparably connected with the best ecclesiastical sculpture of the century. Perhaps the most important ecclesiastical work she has accomplished is the reredos in Edinburgh cathedral, representing the crucifixion.

Although her grandfather, the Earl of Elgin, had brought the Parthenon marbles to England, Miss Grant, of Kilgraston, exhibited no very special interest in sculpture until some work placed in her hands by a daughter of the late royal engraver, Pistrucci, awoke in her a taste for modeling. Several early successes encouraged her so much as to lead her to serious study under Fantaschiotti, in Florence, afterward under Meriet, in Paris, and subsequently at the Mr. Foley, R. A.

From the year 1861, when Miss Grant exhibited the bust of her uncle, Sir F. Hope Grant, at the Royal academy, to the present day, she has been almost yearly an exhibitor, and should the Royal academy ever call ladies within their body, undoubtedly Miss Mary Grant would be among the first to deserve that honor.—Hearth and Home.

Why Men Admire "Miss Smith."

"Miss Smith is always so well put together," said a gentleman the other day. "It is quite a pleasure to see her. If girls only knew how quickly men noticed any untidiness about their dress and what a disagreeable impression any lack of neatness in a woman produces, they would be more careful in looking themselves over after their toilet is completed. Now, with Miss Smith, for instance, nothing is ever awry; her skin, hair, hands, feet and dress are all carefully attended to, and although she is not strictly pretty, she is always attractive to mine men out of ten than a beauty who often neglects essentials and gives all her attention to what she considers is most becoming to her face.

"A man who is neatly finished off, whose gowns always fit well, whose hair is invariably well arranged, who can face wind and weather without becoming untrimmed, who dispenses with superfluous ornament for the sake of having neat shoes and gloves—that is the girl for me, and most men think exactly the same."—San Francisco Argonaut.

White Hair Turns Black.

There is nothing unusual in hair turning white, but a case in which the hair turns black again after being white was recently told by a gentleman from Detroit. A lady of that city originally had black eyes and hair, but in course of time, when she had attained the age of about seventy years, her hair turned pure white. This was noticed, but about a year ago her hair began darkening, and is now as black as jet.

There is no doubt about the change, nor was any artificial means used to produce it, so that the case is certainly one of the most remarkable recorded in the annals of medical history. The lady was not conscious of any change in color, or in her physical condition that would justify the curious phenomenon, so it is absolutely inexplainable on any known hypothesis.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Women Who Own Costly Jewels.

Two hundred thousand pounds is the price of the five chains of pearls forming the collier of the Baroness Gustav de Rothschild, and that of the Baroness Adolphe de Rothschild is almost as valuable. Both these ladies are enthusiastic collectors of pearls, and their jewelers have instructions to buy for them any pearl of unusual size or beauty which they may happen to come across. The sister of Mme. Thiers, Mlle. Dosne, is also the owner of a very valuable chain of pearls, which she had collected during the last thirty years of her life. Of so called black pearls the empress of Austria possesses the most valuable collection.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Reading for the Young.

It is the wretched stuff that lies about in the shape of books that is the greatest source of danger to a child, but the only way to neutralize the influence is to furnish something better; cultivate the child's ideas, encourage it to form a library of its own—biographies of really great men in history, art, science and poetry. Pictured books of travel are always interesting to the young, and it is sometimes useful to encourage them to collect scraps, pictures, all that they can find about a person or a place, and make books of their own.—Homemaker.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.

1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $36,000,000 since organization.

Wetumpka Lodge, 5491, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.

Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VANLAETHE, Dictator.
RALPH A. POST, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

‡ First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

CORNER

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

RUSSET SHOES.

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!

As later on the sizes will be few and far between.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE.

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,

FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,

Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer. Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 137 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 25c.

Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

Gauze vests, 25c.

Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.

Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c, 40c, and 50c.

Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park avenue.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'.

THE ZODIAC.

Its Signs and Their Relations to Astronomical and Astrological Calculations.

Zodiac is the name given by the ancients to an imaginary band extending around the celestial sphere, having as its medial line the ecliptic or apparent path of the sun. The signs of the zodiac embrace the twelve important constellations which, owing to the motions of the earth, appear to revolve through the heavens within a belt extending 9 degs. on each side of the sun's apparent annual path, and within or near which all the planets revolve. Since the sun appears successively in each of these constellations during the year the zodiac was divided into twelve equal parts, corresponding to the months of the year, and their subdivisions were used in measuring time, and as a basis of astronomical and astrological calculations and predictions. Astronomers now, for convenience, use these signs, giving to each constellation an extent of 30 degs., although the constellations vary in size. These signs are Aries, representing the ram; Taurus, the bull; Gemini, the twins; Cancer, the crab; Leo, the lion; Virgo, the virgin; Libra, the balance; Scorpio, the scorpion; Sagittarius, the archer; Capricornus, the goat; Aquarius, the water bearer, and Pisces, the fish.

On the 20th of March the sun enters Aries, and at midnight Virgo, the opposite constellation, will be overhead. During the month of April the sun will pass into Taurus, and at midnight Libra will be overhead.

The early astronomers were astrologers, and claimed to be able to predict the future careers of individuals and nations by observing the positions and movements of the planets and the condition of the weather at the most important periods of men's lives. A man born when the sun was in the constellation Scorpio was believed to be naturally bent toward excessive indulgence of the animal passions; one born when the sun was in Aries was destined to be a great scholar or ruler; one born when the sun was in Pisces was predestined to grovel or be a servant, and so on. The portions of the temples of Egypt and Greece in Egypt, have representations of the zodiacal constellations which are of great antiquity and have formed a fruitful theme of discussion; but the truth seems to be that nothing is as yet known respecting these ancient representations, for the manner in which the investigations have been mixed up with the Biblical question of the antiquity of man has prevented any truly scientific research. The Greeks would seem to have borrowed their constellations from the Egyptians and Babylonians. The zodiacal figures of the Hindoos, ancient Persians, Chinese and Japanese have each a resemblance to those of the Egyptians that there can be little doubt has to their common origin.

Marie de Medicis as a Book Collector.

The second wife of Henry IV, Marie de Medicis, who was born at Florence in 1573, and who died in 1642, was, notwithstanding Michelet's sneers at her as "une grande et grosse femme," a genuine book collector. The "fat tradeswoman from Florence," as she was nick named in the time, had a genuine enthusiasm for the fine arts, and honored the great painters of her time. Her books were almost sufficiently distinct in their bindings to form an epoch in the history of bibliopegic art. Thirty five books are now known to exist as having once belonged to Marie, and of these two are now in the British museum. Her armorial bookmarks were numerous. Nearly all the books which can now be traced as having been at one time in her possession are religious, and include works in Spanish, Italian and Latin. An agreeable variation to devotional books is, however, apparent by the presence of Vitre's "Description du Premier Voyage," made to the East Indies by the French (1630)—an expedition which was ordered by Henry IV, who requested Vitre to write an account of his travels.

A Curious Flower.

This flower, of which an illustration is annexed, is botanically known as Streltzia Reginae, having been named in honor of the wife of George III, Charlotte of Mecklenburg-Strelitz. The flowers show a com-

BIRD OF PARADISE FLOWERS.

bination of orange and purple in their coloring, are large, abundantly produced, and bear a fancied resemblance to a bird of bright plumage; hence its commoner name, Bird of Paradise flower."

The plant (shown at the bottom of the engraving) is easily cultivated as a pot or tub plant. It is chiefly propagated by divisions of old plants.

Illegitimacy.

According to Mulhall, the percentage of illegitimate births to total births is, in Greece, 1.5; Ireland, 3.3; Russia, 3.1; Netherlands, 3.5; England, 4.5; Switzerland, 4.6; Canada, 5.0; Spain and Portugal, 5.5; Italy, 6.8; Belgium, 7.0; United States, 7.1; France, 7.2; Germany, 8.4; Norway, 8.5; Scotland, 8.9; Sweden, 10.2; Denmark, 11.2; Austria, 12.9.

The Muses.

The nine muses were Clio, the muse of history; Euterpe, of lyric poetry; Thalia, of comedy; Melpomene, of tragedy; Terpsichore, choral dance and song; Erato, of erotic poetry; Polyhymnia, of the sublime hymn; Urania, of astronomy, and Calliope, of epic poetry.

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,

Egg Milk Shakes,

Egg Phosphates,

are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.

Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.

..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..

....Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks....

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.

Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.

Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

that A. G VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

13 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

This Date in History—July 19.

This day will be commemorated in Salem, Mass., with religious, social and other services in honor of the descendants of Rebecca Nurse, who, with four others, was executed there July 19, 1692, for witchcraft; she was 71 years old and mother of a very large family.

1265—Battle of Halidon Hill and rout of Douglas and the Scots by Edward III.
1554—Lord Guildford Dudley, husband of Lady Jane Grey, executed as a traitor.
1806—Birthday of Roger A. Pryor.
1865—Surrender of John Morgan and the main body of his guerrillas to General James W. Shackelford.
1870—Beginning of the Franco-Prussian war; in six weeks the French were beaten and driven back everywhere.
1883—Dorothea L. Dix, philanthropist, died in Trenton, aged 81.
1827—Uriel Crocker, oldest publisher in New England, died, aged 71.
1888—29 persons killed at Wheeling by a storm.
Rev. Lord Francis Hervey Rou, author, died in Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, aged 51.

A Mistake Somewhere.

"Miss Gracie," he said, with an engaging smile, "did you ever try your hand at one of those progressive conundrums?"

"What is a progressive conundrum, Mr. Spoonamore?" inquired the young lady.

"Haven't you heard of them? Here is one: Why is a ball of yarn like the letter 'r?' Because a ball of yarn is circular, a circular is a sheet, a sheet is flat, a flat is forty-five dollars a month, forty-five dollars a month is dear, a deer is swift, a swift is a swallow, a swallow is a taste, a taste is an inclination, an inclination is an angle, an angle is a point, a point is an object aimed at, an object aimed at is a target, a target is a mark, a mark is an impression, an impression is a stamp, a stamp is a thing stuck on, a thing stuck on is a young man in love, and a young man in love is like the letter 'r' because he stands before 'a,' Miss Gracie."

"I don't think you have the answer quite right," said the young lady. "A ball of yarn is round, a round is a steak, a stake is a wooden thing, a wooden thing is a young man in love, and a young man in love is like the letter 'r' because, Mr. Spoonamore"—and she spoke clearly and distinctly—"because he is often crossed."

The young man understood. He took his hat and his progressive conundrums and vanished from Miss Gracie Garlinghouse's alphabet forever.—Chicago Tribune.

1892 JULY. 1892

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:12 p. m.	Third Quarter	16	8:49 p. m.
Full Moon	9	9:44 p. m.	New Moon	23	8:31 p. m.
			First Quarter	31	2:55 p. m.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,

BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I

Situated directly by that beautiful spot of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.

Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, *meals* and livery. Send for circular.

6 18 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m.

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Successor to

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE BEF TEA

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

20 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?

The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of

Meerschaum

and

Briar Wood Pipes,

Holders and Cigars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

Sugar store, No. 12 West Second street.

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ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, JULY 20, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Ten Days' Outing!

to

Newport,
Cottage City,
Nantucket.

There is room for a few more persons to accompany the party made up for Newport, Martha's Vineyard and Cottage City, starting August 2. Expenses for ten days, $30.50. Individuals may return earlier if necessary. Address A. V. D. HONEYMAN, P. O Box 705. Plainfield, N. J.

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR SUMMER VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

BREVITIES

—*A meeting of the Campaign Bicycle Club* will be held to-morrow night, at Association Hall.

—The Street Car Company are spreading crushed stone on the streets where their tracks are laid.

—The third annual reunion of the Thirty-fifth New Jersey Volunteers will be held in Trenton on Friday.

—A number of Plainfielders attended the meeting of the Onward Lodge, K. of L., at Elizabeth, Monday night.

—A very handsome electric lamp has been placed in front of Hallock & Davis's store, on Front street, by Davis and Stevens.

—The strike of the Italians on the Port Reading Railroad at Amboy, as reported in yesterday's NEWS, is at an end, as the men have surrendered.

—The assessors, at their meeting Monday fixed Plainfield as follows: Real estate, $5,129,145; personal, $1,110,800; franchises, $299,945; polls, $2,525; total, $6,931,915.

—There is a free cooking exhibit of Cottolene, the new shortening cake making, now going on at *United Tea* and Coffee Growers' Association, and people are invited to call and try a sample.

—Mr. Spurgeon, the famous London preacher, being asked whether a man could be a Christian and belong to a brass band, replied, "Yes, I think he might; but it would be a very difficult matter for his next door neighbor to be a Christian.

—The congregation of the Park Avenue Baptist church, which has for several months been without a pastor, may extend a permanent call to the Rev. Isaac Newton Phelps, of Albany, N. Y., who has preached at the church for several Sundays and given satisfaction to a great many.

—The manœuvres of the New York Naval Reserve have awakened again in military circles an agitation for the establishment of a similar body in New Jersey. This State has the most valuable coast of the Atlantic seaboard. Why shouldn't there be a Jersey Naval Reserve ready to protect it?

—The fire at Long Branch yesterday ought to teach a lesson to people who go to the seashore resorts and put up at hotels where adequate means of escape in case of fire are not furnished. The proper authorities in this State would do well to see that every hotel along the coast is provided with the necessary apparatus at once, and to prosecute in cases where the proprietors refuse to comply with the law—New York World.

—The deadlock in the New Brunswick Board of Water Commissioners still continues. Last night the members had a meeting, but as the factions had a prior understanding nothing came of it. Every one of the half-dozen Commissioners was nominated for President, interim being filled by swapping stories. The next meeting will be August 1, but as nearly *all the members will be on their vacations*, in all likelihood the situation will not be changed until winter.

A Day at Papiac.

Yesterday the Dunellen M. E. Sunday school had a picnic at Papiac (Boynton Beach). The members of the school drove to the grove at Papiac, and had a delightful time, as well they might, for the place is an ideal holiday resort. A fine beach for bathing is skirted by a grove in which is a fine restaurant, photograph gallery, swings, merry-go-rounds, lunch tables, and a well of cool, delicious water. A pavilion, containing a piano, and whose balcony faces the water, is wide open for all comers, but closed at a moment's notice of wind or rain by sliding doors and windows. Five other churches were also represented by picnickers—the Franklin, Dashiel, Memorial, and Union street churches of Newark; the Third Presbyterian of Elizabeth, and the St. James M. E. of New Brunswick.

Gone to the Park.

Twenty-two car loads of happy First Baptists, smiling Grace church Sunday-school and joyous Mt. Olive Baptist people left this city at eight o'clock this morning and will spend the day at Ocean Grove and Asbury Park. Returning they will leave the Park at six o'clock and will arrive in this city this evening about eight p. m.

The Crescent League.

The Crescent League bicycle race, open to all wheelmen in this State, will probably be held on August 18th. Great preparations are being made and it will probably be an exciting affair.

Promotion.

He fought—a private—with the men;
His country's brave defender;
But he became a colonel ten
Years after the surrender.
—*Illinois Constitution.*

ANOTHER DOG POISONED.

Mr. Chase Loses a Valuable Mastiff. —The Wholesale Destruction Continues.

Several days ago two dogs belonging to Mr. Jared Lewis, of Somerset street, were poisoned, and the next night the dogs owned by Mr. P. MacClymont also *of Somerset street suffered the same fate.*

An exceedingly valuable dog belonging to Mr. R. F. M. Chase, who resides on the slope of the mountain, died from *the same cause yesterday.*

This is the second time Mr. Chase has lost high-bred dogs through poisoning by *some miscreant.* The report that his *cow and horse were also poisoned is* erroneous.

Suspicion points at a colored man and he may be arrested. A peculiar feature of the case is that all *the owners of the* dogs poisoned, reside on the same street.

TO HAVE A GLEE CLUB.

The Songsters Organize at the Republican Meeting Last Evening.

An enthusiastic meeting of the Plainfield Republican Club was held last night at Republican Headquarters on Front street.

Although the night was warm a good many members were on hand and took part in the, proceedings with lively interest.

The principal business of the meeting was the formation of a glee club. *After* adjournment a short "service of song" took place during which Grover Cleveland was consigned to "the cold, cold *ground," with the warmest vigor.*

PERSONAL.

Mr. F. H. Andrews has gone to Oquamquit, York county, Maine.

Mr. A. M. Runyon, of Park avenue, left this morning for Asbury Park.

Among the recent arrivals at Wanamarre is Mr. W. H. Sampson, of this city.

Messrs. C. F. Abbott and C. W. Abbott are registered at the Trenton House, Asbury Park.

Mr. John H. Doane left this morning to join his family at Moscow, Mount Pocono, Penn.

Editor Frank W. Runyon returned to this city this morning, from a trip to Ithica, N. Y.

Mr. L. Hollingsworth, of Scotch Plains, is stopping at the LeChevalier House, Ocean Grove.

Mr. Horace Huff, of West Fifth street, left this morning for two weeks' vacation at Centreville, N. J.

Messrs. George and "Capt." Kirkner, the unity field nine, but now of the west, *left for the Adirondacks, this morning.*

A quiet wedding was solemnized last evening at 13 Elm place when Mr. A. V. Searing and Miss Emily Butts were *united in marriage. The ceremony was* performed by the Rev. Mr. Honeyman. Some but the immediate friends of the bride and groom were present.

Among the guests at a watermelon party given by Miss Helen Burr, of La Grande avenue, on Monday night, were the following: Miss Bauchelle, of Elizabeth; the Misses Patten, Bowers, Crane, Saltzman, Covert and Thorbe, of Plainfield; Mr. Divison, of New York; Messrs. Cree and Bauchelle, of Elizabeth, and *Freeman. Smith, Patten, Williams, New*man and Saltzman, of Plainfield.

The wedding of Councilman Vincent L. Frazee and Miss Kate Weaver took place last evening, at eight o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Weaver, on Orchard place. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, pastor of the Trinity Reformed Church. Mr. Walter N. Mercein acted as "best man," and Miss Addie Weaver, a sister of the bride, was *bridesmaid.* The bride was handsomely attired in a becoming dress of Chevallier cloth and China silk. The groom was dressed in the conventional black. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. David Weaver, Miss Ida Myers, Mr. J. E. Martine, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Hetfield, Miss Annie Frazee, Mrs. Coles and Mr. Wm. *Dallmus, of Plainfield. Mr.* George Wendell and Miss Marion Wandell, of Boston; Mr. Frank H. Hodge, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Myers, of Raritan. *Many costly and useful* presents were received. Mr. and Mrs. Frazee left on the 10:13 train last night for Albany, N. Y., where they will remain probably a week. Councilman Frazee was the only Democrat elected to the Council at the last election, all the other candidates on the ticket being overwhelmingly defeated.

Assessors Threaten to Appeal.

The Union County Board of Assessors *held an extra session yesterday after*noon to complete their work. The only change made in the tax rate was that the State school tax being .39 and a fraction was put at .39. The assessors from those townships where the valuations were increased threatened to go before the State Board of Taxation and ask that the increase be stricken off.

The Drum Corps Out.

A colored drum and fife corps was out last night for practice.

The corps paraded East Front street for a half hour or more and attracted quite a crowd.

The playing was excellent and so also was the marching.

First Death in Lorraine.

Eliza B. Thompson, a wealthy resident of Lorraine, was found dead in bed at her home yesterday. She had been suffering from a slight attack of pneumonia. Mrs. Thompson is reported to have left $60,000. She was the widow of Alexander Thompson.

THE READING ARGUMENT.

Chancellor McGill Hears the Plea for the State.

The argument in the suit of the Attor*ney General against the Philadelphia* and Reading, the Port Reading, and the Central Railroad Companies began before Chancellor McGill yesterday morning. *Attorney General Stockton, Baker* Gummere, and ex-Judge F. W. Stevens represented the State, and ex Chancellor Williamson, Thomas N. McCarter, *Theodore Marburg, Jr., J. G. Johnson,* Samuel Dickson, R. W. DeForest, and John R. Emery appeared for the railroads.

Ex-Judge Stevens open the case for the State. His first argument was on the point that the Attorney General had a right to bring a suit where the public in*terests were concerned. He quoted* many references where the Attorney General had been upheld in various States in suits of a similar nature. He contended that the State had power to repeal the charter of a road where it exceeds its authority. Wherever public interests are at stake the Attorney Gen*eral is the only one who can step in.* Any private individual will have to show that he has been specially injured before any injunction can issue.

Judge Stevens next attempted to prove that the railroad authorities had misconstrued the title of the law under which the lease is pretended to have been made. He claimed that it was the only way in which the lease could have been created, and if the court decides that the act has thus been misconstrued the lease has no power and must fall to the ground. Judge Stevens further claimed that even if the Central Railroad Company made the lease without the consent of its stockholders it had no power to lease to a company which had no ability or means to impose the provisions of the contract, and it was certainly a breach of trust to lease the franchise of the Central Railroad Company to such a road. The Port Reading Railroad Company had no office other than that of the Philadelphia and Reading office in Philadelphia, and it was constructed for the sole purpose of providing tracks for the cars of the Philadelphia and Reading Road to carry coal to the various markets.

THE GUN CLUB'S SHOOT.

An Interesting Programme Arranged for To-morrow.

An open tournament will be held at the Independent Gun Club's grounds to-morrow. The programme will be as follows:

No. 1, 10 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.
No. 2, 10 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.
No. 3, 15 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.50.
No. 4, 15 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.50.
No. 5, 15 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.50.
No. 6, 10 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.50.
No. 7, 20 blue rocks, entrance fee $2.
No. 8, 10 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.50.
No. 9, 15 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.50.
No. 10, 15 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.50.
No. 11, 15 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.50.
No. 12, 15 blue rocks, entrance fee $1.50.

The shoot will be continued Friday when the same programme will be given with probably a slight alteration.

Shooting will commence each day at ten o'clock and extra events will be arranged to suit all comers.

Messrs. Charles Smith and Thos. Keller will have charge of the proceedings and these gentlemen will guarantee fairness to the contestants.

State Republican Committee.

The State Republican Committee met in Trenton yesterday and transacted considerable routine business. Nearly every county was represented, and the meeting did not adjourn until the date of the next State Convention.

There was a wide diversity of opinion on the subject, and it resulted in a subcommittee of five being appointed to consider the place and date.

The *subcommittee* is composed of Chairman John Kean, Jr., Arthur B. Pierce of Passaic, John J. Gardner of Atlantic, ex-B. Seymour of Hudson, and William *Stainsby of Essex.* They have full power to arrange for the convention.

The Executive Committee appointed consisted of John Kean, Jr., J. J. Toffey, *John Y. Foster, E. J. Anderson, David* Baird, R. C. Hutchinson, R. A. Reading, G. A. Hebart, and H. A. Potter.

The Finance Committee appointed consisted of John Kean, Jr., Chairman; D. C. Blair of Warren, George Halsey of Newark, William H. Skirm of Trenton, and C. E. Breckinbridge of Bergen. It was *agreed that State headquarters* be opened at 47 Montgomery street, Jersey City.

The Executive Committee held a meet*ing this afternoon and transacted only* routine business. It will meet again next Tuesday in Jersey City.

Among the Wheelmen.

Mr. Arthur A. Zimmerman, the American bicycle rider, riding tandem with Bradbury, at London, yesterday, lowered two records. They rode a mile in two minutes 17 3-5 seconds. In a short time they reconnected and rode five miles in 12 minutes, 36 1-5 seconds.

Zimmerman will sail for New York tomorrow.

VAIL—At Dunellen, N. J., July 19, Ethel May, only child of Harry and Lydia Vail.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at their residence, Thursday afternoon at two o'clock.

BASE BALL NEWS.

The Boston Athletic—New Jersey Athletic Game Yesterday.—The League Base Ball Season Half Over.

No game will be played to-day by the Crescents.

Quite a number from this city attended the game yesterday between the New Jersey and the Boston Athletic Club at A. Highlands, the famous Harvard twirler, pitched for the Bostons, and was a mystery to the New Jersey boys. Wes*terfield, the Jersey's pitcher, was batted* freely. The Bostons won by the score of seven to five.

The Bostons were to have played with the Crescents, in this city, one week from to-day, but for some unknown reason the Bostons cancelled the game. To-day they visit Livingston, S. I., and play a match game with the Staten Island Cricket Club.

The league season is now one-half completed and the Crescents have a slight advantage. Westfield has greatly increased the strength of that club by Sharrott, Smith and others and will probably land nearer the top than they are at present when the balance of the games have been played. Somerville has been playing in great luck until last Saturday when they were easily defeated by the Westfield team. Elizabeth had a strong team, and although they played a very loose game last Saturday, they will probably give Plainfield a hard tussle for the next game, which will be played in this city next Saturday afternoon.

About Camera Clubs.

American Photographic League,
T. J. Burton, Secretary,
111-115 W. 38th st., N. Y., July 15, 1892.

The American Photographic League was organized in New York on July 12, 1892, and is designed to take the parts of the American Photographic Conference. A constitution and by-laws have been adopted, and the objects, as set forth, are as follows:

Sec. 1. The League is established for the purpose of bringing about a closer union between amateur photographic societies and all persons who practice or are interested in photography.

Section 2. The objects of this society shall be the promotion of the science and art of photography, and of the sciences and arts allied thereto, to encourage and advance the practice of photography *separate from its trade, commer*cial or professional relations, and the promotion of communications between its members in order to facilitate, as far as possible, the acquisition of useful information.

Any person of good moral character is eligible for membership.

Dues, one dollar per year.

A division will be organized in each State by the photographic clubs situated therein. An annual meeting will meet in May, 1893, and consist of three delegates and three alternates from each club. State lists will contain the local officers or representatives in each town or county, who will be on behalf of league privileges and advantages and who will furnish information to a member on the presentation of a membership card. Arrangements will be made with hotels to *furnish dark rooms and other photo*graphic facilities. One half of the membership dues will be remitted quarterly to the State Division for their proper proportion of management. A monthly journal will be sent to each member without charge.

Arrangements will be made with photographic dealers in all towns, to allow a discount to all holders of league membership tickets.

Many advantages will be gained by a general organization based upon the above plan and the co-operation of every amateur photographer is requested.

A meeting of all who are interested *will be held* in the rooms of the Society of Amateur Photographers of New York, No. 113 W. 38th st., on Thursday, July 21st, at 8 o'clock. Very truly,

Oscar S. Teale. Pres. Plainfield Camera *Club.*
Paul V. L. Thiery, Pres. Newark Camera Club.
W. H. Drew, Pres. Lynn Camera Club.
H. S. Fowler, Sec. Brooklyn Academy of Photography.
Prescott Johnson, Washington Camera Club.
A. J. Thomas, Hoboken Camera Club.
T. J. Burton, Sec. Soc. Amateur Photographers of New York.

Read at the meeting of the Camera Club last evening.

PEN SKETCHES FROM LIFE.

Why a Swearing Farmer Felt Sad.

He was a Warren county farmer and was a past master in the use of profanity. His neighbors used to remark that he could invent more sew-fangled, double-back-actioned cuss words, when put to it, than a mule-driver.

One day, however, some years ago, he loaded his wagon with apples and drove up a long steep hill. On the way, some one lifted off the tail-board and the apples dropped off with every jerk.

The former reached the top before discovering his loss. Apples were spread all over the road from the bottom to the top of the incline. He looked, and opened his mouth. A sympathetic neighbor at hand expected an unusual flow of profanity, but all he heard was a sigh. He asked, in surprise, why he didn't swear. The farmer looked at him, sighed again, and, shaking his head mournfully remarked, "I slot skal to th' coonion."

THE BAPTIST'S DISAPPOINTED KIN.

"Baptist weather and rain storms are believed by some people to have one meaning. A church farmer was bewailing the failure of the rain storm to be on hand when the Baptists held their excursion to-day. He said "the farmers all around have their crops drying up, the ground is all parched and dusty with it, and we were glad to hear the Baptists were going to have an excursion because that's always means rain, meanin'nin, I suppose they are badly disappointed—I know I am. This is the first time in a good while that the Baptists have disappointed us."

—Van Emburgh & White propose making very extensive alterations in their store, and *before doing so they say* that they will have a general clearing sale throughout every department.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE SITUATION AT HOMESTEAD.

No Change at the Scene of the Recent Riots.—102 Men Working.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 20, (Special.)—Outwardly there was no change in the Homestead situation this morning. The troops went about their usual camp duties, the shrill fife and drum beat resounding everywhere, while the locked-out mill hands stood around in groups and talked about their troubles.

An officer of the Philadelphia City Troop went through the mill very carefully this morning and counted the men at work there. He found 102 men in the mill, scattered from end to end of the building, or two in a place. He found a dozen in the armor plate mill, and reports that the foreman said they would resume work in that department to-morrow with twenty-five men.

Four furnaces had been charged and there was some plate rolled to-day. The gas in the milling department was lighted Monday, but it will take till Monday next to heat the metal to the proper temperature.

Jack Walton Supposed to be Dead.

SALEM, July 20.—(Special)—A newsboy, well acquainted with the Daltons, engaged in the Adair robbery, states that on Saturday a dead bandit was buried. The bullet from one of the detectives' *rifles had proved fatal.* The injured man lay all day Friday and Friday night in camp suffering from his wound, and died on Saturday. It is supposed that *the dead man is Jack Walton. He was at* one time a mine owner in Arizona, but for the last ten years has been holding up trains and stealing horses and cattle for a living.

Fighting in Hazara.

SIMLA, July 20, (Special.)—It is reported *here that the Hazara tribesmen, who* are fighting for their independence against the Ameer of Afghanistan, who seeks to add their territory to his dominions, have ambushed the Ameer's troops and killed many hundreds of them.

Wife-Beater Hallock Released.

NEW BRUNSWICK, July 20th. (Special.)—James Hallock, of New Market, who was arrested for wife-beating, was arraigned here to-day. His wife plead so earnestly for him that he was released with a reprimand.

The case of Buckalew vs. Hallock was adjourned until next Thursday.

McLuckie Bailed.

PITTSBURG, July 20th, (Special.)—Burgess McLuckie was admitted to bail today in $10,000. The decision was stated not to apply to other strikers for whom warrants are out, but who failed to surrender.

McLuckie's friends furnished the bail and he was set at liberty by Judge Magee.

Cows Killed by Dynamite.

CINCINNATI, July 20th. (Special.)—A Youngstown special to the Commercial Gazette says that four cows belonging to Farmer D. P. Houston ate their fill of dynamite, which, without exploding, killed the animals.

A Slate Quarry Collapses.

LONDON, July 20, (Special.)—A portion of the Benduff slate quarry at Rosearberry, Cork, collapsed to-day, burying ten workmen. One was rescued, but it is feared the other nine are dead.

The Maxwell Wrecked.

LIVERPOOL, July 20—(Special)—The bark *Maxwell was wrecked off New Brighton* last night. Her crew of twenty-nine men were rescued by the New Brighton life boat.

Measure your work not by your ambition but by your power

HORNBY'S

H-O

OAT-FOOD

will supply power to the full measure of your capacity.

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades, 40 inches wide, (all wool), at 50c yard.

Wool Dress Flannels, (36 inch), 25c. per yard.

Dress Linens, 4 and 6c.
Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.
Dress Chalties, 5c.
Good Towelling, 4c.
Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.
Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 39c, formerly 50c.
Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Boston, Pa.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

Stop, Read and Consider.

BUTTER BUTTER

FINE TABLE BUTTER,
in
Pots and Tubs,
at
19 CENTS POUND.

UNITED TEA & COFFEE GROWERS' ASSO'N
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail
29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer. Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COACHMAN and gardener of experience and ability wants employment. Good references. Apply at 25 Howard street. 20 6*

A STRONG, willing man desires work. Is competent. Understands care of horses and cows. Address "F. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 18 4

A WOMAN wants work by the day. Is a good washer and ironer. Can give first class of the work. Address or call on Mrs. Perrine, 183 Somerset street, North Plainfield. 18 3

A SITUATION wanted by an American Protestant girl, (sixteen years old) to assist with housework and make herself generally useful. Is honest and obliging. Can give reference. Wages moderate. Address, this week, "M. W.," Dunellen Post Office, New Jersey. 18 6

A YOUNG woman wishes position as child's nurse. Willing to travel. Refers to present employer. Address B., care of EVENING NEWS. 17tfs

HELP WANTED.

IF there is anyone in need of a situation they look here for your advertisement.

A SALESMAN WANTED—Valuable commission offered. $25 weekly earned by many of our agents. Samples free. P. O. Box 1971, New York. 20 4

WANTED—A thoroughly competent girl for general housework, about September 1st. Box 793. 19 3

BOARDERS WANTED.

ROOMS with board at 89 East Front street. 15-5

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED from 113 Rockview avenue, a red cow. Any one bringing her home or giving notice at once to T. R. Foster, Jr., 113 Rockview avenue. 19 6*

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "B. D. M." care of EVENING NEWS. 17

FOR SALE.

49,000 CELERY plants, extra fine. Grandview plants in variety at Dunlen's, 127 Hillside avenue. 13 5

A NON-RESIDENT offers to highest bidder his corner of Somerset street and Grandview avenue; along line of electric street railway. 56 Dorchester avenue, Cleveland, O. 20 6*

FOR SALE—Cheap—A safety bicycle, second hand; is in good condition; call hearing. Easy payments. Address "G. W.," care of EVENING NEWS. 19 4

MRS. JOS. M. MYERS' property, 147 Third street, for sale or to let. Apply on premises. 7 12 tf&s

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 tfd

THE way to let the people know you have something for sale is to put that fact right under this head.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BARGAIN days in plants, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, this week. At Dunlen's Hillside avenue greenhouses. Celery and others. 3 cents up. 18 3

OLD-FASHIONED furniture to order, bought and sold. Call Fit Where store, 111 Somerset street. 5-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mishler's. 5 23tf

WANTED—House and about six acres of farm land, suitable for trucking. Near Dunellen, Somerville, Summit or Madison. Cost not to exceed $1,500. Address "Truck," care of EVENING NEWS. 20 4

Alterations.

Previous to extensive ones that we are going to make we will make a General Clearing Sale throughout Every Department.

For Three Cents Each
You buy tin top jelly glasses
For Six Cents Each
You buy Mason quart fruit jars.
For 38c. a Yard
You buy a 60-in. Damask Table Linen that is worth 50c.

Gentlemen:

You buy for a quarter a fine Gauze Undershirt that has been selling freely for 40c.

About Writing Paper.

Have you ever tried our Special Brands? If not, why don't you? We will save you money.

Wash Dress Goods.

There are many good things in Wash Fabrics that we are anxious to part with and they are to be reduced price.

VanEmburgh & White

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

TOWNSEND'S

Marble and Granite Works,

No. 229 SOMERSET STREET, near FRONT.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and at prices to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend,
Manager. 18 1mo

PAPIAC,
(Boynton Beach.)

Gala Day
Every Saturday.

The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.

A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given

Every Saturday Afternoon.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, 27 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Classes in French now forming. Also private lessons in French and German. Class lessons 50 cents, private lessons $1.

EDITORIAL NOTES

An Electrical Problem.

There is one task yet before the inventor which if accomplished will revolutionize all our present methods of machine working. That problem is how to obtain electricity cheaply from fuel or from anything else. At present electricity must be obtained from either a steam engine, from water power or from chemical action. In the steam engine the fuel is burned which makes the steam. That turns the machinery whose mechanical action produces the electricity. The electrical current runs over a wire to where it is to be utilized. If it is wanted for lighting, well and good—it is ready to be distributed from the end of the wire; but if it is wanted to drive machinery, it must first be turned back again into power. This is done by means of a reversed dynamo.

There is here great waste of force which science has never been able to prevent. The new style of triple condensing steam engine yields one horse power per hour to the consumption of two pounds of good fuel. But even here 90 per cent. of the heat from the fuel is wasted. That gives a utilization of only 10 per cent. of the actual power in the fuel. Of this, 5 per cent. is lost in turning it into electricity. Again, at the point where electricity is turned back into power about 15 per cent. additional of the transmitted force is lost, roughly speaking. In other words, only 8 per cent. of the actual heating power of the fuel has man thus far ever been able to utilize in his wrestling with electrical machinery.

Where is the genius who can make an invention that will utilize the wasted heat, or, better yet, find some way of getting electricity without the intervention of steam? Then and not till then will every household be supplied with electric lights, all the food will be cooked by electricity, steamers will be driven through the seas by the same force and the steam engine, with its fiery furnace, will go down forever. What this means in cleanliness, ease and comfort can be pictured by the lively imagination. But will the genius ever arise? Eventually he will and must. Perhaps he is already born.

The story of the Atlantic cable is an inspiration to perseverance in a great idea. An attempt was made to lay it in 1857, which was unsuccessful. Again in 1858 two trials were made. The first was a failure. The second bade fair to be successful. One month America and Great Britain flashed messages to one another under the sea; then, Sept. 4, communication ceased. The mechanism of the cable was imperfect. Not until after the war was the cable resumed, but Cyrus Field never gave up his great idea. A fourth attempt and failure came in 1866. But July 28, 1867, messages again began to cross under the sea and they have never stopped since then. After four expensive failures the fifth attempt was successful.

There is one process that may be set down as a little harder than drawing blood from a turnip. It is for a woman to get the alimony the court decrees her when it gives her a divorce from her husband. There are as many ways of avoiding payment of alimony as there are of getting out of paying taxes. So manifest has this fact become that a learned judge lately gave it as his opinion that unless the husband is a rich man with a reputation to maintain, the practice of awarding alimony should be discontinued. It is hard and growing harder for the average John Doe to understand why he should support a woman who is no longer his wife, especially when, as is often the case, he failed to do it when she was his wife.

Here is Dr. Chauncey M. Depew's definition of a typical American: "Every man in this country who rises from obscurity by his unaided efforts to a position of honor and distinction, and who commands consideration and the respect of the community in which he lives, of the state in which he is a citizen and of the country at large, is a typical American." But this adroit juggler with words hastens to inform us that within these limits there are different degrees of types of typical Americans. To be sure.

Dr. Amelia B. Edwards was sixty-one when she died, and was doing her best work as a student of Egyptology. She continued to study and write about ancient Egypt up to the time of her death. In this special branch of learning she ranked above any other woman of any period, and was one of the foremost of Egyptologists when her achievements were compared with those of the other sex.

In the year 1890-21,541 vessels arrived at and departed from Chicago, as against 15,288 arrivals and departures at New York. Commerce at our lake ports is more than double that of our whole sea coast.

The pleasuring of the Capitol at Washington has been found to be atrociously bad. This accounts for the crankiness of some of the ideas that emanate from it.

The talking bore is more numerous than ever this summer. Kill him!

TO EXTRADITE CARNEGIE

The Homestead Men Will Try to Have Him Indicted.

NO MORE ARRESTS HAVE BEEN MADE.

The Men Willing to Be Locked Up, but the Sheriff Does Not Molest Them. Nonunion Men at Work in the Mills. Pattison Slips Into the Town.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 20.—For the first time since the present lockout began the Carnegie company made a pretense of starting its mills here. It was something of a surprise to Homestead people to see smoke issuing from the armor plate mills, but they were still more surprised at noon when the big whistle was blown for dinner hour. The full power of the whistle was not put in operation, but the people recognized the oldtime sound, and many of them looked down toward the entrance to the works to see if gangs of workmen were not pouring out on their several ways to dinner. But none came.

There were workmen inside the works, however, and they were pursuing their duties in a businesslike manner, seemingly without thought that an armed guard was necessary to protect them. These men were brought into the works secretly by the company within the past week. They came a few at a time until yesterday, when the company succeeded in getting in a number of workers sufficient to guarantee the starting up of the armor plate mills.

Some of these men were probably landed at the mill between sunset and daybreak by the Little Bill under protection of the military. Later in the day the Tide, a stern wheel tug, brought a number of men up the Monongahela from the direction of Pittsburg and landed them at the works. There were about thirty in the party and all went into the armor plate mills. The company is believed to have about 175 men at work in the armor plate mills. Included among these are five steelworkers believed to have been spirited from the works of the company at Braddock.

Nonunion Men at Work.

All the men in the mill are of course nonunion. They are engaged in making repairs preliminary to the commencement of work on the contracts with the federal government delayed by the lockout, and it is probable that the company is making every effort to secure the service of men for the steel working department so that work on the contracts may be begun without delay when the repairs are completed. Yesterday afternoon some of the new workmen made a protective shield for heavy marine guns in the presence of a number of the militia officers.

The starting of the mills, following the issuance of warrants for the leaders of the strike, has shown the members of the advisory committee the determination of the Carnegie company officials, but they do not appear to be downcast at the presence of nonunion men in place of Homestead workmen. Members of the committee insist that nonunion men can never run the Homestead mills because of their ignorance in the technical branches of iron and steel making required to make successful the manufacture of the improved product of the plant. The committee also boasts hope of defeating the company in the long run on the declaration of a general boycott by freight handlers, railway men, carpenters, masons, builders and others engaged in construction work against the Carnegie company's product if nonunion men are allowed to run the mills.

Meanwhile the nonunion men are in the mills ready for work. They are provided with sleeping accommodations in the armor plate mills, and have every comfort that the company could provide. Their meals are cooked inside the works, and every preparation for a long siege has been made. It is expected that more nonunion men will be brought to the mills within the next few days.

To Extradite Carnegie.

The members of the Amalgamated association have decided to apply for warrants for Mr. Frick and Andrew Carnegie and others for murder and treason. They are determined to offset the action of the company's officials by obtaining these warrants if possible, and the men are confident that they will succeed. They claim that *the case against the officials of the company* is much stronger than that of the latter against any of the individuals who are now wanted by the constables.

They claim that Andrew Carnegie and Mr. Frick are responsible for sending an armed body of men into the state without legal authority, and that they are also responsible as accessories before the fact for the manslaughter which followed.

Mr. Brennan, the attorney of the Amalgamated association, has advised the association officials to communicate with the state department with a view to securing the arrest in Scotland and extradition from that country of Mr. Andrew Carnegie. Mr. Brennan is of the opinion that Mr. Carnegie can be held on the charge of treason in maintaining a force of unauthorized armed men without the legal or constitutional right so to do, and if a warrant in this case is granted a strong effort will be made to have him brought to this country for trial.

The advisory committee of the strikers claims to have in its possession sufficient evidence to prove that the Carnegie company not only brought a large number of men into Pennsylvania for an illegal purpose, but that it also imported weapons sufficient to arm the entire force. The bringing of a force of armed men into one state from another is a violation of the federal constitution, and the committee has decided that it has a good case against the Carnegie company.

The latter feeling which the members of the advisory committee bear toward the officials of the company will cause them to push the charges against the latter to the end. Members of the committee express confidence that warrants will be issued against the company officials without delay.

No More Arrests Made.

Hugh Ross, Anthony Flannagan and Sam Burke, three of the men charged with murder by Secretary Lovejoy, are making no effort at concealment and were willing to be peaceably arrested. Each man expressed himself as heartily in favor of avoiding any trouble that might happen if the arrests were made openly in Homestead.

It was rumored that General Beaver and ex-Governor Hoadley had been retained by the men to manage their case, but this was denied by the men themselves. The programme of the men now is to engage the best legal talent obtainable and to prosecute the Carnegie people criminally, and, as one of them remarked, put them to the expense of a heavy legal fight.

No attempt was made to serve warrants on the five men in Homestead who, with John McLuckie and Hugh O'Donnell, are charged with murder committed on the day the Pinkertons were repulsed. Constable Webber, one of the trio sent out by Alderman McMasters, of Pittsburg, to arrest the five men wanted, came to Homestead with subpœnas for people whose evidence is wanted at the hearing Burgess McLuckie will receive in Pittsburg. This duty was accomplished without trouble. The constable went about his work quietly and without calling on the military for protection. When he began to serve the warrant Constable Webber went back to Pittsburg without having attempted to arrest Ross, Critchlow, Flannagan, Burkett or Flaherty.

Hugh O'Donnell's friends say they expect him back in Homestead at any moment. The fact that a warrant for his arrest has been issued will be known to him by this time, and his many admirers here contend that he is not the kind of a man who would run away at this critical time.

Snowden Wants the Troops to Stay.

Major General Snowden, commanding the state troops here, has decided not to withdraw his division until some definite settlement that will preclude further trouble of a serious character has been reached between the Carnegie Steel company and the Amalgamated association. He declares that his whole command would remain until peace was definitely established. General Snowden has carefully considered the situation, and he evidently does not place reliance in the statements made that matters will remain as peaceful as they apparently are at present if the troops are withdrawn.

Many of the officers of the National guard have the idea that there will be any break while the militia is in possession of the town, but they are not so sanguine in their predictions of peace when asked what phase the situation will assume when the troops go home.

General Snowden, it is believed, does not take the radiantly peaceful view of the situation that some of his officers do, and the quickness of decision which he has shown on several occasions shows his determination not to take any chances concerning the possibility of trouble.

Governor Pattison, who quietly came into town, inspected all of the Second brigade that is stationed on this side of the river. He expressed himself as very much pleased with the appearance of the troops. He was the guest at supper last evening of the City troop of Philadelphia. Today he will inspect the Third Brigade.

FASHIONS

Beautiful Evening Gowns.

SEEN AT A SUMMER RESORT.

Here are two charming summer gowns. The first is partly in pale yellow crepe de chine, embroidered with dark green silk and partly in striped faille, in two shades of green. The gorgerette is in pleated white lace and the gloves are white. The other is a gown of striped pekin, in white, black, and pale blue, with a Marie Antoinette fichu, embroidered with corn-flowers in silk, and white gloves.

The Prince to Attend the Fair.

QUEBEC, July 20.—It is stated that the Prince of Wales will visit Canada next year, and make a trip to the Pacific coast over the Canadian Pacific, stopping at the World's fair.

Cattle Killed by Texas Fever.

EMPORIA, Kan., July 20.—One hundred and fifty cattle have died from Texas fever in the southern part of Lyons county. The state authorities have quarantined the county.

Irish Factions in a Riot.

DUBLIN, July 20.—There was a riot between Parnellites and anti-Parnellites at Dipperary. Much damage to property resulted and several persons were badly injured.

Cannot Agree on a Scale.

BALTIMORE, July 20.—The Amalgamated association and Messrs. Charles E. Coates & Co., of Chicago, met last night, but on a scale of wages, and 300 men have struck.

Identified His Dead Brother.

BALTIMORE, July 20.—Rear Admiral S. Kent, of Utica, N. Y., has identified the remains of a man killed on the Baltimore and Ohio tracks, near this city, as his brother.

Rio Janeiro's Quarantine.

RIO JANEIRO, July 20.—The authorities have imposed a quarantine against all vessels arriving from Paris, Russian, American and Mediterranean ports.

Russia Wants Another Loan.

PARIS, July 20.—The Russian minister of finance is struggling for a new foreign loan. Privy Councilors Wirths and Thorner are conducting the negotiations.

Tried to Dodge Quarantine.

WINNIPEG, July 20.—The mounted police patrol seized 280 head of cattle which United States cattlemen were endeavoring to ford and escape quarantine.

Captain Andrews' Perilous Feat.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 20.—Captain W. A. Andrews has started to cross the ocean in a 16-foot cockle-shell. His destination is Pabloe, Spain.

Jewish Refugees Barred.

VIENNA, July 20.—The Austrian government has prohibited the country to Russian Jew refugees on account of the cholera.

Millionaire Stout Dead.

CLAYTON, N. Y., July 20.—Francis A. Stout, a millionaire railroad contractor, died at the Thousand Island House.

NO MONEY FOR THE FAIR

The House Refuses to Consent to the Grant of $5,000,000.

SHIRAS IS TO SUCCEED BRADLEY.

The Pennsylvanian Nominated for the Vacancy on the United States Supreme Court Bench—Chili Pays $75,000 to the Victims of the Valparaiso Riots.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—If the people of the United States are in favor of a World's fair to the extent of giving the exposition an appropriation of $5,000,000 they have not expressed their views through their representatives in congress. The advocates of this appropriation had hard sailing in the house, and the result of the day's work may be summed up as follows:

The appropriation item was voted down—130 to 122—and the Sunday closing paragraph inserted by the senate was sustained by a vote of 147 to 61. The appropriations as made by the senate for the geological survey were concurred in. An amendment was inserted forbidding the letting of any contract by any government officer to any one employing the Pinkerton detective agency or other organizations employing armed forces, and prohibiting their employment by the government or the District of Columbia. The sundry civil bill was then passed as amended, and the speaker appointed Messrs. Holman, Sayers and Bingham as conferees.

A resolution was passed for the appointment of a special committee of five members to investigate the elections in Kansas and Nebraska in the city and county of New York. The conference report on the fortification bill was agreed to, and the house then adjourned.

Little was accomplished in the senate except to discuss a financial proposition of Mr. Morgan without result, and to read the fortification bill and amend it according to Mr. Washburn's views, leaving many other amendments pending. The only senator who spoke on the bill was Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, and his remarks were directed to almost every other topic than those embraced in the bill.

CHILI PAYS THE INDEMNITY.

Seventy-five Thousand Dollars for the Baltimore's Dead and Wounded.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Secretary of State Foster has announced that an entirely cordial and mutually satisfactory settlement has been reached between the government of the United States and Chili respecting the indemnity to be paid by the latter on account of the assault upon the crew of the Baltimore at Valparaiso on Oct. 16 of last year.

Under date of the 15th inst. Senor Errazuriz addressed Mr. Egan a note placing at the disposal of the latter the sum of $75,000 in gold, asking him to cause it to be distributed among the families of the two seamen who lost their lives and to the surviving members of the crew wounded in the affair of Oct. 16.

On the 17th inst. Mr. Egan replied cordially accepting the offer of the Chilian government as a frank, friendly and entirely satisfactory settlement of the deplorable occurrence at Valparaiso.

SHIRAS TO SUCCEED BRADLEY.

Nominated by the President for the Supreme Court Bench.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The president sent to the senate the nomination of George Shiras, Jr., of Pennsylvania, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the United States to succeed Justice Bradley, deceased.

George Shiras, Jr., is about sixty years of age, a leading consulting attorney of Pittsburg and has never before held public office of any kind. He is a man of deep learning, great experience and is considered eminently fitted for the supreme bench. He is a grandson of the famous '53 class of Yale, which graduated more celebrated men than in any year before or since. Justices Brewer and Brown, of the supreme bench, and Chauncey M. Depew were in his class.

His appointment was not only recommended by the Pennsylvania delegation, but by persons of influence in all parts of the country.

Raum Will Not Resign.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Commissioner of Pensions Raum denied in the most emphatic manner that he had resigned. General Raum said he had not resigned, and did not intend to resign his office now or at any other time.

White to Succeed Smith.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—It is understood that Mr. Andrew D. White, of New York, is to be appointed United States minister to Russia, to succeed Charles Emory Smith.

That Missing Pouch.

NEW HAVEN, July 20.—It has been learned that the missing Adams Express pouch containing $60,000 was intended for the Home bank of Meriden. Officers of the bank say that a package of $60,000 shipped to them one day last week was several days late, but they received it all right. Officers of the express company refused to say whether the money was stolen and recovered, or whether the company made good the loss.

Murderers to Be Extradited.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The state department, on the request of Governor Pattison, has granted extradition papers for the return of Isaac Rosenaweig and one Harris, under arrest in Montreal upon the charge of murder committed in Pennsylvania.

Received Stolen Goods.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 20.—Chief Musician Frank Bolton, of Fort Adams, was adjudged guilty of receiving goods stolen from the summer residence of Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte.

Connie Is a Countess.

LONDON, July 20.—In All Souls' church the well known society belle, Connie Gilchrist, and the Earl of Orkney were made man and wife in the presence of only a dozen friends.

In Her Husband's Arms.

CORNING, N. Y., July 20.—Mrs. J. J. Bennett, of Fairport, N. Y., died on a train just as it was entering the city. She was an invalid and expired in her husband's arms.

Bicentennial Coming Home.

LONDON, July 20.—Zimmerman, the American champion bicyclist, has sailed for America. He received no congratulations from Englishmen.

Stranded and Floated.

TROY, N. Y., July 20.—The steamer Narragansett was stranded on a bar till lifted by the tide. She got off safely.

The Bank Thieves Identified.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., July 20.—A dispatch was received here from Saltillo, Mexico, stating that Lester Leslie and J. E. Turner, the bank robbers of Nashville, Tenn., who were arrested in the former city four days ago, have been fully identified by *J. H. Clark, chief of police of Nashville.*

Receiver Hobbs Arrested.

BOSTON, July 20.—Receiver Hobbs, of the Stockbridge Savings bank, has been ordered to account for about $50,000 of the funds of the bank which it is alleged he has converted to his own use.

Can't Confirm the Report.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 20.—No confirmation can be obtained here of the report that Mrs. Russell, governess for W. H. Vanderbilt, has become insane.

Lord Stanley Will Resign.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 20.—It is probable that Lord Stanley will place his resignation in Lord Salisbury's hands before the British premier leaves office.

Count Tolstoi in Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Count Koutousow Tolstoi, nephew of the famous Russian novelist, is in the city with his young wife on a bridal tour.

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I contain no greasy or sticky substance. I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimples; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

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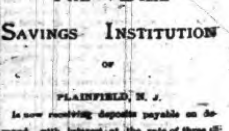

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Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7.30, 9.05, a. m., 12.05, 3.05, 6.05 p. m.
Close—7.05 and 8.40 a. m., 12.40, 3.40 and 6 p. m.
SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9.05 a. m., 1.35, 6.05 p. m.
Close—7.05 a. m., 4.40 p. m.
Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.40 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9.30 p. m.
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CLEVELAND AT GOTHAM.

The Big Notification Meeting Takes Place Tonight.

CHICAGO WANTS A HEADQUARTERS.

The Windy City Asks the Democrats to Emulate the Republicans and Open a Branch Campaign Bureau in Its Confines—Harrity Still the Favorite.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The establishment of headquarters of the Democratic national committee at the Fifth Avenue hotel, the meeting of the national committee and the near approach of the great notification meeting have brought together the greatest number of prominent Democrats from all over the country that have been in New York for a long time. There seems to be no lack of any one but Harrity for chairman of the national committee. No other name has even been suggested.

The first subject of importance which the national committee will be called on to decide after the selection of the national chairman will be the question of establishing a branch campaign headquarters of the committee at Chicago.

The idea, which is a new one with the Democratic party, finds much favor with the western members of the national committee, and a special committee of leading Illinois Democrats are now on the way, armed with arguments in support of their project.

D. P. Phelps, chairman of the Illinois state Democratic committee, and big Tom Gahan, member of the Illinois legislature, are on the ground already to point out the good policy of taking such a step. It was supposed by the enthusiastic westerners that they would meet with little opposition to the plan, but they find that there is a disposition on the part of the eastern members to vigorously oppose the division of power. The rosy visions of the Democratic success in Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Indiana and other western states are taken with a grain of allowance by the calculating states man from the east.

Chasing the Elusive.

They argue that the necessity for a branch headquarters does not exist, unless it can be satisfactorily demonstrated that well directed efforts and a liberal outlay of the campaign fund will insure a known quantity of electoral votes. They say that the disastrous experiments of the last campaign of chasing elusive western members has not inspired any great confidence in the minds of the leaders of the present campaign. They say that the largest contributors to the campaign treasure box are eastern men, and most of them believe that in concentrating their efforts in such states as New York and Connecticut, with of course Indiana to be thought of, surer results are to be expected.

Mr. William C. Whitney was seen in regard to the matter, but he did not seem to feel very enthusiastic about it.

Mr. Thomas Carson has very decided ideas about the establishment of headquarters. Said he: "We can carry Illinois if we can only get the proper assistance. We want the national committee to flood the state with speakers and we will get out the vote. Illinois has twenty-four electoral votes stored away that are worth picking up. Mr. Cable, as the Illinois member, will doubtless be placed in charge, but it will be a general headquarters from which the campaign in the west will be directed.

"The Republicans will have a headquarters in Chicago, and John R. Tanner is a very able man, and with the assistance of W. J. Campbell will be a valuable auxiliary to the Republican party in my state. I do not underrate it's ability, and I want the Democrats to be in a position to cope with him, and I am confident if we get what we want we will win."

Cleveland Arrives.

Grover Cleveland, General A. E Stevenson, General Boring and Private Secretary O'Brien and some half dozen newspaper men of the party arrived here this morning from Buzzard's Bay via the Fall River line steamer Pilgrim. After an enthusiastic reception Messrs. Cleveland, Stevenson, Ewing and O'Brien were driven to their hotel and refused to be interviewed.

Mrs. Cleveland left Buzzard's Bay on Mr. Benedict's yacht Oneida and will join her husband here. The Clevelands will undoubtedly return to Buzzard's Bay after the duties of meeting the committee are concluded.

Carter Confers with Harrison.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Hon. Thomas H. Carter, chairman of the Republican national committee, arrived in Washington and spent the day in consultation with the leaders of the party in and out of congress. Mr. Carter had a lengthy conference with President Harrison at the White House.

Elkins Couldn't Accept.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Secretary Elkins says his name will not be presented to the West Virginia Republican convention for governor with his consent and he could not accept the nomination.

McComas to Be Appointed.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—If is given out by one in a position to know, that Louis E. McComas, of Maryland, will be appointed secretary of the national Republican committee.

Searching for His Body.

ST. JOHNSVILLE, N. Y., July 20.—Henry Wayland, sixty-six years old, a prominent citizen, disappeared from here. His cane was found upon the river bank, near the village, and later his hat was picked up in the water. The water has been drawn from the level and men are searching for the body.

Tuttle Says It Is Rock.

NEW HAVEN, July 20.—Vice President Tuttle, of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, when interviewed as to the use of electricity as a motive on its lines between New York and New Haven, as published in an article in the Worcester Gazette, said: "Bosh; it's nothing but romance."

Both Fell Dead.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 20.—At Pratt mines Constable Kale attempted to arrest Alex. Frazier's father, when Frazier took a pistol through Kale's heart. As Frazier ran Kale shot him through the heart. Both died then fell dead.

Buried Alive.

YORK, N. Y., July 20.—Jay Eastwood, aged sixteen years, was smothered by a salt wave at the Bethel mines. Eighty tons of salt were removed before his body was recovered.

His Mangled Body Found.

BALLINAH, July 20.—The mangled body of Arthur W. Clarke was found on the railroad track at Lyon.

FLAMES AND THIEVES.

Both Run Riot in the Atlantic Hotel at Long Branch.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 20.—A detective fine in the bureshop of the Atlantic hotel, on Ocean and Morris avenues, Long Branch, caused a fire. E. S. Lustig, the proprietor, was awakened by his wife, who smelled smoke. He ran to the rooms of the different guests to give the alarm.

A panic immediately ensued, and the greatest excitement prevailed throughout the hotel. The flames spread with such rapidity that several of the guests were forced to jump from the second story to the piazza.

Half dressed men, women and children ran screaming through the hallways, many of them being in a half dazed condition from their fright at being suddenly aroused from sleep to face a danger imagined to be great.

The smoke rolled through the building in stifling volumes, and the frightened guests and servants had much difficulty in making their escape from the burning hotel. The flames soon spread from the wing in which the fire originated, and before the firemen arrived on the scene the entire building was ablaze.

There were about 250 guests in the hotel when the fire broke out, and while the building was burning Ocean avenue was filled from her hands $300 in bank bills and about $1,500 worth of jewelry. Mrs. Goldfogle lost jewels and dresses worth $3,000. Mrs. Gilbert Kuh, of New York, lost jewelry valued at $2,500.

Mrs. Minnie Cummings, the actress, who remained in her room until hemmed in by the flames, was rescued by firemen. The hotel was owned by Richard J. Dobbins, of Philadelphia, one of the heaviest owners of Long Branch property. His loss is about $10,000; fully insured. The losses of the hotel guests aggregate about $30,000.

MRS. DRAYTON SAILS FOR EUROPE.

A Reconciliation with Her Husband May Take Place Abroad.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton has sailed for England on the North German Lloyd steamship Aller. She was accompanied by an elderly woman and a maid. Not one of the 500 saloon passengers who went to sea in the same steamship was aware that she was aboard. Passage was engaged at the steamship office under the name of "Miss E. M. Moore," and the party were registered on the passenger list as "Miss E. M. Moore and party." Although Mrs. Drayton is unknown by almost every soul on board of the Aller, she is no stranger to Captain Christoffers, the commander. With Mr. Drayton she crossed with the captain on the same steamer in May three years ago.

Mrs. Drayton will disembark at Southampton and go directly to London, where she will remain several days. After resting she will go to the continent, probably to Carlsbad, and join her mother and her sister, Mrs. Orme Wilson. It is her intention to return later to England, where she will remain until the autumn.

Mr. and Mrs. Drayton have held several interviews, an important one of which took place in Mrs. Astor's house a few days before the death of Percival Drayton, Mr. Drayton's cousin. Persons in a position to know say that Mr. and Mrs. Drayton have already become reconciled, and that the public or outward reconciliation will be effected abroad before the advent of the next year.

About a fortnight ago Mrs. Drayton met her children for the first time since last fall. This meeting took place at the country house of Mr. Drayton's cousin, Mrs. Dawson Coleman, at Lebanon, Pa. A few days after Mrs. Drayton's return to New York her eldest son, Henry, a youth of twelve, was brought to Mrs. Astor's house and permitted to take luncheon and pass the day with his mother.

Mr. Drayton, it is expected, will sail with his children in the fall for England.

Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, who came from Rhinebeck to say goodby to Mrs. Drayton, went to Newport for the season.

A King's Son Jailed.

LONDON, July 20.—Charles Theodore, son of the late King of Bavaria, was arraigned for threatening a man with whom he had a quarrel. Not being able to secure bondsmen for his good behavior, he was sent to prison for three months.

Keelyites to Meet.

CHICAGO, July 20.—The second national convention of the Associated Keely Bichloride of Gold clubs will be held at Dwight, Ills., the second Tuesday of September.

Seized for Undervaluation.

TORONTO, July 20.—Over $4,000 worth of watches in the warehouse of the Waterbury Watch company were seized by the customs authorities on the charge of undervaluation.

Both Legs Cut Off.

TROY, N. Y., July 20.—Raymond Tyrsen, nineteen years of age, while attempting to catch a ride on a train fell, beneath the cars and both his legs were cut off.

Bunker Hill Mines Resume.

WARDNER, Ida., July 20.—At the Bunker Hill mines work has been resumed. Troops guard the tramway constantly and no disturbances are reported.

Astor's Royal Purchase.

LONDON, July 20.—William Waldorf Astor has purchased the mansion on Carlton House terrace which was occupied by George IV when prince regent.

Struck Salt.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 20.—The Lehigh Salt company has struck a deposit of excellent salt at a depth of 728 feet, 12 a shaft near Le Roy.

Granite Cutters Hold Out.

MILFORD, Mass., July 20.—The Milford Granite Cutters' union has unanimously rejected the proposition of the manufacturers.

To Advance Coal Tolls.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company will advance anthracite coal tolls to lake water ports west.

The Distress Is Awful.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 20.—Both cholera and typhus fever are spreading in southern Russia. The distress is awful.

Yacht Back from Fishing.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Secretary of the Treasury Foster has returned from a fishing trip down the Chesapeake bay.

A Noted Canadian Dead.

LONDON, July 20.—John Macgregor Rob Roy, the famous canoeist, is dead.

Another Failure.

Mrs. Greyneck—Why, Mabel, you have been crying!

Mabel—Oh, mamma, I am the unhappiest of women!

Mrs. Greyneck—You alarm me. Tell me what has happened.

Mabel—Oh, Ja-Jack—

Mrs. Greyneck—It can't be possible that your husband has been unkind to you so soon.

Mabel—Oh, mamma, we have been married now si-six weeks, and I can't find out that Ja-Jack has been jealous once.—Jester.

A KNIFE IN HIS HEART.

Ex-Senator Evarts' Son-in-Law Commits Suicide.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Dr. Charles D. Scudder, a son of the late Henry J. Scudder and son-in-law of ex-Senator William M. Evarts, committed suicide in his mother's home in Northport, L. I. Dr. Scudder had been in poor health for some time, and went to Northport with an attendant. It was his intention to stay there for several weeks.

When he got off the train it was noticed that he acted strangely. He seemed to pay no attention to his surroundings, but kept muttering to himself and gesticulating wildly. A carriage was waiting for him, into which he was quickly ushered, and the vehicle was driven away to the old country mansion.

It was thought that a few weeks' stay at the Scudder homestead would be of benefit to his health.

Dr. Scudder rested quietly until after daylight. He then became restless, and at 5:30 o'clock he insisted on getting up. His brother tried to persuade him not to, but the doctor broke away and ran out of the room. On his passage through the dining room he grabbed up a carving knife and then continued his flight out of doors.

When he reached the grounds surrounding the house he ran to the nearest tree. Here he stopped and placed the handle of the knife against the tree, with the point just below the center of the left breast. Then he wound his arms and legs around the tree, and using all his force drew himself to it, forcing the blade of the knife into his heart.

THE ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

Gladstone's Majority in the Commons Is Now Forty-two.

LONDON, July 20.—There have now been elected 667 members of the house of commons out of the 670 composing that body. With the result of the North Kerry election, the polling in Tipperary, which took place yesterday, and the polling in the Orkney and Shetland islands place next week, the contest will be over.

The parties now stand: Conservatives, 314; opposition, 353. The three remaining districts are certain to return supporters of Mr. Gladstone, so the latter's majority in the next house will be 42.

At the Liberal headquarters in London it is said with confidence in the report that the Conservatives rely upon certain Parnellites, whom they assisted with money in the late election, to move as amendment Mr. Gladstone's "no confidence" motion. The Parnellites indignantly repudiate the report, and point to the recent declaration of John Redmond, M. P., to the effect that minority of all Home Rulers is to combine to oust Lord Salisbury. The Liberals reply that John Redmond has not the whiphand of his faction and can only speak for himself.

The final returns of the elections are rather disappointing to the Liberals, who had hoped, until the last evening, to gain sufficient gains to make their majority 46.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

	R.	H.	E.
At Brooklyn—First game—			
Brooklyn	1	0	0 0 0 0 0 x—1 6 1
St. Louis	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 5 2
Batteries—Hudson, Kinslow, Galvin and Buckley.			
Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	0	3	2 0 2 4 0 1 x—13 17 1
St. Louis	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2 5 2
Batteries—Stein and Kinslow; Getzein, Buckley and Moran.			
At Boston—	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	2	1 0 0 0 0 0 x—3 9 2
Pittsburg	0	0	0 1 0 0 0 2 1—4 11 2
Batteries—Nichols and Bennett, Ehret and Miller.			
At New York—	R.	H.	E.
New York	0	0	0 0 0 0 1 0—1 6 1
Cincinnati	0	2	0 0 0 0 0 0 x—2 4 0
Batteries—Rusie and Boyle, Chamberlain and Vaughn.			
At Baltimore—	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	2	0	0 0 1 0— 3 8 1
Cleveland	1	1	0 0 0 0— 2 8 2
Batteries—Ferson and Gunson, Cuppy and Zimmer.			
At Philadelphia—	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	2	1	0 0 1 1 1 x—7 8 1
Chicago	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 5 4
Batteries—Weyhing and Clements, Gumbert and Schriver.			
At Washington—	R.	H.	E.
Washington	0	1	1 3 0 2— 7 7 2
Louisville	0	0	0 0 0 0— 0 5 2
Batteries—Abbey, Darrow and McGuire; Viau and Grim.			

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

	R.	H.	E.
At Providence—			
Providence	0	0	2 0 2 0 0 0 0—4 6 3
Binghamton	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 1— 1 5 4
Batteries—Kilroy and Ryan, Ilks and Wilson.			
At Utica—	R.	H.	E.
Utica	1	1	0 0 3 1 0 0 2—8 12 2
Buffalo	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 2
Batteries—Sullivan and Myers, Schoberman and Weldman.			
At Rochester—	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 5 1
Albany	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2 7 2
Batteries—Calhaan and Townsend, Devlin and Rose.			
At Elmira—	R.	H.	E.
Elmira	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 5 0—5 9 3
Troy	0	0	0 0 1 0 2 0 x—3 8 2
Batteries—Fricker and Boyd, Welch and Cahill.			

No Ready to the Dead.

MONTREAL, July 20.—A search of the ruins of the lake warehouse fire showed that there were no bodies in the debris.

He Has Two Wives.

BUFFALO, July 20.—Adam Wombacher was arrested for bigamy. He has one wife here and one in Pittsburg.

The Newark Goes to Spain.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The United States steamship Newark has sailed from here for Cadiz, Spain.

Death of Ex-Minister Hitchcock.

ROME, July 20.—M. Hitchcock, ex-minister of finance of Italy, died here.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality at all lowest markets rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield; Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,

No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.

Call and see Samples.

For Three Weeks

I will sell
1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles
$50 LESS
THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.

Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.

Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development of and complete educatio of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders' Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 948.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 16 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 512.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton street, near depot, Fanwood.
P. O. Box 1020
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—24 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARNOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Fourteen cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Post office box 1044. Shop, interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1044.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Manufacturer of and hard wood panels, mantel, Shop corner of Grand and Front streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 2 Regent street.

USE THE BEST!
DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
A. M. Vanderbeek's,
223 PARK AVENUE.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the articles, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All kinds of goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

Do You Want Shirts?
If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.
Trunks and Bags.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

Educational.

FLAGG HOUSE,
Residence in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mrs. Alward, P. O. Box 1009.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Mme. Bergeret, late professor in Paris at Lausanne, a class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield. Will receive pupils at Fanwood during the summer months. For terms and other information call or address as above. Classes will be formed at once. Pupils can go from Plainfield to Fanwood and return in one hour. Trains run very frequently.

MISS ELIZABETH MATTHEWS,
Teacher of Piano and Harmony, will receive pupils at her own or at their residence. Liberal terms. Address 112 Park avenue.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MR. LINDSAY,
Expert Accountant, Office, No. 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Will be glad to have a lot of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs.

H. R. BENCHER,
No. 16 and 18 Somerville street, groceries and provisions. Choice Creamery and Dairy butter a specialty. Choice 4 years old Rye Whiskey, Old Tom Gin, Imported Cognac and Port wine for medicinal purposes. Fruit and vegetables in season. Orders promptly attended to. Cabbage, lettuce, tomatoes, potatoes, sweet potato and egg plants in their season. Celery.

Removed to Belle.
Ordering and hair cutting parlor, is removed to No. 6 Belle street, Plainfield, N. J. Shop formerly occupied by Mr. Bennett. Best brands of cigars and tobacco constantly on hand.

IF!
A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $12
3 piece South America Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
Geese Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.50, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 35 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portierre curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, Settees, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : : : : NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 14, 6 27, 6 46, 6 58, 7 20, 7 35, 7 48, 8 00, 8 20, 8 35, 8 48, 9 00, 9 20, 9 35, 9 48, 10 00, 10 20, 10 35, 10 48, 11 00, a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 20, 12 35, 12 48, 1 00, 1 20, 1 35, 1 48, 2 00, 2 20, 2 35, 2 48, 3 00, 3 20, 3 35, 3 48, 4 00, 4 20, 4 35, 4 48, 5 00, 5 20, 5 35, 5 48, 6 00, 6 20, 6 35, 6 48, 7 00, 7 20, 7 35, 7 48, 8 00, 8 20, 8 35, 8 48, 9 00, 9 20, 9 35, 9 48, 10 00, 10 20, 10 35, 10 48, 11 00, 11 20, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St. at 2 30, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, a. m. 12 00 midnight, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, p. m. 12 00 midnight.

Sundays, 4 30, 7 15, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, p. m. 12 00 midnight.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 20, 6 40, 7 00, 7 20, 7 35, 8 00, 8 20, 8 40, 9 00, 9 20, 9 40, 10 00, 10 20, 10 40, 11 00, 11 20, a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 20, 12 40, 1 00, 1 20, 1 40, 2 00, 2 20, 2 40, 3 00, 3 20, 3 40, 4 00, 4 20, 4 40, 5 00, 5 20, 5 40, 6 00, 6 20, 6 40, 7 00, 7 20, 7 40, 8 00, 8 20, 8 40, 9 00, 9 20, 9 40, 10 00, 10 20, 10 40, 11 00, 11 20, p. m. 12 00 midnight. Leave Newark at 6 45, 7 05, 7 25, 7 45, 8 05, 8 25, 8 45, 9 05, 9 25, 9 45, 10 05, 10 25, 10 45, 11 05, 11 25, a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 25, 12 45, 1 05, 1 25, 1 45, 2 05, 2 25, 2 45, 3 05, 3 25, 3 45, 4 05, 4 25, 4 45, 5 05, 5 25, 5 45, 6 05, 6 25, 6 45, 7 05, 7 25, 7 45, 8 05, 8 25, 8 45, 9 05, 9 25, 9 45, 10 05, 10 25, 10 45, 11 05, 11 25, p. m. 12 00 midnight.

Sundays, 4 45, 7 15, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, a. m. 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, p. m. 12 00 midnight.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 7 30, 8 15, 9 00, 11 00 a. m. 12 30, 1 30, 3 30, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

Sundays, 9 00 a. m. 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND RARITAN.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 9 45, a. m. 1 30, 4 30 p. m.

Sundays, 9 00 a. m. 5 00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 15 a. m. for Somerville, Bridgewater, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington and Trenton.

7 20 a. m. for Somerville, Bridgewater, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington and Trenton.

8 15 a. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

9 00 a. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

11 00 a. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

12 30 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

1 30 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

3 30 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

5 00 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

6 00 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

7 00 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

8 00 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

9 00 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

10 00 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

11 00 p. m. for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

12 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

1 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

2 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

3 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

4 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

5 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

6 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

7 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

8 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

9 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

10 00 midnight for Somerville, High Bridge Branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Flemington, Lambertville, Pennington, Trenton, Bristol, Morrisville, Penn Manor, Langhorne, Bensalem, Bristol, Tullytown, Torresdale, Bridesburg, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia.

11 00 midnight for Somerville, High

SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY MAJOR A. R. CALHOUN.

A Lady Tells How She Fell Overboard During a Storm in the China Sea—A Night of Terror on a Coral Reef and a Timely Rescue.

"STRONG, MANLY HANDS DREW ME INTO THE BOAT."

"One afternoon in last December," writes an American lady from Amoy, China, "my husband, who was the captain of an American vessel then in port, and a friend of ours, an English naval officer, proposed that we should take a sail down the harbor in our yacht, a little vessel of some thirty tons burden.

"The weather was pleasant, with a breeze from the northeast, which is the prevailing wind during the winter months. I had the greatest confidence in my husband and our friend, as indeed any lady would who had the yacht with a feeling of dread that I could not account for. Against my husband's wishes I left the children on shore, and till the day I die I shall regard the impulse that led to this as providential.

"About 2:30 in the afternoon we left the wharf and dropped down the stream. The wind was right and we had a fine run down the harbor, with the open sea before us.

"The air was so clear and bracing that I soon forgot my fears and enjoyed the situation to the utmost, so that it was I who asked for an extension of our voyage when we ought to have been facing for home.

"At length the yacht was put about, and now we found that what had been a pleasant gale as we sailed with it increased to a storm as we beat against it.

"No one who has not seen the sudden gathering of squalls in the China sea can form any idea of how almost instantaneously the sky will fill with clouds and the wind increase to a hurricane.

"My husband, who knew the sudden changes, attempted to take in sail while our friend steered, but before he could do so the squall struck us.

"There was an instant of horrible confusion, in which I heard the slapping of the sails, the snapping of the cordage, the hiss and roar of the sea, then came a jerk that threw me completely over—sudden darkness and a plunge into ice cold water. Our boat had been overturned.

"With the natural instinct of self preservation, aided by some slight knowledge of swimming, I beat the water with my hands and managed to sustain myself for an instant. But before my senses had returned fully I found that my husband and our friend were swimming near me.

"Fortunately none of us had received any injury from the ropes or broken spars, but as we were far from land and with no help in sight we seem to comfort from the fact that none of us was disabled. After a desperate effort we seized the boat, which was floating bottom up and drifting inland with the tide, that had just turned. But the city of Amoy lay a long distance off, and, to add to the horror of our situation, the sun had set and heavy cloud banks overhead promised a dark night.

"I overheard my husband and our friend talking, though they did not intend me to hear, the words evidently of fresh fear we were being carried to the dreaded entrance of the Chinese pirates, but the good, strong, united dash of English oars.

"The boat of an English man-of-war, which had been out watching for smugglers, was returning. This time our cry for help was heard, and just as the water had risen to my waist, strong, manly hands drew me, fainting and exhausted, into the boat.

"Of our return home I know but little. Insensibility followed on such a terrible strain to my nerves. But, thanks to a gracious Providence, that night I held my children to my heart again!"

Just Too Late.

That there are today hundreds of men undergoing penal servitude for crimes of which they are entirely innocent no one can doubt. Such cases frequently find their way into the public press, but as a rule "the victim of circumstances" is compelled to endure the pangs in patient and to face the future shame when the sentence is served and once more he is adrift in the world.

That innocent men have been hanged and will continue to be hanged so long as capital punishment is on the statute books of civilized lands, all who have given any thought to the investigation of this subject well know.

A quite sad, in speaking of the execution of innocent man (this was before the war), "it would be impossible to commit the blunder of hanging an innocent man in Texas," and on being called on to explain, he added, "because, after a long residence in that state, I met with no man who did not deserve to be hanged on general principles, and seeing that there was danger of hanging him in the same condition I left."

Yet there have been many innocent men hanged in Texas.

John Towns came to Texas, when no one knew and from whence no one cared; but he was in Brazoria county in the winter of 1838. There could be no doubt about the latter point, for John Towns was in jail, and not only in jail, but condemned to be hanged.

John Towns was not the lowest type of Texas criminal, he had not stolen a horse; if he had he would have been taken to a tree and swung off. Custom had decreed that horse stealing was a capital offense without benefit of trial.

John Towns was convicted of the ordinary offense of murder, which in itself, as particularly in that day, might have been condoned had not the motive been the unpardonable desire to rob.

The body of the missing Zibe Smith was found buried near a cabin occupied by Towns. It was evident from the condition of the skull that Smith had been murdered, and as many of the dead man's belongings were found in Towns' possession the evidence of his guilt was irresistible, particularly to that jury which was made up entirely of the dead man's friends.

In his defense Towns took the bold stand that Zibe Smith was not dead, or at least that the body mused out by the dogs was not Smith's, and to further that fact, which had gone out to the Rio Grande, was his friend and had intrusted to him before his departure the things found in the cabin by the officers of the law.

Of course the prisoner's story was not believed. *No defense that he could have offered would be considered,* say others when the jury was convened to convict.

John Towns, who was a fine looking, intelligent man of forty, made a strong plea in his own behalf, but Zibe Smith's friends in the jury box were not to be shaken. They brought in a verdict of "guilty of murder in the first degree," and the judge, also a friend of Smith's, sentenced the prisoner to death.

The time set for the execution was just sufficient to get from Austin the governor's signature to the death warrant, for railroads and telegraphs were scarce in the Lone Star State in those days.

The governor completed his part in the tragedy, but the papers had not been on their way a day when an event happened that caused him to change his mind. This event was the appearance in the executive chamber of Zibe Smith, who came to deny his own death and to plead for the reprieve of the man about to be executed for his murder.

This evidence must have had some weight with the governor, for he dispatched post haste a special messenger to Brazoria to delay the execution till a further investigation could be had, and he very properly selected for this purpose Mr. Zibe Smith himself.

Smith started off, but when he reached Houston, from which point there was a telegraph line and railroad to Columbia, within seven miles of Brazoria, he sent a dispatch to the sheriff, telling about the reprieve and incidentally of his own condition, and asking him to postpone the execution till the next day.

But the sheriff, Captain John Towns. The operator, who was still dizzy from the effects of the previous night's carouse, sent Smith's dispatch to Columbus instead of to Columbia.

Smith galloped into Brazoria just ten minutes after the condemned man had been swung off. He helped to cut down his friend and joined in the efforts made to resuscitate him, but he was dead as a coffin nail.

Of course the judge and the jury were sorry for the "accident," as one of them called it. But all found comfort in the thus prevailing Texan belief, that it was "better that ninety-nine innocent men should suffer than that one guilty man should go free."

French Mineral Water.

Mohammed was certainly a wonderful man. His constants against strong drink have been obeyed and, as a result, his followers are the most temperate people in the world. But while the Turks are supposed to abjure wine, the spirit of modern enterprise has entered their drowsy land, and the younger men affect the French language and cultivate what second until recently like an insatiable taste for French mineral water.

It has recently come to light that some monks near Bordeaux have been making a fortune by shipping to Turkey as mineral water the white wines of southern France. The example was followed by more worldly dealers, and last year it was discovered that Burgundy wine was finding its way into the harems of sultan and pasha under the innocent name of mineral water.

The women grew so fond of this water and evinced such a flow of spirits after drinking it that the sultan, through his agent or consul at Bordeaux, caused an investigation to be made.

The monks who had made such a profitable business of this trade were summoned before a French court and the malefactors forced them to produce samples of the mineral water.

The school made a clean breast of it and declared, as he exhibited the filled vessels, that the liquor was the very best. On being asked why he, a godly man, had practiced this deceit, he said: "It may have been a deceit, your honor, but it is an honorable one. There have been and still are men who pass off water for wine, but we, far more righteous, have given wine for water." ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

GOOD HEALTH

LATEST CURE FOR SEASICKNESS.

It Produces Refreshing Sleep from Which the Patient Rises Well.

"Chlorobrom" is the name of the very newest remedy for seasickness. It is the discovery of Dr. M. Charteris, of Glasgow, and its chief constituents are bromide of potassium and chloralamide. According to Dr. Charteris, bromide of potassium is safe and its utility has been recognized, but its saline pungent taste is distinctly against it and its chance of being retained by the stomach. Combined, however, with chloralamide and other ingredients this difficulty has been overcome, and a palatable and stable solution has been obtained. When this solution is given in cases of insomnia dependent upon nervous excitement or mental strain, sleep ensues in the course of half an hour and lasts from six to eight hours. This sleep is quiet and refreshing and the awakening from it is attended by no headache, no thirst and no depression. The patient rises as if from natural sleep, perfectly fitted to undertake the duties of daily life, and so far as seen the habit of taking it is not engendered.

In a paper upon seasickness, published in The Lancet, Dr. Charteris tells that, having noted this physiological action of chlorobrom in insomnia, he determined to try it in seasickness. He found that, given after the first stage of active vomiting had ceased (the sine qua non of its administration), it was invariably successful. He says: "I carefully watched its action in the case of a gentleman who in a voyage from America in the autumn shared a state cabin with me. On the morning of the first day after leaving port he became very sick, and continued so all day. In the evening he was very restless, and the retching was extreme. I gave him an ounce of the solution. He fell sound asleep in fifteen minutes, his breathing being easy, and his pulse rate normal. He awoke refreshed after eight hours' sleep, and continued well during the remainder of the voyage."

An English Mixture for the Complexion.

The following for preserving the complexion and soothing the skin after exposure to sun and wind has at least a pleasant and harmless sound: Take a wineglassful of best orangeflower water. Add the least pinch of carbonate of soda and two teaspoonfuls of glycerin. Melt a piece of camphor the size of a pea in three tea spoonfuls of eau de cologne and add to the orangeflower water. Agitate the whole *for five minutes. Apply to the face every* night. If any soap be found necessary, use old castile and rub the face gently with a piece of chamois leather after washing.

Vegetables from a Health Point of View.

Asparagus purges the blood and acts upon the kidneys. Spinach has also a direct effect upon the kidneys. Celery acts admirably upon the nervous system, and is a cure for rheumatism and neuralgia. Tomatoes act upon the liver. Beets and turnips are excellent appetizers. Lettuce and cucumbers are cooling in their effect upon the system. Onions, garlics, leeks, olives and shalots possess medicinal virtues of a marked character, stimulating the circulatory system, and increasing the saliva and the gastric juices.

ETIQUETTE

VISITING CARDS.

The Correct Size and Shape and the Proper Inscription.

Card etiquette is one of the finest and most delicate tests by which a woman classifies her acquaintances. Its laws are unalterable; its sins of omission or commission among the few that are absolutely unpardonable. As described by the New York Sun, this bit of snowy pasteboard by which judgment is meted out to you by the social tribunal must be fine in texture, pure white in color, a little smaller than those of last year in size, nearly square in shape, and have a smooth but unglazed surface.

The name, engraved in script through the center of the card, has the address below it in the right hand corner, the day for receiving in the left corner.

This name should never include a husband's title or profession, but should spell out the husband's name in full and not be written with the initials alone.

A daughter in the first year of her social life has no card, but engraves her name on *her mother's card. After this probationary* year the eldest or the only daughter in a family writes only Miss before her family name; the younger daughters write the full name. It has been decided that on a widow's card the dear name so long borne, so hard to relinquish, may be retained with propriety for social use, though in all practical matters the widow writes her own Christian name instead of that of her husband.

Fastidious Speech.

To the initiated there is no surer mark of thorough culture and good breeding than a certain fastidiousness of speech, concerning which Harper's Bazar very aptly asks: "How many people are there who pronounce any proportion of their words correctly, not merely by reason of clipping and mouthing, but by ignorance of good usage? We find them everywhere, and lay the accent on the first instead of on the second syllable of acclimate, for example; they pronounce the second syllable of acoustics, coo, instead of cow; they do not put the accent on the last syllable of adept, as they should do; they leave the s sound out of buoy; they pronounce duke with the sound of oo instead of with the simple long u, emphasize the first instead of the second syllable of enervate, and sound the i in often.

"They are astonished to know that precedence has the accent on the second syllable, and placard on the last: that quay is called key; that sough is suf; that the s instead of the s sound is to be given in sasafras, and several in risse; that subtle and subtile are two different words; that the last syllable of tortoise is pronounced "tis" instead of "tuz;" that a should be used not nay, and that it is not the "zoo," but the zo-ological gardens where one goes to see the chimpanzees, and not the chimpanzee. It is quite time, we think, when we hear one of these talkers for some of the fancy work and fancy studies of the day to be dropped, and a little hard work on the dictionary put in their place."

This Date in History July 20.

1304—Petrarch, Italian poet, born; died 1374.
1588—The British Admiral Howard began the series of battles which broke and scattered the Spanish Armada.
1766—Sultan Mahmoud II born.
1820—*Birthday of Augusta Daly.*
1834—Caroline Anne Southey, author and widow of the poet Robert Southey, died; born 1787.
1855—Birthday of F. J. Stimson.
1866—Battle of Melzano, Sicily; Garibaldi defeated the Neapolitan army.
1861—Confederate congress met at Richmond.
1868—Naval battle at Lissa in the Austro-Italian war.
1870—M. Prevost Paradol, the French minister, committed suicide at Washington, aged 61.
1885—The king of Ashanti died after a reign of 36 years.
1886—General Thomas L. Young, ex-governor of Ohio, died in Cincinnati; born 1809.

Go Slow.

Customer—Look here, I haven't had these trousers a week and they bag at the knees.

Tailor—That's not my fault, sir; you shouldn't be so ardent in your proposals.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Poor Minks.

Winks—Minks has been aging very rapidly during the past few years.

Jinks—Yes, he must be building a house.—New York Weekly.

The Working Editor and the Summer Girl.

I hear the splash of ocean and the murmur of the hills,
The rolling of the rivers and the music of the rills;
I hear the wood birds caroling their restless roundelays,
I feel the lazy languor of the coming summer days.

I read delicious notices of mountains and of seas
Where summer time is such a time as summer *time should be;*
I long with weary wistfulness to lay my labors down,
And flee the God-made country give up the man-made town.

I hear a sweet, seductive invitation from them all,
That beckons me, that welcomes me, that tempts me to my fall—
Yet I can daily at my desk and quite contented be,
If poets send no verses on the Summer title to me.

—Will J. Lampton in Life.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 188,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $30,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 3801, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. —, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
☞ First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE.
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

RUSSET SHOES.

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!

As later on the sizes will be few and far between.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows
30 WEST FRONT STREET.
and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**
Cut in Latest Styles.
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.
All Sizes and All Wool.
Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

A NEW SUPPLY OF
LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,
IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.
These goods are well-made and neat-fitting.
GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.
The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's
Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,
at
EDSALL'S!

Just What You Need!
If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an
Arnold Steam Cooker.
Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.
You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue / Also the only genuine
BOSTON BROWN BREAD,
made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.
M. E. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park avenue.

PIPTONIZED
Beef, Iron and Wine
50c.
Per Pint Bottle.
at
WILLIAMS'
THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.
Gauze vests, 25c.
Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c, 40c, and 50c.
Men's 3 on Drawers, 30c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.
Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

AT RANDOLPH'S
Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
Also in Siphons.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.
..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
....Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks....
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
that A. G VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.
COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

1892			JULY.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.
First Quarter 1 9:13 p.m.
Full Moon 9 9:44 p.m.
Third Quarter 16 8:42 p.m.
New Moon 23 8:31 p.m.
First Quarter 31 8:05 p.m.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I.
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
6 13 12m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEF TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine cry repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furnino" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Sugar store, No. 12 West second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box L. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR SUMMER VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be clear and slightly warmer.

BREVITIES

—It is the first time in the history of the country that two men who have been Presidents of the United States are both candidates for re-election on opposing tickets.

—A handsome pair of jet black coach horses were stolen last night from the pasture of J. Cammeyer, the well known New York shoe man, who has a handsome place at Berkley Heights. The team is valued at $1,000.

—M. E. Beach the agent for the Arnold Steam Cooker at 61 Park avenue is doing a big business in Boston brown bread and fruit puddings. He makes them fresh every day and says he is securing the most desirable class of people as steady customers.

—The Salvation Army will have a grand holiness convention and dedication of their hall this evening at eight o'clock. A child will be dedicated to God under Salvation Army form. Staff Captain Marshall, the poetical salvationist will conduct the service. Subject: "Wading through Jordan."

—The Metropolitan Gas Company of New York has at last got into the clutches that the sheriff and the entire plant will be sold at public auction August 24 to satisfy the creditors, chief among whom is the Central Trust company of New York, which holds a mortgage on the plant for $350,000.

—There will be an installation of officers by Wetumpka Lodge No. 3,401, Knights of Honor this evening. It is expected that there will be many visitors from the following sister lodges: Easter Lodge, 3,542, this city; Tuscarora, 3,752, New Market; Matanzige, 3,653, Somerville; Onward, 2,852, Elizabeth.

—It is with a due regard for the general fitness of things that the managers of the two great parties should recognize the political importance of Plainfield. Mayor Gilbert was one of the committee selected to notify Mr. Harrison of his nomination and Mr. Dewitt C. Tyrus of No. 52 Hillside avenue was one of those to notify Mr. Cleveland.

—The order of foundation of the nineteen oldest American colleges is as follows. Harvard chartered in 1660, William and Mary in 1693, Yale in 1701, Princeton in 1746, Columbia (King's) in 1754, the University of Pennsylvania in 1755, Brown in 1764, Dartmouth and Rutgers, (N. J.) in 1770, Washington and Lee University, Lexington, Va., and Washington College, Charleston, Md., in 1782; Dickinson, Carlisle, Pa., and Hampden-Sidney, Va., in 1783; St. John's, Annapolis, Md., in 1784, the University of Georgia and the College of Charleston, S. C., 1785; the University of Vermont in 1791; Williams in 1793; Bowdoin and Greeneville and Tusculum, Tusculum, Tenn., in 1794, and Union, Schenectady, N. Y., in 1795.

—One of the most pathetic things is the manner in which the animal kingdom endures suffering, says a writer in the Florida Times-Union. Take horses, for instance, in battle, and, after the first shock of a wound, they make no sound. They bear the pain with mute endurance, and if at night you hear a wild groan from a battle field, it comes from their loneliness and fear of that human companionship which seems absolutely indispensable to the comfort of domesticated animals. The dog will carry a broken leg for days wistfully but uncomplainingly. The cat, stricken with club or stone, or caught in some trap from which it gnaws its way to freedom, crawls to some secret place and bears in silence pain which we could not endure. Sheep and other cattle meet the thrust of the butcher's knife without a sound, and even common poultry endure intense agony without complaint. The dove, shot unto death, flies to some far-off bough, and as it dies the silence is unbroken save by the patter on the leaves of its own life blood. The wounded deer speeds to some thick brake, and in pitiful submission waits for death. When you see one brutally treating a horse think of this.

That Trophy Race.

Captain Martin of the Plainfield Bicycle Club said this morning that the entries for the Elizabeth Journal Trophy Race will not be announced until to-morrow.

There will be a series of three trial races and a final race to determine the championship of Union county.

The races will take place Saturday, July 30th.

Plead not Guilty.

Harrison Randolph son of ex-policeman Randolph was arrested last night and locked up on a charge of intoxication. This morning before Judge Codington he plead not guilty and the case was set down for trial next week.

A Novel Political Club for the Campaign.

Every Republican possessor of a wheel should present himself at Republican Headquarters to-night and join the Harrison and Reid Campaign Bicycle Club.

Base Ball Notes.

R. J. Murphy, pitcher of last year's Albany team, has been signed by the Crescent League team. He will be here Saturday and will probably pitch.

IMPRISONED BY A VELOCIPEDE.

A Small Boy's Predicament Draws a Crowd.

A small boy, barefooted, and riding a velocipede with "rat-trap" pedals, on Somerset street, last evening, in some way caught his great toe in the pedal, which turned, twisting the toe and imprisoning the rider. He could not release himself and the pain caused him to scream frantically.

A crowd of people simply seemed to grow about him, so quickly did the bystanders and residents near-by rush to the spot. The poor little fellow continued to scream with pain and several attempts were made to release his toe from the pedal, but his yells at each attempt frustrated the efforts of the would-be rescuers.

Finally the boy's father drove up. He twisted the pedal back and released his son. The toe was black and blue from the pressure and looked as though it had been crushed.

The boy was riding the wheel barefooted again this morning.

PERSONAL.

Messrs. William and James Hallock have gone to Maine for a month's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel P. T. Wilbur and family of this city will spend the next two weeks at Sewaren, N. J.

A. E. Faber and family of Rockview avenue started to-day for Wernersville, Pa., a favorite Mountain resort, and will remain two weeks.

Georgeus S. Taylor and family of Rockview avenue, left town yesterday for Lake Minnewaska, N. Y., where they will spend a portion of the Summer.

Mr. J. C. Smith, and Mr. and Mrs. Allan B. Wallace of Clinton avenue, Newark, have been spending a few days as guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. M. French of Somerset street.

Mr. William A. French, son of Mr. P. M. French of Somerset street is expected home from St. Paul next month. He will leave August first, and will spend August in Plainfield.

Captain Frank L. C. Martin of the Plainfield Bicycle Club has returned from the thirteenth annual meet of the L. A. W. at Washington. He reports that he had the distinguished honor to grasp the hand of President Harrison at the reception which followed the parade of the cyclists. A. T. Hopkins will return to-day but Martin and Smith will remain for several days longer in order to more thoroughly "do" the beautiful capital city.

The New York *Sun* says, at the head of its column, "If you see it in *The Sun* it's so." But that may be, becoming noted for its exaggerations in matters relating to Plainfield, a distinction enjoyed by the *World* and *Times* for several years past. There is no truth in a story in this morning's *Sun* that eight dogs, a cow and horse belonging to Mr. H. M. Chase were poisoned by an enemy or any one else. Mr. Chase has no enemies, but a host of friends, as such an excellent gentleman deserves, and it is, to say the least, rather unkind to send such stuff abroad about any citizen because the correspondent wants to make his story sensational enough to be accepted, regardless of the truth.

School and County Tax.

The following school and county taxes were apportioned by the Board of Assessors before adjourning:

SCHOOL TAX.

Elizabeth—First Ward, $4,497.02; Second Ward, $2,126.66; Third Ward, $2,105.79; Fourth Ward, $5,502.10; Fifth Ward, $1,636.76; Sixth Ward, $3,945.64; Seventh Ward, $1,748.95; Eighth Ward, $6,130.71; Ninth Ward, $5,963.13; Tenth Ward, $6,541.18; Eleventh Ward, $5,702.22; Twelfth Ward, $4,578.58; Plainfield, $19,196.46; Rahway, $6,066.95; Springfield, $981.44; Summit, $5,767.15; Union, $4,898.14; Westfield, $3,304.62; Linden, $4,517.66; New Providence, $1,476.95; Fairwood, $268.91; Cranford, $1,118.44; Clark, $717.94; Total, $95,170.98.

COUNTY TAX.

Clark, $1,434.66; Cranford, $3,632.22; Fanwood, $4,184.31; Linden, $9,030.38; New Providence, $1,476.95; Plainfield, $38,393.25; Rahway, $16,194.54; Springfield, $1,766.80; Summit, $7,689.89; Union, $9,353.21; Westfield, $6,609.24.

Elizabeth—First ward, $8,989.05; Second ward, $4,349.75; Third ward, $4,304.07; Fourth ward, $5,001.14; Fifth ward, $3,295.98; Sixth ward, $7,898.70; Seventh ward, $3,496.61; Eighth ward, $12,261.21; Ninth ward, $7,949.07; Tenth ward, $13,671.30; Eleventh ward, $11,394.94; Twelfth ward, $9,130.91. Total, $190,009.

Westfield Notes.

Miss May C. Lewis and Stephen S. Mapes, were married in New York City Tuesday. After a short trip they will take up their residence at Westfield.

A ripple of surprise has been caused by the announcement of the marriage of William Stitt, Jr., and Miss Carrie Nestor, daughter of John Nestor. It is said that they have been married over a year. There is a touch of romance in the affair. The young people were "keeping company" some time ago and the old folks objected. Under pressure of the objections the young folks appeared tearfully. Now it transpires that instead of doing as their parents wished, they were married. They are about to start housekeeping.

Stole the Carpenters Tools.

A new house on Netherwood avenue, receiving the finishing touches of the carpenter, was entered by someone during the workmens' absence and tools belonging to Mr. Carter valued at $15, were stolen.

—A Republican newspaper will be issued in Roboken next month. There is only one daily paper in that town and that is an organ of the Democracy.

FIGHTING THE PORT READING.

The Coal Combine Company's Able Defence—Lehigh's Counsel Opens.

Argument on the motion for a preliminary injunction in the relief demanded by the information against the Reading and Port Reading companies, to prevent their continuing to act under the lease and tripartite agreement of February 19, 1892, against the Central Company, to compel it to resume possession and operation of the leased property; against all three companies, to prevent their increasing the price of coal to the inhabitants of New Jersey, was continued this morning.

John G. Johnson, representing the Philadelphia and Reading road, argued that foreign corporations in New Jersey were permitted to become lessees of domestic corporations under certain conditions; the question to be settled is whether the Port Reading is a foreign corporation.

The bill now before the court is framed upon the theory that the leases were made by foreign corporations. He denied that the Philadelphia and Reading built the Port Reading Railroad. The scheme is to have the court place a new construction on the State law, so that stock must be held by domestic corporations and individuals entirely.

If such a narrow policy is pursued in the State it will have a disastrous effect on the management of the large corporations. He also considered the point whether the lease was really made to the Philadelphia and Reading, as contended by the State.

He ridiculed the idea that the raising of the prices of coal had anything to do with the question of the lease. The only effect it would have on the question would be to secure more uniformity of prices. It would have been perfectly proper to have sought an injunction if the companies had failed in any way to perform the duties assigned to them by charter, but they have not. The Central does own stock in coal companies, but the lease in question does not deal with these stocks. They remain in the possession of the Central and their property right can not be disputed. In this case the Chancellor may only inquire whether the roads have power to make a lease of the character named by the bill. The Legislature has given them power to combine by leasing.

It is certainly strange to come here and ask the Chancellor to declare illegal what the Legislature has made legal. He described with much fullness the Trenton Conventions and stated that the injunction should be issued. Thomas N. McCarter, for the Lehigh Valley Company, spoke after Mr Johnson concluded.

STRENGTH OF THE CHURCHES.

One of the Census Agents Gives Statistics on Religion in this Country.

Pemberton, July 20.—Charles S. Buell of the Sixth division of the United States Census was here to-day looking up delinquent churches whose statistics are either incomplete or unsatisfactory. He said that the official bulletin of the Twelfth Census would be issued shortly and property has not yet been published. Upon these points he made the following statement:

"Twenty millions of people in this country are communicants, and one million are in religious bodies, but are not communicants. The Catholic denomination heads the list with a membership of six and a quarter millions. This includes the ten bodies of the church which are in existence in the United States. The Methodists, with eight branches or bodies, four of which are colored, follow with a membership of four millions and a quarter millions. This includes the ten bodies of the church which are in existence in the United States. The Baptists, with eight branches or bodies, four of which are colored, follow with a membership of four millions and a quarter millions. This includes the ten bodies of the church which are in existence in the United States. The Presbyterian bodies with an aggregate membership of 1,276,815. The Episcopalians are in the neighborhood of 600,000, but as these figures are unofficial I cannot give them as correct.

"In point of comparative wealth the Episcopalians, however, they have property of the value of $75,000,000, which is far ahead of their comparatively small membership. The Presbyterians have property worth $187,000,00 in round numbers. The Methodists have $95,000,000, and the Baptists $45,000,000. The property to be divided among the country, over a million of whom are in the Methodist and Baptist churches.—N. Y. Sun.

Mr. Buell, referred to above, is stationed in this city, as an assistant of Mr. Carroll, and resides in North Plainfield.

New Jersey Dentists Elect Officers.

The twenty-second annual session of the New Jersey State Dental Society was held at the parlors of S & J. Davis, Newark, yesterday, thirty-three members of the society were present. R. R. Lacky of Paterson, the president, was in the chair, and the first part of the meeting was devoted to routine business, the reports of the various committees being presented and read. At 11.30 o'clock there was an adjournment, after which the officers were elected for the new year. They will take their several positions at the close of the union meeting of the New Jersey and Pennsylvania societies, which begins at Cresson Springs to-day and lasts until Saturday.

The new officers are: Dr. Oscar Adelberg, of Elizabeth, president; Dr. E. M. Beesley, of Belvidere, vice-president; Dr. Chas. A. Meeker, of Newark, secretary; Dr. Geo. C. Brown, of Elizabeth, treasurer. The executive committee—Dr. Oscar Adleberg, of Elizabeth; Dr. C. F. W. Holbrook, of Newark; Dr. S. C. G. Watkins, of Montclair; Dr. R. M. Sanger, of East Orange; Dr. Harvey Tredell, of New Brunswick.

The membership committee chosen is made up of Dr. J. W. Curtis, of Hackettstown; Dr. W. E. Truex, of Freehold; Dr. Thomas Moore, of Paterson; Dr. I. N. Vanderwater, of Madison, and Dr. W. L. Fish, Newark.

STATE NEWS

Five veterans of the late war were engaged in harvesting wheat on the farm of John Shinn, at Lower Alloway, Salem county, one day last week.

The Building and Loan Association League of this State announces the semi-annual meeting of the league, to be held at Asbury Park on Thursday.

James Cassady, of Camden, on Monday placed Russell Milliard under bail on a charge of forging the signature of Jacob M. Rambo to a note for $135.

The annual session of the State convention of the Christian Endeavor societies of New Jersey will be held at Brighton on October 25, 26 and 27.

The Bunterdon Board of Freeholders have awarded the Somerville Woolen Mills $215 for damages sustained when the company's team fell through a defective bridge.

Joseph Henry, a prominent electrician and amateur farmer of Bushrouck Heights, has been experimenting with electricity upon plants and declares that it has a wonderful effect in stimulating growth.

George Miller, driver of an Atlantic City omnibus, was fined $25.50 and held in $100 bail for trial by Recorder Hissing Chief of Police Eldredge Sunday night when the latter attempted to arrest him for fast driving.

Atlantic City people complain about the condition of a young woman, about twenty-five years old, an idiot, who is exhibited there in a wooden cage as the "Australian wild girl." The case has been brought to the attention of the authorities.

Adjutant-General Stryker has been informed by J. J. Breton, professor of military science and tactics of Rutgers College, that Andrew H. Berry of Elizabeth; P. Conover Field, New Brunswick; Wm. H. Stratton, Haddonfield, have qualified for military service.

Evidence of fraud in the old plan of taking a school census is said to exist. The State returns show that Hoboken has 5,000 less children of school age this year than last. If correct it means a loss of $15,000 to the city. Enlarged lists are expected elsewhere.

Richard J. Byrnes, of Hammonton; Judge Joseph Scull, of Scullville, and J. T. Cordery, of Absecon, have been appointed by commissioners to condemn a strip of land at Absecon, through which a canal will be built to several large ponds of that place, to furnish a water supply for Atlantic City.

Fairs are announced in this State at the following places and dates: Vineland, August 9 and 13; Bridgeton, August 10 to 12; Woodstock, August 30 to September 1; Mt. Holly, September 12 to 16; Somerville, September 13 to 16; Newton, September 13 to 16; Waverly, September 19 to 23, Trenton, September 26 to 30.

A surprise was created at Gloucester City yesterday by the arrest of Russell Milliard, the well known real estate dealer and cutter, on the charge of forging the name of Jacob Rambo to a note of $135. Milliard was committed in default of bail. He has heretofore borne a good reputation and this charge against him falls like a thunderbolt on the community.

The recent Christian Endeavor Convention in New York had a romantic result for two of the delegates at least. William Lane, a delegate from Fargo, who came to the city to attend the convention an old flame, Miss Lizzie Benson of Newark. The old attachment between the couple was renewed, and on Wednesday they were married. They leave for Dakota this week.

Justice Young of Merchantville, on Saturday committed Charles N. Dorsey, a colored man to the county jail on the charge of committing an assault on Jennie Carson, a white woman. Dorsey was a witness for Lingo, the murderer of Annie Miller. Dorsey was seen in person in Camden yesterday morning and told a story to this effect. Recently he (Dorsey) had Mr. Jaggard, of this place, arrested for assault on his (Dorsey's) daughter, and Dorsey now claims that the charge is a put-up-job.

A decision has been rendered in the Hill will case at Keyport which sustains the will, and it is admitted to probate. This was a case in which John Hill, of Keyport, devised the last will of his wife upon the ground that she was not of sound mind when she made it. Mr. and Mrs. Hill each made a will in favor of the other. After Mrs. Hill made another will leaving a part of her property to her daughter, she gave to her nieces a large part of her personal property. This displeased Mr. Hill and he made the contest.

A FOOLHARDY MARINER.

Captain W. H. Andrews is to start from Atlantic City this week and try to cross the Atlantic Ocean to Palos, Spain, in a boat fourteen feet long, of about width and depth and wholly decked over except for a small cockpit. Captain Andrews realizes on making his voyage a striking contrast to that of Columbus, and intends, if successful, to exhibit his little craft at the Chicago fair, together with models of vessels used by the navigator 400 years ago. The stores for the voyage will be divided between the bottom of the craft in cans and are to serve as ballast as well as food. When the cans are emptied they will be filled with water. The captain will take the ordinary courses across the Atlantic. He expects to be about fifty or sixty days in making the trip. He does not expect any rough weather, as storms are infrequent at this season of the year. He will sleep during the day to avoid being run down.

The South Also Herself.

A paper from Georgia, dated July 19th, has the following celebrating a war-time anniversary:

WELCOME!

TO BRAVE DEFENDERS OF A PEOPLE'S HONOR.

This is a proud day in the history of Atlanta.

For upon this day it is her pleasant privilege to welcome into her midst as noble a band of men as ever breathed the breath of life.

When ground down beneath oppression and having been trampled upon by her Northern foes, the South arose herself like a mighty lion in 1860 and threw off the galling yoke of the tyrant. There went out from this city scores of brave and devoted men to fight for the liberties of their country.

An illustration of a Confederate battle flag, torn by shot and shell, heads the article.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

KIPLING'S BAD BEHAVIOR.

He Slighted His Friends and Acted Like an Ill Conditioned Boar in Montreal.

MONTREAL, Que., July 21st. (Special.) Rudyard Kipling used to have a great number of admirers in Montreal who intended to pay him honor and homage should he ever visit the city. He arrived at the Windsor Hotel yesterday with his wife, and has made himself about as much detested as a man can in one day.

One of his many orders was that he should not be disturbed by any one under any circumstances, and the many persons who called when they heard of his arrival were so told. One prominent merchant here, a great admirer of his, who also accosted him, was informed by Kipling that he did not wish for any new acquaintances.

The worst treatment was received by the Pen and Pencil Club, to which the principal artists and literary folks of the Dominion belong. They tendered a reception in their beautiful club rooms; but without even going to the trouble to inform them to that effect, he failed to appear and slighted them in a manner which will never be forgotten.

THE END OF A NOBLEMAN'S SON.

Charles Dackers Lead a Nomadic Life in South Dakota.

YANKTON, S. D., July 21, (Special.)—Charles E. Dackers, son of Sir Sydney Dackers, late Admiral of the English Navy, died at his home, a few miles east of this city, Tuesday night from injuries received in a wrestling match on Sunday last. This man's history is remarkable, in that for twenty years he has led a nomadic life and declined repeatedly to return to England and enjoy the life of aristocracy. He was 35 years old.

O'DONNELL HAS RETURNED,

The Leader of the Workmen Has Given Himself Up.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 21st. (Special.)—At 9.30 o'clock this morning Hugh O'Donnell, together with all of the other Homestead men for whom warrants had been issued, assembled at the office of their attorney, Mr. Brennan, to make preparations for surrendering themselves to the magistrate.

Shortly after O'Donnell walked into Alderman McMaster's office and gave himself up.

SLID DOWN THE ROPES.

Thirty Persons Narrowly Escape Death by Fire.

NEW YORK, July 21, (Special.)—Thirty persons narrowly escaped being roasted to death last night in one of the cheap lodging houses in lower Fulton street, Brooklyn. As it was the inmates of the house escaped in their night clothes and by sliding down ropes to the street.

R. C. KNIGHT DEAD.

The Millionaire Sugar Refiner Passes Away.

CAPE MAY, July 21—(Special.)—E. C. Knight, the millionaire sugar refiner, who has been ill of pneumonia at his cottage here for the past month, died at three o'clock this morning. Mr. Knight was seventy-nine years old.

For men who work and women who worry

HORNBY'S

H-O

OAT-MEAL

Means tonic—recuperative energy.

A royal summer dish!

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades, 40 inches wide, full weight, at 50c yard.

Wool Dress Flannels, (36 inch), 25c. per yard.

Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.

Light Prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.

Dress Challies, 5c.

Good Towelling, 4c.

Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.

Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 35c, formerly $1.00.

Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Boston, Pa.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.

Refrigerators. Lawn Mowers,
Ice Cream Freezers. Hammocks

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware, Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to $10

Cut in Latest Styles,

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COACHMAN and gardener of experience and ability wants employment. Good references. Apply at 15 Howard street. 20 0*

A STRONG, willing man desires work. Is competent. Understands care of horses and cows. Address "F. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 18-3

YOUNG woman wishes position as child's nurse. Willing to travel. Refers to present employer. Address B., care of EVENING NEWS. w,f,tf

HELP WANTED.

SALESMAN WANTED—Valuable commission offered. $20 weekly earned by many of our agents. Samples free. P. O. Box 1871, New York. 20 4

BOARDERS WANTED.

ROOMS with board at 80 East Front street. 15-8

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. tf

FOR SALE.

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 11tf

THE way to let the people know you have something for sale is to put that fact right under this head.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BARGAIN days in plants, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, this week, at Dunlap's Avenue greenhouses. Coleus and others, 2 cents and up.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 5 Somerset. 9-20tf

SECURE your ticket for the Concordian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 22tf

WANTED—House and about six acres of land, suitable for market gardening. Near Dunellen, Somerville, Summit or Madison. Cost not to exceed $1,000. Address "Truck," care of EVENING NEWS. 20 4

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.

Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue. Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. E. BEACH, Agent,
61 Park avenue.

Alterations.

Previous to extensive ones that we are going to make we will make a General Clearing Sale throughout Every Department.

For Three Cents Each

You buy tin top jelly glasses

For Six Cents Each

You buy Mason quart fruit jars.

For 38c. a Yard

You buy a 60-in. Damask Table Linen that is worth 50c.

Gentlemen:

You buy for a quarter a fine Gauze Undershirt that has been selling freely for 40c. About Writing Paper.

Have you ever tried our Special Brands? If not, why don't you? We will save you money.

Wash Dress Goods.

There are many good things in Wash Fabrics that we are anxious to part with and they go at a reduced price.

Van Emburgh & Mills

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

TOWNSEND'S

Marble and Granite Works,

No. 29 SOMERSET STREET, near FRONT.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and at prices to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend,

Manager. 18 1m

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach.)

Our newest salt water resort. A 10-acre shady grove close to the beach. Forty minutes from Plainfield by C. R. R. of New Jersey.

The famous day Summer resort has been greatly improved the present season by the erection of a grand new pavilion, a large restaurant, where refreshments are sold at moderate rates. A base ball diamond and Lawn Tennis Court, and a fine bowling alley.

There is also a fine equipment of boats for rowing, fishing or crabbing, a fine sandy beach for bathing, plenty of houses and suites. Numerous picnic tables (free) for excursionists. Free plano in the pavilion, music every day. First class steam Merry-go-round and swings. Napkin launch, making 30-cent trips around the sound. No intoxicants sold, no disorder, a perfectly safe place at any time for ladies and children.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES.

At Hasbrouck Heights, N. J., on Park avenue, Bergen county, four forty-five minute trains to French and German. Class rates. Circulars, private lessons $1.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Cheap Excursion.

Blessed be the man who invented the cheap excursion! Snobs and millionaires who travel in their own yachts and special cars may turn up their noses at it, but the chances are that in the next generation the snob's son will be one of the waiters who runs with a tray of sandwiches to the car window and slops coffee over the dust cloak of the cheap excursionist. Who knows?

Say that the cheap excursionist is gawky; that he parades all his private affairs in a loud voice before the amused and sneering city person in the street car and elsewhere. The very place for him to learn to keep his arms and legs close about him and his voice within the low, soft limit which Shakespeare prescribes is the great city. He could not visit that city only for the cheap excursion which our American railways are learning better and better how to provide for the people. The only way for the boor and the tough to learn that a clean car floor is no place on which to expectorate or to deposit either peanut shells or chicken bones is to go abroad and see that well bred people do none of these nasty things.

It is an important element in civilization and culture, the cheap excursion. It enables the inhabitants of different portions of this country to see one another, and note the phases of development in each district. It takes away the besotted self conceit of the ignorant New Yorker to go to Chicago and Minneapolis and find there broader, finer streets and better city governments and architecture than there are at home. It lifts the intelligent, eager farm boy and girl into a veritable fairyland of delight when it takes them on the wings of steam to see with their own wide, bright eyes that Niagara is not a mammoth cave or magnificent dome of the Capitol at Washington which they have read about ever since they could read at all. It destroys provincialism, ignorance and local self conceit: it makes the inhabitants of this huge country acquainted with one another, causing them to feel that we are indeed one great, united people. It polishes away crudities, fuses common interests and makes us, in short, better mannered, more cosmopolitan nation.

The railways improve the accommodations of these cheap excursion trains yearly, as they ought to do. If the sleeping car rates were not so high, a still larger number of cultivated and refined travelers would patronize the cheap excursion in preference to staying at home.

California Almonds.

Mr. Henry J. Philpott, whose name ought to be Philopena, considering his subject, writes in The Popular Science Monthly about almond culture in California. We find from his paper that almonds to the value of $813,278 are annually imported into this country; that, under a duty of five cents a pound for unshelled and 7½ cents a pound for shelled ones. An almond and peach tree are much alike, except that the peach has its fruit on the outside of its shell, the almond inside. The almond nut while growing looks like a green peach.

We learn from the paper of Mr. Philpott that the raising of an almond tree with any certainty that its fruit will be the same as the nut of the graft or bud which you put into it is about as uncertain as killing a mosquito by slapping at him when he inserts his bill into your cheek. The almond tree is a tough old sport. If, however, you can bring it down to business, an almond orchard requires less care than any other orchard except one of prune trees. At four years from the seed the tree begins to bear and yields on the average $100 an acre. An almond orchard is not troubled with insect pests, as other fruit trees are, and its bloom is the most gorgeous and fragrant of floral massing. The flowers are white with a dash of pink.

The variety of almond known as the paper shelled is the best for the consumer to buy. Finally all almonds that come to market are first bleached with sulphur fumes to whiten the shells.

It has been reported, likewise contradicted, that labor organizations are introducing military drill into their programme. There is an excellent military organization already open to able bodied men who want military drill. Its advantages are manifold, and we fully does it meet all the warlike needs of the time that there is no call or room for any other military club or society. Moreover, it has the countenance, authority and aid of the United States government, and it exists convenient to hand in every state of the Union. Its name is the national guard.

A London funny paper has published a bit of verse about Emperor Billy—Young-Man-Who-Knows-It-All. It is called "The Kaiser's Song," and in it Billy says, "We alone the future scan, and we've many a perfect plan for the benefit of man—God and I."

Thomas Edison declares that telephonic communication from the earth to Mars and Mercury will be possible by and by. It is to be hoped the interplanetary telephone will work more satisfactorily than the present earthly one does.

OVATION TO CLEVELAND.

Twenty Thousand Persons at the Notification Meeting.

STEVENSON CHEERED TO THE ECHO.

The Democratic Presidential Candidate Publicly Informed That They Are the Party's Standard Bearers in the Coming Battle of the Ballots.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The first decisive gun of the Democratic campaign of 1892 was touched off last night in Madison Square garden in the presence of a vast assemblage. The huge auditorium was packed from pit to dome with 20,000 persons. The occasion that brought this vast throng together was the notification ceremonies of the two great leaders of the Democratic party—Grover Cleveland and Adlai E. Stevenson.

The garden was profusely decorated with flags and bunting, the colors of which were thrown into strong relief by the brilliant light from 3,000 electric lamps. This, with the sea of bobbing heads, upturned faces and the music of Cappa's band, presented a memorable scene and one never to be forgotten. In the center of the platform were the national flags placed transwise, and over these, written in incandescent lamps, were the words, "Cleveland and Stevenson."

An Ovation to Cleveland.

The platform had a seating capacity for 750 persons, but it had 1,000 on it before the central figures, in one of the most brilliant tableaux New York has seen in many months, appeared. Mrs. Cleveland and party were in a box about 8 o'clock, and this gave the crowd a chance to give vent to some of their pent up enthusiasm. Quiet had scarcely been restored when a mighty cheer broke forth, and there was a universal waving of hands and arms, hats, handkerchiefs and flags. Then John M. Bowers, escorting Adlai E. Stevenson, appeared. Mr. Stevenson gracefully acknowledged the plaudits with a bow.

The concert pitch of enthusiasm was struck when, surrounded by a group of notable men, the leader of the Democratic hall of tariff reform made his way to the front of the platform. The cheering and plaudits that had gone before were as nothing compared to the ovation tendered Mr. Cleveland, who looked impressed with the magnitude of the gathering and the wondrous scene it presented as each and every man and woman stood on their feet applauding in the most enthusiastic manner. He bowed his thanks again and again, but his kind nature commanded for many minutes, and the secretary of the notification committee, Nicholas M. Bell, finally arose in despair and entreated the crowd to be silent. It was a difficult task, indeed, and nothing was left but to begin the exercises. Colonel Wilson, of West Virginia, approached the rostrum and Grover Cleveland rose to listen to the speech of notification. Mr. Wilson said:

Wilson's Speech of Notification.

MR. CLEVELAND—We bring you tonight a message from the Democratic party of America as a committee from its national convention, representing every state in the Democracy of the country, to give you official notification that you have been chosen as a candidate for the office of president of the United States.

We are also charged with the duty of presenting you the platform of principles adopted by that convention. That platform contains a full and explicit declaration of the position of the national Democratic party on the great questions of the day. But in all its utterances it is merely a development of one great principle—that whatever governments and laws can do for a people must be done for all the people, without precedence of section or grades of citizenship.

Mr. Wilson then contrasted the Democratic and Republican parties, discussed the tariff question and the federal elections bill, denounced the extravagance of the last Republican congress, and closed his speech in these words:

And now, sir, we put into your hands the commission of which we are bearers. It is the highest honor your party can bestow. It is the gravest call to duty your fellow Democrats can command. But we believe we can assure you that there are no "weak, weary or deserted Democrats" in the party today, and that with the people's cause as our cause we doubt not you will lead us to a victory in which the principles of our party shall gloriously triumph and the welfare of our country shall be mightily promoted.

Hon. Nicholas M. Bell then read the letter of notification from the notification meeting. The crowd, when the Democratic standard bearer stepped forward to make response, again lost control of their enthusiasm. The din was deafening and long sustained. Finally Mr. Cleveland began to speak and the storm suddenly abated. He was listened to tiereafter with much attention, and plaudits only came when his utterances pleased his hearers. He said:

Cleveland's Speech of Acceptance.

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN—The message you deliver from the national Democracy arouses within me emotions which would be well nigh overwhelming if I did not recognize here assembled the representative of a great party who must share with me the responsibility your mission invites. I find much relief in the reflection that I have been selected merely to stand for the principles and purposes to which my party is pledged, and for the enforcement and supremacy of which all who have any right to claim Democratic membership must constantly and persistently labor.

Our party responsibility is indeed great. We assume a momentous obligation to our countrymen when, in return for their great confidence, we promise them a rectification of their wrongs and a better realization of the advantages which are due to them under our free and beneficent institutions. But if our responsibility is great, our party is strong, strong in its sympathy with the needs of the people, and in the assurance that if our representatives strictly within the constitutional permission the people have granted, and in its willingness to risk life and hope upon the people's intelligence and patriotism.

Never has a great party intent upon the promotion of the welfare of the people of its entire country had more encouragement to do. Turning our eyes to the people of the land we see them burdened as consumers with a tariff system that unjustly and relentlessly demands from them the larger part of the necessaries and comforts of life as amongst seldom met by the wages of hard and steady toil, while the exactions have enabled them to build up and increase the fortunes of those for whose benefit this injustice is perpetuated. We see the farmer impoverished by the exhaustive story that fills his mind with visions of advantage, while his pocket is robbed by the stealthy hand of high protection.

Workingmen and the Tariff.

Our workingmen are still told this tale, oft repeated in spite of their better judgment, that the existing protective tariff is a boon to them and that under its beneficent operation their wages must increase, while the hard facts mentioned in the very shifting places of high protection that mock the hopes of toil and attest the tender mercy the workingman receives from those made selfish and sordid by unjust governmental favoritism. We oppose this system and declare the principle upon which our opponents seek to justify and uphold it unjust, unsound and dangerous.

We need no laws our attack upon questions of constitutional power or legislative power. We demand that every interest and every section of our country shall be brought within the benefit of laws we contend that in present conditions inequality is unjust, and that laws enacted in accordance with it are inequitable and unfair.

Ours is not a destructive party. We are not at enmity with the rights of any of our citizens. All are our countrymen. We are fearlessly heedless of any American interests, nor will we abandon our regard for them; but invoking the fulness of justice and equality which belongs to true Americanism, and upon which our constitution rests, we insist that no plan of tariff legislation can be wise and just which has for its object and purpose a forced contribution from the earnings and income of the many, to swell the gains and pamper the accumulations of a favored few; nor will we permit a pretended solicitude for labor, or any other specious pretext of benevolent care for others, to blind the eyes of the people to the selfish schemes of those who work through the aid of unequal tariff laws to gain unearned and unreasonable advantages at the expense of their fellows.

We have also assumed in our covenant with those whose support we invite the duty of opposing by all honorable means the schemes of our adversaries, which, under the guise of protecting the suffrage, covers but does not conceal a design therefore to appropriate the power of a party afraid to trust its continuance to the untrammeled and intelligent votes of the American people.

We are pledged to resist the legislation inaugurated to complete these schemes, because we have not forgotten the saturnalia of theft and brutal contempt which followed another federal election law passed by a congress in which it was known that the managers of a party which did not scruple to rob the people of a president would not hesitate to use the machinery created by such legislation to revive corrupt instrumentalities for partisan purposes; because an attempt to force upon the country would rekindle animosities where peace and hopefulness now prevail; because such an attempt would replace prosperous activity with discouragement and dread throughout a large section of our country, and would menace everywhere in the land the rights secured to the citizen and to the people which underlie the safeguards of American liberty.

Against Imperial Democracy.

I shall not attempt to specify at this time other objects and aims of Democratic endeavor which appeal to our patriotism. True to its history and its creed, our party will respond to the wants of the people with safe laws and guided by enlightened statesmanship. To the troubled and impatient within our membership we commend continued unswerving allegiance to party principles, in times past, have been found sufficient for them, and whose aggregate wisdom and patriotism, their abandonment will not be trusted.

In a tone of partisanship which befits the occasion, let me say to you as equal partners in the campaign upon which we today enter, that the personal fortunes of those to whom you have intrusted your banners are only important as they are related to the fate of the principles they represent and to the party which they lead.

I cannot, therefore, forbear reminding you and all those attached to the Democratic party, or supporting the principles which we profess, that defeat in the pending campaign, followed by the consummation of the legislative schemes we oppose, would relegate to hopeless minority all opposition to the success of which no other incidents of their success as might more firmly fix their power, would present a most discouraging outlook for future Democratic supremacy and for the accomplishment of the objects we have at heart. Moreover, every sincere Democrat must believe that the interests of his country are deeply involved in the victory of our party in the pending campaign. The patriotic solicitude exalts the hope of partisanship and should intensify our determination to win success. This success can only be achieved by systematic and intelligent effort on the part of all enlisted in our cause. Let us toil the people know and the Potent-ity what we believe and how we propose to serve the interests of the entire country, and then let us after the manner of true Democracy rely upon the thoughtfulness and patriotism of our fellow countrymen.

It only remains for me to say to you, in advance of a more formal response to your message, that I obey the command of my party and confidently anticipate that an intelligent and earnest presentation of our cause will insure a popular indorsement of the action of the body you represent.

There was one more burst of concluding applause as Grover Cleveland took his seat, and then came the speech of notification, delivered by Stephen M. White, of California, to Adlai E. Stevenson. The voice of the California orator was powerful, and every syllable was distinctly heard throughout the vast hall. He said:

White's Address to Stevenson.

MR. STEVENSON—The Democratic party, recognizing in your record and character, has selected you as its candidate for vice president of the United States, and this committee, in obedience to the direction of the national convention by which it was appointed, is present to notify you of your appointment. The responsibility attending the conferring of this honor are such as to augment the gratification which, in any event, would accompany the discharge of that duty which we here to perform. The great organization in whose name the committee and you have been honored as conspicuous a part has emphatically manifested its unfaltering approval of the enlightened and progressive administration with which you were for four years prominently identified.

That period of our country's history has been compared by the American people with the record of the presidential term which is approaching completion. To the current year, appearing the Democracy turns proudly and with confidence. There has furnished ample opportunity to study all pending questions of importance, and a general sentiment, resulting from many thousands of public meetings, against an extravagant and partial tariff; against federal control of elections; demands government reform and insists upon democratic victory. Each did in our platform, rejoicing in the character and statesmanship of our chosen leaders, confidence of the hour which is to come, whose auspices we must rely, we are prepared and anxious to meet the issue. We have nothing to fear and has nothing to regret. The unanimous expression of the committee will be presented by Hon. Nicholas M. Bell, its secretary.

Adlai E. Stevenson listened closely to the speech of Mr. White and to the official notification read to him by Mr. Bell. He then stepped to the front of the platform, and, bowing to the thunderous applause which again beclad forth he said in clear, ringing tones:

Stevenson's Response.

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN OF THE COMMITTEE—I cannot too strongly express my appreciation of the honor conferred upon me by the great Democratic party which you officially represent. To have been selected by the national democratic convention as its candidate for high office is a distinction of which any citizen might well be proud. I would do violence to my own feelings should I fail to express my gratitude for the courteous terms in which you have advised me of the delight of the democracy in the nomination. Distrusting my capacity fully to meet the expectations of those who have honored me by the nomination, the manifestation of confidence is generously tendered. Should the action of the Chicago convention receive the approval of the people, I shall be the first of many humble citizens to discharge with fidelity the duties of the important trust confided to me.

Referring to the platform made in terms of commendation to the late Democratic administration, the candidate said: Its measure in an important branch of the public service was that administration. I am gratified to know that it has in so marked a degree received the indorsement of the Democratic party in its national convention. I am persuaded that intelligent discussion of the issues involved in the pending contest for political supremacy will result in victory to the party which stands for honest methods in the government, economy in public expenditures and relief to the people from the burden of unjust taxation.

I am not unmindful, Mr. Chairman, of the grave responsibilities which attach to the great office for which I have been named. I may be pardoned for quoting in this connection the words of the honored patriot, Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana, who informed that he had been designated by his party for the vice presidency in 1884. He said:

Hendricks on the Gilding Star.

"I know that sometimes it is understood that this particular office does not involve much responsibility, and as a matter of fact it is so. But sometimes it comes to represent very great responsibilities, and it may be so in the near future. The people of the United States, being so nearly evenly divided, the vice president may have to decide upon questions of law by the exercise of the casting vote. The responsibility would then become very great. It would not then be the responsibility of representing a party for a state. It would be the responsibility of representing the whole country, and the obligation would be to the judgment of the whole country. And that vote when thus cast should be in obedience to the just expectations and requirements of the people of the United States."

Should it please my countrymen to call me into this office, the high appreciation of its dignity and of its responsibilities as expressed in the utterances and illustrated in the public life of the great statesman whom I have succeeded will be a light to my own pathway. In the contest upon which we now enter we make no appeals to passion, but to the sober judgment of the people. We believe that the welfare of the toiling millions of our countryman is bound up in the success of the Democratic party. Recent occurrences in a neighboring state have sadly emphasized the fact that a high protective tariff affords no protection, and tends in no way to better the condition of those who earn their bread by their daily toil. Republican rule has for a time driven to cast its ballot unawed by power, the Democratic party will steadily oppose all legislation which threatens to imperil that right by the interposition of federal bayonets at the polls.

In a personal manner bespeaking Mr. Chairman, I will indicate by letter my acceptance of the nomination tendered me by the national Democratic convention, and will give expression to my views touching the important questions enunciated in its platform.

As the conclusion of Mr. Stevenson's speech Chairman Wilson declared the meeting adjourned. While the crowd was dispersing Mrs. Cleveland came in for some attention, which showed her to be very popularity. Several thousand persons gathered around where she was seated and cheered her repeatedly. She looked marvelously beautiful in a costume of grey, her face wreathed in smiles for the honors paid her distinguished husband and herself.

At the Manhattan Club.

From the notification meeting Mr. Cleveland, escorted by Mr. Bowers and Adlai Ewing, and Mr. Stevenson, escorted by Messrs. Belmont and Calhoun, went to the Manhattan club, where a reception was held.

The sight of Mr. Cleveland and a cheer that was repeated as Mr. Stevenson appeared. Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Stevenson then passed to the club house parlor, reading room and shook hands with all who came. Subsequently the club's guests were led to the billiard room, where a collation was spread.

Everything was informal throughout. There were no toasts or speeches, and there would hardly have been any possibility of such a thing, as there had been a good deal of good was the crowd. The guests did ample justice to the spread and then formed in groups and chatted pleasantly. Toward midnight the guests began leaving, and a little beyond that hour the clubrooms were left to their usual habitues.

Editor Barthold Nominated.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—Richard Barthold, editor of the St. Louis Tribune, was unanimously nominated by the Republicans in the Tenth district congressional convention.

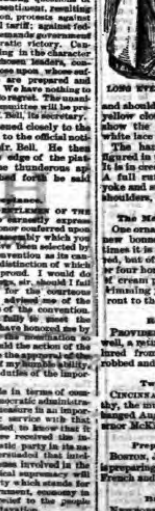
Stone for Governor of Missouri.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 21.—William J. Stone was nominated for governor on the nineteenth ballot by the Democratic state convention.

FASHIONS

Summer Cloaks.

Summer cloaks that are not made entirely of lace are trimmed with lace—and very lavishly, too, most of them. It is rather a favorite fashion to veil a delicate colored cloth with fine black lace. For example, one of the new capes in a very pale shade of green, with a yoke formed of a net trellis arrangement of black velvet ribbon, has the lower part entirely veiled with lace. There is also a frill of lace around the shoulders. Another dressy cloak is pink cloth over silk, with cream guipure and trimmed with long cream ribbons.



LONG EVENING CLOAK.

An elegant new evening cloak is white corded silk, with wide ribbon back, long white ribbons in front and a quantity of lace flounces about the neck and shoulders. A graceful cloak is pale yellow cloth lined in folds at the back to show how veiled is trimmed with coarse white lace and ribbons.

The handsome cloak here illustrated figured in the recent opening of a round house. It is in cream guipure lined with pink silk. A full ruffle encircles the throat. The yoke and small cape below, reaching to the shoulders, are in gold embroidered lace.

The Mephisto Millinery Ornament.

One ornament conspicuous in most of the new millinery is the "Mephisto." Sometimes it is made of something in flaming red, but often it is jet. It consists of two or four horns. A large bat, made entirely of crescent jet, holds aloft for his chief trimming jet horns that reached from the front to the extreme back.

Robbed and Murdered.

PROVIDENCE, July 21.—Anthony S. Haswell, a retired New York business man, was found in his home by two men, who robbed and murdered him.

Two Murderers Respited.

CINCINNATI, July 21.—Craig and McCarthy, the murderers, who were to have been hanged Aug. 12, have been respited by Governor McKinley to Sept. 9.

Preparing New Indictments.

BOSTON, July 21.—District Attorney Allen is preparing new indictments against Messrs. French and Porter, of the Maverick bank.

Block Islanders Seared.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 21.—Block Island has a small-pox scare. Three cases have been discovered there and isolated.

O'DONNELL MYSTERIOUS

Back in Homestead to Surrender to the Authorities.

HINTS AT A VICTORY FOR THE MEN,

But Refuses to Divulge the Nature of the Mission He Is Manipulating—McLuckie Released on $10,000 Bail.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 21.—Hugh O'Donnell came into town at midnight. He came by the limited from New York, and, while he chafed over the charge of murder made against him, said his mission had been to a large extent successful, and intimated that if matters progressed as they began the strike would be settled satisfactorily to the men. He will surrender himself at Pittsburg, get bail and return to New York to pursue the work he is engaged in.

O'Donnell said: "While my mission is not much more than half over yet, it has been most gratifying in its results, so much so that I feel absolutely certain in saying to you that the strike will be settled satisfactorily to us. I was in New York for that purpose and was royally treated.

"I saw people who are potential enough to see that justice is done us, and if I should get bail I will at once return and conclude the negotiations.

"The substance of my return at present is that I chafed too much under the charge brought against me, and I wanted to face it promptly.

"I believe that in a comparatively short time from now victory will perch on the banner of the locked out men of Homestead. There are now all powerful forces working to accomplish the desired end."

M'LUCKIE RELEASED.

He Gave Bail in the Sum of $10,000 to Appear for Trial.

PITTSBURG, July 21.—John McLuckie, burgess of Homestead, was released in $10,000 bail by Judge Magee, of the court of criminal jurisdiction, his bondsmen being Owen Murphy and Oliver C. Kuhn, of Homestead.

When District Attorney Burley gave his final acquiescence to the proposition to enter bail counsel for McLuckie made a plea for the discharge of the prisoner on the ground that he was detained on a charge of murder in the first degree, and that the district attorney's admission that the offense imputed to him was bailable made the alleged crime manslaughter or murder in the second degree, and that therefore McLuckie was entitled to release.

Judge Magee held that the question of degree did not enter into the case. It was a question of responsibility for acts in which is was assumed that the defendant was a participant. The application of the district attorney was a just and proper one, appealing to the court to fix the measure of their responsibility in determining the amount of security required for the defendant's appearance.

The law holds, the judge said, that in a riot every man participating in it, or who was present and did not make an effort to suppress it, is guilty of the crime of rioting and can be held responsible for the consequences, even to that of killing, or manslaughter, or murder in the first

LIVED ON HUMAN FLESH.

A Fearful Tale of Agony and Loss of Life in the Pacific.

THE CAPSIZING OF THE BRIG TAHITI.

Nearly Four Hundred Gilbert Islanders Perish and the Survivors Turn Cannibals Until All but Two of Them, Who Finally Reach Land, Succumb.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—A horrible story of shipwreck and suffering in an open boat under a tropical sun comes from the coast of Mexico. It throws new light upon the fate of the brig Tahiti and her cargo of Gilbert islanders—men, women and children—who were taken from the South seas to work on coffee plantations in Mexico. Last September the Tahiti put into Drake's bay, near San Francisco, having been blown many hundred miles off her course. She was short of water and provisions, and her rigging was sadly in need of repairs.

Aboard were nearly 400 Gilbert islanders crowded into a space sufficient for half that number, and there were also Captain Ferguson and his wife, H. H. Leavitt, a New Zealander, and a young physician, Dr. John Gibson, of San Francisco. Gibson left the ship *dnd so did the* Fergusons. Leavitt, who was really the speculator in this labor venture, remained aboard and took on a new captain named Paulsen. The port officials made no feeble attempt to seize the Tahiti, but she got away and sailed for her destination, San Benito, Mexico.

A Strange Story.

The next heard of her was in October, when the steamer Roseville sighted her floating bottom up off the Mexican coast. Warships, steamers and sailing vessels have hunted for possible survivors without success. Even the wreck is lost somewhere on the Pacific.

Now comes a strange story. Leon Marbell, an illiterate Mexican, is the narrator. He has just come from Manzanillo, Mexico, where he spent several months. Four months ago, while up the coast sixty miles from there, he heard of and visited two shipwrecked men.

One was a Russian Finn named Johansen and the other a Gilbert islander. They said that they were on board the Tahiti when she capsized, and that, with four others, they escaped in a small boat. The brig capsized in a heavy squall on the night of Oct. 10 and was bottom up inside of five minutes. The boat in which Johansen claimed to have made his escape was on top of the house, and floated off when the brig capsized. Four others, three men and a woman, all Gilbert islanders, were in with him. They had neither food nor water and only three oars. When daylight came the brig was out of sight.

Lived on Human Flesh.

On the fourth day the woman died and the men were forced to cut portions of her body to keep themselves alive. For the first few days after leaving the brig it blew a gale, and the men had all they could do to prevent the boat from being swamped. Several heavy showers fell, but did them little good, as what fell in the boat or was caught in their clothing was mixed with the salt spray that constantly flew over them. Then the sun came out and beat down on the unfortunate castaways with tropical force, and they suffered terrible tortures from thirst.

One of the islanders drank salt water and died on the tenth day and finally plunged into the sea. Four days later another islander died and the two survivors threw him overboard. That night it rained hard and the sufferers caught enough water to quench their thirst. The next day what was left of the body of the woman was thrown overboard. On the morning of Oct. 26, sixteen days after leaving the ill-fated brig, the boat was cast ashore, and more dead than alive the two men crawled out of her and laid down on the beach. They were carried to the huts of some fishermen near by, and it was there Martel found them. The islander had recovered from his experience, but Johansen was still sick.

A CYCLONE IN THE WEST.

Portions of South Dakota and Minnesota Badly Wrecked.

ST. PAUL, July 21.—A great hurricane swept over a large portion of South Dakota and southern Minnesota. In Freeborn and adjoining counties in Minnesota, on the Iowa line, wheat which yesterday promised to yield forty bushels to the acre is today a total ruin. Aberdeen, Watertown, S. D., several buildings were blown down, but so far as reported nobody was killed.

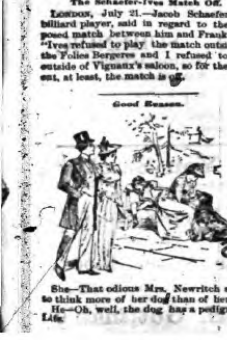
At Gettysburg Mrs. Harriet Herron was instantly killed and a dozen houses were demolished. Eight or ten people were seriously injured, two children probably fatally. Several elevators and warehouses south-east of Huron were blown down. At Aberdeen the gas works were unroofed and a portion of the walls blown down. Other smaller buildings were wrecked. At Cottonwood a few buildings were blown about promiscuously. At Ellendale Mrs. T. H. Bunker was killed, and William Mackay lost his barn and six horses.

Bismarck's Tour of Germany.

BERLIN, July 21.—Prince Bismarck has decided to visit Jena before his return to Friedrichsruh. He has received pressing invitations to visit thirty German cities which wish to do him honor before he returns home. Some friends are trying to dissuade him from accepting the invitations, but the prince will visit as many of the cities as his health will permit.

The Schaefer-Ives Match Off.

LONDON, July 21.—Jacob Schaefer, the billiard player, said in regard to the proposed match between him and Frank Ives—Ives refused to play the match outside of the Folies Bergeres and I refused to play outside of Vignaux's saloon, so for the present, at least, the match is off.



Good Reasons.

Slim—That odious Mrs. Newrich seems to think more of her dog than of her boy.

He—Oh, well, the dog has a pedigree.—Life.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by William K. Addington, Esq., Judge of the City of Plainfield, in the County of Union, to make the several taxes assessed on lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate in the said city of Plainfield in the year eighteen hundred and ninety, the subscriber, the collector appointed and empowered by the Common Council for that purpose, will on Thursday, the twenty-second day of September next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at his office, 52 Park avenue, in the city of Plainfield, sell the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate hereunder described, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to pay the amount assessed or charged upon each lot or parcel by the Common Council for that purpose, with the interest thereon, and costs, fees charges and expenses.

Angiman, John, house and lot, 94x 100, 37 Beckman street	22 60
Bilman, Jacob, one-third of lot, 25 feet front, 305 W Front street	2 24
Bilman, Joseph C, one-third of lot, 25 feet front, 302 W Front street	1 12
Brannen, James, house and lot, 30 feet, 11 East street	6,72
Boice estate, of Cornelius, vacant lots, 5 acres, 45 to 89 Dunellen avenue	4 48
Boice estate, of Cornelius, house and lots, 71 and 72 E Front street	156 80
Bonny, Jane, house and lot, 50 feet, 15 Bonnell street	8 96
Bush, Jacob, house and lot, 12 George street	4 44
Cole estate, of, 2-story brick stores, 25 and 27 W Front street	67 36
Cutler, Jos S, house and lot, 67 and 69 W Front street	67 36
Chase, W S, of wife, house and lot, 66 Grant street	4 48
Craig, James, house and lots, 809 feet, 2 to 10 Craig place	67 20
Craig, James, 2 houses and lots, 709 ft., 215 to 229 Dunellen avenue	100 80
Craig, James, 2 houses and lots, 16 to 26 Jefferson avenue	26 88
Cole estate, of, Elias, house and lot, 40 feet, 22 and 24 W Second street	22 40
Cole estate, of, Elias, houses, barn and farm (60) acres, 35s to 344 E Front st	179 20
Collins, John E, vacant lot, 50 feet, 30 W Fourth street	4 48
Collins, Peter, house and lot, 30 feet, 61 W Fourth street	13 44
Conway, Mary, house and lot, 30 feet, 67 W Fourth street	6 72
Casey, Patrick, house and lot, 109 feet, 21 to 25 W Third street	43 56
Craig, William, 2 houses and lots, 700 feet, 251 to 265 Dunellen avenue	98 56
Chave, Mrs. Jno. G, vacant lot, Field street	2 24
Cash, Jeremiah, vacant lot, 207 South avenue	2 24
Cowen, Margaret, vacant lot, 100 feet, 85 Kensington avenue	5 60
Cuff, Lorin H, 3 lots, 300 to 27 Clinton avenue	2 24
Cuff, Lorin H, house and lot, east of Belvidere avenue	2 24
Darling, Wm. S, 3 lots, 300 to 27 Clinton avenue	6 72
Drew, H. H, 3 lots, 50 feet each, 49 and 51 Pemberton avenue	2 24
Drew, Wm, vacant lots, 50 feet, 52 Elizabeth street	1 12
Drew, Wm. H, 10 lots, 20 to 47 Elizabeth street	16 80
Drew, Wm. H, 3 lots, 236, 238, 242 Plein avenue	3 36
De Baud, estate of A, house and lot, 109 E Front street	35 84
Darling, Emma, vacant lot, rear of Heron, 400 feet, Hayine R and	3 36
Darling, Emma, vacant lots, 500 feet, 177 to 189 Woodland avenue	11 20
De Baud, H, house and lot, 50 feet, 64 E Fifth street	40 32
Egan, Rachel, vacant lot 55 by 125 feet, 55 Netherwood avenue	2 24
Evans, estate of, H, house and lot, 3 acres, 12s to 22 Plainfield avenue	201 60
Flanagan, P, vacant lot, 50 feet, 667 Second street	1 12
Fisher, estate of Abram, house and lot, 36 feet, 94 W Third street	11 20
Fogate, Mary E, house and lot, 132 Park avenue	49 28
Frazee, Augustus, house and lot, 95 feet 12 to 16 Fewer street	28 64
Flynn, Bernard, house and lot, 152 Twelfth street	3 36
Field, Mr, vacant lot, 50 feet, 3-0 W Sixth street	1 12
Gallo, Jno B, house and lot, 47 Cottage place	2 24
Hogdick, Margaret, vacant lot, 50 feet, 473 Second street	1 12
Honeychurch, W, house and lot, 20 feet 19 W Third street	22 40
Harding, Geo H, house and lot, 47 feet, 19 W Third street	1 12
Harris, J J, vacant lots, 400 feet, 250 to 270 Somerset street	13 44
Harris, J T, vacant lots, 375 feet, 213 to 235 W Seventh street	16 80
Hull, estate Rachel, house and lot, 64 Park avenue	22 40
Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 12 feet, 36 and 38 Rose street	1 68
Henderson, estate Rachel, 2 vacant lots 50 feet, 30 and 32 Arlington avenue	4 48
Henderson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 5s, across, Randolph Road	11 76
Hart, Levi K, vacant lot, 3-3x150, 42 and 44 Netherwood avenue	4 48
Hart, Carrie, vacant lot, 3-3x150, Jackson street	2 24
Hart, Levi K, vacant lots, 222x150, 30 to 34 Netherwood avenue	2 24
Howard, Wm, house and two lots, 55 and 57 Netherwood avenue	22 40
Howson, Wm, house and two lots, 55 and 57 Netherwood avenue	4 48
Howson, Wm, 2 lots, 47 and 49 Netherwood avenue	4 48
Howson, — m, or Mrs Noel, 2 lots and 4 houses in rear, 39 and 41 Netherwood avenue	6 72
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 46 to 54 La Grande avenue	17 92
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 300 feet, 150 to 168 LaGrande avenue	22 40
Jones, Rachel, vacant lots, 450 feet, 170 to 186 LaGrande avenue	20 16
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 180 feet, 179 to 189 LaGrande avenue	6 72
Jones, Emma A, 97 feet, 393 and 395 La Grande avenue	4 48
Jennings, Cornelius in Minnesota, on the Iowa line, wheat which yesterday promised to yield forty bushels to the acre is today a total ruin. Aberdeen, Watertown, S. D., several buildings were blown down, but so far as reported nobody was killed.	
Jones, Emma A, 3 vacant lots, 150 feet, 97 to 91 Richmond street	13 44
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 400 feet, 5 to 15 Carlton avenue	17 92
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 400 feet, 10 to 18 Carlton avenue	17 92
Johnson, — C, vacant lots, 2 to 10 George street	11 20
Kenney, Miss M, 2 lots, 50 feet each, 265 W Third street	4 48
Kelly, estate of Sam'l D, house and lot, 34 feet, 63 W Second street	20 16
Lee, Thomas, house and lot, 32 feet, bal. 30 W Third street	7 84
Lewis, Israel, store and lot, 10 Park avenue	28 00
Leonard, Wm J, 11 acres, ½ of plot, 126 to 179 Plainfield avenue	28 00
Leonard, Wm J, 11 acres, ½ of plot, 128 to 129 Plainfield avenue	28 00
Lewis, Thomas, house and lot, 241 Field avenue	1 12
Lewis, Fred, house and lot, 69 feet, 18 to 18 E Front street	78 40
Lillicrop, Mrs S C, house and lot, 48 E Front street	26 88
Laing, Sarah M, house and lot, 94 E Front street	33 60
Lee, Thomas, lot 1 acre or more, east of Dorchester avenue	2 24
Loomis & Rice, vacant lot, 60 feet, 12 Sanford avenue	3 36
Loomis & Rice, vacant lot, 40 feet, 10 Sanford avenue	2 24
Lorton, Mr, vacant lot, 40 feet, 14 Bay street	4 48
Lorton, Wm, 2 corner house and lot, 271 West Front street	4 48
Mabley, Patrick, house and lot, 40 feet, 79 West Second street	4 48
Mc Carthy, Mark, house and lots, 125 feet, 175 to 179 South Second street	17 92
Mc Carthy, Michael, house and lot, 30 feet, 98 West Sixth street	4 48
Mc Carthy, Michael, house and lot, 36 New street	14 56
Mc Carthy, Charles, house and lot, 31 Plainfield avenue	13 44
Mc Carthy, Charles, house and lot, 33 Plainfield avenue	13 44
Mc Clelland, Andrew, vacant lot, 38 Grant avenue	4 48
Mc Donough, Peter W, house, 1½ and shop, 1½ West Third street	33 60
Mc Kee, Lydia, vacant lots, 1,000 feet, 26 and 27 West Fifth street	40 32
Mc Kee, Lydia, vacant lots, 175 feet, 25 to 29 West Fifth street	7 84
Meyer, Henry, vacant lots, 400 feet, 30 to 36 West Sixth street	4 48
McIntyre, John F, vacant lot, 60 feet, 104 Park avenue	4 48
McIntyre, John S, factory B, stores and flats, 47 and 49 North avenue	134 40
Marsh, Estate Elizabeth B, house and lot, 125 Madison avenue	56 00
Marsh, Asa G, house and lot, 107 and 109 Madison avenue	56 00
Mercer, Mrs Jane, house and lot, 44 Pemberton avenue	30 24
Mulligan, C, (Estate), vacant lot, 60 ft	2 24
Mulligan, P

NEW YORK WOMEN AND THEIR DRESS.

Stories About Their Extravagance in Costumes Are Generally Untrue.

There is certainly a limit to which New York is behind all other city on the American continent, although the statement may be questioned and a bill of particulars asked for. But all agree that Gotham leads in fashions for men and women. The styles for women's apparel still come from gay Paris. Fully a year must elapse after a garment becomes the rage in Paris for the newest creations to make their appearance in New York, and quite as much time is required for London to follow Paris, although the great cities are only a few hours apart. It often happens, too, that New York women are quicker to follow the Parisian styles than their English sisters, so that it would seem as though the fashion plates cross the ocean twice to reach the tight little island.

Once New York women begin to popularize a hat or gown or parasol or any other article of dress until it becomes the rage, it takes quite six months for the new design to reach San Francisco. It takes double that time for the women of Boston, Philadelphia or Washington to fall into line after the New York women, while three months more are required for St. Louis and New Orleans women to make up their minds to be in the gay procession. The women of some of the smaller cities follow a year and a half after New York, or two years and a half after the Parisian beauties.

It is much the same with men's clothing. London is, as it has always been, the center of fashion for men's garments, and it takes fully a year for new designs to become popular in New York.

The question of how much money New York society women spend annually for dresses and whether they wear costly gowns more than once induced me to ask the best known man dressmaker in this city and London what he had to say on the subject. He told me some interesting facts.

"The richest people, as a rule," he said, "are more economical in dress than those in moderate circumstances. The Princess of Wales is so imbued with the spirit of economy that she actually has her gowns made over for her children.

"Generally four dressing seasons occur annually, and the princess always has a new dress for each occasion. She pays her own bills and does not wait for the heir apparent to be dunned. Often she wears the same dress half a dozen times, but not at notable royal functions. Her dresses, all told, cost over $25,000 a year, possibly $30,000. This does not include lace trimmed dresses.

"Queen Victoria is the most economical of the royal family, and from year to year has her gowns cut in the same style. Lady Dudley is a splendid second to the queen.

"In New York the most expensively dressed women are not the very richest. When Edith Kingdon was an actress she cared less for expenses than now. Then she would order a dress and never ask the price, but now as Mrs. Gould she always asks the price, and often remarks that because she is Mrs. Gould she does not wish to pay any more for a dress than the regular price. Ada Rehan is more liberal and seems to care less for expenses than many ladies whose husbands are rated as worth millions. Mrs. Astor is not extravagant at all in dress. Mrs. Coleman Drayton and many others I could mention are not prodigal in the matter of dresses. The average society woman of wealth never spends over $5,000 a year in dresses, for the very reason that they wear each dress many times.

"Ball dresses are the cheapest, and although usually the most frail, they are often worn four times. The tulle is changed for each ball, but the skirt remains the same. Reception dresses cost more than ball dresses, and are used many times by simply changing some part of the trimming. Even wedding dresses were occasionally used again for grand occasions. All the big prices reported as paid for dresses are largely fictitious and never deceive knowing ones. The handsomest velvet dress that could be devised could not cost over $250, and a cloth dress is worth only $150 at the highest price. Old laces or something expensive in trimming might make a dress cost a great deal more, but on the whole $100 or $200 would go a long ways toward getting the finest kind of material for dresses. A woman who spends $15,000 a year on dresses alone is more liberal than many royal dames."

I closed the conversation by asking him what finally became of the fine dresses of the rich. He said that had always puzzled him. His guess was that they were either sold or given to poor relations.—Foster Coates in New York Mail and Express.

Not Out of Style.

Have you an old gown? Probably you have a great many. Perhaps you regard all your costumes belonging to that stage known as "old." Now, you know that ago, while it makes an old woman, does not make an old dress. The only thing that really makes an old dress is having it get out of style, and then, be it ever so recently bought and ever so lately finished, it is old, because it isn't in the style. Now, the pretty little round waists which you wore last year, and which looked very nice, are old because they are too short in the back. But you can remedy all this if you desire by piecing down the length with a deep and abundant fringe. Chenille or silk or tasseled fringe may be sewed on and let hang in perfectly straight lines around the hips, producing the fashionable effect of the long basque so much desired.—St. Louis Republic.

American Women in Paris.

An exchange for women's work has been opened by the ladies of the American colony in Paris on the plan of the exchange in this country. American piece cake and other specialties are provided, a circulating library has been organized, and once each week musical matinees are given by the best artists under the patronage of the ladies who are interested in the enterprise.—Paris Letter.

THE BEST PICNIC LUNCH.

How to Eighteen the Load and Yet Have Everybody Satisfied.

Meats for sandwiches should be boiled the day before; then after removing bone, skin and gristle they should be put in a deep dish, cover with the gravy, put in a cool place over night, says Ladies' Home Journal. Cut in very thin slices.

Bread one day old is best, and a sharp knife should be used for cutting it into thin slices not over three inches square. These, buttered slightly, may be daintily filled with ham, salad, sardines, tongue or whatever one likes.

Then cut pieces of confectioner's paper just large enough to cover the sandwiches neatly. Place them side by side, closely packed, and they will preserve their shape without breaking. The paper is not to be removed until served.

Cakes must also be one day old, and for picnic use a little extra flour in stirring and an extra five or ten minutes in baking will ensure a firmer crust. Frosting if put on hot does not crackle and fall off. Cookies are more desirable than loaf cake, as are also cup and gem cakes. Jelly and cream confections are seldom nice for picnic serving.

Lemon, orange, strawberry, raspberry or currant juices should be extracted, then sweetened, and when well dissolved put away in bottles to be prepared by adding two tablespoonfuls of the liquid to a tumbler of ice water. All these juices combined make a delicious drink.

Pickles and olives may also be prepared and served in the same way. Bright tin mugs are more convenient than tumblers, and there is no danger of breakage.

White confectioner's paper should be used for fitting the basket and for separating the different kinds of food; also, for covering neatly individual pieces. Cookies and crackers must be put in tight boxes. Plates are too heavy, but bright, new biscuit tins—the square shapes are best—are useful in packing, and fringed napkins laid inside, they serve for salvers in handing the food around. Paper napkins are best.

Whatever is to be eaten last should be packed at the bottom of the hamper, and that to be served first at the top. Fruit, pickles, olives and cheese must not be forgotten.

DELICIOUS GOOSEBERRY JAM.

Advice From an Expert—The Value of Cotton Batting Covering.

Gooseberry jam is one of the most delicious of our preserves, if it is made, as it should be, when the fruit is not fully ripe and still retains the acid flavor of the unripened berry. Pull off the stems and tops from the three pounds of berries, wash them and put them over to boil in just water enough to cook them. A half-pint will be sufficient. Let them cook for about twenty minutes. Then add about three pounds of sugar, or, if you like a very acid preserve, two pounds and a half. Cook the sugar and fruit together ten or fifteen minutes longer. Pour it into marmalade jars or jelly tumblers, and when it is cold cover it with brandy papers and seal it up.

Or cover it with paper and a layer of cotton batting pasted over it and then another paper. When cotton batting is used, it is the best protection preserves or jelly can have, and it is not necessary or desirable to put brandy paper over it, but it is desirable to have a layer of thin paper between the batting and the fruit, and it is necessary to have a layer of paper over the batting to prevent its being penetrated in handling after it is sealing. Preserves sealed up for both cold air and are not as likely to mould as those put away in brandy papers.—N. Y. Tribune

To Make Rhubarb Jelly.

Wipe the stalks and cut them in inch lengths. Do not peel them. Weigh them. Put them in a porcelain kettle and let cook gently for an hour and a quarter. Strew the stalks until they are thoroughly cooked. Then strain the juice that covers them through a thick flannel bag. To every pint of juice add a pound of sugar. Put the sugar and juice in a porcelain kettle and let them boil for twenty minutes, or until a jelly is formed. Put away in tumblers or bowls like any other jelly. It will be much richer in flavor and color if the stalks are not peeled.

In Our Great-Grandmother's Day.

At a recent saddlery exhibition was shown the delightfully quaint old pillion of which we present an illustration. It was in the days of short waisted simple manners. We also show the figure eight belt, from which hung a fine loop of which was strapped around Mistress Dorothy on the pillion.

A PAIR LADY'S PILLION.

It has an interesting reminiscence of those days and cannot but be interesting to the beaux and belles of to-day as it was important to those of long ago.

A Curiosity of Digestion.

As a rule people digest most easily what they like best. There is a dyspeptic in this town who suffers the agonies of death if he eats a piece of white bread or drinks a cup of tea, and yet he will eat a huge piece of fat pork and a plate of bake[d] beans swimming in grease without experiencing the slightest annoyance. He says he likes pork and beans, and nobody can doubt it after seeing him eat them, and he unquestionably furnishes an illustration of the maxim that dyspepsia is an unaccountable malady.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Steamed Crabs.

Into a deep iron pot put a pint of vinegar and a pint of water. Put the crabs into a sieve or colander which will go down into the pot, but must not touch the water. Cover the sieve closely, and allow the crabs to steam until cooked through. Serve either hot or cold. The steam from the vinegar penetrates the meat and gives it a delightful savor.

To Cure Sore Throat.

A towel wet at one end and pinned around the neck will cure sore throat.

A BORN DIPLOMAT.

Many Lessons Not Learned at Points of Manners.

"You know, Nick," said his mother, "a gentleman never asks for things, so matter how badly he wants them."

"Why doesn't he?" said Nick, opening very wide his four-year-old eyes.

"Because it is impolite and greedy. That is why it annoys me so to have you ask your uncle John, whenever he comes, if he has brought you candy. Remember, now, you must never do it any more."

"But it's my candy—he says so—and he wants me to have it."

"Then he will certainly give it to you, and you must wait his time for it. If I ever again hear you ask him, I will not let you have it. So promise me that you will not. I know my little boy wants to be a gentleman."

Dick made the promise with a very sober face. He was the normal small boy, not a little angel, yet he had been trained "upon honor," and felt that a promise once made could not be broken. This is the way he kept it. When Uncle John came again, his nephew, after greeting him, leaned meditatively against his chair, and said, "You didn't bring anything but yourself this time, did you, Uncle John?"

"Yes, I did," said Uncle John, with a laughing shout; "I've brought a whole pound of candy, and after that, I wish it was two."

TO A LADYBIRD.

Evening draws begin to fall;
Homeward you must go:
Early hours are good for all,
Ladybird, you know;
To your tiny cousins fly,
Pretty little thing, good-bye.

The Bear Thought First.

There was a certain farmer, we are told who had a fine orchard of apple trees. The orchard was half a mile from his house, with a thick growth of woods between.

One day the farmer said to his two hired men:

"I think those apples must be about ripe, boys, and we will go out to-morrow and gather them. Get all the barrels and baskets you can find, and be ready to start early."

This was a good idea of the farmer's, and if it had not been for one thing he would have had a splendid crop of apples. This was the thing:

Three days before the old bear who lived in the neighborhood said to her husband and her three children:

There is a splendid apple orchard near here, and I think the apples are about ripe. Let us get up early to-morrow morning, and within the next few days we can eat our fill and carry home all the apples we want for our winter use."

You see it was just a little unfortunate that the farmer did not happen to think first. And this is the thought that occurred to him when he went and looked at the orchard next morning.

The Piano Keyboard.

Five-and-twenty black slaves,
Half-a-hundred waits,
All their duty but to sing
For their Queen's delight.
Now with dulcet lips,
While she rules them royally
With her finger-tips!

When she quits her palace,
All the slaves are dumb—
Dumb with dolor till the Queen
Back to court is come;
Dumb as the throats of thunder,
Dumb the dulcet lips,
Lacking all the sovereignty
Of her finger-tips.

Dusky slaves and pallid,
Ebon slaves and white,
When the Queen was on her throne
How you sang to-night!
Ah, the throats of thunder!
Ah, the dulcet lips!
Ah, the gracious tyrannies
Of her finger-tips.

Silent, silent, silent,
All your voices now;
Was it then her life alone
Did your life endow?
Waken, throats of thunder!
Wake, dulcet lips!
Touched to immortality
By her finger-tips.

Good and Evil Omens.

If you pay out money on Monday morning you will pay out money all the rest of the week. It is unlucky to spill salt at the table, and to rub a hunchback will bring luck to any immediate project you have in view.

To leave the house and then suddenly return to it is considered a bad omen. This is a very old superstition, but a very common one with us. Lucdanis refers to it in her letter to Proteslaus after he had left for the Trojan war.

Some years ago I asked a neighbor to lend a hand to throw from the premises. He declared if he did so one of his own horses would die within a year.

I reasoned him out of the superstition, and he removed the horse. Strange to say, one of the span of horses which he used for the purpose died shortly afterward.—Philadelphia Ledger.

How Sound Travels.

In dry air at ninety-two degrees sound travels 1,142 feet per second, or about 778 miles per hour; in water, 4,900 feet per second; in iron, 17,800 feet; in copper, 16,-878 feet, and in wood from 13,000 to 14,000 feet per second. A bell heard at a distance of 45,000 feet in water could be heard only 606 feet in the air out of the water. The barking of dogs on the earth can be heard in a balloon at an elevation of four miles. On a still day the report of a rifle can be heard at 8,200 yards. The fire of the English on landing in Egypt was distinctly heard 120 miles.

She Knew Her Papa.

A little girl aged nine called her father to her bedside the other evening. "Papa," said the little diplomat, "I want to ask your advice."

"Well, my little dear, what is it about?"

"What do you think it would be best to give me on my birthday?"—Texas Siftings.

This Date in History—July 21.

1209 D. C.—Darius, defeated king of Persia, murdered by some of his own officers; Alexander the Great punished the murderers.

1864—Matthew Prior, English poet, born.

1796—Robert Burns died at Dumfries; born near Ayr 25, SUNTER.

1798—Battle of the Pyramids; Napoleon's infantry defeated and nearly destroyed the Turkish cavalry.

1813—David Hunter, general, born in Washington; died there June 19, 1886. He issued a manifesto proclamation in South Carolina in March, 1862, and organized the first regiment of colored soldiers.

1824—Stanley Matthews, jurist, born in Cincinnati, died.

1831—Leopold I crowned king of the new kingdom of Belgium.

1833—Christina, queen regent of Spain, born.

1861—Battle of Bull Run.

1870—Chevalier Charles F. de Loosey, Austrian consul general at New York, died, aged 69.

1886—Charles Theodore Eugene Duclerc, senator and former premier of France, died in Paris; born 1813.

A Dead Failure.

He is a very absentminded man and was thinking earnestly when a light shower came up.

"Jack," said the young woman with him, "why don't you put up your umbrella?"

"I have tried to," he answered, "but I couldn't get a cent on it."—Washington Star.

Complimentary.

"In this picture of 'Innocence,'" said the artist, who was showing his fair visitor about the studio, "I have tried to convey the idea that simplicity is not incompatible with dignity."

"How well you have succeeded!" exclaimed the young lady. "I never saw anything so—so artless!"—Chicago Tribune.

Something He Could Not Forgive.

"No," said a citizen when asked if he would contribute anything to the relief of the flood sufferers, "I don't think I will."

"Can't afford it, eh?"

"It isn't that, but the last time I gave something for charity one of the papers spelled my name wrong."—Pittsburg Chronicle.

1892			JULY.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 1 9:12 p. m. | Third Quarter 16 8:49 p. m.
Full Moon 9 9:44 p. m. | New Moon 23 3:01 p. m.
First Quarter 31 8:48 p. m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 3405, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Watchung Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS L. VANASTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——, Reporter.
Watchung Custom orders, No. 32, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

☞ First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the traveling public.

City Hotel,

CORNER
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

RUSSET SHOES

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!

As later on the sizes will be few and far between.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE.

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

A NEW SUPPLY OF
LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,
IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.

These goods are well-made and neat-fitting.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.

The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's

Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,
at
EDSALL'S!

Legal Advertisements.

ESTATE OF EDWARD VAIL, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the county of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, Executors of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscribers under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from the date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscribers.
EDWARD F. RANDOLPH,
MAHLON N. VAIL,
Executors.
Dated June 28th, 1892. 7 14 9

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, administrator of Joel R. Briant, deceased, is audited and stated by Hon. Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of September next.
WILLIAM R. CODINGTON.
Dated July 5th, 1892. 7 7 9

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, administrator of Frank G. Green, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-first day of September next.
WILLIAM R. CODINGTON.
Dated July 9th, 1892. 7 7 9

ESTATE OF JOHN F. GRIFFEN, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, Executrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the said subscriber.
MARY M. GRIFFEN,
Executrix.
May 6th, 1892. 5 14 9

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 12, 20 and 25c.
Gauze vests, 25c.
Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantlets to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Miss's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25, 40c. and 50c.
Men's 2-ply Drawers, 20c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.

Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

GET YOUR
Bicycle Repaired
at
NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.
by
Henry Goeller, Jr.

Stop, Read and Consider.

FINE TABLE BUTTER,
in
Pots and Tubs,
at
19 CENTS POUND.

UNITED TEA & COFFEE GROWERS' ASSO'N
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail.
29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

BUTTER BUTTER

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
Also in Siphons.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.

Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of
G. R. MUSGRAVE,
37 Somerset street.
Call early and secure the best bargains.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

that A. G VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Best Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PASCHOQUE, L. I.
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.
Bathing, bathing houses, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
6 15 3m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 26 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEE TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furnace" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street, Lock Box I. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

The weather will be fair, warmer and more sultry.

BREVITIES

—The next holiday will be Labor Day.

—The Prohibition State Convention will be held in Trenton, on August 14.

—A servant girl's letter of recommendation is generally as reliable as a last year's almanac.

—A special meeting of Gazelle Engine Company No. 1, will be held this evening at eight o'clock.

—Ground was broken to-day for the new First Church of Christ on Grove street, near the brook.

—A South Jersey paper makes the remarkable statement that "this people are very thick in this neighborhood."

—Stafford, the real estate broker, reports the sale of a piece of property on West Fifth street within a block of the street railroad.

—The camp meeting at Mt. Tabor will be held from the 17th, to the 27th, of August. *Some twenty-five new cottages* are now being erected.

—During 1891 New Jersey canners packed 950,824 cases of tomatoes. This is slightly one-third the aggregate product of the whole United States.

—The Fish Commissioners of New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania are uniting in an endeavor to stock the Upper Delaware with Penobscot salmon.

—Our Somerville cotemporary's advertisers have some queer animals out their way, as may be seen by the following: WANTED—A woman to wash, iron and milk ONE OR TWO COWS.

—The huckleberry crop, which promised to be an unusually good one in the pine belt of Burlington and Ocean counties, has been seriously damaged by a three weeks' drought and fires in the woods.

—The Board of Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association at New Brunswick yesterday elected W. A. Jackson, Jr., son of Northampton, Mass., and formerly of Washington, physical instructor.

—Dr. David F. Swisher, of Darby, was badly cut about the arm and hand yesterday, at Cape May, while exercising on the athletic grounds. He ran into a companion who had a pocket-knife open in his hand.

—Prof. A. A. Poland, State Superintendent of Public Schools, has submitted to *Governor Abbett a memorandum on the* subject of manual training. He says that the subject appeals to all who have the educational interest of the children and the youth of the country at heart."

—Eleazer Truax, while dredging for clams in the bay at Keyport, one day last week, brought up in his dredge a pocketbook which contained $44.60. The bills were somewhat soiled, but after the same had been dried were exchanged for good money, and will be sent to the Treasury Department at Washington.

—A well-known Bar Harbor cottager has shocked people by each day appearing in what she calls "a sporty English rig." It is made with a tight-fitting panelled skirt drawn so closely over her form that not one curve, either awkward or graceful is missed. She wears a high-topped beaver hat, carries a whip, and is followed by a *litter of ten fox hounds.* She has a host of admirers among the dudes. They have given up eating their canes and have taken to chewing their eyeglasses.—Lewiston Evening Journal.

—Plainfielders report a female of the species, minus the dogs, at Long Branch.

—There is a guarantee of $61,000 that an English setter now in the possession of Edward Murtha, of Newark, and which Julius Hammesfahr claims to be his, will be produced in court when wanted. The dog is under that amount of bail as it were. A writ of replevin was procured Wednesday for the dog, one Jacob Hogg giving a bond for $11,000 that Hammesfahr would produce it in court. Lawyer Frank Mc Dermott, who is Murtha's counsel, walked into the Second District Court yesterday and made affidavit that he was worth $83,000 and gave a bond in that amount for the production of the dog. The case will be tried in the Second District Court and each contest will bring a host of witnesses to swear that the dog is his.

Beach Excitement and Little Fire.

A large brush fire in a lot on Charles W. Opdyke's place, Broadway and Kensington avenue, became unmanageable yesterday afternoon and threatened to consume the surrounding buildings, incidentally including Mr. Opdyke's barn and the residences in the immediate vicinity.

An alarm was sent in and Engines Companies 1 and 2 and Alert Hose Company responded.

At the corner of Kensington avenue and Broadway Alert Hose cart ran into No. 1 engine and snapped off the latter's pole.

Nobody was hurt and the burning brush was soon extinguished.

The Iron Hall at Manhattan Beach.

Five representatives from this city of the *Order of the Iron Hall* attended the grand festival of fraternal orders which took place yesterday at Manhattan Beach. The five members were Justice V. W. Nash, F. P. Storrs, Wm. Newman, George Nolan and Elmer Wykoff. The Order of the Iron Hall had the largest number of *members at the festival.*

REPUBLICAN WHEELMEN.

The Cyclists Perfect an Auxiliary Organization.

The first meeting of the "Wheelmen's Division" of the Republican Association of Plainfield, was held at the headquarters of the Republican Association last evening. Many were present when J. F. Mac Donald called the meeting to order. F. W. Runyon was chosen chairman and R. S. Thomas, secretary of the temporary organization.

Judge Ulrich moved that the chair be instructed to appoint committees on permanent organization, enrollment and constitution and by-laws. He appointed on permanent organization, Judge Codington, J. F. MacDobald, J. Hervey Doane; Enrollment, H. A. Meeker, H. J. Martin, R. F. Murray, M. A. Haven, F. R. Stevens, H. Sorrell, C. Bayuon, Rev. C. B. Mitchell, Rev. W. H. Richards, Rev. Cornelius Schenck, Captain G. E. Stillman, H. Coward and C. A. Reed of North Plainfield; Constitution and By-laws, T. S. Barr, C. P. Leggett, H. S. Thomas.

The secretary was instructed to order printed 500 enrollment laws similar to those of the Republican Association.

The next meeting will take place on Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

PERSONAL.

J. Froment and family of New York have reunted L. L. Martin's house, corner Washington and Mercer avenues, North Plainfield.

City Judge Codington left town this morning for his old home at *Millington* where he has a farm. His family are already there. He will return Monday.

Frank Boice, infant son of Lewis and Bessie Gamberton, of Pearl street, North Plainfield, died yesterday. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 1.30 o'clock.

Dr. J. T. Fritts will sail for Europe on the North German Lloyd steamer "Havel" on Saturday. He will be gone "a month or so" he says. He will visit London, *Paris, Berlin and other European capitals* and places of interest.

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Slevin of No. 14 Franklin place, are enjoying a pleasant sojourn at Asbury Park, on the Jersey coast. Two or three weeks will be the length of their stay, they will then visit other resorts on the coast.

Emma Anna, infant daughter of Zepedee and Emma Freeman died on Wednesday. The child was 11 months and 15 days old. The funeral took place this afternoon from the residence of the parents, No. 128 West Second street at three o'clock.

Odd Fellows Trip to Orange.

Forty-five members of Plainfield Lodge No. 44 I. O. O. F. went to Orange last night to assist their brothers of *Lafayett Lodge* No. 73, of Orange in the celebration of, their fiftieth anniversary.

Among the Past Noble Grands of Plainfield were T. J. Young, E. C. Morse, J. T. Odam, William Brokaw, James Clarkson, Jacob Kiney, Charles Talisman, and John Morton.

There was a grand banquet and a handsome bouquet was presented to the Noble Grand of each lodge represented.

The excursionists arrived home about five o'clock this morning.

Plainfield Crack Shots will be there.

The seventh monthly tournament of the New Jersey Trap Shooters League will be held to morrow on the grounds of the New Jersey Shooting Club at Claremont.

The feature of the day will be the team contest of five men each for a handsome trophy and other prizes.

The crack marksmen of the Independent Gun Club of North Plainfield will will be present.

A Pretty Wedding.

A pretty wedding took place at eight o'clock last evening *to the parsonage of* St. Mary's church.

Edward C. Searing of the Press composing room and Miss Lottie Powers were united in marriage by Rev. Father Stafford.

The bride looked very lovely in pearl gray Henrietta dress trimmed with Bengaline silk.

Miss Sadie Conners was the bridesmaid and Mr. E. I. Vroom was best man.

New Jersey Building at Chicago.

The designs for the New Jersey building *at the World's Columbian Exposition* were recently sent to Chicago for approval. The specification will probably be given out very shortly. As soon as the contracts are made, work will be pushed rapidly toward completion. The building will be practically a reproduction of the old Washington Headquarters at Morristown as far as the exterior is concerned.

No Break in the Main.

Speaking of the water spout story printed in an evening newspaper yesterday, Superintendent Amos Andrews of the Plainfield Water Supply Company, said this morning that there was no break in the mains at Fanwood.

"Somebody else must have furnished the water for that break," he remarked.

The Dog Case Postponed.

The case of Mrs. Mass against John McGinley which came up before Justice Nash this morning was postponed for one week.

Mrs. Mass alleges that she has been bitten by a dog whose ownership she has traced to McGinley. Lawyer McClure is attorney for the plaintiff.

THE CENTURY RUN.

Cyclists to Make a Big Event of the Parade.

The Newark-Princeton century run, to be held under the auspices of the Metropolitan Association of Cycle clubs tomorrow, will be started from the Continental Hotel at Newark at four in the morning. Prizes will be given to the two clubs having the largest number of men completing the run, and medals will be given to all finishers. Following is the schedule:

Newark	Leave	4.00 a.m.
Orange	"	4.30 "
South Orange	"	5.00 "
Millburn	"	5.30 "
Springfield	"	5.50 "
Plainfield	Arrive	6.30 "
Dunellen	Leave	7.10 "
New Brunswick	Arrive	8.10 "
Franklin Park	Arrive	9.30 "
Kingston	Leave	10.45 "
Princeton	Arrive	11.00 "

RETURNING.

Princeton	Leave	12.30 p. m.
Hiewestown	Arrive	1.00 "
Clainville	Leave	3.00 "
Belle Mead	Leave	3.10 "
Somerville	Arrive	3.15 "
Bound Brook	Leave	4.00 "
Plainfield	Arrive	4.40 "
Plainfield	Leave	5.00 "
Elizabeth	Leave	6.15 "
Newark	Arrive	7.00 "

The start-up will be at Millers' Park, A number of local wheelmen will join *the bicyclists when they reach this city,* and it is probable that some of them will take the whole run from Newark to Princeton, 60 miles. They will also return, however, with the other clubs.

The cyclists will stop 15 minutes each way at "The Wheelmen's Headquarters" for refreshments.

The "run" will take the following route through this city: Front street from Scotch Plains, to Richmond street to Fifth street, to Park avenue, to Front street, returning through Front street to Grant avenue, to Seventh street, to Madison avenue, to Fourth street, to Park avenue, to Fifth street. It is estimated that there will be about 300 participants.

The riders will be checked by numbers at various points on the route, so as to avoid confusion and misunderstanding in presenting the souvenir medals. The checking in this vicinity will be done as follows:

GOING.

H. H. Lowrie, Jr., Fred Freeman, Scotch Plains.

W. G. Runyon, Jr.—Dunellen.

RETURNING.

Dr. C. B. Mathewson—Somerville.

E. H. Field—Plainfield.

THE GUN CLUB SHOOT.

Yesterday's Twelve Events Witnessed by Distinguished Visitors.

There was a large crowd yesterday at the *Independent* Gun Club tournament in Hyde's woods.

An unexpected addition to the number of shooters was found in the presence of Mr. F. B. Hazel of Chicago, Harry Harbison and Charles Fehrenstab, of Wilmington, Del., and the recently elected District Attorney of Augusta county, Va., Mr. J. L. Bumgardner of Staunton, Va. There were twelve events during the day, all at blue rock targets, thrown from five expert blue rock traps. Events numbers one, three, five, seven, nine, and eleven were shot under rapid firing system at known angles, and the other events were shot at known and unknown angles.

The winners were as follows:

First Event—Ten blue rocks; $1 entrance. Sigler, Dutchy and Vandyke, 10; Miller, Collins, Keller, Brantingham and Manning, 9; Hedder, Apgar, Hartlove and Bumbgardner, 8; Fehrenbath, 6.

Second Event—Ten blue rocks; $1 entrance. Hedder, Collins, Apgar, Vandyke and Manning, 10; Sigler, 9; Miller, Dutchy and Keller, 8; Brantingham, 7.

Third Event—Fifteen blue rock; $1.50 entrance. Sigler, Miller and Manning, 15; Apgar, Vandyke, 14; Hedder, Bumgardner, and Vandyke, 13; Brantingham and Hartlove, 12.

Fourth Event—Same style. Miller, 15; Sigler and Vandyke, 14; Hedder, Collins, and Keller, 13; Apgar, Manning, and Dutchy, 12.

Fifth Event—Like preceding one. Vandyke, Sigler, and Miller, 13; Bumgardner, Apgar, and Hedder, 14; Collins, Keller, Hartlove, and Soper, 13; Dutchy, 12.

Sixth Event—Ten targets; $1.50 entrance. *Bumgardner, Vandyke, and Sig*ler, 10; Apgar, Hedder, and Miller, 9; Dutchy, 8; Keller, Collins, and Hotlove, 7.

Seventh Event—Twenty targets; $3 entrance. Collins, 20; Hedder, Sigler, Soper, and Keller, 19; Miller, 18; Apgar, Bumgardner, and Dutchy, 17.

Eighth Event—Ten targets; $1.50 entrance. Apgar, Miller, and Sigler, 10; *Hedder, Vandyke, and Collins, 9; Keller* and Dutchy, 8.

Ninth Event—Fifteen targets; $1.50 entrance. Manning and Sigler, 15; Miller, Keller, Dubp, Vandyke, Collins, and Brantingham, 14; Apgar, Bumgardner, Hartlove, Hedder, and Soper, 13; Fehrenbath and Quimby, 10.

Tenth event—Like previous one. Miller, 15; Sigler and Vandyke, 14; Apgar, Keller, and Collins, 13; Hedder, Bissell, and Dutchy, 14.

Eleventh Event—Same style. Manning and Miller, 15; Collins, Sigler, and 15; Apgar, Dutchy, and Hedder, 13; Bumgardner, Vandyke, Keller, Vandyke, Scott, and Quimby, 11.

Twelfth Event—Like one before. Miller, 15; Sigler and Vandyke, 14; Apgar, Hedder, Dutchy, and Keller, 13; Hedder, 12.

Many prizes were offered for the best five averages in the following events: One, three, five, seven, nine, and eleven. William Zigler won first, with 57 out of 60. Enoch Miller second, 56 out of 60. Collins third, 50 out of 60. Charles M. Hedder, Harry Smith, and R. M. Manning fourth, with 70 out of 90, and Apgar, Keller, and Vandyke fifth, with 78 out of 90.

A Humorous Liquor Bill.

[New York Sun.]

The Massachusetts Legislature, which came to an unregretted end last week, passed what is one of the most *humorous* liquor bills on record. This was "an act to promote temperance by the suppression of the liquor saloon and the tippling house, and to regulate and promote and suppress in the following manner; it "prohibits the keeping and sale of liquor for drinking on the premises, in any room, building, or place where the sale of liquor is the principal or principal business carried on." In other words, a man who wants to sell liquor under the provisions of the law will have to keep a taxidermist's shop, or a barber's shop, or a beanery, or a Culture Talk Exchange, or a Total Abstinence Club, or an undertaking establishment, or a Harrison campaign badge manufactory, or some other concern of literary or manufacturing enterprise, in which buying or selling or talking for literary or philanthropic purposes should be his vocation and wielding the spigot his avocation. His liquor selling would have to be incidental. The test seems to be, is about the funniest product of Massachusetts genius. A liquor store seems to be the natural place for keeping and selling liquor; as least seems so to the unregenerate mind. If the principals of this bill should prevail, and be applied to business generally, it might become unlawful in Massachusetts to keep liquor except in a hardware store; or to expose gingerbread save in a drug store. The sale of newspapers might be made incidental to a laundry, and soap be prohibited except in strict connection with pie-making.

A Chance to Visit Cresson.—A Stop-over Allowed on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

All tickets to points west of Cresson as *well as all coming east of that point are* good to stop off. This stop makes a delightful break in the journey, as few points on the system embrace the attractive features of this crowning point of the Alleghenies.

—Don't fail to read advertisement of free exhibit of Cottolene. Fine butter 20 cents a pound and Jersey vegetables. United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association.

—When an eye first sees your advertisement it may be noticed by the eye only; *it is only in repeated efforts that advertising* reaches its object—the customer. —D. T. Mallett.

BREATHS

Just What You Need!

If you are going camping or to the seaside you should have an

Arnold Steam Cooker.

Remember, it cooks a whole dinner at once over a small oil stove.

You can buy the above articles at 61 Park avenue. Also the only genuine

BOSTON BROWN BREAD,

made in the city. Call and get a loaf. Fresh every hour in the day, and delivered to any part of the city.

M. J. BEACH, Agent.
61 Park avenue.

STATE NEWS

Edward Thomas has presented to the Hunterdon County Historical Society an Indian anchor found in the Delaware river at Milford. It is oblong, about 11x18 inches, and about nine inches thick. It has a groove *worked* all around it, this groove, wav, about one and a half inches deep and two inches wide. It looks like a large sinker and is used, but larger for its size, weighing sixty-five and a half pounds. Mr. Thomas has two fire-plates that were cast at Milford. They bear the date 1756 and a number of letters which can not be deciphered.

HE CARRIED SNAKES IN HIS ARMS.

Johnston Gouger, who lives near Blairstown, mowed oats for his horses a few days ago, and carried an armful into the barn. He dumped them on the barn floor, and then took up a part of the bunch in his arms and carried it to the stable. As he did so a full-grown rattlesnake crawled from the manger and fell upon the floor. Gouger killed the snake with a pitchfork. Turning to look again on the floor, saw another snake escaping from them. This he killed, too. The snakes were three feet long. Gouger is positive that he carried them into the barn in the oats, and he marvels that they made the ride and did not strike their fangs into him.

A CRIMINALLY CARELESS BICYCLER.

John Sloam, of Lebanon, while bicycling a few days ago failed to turn out far enough and the handle of his wheel struck the spokes of a buggy in which Mrs. Sloam and Mrs. Stevens were riding. Their horse was frightened and upset the buggy, and Mrs. Stevens was seriously hurt. Sloam was arrested and will be prosecuted criminally and also for damages. It is charged that he swerved out of his way in order to see how near he could go to the buggy without collision, and after the accident rode away without waiting to see what damage he had caused.

Of Course it Helps.

Facts count every time, and the Republican voters of Plainfield can find points for argument in the annexed. It will also furnish their Democratic friends with a political idea to digest.

Thomas A. Webb, a pearl button manufacturer, has just purchased a large property in Newark for the erection of a new factory. The building will be 100 feet long, 50 feet wide, and three stories high. Mr. Webb said yesterday that the new structure was entirely owing to the McKinley bill. "Since that bill was passed," said Mr. Webb, "there were twelve new thirteen manufacturers in the country, with an average of from eight to twelve operators. Now there are about sixty plants with an average of from fifty-five to sixty workmen. My own business began with eight workmen, and I now employ 35. When the new factory is completed I shall have nearly 80. My orders now amount to between $150,000 and $170,000. Before the McKinley act I did well with $6,500." The wages of the pearl button makers were formerly $2, $10 and $12 a week. They now earn $15, $20 and $22, according to skill.

The P. Bl. C. Will Not Compete.

The Plainfield Bicycle Club has withdrawn from competition in the Elizabeth Daily Journal Trophy road races, owing to a disruption in its team, caused by the absence from town of two of its best members.

—Our circulation is our capital, and one space the goods we have to sell.—Owen Scott.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

WORKMEN FOR THE MILLS.

Frick Determined to get New Employees.

PITTSBURG, July 22, (Special.)—The steamer Tide left the wharf here at nine o'clock for Homestead with about forty-men on board, and she will continue to make trips all day, carrying men to Homestead, in connection with the Little Bill, which took up a load early this morning.

The boat was guarded by a squad of policemen.

As soon as the Tide left, men, evidently watchers, went into the Monongahela House and sent messages by the Western Union, evidently to Homestead, to notify the men there the boat had left.

JUDGE PROVOST DEAD.

Dropped Unconscious on Church Street, New Brunswick, this Morning.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., July 22. (Special.)—Ex-Judge Amos T. Provost fell unconscious on Church street this morning. *He was picked up by several passers-by* and carried home. Before reaching there however he expired in their arms.

Judge Provost was a well known Odd Fellow and a Mason. He was born near New Brunswick in 1804 and retired from active business about 12 years ago. He leaves a wife and a son and daughter.

HIS HEAD WAS THE TARGET.

A Base Ball Struck it and Killed Him.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 22, (Special.)—Simon Jacobs attended a picnic at Grand Island, near this city, yesterday, and allowed men to throw baseballs at his head for five cents a throw. One of the balls, thrown by Henry Cook, struck him on the forehead and killed him almost instantly.

A Costly Bit of Horseflesh.

CHICAGO, July 23d. (Special.)—Matt Byrnes' famous trotter, Phallas, yesterday wired James Sheridan, starter at Washington Park, requesting him to *look J. M. Brown's great two-year-old G.* W. Johnson over, and if sound and for sale to secure an option on him.

Brown priced the colt at $30,000, and gave the copper king's representative a twenty-four hours refusal of him.

More Soldiers for Homestead.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23. (Special.)—Commanders of the various organizations of the First Brigade, National Guards of Pennsylvania, to-day received orders from Gen. Dechert, the Brigade Commander, to hold their commands in readiness to move to Homestead.

Requisitions are to be made for rubber blankets to supply any deficiences.

Palo Alto is Dead.

NEW YORK, July 23, (Special.)—A dispatch from Redwood City, Cal., announces the death of Palo Alto, the champion trotting stallion of the globe. This most famous son of Electioneer started the trotting world last year by doing a mile without a skip in the time of 2.09¾, thus placing himself beyond all other stallions in the world.

O'Donnell and Ross Still in Jail.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 22, (Special.)—Judge Moore has decided to hear the application for bail in the cases of O'Donnell and Ross to-morrow morning. Meantime they will remain in jail.

Hon. James G. Blaine to be Promi nent Again.

WASHINGTON, July 23. (Special.)—It is stated that ex-Secretary Blaine will be asked to go to Brussels as a member of the Monetary Conference.

What is H-O?
Simply this—

HORNBY'S

H-O

OAT-FOOD

Nature's finest grain translated into mental and physical energy.

GAMBERTON—In North Plainfield, Thursday, July 21, 1892, Frank Boice, infant son of Lewis and Bessie Gamberton.

Funeral services from his late residence, 45 Pearl street, Saturday, July 23d, at 1.30 p. m.

FREEMAN—In this city, Tuesday, July 19, 1892, Emma Anna, infant daughter of Zebedee and Emma Freeman, aged 11 months, 15 days.

Funeral services from her late residence, 128 West Second street, Friday, July 22, at three p. m.

TO THE LADIES OF PLAINFIELD

You are cordially invited to visit the practical exhibition of

COTTOLENE!

Now going on at our store. Come and test the good things prepared with this product. During free exhibit, a World's Fair Album given to every purchaser.

BUTTER—Fine Table Butter, 20c. lb.

JERSEY VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, Corn, Egg Plants, etc., received daily, and disposed of at from 15 to 25 per cent. below any other store in the city.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.

Refrigerators . . . Lawn Mowers, . . .
. . . Ice Cream Freezers Hammocks . . .

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware, . . Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COACHMAN and gardener of experience and ability wants employment. Good references. Apply at 25 Howard street. 20 6*

HELP WANTED.

SALESMAN WANTED—Valuable commission offered. $30 weekly earned by many of our agents. Samples free. P. O. Box 1371, New York. 20 4

WANTED—Reliable man for permanent position. $900 first year. Address, with stamp and references, "Morris," care of News. 22 2

WANTED—Corresponding agents in every town, to inform us of parties intending opening or re-fitting saloons, by the largest saloon fixture manufacturers in the world. Good man can make $5,000. The Rothschild Bar Fixture Co., 1158 Broadway, corner 27th street, New York. 21 7 eod*

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and chain, between depot and Sandford avenue, Thursday. $3 reward. *Leave for owner at* this office. 22 1

BOARDERS WANTED.

ROOMS with board at 30 East Front St. 20 6*

WANTED—Board in private family in North Plainfield. Two adults and one child. Address, stating terms and location of house. "H. G.," care of EVENING NEWS. 22 tf.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "H. D. M." care of EVENING NEWS. 17

FOR SALE.

GOOD MILK ROUTE for sale. Address "C," care of EVENING NEWS. 22 2

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 9-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 20tf

WANTED—House and about six acres of farm land, suitable for trucking. Near Dunellen, Somerville, Summit or Madison. Cannot pay more than $1,500. Address "Truck," care of EVENING NEWS. 20 4

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.

Just Buy Some for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.

Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach),

Gala Day

Every Saturday.

The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.

A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given.

Every Saturday Afternoon.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. At Barnard Academy, 107 Park avenue. Classes in French now forming. Also private lessons in French and German. Class lessons 50c., private lessons $1.

VanEmburgh & White

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

TOWNSEND'S

Marble and Granite Works,

No. 29 SOMERSET STREET, near FRONT.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and at prices to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend,
Manager. 15 1m*

Alterations.

Previous to extensive ones that we are going to make we will make a General Clearing Sale throughout Every Department.

For Three Cents Each

You buy tin top jelly glasses

For Six Cents Each

You buy Mason quart fruit jars.

For 38c. a Yard

You buy a 60-in. Damask Table Linen that is worth 50c.

Gentlemen:

You buy for a quarter a fine Gauze Undershirt that has been selling freely for 40c.

About *Writing Paper.*

Have you ever tried our Special Brands? If not, why don't you? We will save you money.

Wash Dress Goods.

There are many good things in Wash Fabrics that we are anxious to part with and they go at a reduced price.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Old Time Lecture Platform.

It is enough to make young people wish they had lived in war time to read Anna Dickinson's newspaper letter about "Preaching and Fighting" from 1863 to 1865. Anna Dickinson has still a fire and an enthusiasm that belonged to her more than to any other speaker of her time, and they are always catching.

She mentions her own first speech, made when she was a schoolgirl. It was an indignant protest against the assertion of a man who said something of this kind:

"My daughters could never be doctors, lawyers, or priests or orators. And my daughters are as good and bright as any other man's."

Like a tornado, before she herself knew what she was about Anna Dickinson fell upon that man. She proved at the age of sixteen that at least one man's daughter was a born orator. The storm of her indignation swept over him and must have left him breathless, for Anna's first speech concluded thus:

"As you yourself have summed it up, your daughters are fools. In heaven's name what else is to be expected of the daughters of such a father?"

Of the lecturer of thirty years ago Anna writes:

The lyceum platform was a lay pulpit. The men who came to it had a message to speak, and earnest, argument and education were the sure sequences.

It was inevitable that these world thinkers and orators—the best of them known across two continents—should either by sympathetic fusion or by logical finishing find themselves in the van of every battle that had to be fought for woman, for labor, for social reform, for the brotherhood of the human race and for the protection even of the dumb. No human being can make a consistent and exhaustive argument for the rights of any one being or a human being, regardless of sex, color, race or condition, who will not find him or herself bound, by a demand which is as magnificent as it is simple, to be a champion of these questions to the welfare and uplifting of the whole human kind.

Among the lecturers of that glorious old day were Charles Sumner, Wendell Phillips, Henry Ward Beecher, Horace Mann, Bayard Taylor and Horace Greeley. Whom have we instead of them today? "Today has no lecture platform," answers Miss Dickinson. "There are adjustment purveyors scattered through a great many towns."

Yet George W. Wendling, himself a successful speaker, tells us there never were so many lecturers making a good living on the platform as there are today. But how tame, how mean that statement sounds when read beside Anna Dickinson's reminiscence of "what a speech with a man behind it could do," as described in the following mention of one of the last utterances ever given by Owen Lovejoy:

A shout! All the made enthusiasm at Minneapolis would sound slight beside the thunder that broke from the hearts and out of the throats of the men as they roared "Lovejoy! Lovejoy!" He stood for a moment, silent, shaking his head, overwhelmed with such a rush of emotion that no words could come, then the voice that was like the roll of an organ-peal sounded:

"I cannot! I cannot! I must not be silent. I should expect the lightnings of the Almighty to blast me in the hour I stand false to the infamy to go unsmirched of justice."

I think no man nor woman went out of the hall that night with any dimness of vision as to what justice in their war and to humanity meant—and when had not taken a step nearer to the eternal verities.

Electricity seems to be taking a hand in solving the labor problem. Whatever else is disputed, it is admitted, on the whole, that it is better for the health of mankind to work in small numbers than to be herded together in great factories. In one branch of labor—silk weaving—electricity has in some degree brought back the good old days, when people could spin and weave at home and do much other work. At St. Etienne, in France, there are now 18,000 hand looms in the homes of the weavers who make silk ribbons; those, too, of the finest quality. The idea can be adapted to any industry not requiring heavy and cumbrous machinery. The more labor can thus be diversified and distributed the happier and more independent the workers will be. It may be that electricity is destined to destroy the factory slavery that is so much talked against. If so, then electricity will be a greater moral reformer than all the preachers put together. A reform of any kind can be easily effected if it is shown to pay. The time is likely to come when the ocean tides and currents of rivers and waterfalls will be used to furnish the electrical motive power everywhere.

It is announced that a company has been organized to take refuse sugar and turn it into refuse whisky. Good gracious! If we must have whisky, isn't there clean, honest corn enough in the Union to make it out of? Next, probably, somebody will be making snuff called whisky from miserable potato parings, as they do in Germany.

The largest sailing vessel in the world was launched not long since, and she was not launched in America, either, but in Scotland, at Glasgow, and she was built for a firm of German merchants at Bremen, being designed for the East India trade. She is named the Marie Rickmers. The vessel is a five master, 373 feet long, with one unique feature. This is a steam engine with triple expansion machinery. The design is when the big ship is becalmed to apply steam to this machinery and drive her onward at about the usual sailing rate without sails. The Rickmers is designed for a rice ship and will carry that commodity from Burmah to Bremen.

CLEVELAND'S GREETING

He Makes a Significant Address in New York.

HARRITY SELECTED AS CHAIRMAN.

He Is Unanimously Chosen as the Head of the National Democratic Committee—Ex-Secretary Whitney's Plan of Campaign Indorsed by the Committee.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Grover Cleveland and Adlai E. Stevenson were tendered a reception by the Sagamore club, of Harlem. The front of the clubhouse was an electric blaze, and in many lined incandescent letters the facade born the name of the club and the Democratic password for 1892, "Cleveland and Stevenson." The clubhouse was packed from cellar to roof, among those present being many of the lights of New York Democracy. As soon as the guests of the evening arrived they were ushered into the crowded reception parlor, where Mr. Gilroy called for order and in a brief speech greeted and welcomed Messrs. Cleveland and Stevenson. Mr. Cleveland responded by saying:

Cleveland's Speech.

I came here tonight to see you, not to talk to you. At the same time I can hardly do less than to thank you for this warm and cordial welcome. I witnessed last night, in the lower part of the town, a manifestation that was evidence to me that the Democracy of New York were fully alive to the questions and issues involved in the campaign. Tonight I see another manifestation which further confirms my views on that subject. So far as this is personal, it is exceedingly gratifying to receive your hearty welcome from the Democracy of the city of my home.

As a Democrat I am very pleased, because it affords an evidence of the live earnestness in the work we have in hand. As a citizen I am pleased because I am thoroughly assured that the establishment of Democratic principles are necessary to the welfare of our country. I am also pleased because I am thoroughly sure I am among Democrats. [Applause.] I have forgotten that there was any difference of opinion.

At this point the cheering and the applause broke out among the crowd of auditors. Then the significance of the words dawned on the ex-president's auditors, and the cheering was renewed with redoubled vigor and continued for many minutes. When silence once more reigned Grover Cleveland calmly continued:

I desire to say, in so saying those words—for saying that I am a Democrat and believe in Democratic organizations. I hope that I shall have an opportunity of impressing as many as possible of you here tonight by the handclasp at the same time we will pledge to each other that party and democracy which our party demands of us and which is an earnest of a victory to come.

Stevenson's Speech.

More applause greeted Mr. Cleveland as he finished, and then the crowd grew enthusiastic as Mr. Stevenson began to speak. He said:

I can hardly find words with which to express my gratitude for the kindness shown me, for the cordial reception with which I have met in this great city of our country. I come amongst you as a stranger, but I come amongst you as a Democrat. [Cries of "Good; that is your passport."]

Yes, that passport I will bear back to the great state of Illinois—the glorious ticking which will fill every Democratic heart, that I found the Democracy of New York united; that there are no factions, no diff-rences, but all are united in the support of the grand principles of the Democratic party and the candidates who have been nominated at the Chicago convention.

I want to say to you, gentlemen, while I will bear back to my own state the tidings I have mentioned, I can say to you tonight that the Democracy of Illinois—the Democracy of a great state which once had the great leader Douglas as an acknowledged leader of the party in that state—I can say to you tonight we are to carry in this contest, under the leadership of Grover Cleveland, the determination to place the fairest state in the Union in the Democratic column in the next election.

Then began the handshaking, which was kept up for nearly an hour. A collation was then served, to which ample justice was done, after which the guests and club members dispersed.

HARRITY ELECTED CHAIRMAN.

The Pennsylvanian Will Conduct the Cleveland Campaign.

NEW YORK, July 21.—A thousand Democrats were at the Fifth Avenue hotel when the national Democratic committee met in parlor D R. The committee was to organize and to appoint an executive committee to conduct the campaign.

Calvin S. Brice called the meeting to order. The first business of the committee was a series of farewell address-es to Senator Brice. He announced that his business engagements were such that under no circumstances would he allow his name to be used as that of a candidate for re-election to the chairmanship. He would act as chairman of either the national committee or the campaign committee.

Harrity Elected.

Mr. Tarpey, of California, thereupon offered this resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of the committee are hereby tendered to the Hon. Calvin S. Brice for the able, dignified and courteous manner in which he, as chairman of the committee, has presided over its deliberations and directed its management; and we deeply regret that the pressure of personal affairs prevents him again occupying the chairmanship.

Senator Gorman, of Maryland, and Senator Ransom, of North Carolina, then followed with addresses in which they referred to the work done by Chairman Brice in 1888, his untiring zeal and his steadfast devotion. Mr. Whitney then paid a glowing tribute to Mr. Brice and his work for the party.

The resolution offered by Mr. Tarpey was then adopted by a rising vote. Mr. Gowalt, of Maine, temporarily in the chair. Chairman Brice, who was affected to tears, thanked the members of the committee cordially for the kindly feeling felt for him as expressed in the resolution and the remarks of the different speakers, and then announced that the committee would proceed with the regular order of business, the selection of a chairman. Mr. Whitney nominated Mr. Harrity. There being no other nomination, Mr. Tarpey moved that the election of Mr. Harrity be made by acclamation. This was done, and Mr. Harrity said:

Harrity's Speech.

GENTLEMEN OF THE COMMITTEE—I am extremely grateful for the distinguished honor which you have conferred upon me. I realize the responsibility which I bear, especially I feel, upon me. The only return I can make at this time is to promise to use my best efforts to aid in achieving success for our party, its principles and its candidates. They deserve success. The people expect them to win, and it will be your duty and mine as far as in our power lies that the people are not disappointed. In such expectation, I confidently believe they will not be.

I am deeply sensible of the great responsibility devolving upon me as chairman of the Democratic national committee, and I am not at all unmindful of m own shortcomings. For this reason I will need and will most heartily ask for your aid and your indulgence. I am sure that I shall feel obliged to lean heavily upon the members of this committee during the excitement of the coming campaign, and am confident that you, each and all of you, will give me assistance and support.

Whitney's Resolutions.

Mr. William C. Whitney then introduced the following resolutions, which were adopted:

Resolved, That the executive committee of the Democratic national committee shall consist of twenty-five members, who shall be designated by the chairman of the national committee; and that the chairman of the national committee shall be ex-officio chairman of the executive committee.

Resolved, That the campaign committee of the Democratic national committee shall consist of nine members, who shall be designated by the chairman of the national committee, the said chairman to be also one of the members of said campaign committee; that the said campaign committee, when appointed, shall select its own chairman from within or without the said campaign committee or from within or without the Democratic national committee.

Resolved, That the advisory committee of the Democratic national committee, which committee the chairman of the Democratic national committee is hereby authorized to appoint from without the membership of the Democratic national committee, shall consist of such number of members as may be deemed proper by the campaign committee.

Resolved, That the conduct and direction of the campaign literature shall be under the charge of the chairman of the Democratic national committee and of the campaign committee, subject to the approval of the executive committee of the Democratic national committee.

Chairman Harrity appointed Samuel Fesco, of Florida; Governor Lee, of Maryland, and Blair, of Kansas, a committee to settle the contest in Indian Territory. The chairman and secretary of the committee were appointed a committee to secure headquarters for the national committee. The headquarters will not be far from the Hoffman House.

One of the most important resolutions of the day was one calling for a committee of five to report on the proposition that in future the national convention of the party shall consist only of delegates, alternates and newspaper men. This is in consonance with the idea advanced by General Patrick A. Collins, who was disgusted with the disgraceful scenes at Chicago. The committee adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

The New Chairman.

Mr. Harrity was born at Wilmington, Del., in October, 1844. He was graduated from La Salle college in 1870 at the head of his class. After teaching for a year he entered the law offices of Lewis C. Cassidy and Pierce Butler. He was admitted to the bar in 1875, remaining in the offices of Cassidy and Pierce until 1880. In that year he formed a partnership with James Gay Gordon, now one of the judges of the court of common pleas of Philadelphia. In 1882, when the Democracy of Philadelphia was disorganized, he was made chairman of the Democratic city executive committee. The Democracy won in that year. In 1884 he was a delegate to the national convention. Mr. Cleveland made him postmaster. Last year Governor Pattison appointed him secretary of state. Mr. Harrity has a wife and four children.

Republican Headquarters.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The Republican national committee have secured headquarters for the campaign. They have leased the building 578 Fifth avenue, which is conveniently near the Union League club and the Grand Central depot. The headquarters of the National Republican College league will be located in the same building. James F. Burke, president of the College league, will be nominally in charge of these headquarters, but he proved so successful as an orator at the Boston mass meeting on Wednesday that it has been decided to call on him during the campaign. In the absence James N. Perkins, of Harvard, will be in charge.

Florida's People's Party.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 21.—The People's party ticket stands up thus: For governor, A. P. Baskin; secretary of state, R. A. Montavisitge; treasurer, A. M. Chalf; controller, William Hickson; commissioner of agriculture, John W. Hendry; superintendent of schools, O. M. Williams.

McComas Appointed.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Louis E. McComas, of Maryland, has been appointed by Chairman Carter secretary of the national Republican committee. Mr. McComas has accepted the position and will begin the discharge of its duties in New York city forthwith.

Connecticut Republicans.

HARTFORD, July 22.—The Republican state central committee selected New Haven as the place and Sept. 6 and 7 as the dates for the state convention.

Cronse Withdraws.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 21.—George N. Cronse, who has contested the congressional nomination with Belden, has withdrawn from the canvass.

Crain for a Fifth Term.

BEVILLE, Tex., July 22.—The Democrats of the Fourth congressional district have nominated A. W. Crain for a fifth term in congress.

Bought by J. Pierrepont Morgan.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 21.—J. Pierrepont Morgan has bought the controlling block of the New England Terminal company in order to wind up the concern, which he was prevented from doing through the court by the trustees of the bondholders.

Photographers' National League.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Representatives of organizations of amateur photographers met here and organized a national body to be known as the American League of Amateur Photographers. Paul E. V. Thiery, of Newark, N. J., is president.

A United States Consul Arrested.

COPENHAGEN, July 22.—Mr. Henry B. Ryder, the United States consul at this place, was arrested charged with fraud in connection with the liquidation of a steamship estate.

The Spread of the Cholera.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 22.—The government officially admits that cholera has broken out on the east shore of the Caspian sea.

Fighting in Morocco.

TANGIERS, July 22.—Severe fighting has taken place between the troops of the sultan of Morocco and the rival claimants.

For a Gold Standard.

VIENNA, July 22.—The bills providing for the resumption of a gold standard passed their third reading in the reichsrath.

Ida Malle Divorced.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Ida Malle, the diminutive actress, known off the stage as Mrs. Ben Tuthill, was granted a divorce.

Burned to the Water's Edge.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 22.—The lake steamboat Lyttle was burned to the water's edge on Onondaga lake.

Death of Colonel Hudson.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Colonel Edward M. Hudson, retired, died here.

MINISTERS NOMINATED.

White, Snowden and Beale for Russia, Spain and Greece.

FIVE NEW CONSULS ALSO NAMED.

Among Them Is Cyrus W. Field, of New York—The House Passes the Bill to Enforce Commercial Relations with Canada—The Anteption Bill Drags.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The following nominations were sent to the senate by the president:

Andrew D. White, of New York, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Russia.

A. Londen Snowden, of Pennsylvania, now envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Greece, Roumania and Servia, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Spain.

Truxton Beale, of California, now minister resident and consul general of the United States to Persia, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Greece, Roumania and Servia.

The following to be consuls of the United States: John A. Barnes, of Illinois, at Chemnitz; Darley R. Brush, of South Dakota, at Messina; Cyrus W. Field, of New York, at Brunswick; Carl Bailey Hurst, of the District of Columbia, at Catania; Charles August Vortriede, of Ohio, at Horgen.

The Three Ministers.

Hon. Andrew D. White, ex-president of Cornell college, appointed minister to Russia, is too well known as an educator and litterateur to need any extended public notice. He has had much former experience in the diplomatic service, having been secretary of the legation at St. Petersburg, subsequently one of the commissioners appointed by President Grant in 1871 to visit Santo Domingo and minister to Germany under President Hayes, in all of which positions he distinguished himself by his great ability.

Hon. A. Londen Snowden, of Pennsylvania, appointed minister to Spain, is a son of an old revolutionary family in Pennsylvania and has been prominently in Philadelphia and superintendent of the mint in that city, both of which positions he filled with marked satisfaction to the government and the people. His promotion to Spain is a deserved recognition of the fitting manner in which he has discharged the duties of his present post.

Truxton Beale, of California, appointed minister to Greece, Roumania and Servia, is the son of General E. F. Beale, the intimate friend of General Grant. Mr. Beale was appointed minister to Persia by Mr. Blaine, and his promotion from the Persian minister to that at Roumania, Servia and Greece is a deserved recognition of his services to this government in the east.

The Consuls.

Cyrus W. Field, of New York, is the son and namesake of the great philanthropist and projector of the international cable, so lately deceased. Young Mr. Field is a graduate of Williams college and has had wide experience.

Carl Bailey Hurst, appointed consul at Catania, Italy, is the son of Right Rev. John F. Hurst, bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church. He is a college graduate and a linguist.

John A. Barnes, of Decatur, Ills., appointed consul at Chemnitz, Germany, was a Union soldier in the late war and is a man of intellectual attainments long identified with the politics of his state. He bears the unanimous indorsement of the public men of Illinois.

Darley R. Brush, of South Dakota, appointed consul to Messina, Italy, is the present vice consul at that post, and takes the place vacated by his father-in-law, William Brush, president of the Methodist University of South Dakota.

Charles A. Vortriede, of Ohio, appointed consul to Horgen, Switzerland, is one of the proprietors of the Toledo Express, and his appointment is a recognition of the German element of northern Ohio.

Daylight Ahead.

Husband—You know that necktie you got me yesterday? Well, I just got a telegram from home saying that my grandmother is at the point of death.

Wife (wringing her hands)—Oh, dear, dear! But what has the necktie got to do with it?

Husband (triumphantly)—Why, if she dies I won't have to wear it.—Life.

Brought to His Senses.

He had been talking about himself for hours.

"Yes," he remarked complacently, "I was very precocious."

"Were you?" she rejoined. "How old were you when you learned to tell time?"

Then he realized that it was 11:30.—*Washington Star.*

A Sportsman's Paradise.

Johnson—Been away on your vacation, Jackson—Yes; went down to Manitou Islands, in Maine, digbee of fishing and that sort of thing, you know.

"That's the kind! Any game?"

"You bet! Poker every night in the week.—Texas Siftings.

Hostess—[illegible] Smith, who [illegible]

Alumnus—[illegible]

Hostess—[illegible]

Alumnus—No, [illegible] Life.

His One Thought.

Patient (who has been in railroad collision, feebly)—Doctor, can I recover?

Doctor—Don't know.

Patient—Damages, of course.—Yankee Blade.

The Method in It.

We were playin a quiet game of draw, Mongline an' me on Lonesome Bay;
Queerest old chap you ever saw,
(Accidents once, and fits since then).

Straight enough, though, when his head was right,
But skeery, you bet, when his spells came on;
Though things were runnin on smooth that night,
As the hands were dealt and the cards were drawn.

Lucky old Mugging had won a lot:
I was cleaned, you bet, to a frazzle,
Mug had just opened a big jack pot,
And I had filled on a pair of tens.

When all of a sudden Ben gave a yell
That lifted our hair and raised the sweat.
Then just what happened I couldn't tell.
For Ben had a fit, an we left, you bet.

We treated like cowards, and left poor Ben
Flew through the window an took the rails;
Reckon Ben smiled for a while, an then
Walked out through the door an took the trails.

—Albert B. Paine in Kansas City Star.

FASHIONS

NEW AFTERNOON GOWNS.

Dainty, Light Costumes Brought Out for the Hot Days.

Two dresses designed exclusively for the "summer girl" are here sketched. One is of white embroidery over pink silk. The skirt is bordered with a full flounce of Valenciennes lace festooned on the right side with bows and loops of satin ribbon. This trimming is very stylish, and much improves the appearance of a plain skirt. The baby bodice with high sleeves is ornamented with ribbon bows on the shoulders and a belt. The hat worn with this gown is of Tuscan straw, with bows of lace and pink and crimson roses.

TWO SUMMER COSTUMES.

The second dress is of cream gauze, with a pattern of violets scattered all over it. A double frill of Valenciennes lace, put on with a gauging of the gauze, finishes the bottom of the skirt. There is a long sash of white faille ribbon. The fichu is of the gauze edged with lace, and the elaborate sleeves are made to match. The hat consists of white lace and foliage.

Another charming costume is of delicate heliotrope foulard, covered with a fine "all over" pattern in black. Two ruches of satin ribbon border the bottom of the skirt. With the round waist is worn a jabot of beige colored lace. A black straw hat, with bows of heliotrope satin ribbon and white daisies, is designed to be worn with this gown.

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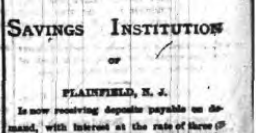

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Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:05, a. m., 11:05, 2:05, 6:05 p. m.
Close—7:30, 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:45 and 9 p. m.

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THE STRIKERS ARE FIRM

Frick's Days of Grace Expire, but the Men Stay Out.

LEADER O'DONNELL SENT TO JAIL.

He Expects to Have No Trouble in Getting Released on Bail—The Soldiers Settling Down for a Stay—The Strike May Spread and Become Gigantic.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 22.—The arrests of Hugh O'Donnell and Hugh Ross created no excitement among the working people, and the absence of inflammatory talk shows a lethargy that marks the beginning of the end. The leaders say that the rest of the battle must be fought in the courts. Application for the release on bail of Hugh O'Donnell and Ross will be made in Pittsburg before Judge Magee. No additional informations were sworn by Secretary Lovejoy, despite his statement early in the week that he proposed to take such steps day after day.

Messrs. Weihe and Brennan, president and legal adviser respectively of the Amalgamated association, were closeted with Governor Pattison for an hour. Governor Pattison refused to disclose the nature of the conference, and Messrs. Weihe and Brennan were equally reticent. Mr. Brennan said, however, that the object of the visit had seemingly been accomplished and that if it has been successful the present trouble would be brought to an immediate conclusion.

The Stay of the Troops.

But the statement made by Governor Pattison to a United Press reporter directly after the conference, that he did not know how much longer he would remain in Homestead, would seem to indicate that he does not take a peaceful view of the situation, and would not withdraw until matters assumed a more definite phase. The millionaires received rations for five days, and it is almost certain that they will remain in Homestead for that period and probably longer.

It is the almost general belief here among persons interested that Messrs. Weihe and Brennan failed to accomplish the object of their mission. They went directly from headquarters to the railroad station and took a train for Pittsburg. They did not see any of the local leaders either before or after the conference.

Samuel Burkett, James Flanagan, Sylvester Critchlow and Anthony Flaherty, the four men accused of murdering Pinkerton men in the battle of July 6, are believed to be in Homestead. No attempt has been made to arrest them by Pittsburg constables since last Monday. Burkett and Critchlow say they will surrender themselves if Hugh O'Donnell and Hugh Ross are admitted to bail. Flanagan and Flaherty are said to have determined not to give themselves up or allow themselves to be arrested under any circumstances.

Evictions to Commence.

At 6 o'clock last night the limit set by the Carnegie company for applications for employment had expired. With the exception of a few laborers not one of the old employees took advantage of the offer. This leaves the company free to carry out its intention to fill the works with nonunion men.

The Carnegie company has decided to evict the Homestead families who occupy the twenty-five company houses on Sandy hill, just back of General Snowden's headquarters. The heads of these families are day laborers in the mill and are now on strike. Just what will become of those families when they are thrown out of doors is not known, as there are not twenty-five vacant houses in Homestead which they can obtain. The company intend to use the houses for nonunion men, as they are within the lines of Camp Black and will be safe from molestation as long as the military remain.

THE MINES MAY STOP.

Indications That the Strike May Assume Alarming Proportions.

Pittsburg, July 22.—The sympathetic strike movement among the workmen in the employ of the Carnegie company is assuming rather alarming proportions, and if rumors now current prove correct the strike will be one of the most aggressive in the history of strikes in the world. The latest branch of labor to take active part in the movement in aid of the Homestead locked out men and the Amalgamated association is the coke workers and miners in the works operated by the company.

Reports come from the coke regions that committees have been sent among these men and are making efforts to induce them to come out in a body. This, if successful, would shut off the supply of coke from the blast furnaces and would cause a suspension. What progress has been made is not known, but the leaders say the movement is meeting with great encouragement.

When this was stated to Secretary Lovejoy he said: "This is the first intimation I have had that such a move was contemplated, and if it does of course it would be a serious matter."

There is every indication that the Carnegie company proposes to start up its two mills at Lawrenceville before many days. The natural gas is burning in the furnaces and several carloads of billets are being daily received and stacked in the mill grounds. The Amalgamated strikers have doubled their pickets and guard the river and water entrances to the mills are being watched.

Morgan Disbursed.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—James T. Morgan, who was a leading witness in the pension office investigation, has been disbarred from practice before that office and all bureaus of the interior department.

Its Business Center Burned.

MOOSUP, Conn., July 22.—The business center of this village, including its hotel, the railroad station and freight house and six other buildings, among which were two dwellings, were burned.

The Howells Found Guilty.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 22.—Spooner R. Howell, of Chicago, and George R. Howell, of Atchison, were found guilty of violating the interstate commerce law.

Palo Alto Is Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—Palo Alto, the celebrated stallion, head of Senator Stanford's stud on the Palo Alto stock farm near Mayfield, died of pneumonia.

Italian Laborers Crushed.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., July 22.—A temporary barracks collapsed and two Italian laborers were killed and fifteen seriously injured.

To Be Launched Saturday.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22.—Cruiser No. 12 will be launched Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock from Cramps'.

ALICE MITCHELL WAS A FLIRT.

Her Defense Weakened and Her Counsel Strike a Snag.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 22.—The defense had smooth sailing until now in proving Alice Mitchell insane. They have piled a dozen pellons on one in cumulative testimony, but there was a sudden balk when the attorney general objected to the reading of the hypothetical case. The deposition of Dr. Grinnell of St. Louis, which was read down as far as the hypothetical case, and when it came to a question of the sanity of Alice, based on the hypothetical case, the state objected.

The objection was made on the ground that the hypothesis had not been proven. Judge Dubose thought the objection well taken and wanted to know where the proof of hereditary insanity came in, the mother being afflicted with only puerperal insanity before or after childbirth, and the brother of Mr. Mitchell became insane only after sunstroke. He thought the hereditary tendency should be made clear.

The question was discussed pro and con for several hours, and the court finally suggested that the hypothetical case be read seriatim, and further suggested that the attorney general specifically point out the questions touching this the leading the time for adjournment arrived.

Miss Johnson's admissions on the stand that Alice and she had flirted with an opera singer was a bomb in the camp of the defense, who have claimed that Alice hated men as did Diana, the huntress. After much hesitation she said that she and Alice had flirted with P. L. Shatman, an opera singer, and had presented him with costly flowers. Then she was also compelled to admit that they had several meetings with young men at the Chesapeake and Ohio depot, and also had a speaking acquaintance with young men to whom neither had ever been introduced. The witness was put in jail with Miss Mitchell the morning following the tragedy. She said that the murderess read the accounts of the tragedy and laughed at the comments of the press.

Etna's Vomit of Fire.

ROME, July 22.—The eruptions at Mount Etna are increasing in violence. The people of Nicolosi passed most of the day in prayer before the church, fearing to enter it on account of the continuous earthquakes. Some of the shocks are felt even in Syracuse. Fire marks the way of the lava down the mountain and great rocks are ejected to a height of 1,000 to 1,200 feet.

Wrecked by a Cyclone.

OTTUMWA, Ia., July 22.—The town of Hitchman was destroyed by a cyclone. Every house in the village was wrecked and several persons were injured, but none fatally. The storm extended over a wide area, doing great damage to crops. At Mason City eight houses were struck by lightning and burned.

Bloodshed Feared.

QUEBEC, July 22.—Bloodshed is feared on the Lower St. Lawrence river between the fishery forces of the Dominion government and the band of whisky smugglers who have so long carried on an uninterrupted trade in the waters of the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Nine Thousand Homeless.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 22.—General Sir John Ross has sent a company of Royal engineers to St. John's, N. F., to blow down walls. The number of families burned out is 1,874, making 9,000 people rendered homeless by the great fire.

A Plot in Paris.

PARIS, July 22.—The Figaro says that the police have discovered an anarchist plot to blow up the houses and other public buildings. The paper adds that two of the conspirators have been arrested.

The Montreal Elopers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—Jack Allan and Mrs. Hebden, the Montreal elopers, left the Palace hotel on the discovery of their identity made a longer stay uncomfortable.

Careless Navigation.

LONDON, July 22.—The board of trade decides that the City of Chicago disaster was due to careless navigation. The captain's certificate is suspended for nine months.

Chicago's Population.

CHICAGO, July 21.—The result of the enumeration of Chicago's population under the auspices of the census committee shows that Chicago has 1,428,818 people.

A Ray of Hope for King.

MEMPHIS, July 22.—It is said the federal court may act in the case of Colonel H. Clay King, condemned to be hanged on Aug. 12 for killing David H. Poston.

Accused Councilmen to Resign.

TOLEDO, July 22.—Councilman R. P. Strain, indicted for bonding last week, tendered his resignation to the mayor. His associates will follow suit.

Killed in a Smashup.

TANWORTH, Ont., July 21.—William Christie, engineer; Will Hardy, fireman, and a child named Murphy were killed in a railroad smashup here.

Gave His Life for Another.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22.—Patrick Connelly and his wife while attempting to rescue a workman who had been overcome in an inlet by sewer gas.

The Granite Strike to Continue.

BOSTON, July 22.—The Boston branch of the Granite Cutters' National union voted to reject the recent proposal from the manufacturers.

Two Churches Dedicated.

KINGSTON, N. Y., July 22.—Bishop John P. Newman, of Omaha, Neb., dedicated the new Methodist churches at Arkville and Ashland.

Three Drowned and Eighty Saved.

PORT HURON, July 22.—The steamer Walamo struck on a reef and three passengers were drowned and eighty rescued.

A Receiver for Weed, Parsons & Co.

ALBANY, July 22.—Justice Herrick has appointed Hon. Amasa J. Parker receiver of the firm of Weed, Parsons & Co.

Won't Confirm Sayles.

BOSTON, July 22.—The council has again tabled the nomination of Irving B. Sayles to be savings bank commissioner.

Garber Hanged Himself.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22.—John M. Garber, a well known contractor in this city, committed suicide by hanging.

Too Great a Risk.

He (indifferently)—I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll toss a coin, and if head comes up I'll marry you.

She (by no means indifferently)—Don't. Head might come up.—Jester.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Massachusetts prison commissioners have made a report on the escape of nine convicts from the prison at Charleston. The report urges stricter discipline, a restriction of privileges, and a reprimand to several officers.

The German ministry of the interior has issued orders to the frontier guards to redouble constant vigilance in order to prevent entry into Germany of Russian Jews.

The question of authorizing the issue of $6,000,000 of bonds for the erection of new water works in Cincinnati was defeated by a vote of the citizens.

One of the scouts under command of Lieutenant Langhorne, Third cavalry, was killed by a band of men near Fort Bingpold, Dak.

A mastiff dog, weighing 100 pounds, was inadvertently locked in a vacant store at Toronto, Ont., on June 18, and it was not discovered until Wednesday night that he was imprisoned. The dog was still alive after its thirty-two days' fast, but weighed only twenty-four pounds.

Charles Patour and Henry Wolf, Belgian laborers in the Argentine smelter, were drowned while in swimming in the Kaw river at Kansas City.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

		R.	H.	E.
At Boston—				
Boston	0 3 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—5	5	3	
Cleveland	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 x—4	7	3	
Stivetts and Kelly, Young and O'Connor.				
At Brooklyn—		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	0 0 1 1 0 3 0 2 x—7	9	1	
Louisville	1 0 0 2 0 0 0 4 3—11	12	2	
Foutz and Kinslow, Stratton and Grim.				
At New York—		R.	H.	E.
New York	0 0 0 1 2 1 1 0—5	12	4	
Chicago	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	5	2	
Rusie and Doyle, Luby and Schriver.				
At Philadelphia—		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 x—2	6	2	
St. Louis	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	3	3	
Keefe, Weyhing and Clements; Galvin and.				
At Baltimore—		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 2 1 0 0 1 0 3—10	12	1	
Pittsburg	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1—3	10	5	
Vickery and Robinson, Ehret and Miller.				
At Washington—		R.	H.	E.
Washington	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—2	6	4	
Cincinnati	2 0 0 2 1 1 0 0 0—6	9	1	
Abbey and McGuire, Dwyer and Harrington.				

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

		R.	H.	E.
At Rochester—				
Rochester	3 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—6	8	1	
Utica	1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3	8	4	
Duke and Townsend, Sullivan and Myers.				
At Binghamton—		R.	H.	E.
Binghamton	0 0 0 1 2 6 0 1—10	10	0	
Troy	1 0 0 1 0 0 1 2 0—5	10	4	
Nies and Wilson, Tucker and Cahill.				
At Albany—		R.	H.	E.
Albany	1 0 0 3 0 0 2 0—6	7	4	
Syracuse	2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—3	7	3	
Devlin and Murphy, Schellerman and Weldman.				
At Providence—		R.	H.	E.
Providence	1 0 1 0 0 4 1 0 0—7	10	1	
Elmira	2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—3	9	2	
Stafford and Egan, Dolan and Boyd.				

Heir to the Hamersley Millions.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 22.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Hooker Hamersley are the happy parents of a boy who is heir to a fortune of $7,000,000. He was born at Auchincloss villa, Mr. Hamersley's summer home here. Mrs. C. Hamersley, who was J. Hooker Hamersley's cousin, left his estate to his wife, now Duchess of Marlborough, to "revert at her death to the eldest living male issue of his cousin. The income, about $150,000, is now of course enjoyed by the Duchess of Marlborough.

A Woman Started It.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., July 22.—The Edwards tin plate plant in Plymouth township began operations in the presence of a few persons invited to witness the opening. The wife of Manager Rodgers, a native of Wales, conducted the operation of turning the first plate, which was cut up into small pieces as souvenirs.

A Botanical Clerk Wanted.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The civil service commission will hold an examination in Washington on Aug. 3 to secure a botanical clerk for the department of agriculture—salary $900. The subjects will be letter writing, care of herbarium and systematic botany. Both men and women may compete.

Four Men Suffocated.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Charles Stalbert, John Robertson, Frank Bodendell and Albert Schlega were asphyxiated in a vat at Louis Hisch & Sons' tannery. Schlega was overcome by foul gas. The others went to his rescue and succumbed at once to the poisonous vapor.

Gladstone's Policy.

LONDON, July 22.—It has been decided that Mr. Gladstone shall move an amendment to the formal address of the queen, asking the queen to change her advisers, as the elections have shown that the country has lost confidence in her present advisers.

A Society Woman on the Stage.

CLEVELAND, July 22.—Mrs. F. C. King, daughter of one of the most prominent families in this city, decided to go on the stage. She made her first appearance last night in tights as a member of the chorus of the Baker Opera company.

Released to Die.

BOSTON, July 22.—Silas S. Dow was released from state prison, to which he was sentenced ten years ago for obtaining goods by false pretenses. Mr. Dow is dangerously ill and liable to die at any time.

Senator Hill Goes Home.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Senator Hill, who has left for home, will not return here during the session of congress. He closed up his rooms at the Arlington and left directions for the forwarding of his mail.

Chicago Brokers Idle.

CHICAGO, July 21.—In consequence of the introduction of the anti-option bill in congress, business on the board of trade has become stagnant, not one firm of commission merchants in twenty having existence.

The Plainfield Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.

Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.

J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ARTHUR WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

For Three Weeks
I will sell
1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles
$50 LESS
THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.
Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.
Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders' Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue,
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street,
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH.
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 213.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Scotch Plains.
P. O. Box 1288
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—34 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARBUTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, 7 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class workinside hard wood work. P. O. Box 1344.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Slate, tile and hard wood mantel maker. Shop, corner of Grand and Hazard streets, North Plainfield. Residence on the shop.

J. HERRMANN, 2 Hazard street.

USE THE BEST!
DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
A. M. Vanderbeek's,
22 PARK AVENUE.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffee received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—37 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Reading, Oratory, Physical Culture, Voice Culture, address Miss Alberta Ward, P. O. Box 1699.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French conversation. Private lessons or class. Miss Pinkham, 9 Oxford street. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield Seminary, and others. Her terms as to time to suit pupils. Miss Pinkham refers by permission to Miss Sarah Barrows and Newton, 17 La Grange avenue, Plainfield.

MISS ZANGERLE'S
French, German and English School, Thorough Instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 1 to 4 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS ANANDETTE MATTESON,
Teacher of pianoforte. Gives instruction also on her own or at pupil's residence. Address, 1 Somerset street, Plainfield. Mrs. Matteson refers by permission to Mrs. Somerset Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MISS LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 10 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lind say has a list of nice people to call, good and steady.

H. M. SPENCER,
76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and provision dealer. Choice Groceries and provisions. Cash discount 4 per cent. Also commission. W. G. C. C. rock, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of fancy, wholesale and retail. Store telephone. Chicken and game in season. Fresh country eggs, sweet potatoes and egg plants in their season.

BROWN & BELL,
Plumbing and tinning parlor, in connection with Brown & Bell's stove store, 5 West Front street. Jobbing promptly attended to. Best workmen employed and the best

IF!
A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 34. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 pass South America Hair Mattress, 35 lbs	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $1, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs, 3 to 4x5 to 6; Reserve curtains, all sizes, 65 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(Tee Tot Reading R. R. Co. Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 3 27, 5 38, 6 14, 6 38, 6 50, 7 26, 7 57, 8 27, 9 03, 9 38, 10 03, 10 38, 11 03 a. m., 12 03 noon, 12 38, 1 03, 1 41, 2 03, 2 38, 3 03, 3 38, 4 03, 4 38, 5 03, 5 38, 6 03, 6 38, 7 03, 7 38, 8 03, 8 38, 9 03, 9 38, 10 03, 10 38, 11 03 p. m. Sundays, 2 14, 4 14, 6 02, 7 38, 8 38, 9 38, 10 38, 11 38 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sundays, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 28, 6 28, 6 58, 7 30, 8 03, 8 30, 9 03, 9 30, 10 03, 10 30, 11 03 a. m., 12 03 noon, 12 30, 1 03, 1 30, 2 03, 2 30, 3 03, 3 30, 4 03, 4 30, 5 03, 5 30, 6 03, 6 30, 7 03, 7 30, 8 03, 8 30, 9 03, 9 30, 10 03, 10 30, 11 03 p. m. Sundays, 8 03, 9 03, 10 03, 11 03 a. m., 12 03, 1 03, 2 03, 3 03, 4 03, 5 03, 6 03, 7 03, 8 03, 9 03, 10 03, 11 03 p. m. Leave Newark, 6 45, 7 45, 8 15, 8 45, 9 15, 9 45, 10 15, 10 45, 11 15, 11 45 a. m., 12 15, 12 45, 1 15, 1 45, 2 15, 2 45, 3 15, 3 45, 4 15, 4 45, 5 15, 5 45, 6 15, 6 45, 7 15, 7 45, 8 15, 8 45, 9 15, 9 45, 10 15, 10 45, 11 15, 11 45 p. m. Sundays, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15, 11 45 a. m., 12 15, 12 45, 1 15, 1 45, 2 15, 2 45, 3 15, 3 45, 4 15, 4 45, 5 15, 5 45, 6 15, 6 45, 7 15, 7 45, 8 15, 8 45, 9 15, 9 45, 10 15, 10 45, 11 15, 11 45 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 15, 7 20, 9 17, 9 46, 11 03 a. m., 12 46, 2 20, 3 46, 5 20, 6 46, 8 15, 9 46, 11 03 p. m. Sundays, 9 17, 9 46, 11 03 a. m., 12 46, 2 20, 3 46, 5 20, 6 46, 8 15, 9 46, 11 03 p. m. Leave Somerville, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sundays, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 10, 9 43, a. m., 1 33, 5 23 p. m. Sundays, 7 10, 9 23 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 15 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harvey Cedars, Beach Haven and Tuckerton; 7 20 a. m. for Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bristol, Tullytown, Morrisville, Yardley, Upper Makefield, Wrightstown, Jacksonville, Hartsville, Johnsons, Newtown, Penn's Manor, Attleboro, Bristol, Torresdale, Holmesburg Junction, Tacony and Frankford; 9 17 a. m. for Junction, Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport; 9 46 a. m. for Junction connecting for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport; 11 03 a. m. for Junction, Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport; 12 46 noon for Junction connecting for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport; 2 20 p. m. for Junction, Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport; 3 46 p. m. for Junction connecting for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport; 5 20 p. m. for Junction, Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport; 6 46 p. m. for Junction connecting for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport; 8 15 p. m. for Junction, Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport; 9 46 p. m. for Junction connecting for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport; 11 03 p. m. for Junction, Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Pleasant, Phillipsburg, Harrisburg, Mount Gretna, Tuscarora, Duncannon, Sunbury and Williamsport.

7 20 a. m. for Flemington, Allentown, Mount Clunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

9 17 a. m. for Boston, Middletown and Adamsville.

9 46 a. m. Sunday for Boston, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

11 03 a. m. for Boston, Middletown and Adamsville.

12 46 noon for Boston, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

2 20 p. m. for Boston, Middletown and Adamsville.

3 46 p. m. for Boston, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

5 20 p. m. for Boston, Middletown and Adamsville.

6 46 p. m. for Boston, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

8 15 p. m. Sunday for Boston, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

9 46 p. m. for Boston, Middletown and Adamsville.

11 03 p. m. for Boston, Middletown and Adamsville.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN SCHOOL.

Leave Plainfield at 9 17, 9 46, 10 37, 11 03 a. m., 12 46, 2 20, 3 46, 5 20, 6 46, 8 15, 9 46, 11 03 p. m. Sundays, 9 17, 9 46, 11 03 a. m., 12 46, 2 20, 3 46, 5 20, 6 46, 8 15, 9 46, 11 03 p. m. Leave Long Branch, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sundays, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30 p. m.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

For Philadelphia and Intermediate points, 2 14, 3 27, 5 38, 6 14, 6 38, 6 50, 7 26, 7 57, 8 27, 9 03, 9 38, 10 03, 10 38, 11 03 a. m., 12 03 noon, 12 38, 1 03, 1 41, 2 03, 2 38, 3 03, 3 38, 4 03, 4 38, 5 03, 5 38, 6 03, 6 38, 7 03, 7 38, 8 03, 8 38, 9 03, 9 38, 10 03, 10 38, 11 03 p. m. Sundays, 2 14, 4 14, 6 02, 7 38, 8 38, 9 38, 10 38, 11 38 p. m. Leave Philadelphia, Market street wharf, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sundays, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Passengers for Philadelphia change cars at Elizabeth.

For Atlantic City 2 30 a. m., 9 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 12 00 noon, 4 00 p. m. Leave Atlantic City 7 30 a. m., 4 30 p. m. Sundays, 4 30 p. m.

For Cape May 9 30 a. m. Leave Cape May 4 30 p. m.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

For Philadelphia and Intermediate points, 2 14, 3 27, 5 38, 6 14, 6 38, 6 50, 7 26, 7 57, 8 27, 9 03, 9 38, 10 03, 10 38, 11 03 a. m., 12 03 noon, 12 38, 1 03, 1 41, 2 03, 2 38, 3 03, 3 38, 4 03, 4 38, 5 03, 5 38, 6 03, 6 38, 7 03, 7 38, 8 03, 8 38, 9 03, 9 38, 10 03, 10 38, 11 03 p. m. Sundays, 2 14, 4 14, 6 02, 7 38, 8 38, 9 38, 10 38, 11 38 p. m. Leave Philadelphia, Market street wharf, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sundays, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Passengers for Philadelphia change cars at Elizabeth.

For Atlantic City 2 30 a. m., 9 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 4 00 p. m. Sundays, 12 00 noon, 4 00 p. m. Leave Atlantic City 7 30 a. m., 4 30 p. m. Sundays, 4 30 p. m.

For Cape May 9 30 a. m. Leave Cape May 4 30 p. m.

Real Estate & Insurance.

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
No. 62 SOUTH AVENUE. Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Seats, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING,
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order.

PURE MILK.
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. D. SCHENCK.
A postal addressed to me, 60 Rear Terrace street will receive prompt attention.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

An Experiment with Broom Straws.

The boy stood before the mantelpiece and rested his hands lightly upon it. Between the thumb and finger of each hand he held the end of a smooth broom straw about eight inches long.

"Now hang these two bits of straw across this one, one at each end, by my fingers," he said.

I picked up the two bits. They were each about two inches long, doubled in the middle, making in shape the letter V. I hung them across the long straw as commanded, their ends just touching the mantel.

"Make the points incline toward the center—just a little," ordered the boy. Command comes natural to him. The queer thing is that people don't often protest.

I turned the points toward the center—just the tiniest bit. Then a funny thing happened. *Slowly, slowly, as if by some irresistible impulse*, the two little pointed bits of straw began to move along their support. They went at about the same rate, their legs moving along the mantel, their heads pointed toward the center of the straw.

"Well—I—declare!"

"Steady, steady," said the boy, flushed and laughing.

The two little broom straws walked along. Walked! Yes, they seemed to do just that. If ever things in this world appear to know their purpose and move steadily toward it those two broken straws did. They walked evenly along, met in the center, and, their points touching, stood still, forming a pyramid.

"There!" cried the boy, triumphantly.

He lowered his long straw, drew it out, and the little pyramid stood erect, made so apparently by its own volition.—Harper's Young People.

A Good Summer Name.

Some years since, a Nottinghamshire clergyman, in baptizing a baby, paused in the midst of the service to inquire the name of the infant, to which the mother, with a profound courtesy, replied:

"Shady, sir, if you please."

"Shady!" replied the minister. "Then it's a boy and you mean Shadrach, eh?"

"No, please your reverence, it's a girl."

"And pray," asked the inquisitive pastor, "how happened you to call the child by such a strange name?"

"Why, sir," responded the woman, "if you must know, our name is Bower, and my husband said as how he should like her to be called Shady because Shady Bower sounds so pretty."—London Tit-Bits.

Easy Conundrums.

What kind of pine make good pies? Pippine.

When is man the sweetest? When he is candid (candied).

Why should we think that a locomotive can hear? It always has an engine-er.

When may we say witches without being cannibals? When we lunch on sandwiches.

Where should sorrowful people go? To the Cape of Good Hope.

Why is today like a blacksmith? Because it is sure (shoer).

What periodicals are always out of health? The weekly (weakly) newspapers.

The Jumping Bean.

The government authorities at Washington are experimenting with a vegetable rarity called the "jumping bean." If placed on a smooth table it keeps constantly on the move, jumping about, turning over and performing all kinds of acrobatic tricks.—Exchange.

The Little Fishers.

All day Noel and Zalie tried and failed to catch fish, as their father had said he would give them sixpence for each fish they caught. The next day, however, the fish were more lively, and twice seemed as if they were trying to grasp Zalie's bait.

Noel really did get a bite at last, and when he jerked his rod to his surprise a little, shining fish was on his hook. It wriggled so that he thought it must be in pain, so he threw it back in the water.

Their father was pleased at their success, but more so that they had given the little fish its life, and he gave Noel the sixpence, which he cheerfully divided with Zalie.

How It Happened.

Old Dictionary fak very queer, very,
Because all his words went wrong,
For doleful and dreary got mixed up with merry,
And crying got mixed up with song.

And then quick and slow got doubled up so
That you couldn't tell this one from that,
While some houses, as and you became no,
And looking for lean you found fat.

The big, fat old book grew so angry he ebook,
And scattered his words all about
Into every dark nook, where they every one took
A vow that they'd never come out.

But to come they began, and got mixed as they can,
So that after little children say still
"I can't" for "I can"—you smile, little man!—
And "I won't" when, of course, they mean "will."

—New York World.

CONDENSED INFORMATION.

Robert Franklin James, son of Frank James, the notorious bandit, has won a scholarship in a popularity contest, at Dallas, Tex. He goes to the Marmaduke Military Academy, at Sweet Springs, Mo.

There is no other gold coin in circulation so large as the Anamite loof, which is worth $200. There are two men who display peculiar taste by wearing them on their watchchains—Claus Spreckels and the Duke of Cambridge.

Mrs. John A. Logan expects to have her husband's monument ready for the unveiling when the Grand Army convenes in Washington next year. It is to be placed in the circle, near the statues of Thomas and McPherson.

The youngest college-president record is believed to have been broken by the University of Utah, at Ogden, which has elected as its president, a brother of Congressman Dolliver, of Iowa. He is twenty-four; salary $6,000.

The youngest married couple in Connecticut, probably, dwell in the little country hamlet of Sterling, among the Windham County hills. They are Mr. and Mrs. G. Fenner. He is 15 years and 7 months old, and she is 15 years and 6 months. They have been married for several months.

Probably the smallest locomotive ever constructed has just been made by William Jacobs, a machinist of Mecklenberg township, Pa. It weighs but one and one-quarter pounds, and is a portion of an eight-day clock. Around the dial is a miniature railway track, and on this the tiny locomotive moves every five minutes.

BRIEF FUN.

He (proudly)—My motto is live and let live. She (wastily)—I wish it was sleep and let sleep.—Boston Commercial.

The dentist, like the rest of us, is in the race for wealth, but he always appears to be pulling out.—Yonkers Statesman.

An Old Soldier's Consistency—"Where's old Gen. Skipp now? "He's in a retreat." "By Jove! He always was."—N. Y. Truth.

If men were half as wise in their actions as they are in their minds, the word "fool" would be out of use.—Atchison Globe.

A contributor inquires: "How can I tell the age of a horse?" "If you are anxious to sell the beast don't tell it at all."—Washington Star.

It is well enough to tell a man when he is in trouble to look on the bright side. The trob is to find the bright side to look at.—Atchison Globe.

"Secretary Proctor drinks nothing stronger than tea," writes a correspondent. What is stronger than Senatorial cold tea, anyway?—Chicago Mail.

We laugh at the cute sayings of children, but the telling remarks of a young brother are not always admired by the grown-up sister.—Cape Cod Item.

PEN POINTS.

The rose is red,
The violets blue,
And so is a man
When his neighbor's goose dies.

Sworn off—the neighbor's hens.

The outing shirt has had its inning.

Objects of interest—Saving's banks books.

Turkeys will soon realize the meaning of full creeps.

All the politician has to do is to ask for it and it comes to pass.

An exception to the rule is the thoroughly good boy at school.

The pen may be mighty, yet it never gets along well unless it is pushed.

The Shanghai rooster ought to feel proud that there is not anything that can make Himalaya.

The pass book is a record of what is coming to a account, considerable of which he does not get until he goes after it.

There are many men who preach the doctrine of laying by a portion of their income and there are many more who live up to it.—Union County Standard.

OUR GIRLS.

The banjo girl is a back number.

The winter girls will run to Irish plaids.

It is said that profanity among women is on the increase.

It is time for the girls to drop those giddy yachting caps.

The latest part in the feminine front hair run down through the bang.

Women are charged more for having their bangs trimmed than men for having their hair cut.

It is decided that widows making a second trip to the altar may wear white satin shoes, or lace, or anything like that.

The dear girls are wearing the agate bracelets that have heretofore been the exclusive property of the Chicago laundrymen.

A downtown woman saved $90 in her dime registering bank. Her husband has stopped carrying small change in his pockets.

Whenever she suspects that her husband has been imbibing too freely, a woman uptown makes him repeat the sentence, "She sells sea shells."

WOMANKIND.

Steel blue Bedford crepon and black velvet is a pretty combine.

Charlotte M. Taylor, a student at Cambridge, England, has taken scholarship prizes amounting to $1,800.

The new waterproof woolens are displayed in many attractive patterns—reseda and peach, blue and biege being favorite colors.

Slowly but surely skirt trimmings are creeping upward, and it will soon be an everyday sight to see the smallest gowns frilled to the waist.

Ellen Terry is a grandmother, yet in the play of the "Master of Ravenswood" a critic declares that she "looks about seventeen." It is largely because she is yet a girl in spirit.

At one time, and that, too, not so very long ago, fashion decrees forbade the wearing of black to a wedding. Now it is not only considered the correct thing, but some of the most elegant toilets displayed upon this occasion are black.

PEA SOUP.

One of the Most Nourishing of Foods Properly Made.

Soak a coffee cup of split peas over night in cold water. In the morning drain and cover with three pints of broth made from bones and scraps of chicken, or with stock, add an onion cut in slices, a bay leaf, a sprig of thyme and three of parsley, a carrot cut in three and a clove or two, or a blade of mace, white pepper and salt to taste. The onion and spices should be tied in a thin bag, but the carrot will be fished out. When the peas are tender, remove the herbs and vegetables, press through a purée sieve, return to the saucepan, add a cup of cream or milk, if the latter add a teaspoonful of butter. Chicken or veal makes the most suitable foundation for this soup. If the soup does not seem smooth and thin, the grains of the peas are inclined to settle; bind it with a tablespoonful of corn-starch. If too thick add more milk or broth.

New Furniture.

BEAUTIFUL CHAIRS.

The newest furniture is all beautiful, manufacturers are vying with one another in their endeavor to find new designs. The shell shaped chair we show herewith has *everything* to recommend it in the way of appearance and comfort. It is also entirely new. The other chair is a modification of a colonial design, and is appreciated by old people, though rather too straight-backed to be comfortable. The chief thing to look for in the new furniture is to see that it is strongly made, for modern upholstery covers a multitude of sins in construction.

WE DON'T EAT ENOUGH ONIONS.

Here Is a Way of Preparing Them so as to Be Palatable.

Choose even-sized white ones, peel and boil in water for ten minutes, throw off the water and allow a pint and a half of milk or milk and water for eight onions, and stew gently, with a little salt until tender, about twenty minutes. Remove carefully to a hot vegetable-dish, stir the milk into blended flour and butter, as for a sauce, pour over the onions, cover and serve on separate saucers. This is a very delicate way of preparing onions, and they should always accompany either roast or boiled mutton.

Watch Your Refrigerator.

The refrigerator wants a great deal more care than it gets in general. Left to the servants, and only half cleaned in a season, it is the most uninviting place for food one can imagine. The waste pipe should be in order, so that no water stands in the box, for water melts the ice and moisture spoils food quickly. The box should be washed thoroughly with strong hot suds, rinsing with cold water, wiping and airing before fresh ice is put in. Every plate, pitcher and dish that goes into the ice-box should be as clean as possible and closely covered. All dark corners of meat should be trimmed off, for those spoil quickly, and give a stale smell to the box. It is a good plan to keep lumps of charcoal in each compartment.

For Proper Colored Pancakes.

To keep a griddle in good order, so that cakes baked thereon may always present a clear, brown surface, sauce is occasionally with a thick stale crust of bread and a little dry salt, and never neglect to wipe it clean around the edges before putting it away. Jelly and cake that are in constant use should be boiled two or three times a year in strong suds with a handful of washing soda dissolved therein.

Hickory-Nut Cake.

One cup sugar, one tablespoonful butter, three eggs, half cup milk, one teaspoonful baking powder, two cups flour, one cupful hickory-nut kernels, cut or broken *into small pieces. Rub butter and sugar* together, add the beaten yolks of the eggs, the milk, flour, white, baking powder and last the nut kernels, dredged in flour and stirred in lightly. Bake the cake in a loaf or small patty pans.

Marking Handkerchiefs.

Handkerchiefs are a most useful present. A pretty way of making a man's handkerchief is to buy the finest of black working cotton, such as is used for the outlines of delicate doylies, and to copy his own signature exactly. This may be done by tracing from the original directly on the linen, and then copying the characters as well as the form with the needle.

To Remove Dried Paint.

In those days of amateur furniture painting it is quite necessary to know some mode of removing paint from woolen clothing. Equal parts of turpentine and ammonia rubbed on quickly and washed immediately in soap and water, should remove even a spot of paint that is dried in; but if the paint is fresh turpentine alone will remove it.

Veal Chops and Tomato Sauce.

To make delicious sauce for veal chops drain a cup of liquor from a can of tomatoes, strain it and stir in a tablespoonful of arrow root mixed with cold water. Boil two minutes. Add two tablespoonfuls of butter, half a teaspoonful of sugar, the same of salt and a little pepper.

A Home Turkish Bath.

When a warm bath is taken, if the whole body from the crown of the head to the soles of the feet is instantly sponged with cold water there will not be danger of taking cold. The cold water closes the pores naturally after a warm bath.

Boiling fresh milk will take out most fruit stains. Dip the article in several times. Another way is to dip in sour buttermilk and dry in the sun. Wash in cold water, and dry two or three times daily.

In applying hot fomentations, if the hot flannel is well covered with newspaper the heat will be retained for a surprisingly long time.

Meat should be hung in a cool, airy place, but not in a strong draught, as that makes it too dry.

Water house plants with cold tea.

This Date in History—July 22.

1298—Edward I routed William Wallace and the Scots at Falkirk.

1328—Council of Nice in Italy.

1539—Henry III, king of France, assassinated.

1671—Anthony Ashley Cooper, first earl of Shaftesbury, born.

1676—Pope Clement X died.

1706—Peregrine White, the first white child born in New England, died in Marshfield, Mass.; born on Mayflower, in Cape Cod harbor, Nov. 28, 1620.

1767—Edinburgh and Scotland's union completed.

1812—Battle of Salamanca and victory of Wellington.

1826—Joseph Piazzi, eminent astronomer, died.

1828—The Duke of Reichstadt, son of Napoleon II, died.

1849—Birthday of Emma Lazarus, the Jewish poetess.

1864—General James B. McPherson killed in front of Atlanta; born 1828; at the age of 36 he commanded 25,000 men.

1869—John A. Roebling, engineer, died in Brooklyn of injuries sustained in building the New York and Brooklyn bridge.

1870—General R. O. C. Ord, U. S. A., died in Havana, Cuba, aged 54.

1884—Jane Gray Swisshelm, editor and reformer, died at Swissdale, Pa., aged 68.

1888—Total eclipse of the moon; alarming outbreak of yellow fever in Florida.

Discipline.

The true soldier obeys orders faithfully, no matter at what sacrifice. A company of a British regiment was once sent on some duty in time of peace to a remote village in Ireland, and left there for several weeks quite separated from its usual base of supplies.

During this period some general orders, applicable more especially to men in barracks, were sent to the commander of the company. One clause of those orders was as follows:

"All men in the command shall change their shirts at least twice a week."

The captain gave orders to the orderly sergeant to see this command put into execution.

"But, captain," said the sergeant, "there's only a shirt apiece to every man in the company. How can they?"

"Silence!" exclaimed the captain; "orders are orders, sergeant. Let the men change shirts with one another."

So the sergeant saw to it that, as long as the company remained in the place, on every Sunday and Wednesday morning the soldiers swapped shirts with one another. —Youth's Companion.

1892			JULY.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.	
					1	2	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
31							

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:13 a.m.	Third Quarter	16	8:42 p.m.
Full Moon	9	3:54 a.m.	New Moon	23	6:01 p.m.
			First Quarter	31	2:45 p.m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $38,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 340, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $10, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——ET, Reporter.
Weetumpka, Fla.

Weetumpka, Fla., No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. Flood's accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

RUSSET SHOES.

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!
As later on the sizes will be few and far between.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows
30 WEST FRONT STREET,
and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**
Cut in Latest Styles.
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.
All Sizes and All Wool.
Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

A NEW SUPPLY OF
LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,
IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.
These goods are well-made and neat-fitting.
GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.
The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's
Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,
at
EDSALL'S!

Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP.
I contain *no greasy or sticky substance*. I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimples; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.
All druggists sell me at 25 cents.
Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

THE BEE HIVE!
Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 18c.
Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.
Ladies' Jersey suits in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.
Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, *10, 15, 20 and* 25c.
Gauze vests, 25c.
Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.
Full line of misses' white lawn suits.
Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. ea., and 50c.
Men's J an Drawers, 30c.
Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.
Louis Callman,
40 West Front Street.

STORM SERGES!
The popular dress material in all shades, 40 inches wide, all wool, at 50c yard.
Wool Dress Flannels, (36 inch), 25c. per yard.
Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.
Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.
Dress Challies, 5c.
Good Towelling, 4c.
Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.
Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 39c, formerly 50c.
Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Boston, Ps.
BOEHM'S
No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, *every Bicycle* must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

AT RANDOLPH'S
Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
Also in Siphons.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.

Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
that A. G VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 10c. lb.
COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

Summer Resorts.

Cliffton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I.
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes rail from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, smoke and livery. Send for circular.
6 15 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEE TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

85 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR SUMMER VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

The weather will be warmer still and more sultry.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Schepflin are at Manhattan Beach.

Mrs. Arthur T. Stryker of Broadway has gone to Asbury Park.

Mr. D. M. Boe and Mr. S. H. Pike are at the Alhambra, Asbury Park.

A. E. Bushnell of East Second street, is at Ocean Grove for the Summer.

Miss Ida Wild of Orange is visiting Mr. and P. M. French, of North Plainfield.

Miss Helen Bogert of No. 152 East Second street entertained friends last evening.

Mrs. A. C. Veit of Madison avenue and Eighth street has gone to North Edgecomb, Maine.

Mrs. John D. Stryker and Miss Lulu Stryker of No. 38 West Sixth street are at Asbury Park.

Miss Rhoda Townsend of Brooklyn is visiting the Misses Smith, "Brookside," South Plainfield.

Mr. Henry Allen of the Job Male Publishing House, has gone to Florence, N. J., for a week's sojourn.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Shann of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, are at the Mansion House, Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Broadway of No. 25 LaGrande avenue have left town and will be gone until August 8th.

Mr. J. C. Zimmerman, formerly of Washington Park, and now of Terre Haute, Ind., was in town yesterday.

Mrs. George F. Odiorne, of Park avenue, left the city this morning for a visit among relatives at Huntington, Pa.

Mr. Charles W. Smith of West Front street and daughters, Misses Florence and Mabel, are visiting friends in Orange.

Mr. George Wendell, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Roger F. Murray of Madison avenue has returned to his home in Boston.

George W. Stover has been appointed post master at Marconier, the new station on the Lehigh Valley Railroad near the Holly Grove farm.

Mrs. Phoebe Foster of Chatham street, North Plainfield, has gone on a six weeks visiting tour among friends in Newark, Jersey City and Brooklyn.

The house of the late Charles Sanford, corner of Washington avenue and Park place, North Plainfield, has been rented for the Summer to Henry D. Brewster of New York.

Mr. H. J. Squier and family of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, are at Somerville where they will remain for a week, after which they intend visiting Newark, also for a week.

Turtle eggs are an acquired taste with most people, although they are not so with those who have a rough, yellowish skin and a white like any other eggs, but you can look them for a year and *the white part will remain liquid.* Notice a curious dimple in the side of each one. If you squeeze it out the dimple appears on the other side, and you can never get hold of a turtle egg which hasn't got a dimple in it. The dimple suggested an idea to the inventive mind of the Borough's popular mayor, Mr. Wm. L. Saunders, who, having been brought up in a part of the country where turtles abound, was familiar with the peculiarity mentioned. The idea evolved into a puzzle which he has had patented. It consists of an "air-tight" rubber ball, from which enough air has been drawn to make a "dimple" on one side. Now, the puzzle is to get that dimple out. Squeezing the ball won't do it. A little knowledge of science will make the solution simple (after it is explained.) It is a most ingenious puzzle.

BREVITIES

—Where to spend the vacation is now a puzzling question to some people, and how to get a vacation is more puzzling for others.

—Alert Hose cart did not run into No. 1 engine at the fire Thursday afternoon, as reported. It appears that No. 1 engine ran into Alert Hose.

—The Mt. Holly Fair will be held September 13th, 14th and 15th. The list of the premiums will amount to $20,000. A feature of the exhibition will be a bench show of dogs, for which liberal premiums are offered.

—The gentleman who drives the four-horse roller on East Fourth street seems, despite the heat, to enjoy himself. He has rigged an awning over the seat with the aid of a "greenery-gallery" horse-blanket and seems at peace with the world and all mankind.

—Among Plainfield's enterprising and successful business men, may be mentioned Messrs. Neuman Bros., the Broadway grocers. By keeping up with the times, and also by their strict attention to business and courteous treatment of customers, they have secured a high-class trade.

Few Plainfielders Join the Century Run.

Very few local wheelmen joined the Newark-Princeton Century Run when it reached this city at 4.30 o'clock this morning. Among those who did, however, were Captain Martin who acted as pace-maker, *A. S. Fritts, L. S. Darling* and F. L. Metcalf. There were about 150 wheelmen in the run altogether.

BARNS STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Last Night's Storm Did a Great Deal of Damage all Over the Country.

The thunder storm accompanied by an infant hurricane which swept over this city and vicinity the last evening was unusually well stocked with electricity and did a great deal of damage all over the country.

A large barn on the farm of A. W. Ten Eyck at North Branch was struck by lightning, set afire and totally destroyed, together with several valuable horses, cows and farm implements.

From the reports it seems that the electrical fluid in its descent made the barns of the country special objects of attack.

A barn near Reddington, one near Bedminster, one in Mount Bethel, another in Metuchen, and still another near Sterling, were struck and burned to the ground.

For nearly half an hour before the rain began the electrical effects were felt in the telephone and telegraph offices in this city.

In the Central telephone office the lightning made things *pretty lively for a time.* At every flash a dozen or more drops would fall just as if so many subscribers had rung up Central. Several of the fuzes were burned out, but were replaced early this morning.

Several telegraph and telephone wires were blown down at the various places in *the city and vicinity,* but were fixed this morning.

THE BROTHERS GET THE $300,000.

A Singular Will Case Settled After Long Litigation.

Bernardsville is a beautiful settlement a few miles back of North Plainfield, and the following account from the Warren Republican of a singular will case will be of interest to Plainfielders, inasmuch as those participating reside in Bernardsville and are well-known here:

The case has just reached a settlement in the Somerset county courts.

Oliver Dunster, a wealthy farmer who lived in Bernardsville, made a will in 1885 signalling his property to his children for their use during their lifetime. At their death the property was to go to the grandchildren absolutely. In 1888 Dunster was sued in the Somerset courts on a $1,000 note.

He disputed the signature and said his son John had forged it. John was arrested and his brother Andrew bailed him out. Oliver was angered at them both, and vowed to disinherit them. Soon afterward he made a new will, cutting John and Andrew off without a cent.

After the death of the father, John and Andrew began a contest of the 1885 will, on the ground that Oliver Dunster was insane on the subject of the alleged forgery. They proved that no forgery had been committed; and the court, after hearing all evidence of the bitter contest, declared itself satisfied that the changing of the will was due to the testator's belief in a forgery that did not exist, and therefore refused to admit the 1888 will to probate.

The 1885 will was then admitted, and John Van Fleet has been appointed administrator of the estate, which is valued at $300,000.

Extending a New Railroad.

Work is progressing on the new Lake Hopatcong, Morristown and New York railroad. At Rockaway connection will be made with the Central Railroad of New Jersey for Lake Hopatcong. At Morristown connection will be made with the Rockaway Valley railroad, now about finished to Speedwell pond. Below Caldwell and Whippany some seventy-five men are employed on the line to Essex Fells, the new suburb under the patronage of the Philadelphia millionaire, John R. Fell. At Essex Fells a new stone depot, costing some $4,000 is *now completed, and the cars of the* Erie railroad are running to that point.

Between Caldwell and Morristown, and between Caldwell and Roseland, rights of way that it is possible to secure free of cost, have been deeded by agreement to the Lake Hopatcong-Morristown company. Arrangements will be made at once to push on with three additional miles from Essex Fells to a point in Hanover township one mile west of the Passaic river, leaving only seven miles to build to join the Central railroad at Rockaway.

A Plainfielder and the Poughkeepsie Bridge.

Robert L. Lee of this city is one of the directors of the Poughkeepsie Bridge which was recently reorganized under the name of the Poughkeepsie Bridge & Railroad Company, with a capital of $5,000,000. The other directors are John W. Brock, Richard T. Cook, Harry F. West, Charles E. Morgan, jr., Arthur E. Newbold and George A. Fletcher, of Philadelphia; Milton A. Fowler, of Poughkeepsie; Lewis P. Dosh, Alfred A. Gardner, Ernest T. Shumann, William J. Cromwell and William R. Carlisle, of New York.

The organization agreement contemplates that the Central New England & Western Railroad Company will be consolidated with the new corporation. An agreement attached to the certificate of incorporation shows that the Reading road is to control the properties of the consolidated companies.

The Gun Shooting Yesterday.

The attendance at the Independent Gun Club tournament in Hyde's woods yesterday was not so large as on Thursday. The events were sweepstakes ten in all.

—Full assortment of choice celery plants at Spencer's, 78 and 79 Somerset street.

FRACAS IN "GOSSIP ROW."

An Early Morning Brawl Caused Both by the Presence and Absence of Beer.

A row, which, while it lasted, was lively and spirited in the highest degree, took place at about two a. m. yesterday in a house on South Second street within that particular locality known as "Gossip Row."

About 25 persons participated in the fracas, several of whom are nursing sundry bruises more or less serious in character.

The facts as far as can be learned are these:

The friends of a certain individual of Irish extraction, who is about to depart for the Emerald Isle, decided to give him a surprise party.

Three of them got together and it was agreed that numerous invitations should be sent out and that when the guests arrived each man should be assessed the modest sum of 50 cents to be used for the purchase of beer and other accessories to such affairs. One of the three was appointed treasurer.

At about 1.55 the beer gave out.

The treasurer was then called upon for an explanation, but this he was unable to give, whereupon an immediate accounting was demanded of him.

The treasurer defended himself in vigorous language and asserted that 15 of the guests had managed to get in without having turned over to him the requisite half dollar per head.

This statement was met with a prompt denial from a large, heavy man, who arose to make the assertions customary at such stages of the game—ironical reflections upon the treasurer's veracity, allegations regarding his purloining *propensities, and the incidental intimation* that he "was no gentleman." It was this latter imputation, it is said, which precipitated the mild carnage that immediately ensued.

Some six or eight of the guests who were a little less intoxicated than their fellows succeeded after much difficulty in quieting the combatants and persuading them to go home.

No arrests have been made, although exactly why doesn't seem to be very clear.

It is rumored that there were no ladies present.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

[Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same week.]

Warren Union Mission, Sunday-school at 2.30. No evening service.

The workers' training classes will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9.15 a. m.

Young men from Plainfield will speak at the Mt. Pleasant school house on Sunday afternoon.

Park Place Chapel. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 7.45 p. m. by Dr. H. J. Carroll.

Mr. E. L. Suffern will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Sunday at 4.15 p. m.

The Rev. A. L. Martin of Dunellen will preach at the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville on Sunday evening.

Services at the church of the Heavenly Rest, Clinton avenue, Evoma, Sunday morning at eleven o'clock. Seats free.

Church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal), Dunellen. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Church service at 3.30 p. m. Seats free.

All Souls' church, Park avenue. Unitarian services at 10.30 a. m. The pastor Rev. Hobart Clark will preach. All seats are free.

Terrace Avenue Chapel. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Preaching at eight p. m. by the Rev. W. J. Harfield.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev T. Logan Murphy rector. Celebration of the Holy communion at eight a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m.

Services in St. Joseph's church to-morrow will be as follows: Mass at 5.30 and 8.00 a. m. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. at three p. m., and vespers at eight p. m.

The services at Hope chapel, West Fourth street, are as follows: Preaching at 10.30 a. m., Sunday-school at three p. m. Service of song and preaching at 7.45 p. m.

A meeting will be held in the C. C. U. rooms on Broadway Sunday at nine a. m., and at four p. m. There will also be a praise service this evening at eight o'clock.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck will preach at 10.30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. The Sabbath-school will meet at 9.30 a. m.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. W. R. Richards, D. D., pastor. Services at 10.30 a. m., and 7 p. m. Sunday-school at 9.30 a. m. All seats free at the evening service.

Services at St. Mary's church. First mass at 5.30. Second mass at 8.30. Third mass at 9.45. High mass at 10.45. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m., and evening service at eight p. m.

At the First Baptist church, Rev. A. S. Vail will preach at 10.45 a. m., in the evening the Rev. D. J. Yerkes. There will be "The Heritage of the Poor." Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m.

The members of the Reform Club and their friends are invited to attend the meeting of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society held every Sunday in *Reform* Hall at nine a. m., and four p. m.

Sunday services in the First Presbyterian church. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. by Rev. P. H. Brooks. Young People's Society at seven p. m.

The services of the A. U. M. P. church will continue every Sunday in Custer's Hall. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 12 m. All are welcome. Rev. L. L. Lomack, pastor.

St. Peter's German Lutheran congregation. Services every Sunday at 10.30 in the forenoon in Spencer's Hall, 78 Somerset street. Sermon by the Rev. E. F. Middeldorf, D. D., of New York.

Services will be held in the German church Craig place, North Plainfield tomorrow at 10.30 a. m. and Wednesday at eight o'clock p. m. Sermon by Rev. F. Koechli. Sunday-school at 9.15 a. m.

Congregational church, West Seventh street. Rev. C. L. Goodrich, pastor. Morning service at 10.30. Sunday-school at 11.30 a. m. Evening service conducted by the Christian Endeavor Society at 7.30.

First Church of Christ—Preaching at 10. 30 a. m. Lord's supper at 11.45 a. m. Sunday-school at three p. m. Elder Hand will speak at 7.30 p. m. Ladies' meeting Wednesday at three p. m. All are welcome.

Methodist Episcopal church. The pastor, Rev. Dr. Chas. B. Mitchell will preach at 11 a. m., and 7.45 p. m. Sunday-school at 10 a. m. and Epworth League at seven p. m. Pastor's evening subject: "A Sure Test."

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector. Sunday 9th, St. James' Sunday after Trinity. Early celebration at 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 10.30 o'clock. Evensong at five o'clock. Sunday school 9.15 a. m. Monday, July 25th, St. James' Day. Holy communion at 10 a. m. Daily evening prayer at five o'clock.

Church of our Saviour, Netherwood, Rev. S. P. Simpson. Holy communion at 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 4.15 p. m. Evening prayer at five. Two free stages leave E. R. station on North avenue for the church every Sunday morning at 10.30. Return to Plainfield on the conclusion of the services.

PEN SKETCHES FROM LIFE.

How a Guileless "Hayseed" Gave a City Man Points on a Cow.

Two farmers had cows for sale. After a time a purchaser came along. He was a city man, and what he didn't know about cows would fill a great big book.

One of the tillers of the soil met him and soon was pouring information into his willing ears as to the way to tell a good cow. The farmer's cow had all the good points the farmer mentioned, and the city man bought it.

The next day he met the other farmer. That genial "hayseed" concluded to get even at the city man's expense, anyhow, for not buying of him.

"Sa-a-y!" said he, "Heard's how you bought that cow Jim Smith's been tryin tew sell long."

"Yes," said the purchaser, "I did. Why?"

The farmer laughed.

"Sa-a-y, my friend," and he looked patronizing. "Did he tell you tew look at its beautiful long tail; the bone of which came down to the fetlock o' th' hin' leg, almost?"

"Ye-es!" was the hesitating answer.

"Tol' y' tew observe the heft of the bag?"

"Y-e-s."

"Likewise called your kind attention to the pretty legs and general good all roun' points of th' critter, didn't he?" continued the guileless-looking questioner.

"I-I—believe—he—did," said the cow owner, getting uncomfortable.

"M-m-m, well, that's just like Jim Smith. S-a-a-y, he didn't mention nothin' 'bout the cracw's age, did he?"

"Why ye— No, I don't—think—he—did, come to think of it."

"Th' ol' skinner," said the farmer indignantly. "He didn't ask you tew take notis of its upper jaw, I'll bet a gallin' cider."

"N—o—o," was the nervous answer of the victim.

"Jest look at that, 'n him a church member. Myt my! Now look-a-here, my friend, you didn't intend tew buy a coow *thet hedn't any teeth in her upper jaw,* did you?"

"Indeed, I did not," came the quick reply.

"Well, you just go home an' look at Jim Smith's cow's upper jaw," and the farmer turned and went away, his shoulders shaking, apparently with indignation.

The city man went home in an exceedingly meditative state of mind, and examined his cow.

Bright and early the next morning Farmer Smith was confronted by a hot, tired, dusty and angry man, leading a sedate cow.

"See here, you infernal old sinner, you!" yelled the man as he came in sight, "what in the name of —— well, Confucius, did you mean by selling me this —" and he yanked at the cow's rope.

"Why—y— What's th' matter," and Farmer Smith looked astonished.

"Why, you old reprobate you, that cow is so old, confound you anyhow—she is so old she hasn't any teeth," and the man fairly yelled with rage.

"Hain't got—wh-a-a-t!!! and Farmer Smith's jaw dropped.

"You - you-dod blistered swindler, you-u—" and the man with the cow choked.

Farmer Smith pulled himself together, and a twinkle appeared in his gray eyes as he said:—

"What are you drivin' at, anyhow."

For answer the city man lifted the cows upper lip and showed the toothless expanse of the upper jaw.

"Say, Mister, you would you to come here?" and *Farmer Smith* commenced to smile.

"A man that don't like chestin,' Farmer —" answered the man wrathfully.

Farmer Smith has-bawed with great vigor and several times ejaculated "The ole sinner." Then, when he had recovered, he explained to that *crest-fallen* and now very meek man, that cows never had teeth in their upper jaws, (a fact, by the way, nine out of ten men, don't know.)

Color-Bearer Moreton off for Europe.

Mr. G. W. Moreton, color-bearer of the Plainfield Bicycle Club, pulled at eight o'clock this morning on Cunarder Aurania for his home at Haslington, near Crewe in Cheshire, England.

He left this city on the 2.14 train this morning and about a dozen wheelmen gathered at the depot to bid him "bon voyage" and give him many a hearty "Hi Ka".

Mr. Moreton was one of the club's best speeders, a member of the gymnasium class and exceeding popular with all.

FRICK SHOT.

Attempted Assassination of Carnegie's Manager,

BY ONE OF THE LOCKED-OUT MEN.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 23d. (Special.)—Henry C. Frick, the manager of the Carnegie Steel Company, was shot by one of the locked out men this afternoon. The striker was promptly arrested. The greatest excitement prevails in this city.

It was feared yesterday in both this city and Homestead that serious trouble would result in case the evidence should justify the court in holding Hugh O'Donnell, the leader of the strike, for murder.

The evidence against him is now considered so overwhelming that the strikers have no hope of saving him, and this new deed of violence is the result.

LIGHTNING KILLED THEM.

Gallore, Tom Ochiltree and Hopeful *Perished in the Storm Last Night.*

BALTIMORE, Md., July 23, (Special.)—The famous Bollingbrook Stables, on the farm of Mr. R. W. Waldren, at Middleburg, county, Md., were struck by lightning and set on fire last night.

The stallions included such animals as imported Galore, which cost $30,000; Tom Ochiltree and the beautiful imported Hopeful.

Probably the only insured horse on the farm is imported Galore, for only $7,000.

Sixteen horses were burned to death and the buildings were entirely destroyed.

The horses were valued at nearly half a million dollars.

Mr. Waldren is at Monmouth Park.

STATE NEWS

The peach basket law, passed by the last Legislature, fixes a *standard measure* of sixteen quarts and requires that the words "Standard New Jersey," be stamped on the sides. The basket is just 13½ inches high, 13½ inches across the top and 7¾ inches in diameter at the bottom.

Richard J. Byrnes, of Hammonton; Judge Scull, of Scullville, and J. T. Cordery, of Absecon, have been appointed commissioners to condemn a strip of land at Absecon, through which a canal will be built as several fish ponds near that place, to furnish a water supply for Atlantic City.

If the money can be raised by the residents along the line to push the project the Reading Railroad Company will consent to operate a line between Camden and Holly Beach in connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad. The proposed railway would be about twenty miles long. The citizens of Mt. Holly are agitating the question, and it is estimated that the road will cost about $20,000 per mile. The terminus at Camden would be at Knight's Point.

James Toole, of Beverly, who recently assaulted his father-in-law, James McGary, of Burlington, went to the home of his wife, at Burlington, and asked to see their child an infant nearly a year old. He requested that he might be allowed to hold the baby in his arms. She cheerfully complied, when Toole ran with the child to the railroad station followed by the mother. He boarded a train for Beverly. Mrs. Toole reported the affair to Mayor Silpath, who, in company with Officer Adams, went to Beverly and recovered the infant.

A HINT FROM CALIFORNIA.

Edward L. Goodsell, a New York dealer in California fruits, recently addressed a meeting of peach growers at White House, and in the course of his remarks spoke of some of the mistakes made by the Jersey dealers in marketing their fruit. He said they must cull their peaches better; Jersey peaches were really better than California peaches, but the reason that the latter sold better was because they were culled closely. He said if the growers of the section would keep a third of their peaches (the poor third) they would realize more than they do now for the whole.

The human body has its limitations

HORNBY'S

H-O

OAT-FOOD

diminishes wear and increases enjoyment.

TO THE LADIES OF PLAINFIELD!

You are cordially invited to visit the practical exhibition of

COTTOLENE!

Now going on at our store. Come and test the good things prepared with this product. During free exhibit, a World's Fair Album given to every purchaser.

BUTTER—Fine Table Butter, 20c. lb.

JERSEY VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, Corn, Egg Plants, etc., received daily, and disposed of at from 15 to 25 per cent. below any other store in the city.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

A NEW SUPPLY OF

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,

IN WHITE AND FIGURED LAWN.

These goods are well-made and neat-fitting.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTING SHIRTS.

The balance of our fine stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices. A nice assortment of Gentlemen's

Neckwear, Half Hose, and Handkerchiefs,

at

EDSALL'S!

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**

Cut in Latest Styles.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COACHMAN and gardener of experience and ability wants employment. Good references. Apply at 32 Howard street. 20 6p

YOUNG woman wishes position as child's nurse. Willing to travel. Refers to present employer. Address B., care of EVENING NEWS. 20 3

HELP WANTED.

SALESMAN WANTED—Valuable commission offered. $20 weekly earned by many of our agents. Samples free. P. O. Box 1371, New York. 20 4

WANTED—Colored girl for general housework. 18 Westervelt avenue. 22 2

WANTED—Reliable man for permanent position. $900 first year. Address, with stamp and references, "Morris," care of NEWS. 22 2

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A ladies' silk umbrella, Saturday morning, going from corner of Front and Somerset streets to Duer street. Please return to F. W. Bailey, 55 Duer street. Reward paid.

BOARDERS WANTED.

ROOMS with board at 80 East Front street 15-8

WANTED—Board in private family in North Plainfield. Two adults and one child. Address, stating terms and location of house, "H. G.," care of EVENING NEWS. 22 tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. tf

FOR SALE.

AUCTION of furniture on Tuesday next, by Amos Moffett, licensed auctioneer, at 38 Park avenue, at two o'clock. 22 2

GOOD HILL BOUTJE for sale. Address "C," care of EVENING NEWS. 22 2

MRS. JOS. M. MYERS' property, 147 East Front street, for sale or to let. Apply on premises. 7 12 wkly

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 21tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

AMOS will meet you there. 22 2

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 5-20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 20tf

WANTED—House and about six acres of land, suitable for chicken farm, between Dunellen, Somerville, Summit or Madison. Cost not to exceed $1,000. Address "Truck," care of EVENING NEWS. 20 4

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach).

Gala Day Every Saturday.

The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.

A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given

Every Saturday Afternoon.

Put Your Finger Here

O

Hold it there while you read this.

The most delicious Brown Bread, Fruit and Suet, Pudding and Roe on Brown Bread are made fresh every day at 61 Park avenue.

M. E. Beach, agent for Arnold's Steam Cooker.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article, a select

50c. Formosa Oolong

TEA, to make a

Delicious Iced Tea.

Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.

NEUMANN BROS.

79 BROADWAY.

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

TOWNSEND'S

Marble and Granite Works,

No. 29 SOMERSET STREET, near FRONT.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and at prices to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend,

Manager. 15 1m*

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.

Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

Gauze vests, 25c.

Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and panteletts to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.

Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. 40c. and 50c.

Men's Jean Drawers, 38c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. At Harned Academy, 507 Park avenue. Class in French now forming. Also private lessons in French and German. Class lessons $1, private lessons $3.

EDITORIAL NOTES

What a Riot Is Like.

Fortunately within the memory of persons now living there have been no more than three great riots in this country. The first was the draft riot in New York city, which began July 13, 1863, and lasted three days. The second was that of 1877, in Pittsburg, beginning in a strike of railroad employees. The third is that at Homestead, Pa. A peculiar fact about these riots is that they all occurred in the month of July. The Paris Bastile was also captured and sacked by a mob July 14, 1789.

In the Pittsburg riot of 1877 neither the civil authorities nor the state militia were able to cope with the mob. The state troops after being attacked took refuge in a railroad roundhouse, to which the rioters set fire and attempted to burn the men alive. A number of members of the national guard were killed. It was not till the United States regular soldiers were sent to Pittsburg that the rioting stopped. It may be observed in passing that this riot cost the state of Pennsylvania $110,000, which was collected off Alleghany county.

But an awful riot, like those of Paris in horror, was the affair of July, 1868, in New York city. Negroes were caught in the street wherever found and killed without mercy. In some cases they were tied to a lamppost and burned alive. The superintendent of police was attacked and beaten nearly to death. Colonel O'Brien, a brave man, who sought to use his authority to stop the insane frenzy, was knocked down and kicked to death in the streets. For hours his dead body was kicked about the streets and insulted by the mob.

All this is recalled in a vivid and striking letter by Joseph Howard in the New York Recorder. He himself was a reporter for The Times, which the mob called an abolition paper, and he was caught and nearly killed, only escaping with his life when a brave reporter named O'Hen, on the New York Express, took off his own Express insert and plumed it on Howard's coat, thus cheating the mob for the time. This was during a momentary lull after a passing fire company had turned their hose on the mob and driven them back. The firemen picked up Howard and *quickly took him to their engine house*, which was attacked and stoned till every window was wrecked. The mob would have done murder only that some bullings near by were fired, and that drew the attention of these furies for the time, and Howard escaped. While they had him they dragged him up and down the streets by the hair and stoned him. Of the scene he writes:

> I was there in pursuance of my duty, and while looking at a burning building noticed that a gang of half-grown boys were torturing an old man as he came down the avenue. Very naturally and very foolishly I interfered, whereupon, without a second's parley, they cut my lip open with brass knuckles while the others pelted me with bricks and clubs. Then, raising a cry, they attracted the attention of the crowd, no member of whom knew or had ever heard of me, but I was set down as a victim and fell upon me with a brutality of violence I can never forget. For at least ten minutes I was their plaything, rolled in the dirt, kicked, cuffed, mauled and hauled hot cinders, glasses lost, clothes torn, covered with blood, a miserable remnant of, so to speak, humanity.

On the whole, it is not much wonder that Joe Howard has white hair. He attributes the spread of mob frenzy to a "few sensational," who act on the others like laughing gas. There are always *in these great crowds, too, those* whose sole design is robbery, and these stir up all the racket they can. Mr. Howard says:

> Men who have never seen a riot know nothing of it.
>
> Men who simply read of the scenes of horror in Pennsylvania don't appreciate the bitter vengeance that fills the breasts there, who have never faced a mob can have no idea of what that situation means. Human nature is transformed into that of beasts. The milk of human kindness is curdled and turned to gall, honesty of purpose becomes a bloody instinct, morality, affability, charity and hospitality go hand in hand, seeking for prey, regardless of sex or condition. Nothing under heaven but the strong arm of a determined law can stop it, and the time to end it is in the beginning.
>
> What may seem cruelty is kindness.
>
> What may seem measures of harshness are the best possible policy.
>
> There should be no temporizing with rioters, no arguing with armed miscreants; every villain should be brought to bay. If necessary, brought with armed force—into the courtroom and be dealt with by the law. The people of New York have faced it once and may have to meet it again. There should be no amateur police force about it. If the local police fail the state militia is there to fall back upon, and if the state militia is unable to cope with the mammoth United States government's duty is as clear as the sun of day.
>
> And this is common sense.

Everybody was thankful when at last Cyrus Field was released from his sufferings by death. During the closing months of his life they were terrible. Almost every sorrow and trouble that come upon man, except disgrace to his own brave, honest head, visited Mr. Field in the course of his long life, and he who gave the world the Atlantic cable and rapid transit in cities died poor, unhappy and insane. Fate deals cruel blows to the best, and no man can tell why. The London Telegraph remarks of Mr. Field: "For all time his name will remain as the lord paramount and chief creator of a power whereof the full effects are not yet known. A more typical American never drew breath."

Great improvements have been made recently in the making of iron beams in rolling mills. A beam of any size and of perfect finish can now be turned out by means of rolls rotating upon vertical shafts.

DUQUESNE MEN STRIKE.

They Stop Work to Help on the Battle at Homestead.

THE DEFENSE OF THE PINKERTONS.

They Explain to the Committee of Congress the Workings of Their System and Claim That They Act Within the Law. Their Men Never Shoot Recklessly.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 23.—Seven hundred and fifty men employed in the Carnegie company's Duquesne steel works went out on a strike at 6 o'clock last evening. Not a bit of work is being done in the mill. This leaves only 2,500 out of the Carnegie company's 13,000 steel workers active in the company's mills. Out of the seven plants in the Carnegies possession only one is in operation—the Braddock Steel works, across the Monongahela river and below Duquesne. This new strike greatly complicates matters. It is a great victory for the Amalgamated association, and the leaders are in high feather over it.

Eviction Notices Served.

Notices of eviction have been served on the families who occupy the Carnegie houses on Shanty hill. The tenants are given ten days in which to move out. There are between thirty and forty families in these houses. The men have been on strike since the mill closed and they failed to return in response to the notice sent out by the company.

They have paid their rents right along, but the company wants the houses for nonunion men and the leases give the company the right to eject tenants upon ten days' notice at any time. The men will now be given the option of returning to work or fleeing turned out of doors.

Two more men were arrested accused of the murder of Connor, the Pinkerton man, and their own companion striker, Waine, whose head was blown off with a cannon ball fired by strikers. They are Matthew Foy and Peter Allen.

Their names were among the eight for whom warrants were issued on Tuesday. Who those eight are has been carefully guarded, and there were no more surprised men in Homestead than Foy and Allen. They were taken out of town before any of the other strikers knew that they had been arrested.

To Push O'Donnell's Case.

It is understood that the Carnegie company will make a strong effort to satisfy Coroner Hugh O'Donnell should be held without bail on the charge of murder in the first degree, and that to this end the testimony of several Pinkerton men who were taken to tell of [illegible] until [illegible] will be offered. Some of the strikers in town say that if O'Donnell is not permitted to give bail the feeling at Homestead will be intensified and there is no telling what may happen.

The advisory committee has a statement of its position in which the committee signifies its recognition of law and other peaceful means as the only elements that should take part in the settlement of the present trouble, and pledges itself and the workingmen of Homestead to refrain from violence and lawlessness.

THE PINKERTONS' DEFENSE.

All Their Acts Done Within the Law to Protect Life and Property.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—When the subcommittee of the house committee on judiciary appointed to investigate the Homestead troubles resumed its session here this afternoon Chairman Wilson announced that the first witness called would be Robert Pinkerton, his brother, was also present, as were Messrs. Wright, Haves and Devlin, of the Knights of Labor. The Pinkertons submitted a statement of their case, and salient features of it are given as follows:

The Pinkerton agency was founded in 1850 by Allen Pinkerton to furnish private watchmen to protect property during strikes. The men employed in the work are, it is claimed, selected with great care and only after a full investigation of their characters and antecedents.

Their watchmen are seldom permitted to carry arms for the purpose of protecting property and life unless they are authorized by the proper legal authorities or sworn in as sheriff's deputies. They have never, it is asserted, wantonly or recklessly fired a single shot in any strike, and have used their arms only as the last extremity in order to protect life. The Pinkerton brothers assert that when first requested to send watchmen to protect the plant and property of the Carnegie Steel company (limited) they refused to do so unless all their men were sworn in as deputy sheriffs before going to Homestead.

Did Not Go to Pennsylvania Armed.

They were then assured that the sheriff of Alleghany county, Pa., knew that their men were going to Homestead to act as watchmen and protect the property of the company and protect its workmen from violence, and that the sheriff had promised immediately upon any outbreak or disturbance to deputize all their watchmen as sheriff's deputies if it became necessary for the protection of life and property. This was the condition on which they consented to furnish about 300 watchmen.

They did not go into the state of Pennsylvania as an armed body, and there was, it is claimed, no intention of arming them until they were on the property of the company at Homestead, and until and unless they had been sworn in as the sheriff's deputies.

The sheriff's chief deputy, Gray, accompanied them, and it was distinctly understood that he had authority to duly deputize them if necessary.

The boxes containing the arms and ammunition were shipped from Chicago and were to be delivered at the Homestead yards. The instructions to their men were that they should not be armed unless previously deputized by the sheriff. The instructions to those having charge of the boxes on board the barges were not opened and the arms and ammunition were not distributed until after the strikers had commenced firing on the watchmen and Klein "had been murdered" and about five other watchmen "shot and wounded." The treatment accorded the watchmen after the surrender is then described.

The Pinkertons' Defense.

The statement then proceeds, to justify the employment of Pinkerton "watchmen" by reciting deeds of violence perpetrated by Mollie Maguires and strikers at Chicago and New York. It is stated that the counsel of the Pinkerton brothers, Messrs. Seward, Guthrie & Morawetz, New York, informed them they were not violating any law of the United States or of the state of Pennsylvania; that their acts were lawful.

The letter to the aggrieved workmen by the Pinkertons in the defense of the private watchman business is given in the following paragraph:

> The business of guarding and watching private property is now extensively carried on in large cities in this country, not only by ourselves, but by many other reputable concerns. Thousands of banks, residences, warehouses, offices, stores, etc., are thus protected and guarded by private watchmen.
>
> "If men cannot lawfully act as private watchmen in a large manufacturing plant, then it must follow that the bank or the private house or office cannot be protected or guarded.
>
> "It would, we think, surprise the community if it should be declared by congress that the right to protect one's property and to hire servants or agents to assist in so doing no longer exists in this country."

The representatives of the Knights of Labor present at the hearing submitted a series of questions to the committee, with the request that they be propounded to the Pinkerton brothers. After examining them and ascertaining that the latter were willing to be thus catechised the committee complied with this request.

Questions Answered.

Robert Pinkerton, in reply to the questions, said that the agency had about 200 rifles, 400 pistols and clubs deposited at Chicago; employed not over 600 persons in all parts of the country, including clerks and stenographers. The number of men employed by them never exceeded 800 at one time. The only authority the agency exercised over their men was that of an employer.

The witness, at the advice of his counsel, refused to give the contracts with his men. He said that the request was made by the Carnegie company *to send them about 300* watchmen, and that his firm had been engaged by Mr. Frick during the coke strike in Pennsylvania, at which time they sent about 150 watchmen, who were sworn in as deputy marshals.

The Carnegie company wanted 300 men by July 6, and the men furnished came from New York, Chicago and Philadelphia. The men knew for what they were wanted.

The witness said that he did not know personally anything about the barges, but did not believe they were lined with iron and proof against small firearms. He would not have allowed his men to have gone on them if he thought that they would have been attacked.

Barges were employed because they expected that the watchmen would be enabled to land upon the company's property without causing any breach of the peace or intending to excite the strikers. The landing was made at night, when it was thought the men would be in bed, with the sole desire of avoiding the inciting of a riot. Had it been known that the men could not land without a breach of the peace, they would not have been sent, unless authorized by the governor or deputized by the sheriff. There were about 300 men on the barges, and about 250 rifles, 300 pistols, ammunition and night clubs.

Only Three Killed in Twenty Years.

The arms on the barges were in boxes and were destined for the yards and private property of the Carnegie company. Positive instructions were given that they should not be given to the men until after they had been *sworn in* by the sheriff, and the witness was assured that this would be done upon the first signs of trouble. The Pinkertons were not to commit a breach of the peace, and there was no understanding that they were with the Carnegie people or any one else. They were not permitted to use force to recover possession of the works unless they had been sworn in by the sheriff. The men were not instructed to fire upon strikers, and would not have fired upon them had they not been attacked and six of their number killed.

The Pinkerton agency understood that the Carnegie company had duly applied to the proper authority, and that they were sending men to Homestead with the consent and approval of the sheriff. The witness stated that in twenty years but three men had been killed by watchmen up to the time of the Homestead affair. In every instance they were sworn in as deputy sheriffs or peace officers, and whenever tried have been acquitted. Mr. Frick had agreed to pay him $5 a day for each man furnished.

In answer to Representative Boatner, the witness said that if the Homestead workmen had come into the works and tried to put his men out they would not then have used their arms. His men would have probably fought, using what are called night clubs.

Pattison at Bedford.

BEDFORD, Pa., July 23.—Governor Pattison arrived here from Homestead to President Jaggey's private car. He was met at the train by his wife and drove to the Springs hotel, where, if the labor troubles permit, he will probably remain some time.

Gus Williams Hanged.

SAVANNAH, July 23.—Gus Williams, one of the six negro murderers of August Meyer, a manufacturer of this city, was hanged. Williams' farewell to the other prisoners implicated in this crime was pitiful. After shaking hands with Bicks he said: "Joe, you stop crying; don't waste your thoughts on the lawyers, but look to God. He is the only one that can save you. I am glad to go an innocent man to my death. Look to God, Joe; look to God."

A Mighty Close Call.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J., July 23.—The Saratoga express crashed into a wagon containing Gottlieb Storbeck and a friend, completely demolishing it. The horse was killed and the occupants were thrown forty feet, but only slightly injured.

Consul Ryder in a Bad Way.

COPENHAGEN, July 23.—Mr. Henry B. Ryder, the American consul, is in a critical condition, owing to the shifting of a canula. He is compelled to wear in his throat in consequence of a surgical operation.

Hog Cholera Raging.

WOODSTOCK, Oak., July 23.—Hog cholera has broken out among the cows at Morton's cheese factory at Blandford, South Oxford county. Two hundred animals have already died of the disease.

Sam Small Gets $500.

ATLANTA, July 23.—A jury has awarded the Rev. Sam Small damages for having knocked out by a saloon keeper during the last prohibition campaign. Small sued for $5,000.

National Amateur Regatta.

SARATOGA, July 23.—The twentieth annual regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen will open at Saratoga lake on Tuesday.

Daniel Dougherty Seriously Ill.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.—Daniel Dougherty, the famous lawyer and orator, is lying dangerously ill at his residence, 2,021 Spruce street, this city.

A Coal Schooner Sunk.

NEW HAVEN, July 23.—The schooner Fred Tyler struck the rocks near Guilford, and sank with 600 tons of coal. The crew escaped.

CANADIAN RETALIATION.

The Senate Passes the Bill Approved by the House.

BLAINE MAY BE SENT TO BRUSSELS.

He Is Mentioned as a Probable Member of the International Monetary Conference—Cyrus W. Field Was Appointed Consul at Mrs. Garfield's Request.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—After some ineffective talk on the Homestead matter the senate continued the debate on the navigation bill, Mr. White, of Louisiana, concluding his speech against the measure. He directed his attention especially to the effect of the bill on the cotton interests, and his remarks and statistics stirred up the senators from the other cotton states, some of whom intimated an intention of replying at some future day.

The house bill providing for retaliation against Canada in the matter of the Welland canal was taken up and unanimously passed.

The question of adjournment is still unsettled, and if no better progress is made in the house with the disputed items on the two remaining appropriation bills than was the case at this sitting the idea of August will find congress still in session. The discussion of the senate amendments to the general deficiency bill occupied the entire session and none of them was agreed to.

The item of payments to the Pacific railroads was disposed of by a close vote, and that to pay to the widows and legal heirs of deceased members of the present house $5,000, as inserted by the senate, was seconded on appeal by a vote of 129 to 120, so that they shall receive the balance of the salary for the whole congress. The French spoliation claims were debated for an hour, and pending further discussion the house took a recess until 8 o'clock for the consideration of pension bills.

The committee on rules have not yet decided upon a date for adjournment, and will be unable to do so until the disputed appropriation bills are disposed of. The World's fair item is the principal obstacle in the way of adjournment, and there is a strong secret opposition to it which may hold congress for some time yet.

Mrs. Garfield Had Field Appointed.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The appointment of Cyrus W. Field, Jr., to be the American consul at Brunswick, Germany, was made by President Harrison at the direct request of President Garfield's widow. Mrs. Garfield said to the president in substance: "Mr. President, when General Garfield died he left us, you are aware, no fortune, having been all his life in the service of his country as soldier, congressman, senator and finally president. He left debts amounting to nearly $10,000 and four young children. At this time Cyrus W. Field, whom we did not know personally, started among the business men of New York a subscription fund, and by his unselfish efforts raised $350,000, on the income of which the family has since lived.

"Now I have just heard that Mr. Field, who is blind, is at the door and without means of his own, wishes to have his son sent out of the country for a short time to escape from the terrible misfortunes which have come upon his family." Mrs. Garfield then asked as a personal favor to herself, the first and the last she had to ask of President Harrison, that he should make the appointment. The president at once granted her petition.

Blaine May Be Appointed.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—It is understood that A. P. Hepburn, national bank examiner of New York, will be nominated by the president for comptroller of the currency. In connection with the international monetary conference, it is said that ex-Secretary Blaine has consented to be one of the committee. It is assumed that if Mr. Blaine indicates his willingness to serve as a member of the conference he will be appointed. The names of Hon. J. W. Cannon, of New York; Lambert Tree, of Illinois; Francis A. Walker, of Massachusetts, and E. O. Leech, director of the mint. In case Mr. Blaine should be unable to serve before the committee, nor was any statement presented for the consideration of the committee aside from those contained in the letters of recommendation and approval written previous to the appointment.

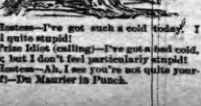
The Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The senate in executive session confirmed the following nominations: Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary—Andrew D. White, of New York, to Russia; A. Loudon Snowden, of Pennsylvania, now to Greece, Roumania and Servia, to Spain; Pruyton Beale, of Kentucky, now to Portugal, to Greece, Roumania and Servia. The senate *also confirmed the nominations of* all the consuls sent in by the president.

The Fair Grant Hangs Fire.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The conferees on the world's fair appropriation bill considered the bill as far as the item of the government exhibit at the World's fair without arriving at any final conclusion thereon.

"According to His Folly!"



Hostess—I've got such a cold today, I feel quite stupid!

Prize Idiot (calling)—I've got a bad cold, too, but I don't feel particularly stupid!

Hostess—Ah, I see you've not quite yourself.—De Maurier in Punch.

Fun For Two.

All children enjoy a drink of

Hires' Root Beer.

no dose every other member of the family. A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of this delicious drink. Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good." "Its false. No imitation is as good as the genuine HIRES'.

JUST ONE MOMENT, PLEASE!

You can invest money to secure you enormous returns, by insuring your life. It provides for your wife and family if you die, or if you want to enjoy the money, insure for ten, fifteen or twenty years in

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York or Newark.

If you are thinking of insuring write for circulars. H. D. Morrison, agent.

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Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

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by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

Lumber & Coal

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Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.

All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

MONEY FOR RELATIVES,

friends, or acquaintances may be sent by drafts, cashed free of charge in Europe, for sale here.

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for all European points, on any steamer, or line, First and Second Class, and Steerage, cheaper than in New York. Illustrated catalogue upon application.

Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset street.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

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Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,

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STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

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Beef, Iron and Wine

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Per Pint Bottle.

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For the Next 30 Days

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AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Bronzes at a Bargain.

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Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for business.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service.

Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of finest

Light Blue Color.

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F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

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50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for nut coal, which in combination with the bullereye enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

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WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public, Office No. 28 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Collections given prompt attention.

CLARK & MEED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

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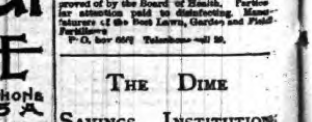

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Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS B. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.05, 8.05, a. m., 11.05, 2.05, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 12.30, 4.30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.40 a. m., 1.35, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

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Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 4.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

THREE THOUSAND DEAD

The Island of Sangir Buried Under Rivers of Lava.

A FRIGHTFUL VOLCANIC ERUPTION.

After the Island Had Been Split Asunder by Earthquakes Gunoma Awn Poured Forth Its Fiery Streams of Death and Overwhelmed the Inhabitants.

HAGUE, July 23.—Official confirmation has been received here from Batavia of the reported vocanic eruption on the island of Sangir, in the Celebes sea, between Celebes and Mindano. The eruption came from a volcano known as Gunoma Awn. It took place just after nightfall. The inhabitants of the northwestern part of the island had felt occasional earthquakes throughout the day, and during the preceding night steamt and fire were seen issuing from the volcano. Such threatening phenomena have been frequent on the island for the last three or four years and little apprehension was felt.

About two hours after sundown the whole island was shaken so violently that huts and houses collapsed and great flames appeared in the rocky formation at the northwestern end. Several small sailing vessels from other islands were anchored off the coast.

Their crews hastily weighed anchor, but before they could get out to sea the eruption came. Great stones and showers of ashes filled the air, three great tidal waves ebbed and flowed along the shore, and in the darkness all the boats went ashore. The eruption had come with such suddenness that few realized the nature of the danger.

Burned and Smothered to Death.

Just before the storm of ashes and stones several Dutch traders had seen the volcano belch up a great mass of flame and started to give the alarm, but before they got half a mile the blackness began to close around them. They seized a rowboat and pulled for the sea, whence they watched the eruption, and where they drifted about until picked up by a Dutch vessel, which took them to Batavia. They say that the whole northwestern end of the island was buried in ashes and lava. The huts took fire, and those of the natives who were not burned to death in the towns were covered and smothered in the ashes.

Lava ran in streams two and three feet deep and twenty or thirty feet wide down the mountain side and into the sea. The loss of life on the northwestern end was at least 2,500.

On other parts of the island the villages were wrecked, and the people were almost stifled by the poisonous gases and ashes that filled the air. The total number of violent deaths in those parts, it is reported, will not exceed four or five hundred. The volcano was still throwing up lava and bowlders, but in insignificant quantities, when the last vessels now at Batavia passed the island.

Etna Cooling Down.

CATANIA, July 23.—The eruption of Mount Etna, which for a week past has excited the greatest alarm, is now decreasing in violence. King Humbert has sent a contribution of $4,000 to the fund for the aid of the sufferers.

Milwaukee's Hard Luck.

MILWAUKEE, July 23.—Mr. Jackerts, the expert accountant, who found that the late Secretary Schankamy, of the school board, robbed the city of nearly $50,000 before he committed suicide, and that Public Librarian Linderfelt swindled the city out of $10,000, now finds a discrepancy of $4,000 in the meter accounts of the water department.

Eugene Kelly's Son Titled by Leo.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Eugene Kelly, Jr., has been honored by the pope conferring upon him the title of Camerier de Capeet d'Epee. No duties are connected with it. It makes Mr. Kelly an honorary attache of the papal household. He is the eldest living son of Eugene Kelly, the well known banker.

The Carpenters and the Fair.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.—P. G. McGuire, secretary of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters, informed Governor Pattison that the carpenters working on the Pennsylvania building at the World's fair were compelled to work ten hours a day. Governor Pattison has directed an investigation.

A Reverend Burglar.

SENECA, S. C., July 23.—A series of robberies and burglaries which have been committed here for several months past has been fastened on Rev. John B. Keisler, recently arrested in Alabama. The robber band has been operating in Georgia and South Carolina.

Canada Will Retaliate.

OTTAWA, July 23.—The Dominion government, in the event of President Harrison enforcing the order imposing a tax on Canadian vessels passing through the Soo canal, will pass an order imposing an equal tax on American vessels passing through the Welland canal.

Naval Officers Entertained.

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 23.—Admiral Gherardi and the officers of the naval station and the warships Philadelphia, Concord, Vesuvius, Miantonomah, Constellation and Jamestown were tendered a brilliant reception at the Fort Griswold House.

Eberhardt Appointed Inspector.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.—United States Commissioner of Immigration Rodgers received a letter from the treasury department announcing that William F. Eberhardt had been appointed temporary immigrant inspector at this port.

Scalded to Death.

HICKSVILLE, O., July 23.—Mrs. C. E. Stewart accidentally upset a coffee pot, scalding her to her feet and she died. Mrs. Stewart was an ardent worker in the W. C. T. U.

The Coming Yacht Race.

COTTAGE CITY, Mass., July 23.—News received here indicate that the New York Yacht club will race in Vineyard sound on Monday, August 8.

Two Hundred Houses Burned.

LONDON, July 23.—Advices from Fargo report the burning of 200 houses and increased aggressiveness on the part of the natives.

Bandit Force Executed.

BACHATENAS, Mex., July 23.—Candelaros Perez, the famous bandit, was shot to death by process of law.

A Spanish Gunboat Ashore.

LONDON, July 23.—The Spanish gunboat Antevedia is ashore on the rocks near Gibraltar.

ALICE MITCHELL'S ORDEAL.

The Defense Has a Hard Task Trying to Prove Her Insane.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 23.—The defense does not make as creditable a showing in proving Alice Mitchell insane as it hoped to do. That point in the hypothetical case as to Miss Mitchell not caring for the society of young men was discredited by more than one authority. The hypothetical case and the medical testimony were withdrawn and will not be presented until the truth of every point is fixed.

William H. Volkmer is the principal witness for the state, yet the defense introduced him. He is the brother-in-law of Freda Ward. It was at his house that Alice visited Freda. He saw nothing unusual on the occasion of the first visit, but he intercepted letters between the two young ladies and gave them to his wife. He thought Alice and Miss Johnson were both very fast, as they flirted with anything in the shape of a man. He objected to Alice remaining longer at his house, thinking she was not a fit companion for Freda.

Speaking of Freda's proposed elopement, he thought that there was a man in it, and he stood around that night ready to fill any person full of lead who attempted to assist the young lady to leave. He finally discovered the whole plot and promised Freda he would say nothing about it if she did not attempt to consummate her performance. Coming back to the flirtation, he said that Allie and Lillie Johnson flirted with married as well as with single men.

Miss Jo Ward, the dead girl's sister, also a victim of a slash from the festive Alice's razor, was the next to testify. She told the story of the tragedy as she saw it, and descanted on Alice's love for young men.

The state introduced a letter with a salacious sentence in it written by Alice to Freda, and the case rested.

CLEVELAND LEAVES NEW YORK.

He Is En Route to Gray Gables on the Yacht Oneida.

GREENWICH, Conn., July 23.—Ex-President Cleveland arrived here from New York on E. C. Benedict's yacht Oneida. Mr. Cleveland was driven directly to Mr. Benedict's residence, where a large crowd of people awaited him. Mr. Benedict made a brief address and Mr. Cleveland responded in a short speech. The ex-president was introduced to the leading citizens of the place by Judge McNall and he shook hands with everybody. At the conclusion of the reception Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland, Baby Ruth and Mr. Benedict left for Gray Gables on the Oneida.

Hill May Leave the Senate.

BALTIMORE, July 23.—The News has the following special from its Washington correspondent: It is understood by some of Mr. Hill's admirers that he has for some time contemplated resigning from the senate. He may do so at any time.

Crapo Not a Candidate.

BOSTON, July 23.—A dispatch to The Journal from New Bedford says: "Hon. W. W. Crapo has denied the truth of a statement that he had avowed himself a candidate for the United States senatorship."

Crockett Leads.

LITTLE ROCK, July 23.—The Sixth congressional district Democratic convention has taken 174 ballots without change. Robert H. Crockett, a grandson of old Davy Crockett, leads.

For Campaign Work.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The executive committee of the Republican congressional committee decided to rent a building and open headquarters here for campaign work.

Will Have to Wait His Turn.

WALLACE, Idaho, July 22.—*David Scholz*, in prison here, claims to be a British subject and has appealed to the British consul at Vancouver. He is imprisoned on false charges, he says, and asks for an immediate hearing on the plea that no British subject can be held longer than twenty-four hours without a hearing. Advocate General Parsons said that Scholz would have to wait his turn were he ten times a British subject.

Died in Search of Gold.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 23.—The remains of J. S. Breedlove and the Pennsylvania capitalist, Fish, were found in a canyon. No trace could be found of Breedlove's son, who started out with the party. These gentlemen left Campo July 4 in search of a gold mine on the desert.

Ate Bluefish and Died.

HAVERHILL, Mass., July 23.—Mrs. David Webster and Mrs. William Rankova went to Salisbury beach and ate bluefish, were shortly afterward violently ill and both died in great agony.

Mrs. Deacon in a Convent.

PARIS, July 23.—Mrs. Deacon, wife of Edward Parker Deacon, is living with her children at the Convent of Our Lady of the Assumption, in the Department of the Marne.

Won't Handle Carnegie Iron.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 23.—The workmen on the Delaware Breakwater contractor's building notified the contractor that they would not handle any Carnegie iron work.

Baird Brothers Exonerated.

CINCINNATI, July 23. The coroner's verdict in the Licking bridge disaster, by which twenty-five men were killed, exonerates the Baird Brothers, contractors.

Mother Caroline Dead.

MILWAUKEE, July 23.—Mother Caroline, mother superior of Notre Dame and commissary general of the order in America, died at Notre Dame convent.

The Shortest on Record.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., July 23.—The schooner Maggie E. McKenzie arrived from Iceland, having been absent four months, the shortest Icelandic trip on record.

Jay Gould Takes a Bath.

BOISE CITY, July 23.—Jay Gould, accompanied by his two daughters and Dr. Munn, walked to Hailey Hot Springs, took a bath and walked back to town.

Will Restrict Prodqction.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The wrought iron pipe and boiler tube manufacturers of the United States have agreed to restrict production.

Silver Purchases.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The treasury department purchased 380,000 ounces of silver. Purchases for the month aggregate 4,036,000 ounces.

Miss Morton Will Christen Her.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Miss Edith Morton, daughter of Vice President Morton, will christen Cruiser No. 12.

The Gold in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The treasury statement shows the net gold in the treasury to be $112,544,939.

FASHIONS

Art Silks and Fougres.

Outdoor dress of figured foulard, trimmed with lace. Umbrella skirt, slightly trained and trimmed round the bottom with a frill of lace, with a heading of narrow velvet finished with a bow and ends behind. Trimming of lace over the shoulders, forming a V, back and front, with velvet on the edge. Gigot sleeves

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

	R.	H.	E.
At New York—			
New York.....	0	1	0
St. Louis.....	0	0	1
Crane and Boyle, Carruthers and Buckley.			
At Boston—	R.	H.	E.
Boston	2	0	0
Chicago.....	0	1	1
Nichols and Kelly, Hutchinson and Schriver.			
At Brooklyn—	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn.....	0	0	0
Cincinnati.....	1	0	1
Hoddock and Kinslow, Chamberlain and Harrington.			
At Philadelphia—	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia.....	0	0	1
Cleveland.....	2	0	1
Weyhing and Clements, Cuppy and Zimmer.			
At Baltimore—	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore.....	1	0	7
Louisville.....	3	1	0
McMahon and Robinson, Viau and Weaver.			
At Washington—	R.	H.	E.
Washington.....	3	0	0
Pittsburg.....	9	0	0
Killeen, Duryea and McGuire; Baldwin and Mack.			

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

(Last games of the first series.)

	R.	H.	E.
At Albany—			
Albany.....	0	1	0
Buffalo.....	2	0	0
Daley and Murphy, Barnett and Weidman.			
At Binghamton—	R.	H.	E.
Binghamton.....	3	0	1
Utica.....	6	1	1
Fitzgerald and Wilson, Welch and Cahill.			
At Elmira—	R.	H.	E.
Elmira.....	6	2	1
Providence.....	1	0	0
Dolan and Boyd, Stafford and Gray.			

Asked Him if He Was a Coward.

JASPER, Fla., July 23.—Allen Holzendorf was murdered by his brother-in law, Eli Hendry, near Belleville, Hamilton county. The two men met on the road. Hendry carried a Winchester rifle and Holzendorf asked him if he was a coward. Hendry replied, "I will show you whether I am a coward or not," and fired the fatal shot. He is a son of Rev. John W. Hendry, a Methodist preacher.

Mangled to Death.

CORNING, N. Y., July 23.—The body of William Cook, of Gaspeville, Pa., whose father is a well known merchant of Jeanette, Pa., was found on the Erie track at Addison in a terribly mangled condition. He was returning from the glass workers' convention *in this city, but how he came to* his death is a mystery.

He's Got His Reward.

BOSTON, July 22.—Clayton C. Clough has come into £5,000 by the will of Hereford Drummond, of London, for stopping a pair of runaway horses and saving Mr. Drummond and his daughter in Halifax about a year ago.

The Cholera Now at Moscow.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 23.—Notwithstanding official denials, the cholera exists in Moscow, where two deaths have occurred. The cholera is increasing at Saratoff, and the death rate at Samara is higher.

Cardinal Gibbons' Birthday.

BALTIMORE, July 23.—Cardinal Gibbons Friday celebrated his fifty-eighth birthday anniversary in summering at Halifax, N. S., where he is the guest of Archbishop O'Brien.

The Survey Stopped.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., July 23.—The government geological survey of the Connecticut valley has stopped, owing to the action of the senate in scaling down the appropriations.

A Double Scull Challenge.

TORONTO, July 23.—Gaudaur and Hosmer have offered to row Hanlan and O'Connor a double scull race for $500 a side, time and place to be mutually agreed upon.

An Oil Warehouse Burned.

ST. LOUIS, July 23.—The large warehouse of the Waters-Pierce Oil company was together with its contents, destroyed by fire. The loss will amount to $300,000.

Closed to Foreign Commerce.

GUATEMALA, July 23.—The government of Honduras has declared the atlantic coast of that republic closed to foreign commerce.

Two Instantly Killed.

RILEYVILLE, Va., July 23.—John Stoffer, conductor, and Austin Funk, flagman, were instantly killed in a railroad accident.

Freight Sheds Burned.

BUFFALO, July 23.—The New York Central freight sheds, Seneca street, were damaged to the extent of $40,000.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 11 Park avenue.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

For Three Weeks
I will sell
1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles
$50 LESS
THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.
Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.
Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders' Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 98.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 18 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER,
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 313.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evons.
P. O. Box 1289
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence, 64 Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder.
Jobbing promptly furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Residence, Plainfield avenue. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1344.

JOHN BERRMANN,
Carpenter and Builder,
Jobbing promptly attended to. Shop and residence, North Plainfield, N. J.
P. O. Box 1344.

USE THE BEST!
DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
A. M. Vanderbeek's,
22 PARK AVENUE.

The Plainfield Ice
and
Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice in this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

COAL and WOOD.
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office—87 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss L. Isard, P. O. Box 1088.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.
Instruction and entertainment in French. Lessons, class or private lessons at residence of pupil, or at residence of teacher. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Vivaux, care of Mrs. Dr. Manning, 107 Madison avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. Terms moderate. Circulars sent on application. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano and Organ.
Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Best of references. Box 1454, Plainfield.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Plainfield Price Office, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice single bows, grey, tan and shades.

H. N. SPENCER,
No. 26 and 28 Somerset street, grower and dealer in Groceries and provisions. Cider vinegar 4 years old. Apple butter. Pure cider. Sweet potatoes, etc. Full assortment of fresh meats, sausages, lard, poultry, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

BROWN & MILLS,
Carpets and lace curtains made, re-sewed, cleaned and laid. Furniture repaired and upholstered. Mattresses made over. Feathers renovated. Rugs made to order. Best labor, best materials used. All work guaranteed. 24 North avenue.

IF!
A poor article is dear at any price. A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses.....	$1.50 to $15
2-part South American Hair Mattress, 55 lbs.....	$15
Goose Feather Pillows.....	$1.50, 90, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows.....	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows.....	50 cents
Counterpanes.....	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 81c.; bolsters and pillow cases, Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs, $1 to $4.50; portierre curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Counterpanes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(The Port Reading R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 3 27, 5 08, 6 14, 6 39, 6 50, 7 25, 7 56, 8 24, 9 03, 9 35, 10 03, 10 27, 11 08 a. m., 12 05, 1 06, 1 41, 2 20, 3 06, 4 32, 5 06, 5 45, 6 04, 7 05, 8 04, 9 05, 10 13, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 3 15, 4 03, 5 08, 6 14, 7 42 a. m., 12 30 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 4 00, 8 00, 7 15, 7 55, 8 45, 9 30, 10 05, 10 30, a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Passengers for Newark connections at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6 20, 8 20, 9 05, 11 05 a. m., 12 27, 2 05, 3 05, 4 20, 5 20, 6 20, 7 20, 8 20, 9 45, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 9 45, 9 50 a. m., 12 27, 4 20, 5 20, 6 20, 7 20, 8 20, 9 45, 11 05 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 45, 8 45, 9 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 52, 2 30, 3 30, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 30, 11 30 a. m., 12 52, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 30, 11 30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 45, a. m., 1 30, 4 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 45 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 9 45, a. m., 1 30, 4 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 45 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 16 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk Williamsport and Tamaqua.

7 30 a. m. for Junction, High Bridge branch, Flemington and High Bridge branch.

9 45 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Sunbury and Tamaqua. DINING CAR.

1 30 p. m. for Junction, Easton, Allentown, Upper Lehigh, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Harrisburg, Sunbury, etc. Through coach to Mauch Chunk.

4 30 p. m. for Junction.

7 00 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge branch, Junction, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Harrisburg, Sunbury and Tamaqua.

8 15 p. m. for Junction connecting for Easton.

9 30 p. m. for Junction connecting for Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury and Tamaqua.

11 30 p. m. for Junction, Bethlehem and Allentown.

2 30 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Sunbury and Tamaqua.

9 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport and Sunbury.

11 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport and Sunbury.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2 27, 5 08, 10 27, 11 08 a. m., 12 05, 1 06, 1 41, 2 20, 3 06, 4 32, 5 06, 5 45, 6 04, 7 05, 8 04, 9 05, 10 13, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 3 15, 4 03, 5 08, 6 14, 7 42 a. m., 12 30 p. m. Leave Perth Amboy at 4 00, 8 00, 7 15, 7 55, 8 45, 9 30, 10 05, 10 30 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 30 p. m. Sunday, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 m., 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 30 p. m. Leave Long Branch at 6 25, 8 25, 9 10, 11 10 a. m., 12 32, 2 10, 3 10, 4 25, 5 25, 6 25, 7 25, 8 25, 9 50, 11 10 p. m. Sunday at 9 50 a. m., 12 32, 4 25, 5 25, 6 25, 7 25, 8 25, 9 50, 11 10 p. m. Leave Ocean Grove at 6 30, 8 30, 9 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 37, 2 15, 3 15, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 55, 11 15 p. m. Sunday at 9 55 a. m., 12 37, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 55, 11 15 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

For Philadelphia and Washington at 2 27, 5 08, 6 14, 6 39, 7 25, 8 24, 9 03, 10 27 a. m., 12 05, 1 06, 2 20, 3 06, 4 32, 5 06, 5 45, 6 04, 7 05, 8 04, 9 05, 10 13, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 3 15, 4 03, 5 08, 6 14, 7 42 a. m., 12 30 p. m. Leave Philadelphia at 4 10, 8 10, 7 20, 8 05, 8 50, 9 40, 10 15, 10 40 a. m., 12 10 m., 1 10, 1 40, 2 10, 2 40, 3 10, 3 40, 4 10, 4 40, 5 10, 5 40, 6 10, 6 40, 7 10, 7 40, 8 10, 8 40, 9 10, 9 40, 10 10, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10 a. m., 12 10 m., 1 10, 2 10, 3 10, 4 10, 5 10, 6 10, 7 10, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 40 p. m. Leave Washington at 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 a. m., 12 35 p. m., 1 35, 2 35, 3 35, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m. Sunday, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 a. m., 12 35, 1 35, 2 35, 3 35, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m.

Passengers for Philadelphia and Washington on 2 27 a. m. train will change cars at Monmouth Junction.

Passengers for Philadelphia and Washington on 5 08 a. m. train will change cars at Jamesburg.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

Leave Plainfield at 2 27, 5 08, 6 14, 6 39, 7 25, 8 24, 9 03, 10 27 a. m., 12 05, 1 06, 2 20, 3 06, 4 32, 5 06, 5 45, 6 04, 7 05, 8 04, 9 05, 10 13, 11 08 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 3 15, 4 03, 5 08, 6 14, 7 42 a. m., 12 30 p. m. Leave Trenton at 4 10, 8 10, 7 20, 8 05, 8 50, 9 40, 10 15, 10 40 a. m., 12 10 m., 1 10, 1 40, 2 10, 2 40, 3 10, 3 40, 4 10, 4 40, 5 10, 5 40, 6 10, 6 40, 7 10, 7 40, 8 10, 8 40, 9 10, 9 40, 10 10, 10 40, 11 40 p. m. Sunday, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 10 a. m., 12 10 m., 1 10, 2 10, 3 10, 4 10, 5 10, 6 10, 7 10, 8 10, 9 10, 10 10, 11 40 p. m. Leave Washington at 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 a. m., 12 35 p. m., 1 35, 2 35, 3 35, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m. Sunday, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 a. m., 12 35, 1 35, 2 35, 3 35, 4 35, 5 35, 6 35, 7 35, 8 35, 9 35, 10 35, 11 35 p. m.

Passengers for Philadelphia and Washington on 2 27 a. m. train will change cars at Monmouth Junction.

Passengers for Philadelphia and Washington on 5 08 a. m. train will change cars at Jamesburg.

PURE MILK.
Delivered to any part of the city by
D. D. SCHENCK.
A postal addressed to No. 60 East Front street will receive prompt attention. 19 Ty

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE
45 North Avenue.

Joseph T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North Avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Security.
Corner Front street and Park avenue.

Isaac Brokaw & Son,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST MORTGAGE
NO. 25 NORTH AVENUE. Plainfield, N. J. (Opposite Depot.)

Spicer & Hubbard,
Manufacturers of
Mouldings, Sash, Blinds, Doors, etc.
Corner Madison avenue and Third street.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING.
Also plain and ornamental glass furnished to order. 19 Ty

The Curiosity Shop

PORTERHOUSE STEAK.

The Origin of the Name Now So Popular for This Excellent Cut of Beef.

The origin of the name porterhouse steak is stated by Colonel Thomas F. De Voe, author of the "Market Book," etc., to have been as follows:

Martin Morrison kept a favorite porterhouse at 327 Pearl street, New York, near the old Walton House. It was a popular resort with many of the New-York pilots. Because here they were always sure of a pot of ale or porter and a hot bite," including one or two substantial dishes. On one occasion, in 1814, Morrison had enjoyed an unusual number of rolls for steaks, and when an old pilot, who dropped in at a late hour, called for something substantial to eat, he was forced to cut from a sirloin roasting piece which he had got for the next day's family dinner. The old pilot relished his steak amazingly and called for another. This disposed of, he squared himself in front of his host and vociferated: "Look ye here, messmate; arter thi I want my steaks off the roasting piece. Do you hear that? So mind your weather eye, old boy!"

The old pilot's companions soon learned to appreciate these cuts, and it was not long before they were all insisting on having them. Accordingly, Morrison's butcher, Thomas Gibbons, of the Fly market, asked him why he had ceased to order the large sirloin steaks. Morrison explained that he had found that cuts from the small end of the sirloin of the beef suited his customers best, both in size and quality, and directed that thereafter, instead of sending him the sirloin roasts uncut, he have them cut into chops or steaks, as he should direct. Gibbons' daily order, "Cut steaks for the porterhouse," soon gave these the names of porterhouse steaks, by which they became known all through the Fly market, particularly as this excellent cut rapidly became popular in all the public houses in the city. The name is now familiar wherever the English language is spoken.

The Halleluiah Chorus.

The National Review is authority for the statement that the custom of rising at the "Hallelujah Chorus," which has continued to the present day, was begun on March 23, 1743, at the first performance of the work in London, when the King set the example. Apropos of "The Messiah," it is interesting to learn that when Handel went to Dublin in the autumn of 1741 he took with him the score of this oratorio, which he completed in the incredibly short space of twenty-three days—namely, between Aug. 22 and Sept. 14 of that year. This great work was first heard in Dublin, where it was given for the benefit of various local charities—among others, for the relief of the prisoners in the Dublin jails. It is said that the hall in Fishamble street was arranged to contain 700 persons in stead of 600, the ladies having been induced to come without their hoops and the gentlemen without their swords. The impression produced by "The Messiah" was profound, and its triumphant success was never for one moment questioned.

Melrose Abbey.

Scotland's celebrated ruin, Melrose ab

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 1,250,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANARTSDALE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ---EY, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
☞ First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
(corner)
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

buy, was founded in 1136 by David I and completed in 1146, and dedicated to the Virgin Mary. In 1322 it was destroyed by the English army of Edward II, but it was soon rebuilt by Robert Bruce in a style of magnificence which ranks it among the most perfect ecclesiastical constructions in the best age of Gothic architecture. In 1385, and again in 1545, it suffered at the hands of the English armies, and during the Reformation many of its choicest sculptures were mutilated. In later times many of the stones have been taken away for use in other buildings, but the church remains and a part of the cloister and choir. These show plainly the original beauty of the building. As an abbey the history of Melrose is but meager. Its first occupants were Cistercian monks. In its line of abbots there was but one saint—St. Waltheof. King Alexander II was buried within its walls at his own request. Bruce left it the legacy of his heart.

Sir Walter Scott's Memory.

Many stories are told of Scott's wonderful memory. "Not only," writes Lockhart, "did he recollect every stanza of any ancient ditty of chivalry or romance which had once excited his imagination, but it seemed as if he remembered everything without exception, if it were in anything like the shape of verse, that he had ever read." Hogg used to tell that one day, lamenting in Sir Walter Scott's presence his having lost his only copy of a long ballad composed by him in early days, and of which he then could only recall one or two fragments, Scott said to him with a smile, "Take your pencil, Jamie, and I'll dictate your ballad to you word for word," and he did it.

A Nursery Tale of the Pleiades.

In connection with the Pleiades many nursery tales are told, one of the most popular pictures throughout Europe representing them as a hen and seven chickens. According to one well known story, three nuts or eggs having been given as a present, out of them came a golden dress, a silver dress and a hen with seven chicks, the three gifts representing the sun, moon and seven stars. One Hungarian tale relates how a maiden, seeking her lost lover, has to obtain access to him by the valuables contained in three nuts; these were three dresses, on which severally were worked the sun, the moon and the seven stars.

The Month of July.

July was the fifth month in the Roman calendar, and was called Quintilis the fifth. Originally it contained thirty-six days, but was reduced by Romulus to thirty-one, by Numa to thirty, but was restored to thirty-one by Julius Cæsar, in honor of whom it was named July, on account of his birth having happened on the 12th of this month. It was also called Mavi-mo nath, or mesd-month, and litha-aëtera, or after-mid-month, by the Anglo Saxons.

Inn Signs.

Drinkables do not play so great a part as one expects, but eatables are better represented. We find such "Hannah Cooper's Oven," the "Pheasant" and the "Cheshire Cheese" among them. The strangest sign we have noticed is "Q in the Corner."

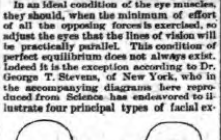
The floating island in Satawga lake, Vermont, near the town of Whittingham, is justly regarded as one of the greatest curiosities in the country. It contains about 100 acres of fertile land, and is sometimes found in one quarter of the lake and then again in another.

Science Progress.

FACIAL EXPRESSION.

The Relations of the Motor Muscles of the Eyes to Certain Facial Changes.

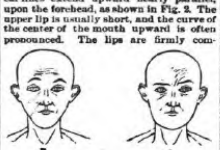
In an ideal condition of the eye muscles, they should, when the minimum of effort of all the opposing forces is exercised, so adjust the eyes that the lines of vision will be practically parallel. This condition of perfect equilibrium does not always exist. Indeed it is the exception according to Dr. George T. Stevens, of New York, who in the accompanying diagrams here reproduced from Science has endeavored to illustrate four principal types of facial ex-



NO. 1—TYPES OF FACIAL EXPRESSION.

pression, as governed by the eye muscles. Briefly stated, Dr. Stevens describes these types as follows: "The condition of equilibrium of these muscles is the first type, known as orthophoria (Fig. 1). In this the expression is one of greater repose than with any of the other states of the eye muscles. The eyebrows form each a moderate and regular curve. The mouth is nearly horizontal or curving very slightly upward at the center. The lips in repose are firm, but not compressed, and the upper one is well proportioned. The chin is rounded. The lines of the forehead are not usually conspicuous. The absence of special tensions of the facial muscles in this well balanced face permits a quick and easy play of the features, and the habitual absence of any forcible regulation of the eyes or of the face is conducive to a mental equilibrium and to physical endurance.

"With the second type, esophoria, the brows are compressed, often flattened. The extremities of the curve suddenly downward. The eyelids are in a considerable proportion of cases not as fully opened as in orthophoria. Two rather strong vertical lines extend upward nearly parallel, upon the forehead, as shown in Fig. 2. The upper lip is usually short, and the curve of the center of the mouth upward is often pronounced. The lips are firmly com-



NO. II—TYPES OF FACIAL EXPRESSION.

pressed in repose, but in young persons with deficient physical force they may be habitually open. The expression suggests firmness of character and resolute purpose.

"With exophoria (Fig. 3) the brows are usually strongly arched, often drawn upward upon the forehead. The transverse lines of the forehead are often conspicuous and are higher on the forehead than those which occur with esophoria. The upper lip is long, the center of the mouth curves downward and the chin is pointedly oval. The facial lines are more vertical than with either of the conditions described, giving to the face the suggestion of length. The lips are not compressed and are liable to be loose and slightly open. The expression reminds of idealism than of determinate purpose.

"Hyperphoria is characterized by irregular features (Fig. 4). On the side the vis ual line of which is above the other the brow is depressed, while the brow of the side whose visual line tends downward is elevated, resulting in a want of harmony of the two sides. The angle of the mouth on the side on which the brow is depressed is drawn upward, while the other angle is depressed. Thus one side of the face is longer than the other."

Easy Ways to Test a Diamond.

Here is an easy method of determining whether a stone is a genuine or not, says The Industrial World. Pierce a hole in a card with a needle and then look at the hole through the stone. If false, you will see two holes. If you have a real diamond only a single hole will appear. You may also make the test in another way. Put your finger behind the stone and look at it through the diamond as through a magnifying glass. If the stone is genuine you will be unable to distinguish the grain of the skin, but with a false stone this will be plainly visible. Furthermore, looking through a real diamond, the setting is never visible, whereas it is with a false stone.

A Valuable Invention.

An inventor of Vienna has produced a new material that combines some of the properties of glass and celluloid. It is made by dissolving four to eight parts of celluloid wool (gun cotton) in about 100 parts by weight of ether or alcohol, adding 2 to 4 per cent. of castor oil and 4 to 10 per cent. of resin of Canadian balsam. The mixture is then dried on a glass plate at a moderate heat and the wool is pressed. The compound soon solidifies into a transparent sheet, having substantially the properties of glass. It resists the action of salts, alkalies and dilute acids, and is flexible, says the Philadelphia Record.

A Substance of Great Price.

There is in existence a substance other than a jewel of the purest water which is worth no less than sixty times its weight in pure gold, according to London Tit-Bits.

In the cabinet of chemical elements which the late Prince Lucien Bonaparte bequeathed to the English nation there is a substance called geranium, which is reported to be of this fabulous value.

Huckleberry Cake.

This is a delicious cake, which is best on the second day after baking. Ingredients: One cup butter, two cups sugar, three cups flour, five eggs, one cup sweet milk, one teaspoonful soda dissolved in hot water, one teaspoonful nutmeg and the same of cinnamon, one quart ripe, fresh huckleberries thickly dredged with flour. Stir the butter and sugar to a cream, add the beaten yolks, then the milk, the flour, the spice, the whites beaten stiff and the soda. At the last add the huckleberries with a wooden spoon, not to bruise them. Bake in a moderate but steady oven until a straw comes out clean from the thickest part.

The Household

NEW EMBROIDERY.

Exquisite Lacelike Patterns Worked on Plush—The Rage for Orchid Designs.

A novel and very effective embroidery is executed upon a plush background, and resembles a trimming of yellowish cream silk lace, laid flatly upon the colored material. The stitches are arranged to carry out this idea as far as possible, and form a fine network in some portions of the embroidery, buttonhole stitch answering for the thicker parts of the lace and French knots giving almost exactly the effect of picots. The idea is excellent and might be greatly enlarged upon and developed. How effective, for instance, would be a lace pattern, worked somewhat in this way, with white flax threads upon terra cotta, pale blue or milky green material; and an equally good result could be obtained by the use of black silk upon coral pink satin or tussore silk.

The rage for orchids has been taken advantage of by the designers of fancy work, and these flowers now figure upon linen and it will night dress cases and comb bags. Few flowers are more difficult to treat successfully, though the colors of the blossoms may be very well reproduced in washing silks. Workers who have not the opportunity of copying the disposal of the shades from the flowers themselves will do better to confine themselves to such blooms as are within the reach of everybody.

Russian embroidery can be recommended where something bold and striking is required, the design being worked with

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

25 per Year in Advance. T. W. Harrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 63. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, JULY 25, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR THEIR VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be fair and sultry, with possible thunderstorms.

BREVITIES

—The officers of Queen City Lodge, No. 60, I. O.O. F. will be installed to-night.

—About fifteen Plainfielders journeyed to Staten Island yesterday and went to a clambake.

—The Fire Committee of the Elizabeth Common Council has recommended that La France steam engine be bought for Protection Engine Company No. 1, and it will be purchased.

—The members of the choir of the Church of the Holy Cross, will on August 1st, start on its second annual camping expedition to Meerwin's Point, Conn. They will be gone nine days.

—Governor Abbett has appointed Alderman John T. Dunn of Elizabeth to succeed the late ex-Senator Robert L. Livingston of the city as a member of the Union County Board of Registration.

—A prominent citizen of Dunellen was in town Saturday evening and became so intoxicated that the police had to care for him. He was brought before Judge Coddington this morning who suspended sentence.

—A buggy containing a young woman and a would-be young-man-about-town was wrecked last night on the street railway track on Front street near Plainfield avenue. The wheel caught in the track and the amateurishness of the driver did the rest, i. e. the wheel was twisted off.

—A new bicycle fad has been developed. This time it is a sensible one. It is to wear a light, wide-brimmed, soft felt hat, a-la-Buffalo-Bill, instead of the small and heavy cap, when out for a spin. The hat keeps the head cool and protects the eyes from the glare of the sun.

—Only two women were entered in the Century run on Saturday. They were Mrs. W. E. Martin, president of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the B. M. C. L. of Newark which is composed of the recent Newark-Philadelphia run and Mrs. S. H. Mabie of West Hoboken who was accompanied by her husband.

Yet Plainfield May Tolerate It.

The New York World devotes two columns to an account of the numerous accidents in Newark by the trolley, the average being over three a month, or 32 in ten months, yet it is the same system about being introduced temporarily in Plainfield. The headlines to the World article are as follows:

DEATH WITH THE TROLLEY.

HUMAN LIFE INSECURE WHERE THIS MOTIVE POWER IS USED.

WILL NEW YORK BE AFFLICTED BY THE ELECTRIC PEST?

IN NEWARK IT HAS BEEN FAIRLY TRIED, AND THE RESULT SHOWS A STARTLING RECORD OF COLLISIONS AND OTHER ACCIDENTS, IN WHICH PEOPLE WERE MAIMED, INJURED AND MANGLED AND HORSES KILLED—THE TROLLEY IS A TERROR.

A Chapter of Accidents.

Last Friday F. L. C. Martin, A. S. Fritts, S. S. Darling and F. L. Metcalf went to Newark to join in the Century Run to Princeton and return.

Mr. Metcalf met with an accident and lost several spokes from his wheel, which necessitated his taking a train home.

Mr. Darling got into trouble at 33 Bound Brook, disabling his machine and had to return home.

However they both secured other wheels at Plainfield and completed the run to Newark.

After supper they rode back to Plainfield making a total mileage for Martin and Fritts of 120 miles and 111 for Darling.

In the Storm's Wake.

Reports regarding the severity of Friday night's thunder storm continue to come in.

The house of William Van Volkenberg at Scotch Plains was struck by lightning and a large hole torn in the roof. The main chimney was also struck by the same bolt and entirely demolished.

The inmates were panic stricken and fled to a neighbor's for shelter.

There is a report that the electrical fluid struck a barn near Somerville and killed a farm hand who was driving a sick horse. This cannot be verified however.

Amateur Base Ball.

The Arlingtons defeated the Eagles Saturday morning by a score of 10 to 17. Following is the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Eagles	1	5	0	1	3	1	0	0	0—10
Arlingtons	2	3	0	2	1	3	1	0	1—17

Batteries—Eagles, Farley and Coriell; Arlingtons, Van Horn and Sutphen.

The Arlingtons will play the Giants of North Plainfield to-morrow morning on the Park avenue ball grounds at ten o'clock.

Camp Meeting in Hyde's Woods.

The camp meeting under the management of the colored evangelist, Rev. Mr. Murphy of New Bedford, Mass., began yesterday in Hyde's woods, North Plainfield. There was a great crowd both at the afternoon and evening services.

Rev. Mr. Perry of Montclair, N. J., preached in the afternoon, and Rev. Mr. Thomas of Norwich, Conn., conducted the services in the evening.

Rev. Mr. Murphy will preach to-night.

PERSONAL.

Rev. John Rutherford is at Milltown.

Mrs. Mitchell, of Grove street, North Plainfield, is at Asbury Park.

Miss Kitty Daly of West Second street, is enjoying a two weeks' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Osgood of No. 17 Myrtle avenue are at Copasset Mass.

Mr. Charles Demskiau has returned from his fishing trip to Forked River.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. H. Pollion of Putnam avenue have gone to Spring Lake, N. J.

Judge Bedwell of North Plainfield has gone to Staten Island for a few weeks' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Holmes and Miss Holmes are at the Van Over House, Lake Hopatcong.

Mr. and Mrs. Bergen of New York are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Biglow of Washington Park.

Mr. T. J. Carey of No. 33 West Front street has gone to White House, N. J., for a week's vacation.

Frederick Sandford of Washington avenue, North Plainfield, has returned from an extended trip to Lake Hopatcong.

Mrs. John E. Beerbower and her three children have gone for a week's visit with Mrs. Beerbower's parents in Pennsylvania.

Mr. and Mrs. George Underhill of No. 73 East Front street are visiting Mrs. Underhill's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Dickinson, at Flanders.

Eva M. Terry, infant daughter of Edward and Georgina Terry of No. 58 Race street, North Plainfield died yesterday. The funeral will take place at 10 a. m. on Wednesday.

Hazel, the infant daughter of Martin and Emma Mantz of No. 12 Pearl street, North Plainfield, died this morning. The funeral services will take place from the house to-morrow at 1.30 o'clock in the afternoon. The interment will be at Mount Horeb.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Kelly are at Asbury Park. They formerly resided in that place and Mr. Kelly was the head of the firm of Kelly & Palmatier. Mr. Kelly is interested in Florida orange groves and timber lands and the family spend the Winters under palmy skies.

Rev. Hobart Clarke, pastor of the Unitarian church, and Mrs. Clarke, left town this morning on their vacation. They go first to Bass Park, Gloucester, Mass., where Mr. Clarke's brother has a cottage. Thence they will go to the old family homestead at Andover, Mass. They will return about the first week in September.

Dr. F. W. Westcott, of Scotch Plains, is well-known throughout Union county by reason of his having been County Physician ever since the Republicans gained control of that body a few years ago. He is the chief engineer of the fire department and interests himself in all local movements that have for their object the improvement of the town or the social enjoyment of the people.

David P. Hall, of Scotch Plains, is a follower of Blackstone. His pleasant cottage home in the "Village Under the Mountain," as Scotch Plains is sometimes called, is one of the most pleasant places in the town. Mr. Hall is one of the school trustees of the village and takes an active interest in educational affairs, especially those of his school district. He is also interested in the public library of the place. He is an active fireman and has been a member of Excelsior Hook and Ladder Company of Scotch Plains for nearly a quarter of a century, or even since it was organized.

SCHNEIDERWIND GUILTY.

Judge Codington Defers Sentence Until Thursday.

The case of the City of Plainfield against Peter Schneiderwind, commonly known as "Pete Winn," charged with having assaulted Special Officer Jacob Kelsey in Grader's Grove on the night of July 4th, occupied the attention of Judge Coddington and a jury for two hours this morning.

The testimony was exhaustive on both sides. Four witness were called by the city, and five by the defence. Most of the testimony for the defence was thrown out as unreliable.

Charles A. Reed represented the city and J. F. Powers had charge of the defence. The defence tried to show that Schneiderwind was sober at the time and that it was the officer who had committed the assault. The case was given to the jury at 12.10 p. m.

At 2.30 the jury returned with a verdict of guilty. Judge Codington deferred the sentence until Thursday.

Lawsuits Over Mince Pies.

The latest phase of the famous mince pies litigation, which has occupied the attention of the courts and the public for the past five years, is the announcement of Merrell & Soule, of Syracuse, N. Y., the manufacturers of the celebrated None Such brand of Condensed Mince Meat, that they have effected a settlement with the owners of the patent, by which they and their customers are exempted from all further annoyance in the litigation, or claims for damages, or claims for damages. The arrangement also provides future immunity to Merrell & Soule in the manufacture and sale of their None Such brand.

One of those interested says. "This is good news for mince pie lovers everywhere, as we can now sell their None Such pies to people. This brand has always been a decided favorite wherever introduced, and the further fact that it can be handled without the risk of the legal complications which attaches to the other makes, will doubtless add very largely to its already large sale."

—Several loads of peaches arrived in town this morning from over the mountain.

LEAGUE BASE BALL.

THE ELIZABETH TEAM TROUNCED AGAIN BY KELLER'S PETS.

Excellent Ball Despite the Sun's Hot Rays—Plainfield, 6; Elizabeth, 1—Somerville Won at Westfield—Score 8 to 4.

The Crescent League team gave the Elizabeth team another and its fourth hard trouncing Saturday and did it in a style that was highly pleasing to the big crowd that had assembled to witness the game.

The afternoon was a beautiful one, though extremely hot, but as the playing of the home team was excellent as usual the spectators didn't care a rap how much they perspired.

It was noticeable that there were many ladies on the grand stand and a goodly number of carriages were scattered about the grounds.

The score was:

CRESCENTS.

	R.	In.	P.O.	A.	E.
Hofford, c.	1	1	5	0	0
Brady, r.f.	1	0	2	0	0
Murphy, 2d b.	1	2	3	2	0
Turner, 3d b.	1	1	4	2	0
Daley, 1st b.	0	1	1	3	0
Leidy, l.f.	0	1	3	0	0
Bonner, s.s.	1	1	0	5	0
Jones, 1st b.	0	0	11	0	0
Sneeden, p.	1	0	2	1	1
Totals.	6	7	27	12	1

ELIZABETH.

	R.	In.	P.O.	A.	E.
Hughes, r.f.	1	0	0	0	0
Rafferty, c.	0	0	4	4	0
Bowes, 1st b.	0	0	2	0	0
Bowes, 1st b.	0	0	10	1	0
Sherry, 2d b.	0	0	6	2	0
Crape, l.f.	0	0	1	0	1
Meyers, 3d b.	0	0	3	4	0
Morrison, s.s.	0	0	1	3	0
Francis, p.	0	0	0	3	0
Totals.	1	1	27	18	4

Crescent League.....0 0 1 1 3 0 0 1 0—6
Elizabeth.....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Earned runs—Crescent League, 1. First base by errors—Crescent League, 3; Elizabeth, 1. Left on bases—Crescent League, 4; Elizabeth, 3. First base on balls—Off Sneeden, 3; off Francis, 4. Struck out—By Francis, 5; by Sneeden, 3. Three base hit—Murphy. Two base hit—Daley. Sacrifice hits—Hofford, Leidy, Rafferty. Stolen bases—Leidy, Bonner (2), Jones, Sneeden. Double play—Turner and Jones. Wild pitch—Francis. Passed ball—Rafferty. Umpire—Hudson. Time —2 hours.

Somerville won the game at Westfield Saturday by a streak of batting in the seventh and eighth innings. The score was:

WESTFIELD.

	R.	In.	P.O.	A.	E.
Shartrott, 3 b.	1	1	1	3	2
McIndoe, l. f.	1	3	0	0	0
Lever, c.	0	1	1	0	0
Gillis, r. f.	0	0	1	0	0
Smith, 1st b.	0	0	12	0	1
Howe, s. s.	0	0	1	4	1
Kinzie, 2d b.	1	0	3	1	1
Warner, c.	1	2	5	2	0
Clare, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Totals.	4	7	24	11	5

SOMERVILLE.

	R.	In.	P.O.	A.	E.
Carbonell, c. f.	0	1	2	0	0
Farrell, 2d b.	0	0	1	2	0
Harkins, 1st b.	0	0	11	0	2
Gore, r. f.	3	0	1	0	0
Kennedy, c.	1	1	4	4	0
Bonner, l. f.	0	0	1	0	1
Murray, s. s.	0	1	2	2	1
Cadmus, 3d b.	2	3	4	3	2
Anderson, p.	1	1	0	1	1
Totals.	8	8	27	10	6

Westfield.....1 0 1 0 0 0 2 1 —4
Somerville.....0 1 0 0 0 0 3 4 —8

Earned runs—Westfield, 1; Somerville, 3. First base by errors—Westfield, 4; Somerville, 3. First base on balls—Off Clare, 3; off Anderson, 2. Struck out—By Clare, 2; by Anderson, 4. Three-base hits —Sharrott, Cadmus. Two-base hits—Warner (2), Harkens, Cadmus. Stolen bases —Sharrott, McIndoe, Kinzine, Warner (2). Double plays—Kinzie (unassisted); Howe, Kinzie, and Smith. Hit by pitcher —By Clare, 1. Umpire—Hopkins. Time— 1.45.

HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	Plainfield	Somerville	Elizabeth	Westfield	Games won	Per cent.
Plainfield.		2	2	2	7	.700
Somerville.	2		2	2	6	.600
Elizabeth.	0	0		2	2	.400
Westfield.	0	0	2		2	.300
Games lost.	3	4	6	7		

A HISTORICAL DEED.

The Original Document of a Tract of Land Still in Possession of the Polhemus Family.

Through the careful researches of Mr. A. D. Mellick, Jr., of this city and the late Dr. Mosher, the readers of the Evening News have recently become familiar with many interesting facts regarding the early history of Union and Somerset counties.

It is, however, a lamentable fact, that our ancestors took very little pains to preserve such records and documents, as when handed down to posterity would form a clear and complete knowledge of the life and people of those early settlers in this Province.

The year 1681 is the date assigned the earliest settlement in Somerset county, and from this time forward arrivals were principally from Long Island, previous to 1700.

There is an interesting old deed, says an exchange, which has been handed down in the Polhemus family, and is now in the possession of Mrs. A. C. Whitehead of Somerville, which was executed in 1708, and dated back to the original patent granted in 1668.

This deed calls for over 4,000 acres, situated east of the Millstone River, and probably embracing the section in the neighborhood of Franklin Park, Rocky Hill and Kingston.

Thomas Hart, by whom the land was deeded, was one of the original "Twenty-four Proprietors of East New Jersey," and one of the twelve purchasers of the entire estate of Sir George Carteret, in New Jersey.

In 1704, Gerardus Beekman, first named in the deed, came from Flatbush, L. I., and settled at Six Mile Run, and shortly afterward Adrian Beekman also settled on the tract apportioned to him, and as the names of Aertsen and Creed are frequently met in the early records, it is supposed that they also took possession of the lands dedicated to them.

The two large sheets of sheepskin, upon which the deed is executed, are fastened together at the bottom with a strap-like arrangement. Though the sheets are yellow with age, the writing is clear and distinct, though somewhat difficult to read, owing to the peculiar appearance of the early English pen work.

The document begins: "This indenture quadripartite, made the ninth day of January, in the first year of the reign of our Sovereign Lady Anne, by the Grace of God of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, etc., anno domini one thousand seven hundred and two between Gerardus Beekman of Flatbush in Kings county, Gentleman and Adrain Beekman of the same, yoeman, of the first part, William Creed, of Jamaica, in Queens county, yeoman, and Edward Cardale of the same, yoeman, of the second part, John Aertsen of Bruklin, Kings county, yeoman, of the third part, and Lancaster Simms of New York, Gentleman, of the fourth part."

Wherein Thomas Hart of the city of London, merchant, one of the proprietors of the province of East New Jersey in America by G. VanDam of New York, merchant, his lawful attorney thereunto lawfully authorized by an instrument under the hand and seal of the said Thomas Hart dated the fourth day of December in the sixth year of the late reign of William the Third and Mary the Good, and registered in East New Jersey and by and instrument in writing under the hand and seale of the said G. VanDam in the name of the said Thomas Hart did grant, bargain and confirm unto the said Gerardus Beekman, Adrain Beekman, William Creed, John Aertsen, Thomas Cardale and Lancaster Simms and their heirs and assigns forever, all that part of his property in the said province of East New Jersey, being a certain part of land granted him by patent together with other proprietors or a competent and lawful number of them, which patent bears date the first day of June anno domini one thousand six hundred and eighty-eight, which said tract of land is situated, lying and being on Millstone river in the county of Somerset." The tract is "bounded on the east by Millstone river; north by Thomas Barker's land; south by Walter Berthall's land and west by land unappropriated, containing four thousand acres, be it more and higher ways four thousand acres or thereabouts." The division of this immense tract, according to the provisions of the deed, was a third part, or about thirteen hundred and forty acres to Gerardus Beekman, the same amount to William Creed and Thomas Cardale, and the third part to John Aertsen and Lancaster Simms.

The document bears the signatures of the parties interested, and the witnesses, David Jameson, Jno. Cholwell and Rob. Harris.

Another endorsement bearing date 1734, is made by James Alexander, counsel for the province of New York, to the effect that David Jameson, as that date appeared before him, and certified that he had witnessed the execution and delivery of the same deed on the date endorsed.

PEN SKETCHES FROM LIFE.

Obstructing the Railroad Company's Landable Endeavors.

Last Friday evening on the 6.30 boat boat from New York, were a lot of Westfield, Somerville, Elizabeth and Plainfield commuters. Also on the boat was a poor, little, crippled lad who started to play a fiddle. That done he took off his ragged cap and was commencing to go around, when a deck-hand rushed in and would have put him out, but a young commuter sprang up, put the boy in his seat and with the lad's hat started to collect for him. This phazed the deck hand for a moment. Then he started toward the young man. That settled it. The ire of the commuters had been gradually rising. Now it overflowed. They arose and caught hold of hands. Then they fairly ran that deck-hand out of the cabin amidst yells, hoots and laughter.

And the more sedate passengers who did not take part, smiled broadly.

The railroad company aims to stop the imposition constantly practised on passengers by beggars generally. The more encouragement given the beggars the more difficult the task. There are institutions provided for the care of cripples, which are supported by public charities and by the State, but the parents prefer to have them beg, so as to be kept themselves in idleness, by the earnings of the poor unfortunates, and are encouraged by just such mistaken zeal as manifested above.

STATE NEWS

A colored man is employed as policeman in Neptune township.

An Eatontown cat has a family of kittens that were born without tails.

The New Jersey Dairymen's Association will give a monster picnic at Brown Mills-in-the-Pines on August 3.

A story is being told in Sussex county about a wild woman who lives in a cave near Stewartsville. Searching parties will explore.

John Pally, living at Bridgeboro, has been committed to the county jail on a charge of stealing ten blackberries from a grower.

The new Jersey and New York Railroad Company is talking of double-tracking its road as far as Hillsdale, beginning at Berie Junction.

According to the United States statistics, farm land in New Jersey is rated as an average of $65 per acre, the highest of any State in the Union.

Joseph Vandergrift has been elected Chief Engineer of the Bordentown Fire Department. Edward Devine and Samuel Ely were elected Assistant Engineers.

BREATHS.

MANTZ—In this city July 23th, Hazel, infant daughter of Martin and Emma Mantz.

Funeral services from the residence of her parents, 12 Pearl street, Tuesday July 26th, at 1.30 p. m. Interment at Mount Horeb.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

O'DONNELL BAILED.

Hugh Ross, Martin Fay and Peter Allen also Released.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 23. (Special.)—Hugh O'Donnell, the leader of the Homestead workmen, who is charged

HUGH O'DONNELL.

with murder, was released this morning on $10,000 bail.

Hugh Ross, Martin Fay and Peter Allen, three other defendants in the Homestead murder cases, were also released on bail with O'Donnell.

A BIG ROBBERY.

A Safe in the Asbury Park Electric Car Office Blown Open Last Night. The Watchman Gagged.

ASBURY PARK, July 25th. (Special.)—One of the boldest robberies ever perpetrated in this city was done here last night. Shortly after two o'clock this morning Night Watchman Henry Dickman, who is in the employ of the Seashore Electric Railway at this place, was murderously assaulted, bound, gagged, and thrown into a small room, while the burglars quietly drilled in a whole in the Marvin safe and then blew it open, making off with the contents without leaving the slightest clew to their identity.

Dickman was this morning in a precarious condition, the result of his wounds.

Superintendent Hickley was unable to say just how much money the burglars succeeded in getting. The heaviest business of the road is done on Saturday and Sunday, and all of the two days' receipts were in the safe, together with what change there was from the week. The receipts of the road on Saturdays and Sundays foot up to about $5,000. The car house is located on Main street, and is but a stone's throw from the police headquarters.

EDISON WORKS $100,000 ABLAZE.

A Boy Reported Killed at the Schenectady Works.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 25, (Special)—Fire broke out in the Edison works early this morning. The tube works, in which the armatures are made, were totally destroyed, together with much valuable machinery.

The fire is still raging. A boy is reported as having been burnt to death. The damage is very heavy owing to the immense value of the machinery.

A Forger Sentenced.

JERSEY CITY, July 23, (Special.)—John Hyer, who was convicted of forgery, was sentenced in the Hudson County Court, by Judge Lippincott, to five years in the State prison.

Nature compels us to eat. She supplies

HORNBY'S

H-O

OAT-FOOD

which is sufficient for recuperation and satisfaction.

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.

Full Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

IF

You Want Anything in Our Line, Such as

CORSETS, EMBROIDERIES, NOTIONS, GLOVES, CRETONNES, SILKOLINE, SCOTCH GINGHAMS, HOSIERY, LACES, MUSLIN and FLANNEL UNDERWEAR, CAMBRICS, MUSLINS, HANDKERCHIEFS, RIBBONS, WOOL DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CALICOES, DOMESTIC GINGHAMS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every description or anything else that is usually found in a FIRST-CLASS DRY and FANCY GOODS HOUSE, call at

EDSALL'S!

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,

Egg Milk Shakes,

Egg Phosphates,

are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.

Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

Lumber & Coal

TOMLIS & RICE

B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75 A

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COACHMAN and gardener of experience and ability wants employment. Good references. Apply at 23 Howard street. 20 tf

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Corresponding agents in every town, to inform us of parties intending opening or refitting saloons by the largest saloon fixture manufacturers in the world. Good man can make $5,000. The Rothschild Bar Fixture Co., 1159 Broadway, corner 28th street, New York. 22 7 sods

WANTED—Colored girl for general housework, 18 Westervelt avenue. 20 2

BOARDERS WANTED.

ROOMS with board at 80 East Front street. 15-8

WANTED—Board in private family in North Plainfield. Two adults and one child. Address, stating terms and location of house. "H. G.," care of EVENING NEWS. 22 tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. tf

FOR SALE.

AUCTION of furniture on Tuesday next, by Amos Moffett, licensed auctioneer, at 58 Park avenue, at two o'clock. 23 2

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

A MOB will meet you there. 23 2

OLD-FASHIONED furniture is good and bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 3-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 9 29tf

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach.)

Gala Day

Every Saturday.

The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.

A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given.

Every Saturday Afternoon.

Put Your Finger Here

O

Hold it there while you read this!

The most delicious Brown Bread, Fruit and Nut, Pudding and Boston Brown Bread are made fresh every day at 61 Park avenue.

M. E. Beach, agent for Arnold's Steam Cooker.

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

TOWNSEND'S

Marble and Granite Works,

No. 220 SOMERSET STREET, near FRONT.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and strive to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend,

Manager. 19-1m

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.

Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

Ladies' Jersey suits in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

Gauze vests, 25c.

Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantilets to match, 12, 15, 19 and 20c.

Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c, 40c. and 50c.

Men's Jean Drawers, 30c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. At Harrod Academy, 107 Park avenue. Class in French, now forming. Also private lessons in French and German. Class lessons 50c., private lessons $1.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Both by its numerical and moral forces the Christian Endeavor national meeting made more impression on New York city than any other convention has done in recent years.

That portion of the United States army engaged in naval target practice for our coast defenses has hit something. It was not the target, however. It was a schooner three-quarters of a mile away from the target. The dangerous point is usually about that far away from the target.

Two hundred thousand men idle and on strike, a bloody mob battle in Pennsylvania, a fearful dynamite explosion at San Francisco that was felt eighty miles away at Sacramento, a flood, with immense damage to the crops in the Mississippi, and nearly the whole of St. John's, Newfoundland, swept away by fire, rendering 15,000 persons homeless—all within four days in this remarkable summer of 1892.

Have a Fad.

The only way to retain health of body and mind in this rushing, high pressure American life is to have a fad. Whatever your daily occupation is, leave it behind you when you quit workshop, office or fields and amuse yourselves with something that interests you outside of them. Get something as far from the grind of your daily work as possible.

One busy man relaxes the mental tension by cultivating trees and shrubs, and a beautiful and useful fad this is. Another chooses gardening and fruit culture. Charles A. Dana has one of the rarest, finest collections of shrubs, flowers and orchids on his island at Glen Cove that exists in the world. This is his fad—one of them at least. Commodore Vanderbilt loved horses, and at times they seemed to be the only creatures he did love. So Robert Bonner's fad is horses. August Belmont's favorite relaxation was placing American horse racing on a basis where gentlemen might engage in it. Vice President Morton's model farm and unrivaled herd of Guernsey cows at Rhinebeck serve to rest him and unstring the drawn bow of his mind.

Some study music and find in it a refuge from the loads of care that crush all who do not throw them off; others collect natural history specimens; others go in for athletics or fishing; yet others find in the study of psychology and weird psychic phenomena that which takes them out of the everyday world for the time being. But a fad every intensely busy person must have or lose his grip.

Do Americans Read Poetry?

An American poet whose fame is established on firm ground on both sides of the Atlantic wrote some time since to the editor of a leading American magazine asking if there was any room for verses in his great monthly. The editor wrote back at once, "My Dear Sir—We have already on hand and paid for $9,000 worth of the finest poetry." The poet wrote back instantly, "Then why don't you print some of it?"

This poet does not believe that the taste for genuine poetical literature has died out from the American soul. The only trouble is, in his judgment, that the American public never gets anything to whet its poetic appetite. The trouble is with the writers and editors. The poet says:

> I do not believe in the present newspaper doctrine that "the American people no longer read poetry." I believe they read it as much as ever when they find any worth reading. If they turn with disgust from the endless flood poured out by the Sunday papers, where's the wonder? The public seems to have only a choice between this wretched trash it is blasphemy to call it poetry) and the foggy, obscure, unthinkable verse served up by the magazines. Look at the last ——'s "poems"—nearly all written by persons never heard of before, persons without reputation or experience or ability. Not one of them is quotable; not one of them softens or gives human emotion or experience; not one appeals to any sympathy of the human heart. To the average intelligence they did not mean anything.
>
> So long as every week I receive more or less letters from strangers, asking me for copies of poems, for information as to where certain verses may be found and inquiring what magazine I write for, and why I do not write more, I shall believe that there are still persons who read verse and who like what they can understand.
>
> I think the trouble is primarily with a few magazine editors who, having little sense of poetry themselves, think any piece of writing is poetry, and is excellent in exact proportion as it is incomprehensible. Newspapers do not think verse worth paying for, but they think it worth borrowing; and they can only borrow it from magazines—or publish the work of amateurs and children not out of school. No really good workman can afford to work for nothing.
>
> A man may be a very excellent editor of a political, scientific, humanitarian, or even strictly literary magazine, and yet have no idea whatever of poetry or music; indeed, the musical instinct, although far from universal, is much more common than the poetical. Plenty of bright, intelligent, well read persons are no judges of music. They never sang a note. Would any one seriously consider think of having such persons decide on the merits of an opera, an anthem or an oratorio?
>
> Yet this is what is continually done with regard to a much rarer and more abstruse art by the average editor. He seems to think a "poem" must be like Browning. He has no ear to it. It must be profound because he does not understand it. Walt Whitman's idea of a poem was that it was an inventory cut into lengths, and numbers of popular editors are quite as wide of the mark. — has the idea that it is fancy talk, chopped to measure, and —— seem to think it is anything they happen to hear in the street, the kitchen or the saloon, after they have tortured it into given dimensions. And because some hopelessly narrow-minded men in the employ of the —— seems to know no better than to call the chant of trash "poetry," the weed thought that "the American people no longer read poetry."

FRICK MAY LIVE.

The Assassin's Hand Barely Falls in Its Fell Purpose.

THE CRISIS NOT YET PASSED

But the Surgeons Believe He Will Pull Through All Right.

The Anarchist Berkman Who Shot Down and Stabbed the Carnegie Company's Chairman Unconcerned and Sorry His Work Was Not Better Done—A Soldier Fearfully Punished for Calling for Cheers for Berkman—Mrs. Frick Prostrated—A Theory That O'Donnell Was Concerned in the Attempt on Frick's Life.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—The excitement occasioned by the attempted assassination of Mr. H. C. Frick, of the Carnegie company, in his office by the anarchist Berkman, of New York, is unabated, and completely overshadows the stirring incidents of the Homestead strike. Berkman had been hanging around the office for a couple of days, sending in his card to Frick and others and disappearing before the messenger returned. On Saturday afternoon, however, he evidently screwed his courage up to the striking point and returned once more, determined to execute his fiendish mission, and again sent up his card to Mr. Frick.

While the office boy was in Mr. Frick's room J. G. A. Leishman, the vice chairman of the Carnegie Steel company, walked through the general office into Mr. Frick's private office. Mr. Leishman had scarcely reached himself opposite Mr. Frick when Berkman followed him into the room. He did not speak a word.

Shot and Stabbed.

As the swinging door folded behind him he drew a revolver, aimed at Mr. Frick's head and pulled the trigger. He stood scarcely four feet from where Mr. Frick was sitting. A spurt of blood from the neck showed where the bullet had struck. Again, with a second report, came a spurt of blood from the neck. A third time he tried to fire.

Mr. Leishman sprang upon him and threw up his hand. The bullet struck the ceiling. Mr. Frick was half dazed for a moment, then leaping upon the assassin he threw him to the floor. Mr. Leishman knocked the revolver from Berkman's hand and Mr. Frick threw himself upon him. The young man drew a long knife, a clumsy, wicked, homemade affair. His hand shot outward and the knife gashed into Mr. Frick's side just above the hip.

The fight lasted scarcely five seconds, but in that time Mr. Frick received two stabs from the knife. Mr. Ames ran in and pulled Berkman away. Mr. Frick staggered to the window, fainted and was carried downstairs by for the police. Then he sank down faint from the loss of blood.

There was a little German carpenter at work in the building. He ran into the room with his hammer in his hand and raised it to strike Berkman over the head. Mr. Frick called out: "Don't kill him! Let the police take care of him."

The clerks carried Mr. Frick back into Mr. Leishman's office. Dr. John Littlefield was summoned. In a few minutes there were twenty physicians there. Mr. Frick was examined, the balls probed for and the wounds hurriedly dressed, and he was then removed to his home in an ambulance.

Sorry Frick Wasn't Killed.

Berkman was held by strong arms till the police arrived, when he was taken to the Central police station. On the way it was noticed that he had something in his mouth which he seemed to chew persistently and try to bite pretty hard. The policemen asked him what it was. He refused to tell them. At the station, when he was questioned, he thrust it far back in his mouth. When he was searched this was forced out of his mouth. It was found to be a small dynamite cartridge, similar to the one with which Anarchist Lingg blew off his head just before he was to have been hanged in Chicago. The discovery of this cartridge was the only thing which troubled the young man.

When asked why he had tried to kill Mr. Frick he laughed and said, "I guess you know why." He was anxious to withhold his nationality at first, but after a while he said, "I was born in St. Petersburg; I am a Russian Jew and I am proud of it." He said his name was Alexander Berkman and that he was twenty-one years old. He said that he lived on Forty-second street, New York.

He was asked, "What was your purpose in coming to Pittsburg?" "I came here to kill H. C. Frick."

"Who sent you here?" "No one."

"But you told the surgeon that you were coming!" "No, I did not. No one knew of it except myself. I made up my mind that it had to be done and that I was chosen to do it."

"Why did you want to kill Mr. Frick?" "I wanted to kill him that I might save and help the great army of workingmen all over the world. I did not come here for any association or as a representative of organized labor. I shot him simply as an individual."

"The doctors say that he will not die; are you glad of that?" "No; I am not. I came here to kill that man Frick; I am mad with anger to think I was not more successful. But may be he will die after all. I hope so. He was then stripped, searched, given other clothes and locked up in a cell.

FRICK RESTING EASILY,

But the Surgeons Say He Is Not Yet Out of Danger.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—Henry C. Frick's splendid constitution is standing him in good stead in the struggle, and, as physicians, could have survived for many hours the terrible injuries which he received at the hands of the Russian anarchist, to say nothing of the loss of blood and the shock to the nervous system. Yet he passed a good day, notwithstanding the fact that it was the most sweltering one of the season, and now he is reported as resting easy. One or another of the surgeons was in constant attendance during the day, and the injured man's wounds were frequently dressed. The medical men are gratified to find that none of there are no indications of inflammation or blood poisoning.

As the time since the shooting has the wounded man lost consciousness from pain, and when not doping he talked freely and apparently with no effort to those about him. The surgeons will not say that he is absolutely out of danger, as it will be several days before the crisis can be regarded as having safely passed, but at the same time they are free to express the opinion that if the indications of the past twenty-four hours count for anything he will not only pull through, but in half the time usually accorded to such cases by medical jurisprudence.

Frick Will Still Direct Events.

There has been and is a good deal of talk and speculation regarding the possible effect of the tragedy upon the management and affairs of the Carnegie company, as well as upon the Homestead and kindred strikes. In this connection a gentleman, who stands very close to the corporation and who knows whereof he speaks, said in his long intimacy with Mr. Frick, said: "So long as Mr. Frick retains possession of his faculties there will be no necessity for a change in chairman or even for the vice chairman to assume control. Mr. Frick on his back will be the same Mr. Frick that sat in his revolving chair in his office Saturday morning.

"Every detail of every section of the gigantic interests under his care are at his fingers' ends, and the corporation will be run from his sick chamber with the same promptitude and same unerring judgment, the same instantaneous grasp of the situation, the same autocracy that have always distinguished him. This was evidenced by his pluck in insisting that the surgeons should stop probing for the bullets in order that he might append his signature to important documents, as well as by his action in calling all his head men into the office and giving them instructions for Monday's work.

"As to the Homestead strike I am confident that this affair will not change his policy one iota. He will go on the path he has laid out, although it may be necessary to call in others to do work that under different circumstances he would have done himself."

Mrs. Frick Prostrated.

Mrs. Frick was not told of the shooting. She did not even know that there had been a strike and a riot at Homestead. All this news was kept from her. When the troubles began there was a little one expected to come into the world, and it was not thought wise to let her know of all the terrible things which had happened. So she was carefully guarded. The little one came and wazed strong. The mother was beginning to feel well again.

When Mr. Frick was brought to his home Mrs. Frick was told that he was somewhat indisposed, the result of the hot weather, and that it would not be wise for her to see him. She herself was weak and accepted what was told her. This morning a paper fell into her hands; it was the first that she had seen for more than a month, the big headlines telling of the shooting of her husband was the first story that met her eyes.

She screamed and fainted. The doctors from her husband's room were summoned. No sooner was Mrs. Frick revived than she went into another fainting fit. For hours she remained in a comatose state and the sedatives seemed to have no effect. When she recovered she was exhausted and her nervous condition is serious owing to shock in connection with the weakness resulting from her illness.

BERKMAN UNCONCERNED.

He Says Frick Killed Many Men and Had to Suffer for It.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—The would be murderer of Mr. Frick, Alexander Berkman, spent last night in the cell No. 4 of the Central station, and awakening bright and early asked for some breakfast, particularly requesting that it should be hot. A good meal was given him, and after cleaning the plates he put on a clean, laundered shirt, a stand up collar and a light tie. Then he lit a cigarette, and for the rest of the day one of these concoctions was not out of his mouth more than a few moments at a time. One of his first questions to the guard was concerning the condition of Mr. Frick, and when told that he was doing very well shrugged his shoulders and said then he had nothing to say.

Presently he asked what the people—laying stress upon the point that he did not mean the newspapers—thought of the affair. On being told that it was the general opinion that he had no ground for his action he replied energetically: "All the people will soon think as I do. They say I am against the law, but I say that man was against the law. He was against the people, and when he is against the people he is against the state and therefore against the law."

He refused to say whether he was an anarchist or had known Herr Most, and laughed heartily when asked if he had lived on Forty-second street, in New York. "Why, I am not rich enough to live there," he said; "all rich people, the big men live there. I do not belong to them."

He went on to say that he had worked on a Russian as well as some German papers in New York, but would not give their names, although he reeled off the names of the proprietors and editors of The Staats Zeitung. He said that he left New York on Thursday morning over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

Frick Had to Suffer.

When asked if he came with the express intention of killing Mr. Frick he replied, "Well, I say that Frick has killed many men and he has to suffer for it." Berkman then said he was surprised that Frick could not be tried before September, saying that he would like an earlier trial and asked if he would be allowed to defend himself. He was told that he could speak all day if he wished, to which he replied, "I believe I could get through in a day, but my English would give out in a long speech and I would want counsel." The prisoner was more cool and collected than on Saturday and did not look so much like a maniac as at the time of the shooting.

There was apparently no gleam of insanity in his eye, but he insisted on wearing glasses, and these, in a measure, helped to change his appearance. His appearance is not very prepossessing. The most remarkable part of his facial characteristics is his mouth. It is certainly forbidding. His lower lip and his upper lip are double, remarkably so, even in the eyes of detectives, who have had to study the characteristics. He has a short growth of beard, has brown eyes and his forehead is low.

Neither O'Donnell nor Ross had any visitors in the county jail Sunday. The general expectation is that Judge McClung's decision will be favorable to the release of both men on bail.

IAMS FEARFULLY PUNISHED.

Tortured, Disfigured and Drummed Out of Camp for Cheering for Berkman.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—For proposing three cheers for the fellow who shot H. C. Frick, Private W. L. Iams, of Company K, Tenth regiment, of Wyoming, was subjected to the most humiliating punishment. He was overheard by Lieutenant Colonel Streator, who ordered the entire regiment to be drawn up in line, and then he directed the man who had proposed the cheers for Berkman to advance to the front. Iams stepped forward. When asked why he had been guilty of such a thing he seemed to admit a bravado and refused to answer. He was asked to apologize, but refused to do so. He was then sent to the guardhouse and his case was reported to Major General Snowden, who ordered a court martial.

The regimental officers held the hearing, and as Iams admitted his guilt and refused to apologize the court martial ordered that half the hair of his head and mustache be shaved off; that he strung by the thumbs for thirty minutes, be stripped of his uniform, dishonorably discharged and drummed out of camp. After having his head and mustache shaved as directed Iams was hanged by the thumbs. For thirty minutes he endured this torture and then he lost consciousness. Two surgeons ordered that he be cut down at once or he would soon be dead. He was cut down, and after the doctors revived him he was stripped of his uniform and given an old pair of overalls to wear. With only these and a shirt and an old hat he was led out of the camp to Sewickle station to the tune of the "Rogues' March."

The entire provisional brigade witnessed the humiliating spectacle. Iams is twenty-four years old and is a farmer. He is a member of one of the oldest families of Greene county and is related to many of the most prominent people in the county. Opinion is divided as to the punishment, and many of the officers of the guard think it is too severe. Some of them say that hanging up by the thumbs is not permitted by the regulations, nor is the shaving of the head. As General Snowden approved the finding of the court martial they refuse to give their views publicly.

THE COMPANY'S ULTIMATUM.

Permanent Work Guaranteed to All Men Who Return to the Mills.

HOMESTEAD, July 25.—The following notice has been posted by the Carnegie Steel Company (limited) at all its mills.

To all men who enter our employ July 25, 1892:

In no case and under no circumstances will a single man of you be discharged to make room for another man. You will keep your respective positions so long as you attend to your duties.

Positive orders to this effect have been given to the general superintendent.

By order of the board of managers of the Carnegie Steel company (limited).

H. C. FRICK, Chairman.

Homestead Steel Works, July 25, 1892.

Four nonunion men who have been working in the Carnegie mills here threw up their jobs. They told members of the advisory committee on the strike that they had been deceived as to the conditions governing their employment at the works. The names of three of them are John Rooke, an engineer, of Germantown, Pa., and James P. Hurley and James Elliot, of Philadelphia. The other man did not give his name.

The men were questioned by members of the advisory committee, and said they came to Homestead expecting to live as other men. They were not told that they were to be cooped up inside the big fence. According to these four men there are only a hundred nonunion workers inside the mills. It is reported that thirty-two more nonunion men will leave the works.

According to members of the advisory committee employees of the Pennsylvania Railroad company will probably notify the company within forty-eight hours of their intention to refuse to assist in any way the transportation of the product of the Carnegie Steel works while they are operated by nonunion labor. A delegation of locomotive engineers, firemen, freight handlers and other employees of the Pennsylvania company from Pittsburg had a conference with the advisory committee on the subject of declaring a boycott against the Carnegie product, and while no decision was reached the advisory committee say that such a course as that stated will probably be taken.

IS O'DONNELL INVOLVED?

A Theory That He Was in a Conspiracy to Kill Frick.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—Provost Marshal Greene and some other officers of the Third brigade, which is composed in great part of regiments from the anthracite coal regions, which was terrorized by the "Mollie Maguires" twenty-five years, have a theory that there is some connection between Hugh O'Donnell recently held in New York and the attempt of Berkman to kill Mr. Frick.

They say "Hairy Faced" O'Donnell, a notorious Mollie Maguire, was an uncle of the Homestead strike leader. He served twelve years in the Schuylkill county prison for the murder of Morgan Powell, at Tamaqua. It was the policy of the Mollie Maguires to bring their murderers from other towns, and they profess to believe that Hugh O'Donnell was not ignorant of the methods that prevailed in the murderous organization of which "Hairy Faced" O'Donnell was a leader.

The Christian Alliance.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 25.—The convention of the Christian alliance is in session here.

FASHIONS

Ready for the Seashore.

A GRACEFUL EFFECT.

For the seashore the design shown above is intended. It is a simple white muslin frock embroidered entirely from waist and sleeves over one white satin skirt, the corsage of muslin draped over similar gleaming material. Round the waist there is a sash forming a cornelet, and studded with small pearl buttons, bows, of yellow and palm-green pekin ribbon, a little bow to match, pinned on the bust. A sun bonnet or kind of lampshade hat, with overhanging frills of white lace, held in place by a ruching of white satin round the edge of the brim, is trimmed with a series of radiating loop bows of cream moire, while on the left side lightly resting, is a large luminous Mexican butterfly.

THE RUGGLES BOYS LYNCHED.

A Mob Takes the Stage Robbers from Jail and Hangs Them to a Bridge.

REDDING, Cal., July 25.—About 300 armed men went to the court house and took out John and Charles Ruggles and hanged them on the railroad company's roundhouse about a block south of the jail. John hanged for his brother Charles' life and offered to tell where the stolen money was hidden if he would spare them.

The Ruggles boys robbed the Redding stage in May, killed the Wells-Fargo messenger, Buck Montgomery, wounded the driver and a passenger and secured the Wells-Fargo treasure box, containing several thousand dollars. Charles Ruggles, the younger brother, who was an expert at highwayman, was seriously wounded. John took all the plunder from his brother and left him, as he supposed, to die.

The next day a posse found Charles in a canyon near the scene of the robbery and brought him to Redding, where he had recovered from his injuries. A few weeks ago John Ruggles was captured at Woodland and also brought to Redding. The Ruggles boys were sons of a well-to-do farmer in San Joaquin county, near Fresno.

The Moffat Bank Robbers Caught.

DENVER, July 25.—J. H. Cross and A. J. McDaniels were arrested and brought from Elizabeth, Colo., charged with the Moffat bank robbery, which occurred in March, 1889. At that time a stranger entered the bank and demanded $62,000, or said he would blow up the bank with dynamite. He got the money. Cross is the man arrested and McDaniels is held as an accomplice.

FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received through A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND, 24 West Front Street.

JUST ONE MOMENT, PLEASE!

You can invest money to secure you enormous returns, by insuring your life. It provides for your wife and family if you die, or if you want to enjoy the money, insure for ten, fifteen or twenty years in

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York or Newark.

If you are thinking of insuring write for circulars. H. D. Morrison, agent.

For the Next 30 Days we will sell all Remnants of Paper AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Bronzes at a Bargain.

Marsh, Ayers & Co., 29 East Front street.

GET YOUR Bicycle Repaired at NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J. by Henry Goeller, Jr.

V. L. FRAZEE, GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES 25 West Front Street.

THE MANHATTAN WINE ROOM, 179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET, (Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.) FRANK LINKE, Proprietor. ESTABLISHED 1880.

Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaefer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families. Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street. All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

MONEY FOR RELATIVES, ALSO TICKETS

friends, or acquaintances may be sent by drafts, cashed free of charge in Europe, for sale here.

for all European points, on any steamer, or line, First and Second Cabin, and Steerage, cheaper than in New York. Illustrated catalogue upon application.

Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset street.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand. MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic, Needs no turning.

The Rapid, Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE, and Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN, 13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

CARRIAGES and HARNESS of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor. Accessable at Any Time.

RYERSON, 33 SOMERSET STREET.

PIPTONIZED Beef, Iron and Wine 50c. Per Pint Bottle. at WILLIAMS'

BABY : LAUGHS when mamma uses

ANTI-CHAP.

For children and infants. There is no preparation so cleansing and healthful for the little ones as Anti-Chap.

Wash your baby with Anti-Chap Soap. Dust the baby with ANTI-CHAP POWDER.

Papa, Mamma, Everybody should use the delightful Anti-Chap. Your druggist keeps it. 25 cents.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President. WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President. NATHAN HARPER, " " ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

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Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

CRUSHED STONE! ALL SIZES, Of finest Light Blue Color. References:— F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor. ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros., 94 SOMERSET STREET.

Cleaner Coal! L. A. Rheaume, Ag't, 50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for soft coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll Sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

JOHN JOHNSTON, Dealer in BEST QUALITY COAL YARD AND OFFICE SOUTH AVENUE. P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Office No. 28 West Front street.

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Manufacturers of the Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers.

P. O. box 689 Telephone call 25.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:35, 8:45, a. m., 11:00, 2:05, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 5:30 and 9 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:45 a. m., 2:15, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5:30 p. m.

ELIAS R. POPE, P. M.

VANDERBILT IN A WRECK

His Yacht Alva Crashed Into by a Steamer and Sunk.

NARROW ESCAPE FOR ALL ON BOARD

The Millionaire and His Guests Arrived Only in Their Night Clothes Taken Aboard the Vessel Which Ran the Alva Down—Landed Safely in Boston.

BOSTON, July 25.—William K. Vanderbilt and a party of friends were shipwrecked off Pollock's Rip shoals, Nantucket, and narrowly escaped drowning. Mr. Vanderbilt and a party, including Frederick W. Vanderbilt, George W. DeForest, Frederick S. Hoyt and Messrs. Pell and Riggs, left Newport on board the steam yacht Alva at 8 o'clock last evening. Mr. Vanderbilt's steam yacht Alva for a cruise, arriving at Bar Harbor at noon on Friday. On Saturday afternoon they started on the return trip to Newport.

They had fine weather until Sunday morning, when at about 6 o'clock they ran into a thick fog off Nantucket, and not deeming it safe to proceed anchored in the channel. Officers of the Alva say a man was stationed at the fog bell and kept it ringing vigorously when coming. Between that hour and 8:40 two vessels passed them safely, hearing their bell.

The officers on the Alva soon after 8 o'clock heard the steamer H. F. Dimock, of the Metropolitan line, approaching, and continued to keep the yacht's bell in motion. The Dimock, they maintain, answered with her whistle and as she neared the yacht slowed down her engines, running at dead slow speed. As nearly as they could judge the Dimock seemed to go around the yacht and then ran into her on the port bow, cutting a large hole in her side and sinking her in twenty minutes.

Got Off Just in Time.

At the moment of the collision Mr. Vanderbilt and his guests were in bed, and the rude awaking and the imminent danger left them no time in which to dress.

Mr. Vanderbilt threw his pajama over his robe du chambre when he rushed on deck, and, taking in the situation at a glance, he ran forward, so it is said, and climbed up the bow of the Dimock to the deck.

The people on the Alva hailed the Dimock and said they were sinking. Captain Coleman of the Dimock, after receiving an affirmative answer to the question whether the boat remained intact, told the people on the yacht that he would lay by until they could be transferred to his vessel.

A steam launch, four rowboats and a naphtha launch were then lowered from the Alva, which was rapidly sinking, and the owner and passengers, with the crew, were soon afloat and rapidly pulling away from their doomed craft. Their exit was none too soon, for when they were about a cable's length from their vessel she made a violent keel-to port, and righting again plunged down, bows first, and nothing but the three masts sticking out of the water indicated the presence of the magnificent ocean rover they had so lately deserted.

Everything but Life Lost.

The party were all safely landed on board the Dimock, which anchored and remained until the fog lifted and a course was set for Boston. So hurriedly were the occupants of the ill-fated craft obliged to leave that they were all, with the exception of the watch on deck, clad in nothing but their night clothes, and lost everything they had in the way of valuables. None of the passengers had a shoe or stocking on when landed in the cabin of the Dimock.

The passengers on board the latter named vessel clothed the people from the yacht as best they could with the available spare raiment.

The Dimock was going at a greatly reduced speed at the time of the collision, otherwise she would probably have run right over the Alva, and a frightful loss of life would have been the result, owing to the fact that all the passengers and one half the crew were soundly asleep at the time of the accident.

She Was Worth a Million.

Arriving in this city the Vanderbilt party at once took a train for their home in Newport.

The Alva is a steel screw steamer with barkentine rig. She is 285 feet over all, 252 feet on the water line, 32.3 feet wide, and has a draft of 18 feet. The engine is of the three cylinder compound direct acting type, the high pressure cylinder being 32 and the low pressure cylinders being 45 inches in diameter, with 42 inch stroke of piston. The boilers are 10 feet long by 17 feet in diameter. A powerful dynamo engine supplies the electric light with which the vessel is lighted throughout. She is supplied with steam steering gear and a steam windlass.

The Alva was one of the largest and finest private pleasure steamers afloat, and with her fittings, it is estimated, was worth not far from $1,000,000. She was under the command of Captain Henry Morrison. She was built in Wilmington, Del., in 1885. The wanken vessel now rests on a sandy bottom, and divers will be dispatched to see what can be done toward raising her.

No Half Mile for Allerton.

AUGUSTA, Me., July 25.—A. W. Libby, manager of the Pine Tree Stock farm at Farmingdale, where there is one of the fastest half mile tracks in the country, recently offered a purse of $5,000 for a race between Nelson and Allerton. C. H. Nelson answered, "Will trot any horse in the world over your track." Allerton's owner replied, "Wouldn't trot Allerton over a half mile track for any purpose."

Lost at Niagara.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., July 25.—Marcus M. Mason, cashier of the Investment Trust company of Boston, slipped from a flat rock in the Cave of the Winds into the falls and was lost.

An Old Railroad Man Dead.

BOSTON, July 25.—Thomas Nickerson, aged eighty-one years, died at his residence at Newton Center. He was the first president of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad.

Charged with Embezzlement.

TORONTO, July 25.—E. A. Eagery, alias E. Ealden, of West Superior, has been arrested here, charged with embezzling $700 belonging to the American Assurance company.

His Burden Was Too Heavy.

DES MOINES, July 25.—George W. Duncan, of Milford, O., killed himself here. He left a letter saying, "I have tried to fight against this trouble, but alas! in vain."

Satisfactory Armor Tests.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Secretary Tracy and Commodore Folger went to Indian Head, Md., to witness armor tests, which were most satisfactory.

—Life.

Two Letters.

To Mr. S. Tudor Tudd:

DEAR SIR—Kindly accept inclosed check for $1.50, in payment of your poem, "A Water Lily," which appeared in No. 3,106 of Fudge. With thanks for your contribution,

Editor Fudge.

Fudge:

SIR—Please find inclosed P. O. note for two dollars, for which send me to address below twenty copies of Fudge No. 3,106. Yours, etc.,

S. TUDOR TUDD.

—Brooklyn Life.

Nip and Tuck.

Wife—Why don't you hurry and get through shaving, George? It's almost church time.

Husband—I can't, Sarah. You'll have to go to church without me. You see, I've been using some of that new hair tonic on my face, and before I get one side finished the whiskers have grown out on the other side.—Pharmaceutical Era.

A JOINT TARIFF DEBATE.

Colonel McClure Challenges Governor McKinley to Discuss the Issue.

PHILADELPHIA, July 25.—The Hon. A. K. McClure has challenged Governor William McKinley, Jr., of Ohio, to a joint debate on the tariff question in the Academy of Music, this city. As a result of the correspondence, which passed between the two gentlemen, Mr. McClure has addressed the following to Mr. Harrity:

PHILADELPHIA, July 22, 1892.

To the Hon. William F. Harrity, Chairman National Democratic Committee:

DEAR SIR—I herewith transmit to you copies of the correspondence between Governor McKinley, of Ohio, and myself, relating to a proposed discussion of the tariff in this city. It seems from Governor McKinley's letter that he regards the tariff as purely a partisan question, and that he is not at liberty to discuss it during the campaign without the consent or direction of the Republican national committee.

There is no community on the continent that is so generally and so directly interested in tariff taxes as Philadelphia, and Governor McKinley's eminent ability and exceptional familiarity with the question as the author of the present tariff should be heard on the subject by our people of every faith. Please communicate with Chairman Carter, of the Republican national committee, and obtain his consent for Governor McKinley to discuss the tariff in Philadelphia, as proposed in the inclosed correspondence.

You are at liberty to arrange any or all details for the discussion with Chairman Carter.

Yours truly, A. K. MCCLURE.

Cleveland to Write a Letter.

PHILADELPHIA, July 25.—Ex President Cleveland is expected to write a letter within the next two weeks, probably to National Committee Chairman W. W. Harrity, defining at length his views on the tariff. It is said the document which will be separate from Mr. Cleveland's letter of acceptance, will modify the Chicago platform.

Colonel King May Escape.

NASHVILLE, July 25.—An application for a writ of habeas corpus was filed by the attorneys of Colonel H. Clay King before United States Circuit Judge Jackson. Ex-Attorney General of the United States Garland presented the process. It is the common belief here that Colonel King will escape the death penalty.

Millions of Dollars Involved.

Another week of hard work may possibly dispose of both the deficiency and the sundry civil bills, though there are grave questions in dispute between the two houses on both measures which involve many millions of dollars. The house conferees would have asked permission to enter into a third and probably a final conference on the deficiency bill Saturday afternoon, but disagreement while Mr. Allison had the motion pending that the parliamentary condition required the house to make the first move and the house had adjourned without doing so.

If this bill and the sundry civil bill, which includes the World's fair project, should be put into such shape as to get out of conference upon them, without any great backdown by either branch of congress by the end of the week, such a movement for adjournment will be started that Mr. Washburn will find it difficult to hold the senate in session longer than a day or two further on his antioption bill, and may be forced to accept the postponement of action until December.

The Census Public.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—During the fiscal year 1892-93 the receipts at the dead letter office were 6,500,000 pieces.

FIFTEEN ARE DEAD.

Miners in the York Colliery Killed by an Explosion of Gas.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., July 25.—As a result of an explosion at York colliery fifteen of the victims are dead and one is lying at the point of death at his home. Of the dead two are still in the mine covered with debris. Following is a full list of the killed:

Thomas Jones, Minersville; Herman Werner, St. Clair; Anthony Puttarich, George Krouse, Minersville; Thomas Jones, Minersville; William Weyman, Minersville; Anthony Stock, Yorkville; Edward Carran, Mount Laffee; Henry Hoffman, Minersville; Thomas Fisher, Port Carbon; Thomas Fisher, Pottsville; Robert Wallace, Pottsville; Charles D. Allaet, Pottsville; Zacharias Wadesville; Joseph Powell, Llewellyn; Christian Harnisher, St. Clair; George Stock, living, but no hope of recovery.

Prominent foreign and local mine officers superintended the removal of the debris in order to recover the bodies of all the unfortunate men. It is the intention to instituted a thorough investigation as to the cause of the explosion. Concisely stated, this is given out as having been caused by gas liberated by a blast in the second lift, rushing through the airway to the first lift, where it was ignited. There was no criminal carelessness on the part of any of the employes or officials. The men were all working with safety lamps and how the gas caught fire it will never be told.

The scenes at the colliery and the homes of the victims are beyond description. The work of recovering the bodies of the two still covered by the debris is being vigorously approached. Though the mines is a gas fed of material no special damage has been done to the interior workings of the mine. The colliery will be in full operation again by the middle of this week.

A $100,000 Blaze.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., July 25.—The greater portion of the business district of this town was destroyed by fire. The loss is $100,000.

A Triumphant Tour.

STUTTGART, July 25.—The American Arion singers received an ovation here and scored a magnificent triumph.

THE WEEK IN CONGRESS

It Will Probably Be the Last of the Present Session.

SLIM CHANCES FOR THE FAIR GRANT

The Conferees Fail to Agree on the Appropriation, as Neither Side Would Consent to Concede a Dollar in the Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—This will probably be the last week of congress if definite action is taken on the sundry civil and general deficiency appropriation bills. It is idle to predict the fate of these measures, which is enveloped in doubt. In the house today the conferees on the sundry civil bill submitted their reports.

The O'Neill amendment providing against the employment of Pinkerton detectives by government officers and the World's fair provision were not agreed to by the conferees, as neither would concede a dollar in the item.

A vote may be taken this afternoon on the items in dispute, including the vexed senate amendment relating to the Columbian exposition. It is possible, however, that consideration will be postponed until Tuesday, in order that the resolutions reported from the special committee on the pension office investigation may be taken up. These will occasion a long debate, as the Republicans intend to resort to filibustering tactics to prevent the adoption of any resolution regarding the dismissal of Commissioner Raum.

After this matter and the appropriation bills are disposed of the remainder of the week will be accorded to the various committees to call up for one hour each the measures reported on the calendar, subject only to conference reports. It is not among the improbabilities that congress will adjourn without voting an appropriation to the exposition, as the opposition to it in the house is well organized for a prolonged fight.

The Antioption Bill.

One week's solid oratory on the antioption bill in the senate has not afforded any clew to the probable termination of the debate—that is to say, to a termination by natural cause by an agreement to take a vote. A majority vote can, of course, postpone the bill at any time. Mr. Washburn, in charge of the bill, has not yet ventured to hint when he shall ask unanimous consent that the debate shall close. He appears to be as much embarrassed by his professed friends as by his avowed opponents.

Mr. George, of Mississippi, who ranks next to Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, and Mr. Call, of Florida, in fecundity of words, once in the senate, has announced that he felt it his duty to address the senate at length on this subject, and Mr. George is in favor of antioption, though dead against the bill which Mr. Washburn and his champions. He stated openly that the Washburn bill is unconstitutional and he and Mr. Pugh, of Alabama, and Mr. Coke, of Texas, all counted among the friends of the antioption bill, propose to substitute a measure which aims at the same end by entirely different means.

These and other difficulties lying on the surface seem to indicate a strong probability that the Washburn bill cannot be passed this session. The voting strength which enables the Minnesota senator to obtain consideration for an antioption bill is made up of supporters of a dozen different, widely diverging schemes for reaching the end proposed. At present there seems small likelihood of unifying them upon any one scheme sufficiently strong for it to be sent over to the house for concurrence.

Millions of Dollars Involved.

Another week of hard work may possibly dispose of both the deficiency and the sundry civil bills, though there are grave questions in dispute between the two houses on both measures which involve many millions of dollars. The house conferees would have asked permission to enter into a third and probably a final conference on the deficiency bill Saturday afternoon, but disagreement while Mr. Allison had the motion pending that the parliamentary condition required the house to make the first move and the house had adjourned without doing so.

If this bill and the sundry civil bill, which includes the World's fair project, should be put into such shape as to get out of conference upon them, without any great backdown by either branch of congress by the end of the week, such a movement for adjournment will be started that Mr. Washburn will find it difficult to hold the senate in session longer than a day or two further on his antioption bill, and may be forced to accept the postponement of action until December.

The Census Public.

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PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

For Three Weeks
I will sell
1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles
$50 LESS
THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.
Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.
Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
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Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
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John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
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All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
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Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona.
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Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—84 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARDOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Arlington and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1145.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Manufacturer of Rustic and hard wood mantel maker, Shop corner of Grand and Rogers streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 2 Rogers street.

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DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS.
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
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Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
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and
Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
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J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

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Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby points.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—64 Madison Avenue.
Office—37 North avenue, with Woolston & Doolittle.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 60 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, classic reading and recitation. For terms, address Miss. A. WORT, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French conversation. Terms and references given in Plainfield. Address, Professeur Français, Postoffice Box 1099, Plainfield, N. J. Private lessons given by Prof. L. VIGNE, care of Miss Bonnell and Newton, 17 Le Grand avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. 7 Park place, opposite Netherwood Hotel. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 19 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of pianoforte. Gives lessons at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 17 Somerset street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 21 West Front street, next door to Postoffice. Cheap for a few days or a few weeks. Also a few lots of nice maple trees, grape vines and shrubs. 9 20 7

H. N. SPENCER,
76 and 78 Somerset street, grocer and commission merchant and dealer in Cleveland Crown and Queen and Cleveland Crown vinegar 7 years old. Adamantine, W. G. C. C. rum, yellow Bermuda onions, etc. Full assortment of fresh and salted meats, fish, potatoes, cabbage, lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

BROWN & MILLS,
Starching and hair cutting parlor, in POSEY'S BLOCK. Ladies' hair cutting a specialty. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Best brush, shaved connected with the shop.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price. A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW & STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 piece South American Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Kinder Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portierre curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Mattresses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMLEY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
62 to 66 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 19, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 2 37, 5 38, 6 14, 6 39, 6 59, 7 20, 7 30, 7 50, 8 08, 8 35, 8 57, 9 31, 9 50, 10 05, 10 30, 10 50, 11 20, 11 50 a. m., 12 20, 12 50, 1 20, 1 50, 2 20, 2 50, 3 20, 3 50, 4 07, 4 35, 4 55, 5 20, 5 44, 6 12, 6 30, 6 50, 7 20, 7 50, 8 20, 8 50, 9 20, 9 50, 10 20, 10 50, 11 20, 11 50 p. m. Sunday, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, 12 00 m., 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 m. Sunday, 4 30, 7 15, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m., 12 00 m.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 2 37, 5 38, 6 14, 6 39, 6 59, 7 20, 7 30, 7 50, 8 08, 8 35, 8 57, 9 31, 9 50, 10 05, 10 30, 10 50, 11 20, 11 50 a. m., 12 20, 12 50, 1 20, 1 50, 2 20, 2 50, 3 20, 3 50, 4 07, 4 35, 4 55, 5 20, 5 44, 6 12, 6 30, 6 50, 7 20, 7 50, 8 20, 8 50, 9 20, 9 50, 10 20, 10 50, 11 20, 11 50 p. m. Sunday 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 7 50, 8 08, 8 35, 8 57, 9 31, 9 50, 10 05, 10 30, 10 50, 11 20, 11 50 a. m., 12 20, 12 50, 1 20, 1 50, 2 20, 2 50, 3 20, 3 50, 4 07, 4 35, 4 55, 5 20, 5 44, 6 12, 6 30, 6 50, 7 20, 7 50, 8 20, 8 50, 9 20, 9 50, 10 20, 10 50, 11 20, 11 50 p. m. Sunday 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Sunday 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 p. m. Leave New Market for Plainfield, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m. Sunday 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 8 35, 11 05 a. m., 2 50, 4 35, 6 30, 9 20 p. m. Sunday at 8 45 a. m., 4 45, 7 45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6 45, 7 45, 10 15 a. m., 1 30, 3 15, 5 10, 7 50 p. m. Sunday at 9 45 a. m., 5 45, 8 45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND RARITAN.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m. Sunday at 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 a. m., 12 15, 1 15, 2 15, 3 15, 4 15, 5 15, 6 15, 7 15, 8 15, 9 15, 10 15, 11 15 p. m.

Leave Raritan at 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m. Sunday at 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 15, 9 45, a. m., 1 35, 5 30 p. m. Sundays 4 00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 15 a. m. for Junction connecting for Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Sunbury.

7 10 a. m. for stations to High Bridge connecting for stations on High Bridge branch, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bristol, Philadelphia, D. L. & W. R. R. Scranton and Mauch Chunk.

8 30 a. m. for Junction connecting for Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Sunbury. Through coach to Williamsport.

11 00 a. m. for Junction, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Sunbury.

1 35 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Sunbury. Through coach to Williamsport.

4 05 p. m. for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R. R.

5 30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Bethlehem, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Philadelphia, Scranton and Tunkhannock. Open car to Flemington.

7 10 p. m. for Flemington.

9 30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Philadelphia, Bangor, Bethlehem and Allentown.

9 30 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Tunkhannock, Binghamton, Great Bend, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Rochester, Canandaigua, Elmira, Geneva, Auburn, Syracuse, Utica, Rome, Mauch Chunk, Tunkhannock, Reading and Harrisburg.

8 00 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN SHORE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2 37, 8 38, 10 07, 11 10 a. m., 12 10, 1 01, 3 54, 4 51, 5 51 p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 2 37, 8 38, 10 07, 11 10 a. m., 5 51 p. m. Ocean Grove only, 8 00 a. m. Sundays, 4 51 p. m.

Arrive at Long Branch, 4 15, 8 15, 9 45, 10 50 a. m., 12 50, 1 40, 4 35, 6 30, 7 30 p. m. Sundays 9 45 a. m., 6 30 p. m.

Arrive at Ocean Grove, 4 25, 8 25, 9 55, 11 00 a. m., 12 50, 1 40, 4 35, 6 30, 7 30 p. m. Sundays 9 55 a. m., 6 30 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 2 15, 6 20, 8 05, 10 05 a. m., 12 05, 2 05, 4 05, 6 05, 8 05, 10 05 p. m. Sundays 8 05 a. m., 4 05, 6 05, 8 05, 10 05 p. m.

For Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Williamsport and Sunbury, 6 20, 8 05, 10 05 a. m., 12 05, 2 05, 4 05, 6 05, 8 05, 10 05 p. m. Sundays 8 05 a. m., 4 05, 6 05, 8 05, 10 05 p. m.

For Scranton, Tunkhannock, Binghamton, Great Bend, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Rochester, Canandaigua, Elmira, Geneva, Auburn, Syracuse, Utica, Rome, Mauch Chunk, Tunkhannock, Reading and Harrisburg, 8 05 a. m., 4 05, 6 05 p. m. Sundays 8 05 a. m., 4 05 p. m.

For Washington and Washington at 2 05, 6 20, 8 05, 10 05 a. m., 12 05, 2 05, 4 05, 6 05, 8 05, 10 05 p. m. Sundays 8 05 a. m., 4 05, 6 05, 8 05, 10 05 p. m.

C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt. N. J. DIV.
H. P. BALDWIN, Asst Gen'l Pass Agt. N. J. DIV.

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PURE MILK
Delivered to any part of the city by
H. D. CORNISH.
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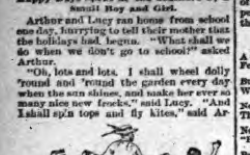
OUR YOUNG FOLKS

THE HOLIDAYS.

Happy Days Spent at the Seashore by a Small Boy and Girl.

Arthur and Lucy ran home from school one day, hurrying to tell their mother that the holidays had begun. "What shall we do when we don't go to school?" asked Arthur.

"Oh, lots and lots. I shall wheel dolly 'round and 'round the garden every day when the sun shines, and make her ever so many nice new frocks," said Lucy. "And I shall spin tops and fly kites," said Ar-



A JOLLY DIP IN THE SEA.

thur. When they got home, quite out of breath, they found mother and Betsy were up stairs packing. In a corner, ready to be put in the trunk, with a nest little ticket tied around them, were two wooden spades and two little tin pails; so Arthur guessed they were going to the seaside, "cause it was holidays." When they were seated the train began to move off and the children clapped their hands for joy. But oh, dear, what a long, long journey it seemed to be, and how many times they worried mother and Betsy to know if it was the seaside yet.

The train stopped at last, and all the people jumped out. Although Arthur and Lucy were very tired, they each carried their own little spades and pails into the stage, but they fell asleep before they reached their cottage. Next day mother sent them out on the sands and said they could dig as long as they liked. A little boy, who hadn't any brothers or sisters to play with, helped Arthur to build a castle and showed him how to make a moat all around it; then he waded into the sea to get some real water in his little pail, quite like a man. Later in the week, when father joined them, Lucy and Arthur put on their bathing suits and had their first dip in the sea. So long as they held fast to father's hands they knew no fear, but met each wave with a joyful shout. And, oh, such happy days these children had that they wished the holidays could last for ever and ever, and the sun be always shining.

Robin Redbreast's Love for Mankind.

It is a curious fact that the love of our race is so innate in the robin as to render him unhappy in any other society—excepting only in the breeding season, when all birds are naturally shy and suspicious for the welfare of their offspring. Go into any wood, walk down any shady lane, enter any cemetery, seat yourself in any country churchyard, or perch yourself on any rural style—within a few minutes you will assuredly have a robin beside you, and he will assuredly introduce himself with a song. It is in vain for you to say "Nay." He fairly fascinates you, he woos your heart and wins it, says a writer who has studied the habits of robin redbreast.

Rosewood and Its Name.

Many people suppose that rosewood takes its name from its color, but this is a mistake explains Golden Days. Rosewood is not red nor yellow, but almost black. Its name comes from the fact that when first cut it exhales a perfume similar to that of the rose, and although the dried rosewood of commerce retains no trace of this early perfume, the name lingers as a relic of the early history of the wood.

A Hiedoo Fable.

A silly mouse, thinking each thing a cat,
Fell into helpless worriment thereat;
But, noticed by a wizard living near,
Was turned into a cat to end its fear.

No sooner was the transformation done
Than dreadful terror of a dog began.

Now when this wizard saw this latest three,
"Here, be a dog," he said, "and end your woe."

But though a dog, its soul had no release,
For fear some tiger might disturb its peace.

Into a tiger next the beast was made,
And still 'twas fearful save more afraid,

Because the huntsman might some ill starred day
Happen along and take its life away.

"Then," said the wizard, turning to his house,
"You have a mouse's heart—now be a mouse."

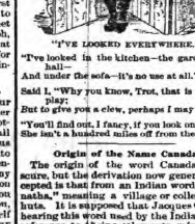
"I'm so with mice no earthly help or dower
Can add one atom to their native power.

Them from their smallness nothing can arouse;
No art can make a lion from a mouse.

Hide and Seek.

Said Trot, "If you please, would you be so cooding
As to say if you know where my mistress is hiding?

"I've looked in the cupboard and under the stair—
I've looked in the pantry—I've looked everywhere.



"I'VE LOOKED EVERYWHERE."

"I've looked in the kitchen—the garden—the hall—
And under the sofa—it's no use at all."

Said I, "Why you know, Trot, that is not fair play;
But to give you a clew, perhaps I may say

"You'll find out, I fancy, if you look once more;
She isn't a hundred miles off from the door."

Origin of the Name Canada.

The origin of the word Canada is obscure, but the derivation now generally accepted is that from an Indian word, "Kanatha," meaning a village or collection of huts. It is supposed that Jacques Cartier, hearing this word used by the Indians with reference to their settlements, mistook its meaning and applied it to the whole country.

GOOD HEALTH

THE PHILOSOPHY OF A BOIL.

A Theory Which Its Author Has Put Successfully Into Practice.

Let us look at the philosophy of the boil, the carbuncle and like affections, says Dr. J. H. Stearns in The Medical Summary. Some fault exists in the regular elimination, and the morbific material is collected at some point for removal, or else it runs in the system in an extraordinary manner, and it will be noticed that a wall of coagulable lymph forms around it to complete the encapsulation, and the obvious indication is to assist in this work, which can be done in the most admirable way by applying collodion over the hardened, thickened part, leaving the center uncovered. On drying the collodion contracts and thus firmly separates and protects the surrounding parts from its pestiferous mass. By touching the suppurating points with pure nitric acid and keeping the center of the tumor moist there is a prompt discharge of the pus and a rapid recovery. This is no mere theory, but has been used in scores of cases with the most satisfactory results. I started out particularly to say something about painting, but I think what I have said will set your poulticing readers to thinking.

Early to Bed and Early to Rise.

Another of the cherished maxims of the proverbial philosopher appears to be passing away.

Early to bed and early to rise
Makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise.

So said Benjamin Franklin. We may concede him the wealth, and perhaps the wisdom (though Minerva's owl is surely a night bird). But, as for the health, here is a German savant who has been collecting information about the habits of long lived persons, and who finds that the majority of long livers indulged in late hours. At least eight out of ten persons over eighty whose cases were investigated never went to bed until well into the small hours, and did not get up again until late in the day. This doctor considers that early rising tends to exhaust the physical powers and to shorten life. Aristophanes, with his great long swear (the longest word, our schoolboy readers will remember, in the Greek dictionary) at early morning walks, was nearer right than Franklin, it would seem. In an English book on the same subject, published not long ago, it was shown that long livers were nearly all persons who habitually abstained from baths. So the two great obstacles to health are, it appears, the two things which are enjoined on the young as essential to it—namely, early rising and the morning bath.

Medicinal Use of Eggs.

Every reader has been told one time or another that eggs are "meat and drink." Their value as a nutritive nourishing food is well known. Everybody, however, may not know that an egg beaten up lightly, with or without a little sugar, is a good remedy in cases of dysentry and diarrhea: it tends by its emollient qualities to lessen the inflammation. There are few things more soothing for either a burn or a scald than the white of an egg. It is contact with the air which makes a burn so painful, and the egg acts as a varnish and excludes the air completely, and also prevents inflammation.

Salt as a Medicine.

A weak solution of salt and water is often recommended by physicians and nurses as a remedy for ir-erfect digestion, and for a cold in the h..d it is often a complete cure, snuffed up from the hollow of the hand. A handful or two of rock salt added to the bath acts as an invigorator; and a gargle of weak solution is a ready remedy for an ordinary sore throat. As a dentifrice, salt and water is very cleansing and also hardens the gums. Several pains in the bowels and stomach are often speedily relieved by the application of a bag of hot salt.

ETIQUETTE

A QUESTION OF TITLES.

Several Ways of Solving It—The American Law of Courtesy to Age.

There is a great confusion in America as to titles, concerning which Mrs. John Sherwood writes as follows in Harper's Bazar:

For instance, Mrs. Clarence Manners, Jr., wishes to ask if she is Mrs. Clarence Manners, Jr. Her father-in-law, Mr. Clarence Manners, Sr., is dead, but her mother-in-law is alive, and she persists in writing her name Mrs. Clarence Manners, Jr. The point of law Mrs. Clarence Manners, Sr., has no right to do this. In England she would be Mrs. Mary Manners, and if a noble lady, Dowager Lady Manners. However, she has custom on her side. She is Mrs. Clarence Manners by courtesy. She is still the important widow, as she was the honored wife, and therefore she is not "old Mrs. Clarence Manners," but "Mrs. Clarence Manners," and her daughter-in-law is Mrs. Clarence Manners, Jr., although this in its way is an absurdity if her husband is not junior any longer. Therefore it is a very difficult nut to crack. If Mrs. Clarence Manners has no sister-in-law she had better call herself "Mrs. Manners," but if there is a Mrs. Henry Manners and a Mrs. John Manners, all being in the same set, she cannot well do that.

The most easy road out of the difficulty would seem to be that the mother-in-law should retire gracefully and write Mrs. Mary Manners on her card. But if she is unwilling to do this, the younger woman must make way for the elder. It is the American law, in a country where age and the clergy are the only things entitled to reverence. The French get around this, as they do everything, easily, by appending the word "mere." "Mrs. Clarence Manners, pere," would solve the whole difficulty.

Interminable Talkers.

There are interminable talkers who have some curious devices whereby they hold the floor. One of the most exasperating methods is what may be termed the staying conjunction. The talker may be easy and graceful, or bombastic and tiresome, but the flood of words sweeps right on. If forced to pause for want of breath, the field ahead is pre-empted by an aggressive and compelling "and"— Well bred listeners can do no less than to await the conjunction of the sentence, which, by the by, will end, if it ever ends, with an outlying conjunction.

HE HAD HIS WAY.

My shaving brush is missing, and my shoehorn can't be found,
My comb and brush I cannot see, my case is newhere round,
My tall silk hat is ruffled up, my pens have gone astray—
But all this woe is naught to me, for baby's had his way.

What though my shoes are minus strings, my manuscripts awry?
I know this betokens babe's been spared a nursery;
What though the floor is ever strewn with toys, by night and day?
Is there not pleasure in the thought that baby had his way?

It hurts to have my mustache pulled, and games at 4 a. m.
Are not just suited to my mind; but John is my jimmy
That there is lots and lots of fun when baby has his way.

So, son and heir, continue on thy happy, blest career;
Ne'er will thy daddy interpose to raise the scalding tear.
Whate'er discomfort comes to me, cease not thy joyous play;
As far as I'm concerned, my boy, go on and have thy way.

—Harper's Young People.

No Use in Talking.

"It won't do any good to urge me, mother," exclaimed the girl, turning with flashing eyes on the elderly matron who stood regarding her intently.

"Your mind is firmly made up then, is it, Mildred?"

"It is. I wouldn't marry Oliver Peduncle if he was the last man in the world."

"Oh, papa. That is what girls generally consider a good match."

"Helghol Yes."

"He is tall and distinguished looking."

"Oh, yes, he's tall enough."

"He is unobjectionable in his habits."

"I dare say."

"And he always looks neat and clean."

"To be sure."

"He has a good income."

"So I have heard."

"His prospects are excellent."

"Find to hear it."

"He could have his pick of the girls in your set."

"Let him!"

"His people are among the best and most respectable in the county."

"I have nothing to say against them."

"And he has acted honorably in speaking to your father and me before making any attempt to win your affections."

"He might have saved himself the trouble."

"I wish I knew the reason why you dislike him so, Mildred."

"I don't know that I dislike him so very much."

"But you don't love him?"

"Love him?" said the proud beauty, with another yawn. "No, mother; I never could love a man who does not fill out his vest."—Chicago Tribune.

Let Her Sob.

First Farmer—You say you can't take forty dollars for that cow?

Second Farmer—Can't do it.

First Farmer—Why not? Thought you'd sell her for forty dollars.

"I know I did, but I'll have to back out."

"What's the matter?"

"You see that cow belongs to my wife, and she says she will sob herself into hysterics if I sell her. It would break her heart."

"All right—it's no trade."

"I say—"

"Well, what is it?"

"Make it forty-five dollars and we'll let her sob."—Texas Siftings.

When Oscar Comes.

She (laying down her paper)—Oscar Wilde says there is no real poet in this country.

He—I don't doubt it, but Oscar will change his mind by and by.

She—Why?

He—Because he is coming over to pay us a visit.—Detroit Free Press.

They Are Rivals, You See.

Miss Kostick—Tom Jackpot gave a high compliment today.

Miss Tyett—Indeed. What was it?

Miss Kostick—He said you possessed a most remarkable memory—you can remember things that happened thirty years ago.—Yankee Blade.

The Trunk Got There.

Mr. Clitmann—Where in creation is that furnished cottage I rented for the summer?

Rural Carman—Right over yonder, sir, behind your wife's trunk.—New York Weekly.

Makes It Doubly Hard.

"If always get up in a crowded car and give a seat to a lady," remarked Widgely.

"Lucky dog," returned his corpulent friend. "I always have to give up two seats."—Chicago News-Record.

A Slave to Society.

"Maud, run over to Mrs. De Swelle's and tell her her chimney is on fire."

"I can't, papa. This is Wednesday, and Mrs. De Swelle's day is Thursday. I'll go tomorrow."—Harper's Bazar.

A Canterbaried Tale.

"In vain there bes strength, my sonne,"
Ye dying warrior sayd,
As he lay down to dye upon
His harde and narrow bedde;
"And that I may make straight and clear
Ye meaning of this thing,
Giv heed to what I shewe you here:
Ye picture of a king!
A mighty king! Yet all alone,
His strength may not defie
Ye foeman whych assail his throne
And hang him up on highl
Here is a king of swarthy hue,
Attyred for ye fyght,
Yet cunning foes may eke undo
His solitary might!
And this proud king, with curling lippe,
And this one—wych makes four—
Alone may let their kingdoms slip,
Alone they'll do no more!
Yet he who holds within one hande
These four fatte kings, God wot!
Hath need of very lyttle sande
To scoop the blossain pot!"
—Harry Romaine in Life.

Revised Criticism.

Painter—How do you like the picture?

Critic (sardonically)—H'm, it might be worse.

Painter (offended)—Sir, I hope you will withdraw that statement!

Critic—All right, then; it couldn't be worse!—Zurcherische Freitagszeitung.

Obeying.

Uncle Tom (shaving)—Yo', C'loe! Fotch me some o' dat babby powder to smoof mah face.

Aunt Chloe (to her grandson)—Chile, jes' han yo' ole gran'fadder dat pot o' chimbly soot.—Life.

This Date in History—July 25.

306—Constantine Chlorus, Roman emperor and father of Constantine the Great, died.
1746—Baron von der Trenck, famous for many escapes from Prussian prisons, guillotined at Paris, whither he had fled "for safety."
1814—Battle of Lundy's Lane.
1835—George Bunt Pendleton, statesman, born in Cincinnati died 1886.
1823—Elliott Fitch Shepard, founder of the New York Mail and Express, born at Jamestown, N. Y.
1834—Samuel Taylor Coleridge, English poet and philosopher, died at Highgate, London; born in Devon. He was in turn famous as a theocfocus scholar, political radical, Unitarian, poet, opium eater, staunch conservative and advanced Trinitarian.
1880—Samuel Houston, soldier, president of Texas, United States senator and governor of Texas, died in Huntsville, Tex.; born 1793.
1872—Commodore William C. Nicholas, U. S. N., died at Philadelphia, aged 73. The younger Louis Philippe of Orleans died at Paris, aged 18.
1808—Discovery of a Russian plot at Sophia to assassinate the king of Bulgaria; origin of recent complications.

Might Have Known the Hardins.

A respectable looking colored man of the old school was standing near the family carriage, on Fourth avenue, the other day. He was gazing at the display of laces in the windows when a seedy white man, who looked as if he was about to beg, approached and said:

"How do you do, uncle?"

"Howdy, sah?" responded the old fellow, lifting his hat.

"You were born in Kentucky, were you not?"

"Yes, sah."

"Didn't you once belong to the Hardins?"

"Yes, sah."

"I used to know the Hardins," said the tramp, getting ready to make his request.

"Yes, sah; dey was lots a people dat knew de Hahdins dat de Hahdins didn't know," and he proudly opened the carriage door to allow his mistress to enter.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

All in the Family.

Jeannette—Does Miss Boardman get her lovely complexion from her father or her mother?

Gladys (sweetly)—From her father. He's in the drug business.—Chicago News-Record.

1892			JULY.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:13 a. m.	Third Quarter	16	2:49 a. m.
Full Moon	9	3:44 p. m.	New Moon	23	9:21 p. m.
			First Quarter	31	2:55 a. m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, 369, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. "OAT," Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
☞ First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE.
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
(corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

RUSSET SHOES
Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.
COME NOW!
As later on the sizes will be few and far between.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows
30 WEST FRONT STREET.
and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**
Cut in Latest Styles.
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.
All Sizes and All Wool.
Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW
that A. G. VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.
COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.
Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.
UNION MEAT MARKET,
17 WEST FRONT STREET.

Alterations.
Previous to extensive ones that we are going to make we will make a General Clearing Sale throughout Every Department.
For Three Cents Each
You buy tin tops for jelly glasses
For Six Cents Each
You buy Mason quart fruit jars.
For 38c. a Yard
You buy a 60-in. Damask Table Linen that is worth 50c.
Gentlemen:
You buy for a quarter a fine Gauze Undershirt that has been selling freely for 40c.
About Writing Paper.
Have you ever tried our Special Brands? If not, why don't you? We will save you money.
Wash Dress Goods.
There are many good things in Wash Fabrics that we are anxious to part with and they go at a reduced price.
VanEmburgh & White

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffee received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

STORM SERGES!
The popular dress material in all shades, 40 inches wide, all wool, at 50c yard.
Wool Dress Flannels, (36 inch), 25c. per yard.
Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.
Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.
Dress Chalties, 5c.
Good Toweling, 4c.
Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.
Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 25c, formerly 50c.
Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.
BOEHM'S
No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.
. . Refrigerators . . . . Lawn Mowers, . .
. . . . Ice Cream Freezers . . Hammocks . . . .
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware, . . . Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

TO THE LADIES OF PLAINFIELD!
You are cordially invited to visit the practical exhibition of
COTTOLENE!
Now going on at our store. Come and test the good things prepared with this product. During free exhibit, a World's Fair Album given to every purchaser.
BUTTER—Fine Table Butter, 20c. lb.
JERSEY VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, Corn, Egg Plants, etc., received daily, and disposed of at from 15 to 25 per cent. below any other store in the city.
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer. Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. H. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes walk from the ocean.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
6 25 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MELLEN.
12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE SEP TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Cigar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 43. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, JULY 26, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR SUMMER VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING. THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

The weather will be clear, slightly warmer and sultry.

BREVITIES

Peter Schneiderwind's counsel insists, in a communication, that Peter was *not convicted of assaulting an officer as* charged, although convicted of one of the three charges in the complaint, for which he is to be sentenced Thursday, as stated yesterday.

Yesterday morning, at the corner of La Grande avenue and Marshall place, a large mongrel dog had a fit, and lay for several hours, during the intense heat, *writhing in the street.* Some humane person went to put it out of misery by shooting it to death. The dog escaped them and was pursued toward the city by a man with a shotgun.

An exchange gives the following rather interesting account of the origin of the name "William": "This name has a curious history. It was not at first *given to children, and even a man had* to earn it before he could have it. With the ancient Germans fought with the *Romans*, the Germans had only light weapons. The Romans were well armed, protected by armor, too, and some of them were gilded helmets to shield the head. Whenever a German succeeded in killing a well-armed Roman who wore one of these gilded helmets, the helmet was put upon his head, and he was ever afterwards known as Gilhelm, or, as we would say, Golden Helmet. With the French this was called Guhesum, shortened to Guillaume; and with the Latin-speaking nations, Guilelmus. Finally the French Guillaume became Williame; the German Guildhelm is Wilhelm, and the English, William."

Steam Fire Alarm for North Plainfield, and More Light.

A new fire-alarm was received this morning by freight, for North Plainfield. It was purchased by Councilman Sebring, for Warren Engine Co., No. 1, which furnished the funds, Councilman Sebring contributing $10 towards the amount.

*It is to be placed on the North Plain*field Electric Light Station, and is meanwhile on exhibition at Smith's confectionery store on Somerset street.

It is four feet long, the bell being two feet six inches in height.

It will be ready for operation within a week.

The whistle was made in Detroit, Mich. It is the same as is used on the lakes, and it is claimed that it can be heard ten miles away.

It will require a powerful head of steam to blow it. *The electric light company will have sufficient steam at* night, but not during the day, unless it receives a street railway franchise, for which it is making extensive preparations. The company furnishes the steam free of charge for the engine.

Still another steam engine is to be put in the North Plainfield Electric Light Station. It is expected this week. It is only the size of the first engine—30 horse power—but will make a total of 130 horse power. Several new dynamos are to be added, and the company is also putting up twelve miles of extra wiring *for commercial lighting.*

Plainfield Cricketers Win Again.

The St. George boys met the Henderson & Co. employees Cricket Club for the first time on Saturday, and after a particularly pleasant and interesting, though rather one sided game, won easily by 41 runs. The visitors went to the bat first to the bowling of Beudry & Higham. Messrs. Beudry and Higham effectively taking five wickets for 15 runs, Higham two wickets for 12 runs, and Wharton one wicket for 3 runs. The last wicket fell when the score was 54.

The Plainfielders commenced their innings by sending in Hendrey and James Ogden. Forbes very quickly bowled Beudry. F. Wharton taking his place. He and Ogden then gave the visitors a little leather hunting. Wharton was finally bowled by Flood when he had made 15, the score being 32. The third wicket fell for 33 runs, the fourth wicket for 37 runs, the fifth wicket for 38 runs, and the sixth run for 40 runs. Higham then came in and he and Arden quickly raised the score to 64 when Arden was bowled. The eighth and ninth wickets fell for 66, and the tenth wicket for 70, C. Byrne carrying his bat.

The result of the inning is as follows:

HENDERSON & CO'S EMPLOYEES.

J. Forbes, c. and b. Higham	6 runs.
F. Smith, run out	0 "
G. Robinson, b. Hendry	1 "
J. Flood, " "	0 "
W. Rickel, " "	0 "
D. Allester, b. Higham	7 "
Hunter, c. and b. Hendry	3 "
Carter, not out	2 "
Baxter, c. Higham b. Wharton	3 "
S. Gow, run out	0 "
M. Slorah, not out	0 "
Extras	7 "
Total	34

PLAINFIELD CRICKET CLUB.

H. Hendry, b. Forbes	0 runs.
James Ogden, b. Flood	3 "
F. Wharton, " "	15 "
H. Turner, b. Forbes	0 "
John Ogden, b. Flood	3 "
J. Arden, b. Baxter	10 "
C. Chamberlain, b. Flood	1 "
J. S. Higham, c. Smith b. Baxter	10 "
C. Reed, b. Flood	0 "
H. Marston, " "	0 "
C. Byrne, not out	4 "
Extras	16 "
Total	16

Serious Illness of Thomas Roane.

Thomas Roane, seventy-six years old, of No. 25 Liberty street, was suddenly taken with paralysis yesterday morning. Dr. Boone was summoned and found Mr. Roane in a very serious condition. His left side was affected and Dr. Boone says that his chances for recovery are very slight.

PERSONAL.

Mr. J. L. Connolly of this city is at Manasquan, N. J.

Miss Carrie Smith of Madison avenue is visiting in Brooklyn.

Miss Sarah Adair of Orange street, is visiting friends at Bayonne.

Hattie Curry of Arlington avenue is entertaining Miss Burton of Brooklyn.

Miss May Moffett of Westfield is visiting Miss Mabel Darling of this city.

Miss Lizzie O'Neil of Phillipsburg is *visiting her cousin Miss Field of Liberty* street.

Rev. Dr. William S. Richards and Mrs. Richards of East Front street, have gone to Bridgeport, Conn.

Rev. A. V. V. Raymond of Albany, but formerly of this city, is at the Carlton House, Spring Lake.

Mrs. John H. Jackson, Mrs. M. S. West and Miss Green of this city are at The Strand, Asbury Park.

Drs. T. S. Davis and J. T. Fritts of this city left town yesterday afternoon, and *sailed for Europe this morning.*

Miss Augusta Rohland of New York is spending a fortnight with friends on Grandview avenue, North Plainfield.

Mr. Charles Van Deventer is ill at his home on East Front street, suffering from an attack of pleuro-pneumonia.

The Misses Mamie and Belle Bradshaw of East Fifth street, have returned from a three weeks' sojourn in the Catskills.

Joseph B. Hawkins, aged 62 years, died on Sunday at Morris Plains. Mr. Hawkins was formerly a resident of this city.

*Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Berndale of Wash*ington avenue, North Plainfield, have arrived home from a visit to Lake Mohonk.

Mr. George Barrett and Miss Emma Louise of Brooklyn are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Karl Kaerth of East Second street.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Slauson will go to *the Mount Pleasant House, Mt. Pocono,* Pa., on July 30. They will remain until August 12.

Rev. Charles Bayard Mitchell and Mrs. Mitchell start this evening for Nantucket, Mass., where they will remain during August.

Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Hegeman of Sycamore avenue, North Plainfield, will be at the Mount Pocono House, Mount Pocono, Pa., for the coming three weeks.

Mrs. Zachary Kinsley and daughter, Edna, of Newark, have been visiting relatives, the family of Mr. and Mrs. Uriah Kinsley, of East Fourth street.

At an exhibition of work in china painting in Kellogg Hall, Chautauqua Assembly grounds, last week, Mrs. Jesse L. Huribut of this city had some very excellent specimens.

Howard, infant son of Charles and Jennie Kreiderling of 75 East Front street, *died yesterday. The funeral services* will take place at one p. m. to-morrow. The interment will be at Somerville.

Wilfred B., infant son of T. Wilfred Powell of North Plainfield, died yesterday at New Dorp, Staten Island. The funeral services will be held at the Moravian parsonage, New Dorp, to-morrow.

Wilbur Chamberlain, an exceedingly *clever newspaper man, formerly of this* city, is at Homestead, Pa., whence he is furnishing the New York Sun with excellent accounts of the Carnegie Mills trouble.

THOSE CUBAN GIANTS.

A Pretty Strong Team Now.—Seven More Games to be Played.

The Cuban Giants, who are playing the Crescents here this afternoon, last Sunday defeated the Ridgewoods of Brooklyn by a score of 12 to 2.

This is exactly the same score by which the Crescents defeated the Ridgewoods on the morning of Memorial Day.

From this it may be seen that the teams are pretty evenly matched.

But then the Giants have William s, Storey and Jackson! and it is by far a much stronger team, even when it made nine hits off Sneeden on May 18 and beat the home team 6 to 5.

Besides Saturday's games there are seven more to be played in the Central New Jersey Base Ball League. Of this number, the Crescents and the West Ends will play here *on August 8;* the Plainfield team plays at Elizabeth on August 13, and on the following Saturday, August 20, the two teams play here again.

On August 27 Westfield plays here, and on Saturday, September 3, Plainfield goes to Westfield. The West Ends play here on September 10, and the concluding game in the series in which the Crescents are scheduled will take place on September 17, when Plainfield goes to Somerville.

The following is the batting order for this afternoon's game: Hedford, catcher; Brady, right field; Murphy, left field; Turney, second base; Daley, third base; Leidy, centre field; Bonner, short stop; Jones, first base; Murphy, pitcher.

Murphy, the new man, will pitch, and Sneeden will be retired until Saturday's game with the West Ends.

Installation of Officers.

D. D. G. M. Fisher Pidcock and staff of White House, visited Plainfield Lodge, No. 44 I. O. O. F., last night and installed the following officers:

Past Grand—Louis R. Brown.
Noble Grand—John Becker.
Vice Grand—Louis B. Staats.
Rec. Sec'y.—Rudolph Kersting.
R. I. N. G.—Wm. Boe.
L. I. N. G.—E. H. Cleveley.
R. L. V. G.—Fred Becker.
L. I. V. G.—W. Pennington.
Rec. Secretary—I. H. Schlelf.
Outside Guard—A. Sergent.
R. L. I.—Henry Nischwitz.
L. L. I.—Wm. Grannett.

THE GREAT HEAT.

A SWELTERING CITY GROANS UNDER ITS AFFLICTION.

Many Victims of the Sun Fierce Rays.—Several Persons Killed by Lightning Yesterday.

Yesterday's and to-day's weather is a record-breaker all around.

It started out *yesterday* to be the hottest day of the year so far, and succeeded to the intense disgust of say one not posing as a candidate for the nearest insane asylum.

The hot wave is one on a collossal scale. It extended from Kansas in the West to the eastern borders of Maine and from Canada to the Gulf.

The record of heat was made on sunshine pure and simple. There was little humidity.

No one needed an excuse for carrying an umbrella. Men tore open their coats, *fanned themselves with their hats,* sought oases of doorway shade, and deported themselves generally as if they sweltered on the verge of desperation.

New Jersey, to use a bit of particularly afflictable slang, seems to have had it "in the neck," but flippant remarks about such weather as yesterday's are in a measure out of place, for the intense heat brought suffering to every body and death to several.

To-day has been if anything hotter than yesterday. The thermometer at Shaw's drug store, at two o'clock, was 105 under the awning. It was 99 in other parts of the city.

The suffering among the little ones in this city has been intense. Five children in this city and in North Plainfield have died within the last two days. Their sudden taking off is directly attributable to the great heat.

Robert Kyte of South Plainfield was overcome by the heat about three o'clock yesterday afternoon. He is much better to-day, though confined to the house.

There was a brief thunder storm here *about noon which did not improve* matters much, for when it was over Old Sol shone again as fiercely as before.

Elsewhere in the State, however, the storm was very heavy.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon a thunder storm passed over Paterson. The lightning struck the barn of Henry Ehrler, on Newark avenue. A man, a boy, and a horse. The barn was perforated with little holes as if made with bullets, and on Mr. Gardner's body was photographed the picture of a star perforation in the metal work of his *suspenders.*

Lighting struck John A. Bogart's house at Hohokus at two o'clock yesterday afternoon and it, with all its contents, was destroyed. The house of George Valentine, on Valley road, was also struck by lightning, but did not take fire. Two barns at Midland Park were also struck and consumed.

The storm passed over the northern part of Bergen county. The house of Jacob Born of Weehawken was struck. Mrs. Bates of New Bridge, a colored woman about 35 years of age, was struck by *lightning as she was going up stairs in* her house to close the window. She died in about half an hour. The lightning left a livid mark on her body.

James Lee, aged 16 years, of Camden, was struck by lightning at noon in Barret's spar yard and instantly killed. The left leg of his pantaloons and his left shoe were torn from his body. There was a livid streak down the left side where the electric current had passed. The flesh all over the body soon turned blue.

A thunder and lightning storm, *accompanied by heavy rain and wind, did* much damage yesterday at Asbury Park. At Ocean and Fourth avenues the wind overturned a stage that was conveying William Morris to Sunset Hall. He was seriously bruised about the head and body.

The wind completely demolished the photograph gallery of Major Tartus, on Ocean avenue, directly in the rear of the Hotel Brunswick. The lightning tore off the corner of a large sign on the top of the Lake Avenue Hotel and passed into Wesley Lake, striking the water and *producing a column of vapor that was* seen by the guests on the porch of the hotel.

In Ocean Grove the lightning struck the wires of the electric light leading into the hot water baths, where men, women and children had fled for safety. It stunned Mrs. Alexander Hamilton, Miss Lizzie Bryan and a boy. The lightning also shattered the flagstaff of the Shelldoe House and tore the flag from its halyards.

Mrs. Joel Clayton of Webb avenue was stunned while sitting in her room and remained unconscious up to eight o'clock last night.

The storm was brief at Hackensack but of unusual severity.

At Burlington yesterday the heat registered 105 deg. in the shade. At 10.30 Marcus Lee, a newsboy, fell sick, and Sneeden will be retired until Saturday's game with the West Ends.

Lizzie, the 10-year-old daughter of William Parks, living at Centreton, was struck by lightning and killed during the storm at 4 o'clock. She was at play playing under a tree in front of her father's house when the bolt descended.

Richard Berger, 25 years old, of 24 Ferdinand street, Newark, was overcome by the heat last night and died in St. Michael's Hospital an hour later.

How Will This do?

As ice here up North,
Found for all to see,
So stone on its seat to New York,
But it struck on its way,
It lost weight, came to this,
So it couldn't get in its fine work.

—The wind which preceded the threatening storm of yesterday, blew the scaffolding from a house at Netherwood.

JERSEY JUSTICE.

Some Interesting Statistics Regarding Murder and Executions.

Some statistics which were recently gathered in New Jersey for the department of State at Washington in regard to capital punishment in this State show that the death penalty is inflicted in but few cases. Treason and murder in the first degree are the only crimes punishable by death, and in seventeen counties representing over a million of inhabitants, forty indictments have been found for murder in the first degree during the past five years, and there have been only seven executions.

In Atlantic county, two indictments were found during the past five years, and the parties found guilty were executed. In Burlington three indictments have been found, but no execution occurred. In Camden county eight indictments were found, but none of the parties was executed. In Cape May county no indictments for any capital crime have been found for a long time past, while in Cumberland one indictment has been found, but no execution resulted. Hudson county has had a large number of murder trials within the past five years, but only one execution.

Mercer county has had three cases but no executions, while in Monmouth, where the indictments have been quite numerous, two executions have occurred. Morris has had seven indictments but no executions. In Ocean county no indictments nor executions have occurred, while in Passaic county, where there were several indictments, one execution has taken place. Salem county has had no capital cases since 1884. Somerset has had two indictments, Sussex one, Union five, but in none of these counties did the indictments result in the infliction of the death penalty. Warren has had three indictments but only one execution.

Matters Political.

People don't seem inclined to bother much with politics this hot weather, and it is foolish to expect them to. More good will come when *they are in a better condition of* mind and body to receive such matter, of which there will no doubt be abundance on both sides.

The Democratic leaders of the State, however, have been doing work from which they expect large results.

They began in the last Legislature to pass a law which would give them control of the official patronage to the newspapers so as to intimidate the publishers. The patronage was increased by legislation so as to give more to those who were willing to obey the ring's behests, and be silent as to their misdeeds.

In all counties where there are to be no elections this Fall for senators, very little patronage has been bestowed, and papers which have outspoken against public wrongs were cut off altogether, so far as the State and county patronage is concerned? This was so as to have more to bestow on counties where there are to be elections for senators.

The Democratic leaders apparently have confidence in the saloons throughout the State as Democratic missions, *and consider that these, with a subsi*dized press, will be sufficient to win with. The patronage to each newspaper from the taxpayers must pay regardless of justice, the distribution being governed not by circulation, but by servility, amounts to about $2,000 per year per paper, or about $200,000 in all, of which over $80,000 is for State laws alone.

The Democrats also expect to reap some benefit from the gerrymander of the election districts last Winter, wherein the boundaries of districts giving Republican majorities were changed so as to make the districts securely Democratic.

By the election frauds the Democrats got control of the State and were enabled to do all these wrongs. In addition they removed all the Republicans and filled all the offices with Democrats, convicted election officers even being among those rewarded. This makes the work of the Republicans to get rid of the results of the awful corruption the more difficult, but not impossible, as is shown in the last election in Jersey city, that hotbed of corruption and Democratic vice.

The Republicans hoped to reap some benefit by the organization of clubs. Ex-Assemblyman Ulrich of this city, at a salary of $60 per day, and sundry perquisites, was engaged by the State Committee to organize clubs through out the State.

So far as can be judged by appearances this step will be practically fruitless, since, judging by our exchanges, there does not seem to be the slightest public interest in the clubs.

There is a strong hope, however, that some good may come from giving the widest publicity to the record of the three last Legislatures. Even this method was tried at the last election with not very satisfactory results, the supposed reason being public apathy.

Nevertheless, the one spark of public awakening in Jersey City gives encouragement that the people over the State will be aroused from their lethargy.

Even in that event the Democrats cannot be entirely overthrown this Fall, for there are enough hold-overs in the Senate to control that body for several years to come. In the House, a Republican difference, even if a Republican Governor is elected and the Assembly becomes overwhelmingly Republican. The obnoxious partisan and other wise vicious laws recently enacted cannot be repealed without the concurrence of the Senate.

That is the situation at present. Any public success, however, will greatly help the National ticket, and that consideration may also help the State ticket.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TWO MORE ARRESTS.

The Man who Sent Berkman Money Caught at Long Branch.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 26, (Special.)—At 9.30 o'clock this morning Chief of Police Layton of this place arrested F. Mollick, who is alleged to be an Anarchist, *for complicity in an attempt to assassi*nate Manager Frick of the Carnegie Company at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—11.50.—Henry Bauer, the head centre of the Anarchists here, has just been arrested.

A $500,000 FIRE.

New York Biscuit Company's Plant Blazed Three Hours.

New York, July 26th. (Special.)—The biggest cracker baking establishment in the United States, owned by the New York Biscuit Company, situated in Tenth *avenue, extending from Fifteenth to* Sixteenth streets, which was completed only three months ago, was on fire early to-day, causing the partial destruction of one building and involving a loss of nearly $500,000.

The fire was a fierce and a dangerous one, and severely taxed the efforts of the Fire Department, notwithstanding that the flames were confined to the building in which they originated.

No casualties were reported, but Fire Chief Bonner had a very narrow escape from death by the falling of the iron pipes of Water Tower No. 3.

Christian Life and Service Conference.

The Tenth General Conference for the Promotion of Christian Life and Service will be held at East Northfield, Mass., from August 4th to August 15th. Among the speakers who will be present are Rev. A. J. Gordon, D. D., of Boston; Rev. F. B. Meyer, of Regents Park Chapel, London; Dr. Arthur T. Pierson; Rev. James M. Gray, of Boston; Rev. Hermann Warzaniak of New York and others.

Arrangements have been made to furnish board and lodging in the seminary buildings to all who remain to the close of the meetings at $1 per day, and reduced railroad rates will also be secured.

Keely Denies the Charge.

Blackmun Patrick Keely was before Justice Nash this morning on a charge of atrocious assault and battery brought by special officer Frisbie, dog catcher.

Frisbie claims that he found one of Keely's horses running at large last Sunday and caught it to take it to the pound. Keely, he says, ran out, cut the halter and freed the horse. Frisbie then attempted to arrest Keely, who drew a penknife and stabbed him in the arm.

Keely plead not guilty and went his own bond in $200 bail to appear before the Grand Jury.

IF you have borrowed from recreation to satisfy the demands of business, you can pay back quickly by having a dish of H-O (Hornby's Oat-Meal) for breakfast.

DEATHS.

POWELL—At Newdorp, Staten Island, Monday, July 25, 1892, Wilfred B., infant son of T. Wilfred Powell, Grandview avenue, North Plainfield.

Funeral services will be held at Moravian parsonage, Newdorp, Staten Island, at four o'clock p.m. Wednesday, July 27, 1892.

HAWKINS—At Morris Plains, N. J., July 24, 1892, Joseph B. Hawkins, aged 62 years, 8 months and 28 days.

Funeral private.

KREIDERLING—In this city, July 25th, Howard, infant son of Charles and Jennie Kreiderling.

Funeral services from his late residence, 75 E. Front street, Wednesday, July 27, at 1 p. m.

Interment at Somerville.

Midsummer Excursion

to

MAUCH CHUNK, GLEN ONOKO, and the

FAMED SWITCHBACK.

Via Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Port Reading R. R. Co., lessee,

SATURDAY, JULY 30.

A special express train will leave Plainfield at 7.45 a. m., returning arrive in city about 9 p. m.

Fare for round trip only $1.75. Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on excursion train.

Tickets will be good to return on July 31 or August 1 on payment of $1 to agent at Mauch Chunk. 30-4

IF You Want Anything in Our Line, Such as

CORSETS, EMBROIDERIES, NOTIONS, SILKS, CRETONNES, SILKOLINE, SCOTCH GINGHAMS, HOSIERY, LACES, MUSLIN and FLANNEL UNDERWEAR, CAMBRICS, MUSLINS, HANDKERCHIEFS, RIBBONS, WOOL DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CALICOES, DOMESTIC GINGHAMS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every description or anything else that is usually found in a FIRST-CLASS DRY and FANCY GOODS HOUSE, call at

EDSALL'S!

Lumber & Coal

Tom's River & Rice

B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75 A

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to $10

Cut in Latest Styles.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COACHMAN and gardener of experience and ability wants employment. Good references. Apply at 25 Howard street. 29 6*

SITUATION—By American widow for light housework. 65 Grandview avenue.

WANTED—Situation as cook or at general housework in small family. Can be seen at present place, 16 East Ninth street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Young man in dry goods store. State age. Address "A.," care of EVENING NEWS. 30 2*

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 18 Westervelt avenue. 30 2

BOARDERS WANTED.

ROOMS with board at 80 East Front street. 15-tf

WANTED—Board in private family in North Plainfield, for two adults and one child. Address, stating terms and location of house, "H. G.," care of EVENING NEWS. 26 tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Friday last, package of soiled linen, marked "A. J. S." Will finder kindly leave them at American Steam Laundry and receive reward.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap—village cart and harness, with Perry's patent springs. Call at 117 Madison avenue. 26 tf

PSYCHO—Lady's safety, 1891 pattern, cushion tires, ball bearings, bright parts newly nickeled, perfect condition, cost $140. Will sell for $75 cash. Address "Psycho," care of EVENING NEWS. 29 4

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7.11f

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 29tf

WANTED TO BUY—A small house and lot, in desirable location. Address, giving full particulars and price, "Cash," care of EVENING NEWS. 29 6

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach.)

Our nearest salt water resort. A 10-acre shady grove close to the beach. Forty minutes from Plainfield by C. R. R. of New Jersey.

This famous day Summer resort has been greatly improved the present season by the erection of a grand new pavilion, a large restaurant, where refreshments are sold at moderate rates. A base ball diamond and Lawn Tennis Court, and a fine bowling alley.

There is also a fine equipment of boats for rowing, fishing or crabbing, a fine sandy beach for bathing, plenty of houses and tents. Numerous picnic tables (free) for excursionists. Fine piano in the pavilion, music every day. First-class steam Merry-go-rounds and swings. Naptha launch, making 10-cent trips around the shore. No intoxicants sold, no disorder, a perfectly safe place at any time for ladies and children.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES.

At Hasbrouck Academy, 12 Park avenue. Classes in Latin now forming. Also private lessons in French and German. Class lessons, also private lessons 29

Alterations.

Previous to extensive ones that we are going to make we will make a General Clearing Sale throughout Every Department.

For Three Cents Each
You buy tin top jelly glasses
For Six Cents Each
You buy Mason quart fruit jars.
For 38c. a Yard
You buy a 60-in. Damask Table Linen that is worth 50c.

Gentlemen:

You buy for a quarter a fine Gauze Undershirt that has been selling freely for 40c.

About Writing Paper.

Have you ever tried our Special Brands? If not, why don't you? We will save you money.

Wash Dress Goods.

There are many good things in Wash Fabrics that we are anxious to part with and they go at a reduced price.

VanEmburgh & White

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

TOWNSEND'S Marble and Granite Works,

No. 29 SOMERSET STREET, near FRONT.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and at prices to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend, Manager. 18 12tf

GET YOUR Bicycle Repaired at NO. 5 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J. by Henry Goeller, Jr.

Put Your Finger Here

O

Hold it there while you read this.

The most delicious Brown Bread. Fruit and Nut, Pudding and Boston Brown Bread are made fresh every day at 61 Park avenue.

M. E. Bosch, agent for Arnold's Steam Cooker.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Co-operative Summer Homes.

The question of how people of moderate means can have a very jolly summer in the country has been solved in a happy way in Rockland county, N. Y., and in some other places.

The solution can be utilized by thousands of families all over this country, and a summer can be enjoyed that is far pleasanter for mothers and children than that usually spent at the fashionable summer resort.

Briefly the plan is as follows: Within a distance of twenty to thirty miles of New York there are still farms that can be bought cheap, some of them in fact being at the point of dilapidation and abandonment. A number of country home club seekers purchase one of these old farms of, say, fifty acres. Possession must be gained early in the spring. The club gets perhaps half the money down, with notes and mortgages for the rest. The members put their means together, co-operative fashion, for this purpose. Then the wide, ancient farmhouse is overhauled and cut up into sleeping rooms and otherwise remodeled and added to so that it will hold twenty-five to fifty people. A roomy piazza, such as adorns seaside hotels, is run all around.

The barn is likewise remodeled to hold horses enough to do the farmwork and to furnish driving animals for the residents at the old farmhouse. A farmer and his family—two families, if the club requires it—are engaged early in the spring to perform the farm and house work. All the vegetables, fruit, poultry, eggs, milk, etc., wanted for the table are produced on the farm itself. Grain raising is not gone into to any extent.

The club of families takes possession of its quarters in early summer. So systematized has the matter of expense become, and available have the farm products been made, that a family of four persons can live excellently well in this way at a cost of fifteen dollars a week. This is cheaper than they can live at home in New York city. The plan has become so popular that the members stay later and later each year. Many of them make their permanent homes here, living in boarding houses in the city during three or four months in winter and returning to the club family home in the spring. They would live in the country the year around if there were decent roads, which ought to be an argument with the rural population to improve public highways. The men in these happy families go to the city daily to business. The country clubhouse plan has been so successful that a writer in the New York Sun says it has brought up the price of farm lands in Rockland county.

That is a very funny tangle the authors of the Chinese exclusion law got into in the hurry in which it was passed. On provision of this law is that the identity of a permanent Chinese resident in the country must be established by the testimony of a reliable white witness. This meant in the intention of the framers of the law, apparently, merely to exclude Chinese testimony in the matter. But the word "white" makes the law exclude the testimony of a negro if it is to be construed literally, also of an Indian. The colored people of the Union have not been long in catching hold of this slip and calling the president's attention to it. The law had to be signed in a hurry, in view of the expiration of the former Chinese exclusion law in May, and there was no time to return the bill to congress before the matter rectified. The president says he observed the queer wording of the act and conferred with the attorney general to see if it would exclude the testimony of black witnesses. The attorney general replied that in view of the amendments to the constitution, civil rights law, etc., it certainly could not; therefore the president signed it. That is to say, in the interpretation of the Chinese act, black is the same as white and white is the same as black. But it's a queer comment on the intelligence and foresight of congressional lawmakers. By the way, what would have been a good wording of the intention of the law?

It was the persuasive eloquence of Lord Chesterfield in 1752 that prevailed on the British parliament at last to reform the antiquated Julian calendar by adopting the Gregorian calendar. When the measure was put through and the 1st of the month became the 11th, the ignorant common people of England could not understand it. They thought this silly lord that eleven days had actually been taken out of their lives. A howling mob pursued Chesterfield on the streets, shouting to him, "Give us back the eleven days you have robbed us of!"

Professor Drasche, of the Vienna sanitary board, takes a cheerful view of cholera on the whole. He thinks it cannot spread as a pestilence through Europe on account of improved sanitation in the past generation. No other country in Europe has such bad sanitary conditions as Russia.

Coal cutting in the mines is now done easily and thoroughly by means of electricity. An electric motor of fifteen horse power is attached to the frame of a bed which holds the revolving cutting tools and the coal augers.

ANARCHISTIC PLOTTERS

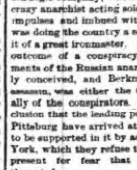
The Attack on Frick the Result of an Alleged Conspiracy.

KNOLD IN JAIL AS A CONFEDERATE

He Is Arrested in Pittsburg, but Denies the Charge—Frick's Chances Good. Berkman Sorry He Failed to Kill—Iams' Torture Raises a Storm of Indignation.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—The murderous attack upon Henry C. Frick, chairman of the Carnegie company, was not the work of a crazy anarchist acting solely upon his own impulses and imbued with the idea that he was doing the country a service by ridding it of a great monopolist. Instead it was an outcome of a conspiracy of the worst elements of the Russian anarchists deliberately conceived, and Berkman, the would be assassin, was either the tool or the willing ally of the conspirators. This is the conclusion which the leading police authorities of Pittsburg have arrived at, and they claim to be supported in it by advices from New York, which they refuse to make public at present for fear that justice may be thwarted.

The first and important link in the chain of evidence pointing toward this conclusion was forged in the arrest of a local anarchist with whom Berkman had been living for more than a week, and to whose abode he appears to have gone at the suggestion of the notorious Herr Most. The man's name is Karl Knold and he lives on Cherry street, a short distance across the river in Allegheny. It was through the offices of the Adams Express company in this city that the police learned that two packages containing currency and addressed to Berkman had arrived from New York some days ago and had been delivered to Knold's address.



A. BERKMAN.

The police immediately made a descent upon Knold's house and his replies to the few questions put to him not being satisfactory he was at once placed under arrest and brought to the Central station in this city. Here, upon being interrogated, he admitted that Berkman had come straight to his house upon his arrival from New York on July 14, and had remained with him until last Friday—a period of eight days. When asked if he had ever had any knowledge of Berkman before he replied in the negative, but said that the anarchist had explained that he had gotten his (Knold's) address from Herr Most.

Knold Wrote to Most.

Knold went on to say, after considerable hesitation, that the second day after Berkman's arrival he wrote to Most asking for information concerning his visitor, and that he received a reply from Most advising him to have nothing to do with him. This letter, Knold further said, was destroyed immediately after its receipt. Berkman stopped with him until Friday last, when he said that he would return to New York. According to his story, Knold accompanied him to the Union depot, saw him through the gate and opposed that he had went on the last of him. He added, however, that when he heard of the shooting he was at once certain that Berkman was the assailant, and that ever since he has been in momentary expectation of arrest.

The police, however, take no stock in this story. They believe that Knold is closely connected with the New York gang of conspirators; that Berkman came to this house as a part of the plot, and that, if he was so inclined, Knold could reveal the entire conspiracy. They claim to have ascertained during the afternoon that Knold had not only shown Berkman the location of the Carnegie company's office, but also pointed Frick out to him, in order that he might know his man when the moment came for carrying out his diabolical scheme.

FRICK IS SUFFERING.

But His Chances for Recovery Are Still Good—Carnegie to Stay Abroad.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—There was no change in the condition of H. C. Frick that would indicate that his chances for recovery were other than excellent. The surgeons made a careful examination of his wounds. No symptoms of blood poisoning have developed and the greatest care is being taken to prevent it. The excessively hot weather is a factor liable to prove serious and retard Mr. Frick's recovery. Dr. Litchfield reports that his patient will be able to be out in about six weeks. Mr. Frick suffered some and was in considerable pain yesterday, but there was no sign that he was suffering.

Mr Frick insisted upon having the newspaper read to him and discussed the Homestead situation. He expressed satisfaction that a large number of men were at work at Homestead. Some of his friends suggested to Mr. Frick, after the attack on him on Saturday, that private detectives be placed on guard at his residence. Mr. Frick resented the idea, saying that he wanted to be able to move about without a bodyguard. Early during the strike two special officers were employed by Mr. Frick, but their presence grew so distasteful to him that he discharged them after three days service.

Mr. Frick is still in control of the business of the Carnegie Steel company. He insists on knowing all that is going on everything that is going on in Homestead. Duquesne, the Union mills and at Beaver Falls. Every move that is being made is the result of the orders issued from the sick room. He is able to sign papers that are brought to him from the city offices, and he spends his time with his managers who call upon him.

Secretary Lovejoy said: "Mr. Frick is continuing as the active executive head of the company and will do so right along, unless his condition should incapacitate him. We have heard from Andrew Carnegie. He will not come from Scotland until September, as he originally intended, unless the unexpected happens. We will have men at work in the Homestead mills. The sandwing, plate and structural mills are being operated."

The Carnegie mills at Thirtieth street are now under the strict surveillance of the Pinkerton police. Officers are stationed at the high board fence around them.

SORRY HIS MISSION FAILED.

Berkman Claims That He Shot Frick on His Own Responsibility.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—When Warden McAleese visited Berkman the first question the anarchist asked was about Mr. Frick's condition. He was informed that the doctors said Mr. Frick would recover. "Well, I am sorry for that," said Berkman. Shortly after this one of the prison guards came along and left a loaf of bread and some fresh water at Berkman's cell.

"What's that?" said Berkman. "Why, that's your breakfast," said Warden McAleese.

"Is that all I get? At the other prison I was in Saturday they gave me eggs and coffee. Can't I get a little ham and eggs for my breakfast?" G. G. Bemjovsk.

was the regular fare and he would have to live on it.

Berkman complained of the food and other things and said: "I was born in St. Petersburg, Russia, and was educated at the Gymnasium, one of the leading colleges of that place. I know very poor English, as I have to talk from the Latin.

"What do the people say about my act?" he said, rapidly changing the subject. "They say it was a brave, forwardly act and you have no sympathizers."

"Oh, yes, I have," he replied. "I know the people will be with me and I am sorry I failed to kill just the."

"Well, don't you know that if Mr. Frick dies you will be hanged, and if he lives you will have a long term in the penitentiary?"

"I know all that. I looked the matter up and am willing to stand the consequences, no matter what they are." Afterward he said: "I did the whole thing myself and all credit belongs to me. The workingmen of this country are with me in this affair."

THE PUNISHMENT OF IAMS.

It Raises a Storm of Indignation and Assumes a National Aspect.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 26.—An indirect result of the shooting of Mr. Frick has been to make the one existing topic. It is the case of W. L. Iams, the private officer of Company K, Tenth regiment, who shouted, "Hurrah for the man that did it!" when told of the act of Berkman, and on punishment was strung up by his thumbs, had one side of his head and half his mustache shaved and was drummed out of camp. In addition to this disgrace the sentence carries with it dishonorable discharge from the National guard and denial of the right to enlist in the federal army and the rights of citizenship. The Iams case threatens to become national. Homestead people talked of nothing else. Even the return of Hugh O'Donnell after his release from prison on $10,000 bail was subordinated by this topic.

A perfect storm of indignation has been raised by the treatment of Iams, and letters and telegrams denouncing the treatment of the young man have been received in Homestead, in Pittsburg and by the governor of Pennsylvania. One of the protests to Governor Pattison was from the Washington correspondents of Pennsylvania asking for the removal of Lieutenant Colonel Streator, who ordered the punishment of Iams. When Colonel Streator was told of this he said if these correspondents came over to his camp and made any such treasonable remarks as those made by Iams he would treat them in the way he had treated Iams.

National Guardsmen Indignant.

Young Iams threatens to bring suit against Colonel Streator and Major General Snowden, but this is by no means the most serious aspect of the case, if reports be true. It has caused much feeling in the National guard, particularly among the rank and file, and members of the Tenth regiment are authority for the statement that Company K, to which Iams belonged, will have to be disbanded, because its men do not intend to re-enlist after their present terms of enlistment have expired. Several Tenth regiment men made this statement to a United Press reporter.

Officers of the troops almost generally approve Colonel Streator's action. Colonel Case, of the Fourth regiment, told the writer that if any of them indulged in any jubilation over Berkman's crime he would treat them the same way. But if Colonel Case had heard the expressions of some of his soldiers to a United Press reporter he would have discovered that they did not share his opinion approving the humiliating punishment meted out to Private Iams. They condemned Iams' remarks, but thought his punishment brutal and outrageous.

Officers of Iams regiment—the Tenth—were seemingly at a loss in upholding Colonel Streator. They grew heated in their condemnation of the disgraced private and lauded Iams' courage for his action. If many of the officers think Iams was treated harshly they failed to say so. A few of them, however, made comments not flattering to Streator's action.

Iams, the disgraced man, came to Homestead from Pittsburg, where he spent the night. He was looking for Colonel Streator. He crossed the river to the camp of the Tenth and was told that Colonel Streator had crossed to the other side. Iams came back, but did not find the colonel. He then went back to Pittsburg.

No Court Martial Was Held.

"I was lying in front of Colonel Streator's tent," said Iams, "when the news came that Frick had been shot. I shouted out, 'Hurrah for the man that shot him!' in a thoughtless manner."

Iams said he did not like Frick, but that he would have retracted what he said had he been asked to do so in a gentlemanly manner. "I am an American citizen and I propose to take civil action to have this outrage righted. Nearly all the men and many of the officers sympathize with me. While I was in the guardhouse some of the officers sent me beer and a lunch. The boys of Company K appointed a committee and an offer of financial assistance in prosecuting Streator."

The most interesting question in the case is whether corporal punishment can be inflicted on a soldier in a militia camp under any circumstances, even when martial law is in force, and whether a sentence such as that passed on Iams could be legally executed without the formality of a court martial, for it is certain that if a court martial had been held Iams would not have been sentenced to death before it and had no chance to make a defense.

General Snowden was asked by the reporter whether a court martial had been held. He said that his understanding was that Iams had been convicted by such a tribunal. He would not express an opinion as to the justness of the punishment. That was a matter, he said, within Colonel Streator's jurisdiction. Colonel Hawkins, of the Fourth regiment, said no court martial was held because Iams had acknowledged his guilt.

The Feeling in New York.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The punishment inflicted on Private Thomas Iams, of the Third regiment of the Pennsylvania National guard, stationed at Homestead, formed the principal subject in—National guard circles in this city. The consensus of opinion of the National guardsmen and officers here seems to be that the punishment was unprecedented and barbarous, and Colonel Streator was loudly denounced for not giving the man the benefit of a court martial.

Among those in this city whose feelings have been aroused by the punishment of Private Iams there is probably no one more indignant than C. G. Burgoyne, the well known painter of Center street. Mr. Burgoyne has been a soldier himself, and after reading the accounts in the papers became so worked up that he sought relief in the following telegrams, which he sent forthwith:

Frank Iams, brother of the soldier who was tortured at Homestead, attorney-at-law, Pittsburg, Pa.:

It may console your brother to know that I have voiced the sentiments of thousands of men in this city by sending the following telegram to Lieutenant Colonel Streator:

C. G. BURGOYNE.

Following is the telegram referred to:

Lieutenant Colonel Streator, commanding the Tenth regiment, P. N. G., Homestead, Pa.:

Law additions and all men who believe that every man is entitled to a trial before condemnation and punishment will agree with me that the punishment inflicted on Private Iams by your superior officers and participated in by your regimental surgeons is a crime only paralleled by the crimes of a mob. My check for a good round sum is at the disposal of any Pennsylvania lawyer who will undertake to bring you to justice. Believe me, there are many men in this city, not only humble citizens like myself, but military men as well, who are willing to unloose their purse strings that such a monstrous crime shall not go unpunished.

C. G. BURGOYNE.

Mr. Burgoyne declared himself opposed to the strikers' action when assembled as a mob, but he felt that Colonel Streator and his superiors had descended to the mob's level, and that General Snowden's approval of his subordinate's action, with the addition of the order for shaving the culprit's head, was a disgrace to the country which would hardly have been perpetrated by the czar of Russia. He pronounced the treatment of Private Iams, without even the formality of a drumhead court martial, as in violation of every known military law.

The Correspondents' Protest.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Pennsylvania newspaper correspondents located here sent the following protest to Governor Pattison against the punishment of Private Iams at Homestead:

DEAR SIR—The shocking treatment of Private Iams, Company K, Tenth regiment, N. G. P., who was punished without trial at the hands of Lieutenant Colonel Streator, is a disgrace to the military establishment of the state. Such barbarous conduct is not in keeping with the state is a serious reflection on the commonwealth. We therefore ask that Lieutenant Colonel Streator be relieved from further command. It appears that General Snowden and Colonel Hawkins approved the atrocity, and, therefore, are equally responsible. Hoping you will find an opportunity to give this matter your serious attention, we are yours, etc.

FASHIONS

Fashions in Jewelry.

Elsie Bee writes in Jewelers' Circular of new things in jewelry as follows:

Silver nets about six inches square and, fringed with tiny silver balls are worn by some young women in the hair.

The new sleeve buttons are button and bar, the centers polished and surrounded by broken raised edges.

The newest bookmarks with metal tops have the centers of lattice work like the intercarving of twisted ropes, with olivines, topazes and more precious stones set in the crossings.

Next to the bowknot comes the round brooch made up of narrow curving or geometrical lines, the whole being heated with enamel and sprinkled with small pearls and stones.

Sprays of white currants are new brooches for summer wear, and very pretty they are. The currants are perfectly imitated and the broad leaf is inlaid with chips of diamonds. If of metal, silver is more appropriate than gold for the pure translucence of the currant.

The latest bowknots are of colored enamel, with rows of tiny pearls or small stones on one side to outline the raised loops.

Pretty studs, earrings and brooches consist of a ring of tiny pearls circling a ground of pink, blue or green translucent enamel, with a rippling pattern on gold showing through the enamel.

Foulard Gowns.

Foulards are so comfortable, as well as pretty, that it is not surprising they are in great favor. The patterns this season are exquisite. A pretty foulard, with tiny white feathers printed on a white ground, was recently made up with lace and loops of heliotrope ribbon placed over the lace. This was draped diagonally across the skirt and the high bodice, the lace being used for the lower portion of the full puffed sleeves, the upper portion opening inside the arm to show the lace and ribbon. The color was exceedingly delicate. As foulard is a thin material which requires some adornment on the skirt, the difficulty was surmounted here by introducing a trained piece which flowed gracefully at the back.

Some of Worth's foulard gowns are trimmed with buttonholed flounces on the skirt.

An Old Woman Killed.

CORSING, N. Y., July 26.—Mrs. Elizabeth Heiser, aged seventy-three years, of Gang Mills, was run by the Erie flyer No. 2 and instantly killed.

Killed by a Falling Hogshead.

BROOKLYN, July 26.—An unknown man was killed and William Quinlan seriously injured in the Havemeyer sugar refinery by a falling hogshead.

Seven Were Drowned.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Six colored persons were drowned by the capsizing of a row-boat, and a white boy fell off a wharf and was drowned.

His Love Caused Him.

FREEDOM, Me., July 26.—Joseph C. Page, whose dwelling was burned Saturday, went insane and drowned himself this morning.

Charged with Forgery.

ROSSPORT, N. Y., July 26.—William McElhone was arrested near Wallkill and jailed here for forgery for sums aggregating $1,000.

Spared the Gallows.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Henry Davis, colored, sentenced to be hanged on Sept. 8 for murder, died in his cell of consumption.

Three Were Drowned.

BIDDEFORD, Me., July 26.—George Walker, Herbert Knight and John Gammell were drowned by the capsizing of a dory.

A Victim of Lightning.

CAMDEN, N. J., July 26.—James Lee, aged sixteen years, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

Kansas Corn Ruined.

WICHITA, July 26.—The corn crop in western Kansas is nearly all burned up by the intense heat.

Ten Flags for William.

LONDON, July 26.—The Emperor William's yacht Meteor arrived at Cowes flying ten pinning flags.

PLATT AND MILLER IN LINE.

Republican Leaders Deny Their Reported Rupture with Bliss.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The Republican leaders deny the latest reports of friction said to have feudily arisen between Messrs. Platt, Miller and Cornelius N. Bliss, because of the alleged threat of the latter gentleman in the matter of withholding the sinews of war unless the two former gentlemen are kept in the background.

At the Fifth Avenue hotel, after a conference between Messrs. Clarkson, Bliss, Cluett, Chauncey and Alvin Seaver McComas, it was said the most cordial feelings prevailed, and that Messrs. Platt and Miller will both work heartily for success in the state, and that the Republican state committee is more advanced in its work than ever before at this time in the campaign, while fully as good progress had been made in counties of the state.

Cummings to Run It.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A proposition has been made to the national Democratic committee to establish for this campaign a literary bureau, with Representative Amos J. Cummings at its head. Should the plan as proposed be carried out, Mr. Cummings will be made a member of the executive committee.

Harrity's Plans.

HARRISBURG, July 26.—William F. Harrity, chairman of the Democratic national committee, refuses to divulge any of his campaign plans. He is not ready to appoint the different committees, he says, but will likely do so when he goes to New York on Wednesday.

Drowned While Sailing.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., July 26.—Jay William Pierce, of Corry, Pa., was drowned while sailing on the Connecticut river.

For a Delicious Drink

NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article, a select

50c. Formosa Oolong

TEA, to make a

Delicious Iced Tea.

Fresh roasted Coffee received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily

NEUMANN BROS.

79 BROADWAY.

FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received through A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND,

34 West Front Street.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

that A. G VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE MANHATTAN WINE ROOM,

179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET,

(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)

FRANK LINKE, Proprietor,

ESTABLISHED 1886.

Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaeffer's Wagner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.

Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.

All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

MONEY FOR RELATIVES,

friends, or acquaintances may be sent by drafts, cashed free of charge in Europe, for sale here.

ALSO TICKETS

for all European points, on any steamer, or line, First and Second Class, and Steerage, cheaper than New York. Illustrated catalogue upon application.

Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset street.

Until that very properly contains a supply of

Hires' Root Beer

which adds to the enjoyment of all the other delicacies, and makes a picnic a picnic indeed. A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of this very popular beverage.

Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good." "It fibs. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

Ice Cream Freezers,

The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

The Rapid,

Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,

and

Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

CARRIAGES

and

HARNESS

of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessible at Any Time.

RYERSON,

33 SOMERSET STREET.

JUST ONE MOMENT,

PLEASE!

You can invest money to secure you enormous returns, by insuring your life. It provides for your wife and family if you die, or if you want to enjoy the money, insure for ten, fifteen or twenty years in

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York or Newark.

If you are thinking of insuring write for circular. H. D. Morrison, agent.

A. M. SEGUINE,

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 26.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private balls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service.

Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of finest

Light Blue Color.

References:—

F. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

94 SOMERSET STREET.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to offer cleaner coal than is possible by any 'other method of screening.

Open (LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for handling coal, and his retail stock in trade, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE,

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E. Engineer of the Famous Union County Road System. Special attention given to street paving and sewerage. Office, 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Office, Corner Front and Somerset streets, opp. city hall. Office No. 28 West Front street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office, Second floor First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties desiring to have their premises disinfected can have the same done free of charge. Leave orders at Fisher Bros.' Hardware Store, Front street, Plainfield, or Telephone No. 5.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS E. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:40, a. m., 12:00, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.

Close—7:20 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30 and 9 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:40 a. m., 1:15, 5:30 p. m.

Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

Mail closes at 4:30 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

THE GEM OF THE OCEAN

Columbia, the Greatest Naval Vessel Afloat, Launched.

MISS EDITH MORTON CHRISTENS IT.

This Latest Addition to Uncle Sam's Growing Navy, When Completed, Will Be the Most Formidable Commerce Destroyer in Existence.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Cheer after cheer from thousands of throats, and whistles shrill and hoarse from the vessels round about, rung out on the afternoon air as the greatest commerce destroyer in the universe was started down the ways at Cramp's shipyard here, and Miss Edith Morton, the daughter of the vice president, with cheeks aflame and eyes sparkling, broke the ribbon bedecked bottle of champagne on the bows of Cruiser No. 12 and with a hearty voice said, "I christen thee Columbia."

This latest pride of Uncle Sam made a graceful dip into the water, swung around into the stream and was towed back to her moorings, preparatory to having her machinery put in and the finishing touches put on.

A distinguished party of officials came from Washington to witness the launch. In the party were Vice President Morton, Secretary Tracy, Assistant Secretary of State Grinnell, Senator Hiscock, Commodore Wilson and Naval Constructors Bowles and Woodward. Mrs. Morton and Miss Edith Morton met the party in Philadelphia, coming on from New York city for the purpose.

The Columbia.

The Columbia will be the most formidable war vessel in the world. The name "Pirate," which was sometimes applied to the vessel when it was known as Cruiser No. 12, was very appropriate. The Colum-

THE COLUMBIA.

bia will not only be swifter than any other war vessel afloat; the Teutonic, Majestic, City of New York and the other transatlantic greyhounds will be entirely outclassed by this fighter. The contract with the Cramps calls for a vessel that can sail around the world without recoaling in 100 days. She must go twenty-two knots an hour on her trial trips.

If she cannot do this she will be subject to rejection or penalty. The Columbia, her builders are confident, will surely reel off twenty-two, and they are equally confident that she will be able to keep it up for twenty-four hours, making a distance of 528 knots. For the quarter knot of speed over the 512 knots contract limitations the Cramps will be given $50,000.

The coal carrying capacity of the cruiser will be greater than that of any steamer or naval vessel in the world. The big bunkers will hold 2,000 tons. This would be sufficient, at the rate of ten knots an hour, to allow the cruiser to remain out of port for 109 days, or a radius of action of 26,240 knots, or nearly the circumference of the earth. The ship is 400 feet 6 inches long on the load line; beam molded, 58 feet; draft, mean normal, 23 feet; extreme normal, 24 feet; displacement, normal, about 7,900 tons; speed, sustained, 21 knots, and indicated horse power, 20,500.

Her Intricate Machinery.

The machinery of the cruiser will be more intricate than that of any steamer in the world. There will be three triple expansion engines, each working a separate screw, one on either side of the rudder and one above it. The horse power of the engines under forced draft will be 20,500. The engines all have the same stroke—forty-two inches—and the diameter of the high, intermediate and low pressure cylinders respectively are forty-two, fifty-nine and ninety-two inches. Under full pressure each of these three screws should turn at the rate of 128 revolutions per minute.

Each of the three shafts is fitted with a disengaging coupling, so that the propellers may be free to revolve when not in use. Thus the vessel may be propelled at a slow speed of fourteen knots by the center screw alone, at a medium speed of seventeen knots by the two side screws and at a high speed of twenty-two to twenty-two knots by all three together. This arrangement allows the machinery to be worked at its maximum and most economical number of revolutions at all rates of the vessel's speed, and each engine can always be used for propelling the vessel.

The vital portions of the vessel are protected by an armored deck four inches thick on the slopes and two and one-half inches on the flat. The space between this deck and the gun deck will be minutely subdivided by coal bunkers and store rooms. In addition there will be a cofferdam five feet wide running next to the ship's side throughout the whole length of the vessel. In the bunkers not used for coal this will be filled with a patent substance of such solidity as to form a wall five feet thick, having all the advantages of an inner and supplemental armor. In the event of an emergency this patent substance, the nature of which is kept secret, can be taken out and used for fuel. Forward and abaft the coal bunkers the cofferdam will be filled with a water excluding substance similar to woodite.

Not a Gun Will Be in Sight.

The Columbia will carry no big guns. Not a gun will be in sight, and the battery will be almost entirely light. There will be one 8-inch gun as a bow chaser. This is expected to play the principal part in the cruiser's career. Besides this she will carry four 6-inch breech loading rifles, twelve rapid firing 6-pounders, six rapid firing 1-pounders, two machine guns, one field gun and six torpedo tubes.

The armament of the cruiser is designed to be rapid firing, and the cruiser will be effective more for this reason than by any tremendous broadsides. In the wake of the eight 4-inch and machine guns the ship's sides will be armored with four and two inch plating.

The Columbia is to be ready for service by Oct. 1, 1893. The contract for her construction was awarded to Cramp & Sons on Oct. 3, 1890, the bid being $2,726,000. Add to this the cost of armament and equipment, and the vessel will have cost about $3,200,000. It was stipulated in the contract that the outfit would, in all its parts, should be of domestic manufacture.

Flying from Justice.

Warder—We assign men here to work with which they are familiar. If you have any special line you'd better say so, and we'll start you at once.

Convict—Thanks; I can't begin too soon—I'm an aeronaut.—Judy.

ALICE MITCHELL'S LOVE.

Dr. Turner Thinks the Young Woman Insane and Incurably So.

MEMPHIS, July 26.—The second week of the Mitchell trial showed no abatement of the interest taken in the case. The first witness introduced was Dr. B. F. Turner, who once acted as the assistant to Dr. Peterson, of New York. Dr. Turner said that Alice told him of all the plans she and Freda Ward had made. To his question asking if she fully understood what marriage meant she said that she fully comprehended the matrimonial state, but insisted that there was nothing to hinder her from marrying Freda Ward.

She said that she was aware that she and Freda could have no children, yet she could not be talked out of her ideas upon married life. She shows no emotion, except when her love for Freda is mentioned. The details of the tragedy she tells with the utmost coolness, but at the mention of Freda she breaks down.

In questioning her as to the relations between her and Freda, he found out that there was nothing compromising in their business of love. Witness thought Miss Mitchell was insane and incurably so.

Lillie Johnson was again put on the stand, and said that Alice kissed Freda just like a man kissed a woman.

Doctors Callendar and Sale will be next introduced by the defense.

BAY CITY IN FLAMES.

Over 800 Houses Burned So Far and a Million Dollar Loss.

BAY CITY, Mich., July 26.—Fire broke out in the lumber manufacturing establishment of Miller & Turner. A brisk west wind sent the flames across Water street and block after block was swept over with terrible rapidity.

Flint, Saginaw and Detroit were telegraphed for assistance and Saginaw and Flint responded, each sending an engine and quantities of hose. But the flames continued to spread in spite of the efforts of the firemen and more than 800 buildings have been destroyed, while the conflagration is still sweeping toward the eastern limits of the city.

Many rumors are afloat as to the number of persons who have perished, but so far only one fatality is positively known. A woman was sick in one of the houses and perished before help could reach her. The entire loss will be upward of $1,000,000.

Another Amalgamated Fight.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., July 26.—The steel workers of the West Superior Iron and Steel company are on strike. Manager Mattes says the company will never recognize the Amalgamated association. The men claim they will allow no nonunion men to work.

A Double Tragedy.

BERWOOD, W. Va., July 26.—Michael Boylon and his sixteen-year-old son John insulted the wife of Samuel Winesburg, which the latter resented, whereupon John Boylon shot Winesburg and Mrs. Winesburg dead. The Boylons were arrested.

Worry Killed Broadhead.

KINGSTON, N. Y., July 26.—N. E. Broadhead, county treasurer of Ulster county, died here, aged forty-three years. His death was superinduced by worry and excitement, occasioned by the failure of the Ulster Savings institution last summer.

Family Jars End in Murder.

NASHVILLE, July 26.—Major J. H. Winn, a banker, murdered his wife and stepdaughter with an ax. He then attempted to take his own life with a dirk. Family quarrels caused it.

Death in Its Downfall.

VIENNA, July 26.—The famous robber tower at Znaim, in Moravia, one of the oldest relics of the Middle Ages, has fallen. Five persons were killed by the falling walls.

Vanderbilt at Newport.

NEWPORT, July 26.—W. K. Vanderbilt arrived here accompanied by his guests upon the unfortunate yachting excursion. He had nothing to say to reporters.

Took Four Hundred Dollars with Him.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 26.—W. Fred Leslie, a bookkeeper for the Pike Manufacturing company at Manlius, has disappeared with $400 of the firm's money.

Duly Wants to Meet Ashton.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 26.—Jim Daly, the sparring partner of Corbett, wants a match with Jack Ashton, the sparring partner of Champion Sullivan.

Killed by His Father-in-Law.

HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., July 26.—James Meehan was shot and instantly killed while attempting to gain access to his wife and children by his father-in-law, Patrick Mullen, at the latter's home. Meehan had deserted his family.

Not Afraid of the Gallows.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—James B. Moulton, colored, who is sentenced to be hanged in Camden, N. J., on Friday, cracks jokes with his keeper and is in a jolly mood.

Cyclone at Ocean Grove.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 26.—A small cyclone swept over Asbury Park and Ocean Grove. Much damage was done and a number of persons were injured.

Rober Defeats Apollon.

NEW YORK, July 26.—At the Academy of Music Ernest Rober, the champion wrestler of America, defeated Apollon, the acknowledged French champion.

Burned to Death.

AKRON, O., July 26.—The dead body of Nellie Bell was found in the Robrbacher and Allen block, which was destroyed by fire.

CONGRESS DEADLOCKED

The Fair Grant Stops Business and Retards Adjournment.

THE SUNDRY CIVIL BILL MAY FAIL

Although Holman Says the House Will Adjourn Friday, It Is Claimed That There Are Enough Votes to Keep It in Session Till the Appropriation Is Lost.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Mr. Allison, chairman of the senate committee on appropriations, lifted the veil from the conference proceedings of the two houses on the sundry civil bill. He stated that concessions made by the senate conferees, amounting to between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000, were apparent rather than real. Six hundred thousand dollars of one item, he said, was included in the pending general deficiency bill by some process not visible to the naked eye, and most of the other items, he asserted, had been "halved" on the distinct understanding that the balance would have to be appropriated in a deficiency bill during the next short session of congress.

Mr. George, of Mississippi, occupied nearly all the rest of the session by a speech on the antioption bill, and the senate adjourned with the understanding that on reassembling it would listen to a tariff speech from Mr. Aldrich, of Rhode Island. Mr. Vest, of Missouri, may possibly attempt to call up at the same time a resolution offering a reciprocity reduction of 25 per cent. on wools, silk, glassware, etc., to European nations in return for the remonetization of silver.

The House Filibusters.

The house devoted two hours to debating the report from the committee to investigate the pension office recommending the dismissal of Commissioner Raum, two speeches being made in favor of the resolution by Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee, and Mr. Little, of New York. Mr. Lind, of Minnesota, made the only speech in his defense. The discussion was cut off abruptly by the disagreeing conference report on the deficiency bill and a new conference was ordered.

Mr. Holman, however, introduced a resolution of instructions to the conferees that they should recede from the house amendment agreed to on Friday last, after four yea and nay votes, to pay the balance of salary for the full term to the legal heirs of deceased members.

Mr. Hayes, of Iowa, whose amendment to this affect was adopted, said this proceeding on Mr. Holman's part was irregular and improper after the house had passed upon the matter. Filibustering ensued and the house was kept in a deadlock for over two hours, when it adjourned.

The Fair Appropriation.

There is no change in the parliamentary condition of the World's fair appropriation and the possibilities of the adjournment of congress. If a vote in the house discloses a majority for agreeing to the fair the senate will at least propose a compromise. If, on the other hand, the opponents of the fair prevent a vote on the direct question, it can be stated that the senate will stay here all summer rather than yield to Holman's dictation.

More than this, if by filibustering the sundry civil bill goes under, the friends of the fair will refrain from voting and compel their opponents to furnish a quorum to pass the necessary resolution extending the provisions of the last civil bill.

Mr. Holman said that congress would adjourn Friday, and that the sundry civil bill, the bill on the appropriation, would be disposed of this afternoon. On the other hand, Mr. Pierce, of Tennessee, said there are seventy-six members pledged to defeat or delay action on the bill unless the World's fair item is eliminated, and to stay here until it is done. So it will be seen that the question of adjournment and that of the World's fair millions are involved in a doubt that can be dispelled only by developments.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

	R.	H.	E.
At Boston—			
Boston	0	0	1
Louisville	0	0	0
At Philadelphia—	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0	0	0
Cincinnati	0	0	0
Weyhing and Clements; Dwyer, Rhines and Harrington.			
At Brooklyn—	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	1	0	0
Pittsburg	0	0	0
Foutz and Daley; Baldwin, Miller and Mack.			
At New York—	R.	H.	E.
New York	0	1	0
Cleveland	0	0	0
Crane and Doyle, Clarkson and Zimmer.			
At Baltimore—	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0
Chicago	0	2	1
Cobb, Gleason, McMahon, Perrom and Robinson; Hutchinson and Schriver.			
At Washington—	R.	H.	E.
Washington	4	0	0
St. Louis	2	0	1
Killen, Abbey, Duryea and McGuire; Galvin and Buckley.			

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

	R.	H.	E.
At Albany—			
Albany	0	0	0
Troy	1	3	0
Deins and Murphy, Welch and Clark.			
At Binghamton—	R.	H.	E.
Binghamton	0	3	0
Providence	0	0	0
Coughlan and Wilson, Kilroy and Gray.			
At Buffalo—	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	1	0
Rochester	0	2	3
Bennett and Boyd, Duke and Townsend.			

Caught in the Belting.

NEWARK, N. J., July 26.—Martin Dallman, employed in Heller & Merz's brass works, was caught in the belt and had his arm torn from the socket and two of his ribs broken. He will die.

Greece Economizes.

ATHENS, July 26.—The government has recalled its ambassadors to Great Britain, France and Germany and hereafter their duties will be discharged by secretaries of legation.

A Blaze on the Charleston.

PORT ORCHARD, Wash., July 26.—The cruiser Charleston was damaged by fire. The blaze started from spontaneous combustion in the coal bunkers.

Chicago's Deadly Heat.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Thirty cases of sunstroke were reported, twelve of which resulted fatally.

Dropped Dead.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 26.—Byron E. Campbell dropped dead here from the excessive heat.

The Treasury Balance.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The net treasury balance has increased to $76,009,000.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

George - Bremmer,
NO 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

For Three Weeks
I will sell
1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles
$50 LESS
THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.
Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.
Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue,
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 942.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 18 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Cleveland avenue.
P. O. Box 213.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot.
P. O. Box 1288
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Fine mantels cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1564.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Maker of fine and hard wood mantel. Shop: Corner of Grand and Second streets, South Plainfield, N. J.
J. HERRMANN, 2 Sequot street.

USE THE BEST!
DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
A. M. Vanderbeek's,
22 PARK AVENUE.

The Plainfield Ice
and
Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ALEXANDER WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 West Front Street.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. Address Miss Mary E. Sweet, P. O. Box 1089.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French Lessons. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield, or at pupil's residence. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and terms of lessons address Mlle. Sorbier, Box 1089, Miss Sorbier and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Home, Boarding, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her residence, 5 Somerset street, or at pupil's home, if desired. Box of references. No. 14 Somerset Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MISS LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 24 Fifth Front street. Good girls wanted. Parties may have a list of nice ample rooms, grape vines and shade.

H. S. SPENCER,
Grinding and Polishing Shop, 20 and 22 Somerset street, Grinding and polishing of every description. Agent for Automobile, 40 H. P. C. C. rear, yellow stoneware, etc. Full assortment of tools always on hand. Agent for Lawn Mowers. Lettuce, tomato, pepper, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

BROWN & BELL,
Blacking and hair dyeing parlor, in connection with their barber shop, 24 Park avenue. Ladies' hair dressing a specialty. Children's hair cutting. Razors set hair, stand, and ground with the finest.

IF!
A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW & STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 70 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
7 piece South American Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Flax Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25c to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs, $1 to $4.50; portierre curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : : NOT A SCHEME TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
In buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
43 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 14, 6 27, 7 45, 8 05, 8 58, 9 36, 10 36, 11 36 a. m.; 12 36, 1 36, 2 36, 3 36, 4 21, 5 45, 6 27, 7 36, 8 05, 9 36, 10 36, 11 36 p. m. Sunday at 5 14, 6 27, 7 45, 8 05, 8 58, 9 36, 10 36, 11 36 a. m.; 12 36, 1 36, 2 36, 3 36, 4 21, 5 45, 6 27, 7 36, 8 05, 9 36, 10 36, 11 36 p. m. Express, 2 36, 4 21, 5 45, 7 36, 9

SOME ODD STORIES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS RELATED BY MAJOR A. R. CALHOUN.

The Pathetic Story of a Little Girl Who Was Arrested for Loitering in New York and Confined in the Tombs—She Was Weary of Life.

A short time ago an excellent lady, who is much interested in the work of ameliorating the condition of prisoners, induced me to visit with her the notorious Tombs prison in New York city. My friend wished to talk with a German girl who was incarcerated for the only reason that she appeared to be a vagrant, without home or friends.

The matron of the female department received us kindly, and soon brought into the room a girl of fourteen or of slender figure and thinly clad, though the day was cold. The child's face was intelligent, but the gray eyes had a hard, defiant look, as if she was at war with the world.

The poor feel all the more for their inability to express themselves. The girl hesitated and seemed sullen when addressed in English, but when I spoke to her in German the hard look left her eyes and she seemed to become more human.

"How long have you been here?" I asked.

"Only two days, sir," she replied.

"Why are you here?"

"I will tell you, sir," she said, with what seemed sudden frankness. "I was working for a lady. I had to get up early and go to bed late, and I never had any rest. When I could not do everything the woman bade me she beat me like a dog. I could not stand it; then I ran away and wandered in the streets, for I had no home."

"But you were arrested standing near a saloon," I said.

"I will tell you about that, sir. My father drinks, but I found him and told him I wanted to get out of clothes. I left at that cruel woman's. He got them and, sir, he pawned them for drink. My father, when he is sober, picks rags, and I told him I would help him, but he said 'No, you are too old, or not old enough for that.' I gathered rags and father sold them and drank. I was waiting outside the saloon for him when I was arrested."

"How long have you had to work?" I asked.

"How long?" she repeated. "Why, sir, there was never a time in all my memory when I did not have to work. My mother died when I was six, and since then, until I went to live with that woman, I have helped my father and been starved and been beaten. No one ever gave me a cent or spoke a kind word to me. Oh, God in heaven! why was I ever born?" she cried out with indescribable passion, while the eyes took on their hard, defiant expression. Then she continued:

"The rich can do as they please, and the officers do not bother them, but the poor—the poor must feel the hunger and the hard blows. I do not want to live! Why should I live? Why does not the God they say is so good to all have mercy on me and kill me?"

This from a child of fourteen—a child who might have made a noble, beautiful woman under proper surroundings—made my blood run cold.

"If this lady and myself find you a good home will you not be willing to remain there?" I asked.

She looked at me doubtingly, then said:

THE LITTLE GIRL'S ARREST.

"Mein herr, you look honest and good, but no one can be trusted. How can I trust any one when all is lies and deceit? No, I do not feel like a child only fourteen, sir, but—but I feel like an old woman, and I wish the good God would kill me!" And now she broke down, wrung her bony hands and sobbed as if heart were break ing.

"But you do not wish to stay in prison?" I said.

"Oh, God, no! Oh, there is such a weight on my heart here! There is nothing but bad to learn in prison. If they keep me here I will kill myself—that will end it and I can rest, and the hunger will be gone."

My lady friend then explained to the girl that she wished to take her to a good home, where she would find kind friends, but she must agree to be bound to remain with them till she was eighteen.

At mention of the word "bound" the hard expression came into the girl's eyes again, and she said, with a half savage defiance:

"Oh, I cannot! I am not used to decent people! I will tell you the truth. If I was bound I should die if I did not run away."

The girl was then removed and my friend talked to the matron. She told us that often children of ten or twelve were brought to her, and that their hard lives gave them the ways of adults who had grown weary of life and imbittered with the world.

My friend Mrs. L. talked with Marie, the girl in the corridor, and so great was her horror of the prison that the girl got over her prejudice against being bound, for the time at least, and consented to go with her.

Marie's release was obtained, and as we walked toward the Bowery Mrs. L. explained that she had secured homes for many girls and that they were now happy and doing well.

"But don't you think," said the girl in broken English, "it would be better if all poor girls were dead?"

Mrs. L. whispered about a kind God.

"No, no!" burst in Marie. "If God is good, then there would be no poor, no hunger, no suffering!"

Mrs. L. took the girl to her own home that night and kept her for two days, while she was making arrangements to have her sent to a good home in the country.

This incident, so familiar to all who travel in a great city with their eyes open, impressed me very much. The lights seemed dimmer and the faces of the little ones in my own home less light hearted and happy that night.

I could but think of the millions sent out such year to save the heathen, when the children of our own race are growing up criminal, vicious and godless in our midst.

And this is our boasted civilization! Within the shadow of our stately churches our own heathen are dying of want. Our jails are filled with criminals nurtured to vice under the sigis of our law.

At one extremity is the wife of the millionaire, bedecked with jewels and ravishing her languid affections on a poodle. At the other extremity is Marie, the cigarmaker's daughter, and when she goes astray for the want of a kind hand to guide, the millionaire's wife kisses her poodle and deplores the viciousness of the poor.

A Few Bulls.

We hear a great deal about Irish bulls, but as a matter of fact this species of blunder ing wit is by no means confined to our friends the Hibernians. During the Fenian troubles some years ago, a Canadian paper published what it claimed was a toast offered as a Fenian meeting in Montreal. It read: "Here's to Stephens. May he live till he sees chapels built ten miles long and seven miles broad, and may they be slated with the shoulder blades of English men, and the walls whitewashed with their blood."

"Bull Run" Russell, well known in this country during the war as a correspondent of the London Times, in one of his letters from Egypt, writes:" As there were no other asses to be found, the Duke of Sutherland, Colonel Tweedale, Colonel Marshall and I were obliged to trudge on foot."

It was an English lady who requested a painter to paint her portrait with a book in her hand, reading aloud, and her servant in a corner, where he could not be seen, but within easy call.

A professor in Edinburgh university was making a chemical experiment before his class, when an explosion took place and the vessel was shattered to pieces. Holding up a fragment of the glass, he said very gravely, "Gentlemen, I have made this experiment before with this very phial and I never knew it to break in my hand before."

There are men still living who can recall the ridicule heaped on General Taylor for a sentence that occurred in his famous message to the Thirty-first congress. It was as follows: "We are at peace with all the world, and seek to maintain our cherished relations of amity with the rest of mankind."

Mr. Buchanan matched this in a speech in which he said, "I do believe, gentlemen, that mankind, as well as the people of the United States, are interested in the preservation of the Union."

John C. Calhoun, in commenting upon the clause in the Declaration of Independence to the effect that all men are created equal, said, "Only two men were created, and one of these was a woman."

I recall that as a boy I imitated my schoolmates and all imitated our great grandfathers by writing in the fly leaves of our text books, "Steal not this book, my honest friend," without being struck by the slenderest ray of an "honest friend's" stealing anything.

All literature is full of these queer blunders. Dr. Johnson, in his dictionary, defines "a garret" as "the highest room in a house;" then he defines cockloft as "the room over the garret."

Think of Shakespeare writing:

"Cæsar never died wrong without just cause."

He makes Hamlet say:

"That undiscovered country, from whose bourne no traveler returns."

A sailor on hearing this at a second performance shouted out: "Oh, that's bosh! Say, Hamlet, didn't you see your father's ghost last night, or her you forgot?"

A Dictionary Story.

When Dr. Sam Johnson had completed his dictionary, which, after long years of correction, had completely exhausted the patience of Mr. Andrew Millar, the publisher, the latter acknowledged the receipt of the last sheet in the following note:

"Andrew Millar sends his compliments to Mr. Samuel Johnson, with the money for the last sheet of the copy of the dictionary, and thanks God he has done with him."

To this rude note the old doctor returned the following bright answer:

"Samuel Johnson returns his compliments to Mr. Andrew Millar, and is very glad to find—as he does by his note—that Andrew Millar has the grace to thank God for anything."

It will interest our lawmakers at this day to know that the word "excise" offended the minister of the king, and it was submitted to Mr. Murray, then attorney general, and afterward Lord Mansfield, whether it was not a libel for which the old scholar should be at once arrested.

The following is a copy of the case submitted, with the opinion of the attorney general upon it:

CASE.

Mr. Samuel Johnson has lately published a book entitled "A Dictionary of the English Language," in which the words are defined from the originals, and illustrated in their different significations by examples from the best writers, to which are prefixed a history of the language and an English grammar.

Under the title "Excise," are the following words: "Excise, n. (accisa, Dutch; accisa, Latin), a hateful tax levied upon commodities, and adjudged, not by the common judges of property, but by wretches hired by those to whom excise is paid.

"The people should pay a ratable tax for their cheese and an excise for everything that they should eat.—Hayward.

"Ambitious now to take excise
Of a more congenial parasite."—Cleaveland.

"EXCISE.

"With hundred rows of teeth the shark exceeds,
And on all trades, like Cassawar, she feeds.
—Mariveland.

"Can hire large houses and oppress the poor
By farmed excise.
—Dryden's Juvenal."

The author's definition being observed by the commissioners of excise, they desire the opinion of counsel.

Question—Whether it will not be considered as a libel, and if so whether it is not proper to proceed against the author, printers and publishers thereof, or any or which of them, by information, or how otherwise?

OPINION.

I am of opinion that it is a libel; but under all the circumstances I should think it is better to give him an opportunity of altering his definition, and in case he doesn't threaten him with prosecution. (Signed) W. Murray.

Time was allowed for Johnson to alter his definition, but he was not to be frightened, and so this definition, with many equally quaint and amusing, remains in the dictionary. To think of prosecuting the author of such a book in this free day would be laughed at by even the newsboys

ALFRED R. CALHOUN.

How It Turned Out.

The Man with the MS.—In your time, my dear sir, I presume that you have turned out a sonnet or two, and can therefore—

The Editor—Turn out a sonnetteer too. Certainly. Good day. I'm busy.—Kate Field's Washington.

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,

Egg Milk Shakes,

Egg Phosphates,

are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.

Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

RUSSET SHOES.

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!

As later on the sizes will be few and far between.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,

are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,

FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,

Fly Nets and Summer Shades for Horses. Lap Sheets.

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.

Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

Gauze vests, 25c.

Children's gauze vests in short and long sleeves and pantiests to match, 12, 15, 18 and 20c.

Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. 40c. and 50c.

Men's Jean Drawers, 50c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 30c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.

Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

For the Next 30 Days

we will sell all Remnants of Paper

AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Bronzes at a Bargain.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

29 East Front street.

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades, 36 inches wide, (all wool), at 50c a yard.

Wool Dress Flannels, (36 inch), 25c. per yard.

Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.

Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.

Dress Chailies, 5c.

Good Towelling, 4c.

Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.

Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 38c, formerly 50c.

Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 West Front Street.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.

Refrigerators. . Lawn Mowers, . .

. . . . Ice Cream Freezers . . Hammocks . . . .

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware, . . . Paints Oils, Seeds.

Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.

Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.

A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

TO THE LADIES OF PLAINFIELD!

You are cordially invited to visit the practical exhibition of

COTTOLENE!

Now going on at our store. Come and test the good things prepared with this product. During free exhibit, a World's Fair Album given to every purchaser.

BUTTER—Fine Table Butter, 20c. lb.

JERSEY VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, Corn, Egg Plants, etc., received daily, and disposed of at from 15 to 25 per cent. below any other store in the city.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.

Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

THE LONG, WHITE SEAM

As I came round the harbor buoy,
The lights began to gleam;
No was the landlocked water stirred,
The night was like a dream;
And I steered my love by candle light,
Sewing her long, white seam.

"If's easy sewing indoors, my dear,
Watch and steer at sea;
'It's rest and furl and haul the line,
Set sail and think of thee.

I climbed to reach her cottage door;
Oh, sweetly my love sings!
Like a shaft of light her voice breaks forth,
My soul to meet it springs.
At the shining water leaped of old,
When stirred by angel wings.
Are longing to list anew.
Awake and in my dream,
But never a song: he sang like this,
Sewing her long, white seam.

Fair fall the lights, the harbor lights,
That brought me in to thee,
And peace drop down on that low roof
For the sight that I did see,
And the voice, my dear, that rang so clear,
All for the love of me.
For oh, for oh, with brows bent low
By the candle's flickering gleam,
Her wedding gown it was she wrought,
Sewing the long, white seam.

—Jean Ingelow

WOMEN'S PECULIARITIES.

"A Horrid Man" Has Jotted Down Few of the Things That He Has Noticed.

What man is there that has not noticed the many funny little peculiarities that are characteristic of nearly all of the dear female sex?

Perhaps you never did, so I am going to call your attention to some of them, and just for fun watch and see if it isn't true.

A woman seldom gets up from her chair when she has been sewing or darning without letting a pair of scissors drop from her lap to the floor. Nine out of every ten will do it. It would almost seem that the bother of having to stoop and pick them up would be sufficient to break them of the habit, but it does not, and she keeps stooping for those scissors all her life.

One would suppose that Monday would be the most busy day of the week at home for farmers' wives, and that what little time they had to spare would be gladly used in sitting down and resting. Yet of all the days in the week there is none that suits the woman so well to "go somewhere" as washing day. There is a sort of inborn desire or whim to "be out" somewhere that day. Perhaps they do it to rest themselves, and perhaps they wish to be other women see they are through washing.

It is simply one of their ways.

Did you ever notice a woman who is leaving friends, when she is about to get on or leave a horse car? She does not say her "goodbys" until the car has stopped, and then all sorts of requests, messages, kisses and "goodbys" until everybody is out of patience and the car ready to start. One would think she could do all this beforehand, but she never does—and that is all there is to it.

Did you ever know or hear of two or more women being together for any length of time, that the conversation did not turn to the matter of dress sooner or later?

Did you ever observe how a woman throws a stone or anything? Or how she drives a nail? (This can't be described.) Or how she "shoos" the chickens with her skirts, and a sort of conglomeration between a courtesy, a twitch and a stoop?

Did you ever notice how they cry at all sorts of provocations and all sorts of reasons? If they are angry they cry, and if they are joyful they cry. They cry when they are scolded, and they cry when they are petted.

These different cries must emanate from different sources of feelings, but how is one to know which is which?

Did you ever notice when two of the female sex meet on the street how very sure they are to look back at each other after passing? What do they do it for? How do they gauge just the proper time to look back and not catch each other looking?

Did you ever see a woman try to use a shovel? Of course there is no need of her doing so, but she does sometimes and the sight is painful.

Did any of you married men ever notice that your wives never get corsets the size they really ought to have? They always buy them from three to six sizes smaller and then let them way out. I have often thought about it, and have concluded that as they don't ever see them behind when on they make themselves believe that that is their proper size, and it is a sort of satisfaction to them to say that they wear so small a number.

Did you ever know women to follow exactly any particular receipt, table or rule for mixing and cooking anything? No, you never did; if they never do. They guess at everything, and while they hit it in many cases, when they don't they explain the failure by saying they guess they did not get in quite enough of this or that, or else the stove did not work right.

They hate rules or anything that calls upon them to do "exactly so," and they had much rather guess at a "cupful," "teaspoonful" or quarter of a pound than to measure it.

These are only a few peculiarities, and they are not presented in a critical sense, but only as an observation. No doubt we fellows have an equal number of queer ways.—A Horrid Man in Boston Globe.

A Mockery.

What a farce was enacted in New York some years ago by the building and opening of the "Stewart Hotel for Working Women," on the corner of Thirty-second street and Fourth avenue, New York! What a mockery seemed the bare spaces where a nail must not be driven, the cold, unsympathetic atmosphere, the long lines of black coated waiters through which the poor women had to pass, with their pinched figures and their working gowns! Not one but felt before twenty-four hours had passed that she would rather starve in a garret than continue to face such an ordeal. —Jenny June's "Thrown on Her Own Resources."

Servant Girls in Sweden.

The Swedish servant girls are admittedly the best in the world. They are kind, obliging, polite, neat, skillful, and seem to have their employers' interest at heart. They work, too, for what would seem in America to be very small wages. The average pay of a first girl or cook in the cities of Sweden is seventy-five cents a week, and of a house maid fifty cents. They expect also to receive the present of ten crowns and a new dress at Christmas, and ten crowns at midsummer. Laundresses receive a little gratuity now and again from guests who visit the house, but nothing more.—Exchange.

Testing a Hot Oven.

A French authority on cooking gives the following rules for testing the heat of an oven: "Try it with a piece of white paper. If too hot, the paper will blacken or blaze up; if it becomes a light brown, it is fit for sponge cake; if it turns a dark yellow, it is fit for bread and the heavier kinds of cake; if light yellow, the oven is fit for sponge cake and the lighter kinds of cake."

This Date in History—July 26.

711—King Roderick of Spain, "The Last of the Goths," killed in battle with the Moors or drowned in flight.
1695—John Wilmot, Earl of Rochester, famous poet and debauchee in the court of Charles II, died.
1788—The New York convention ratified the federal constitution by a vote of 30 to 27, being the eleventh state.
1803—John Jordan Crittenden, statesman and author of compromises and "Crittenden Resolutions"; of Bull, died near Frankfort, Ky. The last detachment of John Morgan's raiders surrendered.
1880—Tornado wrecked 100 houses at Lawrence, Mass., and killed 10 persons. General Gilman Marston, soldier, lawyer and politician, died aged 68. Insurrection due to "hard times" broke out in Buenos Ayres.
1882—Paul Dillingham, ex-governor of Vermont, died at Waterbury, aged 56.

How It Affects Trade.

"Your paper is to be a New York society journal!"

"Yes, sir."

"You will expect to publish full lists of names of persons attending parties, receptions, first nights and the like?"

"Of course."

"Then, sir," said the experienced New York type founder, making a calculation on a sheet of blank paper, "you will need for the body type of your paper about sixteen pounds more of hyphens."—Chicago Tribune.

Where Man Comes In.

At a natural history examination.

Examiner—In what class of animals do you place man?

Candidate (after a pause)—The ruminants.

Examiner—Why?

Candidate (after a longer pause)—Because he is subject to rheumatism.—London Globe.

A Graphic Description.

A western girl who married a dull English lord thus describes her daily life, "It is nothing but violet, velvet and veal one day, and mauve, moire and mutton the next."—New York Tribune.

1892			JULY.			1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1 9:13 p.m.	Third Quarter	16 8:48 p.m.
Full Moon	9 8:44 p.m.	New Moon	23 9:31 p.m.
	First Point	31 8:45 a.m.	

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION, 1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.

Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.

Wetumpka Lodge, 2401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.

Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.

LOUIS I. VAN ALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

Corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,

BY THE SEA, PAVONIA, L. I.

Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.

Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.

6 18 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE

Select family hotel.

Newly furnished throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests.

FRANK E. MILLER.

12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,

Successor to

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE BEE TEA

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,

North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.

Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?

The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of

Meerschaum

and

Briar Wood Pipes,

Holders and Segars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box 1. Telephone Call 42. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

HUNG HERSELF.

SUICIDE OF MISS RACHEL RANDOLPH THIS MORNING.

Judged Insane by Physicians She Killed Herself Rather Than be Sent to an Institution.

Miss Rachel Randolph, a maiden lady who has been boarding at the house of W. D. Stewart, No. 23 West Fifth street, committed suicide by hanging some time it is thought after one o'clock this morning.

William Stewart, Mr. Stewart's son, made the discovery when he went to call *her* to breakfast about seven o'clock.

Miss Randolph had taken a sheet and tied one end around her neck and the other around the bed post, allowing her body to fall to the floor.

The body was allowed to hang there until Police Captain Grant, who was notified, cut her down.

Miss Randolph had been acting queerly for some time, and two weeks ago the Stewarts decided to have her examined, as to her sanity, by a physician.

She was pronounced insane, and preparation *was being made to have her removed* to some institution.

It is supposed that she discovered this and decided to take her life.

Miss Randolph was a distant cousin of Mrs. Theodosea O. Deane, wife of the chief of the fire department. County Physician Westcott was notified, but up to two o'clock he had not arrived.

Miss Randolph was last seen alive about one o'clock by a member of Mr. Stewart's family.

Miss Randolph was about 40 years of age. New Brunswick was her home.

BREVITIES

—Doane & Van Arsdale's mid-Summer clearing sale of Summer foot wear begins to-morrow, July 28th.

—There will be a meeting of universal interest to-morrow afternoon in the W. C. T. U. rooms at 3:30 o'clock.

—A young blacksmith employed by Frank Band drove his wagon against a carriage in front of the post office this morning and took one of the hind wheels off. The driver of the carriage, who was its only occupant, was thrown out but not injured.

—Freeholder Vanderbeek, of this city, was one of the committee from the Board of Freeholders who visited "Diamond Hill," a dangerous spot in New Providence, one day last week, to see about having a 150 foot board fence built along the edge of the deep gully which is on one side of the roadway. The *fence will cost about $30.*

—Probably not one man in a dozen looks a thermometer squarely in the face during weather like this without *suspecting the instrument of lying a few* degrees and of indicating a lower temperature than actually prevails. Nothing makes a man suffer from heat as much as to watch a thermometer that doesn't mark the weather up to his opinion of it.

—At the Round Table of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle, at Chautauqua, on Monday, Miss Kate Kimball of this city gave an interesting account of Chautauqua work, and reported a gain of 250 circles this year, making in all 1,200 active circles engaged in systematic reading. Courses of lectures, she said, had been given under the management of various Circles and in many *places "Unions" have been formed.*

A Runaway.

A horse attached to a covered carriage became frightened while standing on North avenue during the progress of the thunderstorm yesterday afternoon and ran away and collided with the fence *surrounding the Quaker* church on Broadway. The front wheel of the vehicle was wrenched off and the cover demolished.

The driver, John Day, was thrown to the ground and his face painfully scratched, which with a bruised knee were all the injuries he sustained.

The horse and carriage were owned by George Belcher.

The L. A. W. and the State Race Meets.

The Racing Board of the L. A. W. have granted the following dates for race meets to clubs of this State: July 30, Mercer County Wheelmen, Trenton; August 15, Crescent League Wheelmen, Plainfield; August 20, Burlington Cycle Club; September 8, Passaic Athletic Club; September 6, Union County Roadsters, Rahway.

To Organize a Campaign Club

A Republican Campaign Club will be organized at Springfield next Monday evening. It is suggested that a delegation of the recently organized Republican Bicycle Club, and also the Glee Club, attend the rally and their noiseless *steads and help the work along.*

The Ladies Have an Outing.

The Independent Order of Odd Ladies, *about thirty in number,* went on an excursion yesterday to Boynton Beach. They started on a mule tourney in stages early in the morning, and they arrived home about 9.30 o'clock last night.

Claims Against the City.

All claims against the city must be in the hands of the City Clerk *before to*-morrow evening in order that action may be taken upon the same at next Monday night's Council meeting.

PERSONAL.

Miss L. E. Hammond of this city is at Freeport, Queens county, N. Y.

Miss Field of this city is making a two weeks' visit to friends in Newark.

Mr. J. A. Smith of No. 13 West Front street is confined to the house by illness.

Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Probasco and family of East Front street are at Asbury Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McCarthy left town Saturday for Lounsbury Cottage, Catskill.

Postmaster E. B. Pope and R. M. Titsworth are at the Bryant House, Lake Hopatcong.

Miss Endor Grant, daughter of Captain Grant, is a guest at the Neptune House, Asbur Park.

Mrs. A. W. Waldron and son Adolphus, of 5 Central avenue, left this morning for Moscow, Pa.

Mrs. E. L. Tobin of Orange is visiting the family of W.B. Smith at "Inglewood," near Dunellen.

Mrs. J. Stephenson of this city is at Brantingham Lake, N. Y., for the balance of the Summer.

H. M. Clarke, a Plainfield builder, has begun the erection of a $4,000 house, for H. L. Fink, at Westfield.

Mr. A. V Searing, who has been summering at Hempstead, L. I., returned home yesterday afternoon.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. C. B. Mitchell left last night for Nantasket, where they will spend the month of August.

Mr. Geo. D. Blazier, of Chatham, N. J., formerly of Orange street, Newark, is visiting relatives in this city.

Policeman Flanagan started Monday for a week's vacation. He expects to spend part of the time at Barnegat.

Senator Keys contemplated starting home from Colorado last Thursday, but was detained by the illness of Mrs. Keys.

Miss Lizzie Sutphen of Duer street, started to-day for a two weeks' visit among friends in Somerset and Hunterdon counties.

John F. Wilson of this city started yesterday for Mountain House, Cresson, Penn., where he will spend the balance of the Summer.

Messrs. F. L. C. Martin, A. T. Hinrichs *and G. Mahon, of the Plainfield Bicycle* Club will be present at the Asbury Park bicycle tournament to be held on August 9th and 6th.

Rev. and Mrs. *Charles E. Dunn and* family, of Albany, N. Y., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Solomon F. Dunn, of Park avenue. Late in the week they will go to the seashore for the balance of the Summer.

Yesterday afternoon, Frank Clarence, a six months' old babe of Mr. and Mrs. Templin of East Sixth street, was attacked with cholera infantum, and died about midnight. Mr. Templin is foreman in the pattern department of the Cook Machine Works. The couple have *three other children. The funeral of de*ceased will occur to-morrow.

Another death has occurred, due to the extreme heat. David Q., the infant son of *Chester and Alice Dennis, of 159* East Third street, was taken with convulsions yesterday afternoon and died after a few hours' suffering. The funeral services will be held to-morrow afternoon at 2.30 from the parents' residence, and the interment will be at Hillside cemetery.

The Asbury Park Press of Friday, in speaking of an entertainment at Asbury Park, given the previous evening by Mme. Alberti, dean of the school of expression at Avon, says: "Miss Eleanor T. *Morrison, of Plainfield,* captivated the audience by her emotive gestures. She possesses powers which will win for her fame and fortune." Referring to the foregoing our bright cotemporary, The Courier of this city, says: "Miss Morrison * * * * * * * has on several occasions most admirably acquitted herself at both public and private entertainments in this city." The young lady appeared in the Asbury Park entertainment for the benefit of the Summer Home for Crippled Children a most *worthy Philadelphia Institution,* and a large sum was realized.

NOT A SLUGGING MATCH.

The Cuban Giants got but Four Runs in Yesterday's Game.

Yesterday's game was not a slugging match by any means, as one might be led to suppose, because of the reputation of the Giants. Far from it.

The interest of the game was of course centered on Murphy, the new pitcher.

He pitched a very wicked ball. His curves are well tremendous. He has a very peculiar up shoot. This is why the Giants got but six hits off Murphy.

The only brilliant play in the whole game was a long foul fly caught by Leidy in the ninth inning.

Following is the score by innings:

Crescents..	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	—5
Cuban Giants.	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—4

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Plainfield Post Office for the week ending July 25th, 1892:

Alden, Herbert W
Barret, Sarah
Brotherton, Mrs HG
Blair, Mrs Julia F
Brunskill, Mrs D
Coltax, J B
Collings, Mr.
Davidson, Sadie E
Dunn, Mrs
Fountaine, Henry
Gladding, Thos S.
Henderson, T G
Herron, Lizzie J
Johnson, Anna
Johnson, Irma
Ralph, Katie
Leidenstentz, Mrs M
Maine, Mr.
McLellan, Geo H
Parker, Master J
Raddiman & Schultz
Randolph, Mrs M J
Reis, I B
Race, Miss Julia
Rogers, E
Rogers, C S
Smalley, Mrs J C
Schellhase, Mrs E
Schooler, Mrs Geo
Seed, M A
Van Nuis, Chas
Wilson, M M
Whitman, Geo W

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. B. Pope, Postmaster.

IS IT ELIZA BRADY?

BODY FOUND IN THE KILL VON KULL THOUGHT TO BE HER'S.

The Woman a Servant for Several Plainfield Families. — Mrs. John Lindsay's Identification.

While Oystermen David H. Van Pelt of Elizabethport was at work in the Kill von Kull just off the Liebig fertilizer factory at Carteret, yesterday morning, he *noticed a human body floating near* an oyster stake some distance out in the Sound. He brought it ashore.

It was that of a woman about 40 years old. She wore a dress of brown silk, a jockey cap to match, new high gaiters, and well made underclothing. At Drake's morgue at Woodbridge an examination of the clothing was made to find marks of identification. There was none whatever on the clothes.

In the pocket of the dress was found a business card of John Lindsay, gardener *and florist, of Plainfield. There was also* a card of Mrs. Lindsay's employment agency. A visiting card was found of Mrs. Van Boskerck, 76 West Seventh street, Plainfield. There was also a circular of an excursion from Plainfield.

County Physician Donohue was notified. He left New Brunswick shortly before noon. When he arrived at Woodbridge he made a superficial examination of the body. He found there were no marks of violence. He said the body had been in the water about twelve hours, and *that he thought it was a case of suicide.*

Some women say they heard screams in the direction of the kilns about 10 o'clock last night, and shortly after this information was received William Green recognized the woman as one he had met on the road yesterday afternoon. At that time she was strolling along in the direction of Carteret, reading a newspaper. He had never seen her before. The supposition is that she went to that part of the country with some of the excursionists that were there *yesterday. There were 4,000 per*sons from New York at Boynton Beach Monday afternoon. They came up in two barges towed by the Cygnus. The Blackbird brought a third barge, with a thousand more merry makers, up to Maurer's, a picnic ground a mile below. The woman may have wandered away from one of these parties. County Physician Donohue made an autopsy at 11.30 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Lindsay and Mrs. Van Pelt both saw the body there. They were four parcels with it, but he let them float away.

Mrs. Lindsay was seen this morning by a News reporter.

"Oh it must be Lizzie Brady," she said instantly when the reporter gave her a description of the clothing worn by the dead woman.

At the suggestion of the reporter Mrs. Lindsay went with him to the office of *the Coroner at Woodbridge.*

The reporter called up Drake's Morgue, at Woodbridge, on the telephone. Mrs. Lindsay was asked to propound the questions necessary to satisfy herself to the point of identity which the reporter transmitted to the Woodbridge undertaker.

On the way to the captain's office, Mrs. Lindsay told the reporter that Eliza Brady was a woman about 45 years old and was brought here from New York, where she belonged, about four years *ago. She was a cook and had been* employed by several Plainfield families.

She had no home, although she is considered to belong to New York, only stopping in Plainfield while she could find work.

Mrs. Lindsay said she had not seen the woman since Thursday. She thought it a case of suicide and explained her theory by saying that two weeks ago she had come to her saying that she was out of a situation and out of money and seemed to feel very badly about it.

Lizzie *remained with Mrs. Lindsay* waiting for something to turn up, until Thursday, when she disappeared.

Mrs. Lindsay thinks that the woman threw herself into the water with suicidal intent.

Among other things Mrs. Lindsay described a breast pin, a shawl, and the boots worn by Lizzie the day she disappeared.

The description of these articles given by the Woodbridge undertaker to the reporter over the 'phone tallied exactly *with the description of them previously* given to the reporter by Mrs. Lindsay.

Mrs. Lindsay is sure that the body of the dead woman is that of Lizzie Brady, but it is possible that she may be mistaken.

According to Mrs. Lindsay, Lizzie was honest and a good servant, but, "a little bit out of her head you know."

Mrs. Lindsay thinks the woman has been wandering about in search of work and became disheartened.

County Physician Donohue of New Brunswick went to Woodbridge early this morning to make a further examination. He gave it as his opinion that the woman had committed suicide and deemed and inquest unnecessary.

Wheelmen's Division Meeting.

The Wheelmen's Division of the Republican Association of this city met last night at Headquarters to perfect its organization.

About seventy-five cyclists were on hand which speaks well for the interest taken in the idea, for it was awfully hot last night, and it was not expected that there would be many in attendance.

The constitution and by-laws compiled by the State Republican League were adopted.

The Weather.

The weather will be clear with nearly the same heat as yesterday.

OIL WORKS DESTROYED.

The Extreme Heat Caused an Explosion—Loss $75,000.

One of the largest fires that has taken place in Elizabeth for a long time broke out at 1:15 o'clock yesterday morning, on South Front street, near the B. & O. bridge.

The scene of conflagration was Cook & Bros. Lard Oil Works. *Flames were first* discovered by the watchman to be issuing from that part of the main building facing Staten Island sound, and without any delay an alarm was sounded. Before the firemen could get to work the flames had spread with such rapidity that the whole of the main structure, a four-story brick building, 100x60, was *totally enveloped,* the flames ascending hundreds of feet into the air, presenting a pretty though terrible sight and illuminating the whole of the lower section of the city.

From this building the fire spread to four frame buildings 60 feet square called bleacheries, which in turn were quickly consumed. From these buildings the flames leaped to several large tanks containing lard oil which burned fiercely sending a lurid glare hundreds of feet into the air.

The oil works of Borne & Serymser, which adjoin the scene of devastation, very narrowly escaped a like fate.

The cause of the fire is believed to have been spontaneous combustion, and the flames started in a bundle of oily bags, which it is thought, became overheated during the hot weather of Sunday and Monday.

The watchman, Edward Thompson, lost his clothes in which was a small sum of money. They were in the building when he started to fight the fire and he *could not recover them.*

The loss, so far as can be ascertained, will reach $75,000. This estimate was given by Mr. Cooke, one of the firm after he had survey ed the ruins. The loss is not covered by insurance, the firm carrying only $50,000 which is distributed among several companies.

THE UNION WATER CO. CASE.

Decided by the Chancellor Monday Morning Against Mr. Bigelow.

Chancellor McGill, sitting at Jersey City, Monday morning, decided the case which began last October by Mr. Allen D. Bigelow in the name of the Union Water Company against Hon. John Kean, jr., Frank Bergen, Foster M. Voorhees and others, for an injunction to restrain them from using the name and exercising the franchises of the company conferred by its charter. The chancellor decided that the Bigelow concern was not entitled to an injunction, and directed an order to be enforced to that effect.

The case was argued in the early part of November last by Senator Schenck of New Brunswick, for Mr. Bigelow, and by R. V. Lindabury, of Elizabeth, for the company. Additional affidavits were presented on the part of Mr. Bigelow Monday morning by Senator Schenck stating that Mr. Kean and his associate, claiming to constitute the company, had been extensively engaged since the argument of the case in laying mains and appurtenances, and making contracts and supplying water, and were about to make other contracts with individuals, towns and villages along the line of the mains. The affidavit claimed that this action was in derogation of the rights of Mr. Bigelow and his alleged company, and should be stopped. After hearing Mr. Schenck the Chancellor stated that he would not grant an injunction, and that an order might be entered denying the writ, and that he would file an opinion in the course of a few days.

Farmer Dunn Talks About the Weather for Sometime Past.

Yesterday was the hottest July day on record for 11 years.

The heat for the past few days has caused many to think of what may be experienced in August. Forecast Official E. B. Dunn yesterday gave the following figures as the result of a perusal *of the records for the past twenty years:*

The mean or normal temperature for August has been 71.8 degrees. The warmest August was in 1877, with an average of 76.2 degrees, and the coldest in 1872 and 1874, with an average of 70.2 degrees. The highest official temperature was reached on August 13, 1881, and August 16, 1886, when the official thermometer marked 96 degrees, and the lowest was on August 27, 1885, and August 24, 1890, when the mercury fell to 51 degrees.

The average quantity of rain in August for the twenty years was 4.75 inches. During August, 1875, there was, however, a rainfall 10.43 inches, which during the same month in 1886 there were only 1.18 inches, in 1888 the rainfall in twenty-four hours consecutively, during August 21-3, aggregated 3.36 inches, or nearly as much as the normal average for the whole month.

The average number of cloudless days was 9, partly cloudy days 14, and cloudy days 8. The prevailing winds were from the southwest, and the highest velocity was forty-eight miles on August 20, 1877, and August 11, 1886.

DEATHS.

DENNIS—In this city, July 26th, David Q., infant son of Chester and Alice Dennis. Funeral services from parents' residence, 159 East Third street, to-morrow afternoon at 2.30.

Interment at Hillside.

TEMPLIN—In this city, July 26th, Frank Clarence, infant son of Frank S. and Emily E. Templin.

Funeral services from his parents residence, 1,125 Sixth street, Thursday, July 28th, at 5 p. m.

Interment at Hillside.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Annie Goodwin's Slayer Again Arrested.

Long Island City, July 27th. (Special.)—The police of Long Island City this morning arrested Dr. Henry G. McGonegal, who was convicted of causing the death of Annie Goodwin in Harlem by a criminal operation, and who has been out on bail for some time pending an appeal to the Court of Appeals.

McGonegal is now charged with having performed a criminal operation on Mrs. Louisa Webb, wife of Frank Webb of 409 Hamilton street, Ravenswood.

Mrs. Webb, who died yesterday, was the daughter of the late Squire Parsell, who was a well-known politician and official in Long Island City.

The accused doctor is a fugitive from justice, having been sentenced for four teen years for slaying Annie Goodwin.

Broke Her Own Record.

New York, July 27th. (Special.)—The Inman Line steamer City of Paris beat her own record on the westward passage to-day. She arrived at the bar at 1:30 this morning from Liverpool in 5 days, 15 *hours and 58 minutes. She beat her own* best time by 33 minutes. Her time to-day beats the Teutonic's fast passage of 5 days, 16 hours and 31 minutes made August 19, 1891.

Three Steamboats Burned.

Lacrosse, Wis., July 27.—(Special.)—Fire broke out yesterday on the deck of the steamboat Garrie, destroying her, also burning the steamboats Frank and Scotia, to the water's edge. The wagon bridge which crosses Black River from North to West Lacrosse was also partially destroyed.

Zimmerman Here.

New York, July 27th. (Special.)—Author Zimmerman, *the champion bicyclist of* the world, who broke a number of records during his sojourn in Europe, arrived here on the City of Paris early this morning.

Frick Improving.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 27, (Special.)—The condition of Mr. Frick continued favorable this morning in spite of the heat. The doctors say that his improvement is as great as could be expected.

Charles Page Shot.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 27, (Special.)—It is reported that Charles Page of E. B. Page & Brother, members of the New York Exchange, was shot by a customer here, who committed suicide.

"Our Chauncey" Gone.

New York, July 27, (Special.)—Hon. Chauncey M. Depew sailed for Europe this morning on the White Star steamer Majestic.

Rumors of Dynamite.

Homestead, July 27, (Special.)—There *is a rumor of an alleged plan to blow up* the Carnegie Mills, if they seem likely to continue.

—Every publisher has a right to lay down general laws regarding what amount of display is offensive or against the true typographical effect he wants to produce. But what the advertiser wants is his ad to use as he chooses, subject to the general rules of the paper. Making a good use of his space is justice much to the paper's interest as it is to the advertiser's.—Herbert Booth Kingsley Brother.

"Better wear out than rust out"—True. But by using

HORNBY'S

H-O

OAT-FOOD

you wear out only at the proper rate of speed.

Midsummer Excursion

to

MAUCH CHUNK, GLEN ONOKO, and the FAMED SWITCHBACK,

Via Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Port Reading R. R. Co., leases

SATURDAY, JULY 30,

A special express train will leave Plainfield at 9.25 a. m., returning arrive in city about 9 p. m.

Fare for round trip only $1.75. Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on excursion train.

Tickets will be good to return on July 31 or Aug. 1 on payment of $1 to agent at Mauch Chunk. 30 4

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

RUSSET SHOES.

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!

As later on the sizes will be few and far between.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

Lumber & Coal

Tomlis & Rice

B'dway. 49 TELEPHONE 75 A

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.

70 WEST FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COACHMAN and gardener of experience and ability wants employment. Good references. Apply at 25 Howard street. 29 6*

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Young man in dry goods store. State age. Address "J," care of Evening News. 29 tf

WANTED—Corresponding agents in every town, to inform us of parties intending opening or re-fitting stores, by the largest fine-cut fixture manufacturers in the world. Good man can make $5,000. The Rothschild Bar Fixture Co., 1158 Broadway, corner 27th street, New York. 29 7 cod*

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 18 Westervelt avenue. 30 3

BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED—Board in private family in North Plainfield. Two adults and one child. Address, stating terms and location of house, "H. G.," care of Evening News. 29 tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "H. D. M." care of Evening News. 1 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap—A village cart and harness, with Ferry's patent springs. Call at 117 Madison avenue. 30 3*

FOR SALE—An 1891 Victor B Safety Bicycle in perfect condition, for $90; *nearly new; large cushion tires;* ball bearings throughout; special saddle. Address "Bargain," care of Evening News. 26 tf

MRS JOB. M MYERS' property, 147 East Front street, for sale or to let. Apply on premises. 7 22 w&s

PSYCHO—Lady's safety, 1891 pattern, cushion tires, ball bearings, bright parts newly nickeled, perfect condition, cost $140, will sell for $75 cash. Address "Psycho," care of Evening News. 30 4

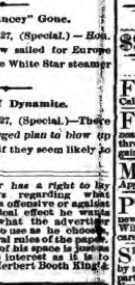
SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of Evening News. 7 16f

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 9 20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 23tf

WANTED TO BUY—A small house and lot in desirable location. Address, giving full particulars and price, "Cash," care of Evening News. 30 6



CAMPAIGN BANDS

now subscribing for the Fall Campaign. Send for list of our Popular Catalogue and Special Prices.

We figure to lower them any other house in the trade. Also all standard instruments and band goods.

We make a specialty of uniforming bands.

DRUM & FIFE CORPS

in prices which will astonish you. Ten to $14 on each instrument. Do not fail to write us before purchasing. Send for catalogue.

JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.

Wabash Avenue, 33 Franklin St., Boston, Mass.

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach,)

Gala Day

Every Saturday.

The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.

A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given.

Every Saturday Afternoon.

Do You Want Shirts?

If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles *would meet your ideas.*

The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, patterns and effects.

Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.

Hallock & Davis,

5 West Front Street.

Trunks and Bags.

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

TOWNSEND'S

Marble and Granite Works,

No. 29 Somerset Street, near Front.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and at prices to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend,

Manager. 19 1m*

THE BEE HIVE!

Bathing tights, 10, 12, 14 and 15c.

Canvas belts, 5 and 10c.

Ladies' Jersey mitts in black, tan and cream, 20 and 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

Gauze vests, 25c.

Children's gauze vests, in short and long sleeves and pantletts to match, 12, 15, 19 and 20c.

Full line of misses' white lawn suits.

Men's Balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c., 40c. and 50c.

Men's Jean drawers, 30c.

Boys' short gauze drawers 20c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. No. 35 Sherwood Academy, 107 Park avenue. Class in French now forming. Also private lessons in French and German. Class lessons 50c., private lessons $1.

EDITORIAL NOTES

London, with nearly 5,000,000 inhabitants, has only nine daily morning newspapers. New York, with a population of 1,600,000, has eleven. That is the difference between England and America.

Woman's rights in the good old way is prevalent in Sweden, where women carry the hod. One lady lives in a magnificent residence and owns a number of well renting apartment houses besides, all her fortune being won by her own exertions. She got the beginning of her wealth by carrying the hod; the rest was accomplished by saving and real estate speculation.

The addresses made at the People's party convention during the memorial services for Colonel Polk, president of the Farmers' Alliance, showed a power of eloquence unexcelled in either of the old parties. Whatever else the People's party lacks, it has orators of the first class. It seems that Colonel Polk left his family poor, which is said to be one of the best recommendations for a public man. At any rate a five cent subscription fund will be opened throughout the country among the Alliance members and the People's party for Colonel Polk's family.

Women's Wages.

Hon. Carroll D. Wright, United States commissioner of labor, gives in The Forum a summing up of the conclusions which he has drawn from the national statistics of women in the industries. Mr. Wright devotes considerable space to answering the question why women are paid less than men in the same branches of work. The leading causes are, first, that woman is an entirely new factor in the world's work. This, and the added fact that there has been a great rush of the sex into the occupations at which they could earn money, has kept down her wages. Again, women have not a high standard of work or of preparation for work. The average girl does not go into a vocation for all it is worth, owing "largely to the hope that the permanence of work will be interrupted by matrimony." She does not get the proper technical training in the first place, because she shrinks from spending years to get it. Therefore she must take an inferior place.

Again, women in the good place she does not always fill it as faithfully as a man would do. She does not throw herself into it as if for life with all her force, more's the pity; for even if she filled a situation only three months it would give all the sex a good name if she did her best in it. Finally, there is the lack of organization among women workers. They do not combine and stand together, out each works as an individual, feeling often rather as if other women were her enemies industrially.

"But Mr. Wright believes all this will be remedied in course of time. "Looking over the field carefully, I am inclined to the idea that industrial and political equality will be co-ordinate results, the latter, however, depending on the former, rather than the reverse. Industrial emancipation means the highest type of woman as a result."

It is the writer's belief that for a time divorces will become more frequent as what he calls the industrial emancipation of woman progresses. For a time, too, marriages may be less frequent. The meaning of it is that women will not submit to ill usage from men for the sake of a support, knowing they can support themselves. For the same reason they will cease to marry merely for a home. But as they become independent they will marry only from their own free choice and affection. Therefore marriage will be placed on a higher, finer basis than ever it has been. "If marriage is to be purer and the family more sacred, with women occupying an exalted position as to remunerative service, the morals of the community must be unspeakably improved."

It will be observed from these observations that the distinguished commissioner of labor takes radical ground on the large question of woman in the industries. His paper is an important contribution to the side of those ladies who are working for the pecuniary independence of women as the necessary preliminary to all other progress on the part of the sex. Here is what Mr. Wright predicts when what he calls woman's industrial emancipation is accomplished:

Her economic freedom will stimulate the introduction of some convenient system of living by which she can rid herself, if she chooses, of the drudgery of household work without destroying the home, and thereby gain time and opportunity for mental and improvement for the cultivation of her best talents and for bestowing the highest care upon the training of her children. This will secure, as the direct result of industrial emancipation, her absolute social equality with man, and will permit her in making great changes in her whole environment, whether these changes be of dress, of occupation, or of political action, to act freely.

Social equality will not warrant her in making a fool of herself, but, it will enable her to step into fields under the remaining conditions which prevent her from taking the wheat individual action. It is not fair to predict that though now she is the chief stay of all church organization and of the highest forms of charity service, in the forefront of moral reforms, with still greater powers, with still further development, she is going to act unwisely? I believe she will act wisely, and demanding her right to the industrial emancipation which is to place her on trie social equality with man. With such social equality her loveliness will become more lovely, she will make man's life happier and better, and with increased influence over his intellectual being she will lead him to higher attainments, and with her intense psychic force she will be able to become a power in the world that we have not yet fully seen nor yet fully comprehended.

CAGING THE PLOTTERS.

A Brace of Berkman's Anarchist Accomplices Run Down.

THE TROOPS LEAVING HOMESTEAD.

Two Regiments Have Departed and Some Will Go Each Day Till General Snowden Feels That the Town Is Secure Without Their Presence.

PITTSBURG, July 27.—Henry Baner, who succeeded Herr Fricke as the head of the anarchistic bureau of literature in the Allegheny district, was arrested as an accomplice in the attempt made by Berkman to take the life of H. C. Frick. Baner is now behind the bars of Central station and his arrest, it is claimed by the police officials, will greatly strengthen the case against Berkman. The capture was made by Detectives Shore and McTighe, of Pittsburg, and Detective Steel, of Allegheny.

The three officers shadowed Baner's place of abode until after midnight, but he did not return home until after 1 o'clock. In the morning the same officers went to the anarchists' headquarters, 73 spring Garden avenue, and captured their man.

A list of names of over one hundred millionnires was found in a desk in Baner's office. It is believed by the police they were men to be murdered by the anarchists.

Baner was seen in company with Berkman last week, and it was from a description of him that he was traced and arrested. When Detective McTighe pointed to him, saying to the other officers that he was the man, they could scarcely believe it. Baner is a large, fine looking man, about thirty-five years of age. He weighs over 200 pounds and is six feet tall. He is well proportioned, full in the face, has a heavy black mustache and eyebrows and black hair.

Baner's Magazine.

A thorough examination of the contents of Baner's desk was made. Besides pictures of well known anarchists, letters and circulars, a breech loading rifle, a 32-caliber revolver with cartridges to fit, about a lot of 22-caliber cartridges, a roll of red ribbon for badges, a quantity of red neckties and a book on anarchism, by Parsons, a small pocket was found, which was quite mysterious looking.

It was the shape of a small envelope, on the outside of which was written, "To be drawn through."

The package contained about a dozen grains or beads about the size of a grain of corn, to the end of each of which was attached a short piece of wire. They are red in color and are supposed to be an explosive or some kind to be used in committing suicide.

All the local police officials are much gratified over the capture of F. Mollick, the New York confederate of Berkman. An information charging him with being accessory to the assault on Frick before and after the fact was made, and he will be brought to Pittsburg for trial.

A Violent Anarchist.

The detectives are still hard at work and the anarchist colony in Allegheny is being closely watched. Knolds and Bauer are still confined in separate cells at the Central police station, preliminary investigations having been made against them charging them with having aided and abetted the crime. It has been ascertained that in a barber shop in Allegheny a few days ago Bauer had considerable to say regarding the feasibility of blowing up the Homestead mills with dynamite, and told how little of it would be required it would take to accomplish that purpose.

It is believed by the police that some such scheme was contemplated by the Allegheny anarchists, but that it was forestalled by the arrival of Berkman from the New York group to perform his bloody mission.

Bauer admitted that he had several visits to Homestead, and also acknowledges that he distributed the anarchistic literature that was found about the soldiers' camps and created so much commotion at the time. The police claim to have abundant testimony to establish the fact that Bauer was the man seen loitering about on Saturday in front of the Duquesne club, where Mr. Frick was in the habit of lunching, and that he accompanied Berkman to The Chronicle-Telegraph building. It is believed that he destroyed all papers tending to criminate him when Frick was shot.

The Allegheny police say Baner is one of the most violent anarchists in this section. He has practically taken the place made vacant by the death of Herr Frick. It is he who distributes the anarchistic circulars and papers among the local groups. He receives papers from Chicago and New York and distributes them among his sympathizers. At all gatherings where the anarchists proclaim their revolutionary principles Baner is said to excel the most ardent enthusiasts in the matter of denouncing existances. He is a close friend of Herr Most and trained under Herr Frick. The police consider that they already have evidence enough to warrant his being held as a party to the crime.

Most May Be Arrested.

Since the declaration of Chief Murphy that Herr Most would be arrested no additional information of the intention of the authorities toward the head center of the anarchists has been vouchsafed and everybody is authority has shut up like a clam to the subject. Chief Murphy has decided that it is not necessary to send a special officer after Mollick, the Long Branch suspect, and he will be brought back in custody of Superintendent O'Mara, who is now in New York. It is understood that dispatches concerning Most have passed between Chief Murphy and Superintendent O'Mara.

James Closs, a young mill worker, who arrested in Homestead by Constable Price on the charge of murder, was brought to the city and lodged in jail. The charge was affected on one of the suppressed informations sworn out last week by Secretary Lovejoy. There are ten more warrants based upon similar information in that are still to be served, but the names of the accused men will not be made public.

Officials of the Carnegie company claim that between five and six hundred men, many of them skilled, are now at work in the Homestead mills, and the plates being rolled are of the best character. They have, they say, over 1,000 applications on file, and new men will be sent up from day to day until the mill is fully manned.

The report from Mr. Frick's residence is very encouraging. Although suffering some pain he rests comparatively easy, and the progress of the wounds toward healing is altogether satisfactory to the surgeons in attendance. The sick chamber has been fitted up with elaborate cooling mechanism and can now be kept at a cool and even temperature. All possibility of the infection beat producing inflammation in the wounds is thus avoided.

TROOPS LEAVING HOMESTEAD.

Two Regiments Sent Home and the Rest Will Shortly Follow.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 27.—The departure of the troops from Homestead has begun, and the tired militiamen are even more delighted to go than the Homesteaders are to get rid of them. General Snowden has been given discretion by Governor Pattison to dispose of his troops as he sees fit, and he will probably send home a regiment or two a day until all but three regiments have gone. It is likely that these three regiments will be composed of volunteers from the entire body of troops, forming a provisional brigade, and it is quite likely that the whole body of troops will be withdrawn if General Snowden decides that there is no necessity for their presence in Homestead.

The City Troop, of Philadelphia, was the first to leave Camp Black. Shortly after the order was issued the troop assembled and started for Munhall station at the east end of the Carnegie works, and from there the troop was started on its journey home over the Pennsylvania railroad. The Eighth regiment, under Colonel Magee, then struck its tents and marched to City Farm station on the Pennsylvania road. The Fourteenth regiment will go home this afternoon, and the Thirteenth may not be twenty-four hours behind it.

The news of the departure spread from camp to camp with amazing rapidity, the excitement among the men became intense and regimental commanders hurried to divulge homeward bound. The hope that the going home lightning would strike them next.

Inside the Mills.

Interest in the progress of affairs at the Carnegie works, and in fact in every other matter connected with the Homestead troubles, has been subordinated by the Jams case. Little notice was taken by the strikers of the smoke and steam issuing from the big stacks of the mills which they found so interesting a few days ago.

Scouts of the Amalgamated association have not relaxed their vigilance, however, and one of them brought the advisory committee a nouncing man who had left the mills. He said his name was Henry Stocker, of 1,326 Randall street, Philadelphia, and he had been engaged as a blacksmith at an engineering shop in his own city. He was not told where he was to be sent, and on Wednesday he was landed in the Homestead works.

Stocker says that about 400 men are inside the mills, but no active work is being done. He claims that many men in the works would like to leave, but that the company refuses them passes to go outside the fence, and makes them believe that an infuriated mob is waiting to assault them if they enter Homestead. Many of the men, he says, are Russian Huns, Stocker says he obtained his release on sick leave. He reports that the men are treated well, but are not allowed to read newspapers.

Adam Cox, who has been in jail in Pittsburg, was released and returned home, bail in $10,000 being furnished.

BERKMAN CARRIED DYNAMITE.

He Had Lived in Worcester, Mass., Since January Last.

WORCESTER, Mass., July 27.—The Worcester Telegram says: Alexander Berkman, the anarchist who attempted to assassinate H. C. Frick, lived in this city from early in January until about two weeks ago. From February until recently he conducted a small restaurant at 39 Winter street, and with him was associated Emma Goldman, who claims to be his wife, and a sister of Modeste Aronstamm, a young artist who conducted a "French art studio" in a room on the third floor of the City National bank block. They all came here together early in January.

Berkman and the woman paid frequent visits to New York. Berkman left this city for good two weeks ago. The woman stated last week that he had obtained work in New York as a cooncutter and would not return. She left this city for New York Saturday afternoon without paying her rent.

Aronstamm left Sunday afternoon at 5:30 for New York, jumping his board bill. The latter had been very much agitated over something for some days.

Berkman one day showed a Providence street doctor a dynamite cartridge five or six inches long and an inch and a half in diameter. He also had a murderous looking revolver of a Russian pattern.

FASHIONS

FRILLS OF FASHION.

Some of the Latest Freaks in Woman's Wearing Apparel.

A pretty way of finishing the hem of the skirt is with a broad satin ribbon tied here and there in a double bow.

The latest little overjacket is called the Harrow, and is first cousin to the Etom, with strong family resemblance.

Accordion plaiting is still used in the bodices of this summer gowns and in tea gowns, and for the blouse and sleeves of Figaro jackets.

The set of ribbons used to ornament the simple summer gown, and which includes the fashionable Watteau bow, shoulder knots and girdle, requires ten yards of ribbon.

The old-fashioned combs of our grandmothers are again in vogue, and tower in curious shell carvings or gold filagree in splendid height above the soft curls and puffs of the chignon modern.

Have you seen the new suit's waists, softly, delicately, daintily gray? They are made with the pin tucks and crossplice fronts of the sun's robe, the little V at the neck filled in with gray chiffon, embroidered with white, the sleeves gathered in slightly above the elbow in little band of silk stitched with white and edged with a full frill of chiffon. The effect is sweetly demure and modest.

Sets of buttons are noticeable as features of new gowns just made, are beginning to learn the mystery of invisible fastenings. Probably more grace has been lost during the reign of hooks, with their depraved tendency to catch into everything except the loop designed for them, than over even the annoyances of unmanned maid servants. Now we have four or five sizes of buttons for the same gown, those designed for the skirt being as large as a silver dollar.—N. Y. Sun.

Afraid of Contagion.

ODESSA, July 27.—Vessels refuse to bring disinfectants to the ports on the Sea of Azof, where the cholera is known to have spread.

Cal Wood's Case.

ALBANY, July 27.—The governor has rendered no decision yet in the case of Cal Wood, the murderer.

IAMS DEMANDS JUSTICE

He Proposes to Punish the Men Who Caused His Torture.

GENERAL BUTLER IS INDIGNANT.

He Denounces the Guardsman's Treatment as Barbarous, Unjustifiable and Unlawful, and Says Colonel Streator Should Suffer for It.

PITTSBURG, July 27.—Private Iams, of Company K, Tenth regiment, came to Pittsburg and secured the names of the attorneys who had volunteered in a letter to a newspaper to ask the courts to punish General George Snowden and Colonel Streator for the barbarous treatment Iams received by their orders. He was furnished with the names and had a long consultation with the attorneys. They are not known to the public yet, but it is understood that C. C. Dickey is one of them.

Mr. Dickey is one of the leaders of the Allegheny bar, and for ten years past has been the partner of George Shiras, Jr., who has been confirmed by the United States senate as a justice of the United States supreme court.

"I have not looked into the law as yet," said Mr. Dickey, "and cannot give you an opinion. But mere words without action never justify a battery. The officers were brutal and the punishment excessive. When we commenced an action it will be one of trespass, and Colonel Streator is liable also to an indictment for assault and battery. However much control these magnates have over their underlings, they are still subject to the laws of Pennsylvania."

Will Make it a Test Case.

Attorney Frank P. Iams, who is a distant relative of the disgraced private, said:

"We propose to put Colonel Streator ample opportunity in court to prove the regularity of his actions. We shall hold a conference and decide upon the line of action we shall pursue. The military acts of this state have never been tested in court before to my knowledge and this will be a precedent. Then the actions of the officers connected with Mr. Frick and the Carnegie Steel company and Mr. Frick are the state and the workingmen the enemy.

"Do Colonel Streator and General Snowden pretend to say that if Mr. Smith, down street, had been shot and the remark made that these measures would have been resorted to? The military has no official connection with Mr. Frick, and is specially at Homestead to preserve order, not to take sides. Mr. Frick is a citizen and a capitalist, it is true, but that does not make him the state, as General Snowden would have it."

The criticisms of the lawyers are very generally upheld by the press and public. All of the Pittsburg newspapers have communications protesting against Streatorism.

THE PUNISHMENT OF IAMS.

General Butler Denounces It in Forcible Terms—Snowden Won't Talk.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 27.—Major General Snowden still refuses to enter into any explanation of his action in the case of Private Iams, but he has had for publication the text of his indorsement of Colonel Streator's report of the affair. The first indorsement had been made by Colonel Hawkins, brigadier general, commanding the provisional brigade. General Snowden's indorsement is as follows:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA,
NATIONAL GUARD OF PENNSYLVANIA,
CAMP BLACK, HEADQUARTERS,
HOMESTEAD, July 25, '92.

Respectfully returned. Discharge him on parole; drum him out of camp and send him home. By command of major general commanding. C. H. NORTH, Adjutant.

General Snowden's indorsement was made after Iams had been suspended by his thumbs.

The condemnation by Colonel Lieber, acting judge advocate general of the United States army, of the treatment of Private Iams excited a good deal of comment among the troops here, but the general opinion of opinion heard were laudatory of the action of Lieutenant Colonel Streator. The men who feel indignant over the proceedings keep their mouths shut.

Notwithstanding the seemingly one sided opinion in the matter there is more than an undercurrent of indignant feeling among some of the officers and a great many of the manlower the Iams affair, and rumors are becoming more prevalent that many enlisted men will withdraw from the guard when their terms of enlistment have expired because of the manner in which Iams was treated.

General Butler Indignant.

BOSTON, July 27.—General Butler in an interview expressed himself very forcibly against the recent punishment of Private Iams at Homestead. Said he:

"That sort of punishment was not permitted in the war by any rule of war that I know of. Cruel and unusual punishments are as much prohibited by the constitution in time of war as in time of peace, and that prohibition should cover every case. I know of no law, either in war or peace, that prevents a private soldier from expressing his sentiments upon any question whatever, provided it is not done in such a boisterous manner as to disturb the peace, and I know of no proceeding which will justify punishing a man cruelly and excessively for expressing his sentiment by the colonel, and then trying him by court martial and punishing him again for the same offense.

"The proceeding is barbarous, cruel and unjustifiable by any law in peace or in war, and if it is not reprobated so fully and thoroughly as to prevent a repetition of it I never occur again, it will do much to disorganize our state militia and prevent them from coming out when called upon, because no man will go out to volunteer to do such duty where such punishments may follow if he disagrees with his colonel in political, social, moral or religious sentiments."

"How Private Iams may redress in this case?"

"If there is an honest jury in Pennsylvania he can bring a civil piece into colonel should be tried by a military commission of the National guards, and his punishment by that tribunal can only extend so far as to take away his commission. Then he should be tried by a jury for a cruel assault and put in jail or fined, and then he should be sued by the man and made to pay many thousand dollars, if he can pay it, for the outrage. That is all that ought to happen to the colonel that I can think of now."

Fatal Mine Explosion.

PLYMOUTH, Pa., July 27.—James Middleton, John Boland and David Prothero were fatally burned by a gas explosion in the Parrish mine.

Once a Railroad King.

MEMPHIS, July 27.—Colonel Samuel Tate, at one time known as "the railroad king of the south," died here.

None Such Mince Meat

CONDENSED

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

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I contain no greasy or sticky substance I penetrate the skin; I eradicate spots and pimples; I keep the skin smooth, soft, pliable; I am harmless. Try me, and I will become your favorite.

All druggists sell me at 25 cents.

Also remember the famous ANTI-CHAP SOAP in connection with ANTI-CHAP.

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NEUMANN BROS.

Have just the article, a select

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TEA, to make a

Delicious Iced Tea.

Fresh roasted Coffees received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.

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79 BROADWAY.

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PLEASE!

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Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

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L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

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DYERS' (LEHIGH) AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

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NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:40, a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:35 and 9:30 a. m., 1:35, 4:30 and 9 p. m.

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Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

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Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

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LIVE WASHINGTON NEWS

The House Unable to Agree on the Fair Appropriation.

A DECISIVE VOTE TO BE HAD TODAY.

The Senate Spends the Day Discussing the Tariff—The Nomination of George Shiras Confirmed in Executive Session. Hepburn to Succeed Lacey.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Although the air was intensely stifling in the house over 100 members answered to their names on roll call. Many divested themselves of their coats and vests and lounged about the lobbies. Bills were passed setting apart lands in Oklahoma territory for school purposes; forbidding railroads to charge more than three cents per mile on passenger fare in Indian Territory and Oklahoma, and permitting the people of the territory of Utah to make an exhibit at the World's fair.

The conference report upon the deficiency bill was agreed to. The appropriation for the French spoliation claims, amounting to $737,785, was omitted. The appropriations in the bill amounted to $5,960,819, being $933,599 less than was passed by the senate and $1,061,087 more than as passed by the house.

The conferees report on the sundry civil bill was offered by Mr. Holman, of Indiana, all the items in dispute being agreed to except those relating to the World's fair appropriation, the appropriation for the national commission and the employment of Pinkerton detectives at the U. S. encampment in Washington next September. It was agreed that a vote on these items should be taken today.

Mr. Bankhead, of Alabama, offered an amendment to appropriate five dollars to the fair instead of $5,000,000. [Laughter.] Debate then ensued on the bill.

Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio, in a brief speech denounced the proposed appropriation as one of the most audacious attempts at sectional legislation ever made in the American house. It was downright robbery of the people. Congress would disgrace itself if it voted this money out of the pockets of the taxpayers.

The Fair Bill.

Mr. Holman, of Indiana, yielded his time to the following members, who spoke against the World's fair bill: Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama; Mr. Washington, of Tennessee; Mr. Coombs, of New York, and Mr. Otis, of Kansas. The only speeches in favor of it were made by Mr. Mahon, Taylor, of Illinois; Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania; Mr. Scott, of Illinois, and Mr. Boatner, of Louisiana.

The senate, with the temperature ranging between 90 and 100 degs., passed the whole day in discussing the tariff. Mr. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, chairman of the subcommittee of finance, which during the summer has been investigating the effect of the McKinley bill upon the cost of necessaries of life, made an elaborate and carefully prepared protection speech. He was replied to in part by Mr. Vest, of Missouri, and a further reply was promised from Mr. Carlisle, of Kentucky, before adjournment.

The senate took an important step in the direction of adjournment by adopting the report of its conferees on the deficiency bill, having only the sundry civil bill to be disposed of. Antiption was shelved for the day, but it is expected that this afternoon a vote will be taken on the Wolcott resolution to postpone that question till next December.

Shiras' Nomination Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The senate has confirmed the nomination of George Shiras to be associate justice of the supreme court of the United States.

Almost immediately after the senate assembled Mr. Quay, of Pennsylvania, moved an executive session "to consider a nomination for the supreme court of the United States." This action on the part of Mr. Quay attracted the more attention from the well known position of his colleague, Mr. Cameron, as antagonizing and seeking delay on the Shiras nomination.

The outcome was most surprising still, for after a session behind closed doors lasting barely ten minutes the senate emerged with the announcement of Mr. Shiras' confirmation.

Hepburn to Succeed Lacey.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Mr. Hepburn, who has been nominated for controller of the currency, is the present national bank examiner for New York city. Mr. Hepburn is about fifty-eight years of age, a resident of Canton, St. Lawrence county, N. Y.; was formerly New York state bank examiner; is a man of large business experience, and was indorsed for his present appointment by the business and banking interests of New York city and state. He will be, when confirmed by the senate, the only New York man in a prominent position in the treasury establishment.

Relief for Flood Victims.

NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—The relief boat Danube left here for the unfortunate sufferers from the floods on the Red and Black rivers with provisions for the 16,000 sufferers who are distributed about the section.

The Chess Tournament.

DRESDEN, July 27.—The score in the international masters' chess tournament now stands: Tarrasch, 8½; Winawer, Makovitz, Blackburne, Berlin, Mason, Porges, Schottlender, Marco, 6½; Mason, 6.

Smith to Stay at Tangier.

LONDON, July 27.—Lord Salisbury, in answering Sir Charles Enan-Smith's inquiry as to his withdrawal from Morocco, has instructed the envoy to remain in Tangier.

Krupp to Operate in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 27.—The Novosti announces that Krupp, of Essen, has arranged for the establishment of gunworks in south Russia.

To Help Home Rule.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Mr. Eugene Kelly, treasurer of the National Federation of America, cabled $2,500 to the National party of Ireland.

Tim Harrington Married.

DUBLIN, July 27.—Mr. Timothy Harrington, the home rule leader, was married here to the daughter of Dr. O'Neil, of this city.

The President Will Attend.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The president will attend the opening of the World's Columbian exposition at Chicago.

Dead in a Hallway.

NEWARK, N. J., July 27.—Edward Meeker, forty-three years of age, was found dead in a hallway here.

Astor's Will Probated.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The will of the late William Astor has been admitted to probate.

Head Gill.

Young Man—Are you the man what tattoos?

Boatman—Yes, my lad.

Young Man—Well, I want you to put the name of Lucy on my arm in a heart, and make the heart very large!—Life.

A Valiant Sportsman.

"A hare in the garden! Hand me a gun, Jacques."

"But, sir, it is 5 in the morning; everybody is asleep."

"Never mind. I'll fire on tiptoe."—Monde Illustre.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

At Boston—										R. H. E.
Boston	0	0	3	0	5	0	0	1	1	10 16 2
Louisville	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2 6 4

Nichols and Kelly. Stratton and Grim.

At Philadelphia—										R. H. E.
Philadelphia	1	0	0	3	4	0	8	2	0	0—18 20 0
Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	2—6 11 7

Carsey, Cross and Clements; Rhines, Holliday, Harrington and Vaughn.

At Brooklyn—										R. H. E.
Brooklyn	2	3	1	0	1	1	2	1	x	12 7 1
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2 9 12

Haddock and Daly; Terry, Gumbert and Mack.

At New York—										R. H. E.
New York	0	0	6	0	6	0	0	0	0	6 7 2
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	4 8 3

Rusie and Doyle; Clopp, Young and Zimmer.

At Baltimore—										R. H. E.
Baltimore	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2 9 0
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2 5 3

Vickery and Robinson, Luby and Schriver.

At Washington—										R. H. E.
Washington	3	4	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	10 9 1
St. Louis	0	0	2	0	4	1	0	0	0	8 13 1

Killen and McGuire. Mountcastle and Moran.

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

At Binghamton—										R. H. E.
Binghamton	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	6 11 5
Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	2 5 10 3

Fitzgerald and Wilson, Stafford and Ryan.

At Troy—										R. H. E.
Troy	3	0	0	0	2	0	5	0	2	12 15 2
Albany	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2 5 8

Clarkson and Clarke, Devlin and Hess.

At Buffalo—										R. H. E.
Buffalo	0	0	2	2	1	0	2	0	0	7 16 1
Rochester	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4 9 2

Schellenger and Boyd; Swartzel, Meakin and McKeough.

Robert Ray Hamilton's Body.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Through an undertaker's application to the board of health for a transit permit it became known that the body of Robert Ray Hamilton is en route from the Yellowstone National park for final interment in Greenwood cemetery. The mystery connected with his death after his trouble with Eva Mann is well remembered, and as the present application is accompanied by the records of the coroner's inquest the claim that he is still alive would seem to be disposed of.

The Phelon-Walsh Case.

WILLIMANTIC, Conn., July 27.—Judge John M. Hall has filed his findings of facts in the celebrated quo warranto case of Phelon vs. Walsh with the clerk of the supreme court at New Haven. It is a long document, covering forty-four typewritten pages of legal cap.

The Wanderers Defeated.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 27.—In the two days' cricket match between the Wanderers, of Halifax, and the Germantowns, of Philadelphia, the Americans won by an inning and thirty-three runs, scoring 164 to their opponents' 131.

Henry M. Hoyt Seriously Ill.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 27.—Ex-Governor Henry M. Hoyt is seriously ill at his home in this city. A professional nurse is in constant attendance. His malady is said to be a complete destruction of the nervous system.

Bonds for the Coquillon.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 27.—The steamer Queen carries bonds to the amount of $125,000 to Alaska for the release of the British steamer Coquillon, recently seized by the United States.

Badly Deadlocked.

RATHSVILLE, Ark., July 27.—The deadlock continues in the Democratic congressional convention and 748 ballots have been taken. Neill has reached but four of a nomination.

The Arions Entertained.

FRANKFORT, July 27.—The Arions were met on their arrival at Heidelberg by nine singing societies, who afterward entertained them at a gala banquet near the famous castle.

To Prevent a Lynching.

JUNO, B. C., July 27.—The sheriff wants troops to defend the Lexington jail, owing to fears that an attempt will be made to lynch a negro named Kinard, locked up there.

Freight Trains Collide.

STORMVILLE, Conn., July 27.—Two freight trains on the New York and New England railroad collided here. An engine and ten cars were derailed and one man was killed.

To Surrender Arant.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The secretary of state has issued a warrant of surrender to the sheriff of Louis Arant, under arrest in Chicago charged with forgery.

A Costly Conflagration.

VIENNA, July 27.—In Male, South Tyrol, eighty houses, the postoffice, the hotel and the Capuchin monastery, with a valuable library, were destroyed by fire.

Handling Carnegie Freight.

PITTSBURG, July 27.—The trainmen on the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston railroad have taken no steps to boycott Carnegie freight.

Dead in a Swimming Pool.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—The body of Egbert G. Myers was found at the bottom of the swimming pool in the natatorium.

A Torpedo Boat Sunk.

RENDT, July 27.—During the naval maneuvering of the French fleet a torpedo boat ran against the ram of one of the ironclads and sunk.

Liege Anarchists Guilty.

BRUSSELS, July 27.—The trial of the sixteen anarchists at Liege was concluded with a verdict of guilty as to all charges against them.

ALICE MITCHELL'S DEFENSE.

It Looks Now as Though She Will Be Declared Insane.

MEMPHIS, July 27.—The state is "knocked out" by the testimony of experts in the Alice Mitchell case. The first witness, Dr. Sale, president of the Mississippi Medical association, testified that he examined Miss Mitchell no longer ago than last Sunday, and from his conversation with her and observation of the subject he thought she was insane.

Dr. J. H. Callendor, of Nashville, medical superintendent of the Central Insane asylum, and the holder of the chair of physiology and brain diseases in the Vanderbilt university and an expert in the Guiteau case, said that the first fact that impressed him in a contemplation of this case was that Alice probably inherited her insane temperament from her mother. Being of an insane temperament it is not surprising that on meeting Freda Ward when she (Alice) had reached the age of puberty that love she had for Freda developed into an ardent passion. This became more and more a passionate love, until it surpassed that which a man might bear toward a woman. This love, being interrupted, became a fixed delusion. Her whole soul being absorbed in this unnatural attachment, she became truly a sexual pervert.

It did not follow from this that she was insane, yet this was an insane delusion. She told the physician in his interview with her that she intended to follow Freda Ward to the bed, kill her and then cut her own throat. In her excitement she forgot all about carrying out the latter part of her plan. He then stated that he thought she was insane, but indicated how she might be cured. The physician stated that this was the case of a sexual pervert that he ever saw and thought the subject should be kept in seclusion.

Dr. Campbell, superintendent of the Eastern Asylum for the Insane at Knoxville, said freely that he thought Alice Mitchell was insane. Here the defense rested.

The state will now begin the task of attempting to counteract the expert testimony, but the opinion prevails that the case is already won by the lawyers for the defense.

THE WORLD OF POLITICS.

Harrity Goes to New York and Carter Goes to Washington.

NEW YORK, July 27.—William F. Harrity, the newly elected chairman of the Democratic national committee, arrived at the Fifth Avenue hotel from Philadelphia and had a conference with some of the political leaders who are to assist him in carrying on the presidential contest. To a representative of the United Press Mr. Harrity said:

"From now on, with possibly a few interruptions, I intend to remain in the city during the campaign and will open work immediately. I am not yet prepared to announce the names of those who will compose the executive, campaign and advisory committees. The executive committee I may possibly be able to announce on Thursday next."

Carter Goes to Washington.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Chairman Carter, of the national Republican committee, has left the city for Washington. At the national capital Mr. Carter will consult the president and prominent leaders of the party about the opening of the campaign in this state. Mr. Carter is anxious that the canvass should be started at once, and he will lay before the president the exact situation in this state, with a view to securing Mr. Harrison's assistance in his efforts to have a united front presented to the enemy.

Connecticut Democrats.

NEW HAVEN, July 27.—The Democratic state committee met in this city and decided to call the state committee in Hartford Sept. 13. Nearly all the members of the committee were present, and each declared that the party's condition in his district was excellent.

Wilson Renominated.

GRAFTON, W. Va., July 27.—The Second congressional convention renominated Hon. W. L. Wilson for the fifth time by acclamation.

Needham Knocked Out.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 27.—Danny Needham, of St. Paul, and George Dawson, of Australia, welter weights, fought for a purse of $2,000 at the California Athletic club. Needham weighed 139 and Dawson 140 pounds. Needham was knocked out in the twenty-ninth round.

A Murderous Horse Thief.

MOUNT STERLING, Ky., July 27.—Henderson Hurley, a notorious horse thief, killed Jailer Tipton, Constable Howard and wounded George Rayborn, who were attempting to arrest him, and escaped.

The Columbus Celebration.

NEW YORK, July 27.—At a meeting of the committee on plan and scope of the Columbus celebration on Oct. 12 the designing of the allegorical floats and cars was awarded to Captain Alfred Thompson for $35,000.

A Reprieve for Fales.

NEWARK, N. J., July 27.—Governor Abbett has promised Jailer Faler-Smith that he would grant a reprieve of thirty days if the court of pardons did not commute his death sentence.

Stearns Robbed of His Medal.

CAMDEN, Me., July 27.—J. B. Stearns was robbed of the gold medal awarded him by the American Institute, of New York, for the invention of the duplex telegraph.

The "Summer Capital."

WASHINGTON, July 27.—On Sept. 1 President Harrison will go to Cape May Point, where he will establish the "summer capital," the same as last year.

Receiver Beal Wins.

BOSTON, July 27.—Judge Colt dismissed the bill in equity of the city of Boston against Receiver Beal, of the Maverick bank, to recover $12,000 taxes.

To Be Tried Saturday.

NEW HAVEN, July 27.—The case of Marvin Sanger, of Canterbury, versus State Treasurer E. S. Henry, of Rockville, is set for trial here next Saturday.

Knights of Pythias Meet.

TROY, N. Y., July 27.—The state conclave of the Knights of Pythias was opened here with an attendance of about 500 delegates and many guests.

Henry S. Ware Dead.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., July 27.—Henry S. Ware died suddenly here. He was one first directors and promoters of the Niagara Power company.

Jockey Keith Killed.

CHICAGO, July 27.—Johnny Keith, the colored jockey who was thrown at Garfield park, died of his injuries.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

For Three Weeks
I will sell
1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles
$50 LESS
THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.
Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.
Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formes and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 981.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters
and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 12 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 213.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evons.
P. O. Box 1259
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence—84 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARNOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Dunellen. Shop on Front street. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 1264.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Stair Builder and hard wood mantel maker. Shop corner of Grand and Somerset streets, North Plainfield.
J. HERRMANN, 3 Somerset street.

USE THE BEST!
DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
A. M. Vanderbeek's,
32 PARK AVENUE.

The Plainfield Ice
and
Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
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ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
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J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 West Front Street.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons, at home, address Miss J. Reed, P. O. Box 1264.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French Lessons. Class or private lessons at residence in Bonhill. Visiting pupils received on Tuesday late from Principal Plainfield High School, and others. For terms and brief but satisfactory references in French, Yvon, care of Misses Gardiner and Newton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School, Terrace Building, Park avenue. Opens Tuesday, September 6th. Session from 9 to 3 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Address at home for present. Box of reference, No. 15 Somerset Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Intelligence Office, 94 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice maple trees, grass and shade.

H. SPENCER,
28 and 28 Somerset street, grocer and confectioner. Groceries and provisions. Cakes, pies, bread, rolls, ice cream, soda water, etc. Full assortment of fruits, wholesale and retail. Best creamery butter. Cabbage, cauliflower, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

BROWN & MILLS,
Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in Stair Builder's shop, Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Front bank stand connected with the shop.

IF!
A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
3 piece South American Hair Mattress, 35 lbs	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Spider Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 35 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portiere curtains, all silk, $3 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET.
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
62 to 66 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., Lessee.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 3 37, 5 28, 6 14, 6 58, 7 36, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 50, 1 36, 2 40, 3 30, 4 30, 5 30, 6 30, 7 30, 8 30, 9 30, 10 30, 11 30, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St., 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30, 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30, 12 00 p. m., 12 30,

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S DOMAIN

PRACTICAL SUGGESTIONS THAT WILL BE APPRECIATED.

Little Helps to Aid the Busy Housewife—The Easiest Way and the Right Way to Do Many Things—All May Find Some Useful Information.

A very old-fashioned but most effectual way to clean a carpet is to rub it thoroughly with a cloth dipped in one part of oxgall and three parts of water, taking care not to wet the carpet more than is absolutely necessary. Next day one of the treatment removes stains, but it will revive color. The oxgall is, however, most malodorous stuff, and in order to avoid the *atrocious smell* it is better, if possible, to carry on the process in the open air. It takes at least twenty-four hours to get rid of the smell.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

A custard should never quite reach the boiling point or it will curdle.

Emery powder will remove ordinary stains from ivory knife handles.

When washing table cloths and napkins put a *little* borax in the water. They will clean easily and will not fade.

Fresh rolls may be kept on hand by putting in a refrigerator some of the fresh sponge, and letting it rise when needed.

To keep bread jar and cake box sweet *rinse after washing with boiling water in* which has been dissolved a little soda. Rinse, wipe, and set them out in the sun a few hours.

Never allow meat to be placed directly on the ice as the water draws out the juices; it is even worse to lay it there wrapped in paper. It should always be laid in a clean porcelain vessel.

To prevent the juice from pies running over, thrust little funnels of white paper into the cuts on top, through which the steam may escape, and the juice boil up, and then run back in the pie again when it stops cooking.

To keep birds, flies and other insects away from the drying fruit, push the bottoms out of pasteboard boxes, or if these are not large enough, sew strips of *pasteboard into a square a little larger* than your dishes, and set or paste mosquito netting around the top of these, then set them over the fruit.

Dining a Thousand Years Ago.

A thousand years ago, when the dinner was ready to be served, the first thing brought into the great hall was the table. Movable trestles were brought, on which were placed boards, and all were carried away again at the close of the meal. Upon this was laid the tablecloth. *There is an old Latin riddle of the eighth* century in which the table says: "I feed people with many kinds of food. First, I am quadruped, and adorned with handsome clothing; then I am robbed of my apparel and lose my legs also." The food of the Anglo-Saxon was largely bread. *The bread was baked in round* flat cakes, which the superstition of the cook marked with a cross, to preserve them from the perils of the fire. Milk, butter, and cheese were also eaten. The principal meat was bacon, as the acorns of the oak forests, which then covered a large part of England, supported numerous droves of swine. Our Anglo-Saxon forefathers were not only hearty eaters, but, unfortunately, deep drinkers. The drinking horns were at first literally horns, and so must be immediately emptied when filled; later, when the primitive horn had been replaced by a glass cup, it *retained a tradition of its* rude predecessor. Up its narrow stem it, too, had to be emptied at a draught. Each guest was furnished with a spoon while his knife he always carried in his belt; as for forks, who dreamed of them, when nature had given man ten fingers? But you will see why a servant with a basin of water and a towel always presented himself to each guest before dinner was served and after it was ended. Roast meat was served on the spit or rod on which it was cooked, and the guest cut or tore off a piece to suit himself. Boiled meat was laid on the cakes of bread, or later, on thick slices of bread called "trencher," from a Norman word meaning "to cut," as these were to carve the meat on, thus preserving the tablecloth from the knife.—American Analyst.

Uses of Sweet Oil.

Clean bronzes with sweet oil, carefully rubbed on, then polish with chamois.

If troubled with creaking shoes, rub the sides of the soles with a little sweet oil.

Sweet oil will clean Britannia metal; rub it well with a flannel cloth and then wash off in warm suds.

For sunburn, sweet oil and limewater—two parts oil, to one of limewater—will be found very efficacious.

To remove warts, apply frequently sweet oil and cinnamon, which will, in time, cause them to disappear.

For inflammatory rheumatism, dissolve into a pint of sweet oil, one ounce of pulverized saltpetre, and thoroughly rub the parts affected.—Greta, in Good Housekeeping.

A Good Temperance Drink.

Take one quart of water, three and a half pounds of white sugar, one teaspoonful of lemon oil, one tablespoonful of flour, with the whites of five eggs, well beaten up. Mix the above well together. Then divide the syrup, and add four ounces of carbonate of soda to one part, and put it into a bottle; then add three ounces of tartic acid to the other part of *the syrup*, and bottle it also. Take two pint tumblers and put into each tumbler one tablespoonful of the liquor (from each bottle of syrup into the tumblers separately). Put enough fresh cold water into the tumblers to fill them half full. Pour them together into one tumbler and *drink. This is superb.*

Canning Sweet Corn.

Cut the corn from the cobs and pack tightly into glass cans, using a round stick and pounding it down until the *milk from the corn completely covers* the corn when the can is filled. Screw on the cover tightly, and then the cans in the wash-boiler or a large kettle, and fill it up with cold water, to nearly cover the cans. Place some bits of board in the bottom, to rest the cans on. Boil steadily for six hours, then set aside to cool in the water. When sufficiently cool to handle, screw the covers down again, wash off the cans, and set in a cool, dark place. It is a good deal of labor, but corn kept in this way is very nice.

A HANDY TABLE.

It Would Be a Convenient Receptacle for Books, Papers, Etc.

A low table, designed especially to hold the last magazines and newspapers, is particularly desirable in a country cottage, where, in the limited quarters the family spends a large share of the season room for a library, and stow away all their books and papers in the recesses of a general sitting-room. Such a table should be light in structure, so that it may be easily moved to different corners of the room, if desirable. A little bamboo table, a trifle over two feet square, would be excellent for such a purpose. One with a lower shelf set in near the floor would be ample enough to hold the magazines and newspapers of a family, provided it is the rule, as it should be, to remove the old ones as soon as the new ones come. Otherwise the table will be likely to become say uncomfortable "clutter-place," impossible to keep in order. It is a good plan to make and enforce the rule that any one removing a magazine or paper to hammock, easy chair, piazza, lounge, or elsewhere from the table, shall return it to the table, instead of casting it upon the floor for the maid or mistress to pick up. It would save a great deal of unnecessary trouble every where, if each member of the family took care of the books and papers that they read. There seems to be something in the masculine nature that considers the floor the legitimate depository for a newspaper.—N. Y. Tribune.

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

A poultice of ripe figs is one of the best things known for carbuncles or boils. Must be well washed and peeled.

A harmless freckle lotion is two ounces of lemon juice and one drachm of sugar. Stand in a glass bottle for a few days, *then rub on the face occasionally.*

It is a good plan to make a rule that soiled clothes are never to be allowed to accumulate in the closet. Another good rule is to keep the window-sills clean, and not pile things all over them.

Grease stains on wall paper may be removed by mixing pipe-clay with enough water to make a sort of cream. Spread this rather thickly on the stain, leave it on for twenty-four hours, then take it off carefully with a knife and dust and brush the paper thoroughly.

Do not use a good chamois skin for wiping the kitchen windows, as they are apt to be a little greasy from the steam of boiling meats, and if a skin is once made greasy, it is spoiled. Use an old sack rag for washing, as it is soft and does not cost lint. With a little ammonia in the water for washing them, followed by careful rinsing, they shine.

Frying, Braising and Stewing.

The ordinary process of frying is rarely understood. Food is made greasy and *often indigestible, because the fat is not* as hot as it should be, and the pan not deep enough. The fat must be smoking hot—about 400 degrees Fahrenheit. Experience will soon teach a cook that the required temperature is reached when a bit of bread browns in a few seconds if placed in the kettle. A thin coating is thus made on oysters, croquettes, or whatever is being fried, and all the juices and flavors are kept within; the fat outside not being able to penetrate it. The same practice should be followed with boiling, broiling and roasting. If the steak very hot at first, the albumen of the entire surface of the meat is coagulated, and the fluids are thus enclosed. The heat may then be gradually lessened, and the interior of the meat allowed to cook more slowly. In braising and stewing, the meat is covered with a liquor of vegetable or animal juices, and cooked slowly in a vessel, *with a closely-fitting cover* to prevent evaporation. Food cooked in this is more clearly understood when it is remembered that in making soup the meat is always to be put in cold water.—Food.

To Polish the Furniture.

The art of polishing furniture is little understood in this country, and the waitress or chambermaid is too likely to choose the most ridiculous thing, or one which should be done by a regular furniture polisher. In England, it is one of the regular duties of a servant to keep the table-top polished. For this purpose an English furniture cream is especially valuable. It must be used sparingly, however, for if put on too thickly it is apt to smear. The best way to apply it is to dampen a cotton cloth with a little oil before dipping it in the cream. Apply it sparingly over the whole surface of the wood and rub it in as it is applied, using a hard roll of cotton cloth or pad, as it is called by the polisher, to rub it in. There should be no appearance of the cream on the surface, and the finest cambric handkerchief passed over the surface when it is done, should show no mark.

No table which is properly cared for will require any application of this kind oftener than once a month. The table should be kept in order between times by the frequent use of a polishing pad and a chamois skin.

A Delicious Dish.

A Boston bon-vivant is the inventor of a charming dish, known as "pommes de terre an smash." This may be cooked in a chafing dish on the table, or in a saucepan on the range. It consists of boiled potatoes, cold or hot, cut into three-quarter inch bits; to six good-sized potatoes, a piece of butter, as big as half an egg, salt and pepper, and an onion chopped as fine as may be, the whole covered with milk or thick cream and simmered till scarcely any liquid at all is left; then a couple of tablespoonfuls of capers, without the vinegar, stirred in and the whole served hot. On a cold night no one will desire a better supper than can be made with this inexpensive dish.

You Need Not Have Moths.

Do you know the secret of not having winter clothing moth eaten?

Get a whiskey barrel and have the top taken off and drive a large peg in the top for a handle to the cover, so that you can easily take it off.

Then put in the bottom of the barrel a small, open vial of chloroform. Put in your woolen things and shut it up.

If there are eggs innumerable, ready to hatch, the insects will die and do no harm.

If you want a garment on an evening drive or a chilly day, take it out and use it, fold it and lay it back again, and nothing in the moth line will disturb it.

In laying knives away, apply a little sweet oil on very lightly, and wrap them in tissue paper; this will prevent their rusting.

A SHARP YANKEE.

How Jerry Got the Best of Hi in a Big Transaction.

Uncle Jerry Munger is an old farmer who is celebrated in our part of the country for his stinginess, miserly habits and guile. No one ever gets the better of him in a bargain, and he has a crafty way of stealing alive the pants off of his creditors. For instance, the other day the miller saw him soaking his shelled corn in water.

"What do you do that for?" asked the miller.

"Saves grinding," said Uncle Jerry.

"Ain't you afraid the good of the corn 'll go off in the water?" said the miller, saucy at being defrauded of his grist.

"I calk'late to make the critters drink the water," drawled Uncle Jerry.

But the time came when every one thought he had met his mate. Hiram Pickett owed Jerry $20, and Hiram was a lazy, poverty stricken, loafshore fisherman, who never paid his debts.

"Hiram," whined Jeremiah, almost bursting into tears, "that 'ere $20 is all I've got to look to to pay my taxes and insurance and all my winter expenses. Why, Hiram, I reelly don't know which way to turn. Ain't there anything you could do to help me?"

"No, there ain't," said Hiram.

"You've got a pig."

"Yes, I'm going to keep him too."

"I'm bound to have that 'ere *money or its* equivalent," said Jerry, and he took the sheriff to Hiram's hut. There was nothing inside or out of the little cottage where Hiram lived that could be seized by law except the pig.

The large and noble form of this animal was rooting in company with one of Hiram's ragged children on a heap of seaweed in an outer apartment of the house. It was the finest pig that Jerry had ever seen, of short nosed Yorkshire breed, fed on the crumbs that had fallen from the tables of the rich. It had led a wild, green-wood life, roaming in orchards and cabbage gardens till it was as desirable a pig as any that had ever grown fat on mast and acorns in Virginia forests.

"Take the pig!" cried Jerry.

"You can't," said Hiram, "the law allows the poor man one swine, which nobody can't attach."

"If he'd had two pigs," said the sheriff, "you could have attached one of them!"

A few days later Hiram was going home with an octopear and a crabnet over his shoulder. He passed Jeremiah's house and saw the old man leaning over the gate.

"You needn't slink out of my walks that, Hiram," said Uncle Jerry meekly. "I haven't nothin ag'in you, Hiram, nor don't bear no umbrage on account of that bill, Hiram. I'm sure when you've a mind, I know you've a good many mouths to feed, and a hard time to git along with that family of your'n. You be a poor man."

"That's a fact," said Hiram.

"I have been wondering how I could help you. I know fishing is poor now, and such a shame as you claim don't dig as big sod to, and Hiram. I've changed my mind about that bill. Let it stand over till spring."

"All right," said Hiram.

"And I'm a-going to make you a present. I've got a lot of little pigs. I can't sell 'em, and I'm a-going to keep 'em. Now, Hiram, I'm going to make you a present of a little pig."

Hiram hesitated. "Were not the gifts of Jerry dangerous gifts? Do men gather grapes of thorns, or figs of thistles?

"I dunno ez I kin do justice to no pigs," he said.

Jerry brought the pig out and showed it to Hiram. It was a very small pig.

"Lordy massy!" said Hiram to himself, "Jerry's getting sort o' old 'n childish, giving Christmas presents this time of year."

He took it home. "My!" said his wife scornfully; "much stuff she'n a quarter could. Better look out, Hi. Jerry's up to some mischief."

They put it in the pen with the big pig and the little one looked smaller than ever.

I need not go on with my tale. Hiram was then the owner of two pigs, and the law allowed the creditor to attach one of them.

That same night the sheriff came to Hiram's hut with a warrant and seized the large pig.—New York Evening Post.

Easily Distinguished.

It is the fashion now to speak of "optimists" and "pessimists." The distinction itself is nothing new, as there have always been to classes of people—those who look on the bright side of things and those who look on the dark side, but the words have no doubt puzzled some readers.

One man, a learned farmer we may suppose, defines an optimist as a person who believes that all eggs will hatch. An exchange reports a dialogue overheard in a barber's shop:

"Do you ever study the faces of the customers here?" said one man.

"Yes."

"Well, did you ever try to distinguish the pessimistic from the optimistic?"

"Yes; and there is little difficulty in doing it."

"Indeed?"

"Yes; the pessimist is the man who is waiting for six other customers to be shaved and the optimist is the one distinguished by the appellation of 'next.'"—Yankee Blade.

A Lesson in Geography.

"Johnny, I hope you are studying well at school?" said Mr. Harlem Heights to his son.

"Oh, yes, pa."

"I'd like to ask you a few questions just to see how you are coming on."

"Yes, pa."

"Where are the Rocky mountains?"

"In the western part of the United States, pa."

"Where is the Blue Ridge?"

"I don't know."

"Well, I'll teach you," and seizing the boy by the ear the irate parent spun his offspring several times with a cane which he had held concealed.

"Now can you tell me where the Blue Ridge is?"

"I know," said Johnny, sobbing and rubbing himself: "where the black and blue ridge is," whereupon the old man let him off.—Texas Siftings.

Paternal Advice.

Rosenberg Senior—Simon, my boy, you are now going to set up in business on your own account, and I wish to give you a bit of practical advice.

Simon—Well, father?

Rosenberg Senior—When customers don't see what they want, teach them to want what they see!—Humoristische Blatter.

Explained.

Miss Washington—What does "8 k" in dat 'gagement ring you done gev me mean?

Mr. Jefferson (loftily)—Hit means dat de gold am eight times as yaller as carrots.—Jeweler's Weekly.

This Date in History—July 27.

1675—Henri d'Auvergne, the famous Marshal Turenne, killed at Salzbach.

1690—The Scotch Jacobites gained the battle of Killiecrankie.

1777—Thomas Campbell, poet, born; died 1844.

1788—James McCrea murdered by British Indians attached to Burgoyne's army.

1800—Battle of Talavera, Spain.

1830—The second French revolution began.

1861—General McClellan appointed to command the Army of the Potomac.

1862—The steamer Golden Gate burned off the Mexican coast and 180 lives lost and $1,400,000 in gold sank.

1869—The French Atlantic cable laid and a successful operation effected.

1870—Mme. Marie Ratazzi, actress, died in Florence, Italy. The United States treasury department took complete control of Alaska seal fisheries and issued stringent orders.

1883—Montgomery Blair, statesman, died at Silver Springs, Md.; born there 1813.

She Wanted to Give It Away.

George had proposed and been accepted for several weeks, but the girl's esteemed parents had not been informed of it and they were consequently anxious and curious to know how matters stood. The other morning the mother began a little detective work on the daughter.

"Fannie," she asked cautiously, "hasn't George Smuggings been here every night this week?"

"Yes, mamma, every night so far," responded the dutiful Fannie.

"And this will be Saturday night?"

"Yes, mamma."

"He seems to be coming pretty often, doesn't he?"

"It doesn't seem to be very often to me, mamma."

"Oh," *and the old lady elevated her eye*brows curiously. "Did you hear your father when he came in last night?"

"No, mamma," said the girl demurely.

"Oh, you didn't?" replied the mother quickly. "Didn't he see you sitting in George's lap as he came in?"

"No, mamma," and the girl never turned a hair.

"Well," snapped the old lady, feeling that she was foiled, "I'd like to know why he didn't."

The girl smiled a gentle, forgiving, trusting, happy little smile.

"Because, mamma," she whispered, coming over to her, "because the parlor door was shut."—Detroit Free Press.

1892	JULY.					1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:12 p. m.	Third Quarter	16	9:46 p. m.
Last Quarter	9	9:44 p. m.	New Moon	23	8:31 p. m.
New Moon			First Quarter	31	9:45 a. m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1872. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $20,000,000 since organization.
Metamora Lodge, 369, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Metamora Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $150, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——, Reporter.
Washington Colony, Order of Sciots, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,

24 & 26 E. Front St

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at

Reasonable † Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 11 E. Front St.

PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,

PROPRIETORS.

First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,

NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,

corner

PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.

Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

IF

You Want Anything in Our Line, Such as

CORSETS, EMBROIDERIES, NOTIONS, SILKS, CRETONNES, SILKOLINE, SCOTCH GINGHAMS, HOSIERY, LACES, MUSLIN and FLANNEL UNDERWEAR, CASHMERES, MUSLINS, HANDKERCHIEFS, RIBBONS, WOOL DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CALICOES, DOMESTIC GINGHAMS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every description or anything else that is usually found in a FIRST-CLASS DRY and FANCY GOODS HOUSE, call at

EDSALL'S!

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.

Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows
30 WEST FRONT STREET.
and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**
Cut in Latest Styles.
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,

LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,

Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

Alterations.

Previous to extensive ones that we are going to make we will make a General Clearing Sale throughout Every Department.

For Three Cents Each
You buy tin t p jelly glasses
For Six Cents Each
You buy Mason quart fruit jars.
For 38c. a Yard
You buy a 60-in. Damask Table Linen that is worth 50c.
Gentlemen:
You buy for a quarter a fine Gauze Undershirt that has been selling freely for 40c.
About Writing Paper.
Have you ever tried our Special Brands? If not, why *don't you?* We will save you money.
Wash Dress Goods.
There are many good things in Wash Fabrics that we are anxious to part with and they go at a reduced price.

VanEmburgh & White

Put Your Finger Here

O

Hold it there while you read this. The most delicious Brown Bread, Fruit and Suet, Pudding and Rice on Brown Bread are made fresh every day at 61 Park avenue.
M. F. Beach, agent for Arnold's Steam Cooker.

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades, 40 inches wide, (all wool), at 50c yard.
Wool *Dress Flannels*, (36 inch), 25c. per yard.
Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.
Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.
Dress Challies, 5c.
Good Toweling, 4c.
Ladies' Hose, 5c. *Gents' half hose*, 4c.
Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 39c, formerly 50c.
Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

BOEHM'S
No. 7 West Front Street.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.

..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..
....Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks....

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware,.. Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with

LAMP AND BELL,

under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the

Wheelmen's Headquarters,

Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.

FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

TO THE LADIES OF PLAINFIELD!

You are cordially invited to visit the practical exhibition of

COTTOLENE!

Now going on at our store. Come and test the good things prepared with this product. During free exhibit, a World's Fair Album given to every purchaser.

BUTTER—Fine Table Butter, 20c. lb.

JERSEY VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, Corn, Egg Plants, etc., received daily, and disposed of at from 15 to 25 per cent. below any other store in the city.

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.

Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. H. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,

BY THE SEA, PACHOGUE, L. I.

Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
6 13 3m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,

EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 29 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,

Successor to

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Fine Groceries.

THREE BEF TEA

EITHER

Hot Water or Steam

Heating Apparatus

furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.

J. N. SCHENCK,

40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.

20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine cry repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?

The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of

Meerschaum

and

Briar Wood Pipes,

Holders and Segars can be found only at

N. H. Guttman's

Sugar store, No. 13 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 62. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

NEWS SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN FOR SUMMER VACATION, SHOULD SEND NEW ADDRESS TO THIS OFFICE, BEFORE LEAVING. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MAILING THE NEWS TO THEM.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be clear, with a continuance of the heat.

BREVITIES

—It was 137 degrees in the sunshine at 2:30 this afternoon, in this vicinity.

—The Emerald Beneficial Association held an excursion to Asbury Park yesterday.

—Watchung Lodge No. 167, are arranging for a grand excursion to Rockaway Beach.

—Trinity Commandery No. 17, Knights Templar, will hold an emergency conclave to-morrow evening.

—Several members of the Independent Gun Club went to the Flemington Gun Club's tournament yesterday.

—A number of Plainfielders attended the second annual clam bake of the Perth Amboy Gun Club yesterday on the 7.58 a. m. train.

—A Republican banner will shortly be stretched across Front street. Just where it will be placed has not yet been decided upon.

—Members of the Plainfield Gesang and Turn Verein will visit New Brunswick next Sunday as the guests of the Aurora Society of that city.

—A praise service of the Young People's League will be held to-morrow evening in the Sunday-school room of the First Baptist church.

—The Plainfield Gesang and Turn Verein is going to build an extension to its hall, which has been found too small to accomodate the increase in membership.

—The First Presbyterian, Park Avenue Baptist and Congregational Sunday-schools are going to combine and have a grand excursion to Asbury Park on Friday, August 5. Attention is called to their advertisements.

—Some excitement was caused in one of Mr. "Alex" Thorn's flats on Somerset street, Tuesday afternoon, by the sudden flaring up of an oil stove. A piece of carpet was thrown about it, however, and the stove hurled into the street before any damage was done.

—There will be a meeting of the captains of the various bicycle clubs in Union county at the Elizabeth Wheelmen's Club house on August 4, to consider the advisability of holding a century run for Union county wheelmen sometime in September and annually thereafter.

—Rumor has it that the Street Railway Company expects to begin running its cars on West Front street Saturday Aug. 6. It should be remembered that the permission of the Common Council was only temporary. It is left to the people to decide whether the cars are a convenience or a nuisance. From the evidence so far adduced it would seem even before the cars have been put on, that the latter will be the case. The rails take up the whole street in such a manner as to make it dangerous to drive over them at a speed faster than a walk. Several accidents have already occurred. Plainfield's streets are too narrow for a double track road.

Plainfield's Clergy to be Represented.

Several members of the clergy of this city will attend the Fifth Inter-Denominational Bible Conference to be held in Educational Hall, Asbury Park, N. J., August 11th-19th.

The following distinguished preachers and teachers have promised to be present: James B. Brookes, D. D., Arthur T. Pierson, D.D., Nathaniel West, Prof. Wm. G. Moorhead, D. D., Major D. W. Whittle, Rev. and Mrs. George C. Needham, Prof. Luther B. Townsend, Edward P. Goodwin, D.D., Wm. J. Erdman, D.D., and Rev. D. M. Stearns. Sessions will be held each day at 10 a. m., 3 p. m., and 7.30 p. m.

Justice Codington Imposed Light Fines.

Bethune Dunhaw got very much intoxicated last night and used insulting language to a police officer on Park avenue, for which he was arrested and remained over night in jail. Justice Codington fined him five dollars this morning.

Martin Vanderwig was before the Justice also charged with having created a disturbance on Somerset street a night or two ago. His fine cost him two dollars.

Money Needed to Build their Church

The African Union Methodist Protestant Union church of this city, Rev. I. L. Lomack pastor, which has been holding services of late in Cutter's Hall, is anxious to raise $600 to purchase a lot upon which to erect a church of its own.

The following gentlemen have the matter in charge: W. H. Checks, Collins Jones, Enoch Milford, Rev. I. L. Lomack.

Republican Executive Committee Meet.

The City Republican Executive Committee had a joint meeting last night for the purpose of adjusting the matter of the appointment of election officers in the Fourth Ward as both committee had sent in a list of names.

Enterprising Merchants.

Messrs. Van Emburgh & White, dry goods and house furnishings, are making extensive alterations in their store, and will open a millinery department in the fall.

DOINGS OF SOCIETY.

Pretty Plainfielders at the Prevost-Stevens Wedding.

Miss Mary E. Dumont and Miss Alice *Simpson of this city were two of the* bridesmaids at the wedding of Miss Caroline Leland Stevens, daughter of Simon Stevens, to Emanuel Emile Prevost last evening, in the Church of the Holy Communion, Sixth ave. and Twentieth street, New York. The bride, who entered the church with her father, wore a gown of white satin brocade and white lace and white tulle veil, fastened with plain gold pins. Her sister, Miss Mary C. Stevens, in a pretty costume of pink silk and crepe, and her cousin, Miss Mary Leland of Philadelphia, were the maids of honor. The other two bridesmaids were Miss Adeline Arnold and Miss Shippen Wallace of Burlington, N. J.

Mr. George Thaddeus Stevens, the bride's brother, was best man. The ushers were Mr. L. E. E. Prevost, brother of the bridegroom, Mr. Monroe Chubb, Mr. Walter Leland, uncle of the bride, and Mr. J. De Vele. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. S. F. Hinspon, rector of the Church of Our Saviour at Netherwood. Ho Shen Chee of the Chinese Legation was one of the guests at the reception, which was at the home of the bride's father, 37 East Twentieth street.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. R. Huntsman are at Belmar.

Mrs. R. C. Leonard has gone to Southwest Harbor, Maine.

Miss Addie Mayer, of this city, is at the Sheldon, Ocean Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. W. K. McClure left this city yesterday for Canada.

Ex-City Judge John Ulrich's family are at Avon-by-the-Sea for the Summer.

Mrs. E. M. Rodman and Miss May Rodman have gone to Orient Point, Long Island.

Mr. Charles Russ, the well-known caterer of Elizabeth, was in this city yesterday.

Manager Keller of the Crescent League is at Lowell, Mass. He will return Saturday morning.

Mrs. George W. Van Boskerck and Miss Van Boskerck of West Seventh street, are at Orange.

Miss Mary Giese of Orange street is stopping at the Crystal Spring Hotel, East Stockbridge, Pa.

Mrs. Eddy and family, formerly of West Front street, now of Brooklyn, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Charles Sandford and Miss Sandford have gone to Watch Hill, R. I., for the balance of the Summer.

Miss Nellie Keating, of Philadelphia, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Geo. W. Squier, at 38 Harmony street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Yates and Frederick W. Yates of Seventh street, have returned from Shelter Island, N. Y.

Mrs. Warren Marsh, Mrs. W. H. and Ada Marsh, and Miss Houseman, of this city, are at the Coleman, Asbury Park.

Miss M. Holton, of No. 80 Grove street, started to day for Ocean Grove to stay during the remainder of the hot season.

Miss Jessie Utter, of 16 East Sixth street, has gone for a Summer's vacation to Waverley, R. I., Noyes Beach and other points.

Miss F. J. Haffner of Manning avenue, North Plainfield, who has been visiting her sister at New Brunswick, returned home Monday.

F. L. C. Martin was one of the first wheelmen to greet Arthur Zimmerman, the champion bicyclist, as he stepped from the steamer, City of Paris, yesterday morning.

Mrs. T. Logan Murphy of Grove street, with her daughter, Miss Annie, and Miss Kittie Manning of Evans, started Tuesday for West Point where they will remain a week.

City Judge Codington has arranged to take three days vacation out of each week during the heated term. He will leave on Friday and be gone until the following Monday.

Mrs. Susan M. Lane, whose death is announced in another column, is a sister of Mrs. Thomas Brooks of Rockview avenue, and is well-known to the host of friends in Plainfield of the Brooks family.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Pomeroy Bryant of North Hampton, Mass., and Mrs. Edward Wild, Mrs. Bryant's mother, are Mr. and Mrs. P. M. French of North Plainfield. Mrs. Wild is a sister of Mrs. French.

Mr. W. Wallace Howland of 76 Rockview avenue starts to-day for South West Harbor, Me., where he will stop at the Claremont Hotel for several weeks. Mr. Howland is manager of a large dry goods commission house in New York.

Mr. William R. Cain of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, having, a few days ago, sold his home, will move to Summit, N. J., in a few weeks, there to engage in the hardware business. His son, Master Willie, who, for many months, has been a popular and faithful News carrier, left Plainfield to-day for his new home.

Councilman John Johnston has sold out his coal business to Mr. C. H. Rogg, who will continue the same. It will please the people of Plainfield to know that Mr. Johnston will continue in Council, where he has done such splendid service. He helped defeat the old combine, and is the only one of the old Council who was re-elected—this being the people's reward to him, which he so well earned. The News extends its best wishes to Mr. Johnston as one of the worthiest of our citizens.

THE PROPOSED STREET EXTENSION.

The Objections to Having a Few Bear the Expense of Improvements Benefitting the Many.

There is a determination on the part of most of those residing on cross and adjacents streets in North Plainfield who are assessed for supposed benefits in the proposed extension of Broadway Plainfield, to fight the matter in the courts.

The court has already decided against the method of assessment. This was in the case of George A. Lewis v. The Township of North Plainfield. It was identical with the present case, the court holding, it appears, that the assessment should have been distributed over the whole township. In this case the attempt is made to throw on a few the burden of the expense for an improvement, which benefits the entire township. With this case in view it does not seem likely that those residing in cross streets and those adjacents will be willing to bear it, as they are called upon to do, except a merely nominal sum placed on the township generally.

Of course this does not effect the property on the line of the improvement, about which there is no question as to the benefits or damages. It is the assessment placed on property, where the improvement is of very doubtful value, certainly, in the opinion of some, of no more value than to the township generally.

The wider distribution would make the expense to each a mere trifle.

There is a different kind of extension proposed at Madison avenue, where it is contemplated cutting through a block or so to Duer street, provided Mr. Geo. H. Babcock and Mr. William M. Stillman can buy No. 2 engine house at a satisfactory price.

Objection is made to the engine house, because, so it is alleged, the noise there *annoys the Methodists opposite in Sun*day worship, though that objection appears only since the proposed extension.

The fire department values the house and 30-foot lot at $12,500—$5,000 being for the house and $7,500, at $250 per foot, for the lot.

THE NEWS *referred to Mr. Babcock's* plans at the time he purchased Laing's Hotel, some months ago, and also a few days ago to the proposed removal of the engine house, to which removal the engine company appears agreeable.

Undoubtedly the extension of Broadway, as well as Madison avenue, would benefit both the city and borough if it can be brought about in a way not to be too costly to the people.

STILL VERY, VERY HOT.

Not Much Relief Though Cooler than the Last 48 Hours.

Comparing to-day and yesterday with the two preceding days it has been fairly comfortable.

Not that it was not a pretty warm day, all things considered, but it felt positively chilly after such weather as that of Monday and Tuesday.

The Signal Service, with its usual wild anxiety to rush into print, has announced that a cool wave is on its way here, and that the temperature will fall 15 degrees within the next twenty-four hours.

"The worst of it all is, however," as a well-known physician told a News reporter this morning, "is to hear of, and to see the great suffering there is among the children of the city. It is really terrible." And truly every true.

There was a fatal case of sunstroke at Elizabeth yesterday.

Anton Salavage, a Hungarian laborer, was overcome by the heat. He did not faint at first but complained of feeling ill. Shortly his labor went to a shady spot afforded by a pile of lumber in Heidritter's lumber yard, and sat down to rest for awhile. He did not return after a reasonable time and when some of the workmen went to offer him aid they found that he was dead.

Gustav Houseman, of Paterson, became crazed with the heat while in New York yesterday. He returned home yesterday with two large pistols, which he began to discharge at the members of his family, threatening to kill all of them.

He shot at his own reflection in the looking-glass and at his father's and mother's pictures on the wall. The police subdued the lunatic and placed him in a strait-jacket at the hospital.

The F. A. Potts Club on Deck Again.

That famous uniformed Republican organization the F. A. Potts Club of Elizabeth has been re-organized for the campaign. Charles H. K. Halsey has been elected president to succeed Mayor Enoch W. Adams.

The other officers are as follows:

First vice-president, Lewis W. Kingsley; second vice-president, James W. Hall, jr.; recording secretary, W. E. West; corresponding secretary, Samuel H. Grosscup; treasurer, Melfine W. Halsey; captain, W. E. Edelsten.

Executive Committee — George S. Ward, W. H. Mathews, P. Middleton, W. P. Thomas, George Griffin and W. C. Carr.

Plainfielders will remember the Potts Club as having visited this city several times during the two or three campaigns. They will probably be seen here again taking part in the first Republican parade.

Ball Bearings in Street Cars.

There has been running on the Fitchburg (Mass.) street railroad for several months a car mounted on ball bearings which have been in constant use and subjected to the severest tests, and it is claimed that there is no evidence of wear either on the bearings or upon the balls. The bearings were oiled at first with a few drops, but have not been touched since. The inventors claims a process of making perfect steel spheres, and hardening them so that they will not break.

JOHN KEAN CONFIDENT.

"No Democrat Can Be Elected Governor at the Next Election," he Says.

In reply to questions asked of ex-Congressman *John Kean, Jr.*, the other day, as to whom he thought would be the Republican party's choice for a gubernatorial candidate, he said:

"Modesty would preclude me from saying anything about the subject. I am supposed to be a candidate myself."

"What about General Grubb?"

"Well, every candidate is inclined to think his chances are the best."

"Who do you think is likely to be the most formidable Democratic candidate?"

"Can't say."

"What do you think of Mr. E. F. C. Young's candidacy?"

"I believe him a good, honest man. But I don't think any Democrat can be elected with the Leading combine as a record of his party staring him in the face."

"What do you think of Judge Kirkpatrick, of Essex?"

"I am but slightly acquainted with him."

"What about Judge Lippincott's candidacy?"

"I think he has done what other Democrats were afraid to do. Still, as I said before, I don't think any Democrat can be elected Governor at the next election."

STATE NEWS

Pennington Seminary has paid off a debt of $53,000.

The fruit crop throughout the State is said to be very light.

The annual session of the Christian Endeavor societies of New Jersey will be held at Bridgeton, Oct. 25, 26 and 27.

William Stevenson, of Phillipsburg, is a first cousin of Adlai Stevenson, the nominee for Vice-President on the Democratic ticket.

The New Jersey & Pennsylvania Concentrating Works, at Paterson, N. J., Thos. A. Edison, president, has leased 100 acres of land in Upper Milford, and intends to extract ore by its electrical process.

The Newark Conference camp-meeting of the Methodist Episcopal Church will open Wednesday, Aug. 17th, and close the Monday following. The managers of the camp-meeting say that they have arranged for an unusually interesting programme.

The Columbia Chrophone Company of Camden, N. J., has been incorporated with a capital stock of $20,000. The object of the company is to manufacture and sell "the electric time and call-back." The incorporators are Richard W. Dorphley, Hammonton, N. J.; Wm. S. Anderson, Wm. H. Brady and J. Emory Byram, all of Philadelphia, Pa.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS ORGANIZE.

A branch of the National Brotherhood of Electrical Workers has been organize in the city of Trenton. It will be affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. Its objects are to resist the encroachments of employers, to establish an apprentice system and to give financial aid to sick and bereaved members.

NEW HUNT AT ELIZABETH'S NEW DEPOT.

Daniel Burnham, a carpenter employed by the Pennsylvania Company, tumbled off the cornice of the depot at Elizabeth yesterday and had his right wrist and ankle broken. He lives at New Brunswick and was removed to the Elizabeth City Hospital. The same day another man fell through the rafter of the roof into the waiting-room and was badly bruised. He was removed to his lodging-house.

Chief Justice Beasley has fixed August 1 as the date for the hearing of the testimony in habeas corpus proceedings brought by Lawyer George Berdine in behalf of his client, Harry Schlipf, Mary Anderson's suspected slayer. Testimony will be taken before ex-Judge Clevenhoven, Master in Chancery, at Perth Amboy. Counsel Berdine has secured six affidavits, which he asserts will prove Schlipf's innocence, and show that his incarceration in jail is an outrage. Detectives Housel of New Brunswick and Book of Perth Amboy have gone to Chicago to investigate a clue in the case.

ELIZABETH'S RIVAL CORPORATIONS.

An important special meeting of the directors of the Elizabeth Street Railway Company was held at 10 a. m. to-day at the office of Jacob Kean, Jr., in the Water Company's building on Broad street, Elizabeth. The purpose of the meeting was to take action as to how to extend the lines of the Street Railway Company from Broad street up Morris avenue to the Lehigh Valley Railroad station in Union Township. A rival company has applied for the franchise to build a road. This may cause the new company to change its route and ask the city council for the right of way to lay its tracks up Morris avenue. Mr. Kean got this permission some time ago, but has had no reason to build a street railway up Morris avenue he dormant.

What You May Expect Here.

The current issue of the Electrical World contains an illustrated account of the "Supposed Action of Grounded Railway Currents on Lead Pipes," and states that in many Western cities some lead pipes laid in the ground were breaking down faster than they ought to. A careful examination and analysis showed that the lead was badly corroded in precisely the manner in which lead that has been used in storage batteries, under normal conditions. The action is chemical in its nature and is caused by the electrolytic action of the ground receiving currents stimulated by the presence of certain mineral salts in the soil. This current becomes not only dangerous to lead pipe but in many other ways as well. The Electrical World also devotes a column editorially to this matter under the head, "Electricity, the supposed mischief maker again."

Peter was Fined $10 and Costs.

Peter Schneiderwind, who assaulted special officer Jacob Krimey at Grader's Grove on the night of July 4, was before Judge Codington in the city court for sentence this morning. He was fined $10 and costs.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A BROKER'S SUICIDE.

George K. Sistare Shot Himself in the Manhattan Club House To-Day.

NEW YORK, July 28, (Special.)—George K. Sistare, a Wall street broker, was found dead in a room on the first floor of the Manhattan Club at 10.25 o'clock this morning. There was a bullet hole in the right side of his head, just back of the temple.

A five-chambered 38-calibre revolver was found by the dead man's side. Three of the chambers had been emptied.

O'DONNELL HAS DISAPPEARED.

The Strike Leader Left Homestead Secretly Last Night.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 28th. (Special.)—Mrs. O'Donnell said this morning that her husband had gone away on private business, but she did not know his whereabouts.

It was stated this morning that O'Donnell left on the Baltimore & Ohio for the East at 9:45 last night. Some think he will not return.

Murder at Eatontown, N. J.

EATONTOWN, N. J., July 28—(Special)—Cesar Johnson, a colored man, about 30 years of age, was found murdered at four o'clock this morning, lying on the lawn in the rear of the handsome residence of Joseph Johnson, one of the wealthiest citizens in Eatontown.

Killed by a Street Car.

ELIZABETH, July 28th. (Special.)—Arthur G. Dorland, aged fourteen years, a newsboy, died this morning from injuries received by being run over by a street car at Elizabethport yesterday.

$25,000 Stallion Dead.

STURGIS, Mich., July 28, (Special.)—The trotting stallion Green River, belonging to Robert Dixon, of Henderson, Ky., and valued at $25,000, died to-day.

United Order of Independent Odd Ladies.

At the meeting of Mispah Lodge No. 1, United Order of Independent Odd Ladies, held on Monday, the following officers were installed for the ensuing term:

N. L.—E. K. Cox.
P. L.—Mary Orrill.
V. L.—S. Smith.
Chaplain—A. Corwin
Rec. Sec.—E. M. Morse.
Treasurer—M. Brokaw.
L. S.—E. Weigman.
C. S.—L. Burghal.
Conductor—E. Redden.
Guardian—E. Boaterll.
Sen. W.—A. Karman.
Jun. W.—E. Lockrie.
Asst. L. H.—H. Westphal.
Asst. L. H.—J. C. Drake.

The installing officers were: R. W. L. G. Wilson, R. W. L. Raynes, and R. W. L. C. Bedell, of Boston, Mass.

Howell Division at Camden.

Howell Division, Sons of Temperance, of this city, sent delegates yesterday to *the second quarterly session of the* Grand Division of the State held yesterday at Camden.

The man of six-horse power by eating

HORNBY'S

H-O

OAT-FOOD

can do the work of a man of twelve-horse power.

DEATHS.

LANE—On July 26, after a lingering and painful illness, Susan M., daughter of the late William J. Lane of New York, and widow of the late Colonel Milton Cogswell, U. S. Army. Funeral in Washington.

Midsummer Excursion

to

MAUCH CHUNK, GLEN ONOKO, and the FAMED SWITCHBACK,

Via Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Fort Reading R. R. Co., Inc.

SATURDAY, JULY 30,

A special express train will leave Plainfield at 8 a. m., returning arrive in city about 9 p. m.

Fare for round trip only $1.75. Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on excursion train.

Tickets will be good to return on July 31 or Aug. 1 on payment of $1 to agent at Mauch Chunk. 30 4

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,

Egg Milk Shakes,

Egg Phosphates,

are very popular drinks this season.

Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.

Also in Siphons.

L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,

21 WEST FRONT STREET

COAL LUMBER

And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

LOOK

at Werner's Show Windows

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to $10

Cut in Latest Styles,

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.

All Sizes and All Wool.

Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WHEN out of employment this is the column to post your notice in. The people you want to reach read it.

HELP WANTED.

IF there is anyone in need of a situation they look here for your advertisement.

WANTED—A young man for stablework. *Jos. A. Bintz, 72 Somerset street.*

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board in private family in North Plainfield. Two adults and one child. Address, stating terms and location of house. "H. G.," care of EVENING NEWS.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—*A fresh Jersey heifer, with* calf two weeks old. Gentle. Address Isaiah Coriell, Warrenville, N. J.

FOR SALE—Cheap—A village cart and harness, with Parr's patent springs. Call at 117 Madison avenue. 26 3

FOR SALE—An 1891 Victor B Safety Bicycle in perfect condition, for $90; nearly new; large cushion tires; ball bearings throughout; special saddle. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS. 26 4

PSYCHO—Lady's safety, 1891 pattern, cushion tires, ball bearings, bright parts nickeled, perfect condition, cost $140. Will sell for $70 cash. Address "Psycho," care of EVENING NEWS. 26 4

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 tf

THE way to let the people know you have something for sale is to put that fact right under this head.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 5-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 30tf

WANTED TO BUY—A small house and lot, in desirable location. Address, giving full particulars and price, "Cash," care of EVENING NEWS. 26 6

EXCURSION

of the

First Presbyterian, Park Ave. Baptist, and Congregational

SUNDAY SCHOOLS

to

ASBURY PARK,

on

Friday, Aug. 5, '92.

Stopping at Long Branch both ways.

Leave Plainfield 8 a. m.; returning leave Asbury Park 5.30 p. m.

TICKETS, $1.25; CHILDREN, 90c. 29 7

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades, 40 inches wide, (all wool), at 50c yard.

Wool Dress Flannels, (36 inch), 25c, per yard.

Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.

Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.

Dress Challies, 5c.

Good Towelling, 4c.

Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 8c.

Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 39c, formerly 50c.

Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach.)

Our nearest salt water resort. A 10-acre shady grove close to the beach. Forty minutes from Plainfield by C. R. R. of New Jersey.

This famous day Summer resort has been greatly improved the present season by the erection of a grand new pavilion, a large restaurant, where refreshments are sold at moderate rates. A base ball diamond and Lawn Tennis Court, and a fine bowling alley.

There is also a fine equipment of boats for rowing, fishing or crabbing, a fine sandy beach for bathing, plenty of houses and suites of rooms to rent, picnic tables (free) for excursionists. Fine piano in the pavilion, music every day. First class clean Merry-go-rounds and swings. Naptha launch, making 10-cent trips around the sound. No intoxicants sold, no disorder, a perfectly safe place at any time for ladies and children.

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

TOWNSEND'S

Marble and Granite Works,

No. 20 SOMERSET STREET, near FRONT.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and at prices to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend,

Manager. 18 1m

Put Your Finger Here

O

Hold it there while you read this.

The most delicious Brown Bread, Fruit and Suet, Pudding and Boston Brown Bread are made fresh every day at 61 Park place.

M. E. Beach, agent for Arnold's Steam Cooker.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES at 61 Park place. At Home Academy of Fine Arts opens. Class in French now forming. Also private classes in French and German. Class limited to 6; private lessons $1.

EDITORIAL NOTES

In a recent case of suicide it was impossible to determine whether the cause was love or whiskey. Either in excess seems bad.

For a century, this June, Kentucky has been one of the sisterhood of states in the American Union. May 1992 find her still one of the sovereign United States, with the Blue Grass girls and Blue Grass live stock as famous for beauty as they are now.

The grand race between the two sailing ships Shenandoah and Tam O'Shanter, from the Atlantic coast to San Francisco, will renew interest in sailing craft. It is not well to let ocean sailing die altogether out. The Shenandoah sailed from New York, the Tam O'Shanter from Baltimore on the same day. They went around Cape Horn and both arrived at San Francisco in 111 days, the Tam getting in three hours ahead of the Shenandoah. After rounding Cape Horn the two vessels were in company for a week.

Important additions to astronomical knowledge will be made when the photographs of the occultation of Mars are developed and examined. It took the moon one hour to pass between the earth and the planet Mars, the occultation beginning at 10 o'clock and lasting until 11, in the longitude of Goodsell observatory, at Northfield, Minn. The occultation was visible also throughout the whole Mississippi valley and in the eastern states. It is hoped to ascertain from the photographs of the planet whether Mars has not one or more moons. Mars is the planet most interesting to us of the earth from its nearness and the possibility that it may be inhabited by beings like ourselves; not too much like us, that is, but just enough.

The Houseboat Idea.

It makes the weary reader long for the water and the shady houseboat, with all its outdoor and home pleasures combined, to follow Mr. C. L. Norton's description in Outing of the model one. The idea will become more popular undoubtedly as the summers come and go. Mr. Norton says that a thoroughly comfortable houseboat can be built for from $300 to $500.

There are various ways of propelling the floating house. If you are on a tidal river you can go or come with the incoming or outgoing waters. On an inland river you can float down stream lazily and luxuriously for hundreds of miles. In most streams a tug will tow your boat; on canals mules will haul it. You can utilize sail power, too, and move whither you will under canvas. If you are in a hurry you run it by steam. A small row and sail boat will in all cases enable you to communicate with the shore to obtain supplies. You can fish, swim, sleep, play your guitar or piano, and dream that you are in paradise, as you are while your summer vacation lasts.

Mr. Norton gives directions about making a houseboat and instructions for navigating it. For instance, if you are in the broiling hot sun and want to be in the shade—

> Pipe all hands to set awnings, unstep the masts if they are on end, and reeve the cringle lines through the masthead blocks, hoist away, make fast to the cleat and you have a sunproof awning set in a trice.

Some English Working Girls.

When the free or so called board schools of Great Britain were inaugurated, less than twenty years ago, it was found there was a large class of girls whose wants could not be met. They were nearly or quite grown and had years in their own living, consequently could only attend school in the evening. Some of them had learned to read and write in childhood, but had even forgotten that rudimentary knowledge.

To meet the wants of this class of girls a benevolent lady founded in London a working woman's college. The was what it was called, but the studies when it opened were the reverse of college branches. Many of the young women had to be taught even reading and writing, likewise to wrestle with the multiplication table. But the school was ably maintained, and has been for seventeen years. The thorough earnestness of the British character when once its attention is entered in any direction is shown by the fact that during all the seventeen years the college has been maintained teachers have been found who give their services free of charge.

From the three R's with which the teaching started, the classes have now graded up into botany, bookkeeping, elocution, higher mathematics and even Latin and French. The public schools have given the pupils that come to the college a good rudimentary education. But the working women's college has done much more than to give these toiling girls literary culture. Under its auspices the young women have formed social clubs and a penny savings bank and enjoyed each year concert music of an excellent kind. There is, too, a holiday fund for summer outings. Each girl contributes a small amount weekly, in some cases twenty-five cents. This gives her enough to have a trip to the country annually, lasting from one to two weeks. In this admirable way the kindly human nature existing in common in the souls of good rich women and good poor ones comes in touch.

DYNAMITE IN PITTSBURG

The Police Believe That Bombs Are Being Made There.

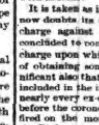
THE ANARCHISTS ARE ALL SPOTTED.

Chief Murphy Promises Developments That Will Startle the Community—An Attempt to Blow Up the Mills—An Arrest Mollick Taken from New Jersey.

PITTSBURG, July 28.—When Henry C. Frick was shot last Saturday he said, while the doctors were engaged in probing the wounds, that the tragedy would have no effect whatever upon the policy of the company toward the Homestead troubles. That he meant what he said was evinced by the fact that Secretary Lovejoy again appeared before Alderman McMasters and swore out thirty-six informations against as many of the ex-employees of the company, and upon which warrants were immediately issued. It was significant, however, that the informations made a change in the nature of the offense, the men being charged with aggravated riot instead of with murder.

It is taken as indicating that the company now doubts its ability to sustain the main charge against any of the men, and has concluded to content itself by preferring a charge upon which there may be a chance of obtaining some convictions. It was significant also that among the names of those included in the informations were those of nearly every ex-employe who has testified before the coroner's jury that the first shots fired on the morning of July 6 came from the Pinkertons.

The fact that the company should have selected these men as victims, especially in view of the fact that as witnesses before the coroner's jury they would most likely be expected to identify in court, has created a great deal of comment, and that course will favorable to the company. The policy of suppression of names in the matter of informations was again carried out and the majority of the men against whom warrants were issued will have no knowledge of the fact until they are placed under arrest. Private information is also to the effect that the informations sworn out include the name of nearly every member of the advisory committee, as well as some of those who have already been arrested on the charge of murder and released on bail.



MISS GOLDMAN.

Locating the Anarchists.

Inspector McKelvey, who is acting superintendent of police, has been especially vigilant in watching the haunts of the anarchists, and from information obtained it is said that efforts will be made to bring Miss Emma Goldman, who lived with Berkman at Worcester, Mass., here, as it is believed she, too, is an accomplice. The number of anarchists that the inspector has located—nearly 1,000 in the county—is quite a revelation to the citizens of Pittsburg. It has taken an extra supply of men, but the work has been prosecuted day and night. Inspector McKelvey says: "I think we have Bauer and Knold implicated. As to Knold there is no question as to his connection with the case. We have now two witnesses who will swear positively that he was with Berkman on Saturday morning and waited around for him for several hours. This man Knold is a slick one. While he would not admit that he showed Berkman Frick's office he admitted he showed him The Chronicle-Telegraph building. Now there was no reason for him pointing out The Chronicle-Telegraph building unless it was to show where Mr. Frick's office was.

"We have all the prominent local anarchists spotted, and if any of them try to get away they will be arrested. I do not know what course we will pursue. The law is a little lax in regard to anarchists, and the only charge we can get against most of these fellows is conspiracy. I am sorry the grand jury is not in session, as we would most surely railroad all of these men."

"Chief Murphy has taken charge of the Allegheny end of the case. At first I was inclined to think Berkman was alone in this matter, but I am now satisfied that there was an organized movement against Frick, and Berkman was only the tool of a number of conspirators. In a few days there will be some developments that will startle the community. There were more anarchists here than we suspected, and if they were getting ready to carry out some gigantic schemes. We were lucky in receiving three people when we did, as an attempt will now be made to get much evidence against any of the men. Knold is very anxious to regain his liberty, and he is the man the police expect the most from. He makes statements to-day that tells what the anarchists will do. Berkman will not accept the services of any lawyer until the lawyer promises to conduct the case so he, Berkman, wants it conducted.

Carl Plaster, of 13 Buchanan street, Troy Hill, and August Turnopk, of 256 Sandusky street, Allegheny, two supposed anarchists, were arrested by Detective McTighe. The two men came to the Central police station and asked to see Bauer. Their actions were so suspicious that they were locked up. When searched nothing was found on them. The houses of both men will probably be searched. The police say they are important arrests.

The police authorities here have also come into possession of facts leading them to believe that bombs are now being made in this city. A merchant on Smithfield street reports to the police that within the past three days he has sold unusually large quantities of small gas tubes and other materials that are used in the construction of the usual anarchist bomb. The merchant's customers have been mostly foreigners of repulsive appearance and, he says, Russian Jews, having every appearance of anarchists.

Tried to Blow Up the Mills.

A remarkable escape from almost certain death on the part of 14 workmen in the large department of the Carnegie Southside street mill has just been made public, while the perpetrator of the fiendish act is yet unknown. An attempt was made to blow up the boiler and engine departments of the Jones Union mills at Twenty-ninth street. The engineer in charge of the machinery had left his post but a few minutes. The waterman, whose duty it is to keep guard of the gates, fires and water, left his position to breathe the fresh air on the outside of the building. When he left his post the gas was burning under the boilers. When the waterman returned he noticed that there was no fire under the boilers. He threw a piece of lighted waste into one of the grates.

A slight explosion occurred. The quick return of the waterman doubtless saved many lives. Five minutes' delay on his part would have permitted an accumulation of gas sufficient to blow the building to atoms and the workmen to eternity. Superintendent Dillon confirms the report.

At both mills all is quiet. The police are still guarding Thirty-third street, and the usual number of loungers are congregated in the vicinity.

The surgeon in attendance upon Mr. Frick reported that Mr. Frick is very comfortable and that not the slightest unfavorable symptom has developed. The surgeon now considers Mr. Frick practically out of danger.

From his sickroom Chairman Frick issued orders that 800 of the following notices should be sent to the employees of the company who have quit work at Homestead, Union mills and Beaver Falls:

PITTSBURG, July 27.

DEAR SIR—As provided in the agreement covering the special deposit of money made by you with Carnegie, Phipps & Co., Limited, you are hereby notified that, having left the employ of this company, you are no longer entitled to receive interest on said deposit. Interest ceases at this date and the principal will be paid you on demand at the general offices or on said day's written notice sent in from the works.

The special deposits aggregate about $180,000.

Affairs at Homestead.

HOMESTEAD, July 28.—The headquarters of the division of state troops will be discontinued today, and Major General Snowden will depart for Philadelphia after turning over his command to Brigadier General Wylie. A regiment of the troops will remain in Camp Black until all possibility of danger seems to have ended. The Third and Fourth each regiments and the governor's troop of cavalry from Harrisburg left Homestead for home, and orders have been issued for the departure of the Fourth and Ninth regiments and Battery C. General Snowden issued an order relieving Lieutenant Colonel Green, provost marshal, from further duty.

A mass meeting was held at Duquesne, and several lodges of the Amalgamated association were formed. Every department in the mill is now closed down.

The men in the fabrication department of the Edgar Thomson steel works at Braddock, one of the Carnegie plants, have struck for higher wages, and it is claimed the Braddock mills will have to be closed.

Mollick Dragged from New Jersey.

LONG BRANCH, July 28.—Frank Mollick, the Hebrew baker arrested here upon suspicion of being accessory to the attempted murder of Mr. Frick at Pittsburg, was taken out of New Jersey without legal authority in spite of his protests. The right to see his wife was denied him, and he was actually dragged on a train while lawyers were trying to secure a writ of habeas corpus. The writ was granted, but no one could be found upon whom to serve the document. The case has assumed an aspect that may cause a serious conflict of authority between New Jersey and Pennsylvania men.

FASHIONS.

STYLES OF THE DAY.

Cut and Color in Skirts and Bodices—Revival of Plaid—Cotton Gowns.

Very large sleeves and bodices, with full fronts of distinctly different material let in, are well worn.

Every effort is being made to make some variety in skirts, and in France they are arranging double skirts, one at all like the double skirts in general wear, but united by one skirt over the other. A good example of this was a dove colored cloth over tiercel rose, which was cut on the cross throughout, a diamond border placed on the front. The swathed bodice discovered a shot silk underwest. This had a movable Zouave, and, in addition, a mantle made of frilling, appearing in the front. Another new French skirt has two deep lace edged flounces, one falling from the waist to the knees, the other from the knees to the hem.

Yellow and white has always been accepted as a becoming mixture, and of late green and white have come into favor. A pretty instance is a white cloth skirt, the front covered with silver embroidery, having large frill edges, with silver stars and a gray binding to the skirt, all softened by the light net made of silk lace. Gray is also worn for ten gowns, for it is durable and certainly becoming to fair skins.

PETE COSTUME.

The new accordion pleated bodice for gauze dresses is a very pretty thing to wear, but it would be risky to trust the making of it to any but a first class modiste.

Fine white piques are the revival for dinner and evening gowns at fashionable resorts, and for thin white dresses chiffons and muslis are much used. Fancy crepons striped with chenille dots, and also with flowered sateens are all worn, and it would be difficult to say which of these looks the daintiest.

Some of the prettiest cotton dresses are very simply made. A dark blue cotton patterned in white, that looks very nice, has large directoire revers, with lines as far as the elbow, and plain deep cuffs. The yoke is of lace and cut square back and front.

Quite the newest form of trimming for muslins is five little narrow frills around the bottom, all edged with narrow lace.

Current repeats on a fete costume—pretty, smart and practical. It is in cream checked serge, with full shirt and long sash ends of pale green bengaline. A graceful and novel feature of the Eton jacket is the long falling frill. The hat is in fine cream straw with full bows of the same tint as the shirt.

ALICE TELLS HER STORY

Miss Mitchell Coolly Describes the Murder of Freda Ward.

SHE DECLARES SHE WANTS TO DIE.

After Her Examination She Laughed and Chatted with Her Friends—The Court Closed and Judge Dubose Will Deliver His Charge to the Jury on Friday.

MEMPHIS, July 28.—The last act of the Alice Mitchell case has been reached. There was a thrilling scene in the criminal court room when the fair and frail looking murderess of Freda Ward sat in the witness stand and told the story of her love, her hate, jealousy and her awful crime. Before Miss Mitchell was placed on the witness stand there was a scene which, owing to the excitable temperament of all the parties concerned, caused some uneasiness.

Mrs. Volkman, Freda Ward's sister, had testified, and Ashley Roselle had told how he made love to Freda and Alice, when General Peters announced that he desired to have Miss Mitchell placed on the stand. He said he did not know whether the state had a right or not, but he was going to ask that Alice Mitchell be put on the witness stand and questioned to the jury for inspection and examination.

General Wright objected to her being cross examined as a witness and insisted that this was not a chancery inquest of lunacy, but a case where the attorneys made the plea, and that for no other reason than that Alice Mitchell was not capable of conducting her own defense, and consequently could not testify.

The state insisted, and Mr. Fitzgerald made some remarks which brought General Wright to his feet with an eloquent plea for his client that almost conquered the curious desire of the men to see her make a curious spectacle of herself. He pleaded for the sanity of her and for the sake of her family that she be not placed on the stand. The dispute waxed hotter until Judge Dubose ordered William Fitzgerald to take his seat. He then stated that there was no precedent that covered this case and he proposed to establish a rule.

He ordered Alice Mitchell to be placed on the stand, but said she was there for inspection and examination only, and not as a witness. For this reason, he held, there was no necessity for swearing her.

Miss Mitchell then took the stand, and there was a surge forward by the eager audiences to get within earshot of her. The deputies, however, quickly drove them back. There was a slight pause as Alice Mitchell looked directly at the jury, every man of which was gazing at her most scrutinizingly. The attorney, having gained his point, appeared embarrassed, and for an instant a murmur of pity was heard in the room. It was interrupted, however, by the court sharply ordering General Peters to proceed to examine her.

Miss Mitchell's Story.

To the questions propounded by General Peters she made the following replies:

"How long have you known Freda Ward?" "Ever since I can remember."

"Were you friends?" "We were always friends."

"How many times did you visit Gold Dust Tom?" "Twice; once by myself, and on the last visit Lillie Johnson accompanied me."

"Did you know of any one who was in love with Freda Ward?" "I thought Will Borum and Henry Roselle loved her."

"Did you not want Ashley Roselle to marry her?" "I did not want her to marry any young man."

"Why?" "Because I wanted her for myself."

Here the witness began to sob. The attorney generally paused; her father and her brother bent down their heads and wept, but the court looked more stern and ruthlessly continued the examination.

"How did you feel toward you and Freda Ward just before the killing?" "She only winked her right eye at me."

"Did that mean anything?" "Freda always told me that winking the right eye meant 'I love you.'"

"How far did you follow Freda?" "I do not know much about distances, but I think it was half way down the custom house pavement."

"Why did you follow Freda down the pavement?" "I wanted to see Freda once more."

[Here Alice again became convulsed with emotion and burst into tears.]

"Why did you persist in following her?" "Because I did not want anybody else to have her. I wanted to follow Freda to the boat and kill her there, for the street was too public."

"But why did you want to kill her at all if you loved her?" "Because Harry Bingo loved Freda and I was afraid Ashley Roselle did, and I killed her to keep her from marrying either of them."

How She Did the Deed.

"Tell the story from the time you saw Freda on the pavement." "I took the razor out while going down the hill. When I reached Freda I met her with the razor. I cut her throat first, that was the first cut I gave her. As I cut her throat she tried to say, 'Oh,' or something like that. Then I heard no screams. I don't know who screamed; it was Jo Ward or Miss Pat Bell. Then Jo hit me with the umbrella and I fought at her. Then Freda didn't move and but when she said, 'You dirty dog,' it made me mad, and I didn't know what I was doing. I intended to cut Freda's throat and then cut mine; but Jo made me mad and I ran after Freda and cut her again. I didn't mean to cut her up that way. I had cut her throat and all I wanted to do was to cut her so as to kill her. I fully intended to kill myself by the side of Freda, but when Jo hit me with the umbrella I got excited and did not know just exactly what I was doing."

"Where did you usually carry that razor?" "In the pocket of my dress."

"When did you have it last in all the world?" "I loved Freda Ward better than any one else."

"But did you not love your father and mother?" "Yes; but not like I loved her." [Here witness again wept.]

"Do you know she is dead?" "Dead! Oh, yes. I knew Freda was dead; they told me as Freda was dead." [Here witness again broke down and sobbed bitterly.]

"Would you like to see Freda now?" "Yes; oh, if I could only see her once."

"If you had her now would you want to kill her again?" "I don't know what I would do."

"Do you want to die?" "Yes, sir."

"Did you not know it was wrong for two young ladies to marry?" "Yes; but I thought if I dressed like a man no one would know the difference."

"Where did you intend to go?" "Wherever I could go to St. Louis and there I intended to work for her."

"Why did you write to young men?" "Merely for the purpose of passing away time."

"Did you love Lillie Johnson?" "I liked Lillie, but I did not love her."

"Did you love Ward?" "I liked Jo, but when she got on the witness stand and told stories I hated her."

Alice Wants to Die.

Here the witness was taken in charge by General Wright and her answers to all of his questions were rational. She testified that she took a razor, intending to put Freda's throat at the first opportunity.

By General Wright:

"Did you take laudanum once?" "Yes; I took it because Freda told me she loved Ashley Roselle and another girl besides. I tried to get her to take the laudanum, but she would not, so I took it myself. I tried to put it in her mouth while she was asleep, but she woke up. She was going out on the bottle and asked me what I was doing. I told her I wouldn't take it that night. I just said that to make her think I was going to take it as I had no idea of taking it then. I thought she would go to sleep again, but she staid awake all night."

By Major Pierce, of the jury:

"Do you still want to kill yourself?" "I have wanted to die ever since."

"Do you expect to try to kill yourself again?" "I don't—I don't know that I do, but I want to die."

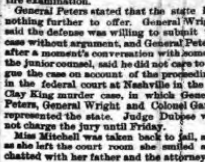
"That thumb stall, with blood on it—do you want to still keep it as a keepsake?" "Yes, sir."

"Do you think it would do you good to look at it?" "Yes, sir; I think it would."

Here the witness' eyes again filled with tears and the examination ended. The young lady quickly stepped down and took her seat between her father and brother, who had bowed their heads during the entire examination.

General Peters stated that the state had nothing further to offer. General Wright said the defense was willing to submit the case without argument, and General Peters, after a moment's conversation with some of the junior counsel, said he did not care to argue the case on account of the proceedings in the federal court at Nashville in the H. Clay King murder case, in which General Peters, General Wright and Colonel Gantt represented the state. Judge Dubose will not charge the jury until Friday.

Miss Mitchell was taken back to jail, and as she left the court room she smiled and chatted with her father and the attorneys.



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Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—2:05, 8:55, a. m., 11:00, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 4:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:05 a. m., 1:15, 6:30p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 9:30 a. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:30 p. m.

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THE FAIR BILL IN DOUBT

After a Favorable Test Vote Its Opponents Filibuster

AND PREVENT A DECISIVE BALLOT.

Durborrow, the Champion of the Grant, Apprehensive—Guthwaite Says the Opposition Is Determined and Will Sit Till Snow Flies, if Necessary, to Beat It.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The session of the house yesterday will long be remembered as a red letter filibustering day and the World's fair advocates have reason to feel gratified at the result. The crucial test vote of the day was on the motion of Mr. Bingham that the house should recede from its disagreement to the senate amendment appropriating $5,000,000 for the fair. This was carried—157 to 105. The filibustering then began. Mr. Holman moved to reconsider the vote; Mr. Bingham, of Pennsylvania, moved to lay Mr. Holman's motion on table; Mr. Guthwaite, of Ohio, moved to adjourn, and pending that moved to adjourn till Friday; Mr. Sibley, of Texas, moved to adjourn until Saturday. No quorum voting on this motion, a call of the house was ordered, 229 members answering to their names. Mr. Bingham offered and the house adopted a resolution revoking all leaves of absence except for personal or family illness, and instructed the sergeant-at-arms to send for all absentees. Pending further attempts to filibuster the house adjourned.

A Long Deadlock May Ensue.

Mr. Durborrow, of Illinois, chairman of the World's fair committee, has telegraphed to many absent members favoring the appropriation to return to Washington at once. The deadlock is liable to continue for some time if the opponents of the measure keep up the filibustering tactics.

The hot weather seemed to have rattled the temper of the senators and produced an unusual number of objections and infringements upon customary senatorial courtesy. In one of these little outbursts Mr. Blackburn, of Kentucky, intimated with some apparent satisfaction, a belief that Mr. Hiscock, of New York, would not be much longer a member of the senate. The antioption bill was taken up and discussed with irregular intermission of calendar business for a few hours. Mr. Washburn's fleet hint of a desire to name a time for a vote was met by a prompt refusal, and at the suggestion of Mr. Gorman, of Maryland, the matter was left over for a day, when it was said Mr. Wolcott, of Colorado, would be present and press his motion to reconsider and postpone the bill till December.

Guthwaite Says It Will Never Pass.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Representative Durborrow, of Chicago, chairman of the Columbian exposition committee, said that although he had sent out telegrams to many friends of the amendment to the sundry civil bill appropriating $5,000,000 for the exposition, requesting them to come to Washington as soon as possible, he does not expect to get enough here to make a quorum if the filibusterers keep up. He does hope, however, that some of the filibusterers will vote either for or against the measure, and thus make a quorum. He also says that the friends of the measure can stand the filibustering if the filibusterers can, and will fight the battle to the end.

Representative Guthwaite, of Ohio, who led the forces against the amendment in the house, said to a representative of the United Press that he and the gentlemen who are with him have made up their minds to fight it out to the bitter end, and if necessary will stay in Washington until the snow flies before they will allow the appropriation to be adopted.

Mr. Guthwaite said that he is of the opinion that those members who are in favor of the appropriation will not be able to get a quorum voting. He also said that it was his opinion, even supposing for an instant that the bill should pass with the amendment, that it would require an act repealing the law of two years ago to make the bill legal and enable the World's fair people to draw the money from the treasury.

Appointments Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The senate in executive session confirmed the following nominations: A. Barton Hepburn, of New York, controller of the currency; Trenor Beale, of California, minister and consul general to Samoa; Thomas Lincoln Casey, Walter S. Sperry, of Delaware, minister and consul general to Persia.

W. R. Sperry, appointed United States minister to Persia, is the leading Republican newspaper editor of Delaware, a man of much culture and has for years been an active worker in his party.

King Oscar Protests.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Baron Beck-Friis, charge d'affaires of Norway and Sweden, has made formal protest to the secretary of state against the action of the United States marshal in Boston in boarding the Norwegian steamer Alba at quarantine before she had entered and assaulting the master, Captain Jollestrem.

Miss Kate Foote Appointed.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The president has appointed Miss Kate Foote, of Connecticut, a special agent to make allotment of lands in severalty to the Indians.

A Noted Doctor Dead.

LOWELL, Mass., July 28.—Dr. Dilman Kimball is dead. He accompanied General Butler as brigade surgeon during the rebellion, also serving with General McClellan. He acquired a national and European reputation in ornithology.

Bad for Paris.

PARIS, July 28.—Pasteur has written a letter to M. Richet, of analyst of Paris, stating that most Paris ice contains microbes, which favor the propagation of cholera.

The Oldest Mason in Delaware.

WILMINGTON, July 28.—Robert B. Jamp, aged ninety-nine years, died here. He was the oldest Free Mason in the state, having joined the order in 1820.

Charged with Arson.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., July 28.—Thomas H. Murray, a well known shoe dealer, has been arrested, charged with setting fire to his store.

The Most Killed Him.

RICHMOND, July 28.—Charles C. Poole, a drummer, died suddenly from the effects of the unprecedented heat.

Blocking Car Strikers.

MERIDEN, Conn., July 28.—Numerous riots have occurred here in consequence of the street car strike.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by William B. Codington, Esq., City Judge of the City of Plainfield, in the County of Union, to make the unpaid taxes and assessments in said City, assessed upon personal property and real estate in the said city of Plainfield in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-one, I, the subscriber, the officer nominated and appointed by the Common Council of said City, will on Thursday, the twenty-second day of September next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House Avenue, in the city of Plainfield, sell the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate hereinafter described, at public vendue, for the amount thereon set down, to such person or persons will agree to take the same and pay such taxes, together with the charges thereon, and costs, fees charges and expenses.

Himan, Jacob Jr., one-third of lot, 25 feet front, 115 ft. front street.....
Himan, Joseph C. one-third of lot, 25 feet front, 115 ft. front street.....
Hoagland, James, house and lot, 50 feet, 11 Rose street.....
Holce vacant lot, Cornelius, vacant lots, one acre, 85 to 89 Dunellen avenue.....
Holmes, Edward, house and lot, 100 ft. 215 to 229 Dunellen avenue.....
Hondy, James, house and lot, 19 Elizabeth street.....
Hird, Jacob, house and lot, 12 Georgia avenue.....
Hoffman, Peter J. & Brand street, 25 Cutter, Jos S, 2-story brick stores, 25 feet front, 80 ft. deep.....
Cutter, Jos S, house and lot, 87 and 89 W Front street.....
Chase, W S, or wife, house and lot, 469 W Front street.....
Craig, James, house and lots, 360 feet, 352 to 540 W Front street.....
Craig, James, 2 houses and lots, 700 ft., 215 to 229 Dunellen avenue.....
Craig, James, 2 houses and lots, 10 to 26 Jefferson avenue.....
Cole estate of, Elias, house and lot, 40 feet, 22 and 24 W Second street.....
Cole estate, of Elias, house, barn and farm (6 acres), 394 to 404 E Front St.
Collins, John B, vacant lot, 30 feet, 59 W Fourth street.....
Collins, Peter, house and lot, 30 feet, 61 W Fourth street.....
Conway, Mary, house and lot, 30 feet, 67 W Fourth street.....
Casey, Patrick, house and lot, 10 t feet, 71 to 75 W Front street.....
Craig, William, 2 houses and lots, 200 feet, 216 to 240 Dunellen avenue.....
Chaves, Mrs. Jos. G, vacant lot, Field avenue.....
Cash, Jeremiah, vacant lot, 25' South avenue.....
Cowen, Margaret, vacant lot, 100 feet, 83 Kensington avenue.....
Coff, Lewis B, house and lot, east of Berckman avenue.....
Darling, Wm. S, 3 lots, 25 to 27 Clinton avenue.....
Drew, Wm. H, 3 lots, 50 feet each, 49 and 51 Somerset avenue.....
Drew, Wm. H, vacant lot, 50 feet, 52 Elizabeth street.....
Drew, Wm. H, 10 lots, 10 to 47 Elizabeth street.....
Drew, Wm. H, 3 lots, 226, 228, 242 Field avenue.....
De Baud, estate of A, house and lot, 309 E Front street.....
Darling, Emma, vacant lot rear of Brown, 460 feet, Having Road.....
Darling, Emma, vacant lots, 500 feet, 177 to 215 Woodland avenue.....
De Zarotte, H, house and lot, 50 feet, 64 E Fifth street.....
Egan, Rachel, vacant lot 55 by 125 feet, 33 Netherwood avenue.....
Evans, estate Jno, H, house and lots, 8 Evans, estate Jno, H, 2 Fairview avenues.
Finnigan, P J., vacant lot, 50 feet, 467 Front street.....
Fisher, estate of Alsam, house and lot, 30 feet, 85 W Third street.....
Frame, Augustus, house and lot, 95 feet 12 to 18 Peace street.....
Flynn, Richard, house and lot, 152 Terrill Road.....
Ford, Mr. vacant lot, 50 feet, 359 W Sixth street.....
Gallo, Jno B, house and lot, 47 Cottage place.....
Hoppock, Margaret, vacant lot, 50 feet, 412 Second street.....
Housemann, Geo W, house and lot, 20 feet 10 W Third street.....
Haring, Geo B, house and lot, 42 feet, 4 Harris, J C, vacant lots, 400 feet, 230 to 244 W Seventh street.....
Harris, J T, vacant lots, 275 feet, 213 to 231 W Seventh street.....
Huff, estate Rachel, house and lot, 64 Back avenue.....
Herbert, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 112 feet, 36 and 38 Rose street.....
Herbert, Richard, vacant lots 100 feet, 205 and 207 Arlington avenue.....
Jefferson, estate Rachel, vacant lots, 5 acres, Randolph Road.....
Hart, Carrie, vacant lots, 200x150, 42 and 44 Netherwood avenue.....
Hart, Carrie, vacant lot, 50x150, Jackson street.....
Hart, Levi E, vacant lots, 125x150, 30 to 34 Netherwood avenue.....
Hewson, Wm, house and two lots, 55 and 57 Netherwood avenue.....
Hewson, Wm, 2 lots, 47 and 49 Netherwood avenue.....
Hewson, —, or Mrs. Noel, 2 lots and 4 story brick rear, 59 and 61 Netherwood avenue.....
Jones, Evan, or Margaret Cowan, 2 vacant lots, 201 and 203 E Second street.....
Jones, Emma, house and lot, 200 feet, 156 to 162 Eastside avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 450 feet, 170 to 186 Eastside avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 175 to 199 Eastside avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, 2 vacant lots, 200 feet, 179 to 193 Eastside avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 175 to 199 Eastside avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet, 201 to 215 Eastside avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 217 to 231 Eastside avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet, 233 to 247 Eastside avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 249 to 263 Eastside avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 175 feet, 265 to 279 Eastside avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 80 to 102 Richmond street.....
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 80 to 102 Richmond street.....
Jones, Emma A, 3 vacant lots, 150 feet, 87 to 91 Richmond street.....
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 15 to 25 Carlton avenue.....
Jones, Emma A, vacant lots, 100 feet, 10 to 24 Carlton avenue.....
Johnston, Wm, 5 vacant lots, 2 to 10 Grange avenue.....
Keeney, Miss M, Alexia, 50 feet each, 261 and 263 Park avenue.....
Laing, estate of Angus D, house and lot, 60 feet, 61 W Second street.....
Lee, Thomas, house and lot, 40 feet, 241 Richmond street.....
Lee, Thomas, house and lot, 67 feet, bet. 95 and 97 South Second street.....
Lewis, Israel, store and lot, 10 Park avenue.....
Leonard, Wm J, 11 acres, ½ of plot, 126 to 129 Plainfield avenue.....
Leonard, Charles B, 11 acres, ½ of plot 126 to 129 Plainfield avenue.....
Lane, Mrs M M, vacant lot, 241 Field avenue.....
Lane, Mrs M M, vacant lot, 95 feet, 14 to 16 S Front street.....
Littlestown, Mrs S C, house and lot, 92 E Front street.....
Laing, Sarah M, house and lot, 94 E Front street.....
Lee, Thomas, lot 1 acre or more, east of Hillside avenue.....
Loomis & Rice, vacant lot, 60 feet, 12 Hartford avenue.....
Loomis & Rice, vacant lot, 40 feet, 20 Sanford avenue.....
Lutton, Mr, vacant lot, 40 feet, 34 Day street.....
Madden, Wm, owner house and lot, 67½ West Front street.....
Mabey, Frank, house and lot, 40 feet, 71 West Second street.....
McCarthy, Michael, vacant lots, 125 feet, 175 to 179 South Second street.....
McCarthy, Michael, house and lot, 50 feet, 206 E Fifth street.....
McCarthy, Michael, house and lot, 66 feet, 208 E Fifth street.....
McCarthy, Charles, house and lot, 32 Plainfield avenue.....
McCarthy, Charles, house and lot, 33 Plainfield avenue.....
Mecklenburg, Andrew, vacant lot, 32 Grant avenue.....
Mecklenburg, Peter W., house, lot and shop, 151 West Front street.....
Mc, Raymond, house and lot, 100x140 feet, 48 and 47 West Fifth street.....
McLaughlin, W. F. S., vacant lots, 175 feet, 325 to 329 West Fifth street.....
Meyer, Raymond, vacant lots, 200 feet, 30 to 36 West Sixth street.....
McIntyre, John F., 2-story h. stores and flats, 2 of each, 1 vacant lot, 164 Somerset street.....
McIntyre, John F., 2-story h. stores and flats, 2 of each, 1 vacant lot, 164 Somerset street.....
McIntyre, John F., 2-story h. stores and flats, 2 of each, 1 vacant lot, 164 Somerset street.....
March, Estate Elizabeth S., house and lot, 44 Plainfield avenue.....
March, Anna G., house and lot, 127 and 129 Somerset street.....
Millspaugh, S. H., formerly, one lot, 40 Pemberton avenue.....
Mercer, Mrs. Joseph, vacant lot, 94 to 98 Central avenue.....
Moore, estate Isaac T., house and lot, 82 E. and 1 lot, 84 feet deep, 84 E. Front st.
Mosher, Jane, house and lot, 80 ft., 83 East Third street.....
Maltbey, Mrs. Wm, house and lot, 50 ft., 44 Madison avenue.....
Martine, Isaac D., house and buildings, 126 feet, 4 Front street.....
Martine, Anna M., house and lot, 120 feet, 10 to 16 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., house and lot, 30 feet, 18 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., house and lot, 30 feet, 20 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., vacant lot, 50 feet, 22 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., house and lot, 30 feet, 24 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., house and lot, 30 feet, 26 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., house and lot, 30 feet, 28 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., vacant lot, 30 feet, 30 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., vacant lot, 30 feet, 32 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., house and lot, 30 feet, 34 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., house and lot, 30 feet, 36 Front street.....
Martine, Isaac D., vacant lots, 4 and 5 Hill street.....
Martine, Alexander, house and lots, 126 feet, 15 and 17 East Fourth street, bet.....
O'Neil, James, house and lot, 50 feet, 350 feet, 150 to 172 South Second street.....
Ostrom, Jesse, vacant lots 100 feet, 180 to 186 Eastside avenue.....
Ohl, Caroline J., vacant lot, 50 feet, 72 Elizabeth street.....
Ohl, Caroline J., vacant lot, 100 feet, 74 to 80 Elizabeth street.....
Ohl, Caroline J., vacant lot, 100 feet, 82 to 88 Elizabeth street.....
Ohl, Caroline J., 2 acres, Lake avenue.....
Pike, estate Josephine W., ½ interest in lots 240 feet, 36 to 46 East Second street.....
Pike, estate Josephine W., ½ interest in lots 240 feet, 36 to 46 East Second street.....
Pike, estate Josephine W., ½ interest in lots 240 feet, 36 to 46 East Second street.....
Peterson, Lewis, house and lot, 50 feet, 18 Elizabeth street.....
Pollion, J. J. H., barn, house and lot, 150 ft. 1 to 7 Fitzhugh avenue.....
Pollion, J. J. H., store and wood house, 1 to 7 Fitzhugh avenue.....
Pollion, J. J. H., store and wood house, 1 to 7 Fitzhugh avenue.....
Pringle, Mr., vacant lot, 144 feet, Hillside avenue.....
Rogers, Marietta, house and lot, 50 Madison avenue.....
Rogers, Marietta, house and lot, 50 Madison avenue.....
Runyon, Samuel J., vacant lots, 13 Elmwood place.....
Runyon, Samuel J., vacant lots, Vacant lots, 10 and 12 Elmwood place.....
Runyon, estate of L. S., vacant lots, 300 feet, 40 to 470 South Second street.....
Runyon, estate of L. S., house, barn and lot, 60 feet, each, 462, and 468 South Second street.....
Runyon, estate of L. S., vacant lot, 70 feet, 446 West Front street.....
Runyon, estate of L. S., vacant lots, 450 feet, 324 to 460 West Front street.....
Runyon, estate of L. S., 10 Rock street.....
Runyon, Elizabeth W., lot 35 feet, 351 Elizabeth street.....
Reed, David or Osborn, two vacant lots, 50 feet each, 425 and 427 East Second street.....
Reed, D. B., vacant lot, 50 feet, 219 East Second street.....
Runyon, Eugene, house and lot, 50 feet, 54 East Sixth street.....
Runyon, Walter G., house and lot, 30x130, 37 Netherwood avenue.....
Runyon, Walter G., two vacant lots, 50x 125 each, 25 and 26 Netherwood avenue.
Rice, C. J., and R. W., house and lot, 5 Rice, Clarence J., vacant lot, 40 feet, 20 Hay street.....
Simpson, Robert, vacant lot, 7 Washington avenue.....
Smith, Ferdinand G., house and lot, 50 feet, 196 West Front street.....
Smith, James F., house and lot, 14 Elmwood place.....
Sutphen, Estate John C., house and lot, 50 feet, 35 and 37 West Second street.....
Schorr, Kinnaird, vacant lots, 976 West Third street.....
Schorr, Kinnaird, store, brick hotel and dwelling, 11 East Front street.....
Sydam, Martha, 2-story brick two stores, 2 and 4 East Front street, bds.....
Smalley, Samuel, 2 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 11 and 13 Fitzhugh avenue.....
Smalley, Samuel, vacant lots, 150 feet, 20 to 34 Rose street.....
Smalley Samuel, vacant lots, 7 10 acres, Randolph Road.....
Smalley, Samuel, house and lot, 35 acres, 340 to 374 Woodland avenue.....
Smalley, Wm. H., vacant lots, 1,405 feet front and 125 feet deep, 4 acres, Randolph Road.....
Schoonmaker, F. X., brick house, and lot, 175 feet, 25 to 31 Plainfield avenue.....
Smith, Henry W., vacant lot, 50 feet, 7 Hazelwood avenue.....
Smalley, Wm. H., vacant lots, 100 feet, 12 and 14 Lake street.....
Smalley, Wm. H., vacant lots, 100 feet, 16 and 18 Highland avenue.....
Smalley, Wm. H., vacant lots, 200 feet, 352 to 360 West Front street.....
Smalley, Wm. H., Harris, and Liberty street.....
Stevens, Wm, house and lot, 50 feet, 111 and 114 West Eighth street.....
Tingley, Mrs. O. A., vacant lot, 187 Madison avenue.....
Trustees Mt. Olive church, house and lot, 10 Liberty street.....
Thompson, Estate Daniel, 5 vacant lots, 2 to 12 New Front street.....
Thompson, Estate Daniel, vacant lot, 8 Hill street.....
Taylor, Henry, vacant lot, 36 feet, 348 West Fifth street.....
Unknown owner, vacant lot, 50 feet, 307 East Front street.....
Unknown owners, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet, 189 and 201 East Second street.....
Unknown owners, 2 vacant lots, 100x150, 5, 17 and 19 George street.....
Unknown owners, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet each, 11 10-49 Raymond avenue.....
Unknown owners, 2 vacant lots, 100 feet each, 7 and 13 Johnston avenue.....
Unknown owners, 4 vacant lots, 50 feet each, 11 and 15 Jackson street.....
Unknown owner, 2 vacant lots, 46 and 50 Hillside avenue.....
Unknown owners, 2 vacant lots, 200 feet, 30 to 47 Highland avenue.....
Unknown owners, 2 vacant lots, 50 feet, 35 and 37 Rose street.....
Unknown owners, house and lot, 75 feet, 51 and 53 West Second street.....
Unknown owners, 2 vacant lots, 50 feet, 3 Central avenue.....
Unknown owners, vacant lots for sale.....
Vail, Hubbs M., house and lot, 150 feet, 74 and 76 Madison avenue.....
Vail, Hubbs M., barn and lot, 150 feet, 80 Madison avenue.....
Vail, Hubbs M., vacant lot, 21 feet, 80 Madison avenue.....
Voorhees, Peter, vacant lot, 25 feet, 371 West Front street.....
Wheeland, Miss Sarah, house and lot, 50 feet, 209 West Front street.....
Wheeland, Miss Sarah, house and lot, 50 feet, 211 West Front street.....
Wheeland, Miss Sarah, vacant lot, 50 feet, 213 West Front street.....
Wheeland, Miss Sarah, vacant lot, 50 feet, 215 West Front street.....
Wood, Mrs. Mary, house and lot, 50 feet, 217 West Front street.....
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A MOTHER'S SENSIBLE SOLUTION OF A VEXING QUESTION.

"When Helen finished school," said a New York mother recently, "I felt that we could get on with one girl, and talked the matter over with her. I agreed to allow her ten dollars a month, and would expect her to do the light dusting of the house, help me one afternoon each week with her little sister's mending, make the desserts, and a few other prescribed duties. She was pleased with the idea and the arrangement has existed ever since. She has her money on the first of every month and I have these services performed as I never had them before."

"But," spoke a second woman, "my daughter does almost the same for love, or at least she gets no money for it. Of course I give her money whenever she needs it. I don't believe, though, that I should like to set an actual value upon her services."

"Why not?" responded the first speaker. "Nowadays most young women want to earn money; many of them usurp the places of others suffering for it, who have no other occupation than the one from which they are thus pushed. Household service is the one sphere which is not overcrowded; the scarcity of the supply goes up from every side. Why, then, may not a daughter set a value upon her skill in even a modest direction. And labor paid for is stimulating to her ambition and gives pride in the work, while money earned is sure to be sensibly spent.

"We all know that a great part of the homemaking is the housekeeping. Our home has received many added touches of daintiness and comfort since Helen's youthful energy and ambition has entered into it. I think many young women who rush into foolish schemes for independence and earning money might more profitably and effectively give their efforts in the home direction. They don't because the other avenues are on a cash basis. Homeless girls, or those with comfortless homes, or girls with exceptional talents or opportunities for special outside work, are justified in their undertakings, but besides all these there are hundreds of daughters who would welcome and be benefited by just such a financial arrangement as exists in our household."—Her Point of View in New York Times.

A Woman Who Persevered.

A Cambridge lady had had in her house many years an old and curious tile which she admired. When she died, Polly, she left it hung upon the wall of her parlor. It was of archaic pattern, and was, so far as she could learn, unique. But upon one occasion, happening to get acquainted with James Russell Lowell, she was invited to a social gathering at that gentleman's house, and she later discovered that in one of the rooms of the house there was a large fireplace tiled in the exact pattern of the solitary tile she possessed! And there was one tile missing! Mrs. Lowell could not explain the absence of the tile; it had been gone so long a time that he had ceased to note its absence. The lady hated to give up her pet tile, but she was brave enough to do it; she sent the precious bit over to Mr. Lowell and it was duly put in place among its other facsimile brothers and sisters.

But from that moment the lady in question was possessed of a mania to find that tile which long ago had wandered from the Lowell fireside. This mania made her the object of much derision, for she would desert her mother, home and friends to ransack junk shops and secondhand stores and to roam around old country repositories and prowl through alleys and poke in ash heaps. She could hardly eat her meals or sleep of nights for this consuming madness. Her folks began to worry about her and even thought of sending her to a water cure. But one day she did actually find that lost tile—found it in a rivalal rubbish heap, from which one corner reached pleadingly, plaintively up! She found it and it was unharmed. She bore it off in triumph, polished it up and cemented it over her mantelpiece, where it hangs today, a splendid monument to her vigilance and indefatigability.—Chicago News.

Waste of Women's Intellectual Power.

Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer declares that in the women of America lies the nation's best hope of intellectual advancement, because leisure is what is needed for such advancement, and our women have leisure in an immeasurably greater degree than our men.

Mrs. Van Rensselaer's plea is for the utilization of this leisure and wealth so that our women who now generously exert themselves to raise funds for hospitals and churches and other such charitable and missionary work, and those who spend their time and their money in social display, might, if this same force were properly directed, become the patronesses of art, of the sciences, and the leaders of a higher intellectual life than almost any American community now can boast of.

There is indeed a prodigious misdirection of energy, if not a positive waste. Under modern industrial conditions it seems improbable that there ever will be any great degree of leisure enjoyed by men of great capacity, for it is a remarkable fact that the leisure of flexible minds seems to have disappeared from the world with the advance of our modern industrial system, and it is not the less true that the leisure of women first for the first time became greatly augmented. The conditions for intellectual labor, and particularly for intellectual inspiration, have for these reasons essentially changed in recent years, and an analysis would show that in almost any American city or town of considerable size there is not enough state of leisure force who can get leisure from the exacting occupations of the time to carry out any monumentative undertaking; where as in every such city or town, if the talents and the wealth of the women were concentrated, there might be made a literary, scientific or artistic center.—Forum.

Family Wholesomeness.

Family wholesomeness is the first thought of a true mother. To secure this she must herself be sound in mind and body. I have found it essential not only to regulate my own diet, but my reading, and the latter is as important as the former. There is a large share of current news that is not of the least possible value to any human being, and much of it is directly and positively injurious. Among other sections of a newspaper I never let my eyes rest for a moment on suicides. Anything that teaches us despair or weakens our fast hold on life's duties is a public peril. Suiciding is an infectious disease, and though I have not the least tendency to let go of life voluntarily, I will not daily with pessimism in any shape.

To make my children strong willed I also must be strong willed. To secure them in the sunshine of content and love I must refuse to walk in the dark shadows. I select this one department of reading, as it is one that panders badly to mental disease. Equally do I refuse to read society notes—the inside pabulum that enfeebles a woman's mind for all heroism. It encourages insignificant selfishness and breeds into vigor the small undergrowth of the soul, to the relative weakness of greater qualities. Heaven save the family of a "society woman."

The coarser and brutal news of the day also cannot enter into my soul without disastrous results. I shall be made by it less able to develop in my boys and girls the most lovable qualities. Rag you do not get at the bottom of this matter until you perceive the close relation between sweet souls and sweet bodies—whole souls and whole bodies. In every way take care to have a supply of wholesome literature and do not yourself read one line you do not wish your children to read.—Mary E. Spencer in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Tight Lacing Affects the Kidneys.

A case of jaundice due to movable kidney is reported by Dr. White, a physician to Guy's hospital, London, which throws some light upon the fact long ago observed that jaundice and gallstones occur much more frequently in women than in men, and especially in women who are addicted to tight lacing. In Dr. White's case the right kidney was movable, and he believed the jaundice to be produced by the pressure of the kidney upon the gall duct.

Dr. White quotes Landau as saying that jaundice is more common in women with movable right kidney than in others. That the right kidney is frequently movable in women who are addicted to tight lacing is, we think, fully established by the statistics which we have collected and published upon this subject. We found mobility of the right kidney in nearly one-third of the adult women who have been addicted to tight lacing in 200 women who were carefully examined upon this point. It is not surprising that so much mischief results from the constant practice of wearing the clothing tight about the waist, the only marvel is that still greater mischief does not follow this pernicious practice.

The kidney is displaced and rendered movable in consequence of compression of the liver, which would doubtless suffer far more than it does as the result of the abuse were it not for the remarkable recuperative property possessed by this interesting organ.—Good Health.

The Housewife's Table.

Here is a list for the materials most commonly used in the kitchen. The spices are all ground:

Ginger—1 heaping teaspoonful, ¼ ounce.
Cinnamon—1 heaping teaspoonful, ¼ ounce.
Allspice—1 heaping teaspoonful, generous measure, ¼ ounce.
Cloves—1 teaspoonful, slightly heaped, ¼ ounce.
Mace—1 heaping teaspoonful, ¼ ounce.
Nutmeg—2 small 1 ounce.
Pepper—1 heaping teaspoonful, ¼ ounce.
Salt—1 teaspoonful, ¼ ounce.
Mustard—1 heaping teaspoonful, ¼ ounce.
Cream of tartar—2 teaspoonfuls, slightly heaped, ¼ ounce.
Soda—1 teaspoonful, slightly heaped, ¼ ounce.
Powdered sugar—1 tablespoonful, ¼ ounce.
Granulated sugar—1 heaping tablespoonful, ¾ ounce.
Baking powder—1 heaping teaspoonful, ¼ ounce.
Butter—1 rounding tablespoonful, ¼ ounce.
Flour—1 rounding tablespoonful, ½ ounce.
Tea—2 scant teaspoonfuls, ¼ ounce.
Coffee, roasted berry—1 tablespoonful, ½ ounce.
Bread crumbs, grated—1 cupful, 2 ounces.
Stemmed raisins—1 cupful, 6 ounces.
Chopped raisins—1 cupful, 6 ounces.
Rice—1 cupful, 8 ounces.
Indian meal—1 cupful, 6 ounces.
Chopped meat—1 solidly packed cupful, 8 ounces.
Pastry flour—1 cupful, 4 ounces.
Wheat flour—1 solidly packed cupful, 4 ounces.
Butter—1 solidly packed cupful, 9 ounces.
Sugar—1 cupful, granulated, 8 ounces.
Liquids—1 cupful of ordinary liquid, 8 ounces.

The cups used in these estimates hold a pint, old measure. They are made of tin and divided into quarters and thirds. Nearly all kitchen furnishing stores keep them.—Maria Parloa in Ladies' Home Journal.

The Art of Looking Pleasant.

There is an inherent longing deep in the heart of each woman plodding along this earth of ours to be attractive. She thrives on admiration and pleasing stares at the rate of five pounds a week if a little love should be thrown in her way. But the great question of how to gain this affection, take the place of something which each man has it in his power to give, is sometimes of a rather puzzling nature to girls, especially those who have no personal charms to attract.

In conversation the other day some charming girls were complaining of their lack of talent and plain features. It was suggested to them to make a study of the art of being pleasant. "Girls, you don't know what an effect continued pleasantness has upon a man."

A woman who makes the man whom she loves believe that she knows not the meaning of worry, and who always has for him a pleasant smile and a word of welcome, will find that tender thoughts of her are creeping down further into his heart than those of the beauty whom she envies.

The only way always to be pleasant is to make a study of the art; convert it into a science and study it as such. A pleasant woman in the home is like a gleam of God's brightest sunshine. Her very presence soothes, comforts and cheers the heart of man.—New York World.

Education for Girls in the Middle Ages.

Higher education was not quite a dead letter to our ancestors of the Middle Ages, and according to some authorities boys and girls studied together, the latter being whipped along the road to knowledge with equal impartiality. Some Latin exercises written by girls of fourteen and fifteen only ten years old are still extant, and Marguerite de Valois writes in her memoirs that she owed the excellence of her Latin to the bodily chastisement she habitually received from her tutors. Queen Isabella was, too, a Latin scholar, and through her influence it became for a time the fashion to speak modern tongues. Italian teachers were imported into Spain and the beauties of the Spanish court attended academic examinations and took part in the public exercises of the gymnasium. It was not until after she was a queen that Isabella realized the necessity of Latin in diplomatic intercourse, and applied herself bravely to its acquisition.—New York Sun.

A Unique Minnesota Girl.

Minnesota rejoices in the possession of a unique character, Sarah Pollard, who is one of the most successful farmers in Polk county, where she owns half a section of land which she works herself with no help but her own energy in the harvest season. Miss Pollard is a young woman of grace, beauty and many accomplishments, who has left a pleasant eastern home for the life of a farmer.

She does her own plowing, seeding and harrowing, operates her large farm with no other counsel than her own good judgment, and has added a quarter section of land to her domain with the proceeds of a few years' industry. She wears when engaged in outdoor work a short skirt which falls just below the knee, and has knee breeches to match it.—Exchange.

Coffee Fritters.

Cut some stale bread into neat and rather thick slices and soak these in very strong, freshly made coffee. Beat up the yolks of one or two eggs (according to the amount of fritters you wish to make), flavoring them with a little sugar and a few drops of strong coffee; brush the slices of bread with this and fry at once in hot oil or butter; when just crisp and a light golden brown tint, lift them out, drain them well and serve at once, sprinkled with sugar.

Of course all crust should be removed from the bread, and the coffee should be both freshly roasted and freshly ground and of very good quality if the fritters are to be a success. The outside should be just crisp enough to eat short, though the inside should be soft and very strong of the coffee.—American Grocer.

Things to Be Avoided.

Don't make a narrow door narrower by a heavy portiere. A small house is made stuffy by too much furnishings.

Don't put chandeliers in a room with a low ceiling. Side brackets are to be had in artistic shapes.

Don't have too much of any one kind of decoration in the house. Grille work and stained glass repeated in more than two rooms become monotonous.

Don't buy a bright colored carpet to put into rooms where the furniture is not to be correspondingly toned up.

Don't have the floor, wall and furniture in a room covered with material which has a decided pattern.

Don't put into a room unsteady little tables loaded with meaningless bric-a-brac.—Baltimore News.

A Mother Who Attained Fame.

Sometimes fame is gained after a family has been brought up by a mother. This was the case with Mrs. Elizabeth Fry, the prison reformer. She was the mother of twelve children, and it was not until she was advanced in years that she was able to leave her domestic duties for her public work. Her diaries in her earlier years show that she was full of doubts whether she was "doing the Lord's will" by being so completely absorbed in her family, but she waited with all the patience of the Quaker till these private duties became less. Until then she wisely regarded her own desire to enter on efforts for the public good as "a temptation to come before I am called."—London Tit-Bits.

Regular Meals.

The regularity of meals begins when the child is young. To feed a baby something every time it cries or to keep it quiet is laying the foundation for a dyspeptic. The habit of eating between meals is formed, and the child will think it essential that it eats between each meal. There is little appetite for the regular meals and the stomach is thus ruined by this irregularity. Business men are only older boys in this respect. They eat when they happen to have the time, or when they feel like it. —Yankee Blade.

Flowers for the Table.

A daily decoration of flowers for the dinner table is too expensive for the house of moderate means. In the summer we have wild flowers, and in the winter we may have a pot of small, hardy ferns. One of oxalis or primroses, or growing partridge, or wintergreen berries, with tiny ferns transplanted from the woods, will, if regularly watered, afford much pleasure. There are many attractive little touches that should be no less a study with the housewife than the excellence of the food served.—Food.

Does Your Child Snore?

How many white mothers know whether their children breathe well or ill? How many take the pains to teach their offspring the office of the nose as compared with that of the mouth? How many are intelligent enough to realize that the difference between letting a child sleep opened mouthed and close mouthed is the difference between a nuisance and decent peace.—Kate Field's Washington.

A Mistaken Way of Talking.

Stammering children are often subjected to humiliation, or even cruelly treated. One great cause of defective articulation is the foolish manner in which children are talked to by ignorant nurses and fond mothers. When I hear a mother say to her child, "Say tank oo to de pretty lady—that's a 'ittle pet," and so on, it makes my blood boil.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

To Poach Eggs in a Ball.

To poach eggs in a ball is a knack known to all clever cooks. The water is heated to boiling and then rapidly stirred till a small whirlpool is produced, in the hollow heart of which maelstrom the egg is cleverly dropped. The motion of the water crystallizes the white instantly into a circular covering for the unbroken yolk.

The charm of a sincere, sweet voice never fails to influence us, though we are often unconscious as to what it is that has touched us. Mme. de Maintenon is said to have maintained her power over Louis XIV when she was old and ugly by her strong sense and exquisite voice.

Never can a child be expected to control its own temper.

Never urge a child to stand on its feet. Nature is a true friend and keeps such matters in her own hands. Your persistence to the contrary will weaken its ankles and bend the tender bones of the legs.

Paper is a good and cheap material to cleanse utensils. Knives rubbed with it preserve their brightness; stoves rubbed hard with it every morning will remain clean and bright and polish will be saved.

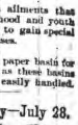
The veil always intensifies the hang of the woman it adorns; if the heavy hang be unbecoming, it is an easy matter to push back half of it, while the veil holds the hair in place.

One of the most expert money handlers in the treasury department at Washington is a woman, who has the remarkable record of counting 85,000 coins in a single day.

Among the commonest ailments that show themselves in childhood and youth and are then most liable to gain special headway are nervous diseases.

Use a small composition paper basin for rice water for baby's face, as these basins are very light and can be easily handled.

This Date in History—July 28.



490—Theodosius the Younger, Roman emperor, died.
1402—Pope Innocent VIII died.
1838—Ormsby McKnight Mitchell, astronomer and general, born in Morgan-field, Ky.; died 1863.
1870—Battle of the Pyrenees, near the last of Napoleonic war in Spain.
1838—Mamaseeh Cutler, printer, O. M. Mitchell, pal projector of Marietta colony, Ohio, died.
1826—Commodore Bainbridge died.
1826—Mary Anderson, the actress, born.
1805—William Lowndes Yancey, "original secessionist," died near Montgomery, of pleurisy, also alleged, over Confederate treasure; born 1814.
1828—Garibaldi made in Island of Ischia destroyed 4,000 lives.
1808—Sir Moses Montefiore, Hebrew philanthropist, died at Ramsgate, England, in his 101st year.
1888—Ex-Governor Thomas Kearney died at Lawrenceburg, Ind.; born 1805.
1890—Rev. Samuel Sheffield Snow, "Bishop Snow, of Mount Zion," died in Brooklyn, aged 65.

A Long Time.

Caller at the Postoffice—What makes our letters so late this morning, Mrs. Goodyer?

Rural Postmistress—Well, you see, sir, it's them plaguey postcards. They takes a long time to read for a poor woman what ain't much of a scholard.—London Tit-Bits.

1892			JULY.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.	
					1	2	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
31							

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1 p. m.	Third Quarter	16 a.m.
Full Moon	9 p.m.	New Moon	23 p.m.
Last Quarter	24 a.m.	First Quarter	31 p.m.

Lodge Notice.

PATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Watchung Lodge rooms, Music Hall Building.
Immediate Relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. ——, Reporter.
Watchung Clean-orderly. No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD.

Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.

☞ First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE.

Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
Corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

IF
You Want Anything in Our Line, Such as

CORSETS,	HOSIERY,	HANDKERCHIEFS,
EMBROIDERIES,	LACES,	RIBBONS,
NOTIONS,	MUSLIN	WOOL DRESS GOODS.
SILKS,	and FLANNEL	VELVETS,
CRETONNES,	UNDERWEAR,	CALICOES,
MILKOLINE,	CAMBRICS,	DOMESTIC
SCOTCH GINGHAMS,	MUSLINS,	GINGHAMS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every description or anything else that is usually found in a FIRST-CLASS DRY and FANCY GOODS HOUSE, call at

EDSALL'S!

RUSSET SHOES.

Our Assortment of these goods in the Misses and Children's lines are at present in good condition.

COME NOW!

As later on the sizes will be few and far between.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Reasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.]

Legal Advertisements.

ESTATE OF EDWARD VAIL, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, Executors of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscribers under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from the date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscribers.
EDWARD P. RANDOLPH,
MAHLON N. VAIL,
Executors.
Dated June 28th, 1892. 7 14 9

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, administrator of Joel H. Brient, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of September next.
WILLIAM R. CODINGTON.
Dated July 5th, 1892. 7 7 9

ASSIGNEE'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, That the account of the subscriber, assignee of Frank C. Green, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-first day of September next.
WILLIAM R. CODINGTON.
Dated July 6th, 1892. 7 7 9

ESTATE OF JOHN F. GRIFFEN, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, Executrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from the date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.
MARY M. GRIFFEN,
Executrix.
May 6th, 1892. 5 12 9

Alterations.
Previous to extensive ones that we are going to make we will make a General Clearing Sale throughout Every Department.
For Three Cents Each
You buy tin top jelly glasses
For Six Cents Each
You buy Mason quart fruit jars.
For 38c. a Yard
You buy a 60-in. Damask Table Linen that is worth 50c.
Gentlemen:
You buy for a quarter a fine Gauze Undershirt that has been selling freely for 40c.
About Writing Paper.
Have you ever tried our Special Brands? If not, why don't you? We will save you money.
Wash Dress Goods.
There are many good things in Wash Fabrics that we are anxious to part with and they go at a reduced price.
VanEmburgh & White

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.
. . Refrigerators . . . . Lawn Mowers, . .
. . . . Ice Cream Freezers . . Hammocks . . . .
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware, . . . Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

TO THE LADIES OF PLAINFIELD!
You are cordially invited to visit the practical exhibition of
COTTOLENE!
Now going on at our store. Come and test the good things prepared with this product. During free exhibit, a World's Fair Album given to every purchaser.
BUTTER—Fine Table Butter, 20c. lb.
JERSEY VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, Corn, Egg Plants, etc., received daily, and disposed of at from 15 to 25 per cent. below any other store in the city.
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
& Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 20 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good auctioneer dealer.

Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

Summer Resorts.

Cliffton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the GREAT SOUTH BAY, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, fishing, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
6 14 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK R. MILLER.
12 28-6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEF TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furnace" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Cigars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Cigar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 61. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

MORE WHEELS "DISHED"

LIFE ALREADY ENDANGERED BY THE CITY RAILWAY.

No Longer Safe to Drive Along Front Street Where the Tracks are Laid. A Lady and Her Baby Injured, and a Man Narrowly Escapes.

The Hooleys of Central avenue had an out of town lady guest and her baby visiting them a few days ago, and in the evening had their coachman get out the carriage to convey the visitors to the friends they were stopping with.

Opposite Harberger's, the wheel of the carriage was wrenched off by the new experimental railway track, and the lady and her baby thrown out, severely bruised, and their faces badly scratched. The coachman with difficulty prevented a runaway, although the horse was somewhat restless through fright.

To-day, at noon, Miller Cadmus was leisurely driving along Front street. When at Somerset street, the track caught his wheel and wrenched it off, throwing him out, but fortunately doing him no serious injury.

This makes five vehicles that have been wrecked within a few weeks.

The News has maintained that Front street is nearly ruined for business purposes by these tracks, which virtually monopolize the whole street where they are located, rendering them unsafe for travel in ordinary vehicles.

The city ought to take prompt steps to abate the nuisance so as not to become liable, as it must eventually, for damages, as the people are entitled to have safe and free use of the thoroughfare, and no franchise will hold that will impair that right, as the present experimental road certainly does. The News called attention to the dangerous condition of the road some days ago. If the road does so much damage before the cars are running, what must be expected afterward. Look at the damages in other cities for answer.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be somewhat cooler.

BREVITIES

—Hot weather drives at the Bee Hive this week. So says Mr. Louis Callman.

—Persons returning from the seashore say that overcoats and capes are quite necessary there after sunset.

—A man named Tice, while working in the garden about his home on Netherwood avenue yesterday, was overcome by the heat.

—On Saturday, August 6th, the Hillside Tennis Club will hold another afternoon tea. There will be no entertainment at the club house to-morrow.

—The usual gospel meeting was held at the mission on East Third street. J. H. Manning, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A., conducted the meeting, and Mr. Moorled the singing.

—It seems somewhat irregular that commutation on the railroad from Plainfield to New York should be $12 less per year, than the commutation per year from Plainfield to Elizabeth, yet such is the case.

—The subterranean fire which has been smoldering in the place called the "gravel pit" near Netherwood since last October has been officially pronounced extinguished by the Fire Department. The four firemen who have been playing a stream upon the burning rubbish were sent back last night.

—Capt. Grant received word about ten o'clock last night that a woman living on Terrill Road had been kicked to death by her husband earlier in the evening, but was unable to get any particulars. A News reporter visited the locality this morning and made inquiries among the people, who declared they had heard nothing about the matter.

—One of the latest fads among bicyclers is to spray the entire surface of the "machine" with adhesive tire tape, partially to prevent the reflection of the sun's rays from the nickled surface to their faces while riding, but mainly to enable them to change the position of their hands which become cramped while riding.

—The singing and preaching at the colored camp meeting grounds in Hyde's woods, can, in the quiet of the evenings, be heard by residents half a mile away. Their peculiar enunciation, together with their strong accent which they put at the beginning of every sentence, and allow to die away gradually, has, when heard from afar, in the stilly night, a very weird sound.

TWO LADS DROWNED.

One Got Beyond His Depth and the Other was Seized With Cramps.

Samuel Kaufman, the fifteen-year-old son of David Kaufman, a wholesale junk dealer at No. 312 South Spring street, Elizabeth, went in bathing yesterday. He ventured beyond his depth and was drowned in sight of a crowd who were powerless to save him.

James Halpin, a hackman, who jumped into the water to save the boy, sank half way up to his knees in the thick mud of the river and exhausted himself with difficulty. The boy's body was recovered later.

James Finlan, nineteen years old and a grocery clerk for John D. O'Connor, went swimming at the foot of Atlantic street. He was taken with cramps and never rose to the surface. The body was recovered. His parents were nearly crazed by the sad accident.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

THE JELLIFF MANSION CONSUMED IN CONSEQUENCE.

The Damage by the Storm which Visited this City Wednesday Afternoon—An Old Farmer Takes Warning and gets Insured.

As Farmer John Acken of Liberty Corner was driving into Somerville yesterday he was accosted by an old Plainfield friend.

The farmer said he was going to get his property insured, as, during the thunderstorm of Wednesday afternoon, which sprinkled this city for half an hour with enormous drops of rain, the Jelliff Mansion near his own home, was struck by lightning and consumed, and, he, having escaped once, did not want to be caught napping again.

The Mansion was formerly owned by Hon. Alva Clark, of the law firm of Clark & Reed of this city, and was near the Summer residence of Lawyer English of Elizabeth.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Force are at Lake Hopatcong.

Major Edwards, of Leal's cadets, is at Coney Island.

County Attorney W. K. McClure has gone to Maine.

Mr. John G. Musgrave and Miss Musgrave have left town.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lyman have returned from Asbury Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Fleming of Park avenue, are at Lake George.

The Misses Ida and Belle Lewis, of this city, are at Mt. Tabor.

Mr. and Mrs. Pliny Fish of West Seventh street, are at Woodstock, Vt.

Miss Nettie G. Thorne of LaGrande avenue is at Five-Mile River, Conn.

Mrs. A. D. Shepard and Miss Daisy Shepard have gone to Halifax, N. S.

Miss Julia McCann, of West Third street, has gone to Washington, N. J.

—The Misses Dunn of Philadelphia are visiting Mrs. Phillips of Park avenue.

Miss Caroline Randolph and Miss Clara Williams are at Westerly, Rhode Island.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Peck of Rockview avenue have gone to Monroe, Orange county, N. Y.

Mrs. Charles Sandford of East Front street is at the Larkin House, Watch Hill, Rhode Island.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. McGee of Orchard place have gone to Mouse Island, Booth Bay Harbor, Maine.

Miss Rose Verdon, of Somerset street, returned home last evening from a two weeks' stay at Long Branch.

Mr. Harry Williams of Somerset street starts to-morrow for Lake Champlain. He will spend two weeks at Charlotte, Vt.

Mr. William H. Sampson of East Fifth street will start to-morrow for Hartwood, Sullivan Co., to remain until August 20.

Mr. John Bushnell and family started to-day for Lake Placid, New York. They will be at the White Face Inn until September 1st.

Mrs. Andrew Macardle, wife of Foreman Macardle, of Pond Machine and Tool Works, is visiting friends in West Providence.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Opdyke and charming little Dorothea, their daughter, are enjoying the cool sea breezes at North Asbury Park.

Rev. E. M. Rodman will conduct the services at the Wilson Memorial chapel, Washingtonville, on Sunday evening and the Grace church choir will sing.

Dr. R. L. Tucker of East Front street, sailed yesterday for Bermuda, where he has business interests. He expects to return about the first of September.

Robert Rueach, residing in the old railroad cut at Netherwood, and employed as machinist at Scott's Press Works, is confined to his home with a serious attack of pneumonia.

The wife and children of Mr. D. Smalley, of Summit avenue, and the wife and children of Mr. A. P. Wheeler, who is superintendent of John Taylor Johnson's place, started a few days ago for a three weeks' outing at Ocean Grove.

The funeral of Justice O. A. Kibbe of New Brunswick, whose death occurred two days ago, took place this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock from his late residence. Deceased was an old and respected resident of New Brunswick, and well-known in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Orville T. Waring of Park avenue have gone to Lake George. O. T. Waring, Jr., and Louis Waring start to-morrow on a trip to Halifax, St. Johns, and Quebec, Labrador. Mr. M. Ker Shepard will be one of the party. They will visit Mr. Waring's mines at Pilley's Island.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Stillman will sail for Europe on the steamer Vreedam of the Netherland line, leaving eagly tomorrow morning, for Rotterdam and Paris. They go chiefly for the said and will return by August 30. The Rev. A. B. Burlingham, of Mount Vernon, N. Y., Mr. Stillman's uncle, will accompany them.

—The advertisers referred to, say as follows: "To-morrow will be the last day entitling purchasers of cottolene to a World's Fair album free. Dont miss to get a pail, 25 cents extra, choice table butter 25 cents a pound at United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association."

TRADE LABELS PROTECTED.

A Chancery Decision of Importance to Manufacturers.

An opinion filed last week by Vice Chancellor Van Fleet in two suits instituted by well-known Newark business houses will be found of interest to all manufacturers and traders as defining their rights to protection against simulation and counterfeiting of their trade labels. It is the first decision ever rendered by our Chancery Court upon the questions involved, and will have a wholesome tendency to secure honest competition among rival traders in all branches of industry.

P. Ballantine & Sons operate their lager beer brewery under the name of Ballantine & Co., and much of their beer, when bottled, is designated by their familiar "Pale Extra" label. William Wirtz, an extensive bottler of beer of Newark, put up large quantities of Ballantine's beer under the names of "Pale Extra Champagne Beer," "Export" and "Export Select," under three labels bearing those names, and well-known to dealers and consumers throughout the country, the second label being a bright red one.

In February last one Eagle Bottling company was organized, one of its incorporators being a former employe of Wirtz. It began in Jersey City the business of bottling live beer of the Hasenbeck & Betz Eagle Brewing Company, and used on its bottles four different labels, each of the same size, style color and shape as the corresponding ones of Ballantine and Wirtz, with the same names of the beer printed in similar type and color, and in the same relative positions and arrangements, and differing only in the names of the bottlers and brewers and the trade marks of the latter.

The Ballantine and Wirtz promptly began suits against the Eagle Bottling Company to enjoin the use of the labels, alleging that they were calculated to deceive the public and interfere with their exclusive right to use their labels, which were the first in the market. The bottling company stoutly resisted this claim, but the Court, in the Ballantine case, said: "It clearly appears that the defendant has invaded the complainant's right," and in regard to the labels Wirtz objected to said: "In their attractive features and prominent characteristics the two sets of labels have the same general appearance, and so closely resemble each other, that to the eye of the ordinary observer the one may be easily mistaken for the other. The differences are so slight as not to be discoverable at a glance, but to require an effort by attention or observation. The use of the defendant's labels constitutes a plain violation of the complainant's rights. It is difficult to believe that one set of labels could have been made so near an exact copy, in all their special characteristics, of another set without an effort at simulation. An injunction will be granted."

The Court established the following principles of law:

"The law protects labels for the same reasons and in precisely the same way that it protects trade marks." "No dealer shall be permitted to sell his goods with the reputation which another dealer has established in the market for his goods; nor "adopt the label of another dealer or one so near like it as to lead the public to believe that the article to which it is affixed was put upon the market by such other dealer."

As in the course of his opinion the Vice Chancellor says: "While the markets are open and free to all, and fair competition should be encouraged, still every dealer must be required, for the protection of the public and to promote fair dealing, to depend for his success upon his own reputation and the quality of his own productions. If he were allowed to deal under false colors, and sell his productions for those of others, the result would be that he would not only cheat the public, but also defraud him whose right place in the market he filled with spurious goods. Such competition is not fair, but is unfair competition; it would be closer akin to piracy."

BRUTALLY ASSAULTED THEM.

Fearful Treatment of Two Women by Two Young Criminals.

Catharine Weiner and Mrs. Charles Ruch were brutally assaulted in the rooms of Mrs. Ruch, at Elizabeth, yesterday morning, by Henry Ande and Charles Barholtz, who were released from prison only a few hours before.

The two women, after their fearful treatment, were found by Mr. Ruch, who notified the police and the arrest of the men followed. Ande and Barholtz were two of the prisoners captured in the disorderly house of Mrs. Barbara Eagle some months ago. Will Mrs. Eagle and two of her daughters they were sent to prison. Mrs. Hagle died in prison a week ago, her two daughters' time expired yesterday, and one of them was committed to the Reform School. Mr. Eberard will be one of the party. They will visit Mr. Waring's mines at Pilley's Island.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Stillman will sail for Europe on the steamer Vreedam of the Netherland line, leaving eagly tomorrow morning, for Rotterdam and Paris. They go chiefly for the said and will return by August 30. The Rev. A. B. Burlingham, of Mount Vernon, N. Y., Mr. Stillman's uncle, will accompany them.

—The advertisers referred to, say as follows: "To-morrow will be the last day entitling purchasers of cottolene to a World's Fair album free. Dont miss to get a pail, 25 cents extra, choice table butter 25 cents a pound at United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association."

SOL'S SEVENTH INNING.

THE OLD MAN OF THE SUN IS MAKING GREAT GAME OF US.

The Accumulated Heat of Other Days and the Increased Humidity Makes the Weather Almost Unendurable.

—The Thermometer Record Here.

The seventh day of continuous heat!

The sun's harvest of death has been an extensive one since last Saturday. Horses as well as human beings have been the victims, throughout the country.

Three men were overcome by the heat in this city yesterday.

William Fitzgerald, a driver for Frank Linke, was taken ill on a cellar where he had gone to deliver goods yesterday.

The thermometer at the Central Phar macy at noon to-day registered 98 dgs., but at three o'clock after the sky had clouded over, it had dropped to 90 degs.

By-the-way, has any one noticed the curious fluctuations both in the temperature and humidity, as if the atmosphere was throbbing?

The Weather Bureau furnishes the following special bulletin to the newspapers of the country:

The cool wave reported last night and this morning from the region between the Rocky Mountain and the Mississippi, and which will probably advance over the Ohio Valley and lake region by tomorrow, marks the termination of a protracted period of unusual heat, which has prevailed over those districts, except in the northern portions. Since Monday, the 18th inst., maximum temperature of 90 degrees and above have occurred almost daily throughout this entire area, and from the 18th to the 24th the temperature rose every day to 100 degrees and above in Nebraska and Kansas.

Beginning with the present week, unusually high temperatures, from 90 to 100, have also occurred throughout the Southern and Middle States and New England, except in localities on the immediate coast. Temperatures of 100 occurred at Philadelphia and Baltimore on the 26th, at Lynchburg on the 26th, and 27th, and 96 at Washington city on the 26th. These temperatures were from one to three degrees higher than any of which the Weather Bureau has on record during the third decade of July.

Temperatures of 95 and above have occurred at Lynchburg four days; at Washington, Baltimore, Parkersburg, and Pittsburg, three days; at Philadelphia, two days, and at New York and Boston one day during the present week, including Wednesday. The daily maximum temperatures this week at Atlantic City have been, respectively, 76, 82, 82, and 84 degrees.

The high temperature is like to continue throughout the middle Atlantic States until to-morrow, with local showers in the evening, but cooler weather may be expected by Friday night. The cool wave of this morning in the West and Northwest is accompanied by unprecedently low temperatures for this season of the year, a minimum of 40 degrees being reported from Cheyenne, Wyo., and one of 50 from Havre, Mont., which are respectively 4 and 12 degrees lower than any previously recorded during the last decade of July.

STATE NEWS.

Salem county tomatoes dropped from $2 to 50 cents a basket last week. Early potatoes have gone down to 55 cents a bushel, from 80 cents.

The Glendon mines at Hibernia, Morris county, will shut down on Aug. 1st, the pumps be drawn and the mines allowed to fill up with water. The men have been notified that the mines will be closed and to seek work elsewhere. The reason assigned for this bad state of affairs is the weak demand for and the low price of iron ore, which render the mining business unprofitable just now. There are about 27,000 tons of iron ore on the docks of the Gleodon Iron Company at Hibernia. The general depression of the iron market and the competition of Southern and Western ores are the principal factors to which are due the decline in the price of iron ore.

FOUND ON HIS CHILD'S GRAVE.

Emil A. Stupfel, of Union Hill, who left his home last Saturday after telling his wife he was going to commit suicide and has been missing ever since, was found asleep yesterday in the Weehawken Cemetery beside his dead child's grave. He was taken to his home, No. 209 Union street. It was found that his mind was unbalanced. He did not recognize his wife when she implored him to speak to her. It was considered unsafe to allow him to remain at home where he could not be watched, as it was feared he would kill himself. He was taken to jail to await the examination of County Physician Converse as to his sanity. Stupfel when found lay beside his dead child's grave, where his hat hung on the tombstone. The bereavement which he held is his hand was moist as if he had been shedding tears. It is supposed he entered the cemetery late last night, on account of the gatekeepers saw him in the daytime. They knew Stupfel at sight and that he was missing. Mrs. Stupfel tried to ascertain where he had been since he left home, but the only answer she received was a negative nod of the head. She thinks her husband has brooded over the death of his child until his mind has become affected. She denies that he has had any business reverses.

Is Catherine Crazy?

Catherine Nolan, aged 60, who is supposed to be demented, acted in such a disorderly manner in fr nt of the City Hotel last night that the hotel people were obliged to have her arrested.

She was brought before Judge Coddington this morning who sent her back to jail for safe keeping pending an examination as to her sanity by City Physician Allis.

A Robbery at Netherwood.

The home of Carpenter Carter of Netherwood avenue was robbed a few nights ago of clothing, watches and rings. Yesterday Mrs. Carter complained to Capt. Grant, and had him accompany her to the Pond Machine Tool works where it was claimed the person suspected of the theft is employed, but the visit did not accomplish the object.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

AID FOR COL. STREATOR.

Letters Commending his Action Received from all Over the Country.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 29, (Special.)—There is no doubt now but that Gen. Snowden, Lieut-Col. Streator and Col. Hawkins will appear in court for their action in the case of Private Iams.

Lieut.-Col. Streator has received letters from all parts of the country, commending his action, and offering aid to the extent of $10,000.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 29.—The police are going ahead steadily with the work of running down the participants in the murder conspiracy of which President Frick of the Carnegie Company was the victim.

The conspirators of this city were never so badly frightened as they are now, and their alarm blocks the work of the police to a considerable extent.

The Heat in New York.

New York, July 29, (Special.)—The temperature is higher here to-day than on any day in twenty-one years.

ANOTHER ANCIENT DEED.

Said to be the Oldest Document in Union County.

The story printed in The News on Monday regarding the ancient deed in the possession of Mrs. A. C. Whitenack of Somerville has created considerable interest.

What is probably the oldest deed on record in Union county is a document yellow with age and torn, but carefully pasted so that it is complete and legible.

It is the original deed "made by John Roberts, of ye county of Essex, and province of East New Jersey, yeoman, to John Robinson, of ye towne of Woodbridge, county Middlesex and province aforesaid, blacksmith," and conveys to said Robinson, "certain tract of wood land in bounds of Elizabeth towne, containing one hundred acres, more or less," and the consideration named is "thirty-two pounds current silver money of New York. The deed was "made in the year of the reign of our sovereign lady Ann, by Grace of God, over Great Britain, France, and Ireland, Queen Defender, etc., in the year of our Lord Christ 1713."

The land described is what is now known as the Gideon Ross property in Westfield owned by Chauncey B. Ripley, whose wife was a daughter of the late Gideon Ross.

The deed was filed together with another to make good the title to Mr. Ripley. The second deed is dated 1751, and is a conveyance of the property from John Robinson to John Ross, the grandfather, probably, of Gideon Ross, and from whom the land has descended in regular line.

FORthegrowing child H.-O. means growth. For the full grown—new life.

Have some H.-O. for breakfast.

DEATHS.

CORSWELL—At Plainfield, N. J., July 28, 1892, after a lingering and painful illness, Susan M., daughter of the late Wm. J. Lane, of New York, and widow of the late Colonel Milton Corswell, U. S. Army.

Funeral services at Rock Crest Cemetery, Washington, D. C., Saturday, July 30, 1892, at 4 p. m.

BOOHAEM—In this city, July 29, 1892, Mrs. Ann Boohaem.

Funeral services from her late residence, 4 Liberty street, Sunday, July 31, at 4 p. m.

Interment at Neshanic, N. J. and at the convenience of family. 29 2t*

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. St. Agnes Academy, 187 Park avenue. Class in French now forming. Also private lessons in French and German. Class lessons for ladies' persons $1.

Midsummer Excursion

to

MAUCH CHUNK, GLEN ONOKO, and the FAMED SWITCHBACK,

Via Central Railroad of New Jersey, the Port Reading R. R. to, leave

SATURDAY, JULY 30,

A special express train will leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., returning arrive in city about 9 p. m.

Fare for round trip only $1.75. Switchback tickets at half rates if purchased on excursion train.

Tickets will be good to return on July 31 or Aug. 1 on payment of $1 to agent at Mauch Chunk. 29 4

MIDSUMMER SALE!

ODDS AND ENDS OF SHOES!

AT A

GREAT REDUCTION!

To get in Shape for FALL TRADE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

BUTTER!

Extra Choice Table Butter, 22c. lb.

Mason's Fruit Jars, 75 Cents Dozen.

HIRES' ROOR BEER 19c. BOTTLE

COTTOLENE A SPECIALTY!

AT

United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,

Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

Cent-a-Word Column.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Competent cook and laundress, in family of two. 12 LaGrande avenue. 29 2

WANTED—Corresponding agents in every town. To inform, as of parties intending opening or re-fitting saloons, by the largest saloon fixture manufacturers in the world. Good men can make $5,000. The Rockhill Bar Fixture Co., 1158 Broadway, corner 27th street, New York. 22 7 eod*

FOUND.

LOST—About a week ago, a pair of spectacles. They were in a yellow box. Please return to News office, for owner, and receive reward. 1t

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board in private family in North Plainfield. Two adults and one child. Address, stating terms and location of house. "H. G.," care of Evening News. 22 tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "H. D. M.," care of Evening News. tf

FOR SALE.

$50 WILL buy a dog cart and harness, in good condition. Address "J. A.," care of Evening News. 29 2

FOR SALE—An 1891 Victor B Safety Bicycle in perfect condition, for $30; nearly new; large cushion tires; ball bearings throughout; special saddle. Address "Bargain," care of Evening News. 26 tf

PSYCHO—Lady's safety, 1891 pattern, cushion tires, ball-bearings, bright parts newly nickeled, perfect condition. Cost $140. Will sell for $75 cash. Address "Psycho," care of Evening News. 26 4

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap, on mineral walk from depot, by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Seller," care of Evening News. 7 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-30tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's. 5 29tf

WANTED TO BUY—A small house and lot, in desirable location. Address, giving full particulars and price. "Cash," care of Evening News. 26 6

EXCURSION

of the

First Presbyterian, Park Ave. Baptist, and Congregational

SUNDAY SCHOOLS

to

ASBURY PARK,

on

Friday, Aug. 5, '92.

Stopping at Long Branch both ways.

Leave Plainfield 8 a. m.; returning leave Asbury Park 5.30 p. m.

TICKETS, $1.25; CHILDREN, 90c. 29 7

THE BEE HIVE!

Hot Weather Drives!

Ladies' Waists.

Ladies' black and white striped waists, plaited front and back, 49c.

Ladies' laundried cambric Waists, plaited front and back, regular 75c. goods, at 50c.

Boys' box plaited cambric Waits, 25c.

Boys' bathing drawers, 10c.

Ladies' sun bonnets, 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 18 and 20.

Men's balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. and 50c.

Men's outing shirts, 25, 40 and 50c.

Boys' blouses, 50c.

SPECIAL.—The I. C. Ivins' Summer Corset* 48c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach,)

Gala Day Every Saturday.

The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.

A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given

Every Saturday Afternoon.

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

TOWNSEND'S Marble and Granite Works,

No. 29 Somerset Street, near Front.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and all prices to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend,

Manager. 18 tf*

For the Next 30 Days

we will sell all Remnants of Paper

AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Borders at a Bargain.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

29 East Front street.

EDITORIAL NOTES

When a race becomes old and begins to decline, then for some reason tremendous cataclysms of nature seem to occur to hurry it off the face of the earth. From all that can be learned of the prehistoric Atlanteans, this appears to have been their fate. It will be observed that since historic times the great convulsions of nature have occurred chiefly among old or dying races. The disasters in Japan and China, the tremendous eruption of Krakatoa, in the straits of Sunda, in August, 1883, in which 30,000 people lost their lives, is another case in hand. In the same volcanic district is the island of Sangir, in the Malay archipelago, which was this summer wiped out entirely by another volcanic disturbance. At Sangir 12,000 lives were lost. It looks as though nature meant to sweep the Malaysians off the globe.

A little Chicago girl, Katie Smith, some time ago fell upon a hot stove and burned off both arms. Kind friends became interested in her, and a pair of aluminium arms were made and given to her by the manufacturers. To make them, plaster molds of another child's arms were taken, from these metal casts, and over the metal casts the aluminium arms were in turn shaped. The child can raise them in front of her and move them at will. Each hand is detachable, and inside of it is fixed permanently to the right wrist a fork, to the left a spoon. With these the little girl is expected to be able to feed herself. Rather oddly, she is developing elocutionary talent, and, armless as she is only for the artificial members, it is thought by all who have heard her read that she will be able to earn in this field a better living than many persons get with two sound arms.

What Brains Can Do.

A remarkable instance of how opportunities lie all around us unheeded is shown in the story of the paper doll industry. Any beginning, however small, has in it the elements of great prosperity if there are brains thereabouts to develop it. But the story of the paper doll industry is a particularly good one.

Three sisters found themselves thrown out of a living by financial reverses. They were naturally very blue at first, but in a happy moment they used their fingers and made some pretty paper dolls and put them in the shops of their native city on sale. These attracted such attention that a stationer asked the girls to make more of them and give him the exclusive right to sell them. They hired thirty girls to help them and the first year of their enterprise made 8,000 paper dolls.

All went on swimmingly for a time when the failure of a firm threw them out on the cold world again. But by this time they knew what they could do. They went into business for themselves, and added paper flowers and other paper fancies to their manufactured articles. They possessed really artistic taste and skill, and the business grew beyond what any of them dreamed of. Their mother became their financial manager and the history of the business had led them safe through. A correspondent says they now have branch houses in several cities of the Union, that they have nearly a hundred workwomen, handsome offices and factory, all the money they need and are very happy, and they are still young and pretty besides.

The Tanner Plan.

The only original Dr. Tanner, who fasted forty days and came out in good shape, has a plan all his own for the eventual redemption of the race. It is thus set forth in his own words:

> We have bought a 1,200-acre ranch near Las Cruces and on it will put a home for a hundred poor orphans. We will bring these children up in absolute ignorance of the existence of alcohol, tobacco or narcotics of any kind. We give them a good education and plenty of exercise. When they reach a marriageable age we shall bring them together and allow them to see the world. They can remain in and of the world if they wish to do so, but if they prefer our colony life they can return to us, with the understanding that they can marry only among themselves. Is it not reasonable to suppose that in time their descendants, free from any hereditary taint, will be nearly as perfect men and women as can be made on this earth? It is simply the plan which the breeders of fine horses and cattle carry out successfully. In man it will result in physical, mental, moral and spiritual betterment.

Now if Dr. Tanner's orphans were horses or cattle, and would "stay put" where he places them, the result might work out as he plans it. But they would not do it if the best blood in the republic flowed in their veins, and they will be sure not to follow out his system, being what they are, pauper orphans. In the blood of these hapless, poorhouse waifs is the taint of drunkenness, murder, underhandness, vagabondism, insanity and disease. Dr. Tanner's experiment will be an attempt at what is called "modifying tainted heredity," a task no skillful live stock breeder would dream of undertaking. The live stock man would simply send to the slaughter house the cow, sheep or hog that showed signs of degenerate ancestry, and in this respect there is no parallel between the two cases. Still the posterity of some of the most desperate of the transported Australian criminals have become first class men and women, and Dr. Tanner's idea is an attractive one.

SPREADING A DRAG NET.

Pittsburg's Anarchists Being Scooped Within Its Meshes.

BAIL IS REFUSED FOR CRITCHLOW.

The Homestead Sharpshooter Held on a Charge of Murder in the First Degree. Mulleck Behind the Bars—O'Donnell Not Deposed—A Trip Through the Mills.

PITTSBURG, July 29.—H. C. Frick's physicians report the millionaire iron king's condition much improved. Mr. Frick has slept a great deal, and the rest time obtained has greatly strengthened him. His temperature, pulse and respiration are normal, and the doctors say the improvement is very satisfactory, considering the warm weather.

The police have set a gigantic drag net over the environs of this city, and Inspector McKelvey is slowly pulling the trap strings to scoop in every foreigner of anarchistic proclivities within a circuit of ten miles. Detectives are keeping a surveillance on more than a dozen reds—leaders who have heretofore been loudest in their talk against law and order.

The detectives are working for further information as to who made the dynamite bombs, the material for which was found in the possession of Henry Bauer, the anarchists' press agent. Facts are hard to secure. Of the many letters concerning the plot which Bauer is known to have received in the past month, not one is in existence. In nearly every instance the anarchists have cleverly covered their tracks and destroyed compromising evidence of all sorts but their persons.

In speaking of the attempt to assassinate Mr. Frick, Police Inspector McKelvey, who has charge of the case, said: "There is now no doubt but that this was an organized plot. I think Bauer was in it, but he is the smartest one of the outfit, and not one of us has talked to him. There is no use for us to do so until we get some catch on him, which we expect almost any moment. I do not think we want Herr Most. I believe he is an anarchist for revenue only. He has a number of these people who fear him and it will be almost impossible to connect him with the case. However, we will see to it that he will not get away. In fact this matter has been taken up by the police authorities all over the United States, and the anarchists are being watched at every turn. We have furnished some valuable pointers to the police of other cities and they have helped us, and there is not a prominent anarchist in the country that could not be arrested on an hour's notice."

Mulleck Behind the Bars.

Frederick Mulleck, Berkman's alleged arch conspirator, is behind the bars at the Central police station. Mulleck is the last one arrested at Long Branch, and is accused of complicity with Alexander Berkman in the attempt to assassinate Chairman H. C. Frick, of the Carnegie Steel company. He it was who sent a sum of money to the would be assassin several days prior to the shooting of Frick, and it is he whose relations with the rabid anarchists of the country have got him in the meshes of the law. An information charging him with being implicated in the dastardly plot to "remove" Frick has already been lodged against the little baker, and it is on that charge he will be retained until the court sits in his case.

A singular fact that seems to add a link to the chain of evidence the police are weaving around the suspect is his acquaintance with Emma Goldman, Berkman's New York mistress. Among the articles found on Mulleck was a telegram from the German anarchist saying: "Come to New York at once; not dangerous." This telegram was received by Mulleck last Monday. He explains it by saying that his wife was sick in New York and that she wanted to see him. Six or seven letters, all written in German and several of them postmarked Pittsburg, were taken from Mulleck and turned over to the New York police for translation. Superintendent O'Mara says Mulleck volunteered to come to Pittsburg two weeks ago, unsolicited, and that he signed a paper to that effect.

For Murder in the First Degree.

Judge Magee, in criminal court, had before him a dozen attorneys and about fifty spectators for the release on bail of Sylvester Critchlow and James Close, the Homestead strikers charged by the Carnegie Steel company with murder. Before court opened attorneys for the defense and prosecution engaged in a general discussion. William J. Brennan, representing the prisoners, was angry at the Carnegie officials. "Why," he exclaimed, "Secretary Lovejoy is a bigger anarchist than Berkman, who shot Frick. He is a bigger coward, because he commits legal rather than physical murder. Lovejoy shows he is a coward by turning his prosecutions into persecutions."

Captain Potter, for the Carnegie company, asked why Brennan did not arrest the Pinkerton detectives then in court and charge them with murder. "We are after bigger game than Pinkertons," retorted Brennan. "Frick's being shot is the only thing that saved him from arrest for murder and we are bound to bring him before the court yet."

J. M. Dixon, a plate worker in the Homestead mill, and H. H. Hovey, assistant paymaster, testified to having seen Critchlow on the morning of the battle with a gun over his shoulder going toward the Pinkerton barges.

Samuel Stewart, a clerk in the Homestead office, who furnished his company the names of all strikers who carried guns on that day, said he saw Critchlow with a gun in the morning and at o'clock he saw him behind the strikers' barricade, lying on his face peeping through a loophole. Stewart saw him aim, press the trigger and fire, and saw the smoke from his gun.

Critchlow's lawyers tried to break this testimony, but Judge Magee interposed, saying, "Here we have direct testimony of a man aiming, and firing a gun and of the death of a man."

This case is different from O'Donnell's. The latter's association with the rioters was only for the purpose of preserving peace. Attorney Brennan then demanded the release of Critchlow.

Judge Magee decided otherwise. He said, "I will refuse to accept bail and hold the prisoner for murder in the first degree." An awful pallor overspread Critchlow's face at these words. He trembled violently. He had firmly expected to be released, as was O'Donnell and the others. James Close was then admitted to $100,000 bail, the prosecution not objecting in his case, nor were any witnesses produced.

A Trip Through the Mills.

O'Donnell disappeared from Homestead late yesterday afternoon. It was understood that O'Donnell had come here for the evening while the advisory committee discussed the allegations that he had offered unconditional surrender to the Carnegie company. His failure to return aroused the apprehensions of some overzealous people, and the story spread that O'Donnell had fled to avoid disgrace on account of his alleged double dealing. But there was no reason for O'Donnell to feel apprehensive, for the advisory committee took his explanation that he did not do so for granted and did not consider the case.

A United Press reporter was taken through the Homestead mills by Superintendent Potter. He saw between 250 and 300 men at work in the various departments. Mr. Potter said that 700 men were inside the works. They worked, he said, in turns, and only the day force was on duty at the time.

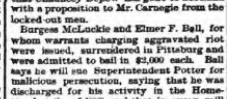
There can be no doubt that steel is being made in the mills. No attempt has been made to manufacture the full output of the plant. The work is principally of armor plate, while some bridge iron and foil iron are turned out. The reporter saw six pieces of steel armor plate, each of ten tons, made in the armor plate rolling mill. Three furnaces are going in open hearth mill No. 2 and one set of rolls is being worked in the armor plate rolling mill. The press shop and the armor plate machine shop are also in operation. Open hearth mill No. 1 is idle and will not be run until it has been renovated.

O'Donnell Not Deposed.

Members of the advisory committee give out an official denial of the authorization of some newspaper correspondents to settle the strike or that Hugh O'Donnell had been deposed or had resigned as the chairmanship of the advisory committee. They also deny that there is any truth in the statement that Chauncey Depew has gone to Scotland with a proposition to Mr. Carnegie from the locked-out men.

Burgess McLuckie and Elmer F. Bell, for whom warrants charging aggravated riot were issued, surrendered in Pittsburg and were admitted to bail in $2,000 each. Bail says he will sue Superintendent Potter for malicious persecution, saying that he was discharged for his activity in the Homestead strike of 1889, and that in every mill where he has tried to secure work he was refused when he mentioned his name, and claims that Mr. Potter had him blacklisted among the manufacturers.

Four regiments, part of another and a battery of artillery have left Homestead. Major General Snowden discontinued division headquarters and turned over his command to Brigadier General Wiley and left for Philadelphia. Provost Marshal Green also relinquished his authority and Lieutenant Colonel Mechling, of the Fifteenth regiment, assumed charge of martial matters of law and order. A brigade has succeeded the division with General Wiley in command. The brigade consists of two full regiments, the Sheridan troop of cavalry and a battalion of the Tenth regiment under Colonel Hawkins.



Attractive Designs in Jewelry.

A pretty conceit in "engagement jewelry" is a bracelet with two hearts entwined, each holding within it an initial letter formed of pearls and both surmounted by a true lover's knot. Between this and the attractions of a "bangle" ring, where two jewels are set, the initial letters of which signify the first names of the lovers' Christian names, as, for example, emerald and amethyst for "Edwin and Angelina," a heart of diamonds transfixed by a diamond arrow, a brooch formed of a spray of fragmenots in pearls and turquoises, on

FASHIONABLE RINGS AND BRACELETS.

which rests the lady's name formed in gold letters, and innumerable fancies of like nature, the most fastidious fiancee can certainly be pleased.

The idea, much in favor, of concealing watches in various articles whose appearance would never lead you to imagine they ever had anything but decorative advantages has been carried out as here sketched in a handsome bracelet. A watch is concealed beneath the cover of turquoise and blue enamel, which is set in a flexible band of diamonds to form a bracelet.

Millinery Items.

Hats are not easy to distinguish from bonnets, since both have strings.

Very pretty ones are of lace and flowers, with a jet or paste ornament or two, or of feather-edged ribbon, with an aigrette. The crowns of a good many of the new hats are either of lace or jet. A novel trimming for broad brims is an overhanging frill of lace.

A passing fashion in French blossoms for millinery is for hydrangeas. Women of fashion, too, are showing a predilection for lavender.

Tiny pyramid crowns rise amid a bank of cherries, and even shells are called into the aid of fashionable millinery. A mantilus shell is an excellent setting to a pretty face, the brim rounded in a curve on one side, the point of the shell almost touching the ear, press the trigger and fire, and saw the smoke from his gun.

Critchlow's lawyers tried to break this testimony, but Judge Magee interposed, saying, "Here we have direct testimony of a man aiming, and firing a gun and of the death of a man."

This case is different from O'Donnell's. The latter's association with the rioters was only for the purpose of preserving peace. Attorney Brennan then demanded the release of Critchlow.

Judge Magee decided otherwise. He said, "I will refuse to accept bail and hold the prisoner for murder in the first degree." An awful pallor overspread Critchlow's face at these words. He trembled violently. He had firmly expected to be released, as was O'Donnell and the others. James Close was then admitted to $100,000 bail, the prosecution not objecting in his case, nor were any witnesses produced.

A Trip Through the Mills.

O'Donnell disappeared from Homestead late yesterday afternoon. It was understood that O'Donnell had come here for the evening while the advisory committee discussed the allegations that he had offered unconditional surrender to the Carnegie

WILL ADVISE IN SECRET

Republican Consulting Committee Not to Be Made Public.

THE MICHIGAN REAPPORTIONMENT.

It Is Declared to Be Unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the State—This Is Almost Certain to Insure the Election of a Republican to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—J. S. Clarkson and J. N. Huston, of the Republican national committee, joined Chairman Carter in Washington. With Senator Felton, of California, they called at the White House and spent some time with President Harrison, discussing the political situation and the necessities and probabilities of the campaign. One thing they talked of with much interest was the work of the literary bureau of the campaign, which is to be under Mr. Clarkson's management, and the character and number of publications of political matter was discussed.

Another thing that was discussed was the organization of an advisory committee. Chairman Carter said that the names of this committee would not be made public by him, even after it had been decided upon.

Messrs. Carter and Clarkson lunched with the president and then held conference with numerous politicians who called to see them. Among those were several from the southern states, in which it has been determined to make a struggle for the electoral vote. Another caller was said to be J. K. Gore, chairman of the Republican state committee of Indiana, who was invited here to explain the situation in that state.

The Chicago Branch.

It was stated during the day that Mr. Tanner, the chairman of the executive committee from Illinois, would resign in deference to the president's intimation that he did not think it right for a federal office holder, as he is of such prominence, to be identified with the management of the campaign.

The opening of branch headquarters in Chicago under a subcommittee of the national committee was under consideration, and President Harrison and Chairman Carter are said to have united in a request to Mr. Huston, of Indiana, to take charge of the Chicago branch. Mr. Huston is said to have stated that he could not devote so much of his time to the campaign as the chairmanship of that subcommittee would require, but announced his willingness to take a place on the subcommittee. Messrs. R. G. Horr, of Minnesota, and E. Rosewater, of Nebraska, are mentioned as two other members of the subcommittee. Mr. Evans is also spoken of as possible chairman.

An active campaign will be carried on in the south, and Chairman Carter is understood to have promised speakers and literature to the representatives of these states where hopes of success lie.

Collector of the Port Hendrix, of New York, was a visitor to the capitol, who spent considerable time with the national committeemen.

General Clarkson said that the situation in New York was improving and that they were going to elect Harrison. "I have never taken much stock in the idea of carrying southern states," he said, "not because we have not votes enough in some of the states, but because we cannot get them counted. But at this time things look very favorable in North Carolina and Tennessee, and can't see why we cannot get them, too," Messrs. Clarkson and Carter returned to New York.

MICHIGAN'S REAPPORTIONMENT.

It Is Declared to Be Unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

LANSING, July 29.—The supreme court has declared unconstitutional the two legislative bills reapportioning the representatives and the senators in the state legislature. The mandamus asked for is granted in each case and the secretary is ordered to issue notices of election in accordance with the acts of 1881, the acts of 1886 being held to be equally defective with that of 1891. The opinion follows the lines of the celebrated decision in the Wisconsin gerrymander. The court is unanimous in its opinion.

The effect of the decision will, in any event, be to make it practically certain that the Republicans will elect the next United States senator. Although the governor may call an extra session of the legislature and a new reapportionment bill be passed, the Democrats have lost enough members of the senate by death and resignation to throw that body into the hands of the Republicans, and as any bill unfavorable to the latter would not pass it is likely the Democrats will take their medicine and go into the elections under the law of 1881, which is more fair than either of the laws of 1885 or 1891.

Colorado's People's Party.

DENVER, July 29.—The People's party convention nominated for governor T. J. Waite; for lieutenant governor, D. R. Nichols; for attorney general, Eugene Engley; for secretary of state, M. McGees; for treasurer, Albert Wanek. Presidential electors were also nominated.

Knute Nelson Nominated.

ST. PAUL, July 29.—At the Republican state convention the name of Knute Nelson, of Alexandria, was the only one presented for the governorship and he was nominated by acclamation. David M. Clough, of Minneapolis, was nominated for lieutenant governor without opposition.

Rawlins for Governor.

ROCK SPRINGS, Wy., July 29 — At the Democratic state convention Dr. Osborne Rawlins was nominated for governor on the thirty-seventh ballot.

An Extra Court Term.

ALBANY, July 29.—Governor Hill has appointed an extraordinary term of the supreme court for the first district, to be held at Buffalo Aug. 16.

Miller-Karcher.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Mr. Samuel D. Miller, the only son of Attorney General Miller, and Miss Helen F. Karcher were married here.

Garfield Park's License.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Judge Baker is hearing the Garfield Park club's proceedings against the Sabbaurse to compel the issuance of a license.

An Expert Swimmer Drowned.

GLOUCESTER, N. J., July 29.—Joseph Fyley, aged twenty-two years, an expert swimmer, was drowned in the Delaware river.

Pattison at Bedford Springs.

BEDFORD SPRINGS, Pa., July 29.—Governor Pattison has arrived here and will remain until next week unless called away.

King Defeated Hobson Corpus.

NASHVILLE, July 29.—Lawyer H. Clay King, the murderer of David H. Poston at Memphis, appeared by his attorneys before Judge Jackson, of the United States circuit court, on a petition for a writ of habeas corpus. King's attorneys pleaded that the jury had been tampered with and had gone over into Arkansas. Judge Jackson refused the writ of habeas corpus and refused the right of appeal to the United States supreme court, and also any stay of execution. The attorneys for King will immediately carry the case into the United States supreme court by writ of error.

Oil in Pioneer.

WASHINGTON, Pa., July 29.—Tank No. 12, of the Southeast Pennsylvania Pipe Line company, was struck by lightning. It contained 27,000 barrels of oil. When it burst the burning fluid spread to other tanks and spent the time into the United States supreme court by writ of error.

New York Knights of Pythias.

TROY, N. Y., July 29.—At the convention of the Knights of Pythias Elmira was named as the place of the next conclave. A proposition from the supreme lodge for aid for a supreme temple was rejected on the ground that the local lodges have pledged themselves to a state home.

Meriden's Car Strike.

MERIDEN, Conn., July 29.—No more cars have been started on the street railroad and everything is quiet.

The Axtell-Allerton Race Off.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., July 29.—The great race between Axtell and Allerton is off. Axtell is out of condition.

Foundered at Sea.

LONDON, July 29.—The Norwegian bark Arctic foundered at sea. The crew escaped in the boats.

Ice Cream Freezers.

The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

The Rapid,

Best and quickest crank freezer.

GARDEN HOSE,

and

Lawn - Sprinklers.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone 6.

Put Your Finger Here

Hold it there while you read this. The most delicious Brown Bread, Fruit and Suet, Pudding and Boston Brown Bread are made fresh every day at 61 Park avenue.

M. E. Beach, agent for Arnold's Steam Cooker.

GET YOUR

Bicycle Repaired

at

NO. 3 SOMERSET ST., Plainfield, N. J.

by

Henry Goeller, Jr.

None Such Mince Meat

CONDENSED

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

CARRIAGES

and

HARNESS

of Every Description.

STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

Accessable at Any Time.

RYERSON,

33 SOMERSET STREET.

FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received

through

A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND,

24 West Front Street.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

at

WILLIAMS'

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades, 40 inches wide, (all wool), at 50c yard.

Wool Dress Flannels, (36 inch), 25c. per yard.

Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.

Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.

Dress Challies, 5c.

Good Towelling, 4c.

Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.

Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 38c, formerly 50c.

Agency for King's Dyeing Co., of Easton, Pa.

BOEHM'S

No. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

V. L. FRAZEE,

GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

25 West Front Street.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

that A. G VOGELER makes the Best Bologna in the city and sells it at a Low Price, all kinds at 12c. lb.

COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

17 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE MANHATTAN WINE ROOM,

179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET,

(Opposite the ball grounds of the Crescent League.)

FRANK LINKE, Proprietor.

ESTABLISHED 1886.

Wholesale and retail Wine and Liquor Dealer, and bottler of Ballentine's celebrated Export Ale and Porter; Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer; F. M. Shaeffer's Weiner Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter, and Bass Ale, for hotels and private families.

Wholesale Branch, 43 W. Front Street.

All orders delivered, free of charge, day or night. Telephone Call 157.

MONEY FOR RELATIVES,

friends, or acquaintances may be sent by drafts, cashed free of charge in Europe; for sale here.

ALSO TICKETS

for all European points, on any steamer, or line, First and Second Cabs, and Steerage, cheaper than in New York. Illustrated catalogue upon application.

Henry D. Morrison, agent, 9 Somerset street.

A. M. SEGUINE

PROPRIETOR OF

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue,

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 96.

Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDED HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES.

Of finest

Light Blue Color.

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P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

96 SOMERSET STREET.

Cleaner Coal!

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

90 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for sun coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL In best qualities and various sizes carried in stock.

HOUSE AND DERRICK LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for Turning and Scroll sawing, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Professional Cards.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

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WILLIAM A. CODDINGTON, Attorney-at-Law, Master and Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public. Money to loan. Collections promptly made. Offices No. 28 West Front street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office cor. Second and Park, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Broadway streets.

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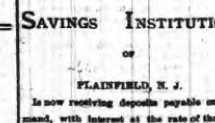

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS B. POPE, Treasurer.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:05, 8:05, a. m., 11:05, 2:05, 5:50 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 1:15, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

THE GRANT HANGS FIRE.

Filibustering Prevents a Vote on the Fair Appropriation.

A COMPROMISE THAT DOESN'T SUIT.

Harbertson Says the Suggestion That Chicago Should Take the $5,000,000 as a Loan Will Not Be Accepted—A Test Vote on the Antioption Bill in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The proceedings in the house were intensely stupid and filibustering motions on the World's fair appropriation prevailed all day. The only question now in order until the deadlock is broken is for adjournment and a call of the house. These dilatory tactics were pursued until late in the afternoon, when the house adjourned.

It is impossible to predict the length of the deadlock. The opponents of the appropriation have made overtures for a compromise. One proposition is that if a loan will be accepted it will be voted speedily and the house can then adjourn; another is to the effect that if the advocates of the appropriation will yield a direct vote on it can be assured on the second Tuesday in December. Those in favor of the appropriation naturally refuse any offers of a compromise and believe they have the battle won. It now appears to be simply a question of physical endurance.

A Test Vote on Antioption.

Notwithstanding the intense heat and the ascertained departure for the summer of nearly forty senators, which left barely a voting quorum on hand, the senate decided to take any decided action either on the antioption bill or the house resolution to adjourn on Saturday next. The motion to lay the antioption bill aside until December was lost by the unexpectedly large vote of 13 to 32. An almost equally frigid reception was given to the adjournment resolution. Mr. Allison at first declined to ask its reference to his committee on appropriations for action, but subsequently relented and it was so referred.

Considerable miscellaneous legislation by unanimous consent was accomplished in a helter-skelter way between times, including the passage of an eight hour labor law to apply to all contracts on government works, which *now goes to the president for approval*.

The melting away of a quorum left Mr. Washburn and his antioption bill helpless, and an adjournment was forced for the first time this session by the suggestion that there was not a quorum in attendance.

The Fair Bill Compromise.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The proposition credited to Judge Holman, if the deadlock on the World's fair appropriation continues, to bring in a resolution extending for another year the appropriations made in the sundry civil bill for 1891 and 1893, will not avoid the difficulty. So many new measures have been arranged for since that bill was passed that a continuation of its terms would be scarcely less disastrous than a failure to pass the pending bill. Even if the senate were disposed to accept that solution of the difficulty and agree to adjourn, it is said the president would feel compelled to issue a proclamation reconvening congress to provide means for carrying on the business that such a step would put a stop to.

Mr. Outhwaite was asked for his opinion on the situation. He said if the senate agrees to the resolution to adjourn in all probability there will be no fair appropriation unless there is a provision incorporated in the item to the effect that the money shall be paid back, as the money was paid by the centennial exposition. "I will vote in favor of a government loan, and I want it understood that I have always been willing to vote for a government loan. There is quite a large group of Democrats who will vote for a loan, and there is another group which does not believe that the government should loan money."

Chicago Doesn't Want a Loan.

The southern group in Representative Outhwaite's following, however, will abandon their present leader and seek a new captain general if a serious attempt be made to compromise on a loan basis. In the words of Mr. Outhwaite, "We are opposed to the fair item because it is a loan, and we do not believe the government should loan money to any concern."

Representative Bingham, of Pennsylvania, who has led the fight for the appropriation, said: "I do not believe the senate will act on the adjournment resolution until the sundry civil bill is sent over to them. The only thing I look for just now is a continuance of the filibustering."

Representative Dunnover, chairman of the Columbian exposition committee, said this evening that the fair people would not accept the $5,000,000 appropriation as a loan. That would injure their credit to such an extent as to make it practically impossible for them to raise the $5,000,000 additional to the $5,000,000 asked of congress which is necessary to open the fair.

He also said that the friends of the appropriation will stand firm until the sundry civil bill is passed by congress.

From Pulpit to Turf.

PORT DOVER, Ia., July 29.—Rev. Mr. Tyrell, the Methodist preacher who offered to whip a man for doubting the accuracy of his timing on a horse race, has handed in his resignation to the presiding elder. It was promptly accepted. Mr. Tyrell announces his intention of going into the business of horse racing.

A Total Wreck.

BOSTON, July 29.—The Boston ship North America, one of the fastest craft in the merchant marine service, was stranded in the Ku channel and was a total loss.

Jumped to Her Death.

NEW HAVEN, July 29.—Mrs. Herman Frisch, wife of Professor Frisch, committed suicide by jumping from the third story of her residence.

A Big Express Deal.

MONTREAL, July 29.—The National Express company, the American, the Canadian and the Grand Trunk are on the eve of amalgamation.

Hit Him with a Hammer.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Thomas Hussey was struck on the head with a hammer by Robert Ferguson, a stockyard tough, and fatally injured.

Lumber Goes Up.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 29.—Lumbermen will advance the prices on all classes of lumber on Aug. 2 from twenty-five to forty cents.

Gladstone Loses a Seat.

LONDON, July 29.—The award of the Greenock seat to Sutherland reduces Gladstone's majority to forty.

Idiomatic and Truthful.

Ethel—I thought at one time he was going to kiss me, but fortunately some one came in and he didn't.

Estelle—You had a narrow escape.

Ethel—It was a tight squeeze!—Life.

UNCLE SAM SCARES CANADA.

Our Retaliation Measures Causes the Dominion to Back Down.

MONTREAL, July 29.—The vigorous retaliation measures adopted by the United States in regard to Canada have had their effect, and the Canadian government is already considering the best means of backing out of the difficulty gracefully. The government has practically decided to abolish the rebate system and make a uniform toll without regard to routes or to do away altogether with tolls. Premier Abbott will *return from his vacation in a few days*, when a meeting of the cabinet will be held at Ottawa and the whole subject discussed.

The government organs are already preparing the way for this government's back down. The Montreal Gazette, one of the leading government organs, which is edited by R. S. White, a prominent Conservative member of parliament, in what is evidently an inspired article, admits the justice of the United States' contentions. It concludes: "One thing at least seems clear, namely, that no effort should be spared to bring about a speedy adjustment of this question."

The Canadian Pacific railway authorities were so alarmed at the prospect of a blow at their road that they brought strong pressure to bear upon the government to take backwater.

CHOLERA CLOSE AT HAND.

It Is Rumored but Denied That It Has Reached Vera Cruz.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 29.—The startling report reached here yesterday morning that the dreaded Asiatic cholera scourge had reached Vera Cruz, despite the strict quarantine regulations that have been enforced by all ports of the Mexican government.

The rumor was set afloat by an American tourist named Haskell, who arrived last evening from Vera Cruz. He stated that there were three deaths from the disease on the day previous to his departure and that the authorities of Vera Cruz were making an effort to keep the information from the public.

An inquiry was made at the board of health headquarters and a denial of the report was authorized. There is an epidemic of typhus fever raging in this city, twenty deaths from that cause being reported to the board of health.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

At Boston—										R.	H.	E.
Boston	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0–	2	11	1
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3–	5	11	1
Staley and Kelly, Dwyer and Vaughan.												
At Brooklyn—										R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0–	2	5	4
Cleveland	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0–	2	7	4	1
Hart and Con Daley, Cuppy and Zimmer.												
At New York—										R.	H.	E.
New York	1	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	1–	7	14	0
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0–	0	7	4
Rusie and Doyle, Sanders and Grim.												
At Philadelphia—										R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0	0	5	3	1	4	1	0	x–12	9	4	
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0–	5	5	7
Keefe, Mack and Cross; Baldwin, Terry and Miller.												
At Baltimore—										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0–	1	6	2
St. Louis	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	x–	2	5	2
Vickery and Robinson, Hawke and Moran.												
At Washington—										R.	H.	E.
Washington	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0–	4	6	7
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	x–	6	9	3
Abbey and McGuire, Gumbert and Schriver.												

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

At Buffalo—										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	5	0	2	0	1	2	0–10	16	2	
Providence	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0–	5	9	3
Fournier, Schellerman and Urquhart; Kilroy and Gray.												
At Binghamton—										R.	H.	E.
Binghton	2	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0–	5	7	2
Troy	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1–	4	9	4
Coughlin and Murphy; Welch, Clarkson and Clarke.												
At Rochester—										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0–	2	7	3
Albany	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0–	2	7	2
Dolan and Myers, Davis and Murphy.												

American Cricketers Win.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 29.—In the cricket match between the Garrisons, of Halifax, and Germantowns, of Philadelphia, in the second inning the Garrison club made 64, leaving Germantown 16 to make to win. These they made with the loss of one wicket. Score by innings: Garrison, first, 198; second, 64. Germantown, first, 175; second, 16.

In Love with a Priest.

CINCINNATI, July 29.—Helena Stein, a remarkably pretty Jewess, was sent to the asylum. She is sane on all points but one. She is madly in love with Rev. Dr. Moore, private secretary of Archbishop Elder, the Catholic prelate, and fully believes the priest, who is many years her senior, will marry her.

Nanaimo Miners Seared.

WARDNER, Ida., July 29.—Since the order was received here relieving the soldiers stationed at Bunker Hill there has been great consternation among the nonunion miners, and a number of them have refused to work without the protection of troops.

Van Valkenburg in Trouble.

NORTH COLLINS, N. Y., July 29.—John H. Van Valkenburg, ex-superintendent of the Thomas Orphan Asylum for Indigent Indian Boys and Girls, was held for trial on the charge of immoral practices with inmates of the institution.

A Valuable Stallion Dead.

DETROIT, Mich., July 29.—The trotting stallion Green River, belonging to Robert Dixon, of Henderson, Ky., and valued at $25,000, *is dead*.

A Man Ground to Death.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—William F. Boggan attempted to board a moving train, fell under the cars and was cut to death.

WRECKED BY AN EXPLOSION.

Celluloid Works Blown Up and the Shock Felt for Miles.

ORANGE, N. J., July 29.—The little town of Milburn and the surrounding country was stunken by a terrific explosion, which shook the houses and ground and caused terror to the inhabitants for several miles about. The explosion occurred at the Celluloid Zapon works at Springfield, a mile and a half south of Short Hills, and the concussion was heard as far away as the city of Newark.

The works where the explosion took place are in ruins, and the houses near the factory are wrecked, while for a radius of two miles there is hardly a pane of glass unbroken. One man, a negro, employed in the mill, is missing.

The factory is situated in a hollow about a mile from Short Hills, and is operated by the Frederick Crane Chemical company, of New York, which has an office at 14 Barclay street. The company manufactured varnish and patent brass and silver lacquers. The works included about twenty brick buildings, which were erected five years ago. Since then the works have been burned down three times. About twenty men are employed in the factory.

A large crowd soon gathered about the factory, which caught fire immediately. A volunteer fire department was soon formed and an effort made to prevent the spreading of the flames. The laboratory next to factory No. 13, however, burned down. The firemen, fearing another explosion, were afraid to venture near the buildings.

Two frame houses near the works, occupied by George Hessler and Justice of the Peace George Mulford, were razed almost to the ground. Mrs. Hessler, who is ill, was prostrated by the shock and her life is in danger. The Mulford family was bruised and cut to some extent, but no one was seriously injured.

GEORGE K. SISTARE A SUICIDE.

The Well Known Ex-Banker of New York Blows His Brains Out.

NEW YORK, July 29.—George K. Sistare, one of the Sistare family that soon will cease to do business on Wall street more than a half century ago, and continued to operate there until the firm of George K. Sistare's Sons went under with a crash, April 7, 1890, killed himself by putting a bullet through his brain in the reception room of the Manhattan club, Fifth avenue and Thirty-fourth street. Mental derangement was undoubtedly the cause of the suicide.

The firm's failure was a complete one. When assignee Henry J. Davison filed the schedules they showed that against liabilities of $1,657,607.48 there were actual assets of only $140,134.63. George K. Sistare was a preferred creditor for $1,340.87.

Since the collapse of the firm George K. Sistare had been trying to secure some employment that would give him a living among the banking houses with which he used to do business. Although he had not been a member of the disgraced firm of George K. Sistare's Sons for four years before its failure his name went against them, and none of those to whom he applied would take him in. This preyed upon his mind.

Dann's Bank to Reopen.

BUFFALO, July 29.—By order of the court, Defaulter Dann's wrecked national savings bank will resume business under the name of Empire Savings bank, and within sixty days will pay fifty cents on the dollar to the old depositors, perhaps more later. It is said that Dann's total stealings will amount to $362,000.

Bank Officials Arrested.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., July 29.—Abigail, chairman of the Australian Banking company; Mr. McNamara, manager, and Mr. Salmon and Mr. Twist, auditors, were arrested on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the concern.

William Hugged His Wife.

POTSDAM, July 29.—The Kaiser William has arrived at Potsdam. The empress was waiting for him at the landing stage, and the imperial couple embraced each other in full view of the attendants.

Four Tots Suffocated.

MEDFORD, Mass., July 29.—Blanche Barrows, aged four; Roland Cushing, aged five; Eddie Randall, aged five, and Albert Lewis, aged six, locked themselves in a closet and suffocated.

Anarchists in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.—Superintendent Linden has had his police and detective force at work locating anarchists in this city, and finds there are about 300 of them here.

Watterson Laid Up.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Henry Watterson is at the Richlieu suffering from an attack of bronchitis of the throat. His physician at his doctor would not allow him to see any one.

Sued for Slander.

PARIS, July 29.—G. B. Hobson, general manager of the Anglo-American bank, has begun suit against President Hunter, of the bank, for damages for slander.

Joan of Arc's Beatification.

PARIS, July 29.—Cardinal Rampolla has informed the archbishop of Rouen that the congregation of rites has approved the beatification of Joan of Arc.

Goddard and Smith Matched.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29.—The California Athletic club signed Joe Goddard and Billy Smith to fight ten rounds for a purse of $1,200 on Aug. 28.

Snyder an Umpire.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—President Young, of the National league, appointed Charlie Snyder, the well known ex-ball player, a league umpire.

A Cold Wave Coming.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 29.—At Fort Assiniboine there was severe frost and vegetation has been killed. The cold wave is moving eastward.

A Child's Head Severed.

MAHEIM, Pa., July 29.—William Metzler, aged twelve, was run over by a detached caboose and his head was severed from his body.

The Granite Strike.

BOSTON, July 29.—The New England granite manufacturers will not make any further proposition to the granite cutters.

Couldn't Get Work.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.—Despondent because he couldn't get work, Daniel H. Henckel committed suicide. He leaves a family.

A Boy's Fatal Fall.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., July 29.—William Kalk, aged sixteen years, died from a fractured skull, caused by falling from a car.

The Aitkerp Library Intact.

LONDON, July 29.—The Aitkerp library has been sold en bloc to an Englishman who intends to make it a public institution.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

JUST ONE MOMENT,
PLEASE!
You can invest money to secure you enormous returns, by insuring your life. It provides for your wife and family if you die, or *if you want to enjoy the money, insure for* ten, fifteen or twenty years in
THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York or Newark.
If you are thinking of insuring write for circulars. H. D. Morrison, agent.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue.
Storm doors and weather strips a specialty.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER,
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 965.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 15 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER,
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 312.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Evons,
P. O. Box 198
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. F. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Carpenter and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 154.

JOHN HENKMANN,
Practical carpenter and hard wood finisher maker. Shop corner of Grand and Somerset streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
J. HENKMANN, 2 Regent street.

USE THE BEST!
DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Ladies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
At **M. Vanderbeek's,**
22 PARK AVENUE.

The Plainfield Ice
and
Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong ice to this market, now prepared to serve families and stores with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot. Depots, Grant avenue, South Plainfield, Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby point.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, classes or private lessons. For terms, address Miss A. Reed, P. O. Box 1000.

FRENCH LESSONS.
Instruction and entertainment in French conversation. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield. Would call special attention to the fact that I have had many years' experience in Paris, Switzerland, Plainfield and others. For terms or a trial lesson free, write to Prof. L. Virioux, care of Mrs. Dr. Hubbard and Benton, 17 La Grande avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten, Primary and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. Will open for reception of pupils Sept. 19, 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Limited number of references. No. 147 West Front street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY,
Fashionable Dressmaker, Cutter, 24 West Front street. Good girls wanted. Mr. Lindsay has a lot of nice single trees, good as new, and cheap. 7 27

H. H. BROOKS,
28 and 30 Somerset street, groceries and provisions. Choice Vermont and Orange county butter a specialty. Fresh eggs, vegetables, etc. Full assortment of canned goods and ready meals. Choicest cuts of meats. Cabbage, lettuce, tomatoes, celery, sweet potatoes and egg plants in their season.

BROWN & BELL,
Clearing and hair cutting parlor, in Cornell's block, No. 2 Park place, North Plainfield, N. J. Children's hair cutting a specialty. Hard heads found connected with the shop.

IF!

A poor article is dear at any price. A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW & STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 piece South America Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
Good Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Bolster Feather Pillows	50 cents
Comforpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Sheets, 60c.; bolsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 25 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portiere curtains, all silk, 85 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Mattresses, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : : NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs A. D. Cook & Bro., to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Stations in the Valley of Lehigh and Schuylkill.
Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5 14, 6 37, 7 36, 8 14, 8 58, 9 36, 10 36, 11 08, a. m., 12 00 noon, 12 36, 1 36, 2 36, 3 36, 4 36, 5 08, 5 36, 6 36, 7 36, 8 36, 9 36, 10 36, 11 36 p. m., 12 00 night. 1 36, 3 36, 5 36, 6 36, 7 36, 8 36, 9 36, 10 36, 11 36 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 36, 2 36, 3 36, 4 36, 5 36, 6 36, 7 36, 8 36, 9 36, 10 36, 11 36 p. m., 12 00 night.

Leave Plainfield at 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night.

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AS THE GIRL SEES IT.

SERVANTS HAVE VIEWS ON THE SUBJECT OF HOUSEWORK.

Failings of Mistresses Freely Discussed. How the Girls Who Do Kitchen Work Regard the Actions of Autocratic Women Who Are More Fortunate.

At a little gathering of working girls I chanced to overhear the mistress discussed from her maid's standpoint. In the group were some eight or ten servants. Two of them were desirous of securing places, and were making eager inquiries about certain women who were known to be without help. In short, the girls were seeing if their would be mistress could furnish suitable recommendations—rather a reversal of the usual status of affairs. Yet be it known this is by no means an unusual proceeding. A sort of Freemasonry exists among all servants, in consequence of which they advise, warn, dissuade and admonish one another in regard to all places. But let them speak for themselves, and remember that this is no fancy sketch at all, but a bit of servant talk to which the writer deliberately listened.

Mary was out of a place and Mrs. Smith, Bridget's former mistress, was endeavoring to engage her. Bridget listened perseveringly to the statement of the case, and then her words burst forth in a torrent: "I would sooner starve than go back to her. Sure, she gave me three dollars a week, and there was a second girl and a washerwoman, too, but for all that, and though there were only two in the family, I wouldn't go back again for no amount at money! I never dared eat any meat or potatoes until her dogs had been fed, as if I wasn't as good as a dog, and better too! I had to eat after I'd seen that cook for them and to wash them as if they were babies. And I never dared to be out after 9 o'clock in the evening, though, gracious me, she would be out until 3 or 4 in the morning.

"And I didn't dare to have company either. What did she think I could do all evening anyway? I can't read, and she knows it. I've heard her complain often enough of being lonely when her husband was away and no one chanced to call, and goodness knows she had her books and magazines and music and fancy work. And that was her house, too, and of course she would feel more interest in it than I would. But she expected me to be in every evening of my life and never see my friends. I stood it for nearly a year, for I hate to change places, but I tell you I'd have gone crazy sure if I'd staid a week longer."

A very animated discussion followed Bridget's harangue, and it was most obvious that the "evening" was a sore topic with the girls. Help chanced to be very scarce in the city, and these girls evidently certain women who would find it extremely difficult to get girls because of their stand on this question.

Apparently the girls did not wish to be unreasonable. At least they so asserted repeatedly. They were willing to remain at home whenever there was any real emergency demanding their presence. When no such cases arose, however, they felt that they were entitled to some liberty after a hard day's work.

"How about Mrs. Brown?" questioned Mary; "she hasn't got a girl either."

"I don't believe you'd like her at all," volunteered another of the group. "You doesn't eat in the dining room, and you can't use the same dishes that the family does. She keeps cheaper ones for the girl. Then, too, she'll buy cheap meat and cheap butter for you, and you won't dare touch what the family has. I know all about her. I've tried it there. I used to have hard work getting a square meal sometimes."

"I wish Mrs. A. wanted a girl," was Mary's next remark. It was evident that Mrs. A. was well known, at least by reputation, judging from the complimentary chorus that greeted this last utterance.

"When she wants a girl she can get twenty," it was said. "She have to do their work well, but she knows how to treat them." "Her girls never leave unless they die or get married." "She is a real lady." "She doesn't poke her nose into a girl's private affairs."

A running commentary on well known women of the place followed, and some of the strictures passed were very keen.

"I staid a month once at Mrs. D.'s, but she thought she could go into my room and look through all my things whenever she wanted to. I found her reading my letters more than once. I wonder how she would liked to have had me going through her things that way. I would have had just as much right to do it as she had."

"Mrs. F. was awfully funny. She was always leaving a ten cent piece or a quarter around some place to see if I would take it. I fumbled quick enough to her little game, but it made me mad. She had the worst children I ever saw. They had to eat just what she let them be as impudent to the girls as they chose. I never heard children talk so in all my life, and their mother seemed to think it was all right no matter what they said to me.

"The oldest boy slapped me in the face one day, and I put him out of the kitchen. I wouldn't stand that sort of thing, you can just bet. Then there was a scene. The mother scolded me, but never said a word to the child, so I up and told her that I wouldn't stay another hour unless she would keep the youngsters out of the kitchen and make them behave respectably to me. She wouldn't do it, of course, and I left. It was the middle of a large washing, too, but I didn't care one bit."

"You know Mrs. M.? Well, she doesn't know any more about housekeeping than a baby does. She wouldn't own up to it, though, and she used to act as wise as an old grandmother. She never knew what to order for a meal, so I had to begin to give me published menus. Well, half the time I couldn't get the things in those oil bills of fare. They weren't to be had in the market, and that is all there was about it. So I got in the habit of buying just what I could, and she never knew the difference between the printed bill of fare and mine, for I'd never let on.

"I wonder if any of you ever lived with Mrs. O.," remarked another girl, who had kept silent up to this point, "because if you haven't, you don't know a thing about work. She only kept one girl, and I had to do all the work, even the washing and ironing. There were eight in the family too. She never did an earthly thing, not even to make her own bed or look after the mending. I had it all to do, and half the time I had to mind the baby while cooking or washing. Then she had an awful lot of company. I've ironed there some times until 3 o'clock in the morning, and that wasn't any fun either, for I had to be up again at 6 to get breakfast. I stood it for more than two years, though, for I was green then. Besides, I couldn't help liking her too. But, I tell you, I wouldn't go back again."—Miss M. C. Jones in Pittsburg Dispatch.

Lady Rent Collectors.

Probably no city of the world has in its poor so much as London to be ashamed of, and in its dealings with them so much of which to boast. As the need is here very urgent, the response in organized charity has been astonishingly great.

London's model tenement houses are models worth copying in every large city. The success of some of them is due in no mean measure to the plan by which the rents are collected.

Miss Octavia Hill, in 1864, began the system by which women took the place of men as rent collectors. Ladies in no need of remuneration offered their aid at once. But Miss Hill saw the wisdom of putting the plan upon a purely business basis, and insisted that the collectors should receive a commission of 5 per cent.

She took as her field the very lowest grade of tenement houses. Besides the mere duties of collector, she undertook to better the condition of tenants. First inducing them to give up living in cellars, and removing other evils, she has gradually educated her tenants up to wanting the best possible quarters. Though her agency many model tenements have been built. The builders are always guaranteed a good percentage on their investments, and now it is said that a million and a quarter dollars' worth of property is under her management.

Many other ladies are engaged in the work, and though their achievements may not be told in large figures, it is very easy to see what good they can bring about. They must come into constant contact with the poorest classes and full of the spirit of charity, must see countless ways to help the tenants' wives and children.

The men, too, come to look upon the rent-collector, not as a heartless agent to be shunned and put off, but as a friend with ready sympathy and real power to aid.—Youth's Companion.

Curried Hare.

In England the East India element has domesticated curry, and at South Kensington Indian dishes are taught at the school of cookery. There is a famous receipt for curried hare, in which the curry is made Indian fashion for the dish, which I am able to give, and which may tempt some one who has reasons for suspecting the insidious and uncanny looking yellow powder.

Take half an ounce of coriander seeds and pound them in a mortar with a pestle. When powdered remove carefully. Then put in the mortar two cloves of garlic, one dessertspoonful of turmeric (I will remark here that I have not the slightest idea what turmeric is; except for the company it is in I would have thought it something that went into paint or glue and was sold with indigo and copperas, but that can hardly be.) To continue, put also in the mortar eight berries of red pepper, one inch of a stick of cinnamon, one piece of green ginger cut in thin slices, three small onions cut in quarters; pound these as fine as possible. Then add the powdered coriander seeds and moisten with a teacup of stock, or cold water may be used.

In order to fit this to the meat, the hare is first cut into joints and fried brown in butter. When it is removed an onion is sliced in the pan and fried thoroughly, but not too brown. The curry is then put in and is cooked at least twenty minutes. Before taken off the meat is added and some lemon juice sprinkled on liberally.—Harper's Bazar.

Disinfectant.

Carbolic acid and chloride of lime have long been known by the laity as disinfectants, though both are open to objection, the one on account of its odor; the other because of its bleaching properties, and both because unpleasant in their action on the skin of the hands; yet either one is better than none, even in the sick room, and for those purposes they are all that is needed.

To prepare carbolic acid for general use in the sick room the officinal preparation should first be diluted with water in the proportion of one part of the acid to thirty of water. This can be used to wet cloths hung round the sick room, to moisten the sheet that should curtain the door leading from the sick room into the other part of the house, and to sprinkle all clothing and bedding to be washed before taking them to the laundry.

A preparation of carbolic acid of the strength kept on the kitchen shelf and poured in small quantities at regular intervals down the sink spout has a wonderful effect in keeping things sweet and would prevent many a case of illness from, no doubt, arising from defective drains, were water closet. See to it the bottle containing it is plainly labeled poison.

Chloride of lime has been almost superseded for disinfecting purposes, but is the legitimate field being sink drains, cesspools and earth closets.—Housekeeper.

Clothing for Children.

Experience must teach the mother how much clothing children need and not produce perspiration, which is always to be avoided, because it makes the skin delicate and tender. In sleep the body loses nearly 1 deg. of temperature. All the functions are less active than in wakening hours. During sleep children are peculiarly liable to cold may wear overalls of muslin and over these overalls of flannel.

Those children who are restless and throw their arms and legs about may need woolen socks attached to their flannel overalls. Some children are in the constant habit of throwing off the bedclothes. For such children a sack is especially advised that the night clothing be cotton and flannel overalls with stockings attached, in place of cotton and flannel gowns.—Farmers' Voice.

One Reason Why Housework Is Disliked.

A physician writes: "Life would be prolonged by a little more attention to the heart, by paying a little respect to the too brown. The curry is then put in and is cooked at least twenty minutes. Before taken off the meat is added and some lemon juice sprinkled on liberally.—Harper's Bazar.

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Taking Care of the Heart.

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Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 138,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $8,000,000 since organization.
Wetumpka Lodge, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Wetumpka Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100; sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTINE, Dictator.
RALPH A. C. HOPPER, Reporter.
Wetumpka Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE.
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

IF
You Want Anything in Our Line, Such as

CORSETS,	HOSIERY,	HANDKERCHIEFS,
EMBROIDERIES,	LACES,	RIBBONS,
NOTIONS,	MUSLIN	WOOL DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,	and FLANNEL	VELVETS,
CRETONNES,	UNDERWEAR,	CALICOES,
SILKOLINE,	CAMBRICS,	DOMESTIC
SCOTCH GINGHAMS.	MUSLINS,	GINGHAMS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every description or anything else that is usually found in a FIRST-CLASS DRY and FANCY GOODS HOUSE, call at

EDSALL'S!

AT RANDOLPH'S
Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
Also in Siphons.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

OUR BUSINESS IS
Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices very below competitors.
C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

Alterations.
Previous to extensive ones that we are going to make we will make a General Clearing Sale throughout Every Department.
For Three Cents Each
You buy tin tops jelly glasses
For Six Cents Each
You buy Mason quart fruit jars.
For 38c. a Yard
You buy a 60-in. Damask Table Linen that is worth 50c.
Gentlemen:
You buy for a quarter a fine Gauze Undershirt that has been selling freely for 40c.
About Writing Paper.
Have you ever tried our Special Brands? If not, why don't you? We will save you money.
Wash Dress Goods.
There are many good things in Wash Fabrics that we are anxious to part with and they go at a reduced price.
VanEmburgh & White

Do You Want Shirts?
If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.
Trunks and Bags.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffee received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at lowest prices. A full line of vegetables received daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

These Little Princes.

Three very winsome children are the little princelings Gustavus Adolphus, William and Erik, sons of the crown prince of Sweden and Norway. Their father, duke of Gatland, is the oldest son of King Oscar of Sweden and Norway.

Although the young princes live much of their time at Tullyarn, a castle by the seaside, they, like other children, are fond of visiting their grandfather. When they come to see him the king takes great pleasure in giving them military drill. Here they go through their exercises on the lawn, where the people of the neighborhood can stand outside and watch them. Prince Erik tries to do like his elder brothers, and his going through the military drill is very cunning. The king tells them to present arms to the people, which they do amid loud cheers.

There have been some famous kings named Gustavus, so the Swedish people love the name. Should this little prince ever become king he will be known as Gustavus Adolphus VI. When he grows to be a man he is to be a soldier, and if he is as brave and true as his grandfather and father he will be a great man. Before him are heavy responsibilities, and although his military drill is now play, his future work will be very hard.

His brother, Prince William, is to be a sailor. The boys go boating and fishing, and are fair swimmers. They can read and write, and have taken up many other studies. They have many things to learn and must be at their work early.

Their mother was Princess Victoria of Baden, granddaughter of the late Kaiser Wilhelm I. She is a sweet, lovely woman, and she devotes herself with fond pride to her little princelings. Their grandfather is not only a king, but a poet, a soldier and a renowned writer. His family were raised from simple, obscure burghers to the rulers of the finest kingdom in Europe.—New York Mail and Express.

That Owl.

Did you ever see an owl? Well, I have seen one of the very biggest ones in the world.

Owls can't see much when the sun shines, but they can bite just as well then as any other time. I found that out down to Uncle Frank's last summer.

He caught a great one in a trap the next night after I got there, and he thought he would try and tame that owl for a pet. Humph! I shouldn't want to pet him much.

He put a little chain around one leg and hitched him upon the top of a big pine stump across the road from his store. He keeps the postoffice, and almost everybody stopped to see that owl, for they had never seen one so large before.

Uncle Frank kept him on the stump in the daytime, but he turned him loose in the store chamber in the night to catch mice. He grew fat and shiny, but the better we fed him the uglier he was. One day a lot of us boys were standing around him, brushing his feathers a little to see him snap at us, for we didn't see where to hit us very well. It was fun for us, but I s'pose it wasn't so much fun for the owl, and it wasn't for me, either, before I got done with it.

Joe Braddock said I didn't dare to put my finger on the owl's beak, and I did it. It made him awful mad, but it was fun for us boys and we didn't care. Somehow boys don't care until—afterward.

I kept putting my finger on his beak and he caught it and held it, but didn't he squeeze! I guess he would have taken it off if Uncle Frank hadn't run out and made him let go.

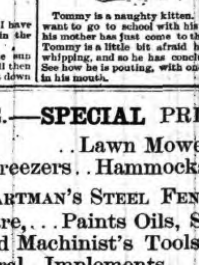
One thing is certain, us boys let that owl alone after that, and I don't care if I never see another as long as I live.—Youth's Companion.

This Boy Did Not Even Laugh.

A New York boy who rejoices in the Christian name which the Father of his Country has made immortal is making his annual visit to the home of an aunt. The faithful domestic who yearly welcomes the terror and delight of her existence in his person undertook an extra compliment to him recently in the shape of a birthday cake. The goody was secretly made and proudly brought on at supper with his name sweetly but incorrectly spelled out in spotless icing.

The tact of the small boy has been estimated as an unknown quantity, but George did not betray by so much as a twinkle of the eye the roaring merriment that consumed him when confronted by the engraved and uncompromising "George"—which must be set down to his everlasting credit.—Her Point of View in New York Times.

Naughty Tommy.



Tommy is a naughty kitten. He doesn't want to go to school with his sister; but his mother has just come to the door, and Tommy is a little bit afraid he will get a whipping, and so he has concluded to go. See how he is pouting, with one little paw in his mouth.

SPECIAL SALE.—SPECIAL PRICES.
Refrigerators. . . Lawn Mowers, . .
. . . Ice Cream Freezers. . Hammocks. . . .
AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.
Builders' Hardware, . . . Paints Oils, Seeds.
Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.
Agricultural Implements.
ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

LOOK at
Werner's Show Windows
30 WEST FRONT STREET.
and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**
Cut in Latest Styles,
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.
All Sizes and All Wool.
Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer. Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of G. R. MUSGRAVE, 37 Somerset street. Call early and secure the best bargains.

This Date in History—July 29.

1826—Albert J. Archduke of Austria and governor of Germany, born; died in 1895.
1858—Mary Queen of Scots married Lord Darnley.
1644—Pope Urban VIII. died.
1693—King William, saving chiefly to the conservation of the Dutch cavalry, was defeated by the French.
1794—The partition of Poland completed. Thomas Corwin, statesman, born in Bourbon county, Ky.; died 1865.
1832—William Wilberforce died; born 1759.
1859—Thomas Dick, Scotch philosopher, died; born 1774.
1871—John Sibbald died in London, where he had studied since going abroad as confederate commissioner.
1883—Senor Don Francisco Baros, Spanish minister to the United States, killed himself in New York.
1890—The census of Brooklyn completed, showing 806,343 people. Explosion in mines of St. Etienne (St. Stephen), France, killed 120 men.

A Cautious Tramp.

"Mister," said a seedy personage to a gentleman going along Woodward avenue the other evening, "can I speak with you a minute?"

The gentleman could not well refuse as simple a request, and the seedy one asked him for ten dollars.

"Ten dollars!" was the astonished exclamation. "Of course I won't give it to you. What do you want with that much money?"

"I want to get a feed with it," responded the tramp meekly.

"You don't want that much money to get something to eat with?"

"Please, sir, but the change will come handy."

"No doubt of that, but you don't get it."

"Well, gimme ten cents then."

"Nay, nor I won't give you ten cents, either."

"You refuse my request for a dime, do you?" said the tramp ominously.

"Emphatically I do."

The tramp turned away.

"All I've got to say to you," he said sadly, "is that I wouldn't take a dime from a man who didn't have business judgment enough to compromise a claim of ten dollars at one cent on the dollar for fear I'd be arrested for exercising undue influence on a person of unsound mind," and he disappeared in the shadows, leaving the gentleman in a state of bedazzled bewilderment.—Detroit Free Press.

1892 JULY. 1892

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3	4	5	6	7	8	9
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17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

MOON'S PHASES.
First Quarter 1 9:18 p. m.
Full Moon 9 9:44 a. m.
Third Quarter 16 9:46 p. m.
New Moon 23 9:31 p. m.
First Quarter 31 2:45 a. m.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the Great Bayou Bay, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
W. M. JENKINS, Prop.
6 13 2m

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m.

FRED. W. DUNN,
Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEE TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machinery repairs.
Agent for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Segar store, No. 12 West Second street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

$5 per Year in Advance. T. W. Morrison, Editor and Proprietor. Office, No. 9 Somerset street. Lock Box I. Telephone Call 68. Printing of All Kinds. 10 Cents per Week, Delivered.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1892. PRICE TWO CENTS

LIGHTNING KILLED HER.

PRETTY GUSSIE RYAN FOUND DEAD UNDER A TREE.

She and Annie Baldwin of Camden were Bathing in the Passaic River at Sterling when Overtaken by the Storm.—Miss Baldwin in a Serious Condition.

Miss Gussie Ryan, the 18 year old daughter of Thomas Ryan of Sterling, N. J., was struck by a bolt of lightning during the storm yesterday and instantly killed.

Miss Ryan and Miss Annie Baldwin of Camden, who was visiting her, were bathing in the Passaic when the storm came suddenly upon them. Miss Baldwin ran to the nearest tree for shelter, closely followed by Miss Ryan. Just as the latter reached the tree there came a blinding flash.

Miss Baldwin was knocked senseless by the shock and did not recover consciousness she thinks for over half an hour.

When she did the storm had passed. Miss Ryan lay upon the ground under the tree. Miss Baldwin went to her and was horrified to find her dead.

Miss Ryan was a very handsome girl and had a large circle of acquaintances.

Coroner Jones of Basking Ridge was notified last night.

Miss Baldwin is suffering from shock, and is said to be in a serious condition.

FATHER CONNOLLY DEAD.

Stricken with Apoplexy on Returning from a Visit to a Hospital.

Rev. Patrick Connolly, pastor of the Church of the Holy Rosary, in Elizabethport, died last night soon after returning home from a visit to a patient at the City Hospital. He sent his sexton, whom he met at the door, for Rev. Henry Kruse, pastor of St. Nicholas, whom he wanted to take charge of his parish temporarily during his absence in New York to see his aged parents. Father Connolly then drank a glass of milk and retired to take a nap, saying to his housekeeper that he felt very tired. When Father Kruse reached the parsonage he went to Father Connolly's room and was startled to find him in his death struggle. He passed away in a few minutes. Death was due to apoplexy brought on by heat prostration.

Father Connolly was forty-five and was born in Ireland. His parents settled in Bordentown, but a few years ago removed to New York and lived on Sixty-seventh street. Father Connolly was educated at St. Charles College and Seton Hall College, and was ordained at the latter institution. He was for a time curate at St. Joseph's Church, Jersey City, and afterwards was transferred to St. Joseph's Newark. He was appointed by Bishop Wigger to succeed Father Curran as pastor of the Holy Rosary church twenty-six months ago.

This parish was formed six years ago. Of its three pastors Fathers Curran and Connolly have died, and Father Callaghan, its founder, had to resign on account of ill-health.

BREVITIES.

—The ordinance of baptism will be administered in the First Baptist church, Monday morning.

—The Sunday-school of the German church on Craig place is arranging for an excursion to take place some time in August.

—The millionaires of this bailiwick who do not happen to be "off for the Summer" find this weather just as hot as do the poor folk.

—It is probable that Sandy Hook will come an island. Since the New Jersey Southern Railroad has abandoned that route the water has broken across the neck, and as the company has no further interest in keeping up the embankment, the break will no doubt widen.

No Trolley Wanted in New York.

No Alderman can vote for the trolley franchise without voting against the wishes of the metropolis and the overwhelming sentiment of its citizens.

If this franchise should be voted by the Aldermen every available legal means should be invoked to nullify the grant.

The trolley is a nuisance and a source of danger not to be tolerated.

It is not wanted. The people are against it. Its introduction must be fought and the attempt of the schemers defeated.

Let New York not be cursed by the trolley.—N. Y. Herald.

This is the evil proposed to inflict on Plainfield.

Fell from a Scaffold.

William, the 18-year-old son of William Smith, the mason, fell from a scaffold on the new store house of George Vechil at 9.30 o'clock this morning.

He struck on his head, but, as the distance was only a few feet, he was only stunned.

He was carried to the house of Dr. Jenkins, where he recovered in a few moments and then went to his home.

Another Breakdown.

Mr. Frank Hand of Somerset street, had his wheels "dished" on Front street to-day while driving over the track of the proposed "trolley" railway. This makes the sixth in about two weeks.

PERSONAL.

Mr. C. C. Terwilliger of Lee place is at Somerville.

Mr. Joseph Sattels of this city is at Portland, Maine.

Mr. Howard Turrell, of Grove street, has gone to Europe.

Bergen Carter of No. 96 East Front street, is at Stanton, N. J.

Mrs. Marsh is registered at the Coleman House, Asbury Park.

Miss C. Haggly of this city is visiting friends at New Brunswick, N. J.

Joseph A. Goodhue will speak at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Sunday afternoon.

Dr. John Wilkins, of Philadelphia, is too guest of Dr. C. M. Field, of Grove street.

Mrs. Fannie Ray, of Newark, is with her sister, Miss Linda Wortman, of East Third street.

Proprietor John E. Beerbower, of the City Hotel, has gone to Rhode Island on a fishing trip.

Mrs. Andrew McCardell, of West Front street is visiting friends in Worcester and Boston, Mass.

Mrs. J. E. Bancker of Brooklyn, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. J. Howlett, of Elmwood place.

Miss May McLaughlin of Somerset street will start next Thursday for Ocean Grove to remain two weeks.

Mrs. Samuel Chapman, of Kingston, N. Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Fanny Connett of West Front street.

Mrs. J. P. Emmons of Prospect place started to-day for Avon-by-the-Sea, New Jersey, that popular resort of Plainfielders.

Among the patents granted to Jersey men this week was one to G. T. Bignel, of this city, for a feathering paddle wheel.

Miss May Delehant, of West Troy, N. Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. E. Laughlin, at corner of West Front street and Elmwood place.

Mr. Henry B. Newhall of No. 20 East Seventh street is at the White Face Inn, Lake Placid, in the Adirondacks. He will remain a month.

Mr. James Patterson, of West Second street, of the Potter Press Works, has been elected President of the Potter Press Mutual Aid Society.

Mr. N. K. Barnes, of Prospect place, started to-day for a bicycle ride to his parents home at Newdrop, Staten Island. He will return in a few days.

Mr. W. F. Foote of the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association, is recovering from a serious illnes which has confined him to his home for the past week.

President W. D. Murray of the Y. M. C. A., and a party of friends, have reached Vancouver on their trip around the world, and are now on the Pacific, bound for China.

Israel TenEyck, formerly of this city but now of Madison, has been spending a few days with his son-in-law, Wallace V. Miller, one of the proprietors of the Grenada.

Wednesday's issue of the Asbury Park says: "Two charming young women, who are stopping in the Park, are Miss May Hudson of Plainfield, and Miss Ella J. Roome of Butler, N. J."

Clarence L. Smith and brother, Stewart, of Madison avenue, will start on Saturday to spend the month of August at Southold, Long Island. Mrs. Smith will join her children there next week.

Mrs. Steinhauser and her charming daughters, Misses Marie and Agnes, who are now visiting relatives on Somerset street, will start soon for Asbury Park to remain two weeks. Their home is in Jersey City.

Mr. A. B. Dunlap returned to this city last Wednesday from Pasque Island, New Bedford, Mass., where he has been staying for the past month. He will go back to Pasque Island on Monday and remain until Sept. 1st.

Rev. Warren G. Partridge, a graduate of the Plainfield High School, now a Baptist minister, is located in Scranton, Pa. For the next two Sundays he is announced to preach in Calvary Church, Washington, D. C.

Mr. Charles Schermerhorn, formerly city editor of THE NEWS, sails to-day on the steamer Leona, of the Mallory Line, for Austin, Texas. Mr. Schermerhorn has been appointed constructing engineer for the sewerage system of that city.

Iron Hall Difficulties.

There are numerous members in this city of the organization known as the Iron Hall, to whom the following will be of especial interest:

Several members of the order of the Iron Hall in Plainfield applied yesterday for a receiver. The concern has been doing an immense business, and has a large membership in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and New England.

The complaint charges reckless and extravagant payment of salaries and the expenditure of large sums of money for needless purposes, and pretended claims amounting in one year to over fifty thousand dollars, which some of the assignees have appropriated and used by Vice-President Somerby of Philadelphia in the pretended payment of claims. At different times all the general fund has been exhausted, and large sums of money have been taken from the reserve fund and placed in the general fund instead of allowing them to remain to pay the benefits and claims of the members.

The complaint charges also that the corporation is indebted for benefit insurance in 1892 over one million dollars, and for 1893 over four millions.

The Weather.

The weather promises to be cooler and partly cloudy.

VICTIMS OF THE HEAT.

THERE ARE SEVERAL CASES OF PROSTRATION IN THIS CITY.

Much More Comfortable To-Day, and Perhaps that Cool Wave May Really Strike Town After All.

Yesterday was a scorcher and no mistake. Several person in this city were overcome by the heat.

George Webster, the seven-year-old son of Daniel Webster the harness maker, of No. 111 Second street, was prostrated while playing in the yard about four o'clock yesterday afternoon. Dr. Tomlinson was called in. The child is improving.

Eli Odam of No. 183 Arlington avenue was overcome at 9.30 while seated talking quietly prior to a meeting in the lodge room of the Independent Order of Red Men. A hack was hastily summoned and he was conveyed to his home. Dr. Carmen attended him.

A young man working in the Scott Press Works was overcome Thursday morning and was sent to his home.

It is a little more comfortable to-day and perhaps that cool wave which the Weather Bureau has had so much to say about the last three days may get here after all. It is not well, however, to count your chickens before they're hatched.

The thermometer at a local drug store registered 90 at noon, and 86 at three o'clock.

The Singer factory closed at noon yesterday and 4,100 employees were sent home. The Worthington Pump Works also stopped, and so did the Crescent Iron Works and the shipyard, which employs 650 hands. The terrible heat of the night was the cause of the suspension. The operatives were exhausted for want of sleep. The thermometer rose to 100 degrees in the shade yesterday afternoon and subsequently fell.

John Fitzgerald, a hod-carrier, had a fatal sunstroke at the Singer Works.

Mrs. O'Neil, of No. 219 East Thirty-ninth street, New York, went to Nauuet, on the New Jersey and New York Railroad, yesterday, to visit some of her children. She was overcome by the intense heat and was hurried to Hackensack on Conductor Birley's train, due there at 3.14 p. m. She died ten minutes after reaching the hospital.

Joseph Lips of Hoboken, who was engaged in the cloth-sponging business at Nos. 167 and 169 Wooster street, New York, was overcome by the heat on Thursday afternoon. He died at his home, No. 231 Washington street, Hoboken, Thursday night.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

(Notice of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.)

All Souls' church at 10.30 a. m. Preaching by W. J. Leonard.

There will be a meeting at the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow evening.

The workers' training classes will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9.15 a. m.

Services at the church of the Heavenly Rest, Clinton avenue, Evens, Sunday morning at eleven o'clock. Seats free.

Church of the Holy Innocents (Episcopal, Dunellen Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m. Church service at 3.30 p. m. Seats free.

Warren Union Mission. Sunday-school at 2.30. No evening service. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

The Rev. E. M. Rodman, D. D., will preach at the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville to-morrow evening. Members of the Grace church will sing.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev T. Logan Murphy, rector. Celebration of the Holy communion at eight a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m.

Services in St. Joseph's church to-morrow will be as follows: Mass at 8.30 and high mass at 10.30. Sunday-school at three p. m., and vespers at eight p. m.

The services at Hope chapel, West Fourth street, will be, preaching at 10.30 a. m., Epworth League at 6.45 p. m. Service of song and preaching at 7.45 p. m.

Crescent avenue church. Services to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. and eight p. m. Sabbath-school at 2.30 p. m. Rev. Dr. F. P. Ketchum of this city will occupy the pulpit.

St. Peter's German Lutheran congregation. Services every Sunday at 10.30 in the forenoon in Rogers's Hall, 39 Somerset street. Sermon by the Rev. Edward Kionka.

First Church of Christ—Preaching at 10.30 and 7.30. Lecture at 11.45. Sunday-school at three p. m. Ladies' meeting Wednesday at three p. m. All are welcome.

In the Trinity Reformed church tomorrow the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach at 10.30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. The Sabbath-school will meet at 9.15 a. m.

Services will be held in the German church Craig place, North Plainfield, to-morrow at 10.30 a. m., and eight o'clock p. m. No weekly service. Sunday-school at 9.15 a. m.

Services at St. Mary's church. First mass at 7.30. Second mass at 9.30. Third mass at 9.45. High mass at 10.45. Sunday-school at 2.30 p. m., and evening service at eight o'clock.

Mr. Joseph A. Goodhue, who is well and favorably known to many of the young people of this city, will speak at the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 4.15 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal church Sunday-school 10 a. m. Bishop J. F. Newman, one of the most eloquent Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church, will preach at 11 a. m., and 7.30 p. m.

Members of the Reform Club and their friends are invited to attend the meeting of the Women's Temperance Aid Society held every Sunday at Reform Hall at nine a. m., and four p. m.

The services at the M. E. church will continue every Sunday in Cutler's Hall. Preaching at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 12 m. All are welcome. Rev. L. L. Lemon, pastor.

Congregational church, West Seventh street. Rev. C. L. Goodrich, pastor. Morning service at 10.30. Sunday-school at 11.30 a. m. The tickets for the excursion will be distributed. Prayer meeting at 7.30 p. m.

Grace church, Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector. July 31st, '92, 7th Sunday after Trinity. Rev. L. L. Lemon, pastor. Morning prayer, 10.30. Sunday-school 9.15 a. m. Evening service at five p. m. Daily services at five p. m.

Services in the First Presbyterian church on Sunday. Sunday-school at 9.30 a. m., preaching services at 11 a. m., and 7.45 p. m., by Rev. Geo. E. Gillespie of Elizabeth. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at seven p. m.

A meeting will be held in the W. C. T. U. rooms on Broadway Sunday at nine a. m., and at four p. m. There will also be a praise service this evening at eight o'clock. Rev. Isaac Newton Phelps will address the Sunday afternoon meeting.

To-morrow night under the auspices of Epworth League, Mr. W. W. Winans will deliver an address on the young people at 7.45 o'clock in the Dunellen M. E. church. A cordial invitation is extended to all, especially to the young. Come and hear a young man who can speak to the young.

First Baptist church—9.30 a. m., the Sunday-school and Young Men's Bible class will meet; 10.45 a. m., and 7.45 p. m., preaching by the Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes; Wednesday, the regular church prayer meeting; Friday, church covenant meeting. Both services at eight p. m. A stranger and all others cordially welcomed.

Church of our Saviour, Netherwood, Rev. S. F. Simpson. Holy communion at 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m. Sunday-school at 4.15 p. m. Evening prayer at five. Two free stages leave R. R. station on North avenue for the church every Sunday morning at 10.30. Return to Plainfield on the conclusion of the services.

STATE NEWS

The Second Congressional District Democratic Convention will be held at Bordentown.

Mr. John Spillane of Rahway, will bring suit for divorce because her husband deserted her and their two children for Mrs. Lambert, a boarding-house keeper, with six little Lamberts to care for.

A circular letter has been issued by a large number of the members of St. Paul's Church, Burlington, declaring that Rector Thomas, who is alleged to insane, and is in confinement in Trenton, is sane, and denouncing his confinement as a shame and an outrage.

The railroad bridge on the Central road which crosses the tracks at Sand Hill, three miles below Clinton, was set on fire yesterday by a spark from a locomotive, it is supposed, and was entirely consumed. The fire was discovered by the track walker at six p. m., and trains were delayed two hours.

In the Middlesex County Court on Monday a man named Douglas, who had in jail for alleged dealing in green goods, was ordered released from custody, on habeas corpus proceedings. Douglas' counsel, Lawyer H. B. Cook, declined to produce the order for Douglas' release until Douglas with him his fees. Douglas was taken back to jail much disappointed, as he hoped, is is alleged, to have cheated his counsel. In the afternoon Douglas' friends paid the lawyer and the prisoner was released.

The revenue officers of the district comprising the counties of Ocean, Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, Salem, Cape May, Atlantic, Somerset, Union and Middlesex, report that for the year ending June 30 the beer tax has been the largest in the history of the district. The tax which represents the levy on 1,798,928 barrels of foaming lager and ale. The tax last year was $2,253,656, and the increase over that the consumption of lager and ale is on the increase. Estimating 600 glasses to a barrel, the total is 1,451,143,400, and at five cents a glass it aggregates $71,557,170.

Charles Robinson, sixty years old, met a sudden and peculiar death at Newark on Monday. Robinson and Victor Stadelin were passing melons from a wagon at the grocery store of P. Walters & Co., where they were employed. The two men had taken several drinks together and were quarreling. Suddenly Robinson threw a melon with more than usual force at Stadelin, and the latter retaliated by slaying Robinson smartly on the breast. With the blow Robinson fell backward and when Stadelin next saw him picked up he was dead. A physician who was hastily called said that the man had died from apoplexy. Stadelin gave himself up to the police. He was much distressed by the occurrence, but all the witnesses exonerate him from blame.

THE KILLING OF CESSAR JOHNSON.

The developments in the case of Cesar Johnson, the colored man who was found dead on the farm of Joseph Johnson's residence, was murdered. Two negroes have turned State's evidence and told Prosecutor Lyons that Robert Beck fired the shot that killed Johnson. The names of the informers are not given, but they are among the five negroes who are in jail at Freehold. They say that about midnight on Monday night there was a crowd of colored men in Throckmorton's hotel and they were in a very jubilant mood. Words about some change led to a fight. Some one hit Cesar Johnson and he pulled his pistol and fired at his assailant. This started took place outside the hotel. Several other shots were fired, and the last shot, they say, was fired by Beck, who is followed by Robert Belt. It is Johnson, who, although shot, managed to run through the back yard of Johnson, where he was found dead. Two white boys, who were on their way home, saw the shooting. Both in the employ of John Ryland. Johnson's body was buried at Eatontown.

WAS ANDERSON MURDERED?

There is a suspicion that Joseph Anderson, an aged lock tender at the outlet of the Morris Canal in Newark, was murdered on Friday night. His mutilated body was found out of the water below the lock at eight o'clock yesterday morning by a boy who was passing by and fished it out with a boat hook. One eye was gone, the nose was broken, and there was a gash in the back of the head. Joseph Anderson was over 70 years old, and he slept in the lock house. He was seen at about midnight sitting upon a log near the lock, and he might have gone to sleep there and fallen in the lock. But this would not account for his injuries. His watch in his pocket had stopped at 3.30. Some think that he had been robbed and killed by burglars and thieves, and there is a suspicion that Anderson was attacked by some one who had seen the money he carried in his waistcoat pocket, was missing. It is said that a number of loafers were lying about the lock yesterday night and that the boatmen were drinking and quarrelling all night.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

TO THRASH CONGRESSMAN WATSON.

Members of the House Said to be Ready if he Mentions Their Names.

WASHINGTON, July 30, (Special.)—It was stated last night that a number of members of the House had stated that they would thrash Mr. Watson, if he mentioned their names, in connection with his charge of drunkenness in the House.

GLADSTONE IS ILL.

Suffering from Chill—The Liberals in a Panic.

London, July 30th, (Special.)—Mr. Gladstone is ill. It is officially announced that he is suffering from a chill. He does not receive visitors. Unofficially statements of a more serious nature are made in regard to his condition.

Campaign Twaddle in Congress.

The Democratic Committee on Agriculture, of the House of Representatives, at Washington, on Friday, brought in a report intended to cast discredit on the Protective policy of the Republican party.

In conclusion the report says that it will be seen that, while other interests have profited by and prospered under the protective system, agriculture has suffered a decline. *Prices of farm lands have greatly reduced, farms in some of the older States have been abandoned because the owners could no longer afford to till them. Prices for grain, stock and other farm products have seriously declined*, and the statement of increased mortgaged indebtedness upon homes and farms so far as made known by the Census Bureau conclusively establishes the fact that the occupation of farming has, under the present system of so-called protection, been dealt an injury almost if not quite beyond repair.

The italics are ours.

If this kind of statesmen were permitted to manage the affairs of the nation, we would soon be in a sorry fix.

Any schoolboy, in this vicinity at least, knows the reason for the decline referred to. In the older States, it is simply because the farmers are unable to compete with the farmers in the newer States on the one hand and Canadian farmers on the other. The Canadian and Western farmers with fresh lands and cheap labor are able to sell their products at a profit at prices that mean ruin to the farmers in the older States with their worn-out farms and high-priced labor.

These are the reasons why there are deserted farms in the older States, the farmers going West to be in the swim, or drifting in cities, anywhere to escape the certain ruin and decay on their old homesteads.

Farm produce from the West is high or low according to its abundance. If scarce, the farmer can make his own price; if in abundance, he must take what he can get, or no sale. It is the same with the labor problem. Both are governed by the law of supply and demand.

—Edward Hanlan and George Hosmer, the noted oarsmen, will race on Lake Hopatcong on Saturday, August 6th. The race will be a single scull, three miles and turn.

SENSITIVE and nerve weakened men and women need to heed this advice and let it stick like a fact—

Have some H-O for breakfast.

City National Bank.

31st Dividend.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of three and one half (3½) per cent. out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after Tuesday, Aug. 2d. F. H. GARDNER, Cashier.

Plainfield, July 27, 1892.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, At Barnard Academy, 207 Park avenue, Plainfield, New Jersey. Two private classes in French and German. Class lessons or private lessons if.

DEATHS.

BOORAEM—In this city, July 29, 1892, Sarah Boorraem.

Funeral services from her late residence, 4 Liberty street, Sunday, July 31, at 4 p. m.

Interment at Scotlands, N. J. and at the convenience of family. 2t 212

20 Per Cent. OFF on

..Refrigerators.. ..Lawn Mowers,..

..Ice Cream Freezers..Hammocks..

AGENTS FOR HARTMAN'S STEEL FENCE.

Builders' Hardware,...Paints Oils, Seeds.

Carpenter and Machinist's Tools.

Agricultural Implements.

ZIMMERMAN & RUMPF, 42 W. Front Street.

MIDSUMMER SALE!

ODDS AND ENDS OF SHOES!

AT A

GREAT REDUCTION!

To get in Shape for FALL TRADE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET. The One-Price Boot and Shoe House.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By an experienced woman—situation to care for children. Would go out of city. Address "H.," care EVENING NEWS.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Competent cook and laundress, in family of two. 13 LaGrande avenue. 30 2

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board in private family in North Plainfield. Two adults and one child. Address, stating terms and location of house. "H. G.," care of EVENING NEWS. 29 tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

$900 TO LOAN. Address "H. D. M.," care of EVENING NEWS. tf

FOR RENT.

TO LET—A house of five rooms, 99 Steiner place. 30 2

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Comfortable two-seated buckboard and surrey. Nearly new. 91 Jackson avenue 30 2

$50 WILL buy a dog cart and harness, in good condition. Address "J. A.," care of EVENING NEWS. 30 2

FOR SALE—An 1891 Victor B Safety Bicycle in perfect condition, for $60; nearly new; large cushion tires; ball bearings throughout. Address "Bicycle," care of EVENING NEWS. 26 tf

MRS JOS. M. MYERS' property, 147 North Front street, for sale or to let. Apply on premises. 112 tf

SEVERAL building lots for sale very cheap. Five minutes' walk from depot by macadamized roads. High ground. For particulars address "Dealer," care of EVENING NEWS. 7 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD-FASHIONED furniture in good order, bought and sold. Call Furniture store, 11 Somerset street. 2-20tf

SECURE your tickets for the Columbian Fair. For particulars apply at Mulford's.

WANTED TO BUY—A small house and lot, in desirable location. Address, giving full particulars and price, "Cash," care of EVENING NEWS. 29 tf

THE BEE HIVE!

Hot Weather Drives!

Ladies' Waists.

Ladies' black and white striped waists, plaited front and back, 50c.

Ladies' laundried cambric Waists, plaited front and back, regular 75c. goods, at 50c.

Boys' ban plaited cambric Waists, 25c.

Boys' bathing drawers, 10c.

Ladies' sun bonnets, 25c.

Ladies' ribbed Jersey vests, 10, 15 and 20.

Men's balbriggan shirts and drawers, 25c. and 50c.

Men's outing shirts, 25, 40 and 50c.

Boys' blouses, 50c.

SPECIAL—The I. C. Ivins' Summer Corset 50c.

Louis Callman,

40 West Front Street.

EXCURSION

of the

First Presbyterian, Park Ave. Baptist, and Congregational

SUNDAY SCHOOLS

to

ASBURY PARK,

on

Friday, Aug. 5, '92.

Stopping at Long Branch both ways.

Leave Plainfield 8 a. m.; returning leave Asbury Park 5.30 p. m.

TICKETS, $1.25: CHILDREN, 60c.

PAPIAC,

(Boynton Beach.)

Gala Day

Every Saturday.

The New Orleans University singers will render their plantation songs throughout the day.

A first-class string band will be present and a free dance for the young folks will be given

Every Saturday Afternoon.

NEW SHOP! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

TOWNSEND'S

Marble and Granite Works,

No. 29 SOMERSET STREET, near FRONT.

Branch yard Westfield, N. J.

We solicit your patronage and at prices to suit the times.

J. E. Townsend,

Manager. 18 1m*

Put Your Finger Here

O

Hold it there while you read this.

The most delicious Brown Bread, Fruit and Suet, Pudding and Boston Brown Bread are made fresh every day at 81 Park avenue.

M. H. Beach, Agent for Arnold's Steam Cooker.

EDITORIAL NOTES

California's Fruit Garden.

The best, if not the earliest, example of intensive fruit farming in the United States is probably to be found at Riverside, in Southern California. About a score of years ago a few communistic enthusiasts from the east settled on the banks they were called by their neighbors—went to California to put in operation a well digested project, formulated after full consideration and discussion during the long evenings of the previous eastern winter. Their fundamental conception was of a well regulated settlement of desirable people upon small tracts of fertile land, surveyed in regular blocks of definite size and shape, with ample provision for streets and avenues, the whole to be artificially watered through a system of canals and ditches receiving their supply from some unfailing source.

This was one of the beginnings of the wonderful fruit industry of California, according to Mr. W. C. Fitzsimmons, who writes its history in The Cosmopolitan. The Riverside (Cal.) fruit garden was painted as a gorgeous picture on the imagination of those who planted it long before a foot of irrigating ditch was dug. It was planned out at eastern fireside and realized foot by foot afterward.

The homes, the beautiful landscape, the comfort, freedom and wealth the cranks dreamed of panned out even greater than they saw it when they looked into the future. The Riverside fruit region now yields an income of $1,000 to $1,200 an acre from its orange groves. The founders bought the land from a man who grumbled because it had been assessed for taxation at seventy-five cents an acre. Now it is worth $1,000 an acre in the open market. Five acres of oranges will give independence for life to a large family.

The most difficult part of the task of the fruit garden pioneers was to make the irrigating canals which brought water to their desert, for desert it was when they went there. The water is from the San Bernardino mountains, forty miles away. It flows down into sandy beds, and by tapping one of these sandy beds—the Santa Ana river—the Riverside pioneers found water for irrigation. Through "infinite toil, vexation and discouragements" they finally achieved success. Riverside now represents what is probably at once the most intelligent, comfortable and yet thoroughly republican community on the globe. The landscape the "cranks" have made is one of unequaled beauty. A fall of forty feet in an irrigating canal supplies power for electric lighting to Riverside and also to San Bernardino, ten miles away.

The New Northwest.

The northwest will hold in the future the balance of political power unless all signs fail. Governor Merriam, of Minnesota, presents in The North American Review a summing up of the needs of this vast region. He says it comprises "a limitless empire of future greatness." Montana holds unlimited mineral richness, and above ground offers magnificent inducement for live stock raising. Idaho is rich in minerals. Washington state seems with grand fields and forests. Minnesota and the two Dakotas produced last year in round numbers 150,000,000 bushels of wheat.

What is yet needed to realize for man's use the splendid possibilities here awaiting him? First, Governor Merriam would keep out by force of legislation every man tainted with "anarchism, communism and the like." Then he would have the widest and highest public education for the young people, because on the intelligence of her citizens depends the life of the republic.

Finally the new northwest needs capital—millions of money—to help it develop its mines and farms and build its railroads and factories. He recommends to the northwestern states, with his blessing, such legislation as will draw to them and protect capital from the older, richer communities, and to the attention of these older, richer communities, also with his blessing, he commends the investment of capital in the new northwest.

War, famine and pestilence was the procession in which of old times came the dark winged messengers of woe to the human race. We have had no war, but famine fell upon Russia and parts of Asia last year and lingered through the first half of 1892. Now has come the pestilence cholera, following in the wake of the famine. It has appeared in Russia, and there is reason to believe the suspicious cases in the suburbs of Paris were real Asiatic cholera. Still it does not follow that the scourge will spread to America or through western Europe generally, though it may do even that. In any case it is less fatal than it was before mankind understood cleanliness and the use of disinfectants.

The anarchist organizations hold their meetings and with their tongues sweep plutocracy from the earth about once a week. 'Tis well. As long as they can spout freely they are not dangerous. Free speech is a safety valve through which all the bottled up gas in the country can flow out. Brave talk at a safe distance hurts nobody. The true policy is to let dissatisfied persons talk all they like, but when they begin to do violence as well as to talk it, yank them up short.

Some Scotch chemists have discovered how to extract gold and silver from the refractory sulphide ores that have hitherto baffled all endeavors to make them let go their treasure.

DEATH WARNINGS ISSUE

Dire Threats Confront the Non-union Men at Homestead.

TROUBLE LIKELY TO BEGIN ANEW.

The Second Month of the Strike Opens in a Threatening Manner—Berkman, the Anarchist Who Tried to Assassinate Frick, Held for Trial in $25,000.

PITTSBURG, July 30.—The salest bulletin issued by the attending surgeon indicates but little change in H. C. Frick's condition save in the direction of continued improvement. It is now thought that the plucky ironmaster will be on his feet and again personally assume the direction of the varied interests of the Carnegie Steel company in two or three weeks at the latest.

The would be assassin, Berkman, was given a preliminary hearing in the county jail office and was admitted to bail, aggregating $24,000, which was not furnished, and the guilty anarchist was remanded for court. Judge Gripp examined witnesses on the charge of felonious assault preferred by Superintendent of Police O'Mara, and held the prisoner in $10,000. Alderman McMasters examined witnesses on three different charges of entry of a building with intent to commit a felony, one charge of felonious assault, and another charge of carrying concealed weapons.

The elevator man, David Fortney, of The Chronicle-Telegraph building, and Vice Chairman Leiserman, of the Carnegie company, were the only witnesses examined. District Attorney Burleigh was also present and asked the prisoner if he intended to shoot Mr. Leiserman. He replied:

"No, I did not want to shoot anybody but Frick."

"Was it your intention to kill Mr. Frick or just to torture him?" asked Mr. Burleigh.

"I wanted to kill him," said Berkman.

Application has been made for the release on bail of the three suspects, Baier, Knold and Mollecke, now in the Central police station, charged as accessories with Berkman. They will be given a hearing before Judge Gripp and the amount of bail fixed. Paul Eckhardt, a leader among the local anarchists, has been delegated by the local groups to look after the legal interests of the imprisoned men and has secured the services of Attorney Friedman to represent Bauer and Knold, while Attorney Henry Meyer will represent Mollecke.

ANARCHIST BAUER.

A Warning Issued.

The old excuse that were false prior to the advent of the National guard are being re-enacted in Homestead. Knots of strikers are to be encountered every few yards on the principal streets discussing the best and safest means of routing the nonunion men now in the mill. The leaders continue to counsel the more radical men against the employment of force. Were it not for the presence of the provisional brigade, however, the fence around the Carnegie steel plant would not long separate the union and nonunion men.

Every one of the Homestead strikers who have returned to work in the mill has received terrible warnings of dire punishment if he does not quit work at once. The men, on going home, have found sandbags tied to their doors every morning for a week past, and requests and warnings have been hung on the front knobs. They have received letters through the mails which contain bloodthirsty threats of punishment for deserting the ranks of the strikers.

In addition to this committees of the strikers have approached each man and pointed out the terrible ills of peril in remaining at work. The following notices was found posted inside the works:

All nonunion men desiring to leave Carnegie's works without delay will be provided for by the union men of Homestead, but all who stay at work will get his God. All are being spotted. Beware.

At the company's Homestead office it is announced that forty-two straightgrained men are at work; that, all told, sixty men who went out on the 26th of June have applied for and received their positions. Word was received that thirty-five nonunion men were on their way from Indianapolis to Homestead. The nonunionists were met at Birmingham station, Pittsburg, by a committee of strikers and every one of them agreed to return home.

A Small Riot.

The employees of the Allegheny Bessemer Steel works, who went out on a "sympathetic" strike Friday night, received their pay and some lively scenes resulted. John Foley, a company watchman, got into an altercation with Alex Sork, a striker. Both men were arrested. They were given a hearing before an alderman, when Foley's son came in and attacked Sork. A small riot followed and the deputy sheriffs were powerless to restore order. Word was sent to Homestead and the Sheridan cavalry responded. Upon reaching Duquesne the cavalrymen charged upon the crowd, which they succeeded in dispersing.

The two Foleys, father and son, were held for riot, being taken out of the town under military escort. All the employees of the Allegheny Bessemer Steel company were given their discharge.

At the meeting of the advisory committee there was present a committee from the Frick coke works in the Connellsville region. The latter took the ground that if the Carnegie company is successful in starting up its Homestead plant with new men the Frick coke workers would go out.

SECOND MONTH OF THE STRIKE.

A Poor Outlook for the Locked Out Men.

O'Donnell's Secret Mission.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 30.—The great strike of the Carnegie men is now in its second month. On a line of 2,000 men having been locked out, 1,800 others struck out of sympathy, and only a few watchmen were left in the great mills. It is stated that today there are 725 men at work, and the Carnegie company claims to have a quantity of beams ready for shipment. The locked out men have no sooner left their union workers in the mills to endeavor to induce them to come out, while daily the company is training some new men for the work and expects to fill all the vacancies shortly.

The second month seems to open discouragingly for the locked out men, but they will not admit that they have lost ground, and express great confidence in ultimate victory. The effects of the lockout are felt everywhere in the business circles in Homestead. Many of the merchants are unable to sell any longer on credit as they have been doing, and are considering a plan to sell at absolute cost to the locked out men, with whom they are in sympathy.

Hugh O'Donnell has not returned, but it is stated that the advisory committee are in communication with him. It is announced that his mission is likely to have a favorable result.

Like a Volcano.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—General Snowden compared the present situation at Homestead to a volcano. The eruption which caused the fearful result on the day of the battle with the Pinkertons had subsided, but it will most certainly occur again in the event of another strike. The general was accompanied to this city by Provost Marshal Green, Commissary Gilliman, Assistant Surgeon General Huidekoper and Aid-de-camp Campbell.

The regiment at present at Homestead will be retained there until all vestige of trouble has disappeared. It may be that certain regiments of the First brigade may yet reach the seat of the trouble, but they will not be called upon unless the regiments now at the scene are kept there for a long period or indications of trouble subside.

BE CAREFUL, JOHN BULL.

England Said to Be About to Seize an American Possession.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The departure from Honolulu of the British cruiser Champion to seize Johnston island has occasioned interest in San Francisco, where the Americans who claim its ownership belong. That it is an American possession to which the Champion is about to take possession of there can be no doubt.

A Washington dispatch says that the state department has gathered clear proof of American title to the island which the British now wish to grab and use as a relay station for their proposed cable from Honolulu to New Zealand.

Captain Roberts, of this city, who is one of the present owners, said that there was no question of the American title to the island. Fully $50,000 had been expended on the island. He and his partner, Mayers, had sent a sloop and a bark down there, but of late had done nothing, as the guano was not first class. He said:

"The island would be valuable to the United States for many purposes, and would be just as important to England. It lies just south of the direct route to China, and is on the proposed route of the English cable from New Zealand to Honolulu.

"In case of war the Hawaiian islands and Samoan islands would be neutral, but Johnston island is an important position, and could be used as a station by the government in possession."

A Novelty from Paris.

One of the latest products of the Parisian milliners is this hat in beige straw, surrounded on the brim with an insertion of gold lace straw, and ornamented in front with erect and drooping loops in moire satin ribbon, striped at one edge with pink and green corded silk. At the back nestle a large rose and a bunch of lilies of the valley.

Milhelland Gashes His Head.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Mr. John E. Milholland, the well known Republican, while walking in a hotel corridor with Mr. Whitelaw Reid, slipped and fell, his head striking the marble flooring, and cutting a big gash on his chin.

Intends to Commit Suicide.

TRENTON, July 30.—Albert Little, aged thirty-three, foreman of the works of the Trenton Iron company, disappeared suddenly, after writing several letters announcing that he intended to commit suicide.

Lawyer Crum Arrested.

FARGO, N. D., July 30.—The Fargo Bar association charges Taylor Crum, the most feared criminal lawyer in the state, with perjuring, blackmail, altering orders of court, falsifying and abusing jurors.

The New Parliament.

LONDON, July 30.—The returns from the election in Orkney and Shetland islands complete the new parliament. The Liberals carried the day. This leaves Mr. Gladstone with forty majority.

To Push the Panama Canal.

PANAMA, July 30.—Private cablegrams from Paris announce that a syndicate has been formed for the purpose of taking in hand work on the canal and pushing it at once.

The Duke of Manchester Dying.

LONDON, July 30.—George Victor Drogo Montagu, Duke of Manchester, is dying at Tandersage castle, County Armagh, Ireland.

A Colored Murderer Hanged.

CAMDEN, Ala., July 30.—Peter Edwards colored, was hanged for the murder of Conrad J. Knight, a prominent farmer.

The Alva to Be Sold at Auction.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 30.—W. K. Vanderbilt has decided to sell the Alva at auction to the highest bidder as she now lies.

Another Negro Lynched.

TILTON, Ga., July 30.—Lee McDaniels, a negro, was lynched here for attacking a white girl named Clemmie Woods.

Smallpox in Canada.

OTTAWA, July 30.—The government was advised that smallpox had reached Port Arthur, Ont.

A Big Gold Shipment.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Gold to the amount of $4,650,000 was shipped to Europe today.

THE TARIFF DISCUSSED.

McKinley, Warner and St. John in a Three Cornered Debate.

HARRITY NAMES HIS COMMITTEES.

The Democratic National Chairman Says He Is Much Encouraged by the Harmony That Now Prevails in the Party. Chairman Carter Leaves for New York.

MADISON, Wis., July 30.—The greatest political debate ever held in the state was that between ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas; W. C. Warner, of New York, and Governor William McKinley, of Ohio. Each speaker was given two hours. About 10,000 people were assembled.

Ex-Governor St. John spoke first. His address was a medley, and touched upon the prohibition question, the silver issue, capital and labor and the Australian ballot system. It was a rambling talk, and most of the audience were disappointed.

W. C. Warner took the stand in place of Henry Watterson, who was too ill to attend, to uphold the principles and policy of the Democratic party. This is a brief synopsis:

"Tariff reform is the greatest issue of the day. It means equal rights to all, especial privileges to none. The Republicans and Democrats are confronted by the question today; now let us see how the two parties are treating this topic. The Democrats propose to put the tax on things utilized by the wealthy and that is the kind used by the poor and to approximate justice as nearly as possible.

"All the wealth of the country comes from number one originally and it is labor that brings it to the surface. Protection puts this wealth into the pockets of 10 per cent. of the population of this land; protection means the taking of money from one class of people and placing it in the pockets of another class through the assistance of the law; in other words by two methods, that of protective tariff and that of bounties."

Mr. Warner then treated of both of these questions and endeavored to illustrate their injustice.

McKinley's Argument.

Governor McKinley received an eloquent introduction from ex-Congressman D. M. La Follette, of Madison. Governor McKinley was interrupted by many questions, but replied to all with a promptitude which greatly pleased the vast audience. Toward the last he had things all his own way.

"This country," McKinley declared, "must raise $400,000,000 taxes annually to defray the expenses of administration. There are only two ways—by levying a direct tax upon the people or by levying an import duty on the products of foreign nations." The speaker devoted six or seven hours to a direct tax system, and quoted Jefferson and Madison as earnest opponents of it in a time of peace.

In closing he said that the United States had had thirty years of protection and the country has improved its financial position, so that it unrivaled among nations, and $400,000,000 of the public debt has been paid, and thirty years ago 95 per cent. of the handiware of the country was of English make, but now 95 per cent. is of home make.

The Democratic revenue tariff is always paid by the consumer, and the foreigner fixes the price to the American consumer and charges the tax. The tariff of free trade has nothing to do with strikes and lockouts. It has nothing to do with differences between employer and employes. If the Democratic party fail it will set the country back twenty-five years.

THE DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEES.

Chairman Harrity Appoints His Lieutenants—Boys Harmony for Sales.

NEW YORK, July 30.—In accordance with the resolutions adopted by the Democratic national committee on July 21, Chairman William F. Harrity announced the executive committee of twenty-five members and the campaign committee of nine members. The names of those constituting the executive committee will not be made known until after the first meeting of the campaign committee, which probably will be held on Tuesday next, Aug. 4.

The executive committee is as follows: M. F. Tarpey, California; Charles French, Connecticut; Charles S. Thomas, Colorado; Samuel Pasco, Florida; Clark Howell, Jr., Georgia; J. J. Richardson, Iowa; Charles W. Blair, Kansas; Thomas H. Sherley, Kentucky; James Jeffries, Louisiana; Arthur Sewall, Maine; Arthur P. Gorman, Maryland; Daniel J. Campau, Michigan; Michael Moran, Minnesota; Charles S. Lowry, Mississippi; John G. Prather, Missouri; Atwell W. Sulloway, New Hampshire; Miles Ross, New Jersey; William F. Sheehan, New York; M. W. Ransom, North Carolina; Calvin S. Brice, Ohio; Samuel Ross, Rhode Island; Holmes Cummings, Tennessee; C. T. Holt, Texas; Bradley B. Smalley, Vermont, and Basil B. Gordon, Virginia; William F. Harrity, of Pennsylvania, chairman ex-officio; S. P. Sheerin, of Indiana, secretary ex-officio.

The Campaign Committee.

The campaign committee consists of Calvin S. Brice, of Ohio; A. P. Gorman, of Maryland; William F. Sheehan, of New York; B. B. Smalley, of Vermont; M. W. Ransom, of North Carolina; T. Catchings, of Illinois; E. O. Wall, of Wisconsin; Josiah Quincy, of Massachusetts, and William F. Harrity, of Pennsylvania.

After giving out the committees Chairman Harrity said: "I am very much encouraged by the manner in which the leading and representative Democrats of the country are coming to my support. Whatever differences may have existed prior to the Chicago convention have disappeared. All seem to be disposed to bury every and to bend every energy to win success in November. The letters and telegrams from the leaders of the party are of the most cordial character. They all say in effect: 'Place me where I can do the most good and I will give my best services.'"

"It looks to me as if we are to have a thoroughly organized campaign, conducted harmonious, aggressive and enthusiastic party. The present outlook is exceedingly gratifying."

Carter Leaves Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Messrs. Carter and Clarkson, of the Republican national committee, left for New York via Fortress Monroe. They will reach their destination Monday morning. Chairman Carter said that the personnel of the subcommittee to have charge of the branch headquarters at Chicago would not be announced until after he had visited that city and had a conference with the politicians interested in the work there.

Edward Murphy, Jr's. Call.

ALBANY, July 30.—Edward Murphy, Jr., chairman of the Democratic state committee, has issued a call for a meeting of the committee at the Hoffman House, New York city, on Friday, Aug. 5, at 8 p. m.

Morning Noon Night

Good all the time. It removes the languor of morning, sustains the energies of noon, lulls the weariness of night.

Hires Root Beer

delicious, sparkling, appetizing.

Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good"—no false. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

Everybody Likes Me.

ANTI-CHAP
FOR CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, LIPS, ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN, AND WRINKLES
ANTI-CHAP IS SPLENDID YOU SHOULD USE IT
ALL DRUGGISTS
25¢

Wash the baby with Anti-Chap Soap.

PIPTONIZED

Beef, Iron and Wine

50c.

Per Pint Bottle.

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WILLIAMS'

For the Next 30 Days

we will sell all Remnants of Paper

AT COST!

And all grades at a great reduction. During vacation all Borders at a Bargain.

Marsh, Ayers & Co.,

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EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

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COOKED and SMOKED MEATS.

Beef, Lamb, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Poultry of the finest quality always on hand. Low prices on everything.

UNION MEAT MARKET,

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THE MANHATTAN WINE ROOM,

179 and 181 SOMERSET STREET,

(Opposite the bell grounds of the Crescent League.)

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MONEY FOR RELATIVES,

friends, or acquaintances may be sent by drafts, cashed free of charge in Europe, for sale here.

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for all European points, on any steamer, or line, First and Second Class, and Steerage, cheaper than in New York. Illustrated catalogue upon application.

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The Automatic,

Needs no turning.

The Rapid,

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GARDEN HOSE,

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Lawn - Sprinklers.

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STYLES and PRICES to SUIT ALL.

Carriages taken on sale or stored on ground floor.

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FANS from JAPAN

444 FANS Just Received

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A. A. VANTINE & CO.

Prices from 5 to 25c.

A. W. RAND,

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JUST ONE MOMENT,

PLEASE!

You can invest money to secure you enormous returns, by insuring your life. It provides for your wife and family if you die, or if YOU want to enjoy the money, insure for ten, fifteen or twenty years in

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York or Newark.

If you are thinking of insuring write for circulars. H. D. Morrison, agent.

STORM SERGES!

The popular dress material in all shades, 40 inches wide, (all wool), at 50c yard.

Wool Dress Flannels, (36 inch), 25c. per yard.

Dress Lawns, 4 and 6c.

Light prints, 4c. Good prints, 5c.

Dress Challies, 5c.

Good Towelling, 4c.

Ladies' Hose, 5c. Gents' half hose, 5c.

Ladies' Vests, 10c. Gents' white shirts 38c, formerly 50c.

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GROCERIES, FRUITS and VEGETABLES

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Proprietor of

Laing's Hotel Stables,

on Front Street, Opp. Madison Avenue.

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Coaches for weddings, funerals and private calls.

Light carriages of all descriptions for pleasure.

Prompt, careful drivers, and good service. Horses for ladies' driving.

BOARDING HORSES RECEIVE GOOD CARE

CRUSHED STONE!

ALL SIZES,

Of Stone

Light Blue Color.

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P. A. DUNHAM, City Surveyor.

ROBT. A. MEEKER, Street Com.

Smalley Bros.,

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L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites the public to inspect the operation of his newly added steam vibrating mechanical screen for nut coal, which he confidently believes enables him to deliver cleaner coal than is possible by any other method of screening.

UPPER LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL in best qualities and various sizes carried in.

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

He would also announce recently increased facilities for forwarding sand by screening, and is prepared to execute orders for the same in the best manner at short notice.

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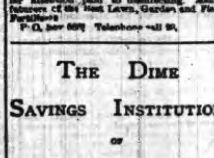

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Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.35, 8.45, a. m., 12.05, 2.05, 5.00 p. m.
Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 12.30, 5.30 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.40 a. m., 1.14, 6.30p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 5.30 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

A SCANDAL IN CONGRESS

Representative Watson Creates a Sensation in the House.

MEMBERS SAID TO BE DRUNKARDS.

He Reiterates Some Startling Charges Which He Published in a Book and Asserts That He Can Prove Them—An Investigation Ordered.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The usual monotonous proceedings of the house were sensationally enlivened for two hours by a personal explanation of Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, who charged that Mr. Watson, of Georgia, had misstated facts regarding him (Wheeler), and had also published in a recent third party campaign book which he (Watson) had issued matters reflecting upon the dignity of the house and the conduct of its members. The citation from the work was as follows: "Drunken members had reeled about the aisles, a disgrace to the republic; drunken speakers had debated grave issues on the floor, and in the midst of maudlin ramblings have been heard to ask, 'Mr. Speaker, where was I at?'"

Mr. Watson arose to reply, but was constantly called to order by several members, who submitted that he was out of order and was not confining himself to the objectionable language excepted to. In the course of his remarks he said he stood by every word he had written in the book, and was ready to answer any charge of falsehood that might be made against him. Mr. Tracey, of New York, then called him to order, and he took his seat by direction of the speaker.

The Charges Reiterated.

Subsequently the house, by a vote, allowed him to proceed, and he made a statement reiterating the charges, which he said were true, and defied any action which the house might take, saying that he would "appeal to the justice which dwelt in the hearts of the American people" for his vindication, if, indeed, any were needed. The matter was then temporarily dropped, but was again renewed by a resolution of Mr. Boatner, of Louisiana, which was adopted, providing for a committee of five members to investigate the truth or falsity of the statements made. The Speaker appointed Mr. Boatner of Louisiana, Mr. Wolverton of Pennsylvania, Mr. Buchanan of Virginia, Mr. Grout of Vermont and Mr. Simpson of Kansas as the committee.

The house devoted the rest of the day to filibustering inction on the World's fair appropriation, and the matter remains in statu quo, neither side gaining a vantage point. At 5 o'clock the house took a recess until 8 o'clock, and the evening session was devoted to the consideration of pension business.

In the Senate.

The senate had a field day on the tariff, transacting no other business. Mr. Aldrich's "keynote" speech on the Republican side was followed by a resounding "keynote" on the other side from Mr. Carlisle, of Kentucky. Senators Proctor of Vermont, Sherman of Ohio and Allison of Iowa prolonged the debate until 5 o'clock, when an adjournment was had with the understanding that Mr. Hawley, of Connecticut, would resume the tariff discussion.

Watson Names His Witnesses.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The thermometer in the committee room on military affairs registered 102 degs. last night, but this did not prevent the meeting of the special committee appointed to investigate the charges of drunkenness of members made by Mr. Watson, of Georgia, in his book, "Not a Riot; It Is a Revolution," and reiterated on the floor of the house. The full committee was present. The chairman, Mr. Boatner, asked Mr. Watson if he had a list of witnesses who could be summoned to testify as to the charges. Mr. Watson testified that he had, and that he did not believe the investigation would occupy much time. He expected to prove the statements made conclusively and in short order.

A discussion ensued as to summoning Mr. J. S. Turner, of St. Louis, as a witness, and it was finally concluded that he should appear. Mr. Watson stated that he did not desire an investigation. If he transgressed the limits of a reasonable length of time in the investigation the committee could call him to order.

The chairman said it was the desire of the committee to conclude the investigation as speedily as possible and make a report at this session.

Watson May Be Horsewhipped.

Mr. Watson furnished the following names as witnesses: Congressmen Shell, Butler, Davis, of Illinois, Otis of Kansas, McKeighan, Halvorson, Simpson, White, Logan, Mies A. B. Dwyer, J. H. Turner, William Baker and H. C. Saffell. It was decided that the examination of witnesses should proceed to-day, and the committee then adjourned.

A sensation outside of congress may come out of this investigation into Watson's charges. One member with whose name rumor has been busy in connection with the charge of intoxication is reported as having declared, in his wake, he was summoned by Watson, to horsewhip him in the corridors of the Capitol until he cries for mercy.

The McGarrahan Claim Vetoed.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The president sent a message to the senate vetoing the McGarrahan $3,000,000 claim bill, mainly on the ground of its construction. He does not think the interests of the United States have been carefully enough protected and that everything has been given to McGarrahan. The bill is passed makes the United States responsible not only for the land claimed by McGarrahan, but for the value of all the minerals taken out of it since the date it was claimed by him.

The Retaliation Question.

MONTREAL, July 30.—Assistant General Manager Wright, of the Grand Trunk railway, says he thinks that if the proposed retaliation policy of the United States is carried into operation, it will injure the western and New England states more than it will Canada.

To Form Out Cuban Customs.

MADRID, July 30.—At a ministerial council it was decided to sanction the project for the farming out of the Cuban customs revenue, tenders for which will be received until Nov. 1 next.

Killed by an Avalanche.

INTERLAKEN, Switzerland, July 30.—An American named R. Ribbock has been killed by the fall of an avalanche.

May Close the Road.

MERIDEN, Conn., July 30.—The street car strike continues. No cars are running. The company may close the road.

CONNELLY'S STOLEN MILLIONS.

The Tweed Ringster's Daughter Trying to Compromise with New York.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Mrs. Fannie Fithian, eldest daughter of Richard B. Connelly, customer of New York under the Tweed regime, has returned from Europe. Neither she nor her husband has been here since 1872, when Connelly fled. The city has ever since tried to execute the judgment for $6,000,000 obtained in the supreme court against him, the authorities never having been able to discover up to this day the whereabouts of the vast property left by the ex-controller.

Connelly transferred nearly all his wealth to his two daughters, and the Fithians are said to have got the bulk of it.

It is said that Mrs. Fithian's stay in New York at this time is for the purpose of compromising the judgment referred to, and she is said to have assurances that she will succeed.

Fithian, before his marriage, kept a small tobacco store in Canal street, and apparently eked out a bare living. Then he married Fannie Connelly, and when her father went to Europe Mr. Fithian were suddenly found to be wealthy. Fithian has lived in Europe nearly twenty years.

He has a palatial mansion in Paris near Champs Elysees, one of the most fashionable quarters. He has also a chateau on Lake Geneva, in Switzerland, including steam yachts. He is said to have with Drexel, Harjes & Co., the largest bank account of any American in Paris, and is one of the most lavish entertainers in Europe.

In 1880 Connolly, in poverty and abandoned by his children, died in Marseilles, France.

IAMS WANTS $10,000 DAMAGES.

Warrants to Be Issued for the Arrest of Streator and Hawkins.

PITTSBURG, July 30.—Three actions will be brought against General Snowden, Colonel Streator and Colonel Hawkins by Private Iams by reason of his treatment at Camp Sam Black, one of which will be for assault and battery, one for conspiracy to defame and one for trespass vi et armis, and damages in $10,000 will be claimed.

Iams' lawyers have decided to issue warrants for the arrest of Colonel Hawkins and Lieutenant Colonel Streator on a charge of aggravated assault and battery on July 23 in hanging Private Iams by the thumbs in an "unlawful and malicious manner." They will also be charged with simple assault and battery on July 24, when Private Iams was denuded of his hair, clothes and citizenship and drummed out of camp.

The civil suit to be entered later on, when a military duty days' absence from active service has expired, will embrace General Snowden, the commanding officer, in addition to the two officers mentioned. This civil suit will be based on allegations of "conspiracy to libel and defam.e"

General Snowden Reticent.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Major General Snowden, of the Pennsylvania National guard, who returned to his home in this city from Homestead, was asked his opinion of the Iams case. The general replied that he had no real connection with the matter, and knew nothing of it except from published accounts. "Of course," he said, "I have an opinion, but I do not feel ready to express it. My order to Colonel Streator was to discharge Iams in disgrace and send him home." The general said the nature of the punishment was optional with the colonel, but he would not say whether he overstepped his authority in having the refractory private strung up by the thumbs.

Nevada Militiamen Protest.

VIRGINIA, Nev., July 30.—A number of members of the local companies of the Nevada National guard have decided to resign on account of the punishment recently inflicted upon Private Iams at Homestead.

Colonel King's Chance.

MEMPHIS, July 30.—Unless the governor interferes by pardon or commutation of sentence, wealthy Colonel H. Clay King, the murderer of David H. Poston, has but thirteen days and a more days on earth. The general belief here is that Governor Buchanan will commute King's sentence to life imprisonment, and in case he refuses to interfere that the wretched man will commit suicide rather than hang.

Editor Morris in the Race.

WHEELING, July 30.—Editor P. W. Morris, of the Ritchie Gazette, is in the race for the Republican nomination for governor of West Virginia, and will open the headquarters at Huntington next Monday. Mr. Morris may be nominated by acclamation.

Another Ocean Record Broken.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The steamship record between Havre and this port was broken by the French steamship La Touraine completing a voyage from Havre in 6 days, 17 hours and 30 minutes, or six hours better than the best previous record.

Judge Robinson Sunstruck.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 29.—Judge Milton S. Robinson, of the state appellate court, died from the effects of sunstroke.

A Steamship Stranded.

LONDON, July 30.—The British steamship Memphis, for Philadelphia and Baltimore, is stranded in Swansea harbor.

Dr. Chapin Dead.

BELOIT, Mich., July 29.—Rev. Dr. Aaron L. Chapin, ex-president of Beloit college, is dead, aged seventy-five years.

A Missing Woman.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 30.—Mrs. S. I. Taylor, of Richmond, Va., who arrived at the Ocean Grove House, Ocean Grove, on Monday, has been missing since Wednesday.

Burned Under Falling Walls.

NEVADA, Mo., July 30.—Two brick buildings collapsed and Frank Meade was taken out dead. There may be other bodies in the ruins.

Toronto Jobbers Fail.

TORONTO, July 30.—The Charles Stark company, a big jobbing firm in watches and sporting goods, has failed, with liabilities of $143,000.

Mason's Body Recovered.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., July 30.—The body of Marcus M. Mason, who lost his life in the Cave of the Winds, has been recovered.

Governor Brown's Wife Prostrated.

BALTIMORE, July 30.—Mrs. Frank Brown, wife of Governor Brown, is prostrated by the heat here. Her condition is very serious.

A Bride Killed.

WORCESTER, Mass., July 30.—Mrs. Joseph De Geer, a bride of two weeks, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

Found Dead in His Room.

NEW YORK, July 30.—John A. Pingree, of Boston, was found dead in his room in the Astor House.

Explanatory.

Indignant Wife—Here, sir, is the photograph of a strange woman I find you are in the habit of carrying around in your pocket. I demand an explanation.

Husband—Why, pshaw! My dear, I fell in love with that girl long before our marriage.—Life.

Doing His Best.

Two small Quaker children were put to bed early the other night, and their mother hearing a murmur of voices from the sleeping room stole up stairs to see what was on foot. As she paused outside the door she heard one say to the other earnestly:

"John, can thee swear?"

The reply was regretful:

"Not good, William, but (hopefully) I am learning."—New York Recorder.

A Good Example.

Dominie—Now, boys, what is the meaning of the word "ubiquitous?"

Forty-six tongues are painfully silent.

Dominie—Dear me, what ignorance: "Ubiquitous" means "existing everywhere." And now can you give me an instance of something that is ubiquitous?

Chorus of forty-six tongues (while forty-six arms are simultaneously uplifted)—Yes, sir; "Ja-ra-boom-de-ay." Air.—Fun.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Texas fever is raging all through the Indian Territory, and great numbers of cattle are dying from the disease.

Robert Bartlett, wanted in Carrollton, Ky., for the murder of Mrs. Curtiss in March, 1891, has been captured at Hitchcock, S. D.

Forty conductors on the Metropolitan and Multnomay electric street car line of Portland, Or., were arrested for knocking down fares.

An office boy named Adams, employed by Hollander, Bradshaw & Folsom, of Boston, disappeared with $3,300 belonging to the firm.

At Retto, Neb., Robert Frazier attacked Charles Stout and stamped him to death. Stout had circulated a slanderous story about Frazier.

The number of deaths throughout the country caused by the terrific and prolonged heat is unprecedented.

Enoch Bidleman, who robbed the wholesale liquor firm of E. Martin & Co., San Francisco, by whom he was employed, of $40,000, has been caught at San Diego, Cal.

There is likely to be a big row at the Stanford university when the students return next month, as the price of living in the college dormitories has been advanced ten dollars per month.

At Somerset, Ky., Deputy Sheriff Grant Somers, while attempting to arrest John Coffee, a notorious character, was shot down by the desperado. Somers drew his revolver as he fell and wounded Coffee. Both will die.

Patrick Foley, an inmate of the almshouse at Danbury, Conn., nearly severed his head from his body with a razor.

CARDINAL GIBBONS FOR POPE.

The American Prelate Urged as the Successor of Leo XIII.

LONDON, July 30.—The Central News' correspondent in Paris telegraphs the following:

"The French cardinals have received a circular letter, written probably by Cardinal Rampolla, urging them, in case of the present pope's death, to vote the choice of a pope favorable to the triple alliance, and declaring that the death of Cattayine deprives the triple alliance of their expected candidate, so that it will be compelled to support Sainfelice.

"France is asked to push Cardinal Rampolla. If it should become evident that Rampolla cannot be chosen, the cardinals, it is urged, should boldly vote for Cardinal Gibbons, during whose rule Italy would drift into a republican form of government, the Catholics of the world conniving at the change."

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

		R.	H.	E.
At Boston—				
Boston	0 1 3 1 0 0 1 0 1—6	11	2	
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1	6	3	
Batteries—Nichols and Kelly, Weyhing and Clements.				
At New York—		R.	H.	E.
New York	1 1 0 2 1 0 0 1 —7	11	4	
Brooklyn	0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—3	11	5	
Crane and Doyle; Haddock, Stein and Daley.				
At Pittsburg—		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	4 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 —7	9	1	
Louisville	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1	7	1	
Ehret, Gumbert and Miller; Stratton and Warner.				
At Washington—		R.	H.	E.
Washington	0 0 0 2 0 2 1 0 0—5	10	4	
Baltimore	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 x—7	9	2	
Killeen and McGuire, Robinson and Robinson.				

At Cleveland—Cleveland-Chicago game postponed on account of rain.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati-St. Louis game cancelled.

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

		R.	H.	E.
At Buffalo—				
Buffalo	0 2 0 0 2 0 0 0—4	7	2	
Providence	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1	6	2	
Barnett and Boyd, Barr and Grap.				
At Rochester—		R.	H.	E.
Rochester	1 3 4 0 0 0 0 0 1—9	14	2	
Albany	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	4	4	
Gruber and Myers; Daley, Fields and Murphy.				
At Binghamton—		R.	H.	E.
Binghamton	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	8	1	
Troy	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1	9	2	
Fitzgerald and Wilson, Clarkson and Cahill.				

She Was Hanged as a Witch.

SALEM, Mass., July 30.—The 200th anniversary of the hanging of Rebecca Nurse, of Salem village, for witchcraft was yesterday commemorated in Danvers's Center, old Salem village, by the Nurse Memorial association. A granite tablet was dedicated to commemorate the courage of the forty men and women who, at the risk of their lives, gave written testimony in favor of Rebecca Nurse in 1692.

One Killed and Four Injured.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., July 30.—In a freight train collision James McKenna, of Philadelphia, was killed, and James McGee, of Pottstown; John Monroe, of Scranton, P. Y.; John Glover, engineer, and Andrew Monnamith, conductor, were badly injured.

President Nurser Arrested.

BOSTON, July 30.—Dr. Augustus W. Burner, supreme president of the Endowment Order of the Red Cross, was arrested, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses as to the reserve fund.

C. DICKINSON,
PRACTICAL
OPTICIAN
and
JEWELER.
Repairing in all branches. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for the American
Rambler Bicycles.
No. 13 Park avenue.

George - Bremmer,
No 28 SOMERSET STREET,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
or made to order—at prices
To Suit Your Purse.
Call and see Samples.

For Three Weeks
I will sell
1892 Psycho Safety Bicycles
$50 LESS
THAN REGULAR MARKET PRICE.
Cushion or Pneumatic Tires.
DROP OR DIAMOND FRAME.
Geo. W. Morrison,
AGENT,
11 Somerset Street.

Miss Blanche Fellows
VOCALIST
and Teacher of Singing.
Rapid development and complete education of the voice.
Specialties: Deep breathing, vowel formation and tone production.
Voices tried Saturdays, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Call or address
NO. 87 DUER STREET.

Builders Cards.

Daniel Hulick,
Carpenter
and
General Jobber.
SHOP
35 Jackson Avenue,
Corner Jackson and Somerset streets.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Window Screens made to order.

Burnett & Milligan,
MASONS and BUILDERS,
28 East Front Street.
First-class work guaranteed.
Estimates furnished for work in or out of town.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

John P. Emmons,
MASON AND BUILDER.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
P. O. Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters and Builders.
W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 19 Vine street.
All work promptly attended to.

WILLIAM C. SMITH,
PRACTICAL MASON AND BUILDER.
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to.
Residence—Grandview avenue.
P. O. Box 213.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter & Builder.
Residence—Clinton avenue, near depot, Rvons.
P. O. Box 1288
Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

S. P. HOFFMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
Residence—54 West Second street, Plainfield, N. J.
Estimates given. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ARBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner new and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Plumbing work. Interior hard wood work. P. O. Box 155.

JOHN HERRMANN,
Carpenter and Builder and hard wood mantel and interior work. Corner Second and Sycamore streets, North Plainfield, N. J. Repeat street.

USE THE BEST!
DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINES & PATTERNS
SPECIAL SALE OF SHEET MUSIC
4 & 5 cents per Copy.
Studies, Instruction Books, Folios, etc.
A. M. Vanderbeek's,
22 PARK AVENUE.

The Plainfield Ice
and
Cold Storage Co.
Wholesale and retail dealers and shippers of Ice. The only company bringing Lake Hopatcong Ice to this market, are now prepared to serve their patrons with ice of the finest quality and at lowest market rates.
Office, No. 41 North avenue, opposite depot.
Grant avenue, South Plainfield.
Washington Valley and Park avenue.
J. W. CODDINGTON, Pres.
H. CODDINGTON, Vice-Pres.
ANDREW WILSON, Sec. & Treas.
J. MORTON, Gen. Supt.

J. E. YOSE
Furniture Moved
To New York, Brooklyn or any nearby points.
PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY.
Large covered trucks.
30 W. Second street.

GEORGE VOEHL,
the
CONFECTIONER,
is now prepared to furnish
Parties & Receptions
with Delicious
ICE CREAM
in bricks.
15 WEST FRONT STREET.

Eugene Hoerster,
206 Grove Street,
North Plainfield.
Wholesale Dealer
in
FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, ETC.
Lowest Prices. Goods Warranted.

COAL and WOOD,
E. H. HOLMES,
YARD—24 Madison Avenue.
Office:—27 North avenue, with Woolston & Buckle.

Joseph T. Sullivan,
No. 66 West Third Street,
Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors, etc.
BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.—Lessons in Elocution, Oratory and Voice Culture. Terms, address Miss. Alice Ward, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH LESSONS.—Instruction and entertainment in French Language. Class or private lessons at residence in Plainfield. Wendell and surrounding. Testimonials from Principal Plainfield High School and others. For terms and trial lesson address Prof. Dumesnil, P. O. Box 1099, or Miss Minnie Gardiner and Newton, 17 La Grand avenue, Plainfield.

MISS FAWCETT'S Preparatory and Intermediate School. Thorough instruction in English and French. At home Wednesdays, from 2 to 5 p. m. 15 Grove street, North Plainfield.

MRS. JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives instruction at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Box of reference, No. 14 Somerset Street.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MRS. LINDSAY, Intelligence Office, 24 West Second street. Good girls always wanted. Just now has a lot of nice people trees, grove vines and shrubs.

H. SPENCER, 76 and 78 Somerset street, groceries, provisions, flour and feed. Goods delivered to any part of the city. Telephone 4 Call. Ammunition. W. G. C. G. guns, pulley stoneware, etc. Full assortment of canned goods, fruits and vegetables. Cabbage, lettuce, tomatoes, peppers, celery, sweet potato and egg plants in their season.

BROWN & HILL, Shaving and hair cutting parlor, in rooms over store, 19 Park avenue, Plainfield. Work guaranteed to be first-class in every respect. Razors honed and ground to the finest edge.

IF !
A poor article is dear at any price.
A good article is cheap at any price.
The Duluth Imperial Flour is the best in the world and the prices are right.
Insist on having it from your grocer, or apply to
FRENCH BROTHERS,
TELEPHONE 24. 8, 10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

NEW & STORE!
I beg to announce that I have opened a store pertaining to bedding at 76 West Front street. Below we quote some of our prices:

Mattresses	$1.50 to $15
2 pieces South American Hair Mattress, 35 lbs.	$15
Goose Feather Pillows	$1.50, $2, $2.50
Hen Feather Pillows	75 cents
Elder Down Pillows	50 cents
Counterpanes	$1, $1.25, $1.50

Shoats, 60c.; lobsters and pillow cases; Oil Cloth 20 to 40c. per yard; Oriental and Turkish Rugs $1 to $4.50; portiers curtains, all silk, $5 per pair; Commodes, Bedsteads, Springs, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cradles, Cribs, Bedroom Crockery, Couches, Rocking Chairs, Stands, and a hundred and one other things cheaper than you can buy them in any other store.
T. J. CAREY, - Proprietor.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.
As the weather is so warm, there will be no auction sale at Carey's until September.

IT IS NOT A SECRET! : : : - - - NOT A SCHEME!
TO RECEIVE A
CASH DISCOUNT,
in buying a mileage book or trip ticket of a railroad company, neither is it to buy a similar article of
R. W. RICE & CO.,
GROCERS, 48 EMILY STREET,
Where you can always rely upon getting the best of everything in our line, at bottom prices.

BOICE, RUNYON & CO.,
Successors to
The Est. D. J. Boice and A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Dealers in
Coal, Lumber and Masons' Materials
42 to 60 PARK AVENUE.
Are now prepared with their increased facilities, (having purchased the extensive yards of Messrs. A. D. Cook & Bro.,) to fill all orders promptly, and solicit your patronage.

Railroad Time Table.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM.
Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(THE PORT READING R. R. CO., LESSEE.)
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect June 26, 1892.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2 14, 5 37, 6 38, 6 54, 7 40, 8 07, 8 37, 9 06, 9 36, 10 06, 10 36, 11 06, 11 36 a. m., 12 06, 12 36, 1 06, 1 36, 2 06, 2 36, 3 06, 3 36, 4 06, 4 36, 5 06, 5 36, 6 06, 6 51, 7 36, 8 06, 9 06, 10 06, 11 06 p. m. Sunday, 2 14, 5 37, 6 38, 7 40, 8 37, 9 36, 10 36, 11 36 a. m., 12 36, 1 36, 2 36, 3 36, 4 36, 5 36, 6 36, 7 36, 8 36, 9 36, 10 36, p. m. Leave New York, Liberty St. (N. R. R. of N. J. Ferry) at 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 4 30, 5 00, 5 15, 5 30, 5 45, 6 00, 6 15, 6 30, 6 45, 7 00, 7 15, 7 30, 7 45, 8 00, 8 15, 8 30, 8 45, 9 00, 9 15, 9 30, 9 45, 10 00, 10 15, 10 30, 10 45, 11 00, 11 15, 11 30 p. m. 12 00 night. Sunday, 4 30, 7 15, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 a. m., 12 45, 1 45, 2 45, 3 45, 4 45, 5 45, 6 45, 7 45, 8 45, 9 45, 10 45, 11 45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 6 56, 8 26, 9 56, 11 26 a. m., 12 56, 2 26, 3 56, 5 26, 6 56, 8 26, 9 56, 11 26 p. m. Sunday at 8 56, 9 56, 11 26 a. m., 1 56, 3 26, 4 56, 6 26, 8 56, 9 56, 11 26 p. m. Leave Newark at 7 30, 8 56, 10 30, 11 56 a. m., 1 30, 3 00, 4 30, 6 00, 7 30, 9 00, 10 30, 11 56 p. m. Sunday at 7 30, 8 56, 10 30, 11 56 a. m., 1 30, 3 00, 4 30, 6 00, 7 30, 9 00, 10 30, 11 56 p. m. Passengers for Bowark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7 30, 8 56, 11 26, 1 56, 3 26, 4 56, 6 26, 8 56, 9 56, 11 26 p. m. Sunday at 8 56, 9 56, 11 26 a. m., 1 56, 3 26, 4 56, 6 26, 8 56, 9 56, 11 26 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6 56, 8 26, 9 56, 11 26 a. m., 1 26, 2 56, 4 26, 5 56, 7 26, 9 56, 11 26 p. m. Sunday at 8 26, 9 26, 11 26 a. m., 2 56, 4 26, 5 56, 7 26, 9 56, 11 26 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5 15, 8 17, 9 46 a. m., 1 00, 3 05, 5 20 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 9 46 a. m., 5 20 p. m. Leave Easton at 7 35, 9 45 a. m., 1 30, 5 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 45, 9 45 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7 35, 9 45, a. m., 1 30, 5 30 p. m. Sunday at 9 45 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

6 15 a. m. for Rockaway, Dover, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Lewisburg.

7 30 a. m., for Easton, High Bridge Branch, Bound Brook, Somerville, Flemington, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua, (parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

8 56 a. m. for Flemington.

9 46 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

1 30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

3 05 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading and Harrisburg.

4 56 p. m. for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R. R.

5 20 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch and Easton.

5 45 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading and Harrisburg.

6 26 p. m. for Junction connecting for D. L. & W. R.

8 56 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch and Easton, Bethlehem, Bangor, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Tamaqua, (parlor car to Mauch Chunk.

9 56 p. m. for Flemington.

11 26 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg.

11 26 p. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

7 56 a. m. Sunday for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading and Harrisburg.

9 26 a. m. Sunday for Easton, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Bloomsburg, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Reading and Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 8 26, 9 56, 11 26 a. m., 1 56, 3 26, 4 56, 6 26, 8 56, 9 56, 11 26 p. m. Sunday (closed car) at 8 26, 9 56, 11 26 a. m., 1 56, 3 26, 4 56, 6 26, 8 56, 9 56, 11 26 p. m. Leave Perth Amboy at 7 05, 8 35, 10 05, 11 05 a. m., 12 35, 2 05, 3 35, 5 05, 6 35, 8 05, 9 35, 11 05 p. m. Sunday at 7 05, 8 35, 10 05, 11 05 a. m., 12 35, 2 05, 3 35, 5 05, 6 35, 8 05, 9 35, 11 05 p. m.

For Atlantic City 2 37 a. m., 1 05 p. m.

For Cape May 2 37 a. m., 11 05 a. m., 7 15 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE MAIN LINE.

For Philadelphia at 5 15, 8 20, 9 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 10, 1 45, 4 00, 5 15, 6 40, 7 30, 8 20, 9 40, 11 30 p. m. Sunday at 5 15, 8 20, 9 40, 10 45 a. m., 12 10, 1 45, 4 00, 5 15, 6 40, 7 30, 8 20, 9 40, 11 30 p. m. Leave Philadelphia at 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night. Sunday at 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 a. m., 12 00 noon, 1 00, 2 00, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00, 8 00, 9 00, 10 00, 11 00 p. m., 12 00 night.

Royal Blue Line and Washington at 6 40, 8 40, 10 40 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 4 40, 6 40, 8 40, 10 40 p. m. Sunday at 6 40, 8 40, 10 40 a. m., 12 40, 2 40, 4 40, 6 40, 8 40, 10 40 p. m. Leave Washington at 7 10, 9 10, 11 10 a. m., 1 10, 3 10, 5 10, 7 10, 9 10, 11 10 p. m. Sunday at 7 10, 9 10, 11 10 a. m., 1 10, 3 10, 5 10, 7 10, 9 10, 11 10 p. m

Science of Progress

A PRECARIOUS STRUCTURE.

Dependent for Its Stability on the Observance of Certain Scientific Principles.

Take six keys in descending gradations of size. For facility of reference we will call them (commencing with the largest) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, respectively. Place Nos. 1 and 2 with their bits resting on the table and pass the bow of No. 3 through that of No. 1, as shown in the figure. The two keys will make a tolerably obtuse angle, and by pressing downward with the hand on their bows it may be ascertained that they are solidly interlocked, and that neither of them is likely to slip on the table.

THE BOTTLE AND THE KEYS.

These two keys serve as a foundation for the rest. You now pass the bitt of No. 3 through the bow of No. 2, and then, in succession, the bitts of Nos. 4, 5 and 6 through the bows of Nos. 3, 4 and 5, meanwhile making sure, by looking down on them from above, that they are all in the same vertical plane. If the successive interlockings of the bitts within the bows have been properly made, which you will ascertain by a gentle pressure on the key (No. 6) which crowns the edifice, nothing will be easier, especially to those who have studied lessons in the art of balancing, than to make the bows of Nos. 5 and 6 (the position of this last being all but horizontal) support a variety of articles of domestic use. To enhance the effect, the more fragile the article the better, say a plate, a soup tureen, a decanter or a bottle. If a bottle be used it should only be half full, so as to keep its center of gravity low down. This increases the stability (or perhaps we should say decreases the instability) of your rather precarious structure.

The Making and Care of Razors.

English and foreign makers of razors employ different methods. The foreigner makes his blade very hard and does not draw the temper, so much as is done in America. A Swedish razor is very hard indeed, and liable to break, but has a wonderful edge, and if it does not meet with accident will do good service for years. Rodgers also makes a very hard edge as does also Crooke, other makers not going to the extreme. Some makers abroad and very generally in America make a blade so thin and with so fine an edge that the latter will rise and fall very perceptibly as it is drawn along the thumb nail.

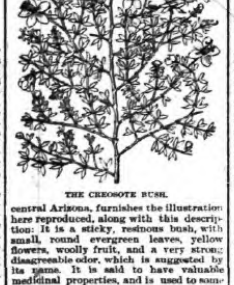
The tempering of a razor is a matter of great care. Should a drop of grease get into the cooling water the batch would be made brittle and spoiled. To draw the temper some makers tie a dozen blades together, dip the bundle in oil, and put it before a blaze long enough to burn the oil off.

Some razors are honed by laying the blade flat, while others have edges which which do not allow this. The edges of razors are half, three-quarters and full concave, the latter requiring smaller stones in grinding. Razors should be carefully wiped after using, and the English recommend a lint made in their country as the best material for that purpose. This lint is so soft that it will not harm the thinnest blade; its drying qualities are such that it will instantly absorb every particle of moisture.—Hardware.

A Typical Desert Plant.

The creosote bush (Larrea Mexicana) is one of the most typical plants of the desert, for it is found throughout the desert, and, unlike the mesquit, nowhere else, not even in the cases.

L. H. Dewey, in a report to the secretary of agriculture on characteristic vegetation of the desert region from western Texas to



THE CREOSOTE BUSH.

central Arizona, furnishes the illustration here reproduced, along with this description: It is a sticky, resinous bush, with small, round evergreen leaves, yellow flowers, woolly fruit, and a very strong, disagreeable odor, which is suggested by its name. It is said to have valuable medicinal properties, and is used to some extent in the mining camps as a "cure all" for both man and beast.

The Camphor Tree.

The numerous new uses to which camphor is put in recent years give ground for hope that its cultivation in the United States may lead to a new and profitable industry. It has been proved that the camphor tree will flourish in the United States, but whether it can be made profitable or not is as yet unknown. It grows vigorously in Florida. The tree will also flourish in California. The camphor tree is most beautiful and the leaves have a distinctly camphor odor.

THE HOUSEHOLD

KITCHEN EXPERIENCE.

Why Household Cloths Vanish Fast—Culinary Emergencies Anticipated.

A young housekeeper is often puzzled by the frequent necessity for new dusters, glass cloths, etc. If she were to inquire closely into this she would probably find that the dusters or cloths were often thrown away as rags long before they had reached that condition, having been used for purposes for which they were unsuited.

Experienced housekeepers have learned to keep each household cloth solely for the use for which it was intended, but careless servants will take the one that comes first to hand in any emergency, and the duster is sometimes used indiscriminately to wipe knives, fastirons, etc., or to supply the place of a spouting flannel or even as a kettle or iron holder. Kitchen cloths are maltreated in the same way, being frequently scorched or burned into holes by being used in lifting a hot baking tin from the oven. Glass and china cloths last much longer if they are spread out to dry after being used than when they are carelessly thrown while damp into a heap, as is often done when they are put aside to be washed, or thrown hastily over the back of a chair.

The mistress of a household will save herself much trouble and not a little worry if she keeps a small store of the articles most needed in a household ready for use when wanted, such as an extra scouring flannel, dishcloth, wash leather, scrubbing brush. When these are lacking, as the work has to be done, some other article will be taken as a substitute, although it is certain that the thing thus taken will be rendered unfit for further use.

Every housekeeper has gone through the experience of the unexpected guest who drops in to luncheon or dinner, on a day when the quantity provided for the meal is only just sufficient for the family. The visitor may be a dear friend, but it is difficult to give a really cordial welcome; the hostess feels the shortcomings of her table too keenly. In view of such an accident, a tin of soup (oxtail or mock turtle is the best), a box of sardines, a tin of apricots or other fruit, one of condensed milk, are useful things to have in reserve; with their aid additions can be very quickly made to the meal.

Receipts for Using Cherries.

Cherry soup: Brown some flour in butter, stir in water to thin it, put in some black cherries with a few cloves, let them boil to a mash, strain and add a little sugar, with equal parts of white wine and water. A pound of cherries to a quart of liquid will prove sufficient. After straining, break some of the stones and put the kernels into the soup; add also a few whole cherries toward the last and simmer again, only long enough till the latter are softened. Place a few delicate sippets of toasted roll in a tureen and pour over the soup.

Cherry compote: This is usually served in small glass dishes or saucers, with sponge cake or dessert biscuits (handed). Take the stones and stalks from a soup plate full of large red acid cherries, add a few red currants. Boil together till soft in a pint of water, half a pint of white wine, with about six ounces of sugar. Strain, sprinkle with a little lemon juice and white sugar before serving and put in a cool place, or ice if desired.

Cherry water, a summer drink: Pulp one pound of ripe red cherries in a mortar; turn the mass into a basin, add one pint of clarified sirup, the juice of three lemons and an additional quantity of water. Pass it through a sieve, ice and it will be ready for use.

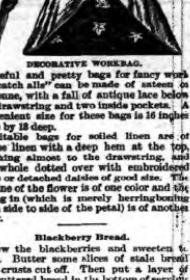
Egg Lemonade.

The Housekeepers' Weekly gives this receipt: Two eggs, sugar as desired, juice of one large lemon, one cup of snow in a pounded ice. Put the yolks, sugar and lemon juice together, beat them well, and add the well beaten whites of the eggs with the snow or ice; beat the whole well together and add water enough to make a pint. Drink through a glass tube or straw.

Ornamental and Useful Bags.

The very decorative bag shown in the cut is intended for a working bag to be carried on the arm when required.

It is in pale peacock blue silk and cord to match, lined and veiled with gold. The firm base and triangular tabs are of dark peacock blue plush, enhanced with ivy leaves in applique and bullion work.



DECORATIVE WORKBAG.

Useful and pretty bags for fancy work or "catch alls" can be made of sateen or cretonne, with a fall of antique lace below the drawstring and two inside pockets. A convenient size for these bags is 16 inches wide by 18 deep.

Suitable bags for soiled linen are of coarse linen with a deep hem at the top, reaching almost to the drawstring, and the whole dotted over with embroidered stars or detached daisies of good size. The outline of the flower is of one color and the filling in (which is merely herringboning from side to side of the petal) is of another color.

Blackberry Bread.

Stew the blackberries and sweeten to taste. Butter some slices of stale bread with crusts cut off. Then put a layer of the buttered bread in the bottom of serving dish and pour over it hot stewed fruit. Repeat until dish is full or fruit used. To be eaten cold, with cream.

Styles in Silverware.

Perforated borders and broken edges, like one or the other, mark all silverware.

Long silver toasting forks are made with twisted silver handles.

Matchsafes of four thin ivory slabs are held in a framework of silver.

Sets of individual peppers have broad round bodies and cylindrical heads.

Small silver card trays have perforated bottoms as well as perforated borders.

The alligator finish is given to the bowl of large spoons.

Candle shades of finely perforated enamel are to be had.

GOOD HEALTH

INSOMNIA.

Errors in Diet Which Cause Indigestion and Result in Loss of Sleep.

As is well known, any disturbance of the digestive organs affects the amount of refreshment which sleep ought to afford. The Boston Medical Journal notes as follows some causes which ultimately produce insomnia through indigestion:

First, errors are made as to the quantity of food taken. An excess causes an embarassment to the digest've organs; decomposition and flatulence set in under the undigested microbic rule. Putrid and more or less toxic gases and ptomaines are generated, and a bilious condition supervenes. That insomnia should attend such a state of things is not surprising. The remedy for this is to reduce the daily rations to the physiological standard. The necessity of eating slowly and deliberately is apparent, as rapid eaters are more than likely to overeat. Second, poor food may engender insomnia by inducing anæmia or starvation of the vital organs. It cannot be too much insisted upon that the daily fare contain an adequate mixture of albumen, fats and carbohydrates.

Indigestible food produces essentially the same evils as excessive amounts of food. Under this head may be ranked improperly cooked food, unripe fruit, pastries, hot bread, fresh pork, confectionery. Food which alone are digestible may become indigestible if too many kinds are eaten at a meal. The idiosyncracies of the individual must be respected and articles found indigestible avoided. Much depends upon muscular work done. Thus hagmakers on the salt marshes need food hard of digestion, so as to yield up force during many hours; food such as baked beans and pork, boiled beef and cabbage and mince pie. These people eat with relish in spite of their hearty fare. The rich diet upsets the brain workers, the persons of sedentary habits.

Sunlight and Health.

Houses in places otherwise unexceptionable are often so closely overhung with trees as to be in a state of humidity, owing to the prevention of a free circulation of air and a free admission of the sun's rays. Trees growing against the walls of houses and shrubs in confined places near dwellings are injurious also as favoring humidity. At the proper distance, on the other hand, trees are favorable to health. On this principle, according to Hall's Journal of Health, it may be understood how the inhabitants of one house suffer from various ills as the consequence of living in a confined, humid atmosphere, while their nearest neighbors, whose houses are otherwise situated, enjoy good health; and even how one side of a large building fully exposed to the sun and a free circulation of air may be healthy, while the other side, overlooking shaded courts or gardens, is unhealthy.

Punctuality in the Sickroom.

Punctuality in giving medicine and meals is of the utmost importance. A serious relapse may be caused by the food being delayed. Should there be any hitch in its preparation, do not let the patient be kept waiting, but substitute some other food, and above all never take up any thing of which there is any doubt as to its freshness. Taste outside the room everything before offering it. No pains should be spared in serving food up in pretty guise—clean table napkins, garnishing of parsley, lemon or beetroot, an extra rub to the glass or silver; anything, in short, may be pressed into service to set off the appearance of what is not attractive to the eye.

ETIQUETTE

THE SILENT PERSON.

The Ungrateful and Somewhat Immoral Attitude of Silence in Society.

People hardly realize to the full the enormous importance of the gift of speech. To those who have adopted the enervating plan of taking short views of life, and especially to those whose stock of ideas is somewhat limited, there must seem a good deal to be urged on the other side. They may even feel inclined, and with more reason than usual, to look back with regret to the happy days of childhood, when to be seen and not heard was a terrible instead of prima facie evidence of laziness or stupidity. To such as these the old saying, "Speech is silvern, but silence gold," must have obtained additional point since the present depreciation of the former currency.

Yet this attitude is ungrateful and somewhat immoral. To a person who either will not or cannot talk one feels inclined to say: "You are in the position of a man or woman who obtains a substantial benefit without any consideration. You receive and give nothing in exchange except your attention, and that always can, for your stupid person is by no means a good listener, being in general too busy engendering something to say to attend to anything else. You are practically obtaining goods by false pretenses."

Street Etiquette.

The Chicago Mail gives the following concise advice about behavior on the street:

It is decidedly ill bred to eat anything, even confectionery, in the street.

No woman, unless in feeble health, should cling to a man's arm during a daylight stroll.

Do not discuss politics, religion or love affairs in a public conveyance.

Personal matters should never be introduced at a chance meeting if the third party is not conversant with the facts.

No lady will accept a seat vacated by a gentleman for her convenience without giving in return a smile, a bow or thanks.

It is optional with a lady to recognize at the second meeting a gentleman who has been a previous occasion rendered her a service.

Never swing your arms when walking unless quite outside the town. If free from observation this will be found an excellent means to help locomotion.

Bandying words with an employee of a company is mere waste of time. Should he be insolent or unreasonable take his number and complain to those in authority.

Street flirtations are in this enlightened age regarded as the height of vulgarity. One breath of good taste in this direction is enough to destroy your claims to good breeding.

This Date in History—July 30.

577—Pope Benedict I died.
1498—Ladislaus I, king of Hungary, died.
1729—William Penn died; born 1644.
1750—Sebastian Bach, composer, died.
1786—Captain James Cook sailed from Deptford on the first of his three great voyages.
1793—The revolutionary government abolished orders of chivalry in France.
1844—Bob Burdette, humorist, born.
1884—Chamberlain, Pa., burned by Confederate cavalry; loss about $1,500,000.
1871—Boiler on Staten Island ferryboat exploded, killing 100 and injuring many more.
1878—George Edward Pickett, soldier, died in Norfolk, Va.; born 1825.
1880—Dion Boucicault, Irish dramatist, died; born 1823.
1890—George L. Schuyler, author and yachtsman, died; born 1811.
1821—Government and revolutionists agreed in Buenos Ayres; general amnesty and quiet restored.

Wrinkle for the Blind.

A blind man sits in the corner of a doorway, and when he hears the light footstep of a lady he takes off his hat and bows his head, covered with the snows of seventy winters, saying:

"Oh, madam, take pity on a poor blind man who is deprived of the pleasure of seeing you!"

That fetches them.—London Tit-Bits.

Definition of Love.

"Nonsense," remarked Spinck, "it isn't love that makes people marry. It's flattery, rank flattery. The man is pleased because the woman took a fancy to so inferior a being as he knows himself to be, and the woman's vanity is tickled for a precisely similar reason. In a word, each loves the other for showing poor taste in choosing a mate."—Boston Transcript.

After Marriage.

"Look here, my sweet wifey, it would injure the curtains very much if I smoked, would it not?"

"Ah! my darling husband, how unselfish and considerate you are! Of course it would injure the curtains."

"Then pull them down"—Kladderadatsch.

1892			JULY.				1892
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.	
					1	2	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
31							

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	1	9:13 p.m.	Third Quarter	16	9:48 p.m.
Full Moon	9	9:44 p.m.	New Moon	23	9:21 p.m.
			First Quarter	31	9:45 a.m.

Lodge Notice.

FRATERNITY AND PROTECTION.
1873. Membership 158,000. 1892.
Death benefits paid over $30,000,000 since organization.
Watchung Lodge, 3401, Knights of Honor, meets First, Third and Fifth Thursdays, at eight p. m., in Watchung Lodge rooms, Music Hall building.
Immediate relief, $100, sick benefits per week $5.
LOUIS I. VANALSTYNE, Dictator.
RALPH A. —ST, Reporter.
Watchung Commandery, No. 34, second and fourth Tuesdays, at eight p. m.

Hotels.

Caspar's Hotel,
24 & 26 E. Front St
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Transient and Family Boarders taken at
Reasonable ‡ Rates.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
No. 11 E. Front St.
PLAINFIELD
Windham & Crowley,
PROPRIETORS.
First-class bar attached.

Hotel Grenada,
NORTH AVENUE,
Now open for the reception of guests under the management of George and Wallace V. Miller. House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout and contains all improvements. First-class accommodations for families and the travelling public.

City Hotel,
corner
PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET.
Transient guests accommodated.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

IF

You Want Anything in Our Line, Such as

CORSETS, EMBROIDERIES, NOTIONS, SILKS, CRETONNES, SILKOLINE, SCOTCH GINGHAMS, HOSIERY, LACES, MUSLIN and FLANNEL UNDERWEAR, CAMBRICS, MUSLINS, HANDKERCHIEFS, RIBBONS, WOOL DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CALICOES, DOMESTIC, GINGHAMS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every description or anything else that is usually found in a FIRST-CLASS DRY and FANCY GOODS HOUSE, call at

EDSALL'S!

AT RANDOLPH'S

Ice Cream Milk Shakes,
Egg Milk Shakes,
Egg Phosphates,
are very popular drinks this season.
Saratoga Geyser Water on Draught.
Also in Siphons.
L. W. RANDOLPH, Prescription Druggist,
21 WEST FRONT STREET

OUR BUSINESS IS

Clothing. When you need wearing apparel call at our commodious store. Being wholesale manufacturers we can sell at prices way below competitors.

C. SCHEPFLIN & CO.
70 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,
FRONT STREET AND PARK AVENUE,
LEADING : HARDWARE : STORE,
are selling all Seasonable Goods Cheap.
Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers,
FLY TRAPS, REFRIGERATORS,
Hammocks, Screen Doors and Windows,
Fly Nets and Summer Sheets for Horses. Lap Sheets.

Alterations.
Previous to extensive ones that we are going to make we will make a General Clearing Sale throughout Every Department.
For Three Cents Each
You buy tin type jelly glasses
For Six Cents Each
You buy Mason quart fruit jars.
For 38c. a Yard
You buy a 60-in. Damask Table Linen that is worth 50c.
Gentlemen:
You buy for a quarter a fine Gauze Undershirt that has been selling freely for 40c.
About Writing Paper.
Have you ever tried our Special Brands? If not, why don't you? We will save you money.
Wash Dress Goods.
There are many good things in Wash Fabrics that we are anxious to part with and they go at a reduced price.
VanEmburgh & White

Do You Want Shirts?
If so, we think a look over our Dress and Negligee Styles would meet your ideas.
The assortment we show is very extensive, covering all the newest fabrics, weaves and effects.
Puff Bosoms for hot weather; Blue Flannel for cool.
Hallock & Davis,
5 West Front Street.
Trunks and Bags.

For a Delicious Drink
NEUMANN BROS.
Have just the article, a select
50c. Formosa Oolong
TEA, to make a
Delicious Iced Tea.
Fresh roasted Coffee received weekly. Strawberries received every morning. All goods sold at Lowest Prices. A full line of Vegetables received Daily.
NEUMANN BROS.
79 BROADWAY.

BUTTER!
Extra Choice Table Butter, 22c. lb.
Mason's Fruit Jars, 75 Cents Dozen.
HIRES' ROOT BEER 10c. BOTTLE.
COTTOLENE A SPECIALTY!
AT
United Tea & Coffee Growers' Association,
Distributors of Pure Goods Wholesale and Retail. 29 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

In compliance with an ORDINANCE just passed by the City Fathers, every Bicycle must be equipped with
LAMP AND BELL,
under penalty of $20 fine.
A large and complete assortment of Cycling goods can always be found at the
Wheelmen's Headquarters,
Corner PARK AVE. and FOURTH ST.
FRANK L. C. MARTIN.

LOOK at Werner's Show Windows
30 WEST FRONT STREET,
and see what you can do in $15 suits reduced to **$10**
Cut in Latest Styles,
FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS ONLY.
All Sizes and All Wool.
Outing Shirts and Straw Hats just receive. Clothing Made to Order. Other goods at proportionately Low Prices.

It is a well-known fact that fine furniture and household goods may be bought at bargain prices of a good second-hand dealer.
Your attention is therefore called to the well-stocked store of
G. R. MUSGRAVE,
37 Somerset street.
Call early and secure the best bargains.

Summer Resorts.

Clifton House,
BY THE SEA, PATCHOGUE, L. I
Situated directly by that beautiful sheet of water, the OCEAN BEACH, and only a few minutes sail from the OCEAN.
Boating, bathing, bowling, billiards, music and livery. Send for circular.
6 13 2m W. M. JENKINS, Prop.

THE ALBION,
EIGHTH STREET AND PARK AVENUE
Select family hotel.
Newly furnished throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests.
FRANK E. MILLER.
12 28 6m.

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Successor to
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.
Fine Groceries.
THREE BEF TEA

EITHER
Hot Water or Steam
Heating Apparatus
furnished and set up in residences and public buildings.
J. N. SCHENCK,
40 MANNING AVENUE,
North Plainfield.
20 years' experience. Pipe fitting, machine repairs.
Agents for the celebrated "Furman" house heating boilers.

Do You Smoke?
The Handsomest, Finest and Cheapest stock of
Meerschaum
and
Briar Wood Pipes,
Holders and Segars can be found only at
N. H. Guttman's
Sugar store, No. 12 West Second street.